

5-1995

## Correlation of Tire Intensity Levels and Passby Sound Pressure Levels

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Bolton, J Stuart; Hall, Henry R.; Schumacher, Richard F.; and Stott, Jeffrey, "Correlation of Tire Intensity Levels and Passby Sound Pressure Levels" (1995). *Publications of the Ray W. Herrick Laboratories*. Paper 223.

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**CORRELATION OF TIRE INTENSITY  
LEVELS AND PASSBY SOUND PRESSURE  
LEVELS**

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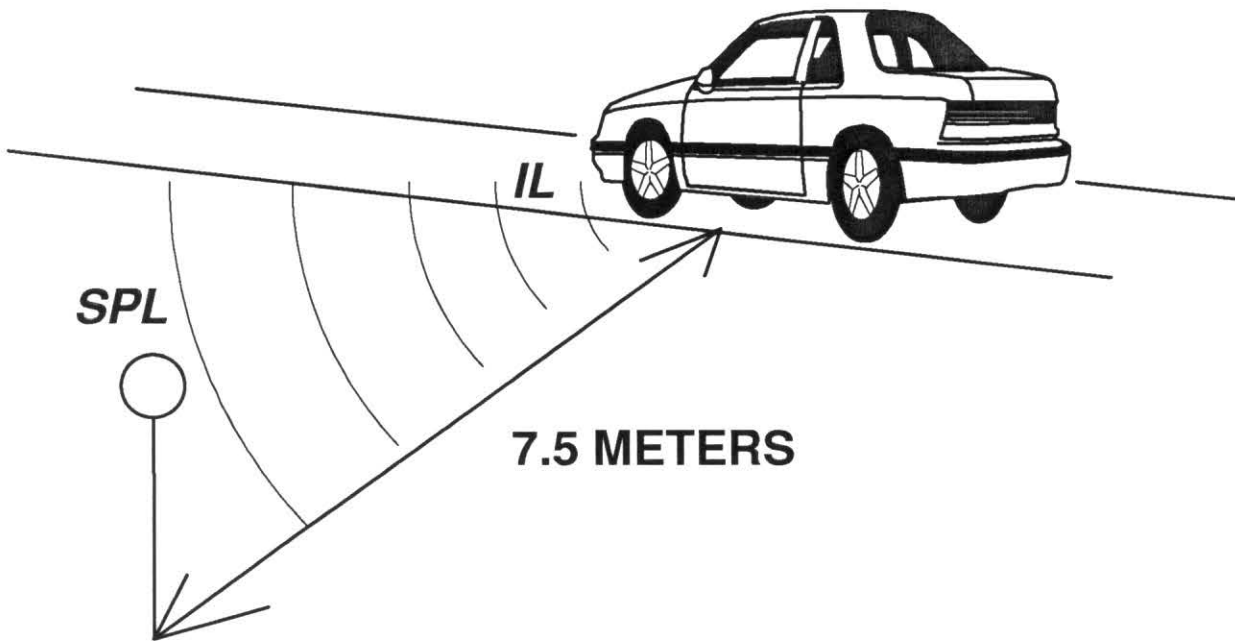
**RICHARD F. SCHUMACHER AND JEFFREY STOTT**

**GENERAL MOTORS PROVING GROUND**

# OBJECTIVES

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- Relate contact patch acoustic intensity level (*IL*) to passby sound pressure level (*SPL*) during coast and cruise at ISO and SAE sites
- Use that information to estimate tire noise contribution to passby sound pressure levels during acceleration



# CONCLUSIONS

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- Tire noise contribution to passby *SPL* lies within 4 dB to 7 dB of overall A-weighted *SPL*
- Coast and Cruise *SPL*'s 1.4 dB lower at ISO than SAE sites (Acceleration *SPL*'s 0.5 dB lower)

# TEST SUMMARY

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- **Five Vehicles tested at fourteen passby sites**
- **Coast, cruise and acceleration tests performed**
- ***IL* measured near driven wheel contact patch**
- ***SPL* measured at 7.5 m sideline**
- **800 data sets obtained**

# TEST SITES

Location	Surface Type	Dates (1993)	Number of Tests
A	SAE sealed	September 30	36 retained 54 total runs
B	SAE unsealed	September 24	56 / 108
C	SAE sealed	September 16 & 17	60 / 102
D	ISO	November 23	48 / 54
E	ISO	September 18	60 / 92
F	SAE unsealed	October 18	60 / 74
G	ISO	October 12 & 13	44 / 58
H	SAE sealed	October 22	60 / 73
I	SAE unsealed	October 25 & 26	64 / 92
J	SAE sealed	September 19	60 / 84
K	SAE unsealed	October 14 & 15	96 / 109
L	SAE sealed	September 20 & 21	60 / 75
M	SAE sealed	October 19	60 / 71
N	SAE unsealed	October 1	48 / 55
	14 tracks		812 / 1101

