

Supplementary Data 3

Normality of Measurements

The area ratio (analyte peak area to internal standard peak area) was measured for 30 different matrices (ante-mortem and post-mortem blood) spiked at the cut-off concentration specified in Supplementary Data 1.

Following outlier removal subsequent to a Grubbs test for 3 analytes (buprenorphine, norcodeine and temazepam-glucuronide), normality testing using the Cramer-von Mises test was performed in RStudio.

```
1 # Normality_Ratios.R
2 # A script to test the normality of measurements for the 40 qualitative analytes
   studied.
3 # By Brigitte Desharnais, last modification 2019-01-08.
4
5 # Set working directory.
6 setwd("E:/RECHERCHE/QUALITATIF")
7
8 # Load necessary packages.
9 library(dplyr)
10 library(nortest)
11
12 # Import data from an Excel table copied in the clipboard.
13 Data <- read.delim("clipboard", header = TRUE, sep = "\t", dec = ".")
14 Data <- tbl_df(Data)
15
16 # Import the list of analytes copied in the clipboard.
17 Analytes <- read.delim("clipboard", header = FALSE, sep = "\t", dec = ".")
18 Analytes <- as.character(Analytes$V1)
```

```

19
20 # Create the empty results matrix.
21 Results <- matrix(nrow = 40, ncol = 1)
22
23 # Perform CVM test for each analyte and store result in the matrix.
24 for(i in 1:40){
25   # Create a temporary data frame storing only results for the studied analyte.
26   Temp <- Data %>% filter(Analyte == Analytes[i])
27
28   # Perform the CVM test.
29   CVM <- cvm.test(as.numeric(Temp$Area.Ratio))
30
31   # Store p-value in results matrix.
32   Results[i, 1] <- CVM$p.value
33 }
34
35 # Create final results matrix by appending analyte names.
36 Results <- cbind(Analytes, Results)

```

The following results were obtained.

Table 1: Cramer-von Mises normality test results

| Analytes | <i>p</i> -value |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| α -Hydroxyalprazolam | 0.1059 |
| Aripiprazole | 0.1204 |
| 3-Hydroxy Bromazepam | 0.8826 |
| Buprenorphine | 0.4012 |
| Hydroxybupropion | 0.4618 |
| N-Desmethycitalopram | 0.2681 |
| N-Desmethyloclobazam | 0.6332 |
| Cocaethylene | 0.5719 |
| Norcodeine | 0.1240 |

Table 1: Cramer-von Mises normality test results

| Analytes | <i>p</i> -value |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| N-Desmethylocyclobenzaprine | 0.4606 |
| Dextrorphan | 0.4596 |
| Nordiazepam | 0.6851 |
| N-Desmethyl diphenhydramine | 0.5524 |
| Duloxetine | 0.7734 |
| Norfentanyl | 0.8879 |
| 7-Aminoflunitrazepam | 0.3235 |
| N-Desmethyflunitrazepam | 0.0321 |
| Norfluoxetine | 0.2267 |
| 2-Hydroxyethylflurazepam | 0.5575 |
| Norketamine | 0.6207 |
| Lorazepam-glucuronide | 0.8237 |
| mCPP | 0.0749 |
| MDEA | 0.2117 |
| MDPV metabolite | 0.1189 |
| Normeperidine | 0.4355 |
| α -Hydroxymidazolam | 0.2231 |
| N-desmethylnortazapine | 0.7960 |
| 6-Acetylmorphine | 0.1912 |
| Morphine-6 β -D-glucuronide | 0.0325 |
| Naloxone | 0.1174 |
| Naltrexone | 0.8822 |
| Desmethyloanzapine | 0.3207 |
| Oxazepam-glucuronide | 0.8373 |
| Phenylpropanolamine | 0.2928 |
| Norpseudoephedrine | 0.7128 |
| Norquetiapine | 0.3976 |

Table 1: Cramer-von Mises normality test results

| Analytes | p -value |
|----------------------------|------------|
| 7-Hydroxyquetiapine | 0.7979 |
| Temazepam-glucuronide | 0.2592 |
| α -Hydroxytriazolam | 0.9219 |
| N-Desmethylzopiclone | 0.8527 |

All but two analytes (N-Desmethylflunitrazepam and Morphine-6 β -D-glucuronide) have $p < 0.05$, indicating that there is no significant departure from normality for the vast majority of analytes.

For the two remaining analytes, quantile-quantile plots are shown in Figure 1.

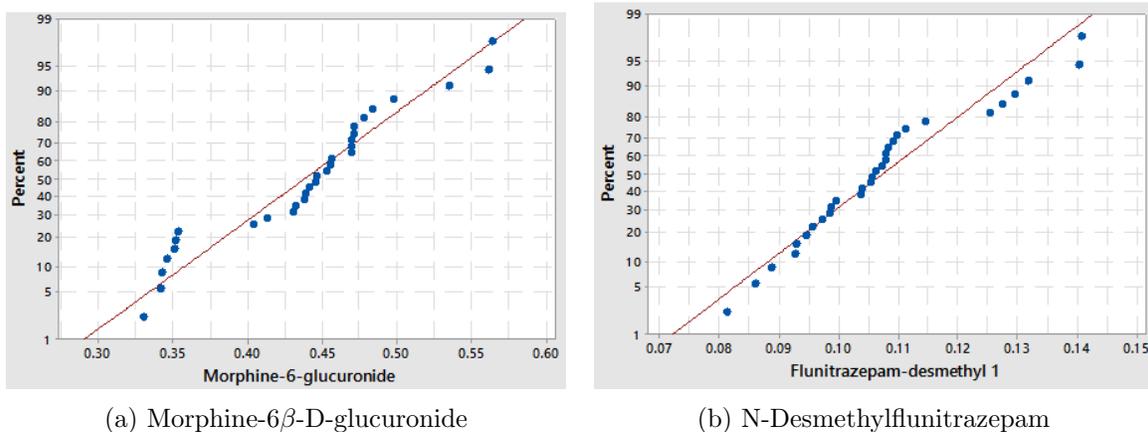


Figure 1: Normal quantile-quantile plots