ON POLYPORUS PULCHERRIMUS.

BY L. RODWAY, C.M.G.

(Read 10th October, 1921.)

Polyporus pulcherrimus, n.s. Dimidiate sessile, simple bracket or irregularly proliferate, generally about 10 cm. diameter, bright crimson throughout, fleshy, very watery, the dorsal surface roughly verrucose-strigose with no distinct dermis. Pores very irregular mostly about one millimetre diameter, dissepiments very thin and irregular at the mouth. Spores hyaline, very broadly oblong, $6 \times 5 \mu$ diameter.

Commonly on the trunk of our Evergreen Beech, rarely on a Eucalypt. It is a wound parasite, but spreads to the living wood. Mr. C. G. Lloyd, to whom I submitted this fungus, points out the close relationship to *Polyporus confluens*, from which it differs in the absence of a differentiated dermis, crimson colour, growing on trees, more watery consistency, and rather larger oblong spores.