**Table 1. Test track summary.**

# VEHICLES TESTED

	Vehicle I	II	III	IV	V
<b>TYPE</b>	production compact 2 door hatchback	production midsize 4 door sedan	near production midsize 2 door sedan	prototype small passenger van	near production midsize 4 door sedan
<b>ENGINE</b>	4 cylinder	6	4	4	6
<b>TRANS-MISSION</b>	5 speed manual	4 speed automatic	3 speed automatic	5 speed manual	3 speed automatic
<b>TIRE</b>	production touring	production touring	production aggressive sport	production European tread	production touring
<b>SIZE</b>	P175/70 R13	P205/70 R14	P215/60 R14	P205/65 R15	P195/70 R14
<b>PRESSURE</b>	32 psi	35	30	35	32

**Table 2. Vehicle and associated tire type.**

# TEST TRACK

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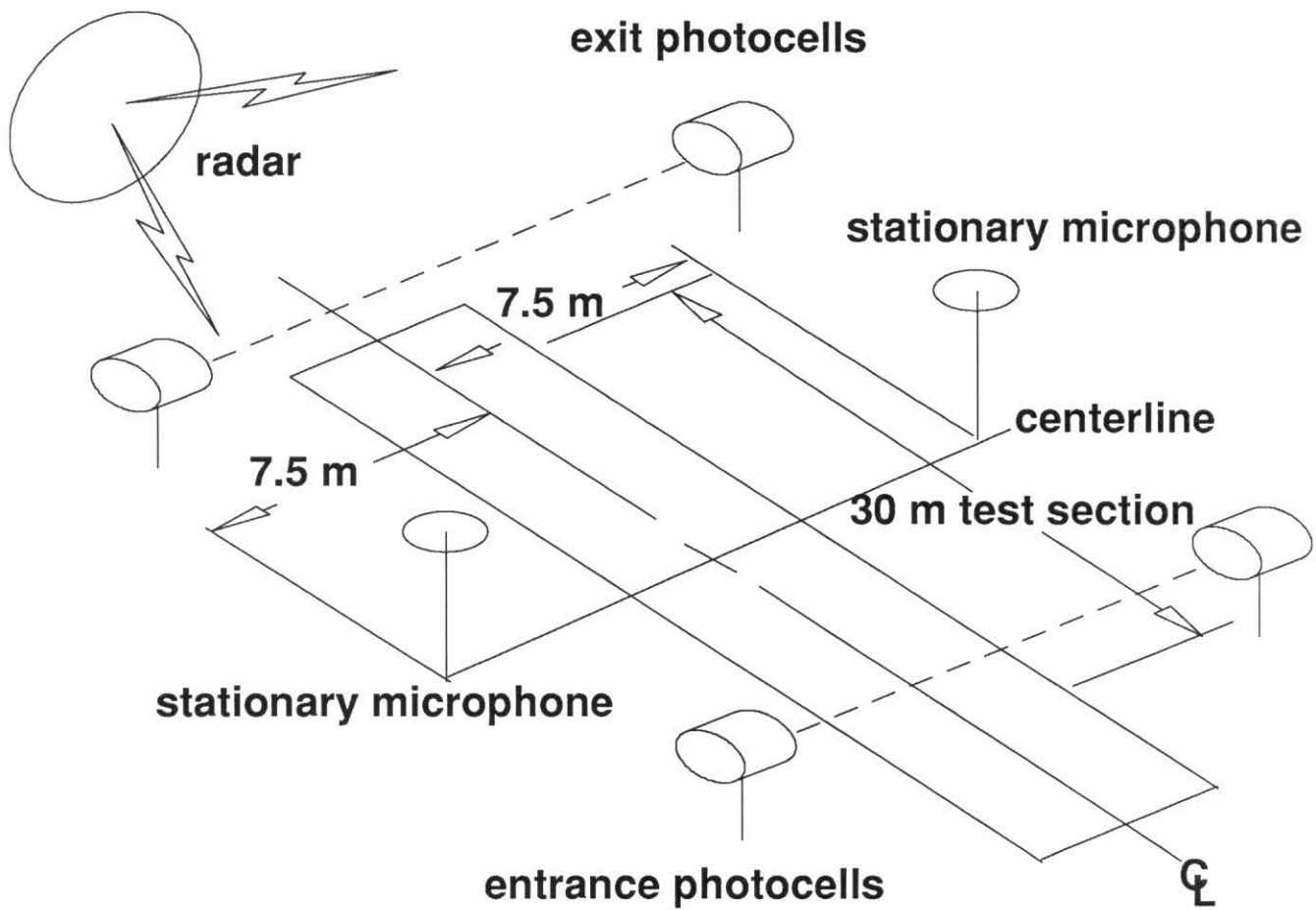
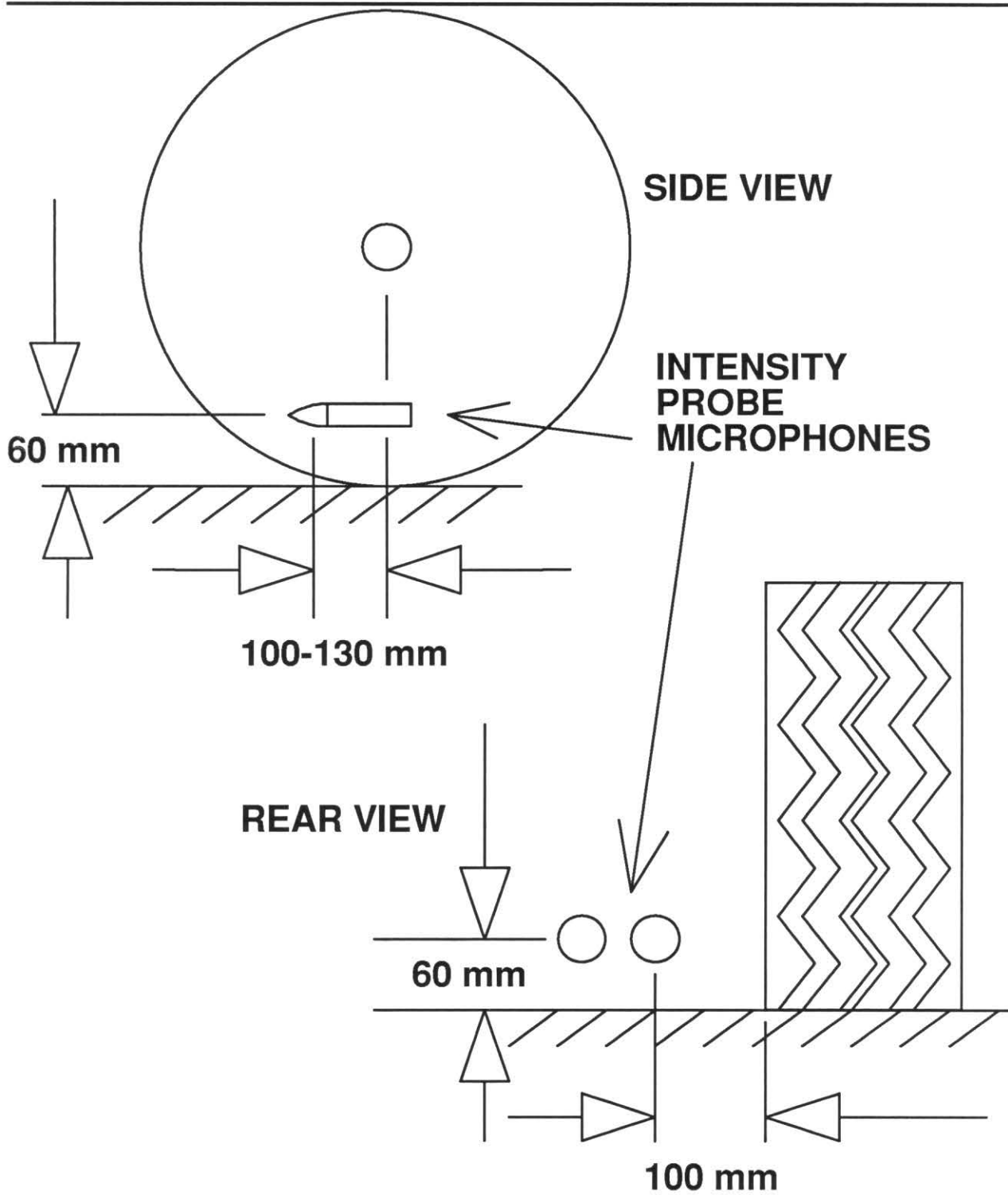


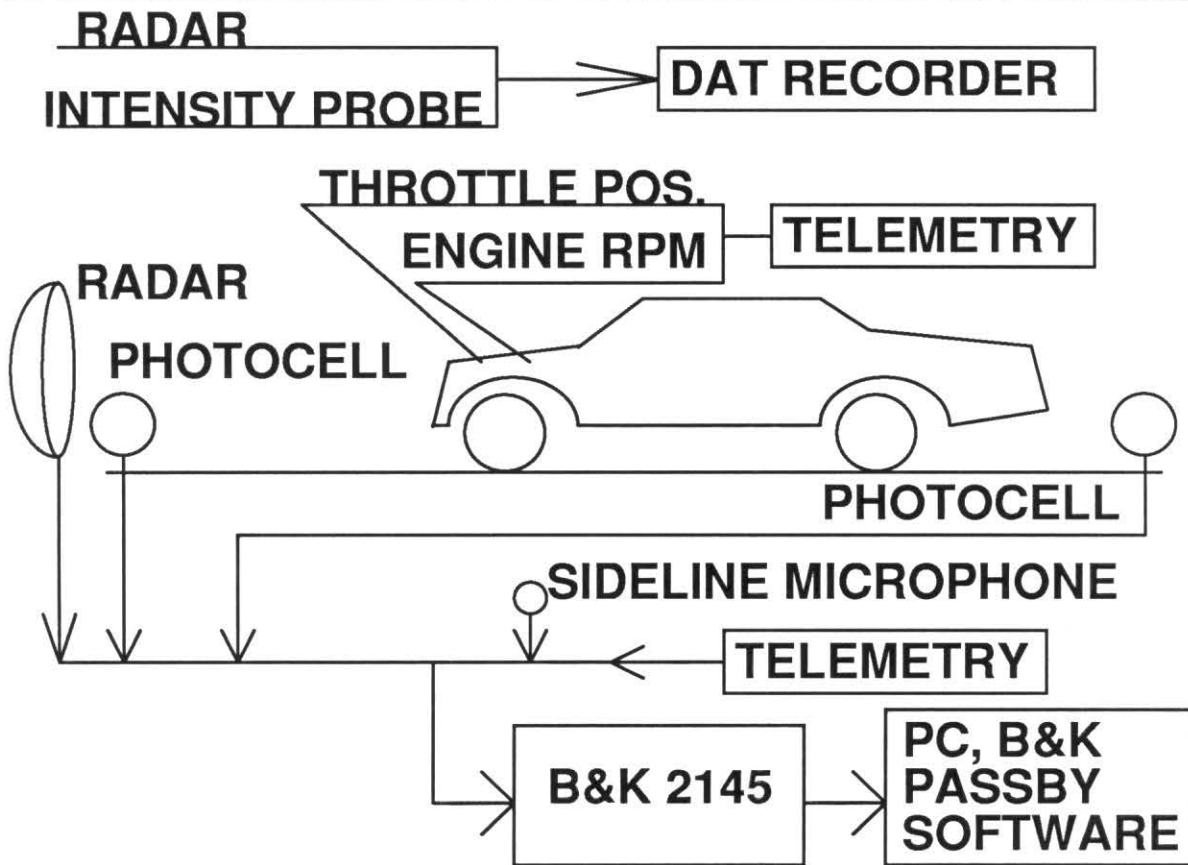
Figure 1. Test track schematic.



# INTENSITY MEASUREMENT



# DATA ACQUISITION



## DATA RECORDED EVERY 0.25 m ON PC

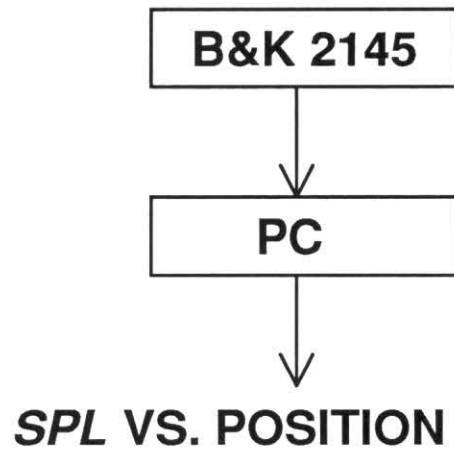
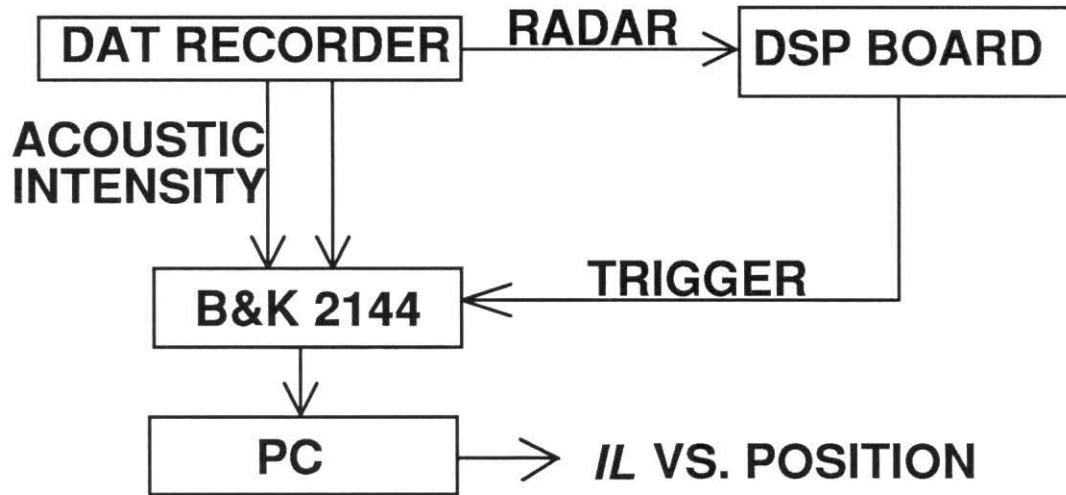
- VEHICLE SPEED
- 1/3 OCTAVE A-WEIGHTED *SPL*
- THROTTLE POSITION
- TRANSMISSION GEAR

## DATA RECORDED ON DAT RECORDER IN VEHICLE

- RADAR TIME HISTORY
- MICROPHONE OUTPUTS

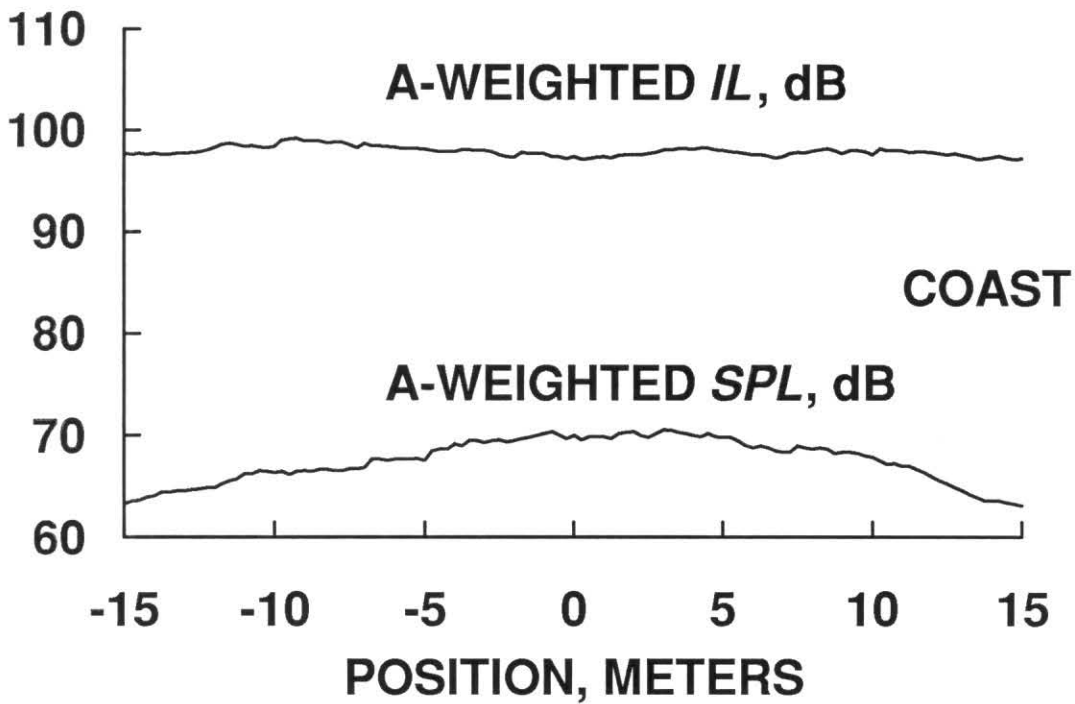
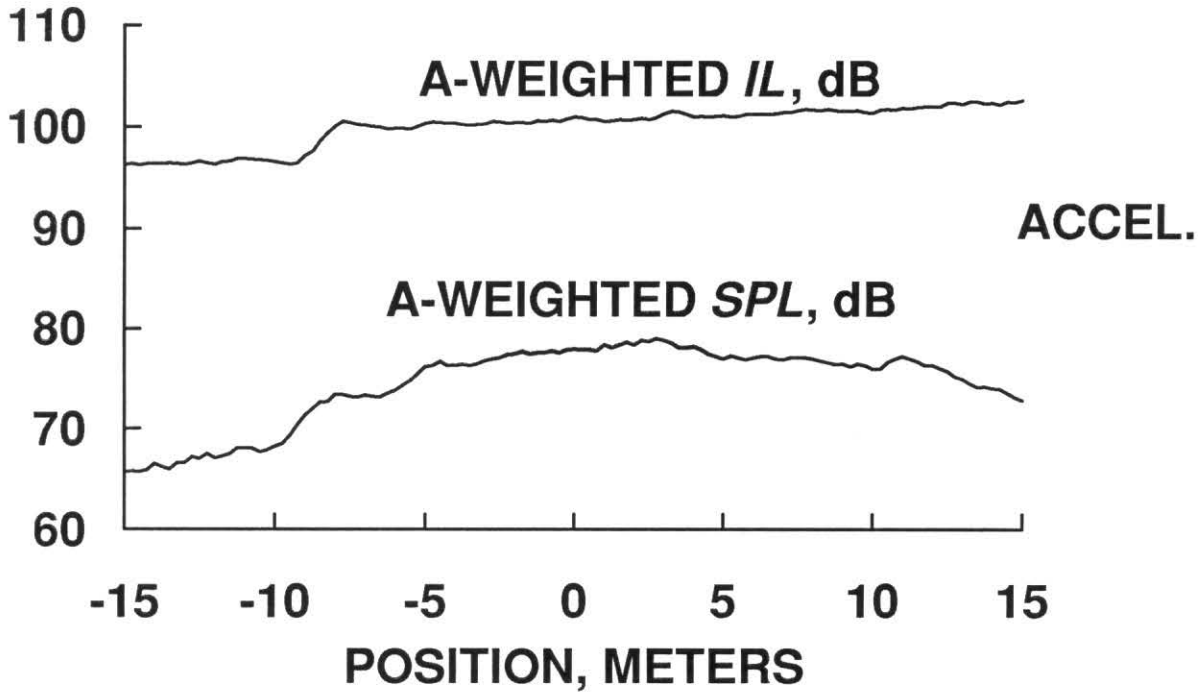
# DATA ANALYSIS

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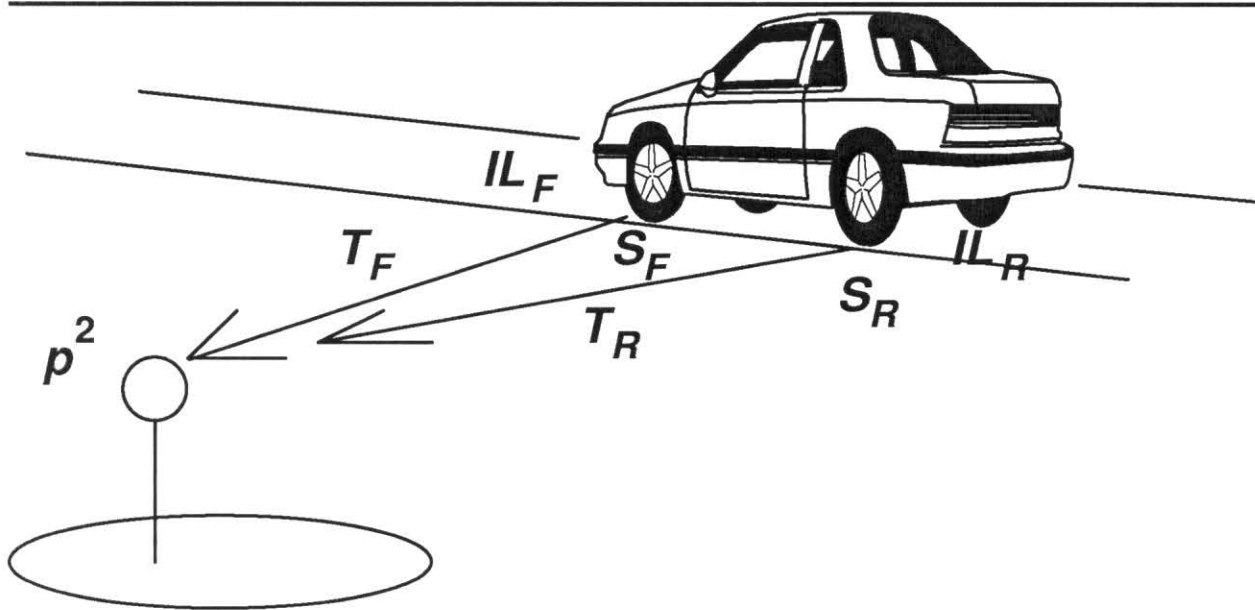


# DATA ANALYSIS

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# COAST/CRUISE TRANSFER FUNCTIONS



$$p^2 = p_F^2 + p_R^2$$

$$= S_F T_F + S_R T_R$$

ASSUME:

(i)  $S_F \cong S_R$

(ii)  $T_F \cong T_R$

$$p^2 \cong 2S_F T_F$$

WHERE:

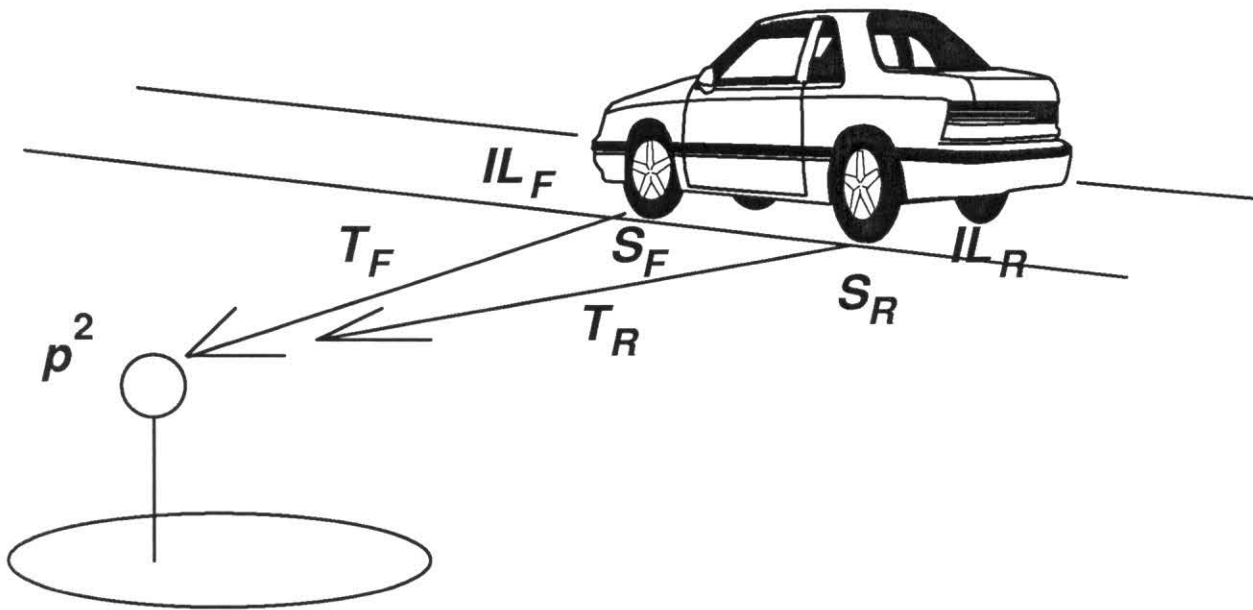
$$S_F = p_0^2 10^{(IL/10)}$$

COAST/CRUISE TRANSFER FUNCTION

$$H_{COAST/CRUISE} = 10 \log T_F$$

# COAST/CRUISE TRANSFER FUNCTIONS

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$$SPL_{COAST/CRUISE} = IL_{COAST/CRUISE} + H_{COAST/CRUISE} + 3 \text{ dB}$$

$$H_{COAST/CRUISE} = SPL_{COAST/CRUISE} - IL_{COAST/CRUISE} - 3 \text{ dB}$$

# COAST/CRUISE TRANSFER FUNCTIONS

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## *SPL<sub>COAST/CRUISE</sub>*

	Vehicle I	II	III	IV	V
ISO	67.0	66.9	69.8	70.3	66.5
SAE	68.4	68.5	71.0	72.0	68.1

## *IL<sub>COAST/CRUISE</sub>*

	Vehicle I	II	III	IV	V
ISO	93.3	91.0	95.0	96.2	92.6
SAE	94.4	91.6	95.9	97.2	93.6

## *H<sub>COAST/CRUISE</sub>*

	<b>H<sub>COAST</sub></b>		<b>H<sub>CRUISE</sub></b>	
	<b>ISO</b>	<b>SAE</b>	<b>ISO</b>	<b>SAE</b>
<b>mean</b>	-28.4	-28.3	-28.3	-27.7
<b>standard deviation</b>	0.8	1.4	1.0	1.6

# PASSBY LEVELS

## AVERAGE $SPL_{PASSBY}$

	Vehicle I	II	III	IV	V
ISO	75.6	72.8	78.7	78.2	72.3
SAE	76.1	73.4	78.4	79.1	73.0

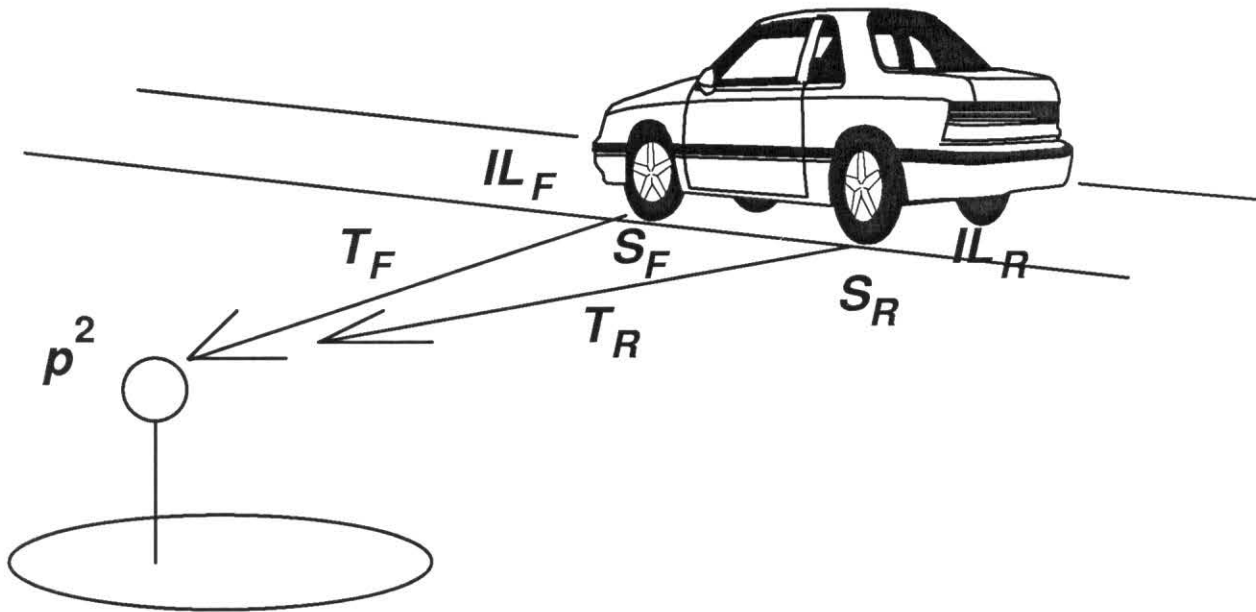
## $SPL_{PASSBY}$

	Vehicle I	II	III	IV	V
Site A	76.6	73.7	81.6	79.1	72.9
B	77.7	75.1	78.5	80.4	74.5
C	77.2	74.2	78.1	79.3	73.1
D	74.7	71.7	76.6	77.8	
E	76.6	73.9	78.0	79.0	72.7
F	74.8	72.0	76.6	78.0	71.5
G	75.4	72.6	81.0	77.7	71.8
H	76.2	74.2	78.3	79.7	73.3
I	75.8	73.7	77.7	79.0	73.4
J	76.2	73.0	77.5	78.5	72.5
K	76.1	72.6	76.4	78.4	72.4
L	77.0	73.7	77.9	78.8	73.0
M	75.5	73.6	77.9	79.6	72.7
N	72.5	70.7	80.2		



# TIRE NOISE CONTRIBUTION TO PASSBY LEVEL

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SOUND PRESSURE DUE TO TIRE NOISE:

$$p_t^2 = S_{PASSBY} T_F + S_{COAST/CRUISE} T_R$$

ASSUME:  $T_F \cong T_R \cong T_{COAST/CRUISE}$

$$p_t^2 \cong (S_{PASSBY} + S_{COAST/CRUISE}) T_{COAST/CRUISE}$$

WHERE:  $S_{PASSBY} = p_0^2 10^{\left(\frac{IL_{PASSBY}}{10}\right)}$

$$S_{COAST/CRUISE} = p_0^2 10^{\left(\frac{IL_{COAST/CRUISE}}{10}\right)}$$

# TIRE NOISE CONTRIBUTION TO PASSBY LEVEL

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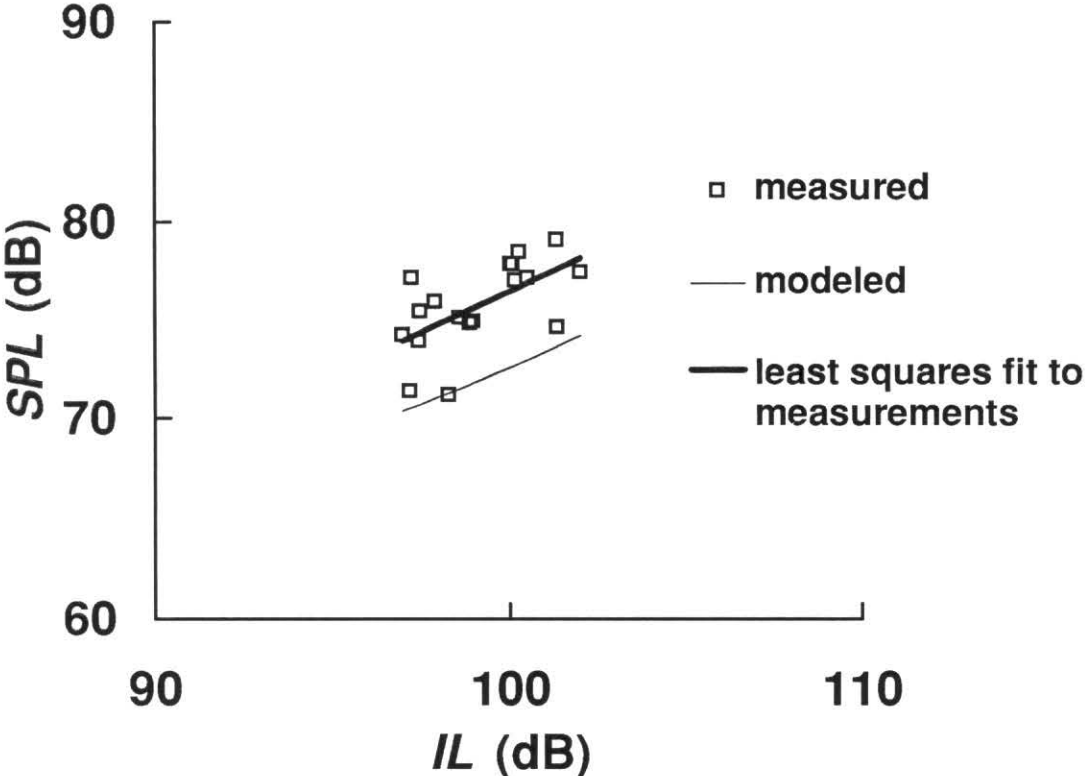
$$SPL_{PASSBY/TIRE} = 10 \log_{10} \left( 10^{\frac{IL_{PASSBY}}{10}} + 10^{\frac{\langle IL_{COAST/CRUISE} \rangle}{10}} \right) + \langle H_{COAST/CRUISE} \rangle$$

## WHERE:

- $IL_{PASSBY}$  MEASURED DURING ACCELERATION TEST FOR VEHICLE OF INTEREST
- $\langle IL_{COAST/CRUISE} \rangle$  AVERAGE OF MEASURED COAST AND CRUISE  $IL$ 's FOR VEHICLE OF INTEREST
- $\langle H_{COAST/CRUISE} \rangle$  VEHICLE'S AVERAGE COAST/CRUISE TRANSFER FUNCTION

# TIRE NOISE CONTRIBUTION TO PASSBY LEVEL

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# TIRE NOISE CONTRIBUTION TO PASSBY LEVEL

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	I	II	III	IV	V
<b>Average Passby Level</b>	<b>76.3</b>	<b>73.7</b>	<b>78.1</b>	<b>79.3</b>	<b>73.1</b>
<b>Estimated Tire Noise</b>	<b>72.2</b>	<b>69.4</b>	<b>72.2</b>	<b>72.7</b>	<b>71.4</b>
<b>All Other Sources</b>	<b>74.2</b>	<b>71.7</b>	<b>76.8</b>	<b>78.3</b>	<b>68.1</b>

**TIRE NOISE CONTRIBUTION TO PASSBY LEVELS:**

**≈ 72 dB**

# CONCLUSIONS

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- **COAST AND CRUISE LEVELS MEASURED ON ISO SITES APPROXIMATELY 1 - 1.5 dB LESS THAN THOSE MEASURED ON SAE SITES**

**TIRE NOISE LEVELS MEASURED ON SAE AND ISO SITES MAY DIFFER**

- **PASSBY LEVELS APPROXIMATELY 0.5 dB LESS ON ISO SITES THAN ON SAE SITES**
- **FOR 4 OF 5 VEHICLES TESTED, TIRE NOISE CONTRIBUTION TO PASSBY *SPL* WAS 4 dB TO 7 dB LESS THAN OVERALL A-WEIGHTED SPL**

**TIRE NOISE PASSBY LEVEL APPROXIMATELY 72 dB**