On our way back to the ship landed on Middle rock which is coverd with muscles at low water oysters may be found on it In the evening the ship was warpd into the cove within Outer cove.

Jany 16. Dropd down to Lagoon Beach where we remaind till the morning of the 19th in which time the entrance was more particularly examind by Mr. Collins who landed also on the opposite side.

Jany 19th. Saild for Port Phillip where we arrivd.

The Lady Nelson arrived at Port Phillip on the 21st January, 1804. The encounters with the natives described by Brown in his rough field-notes were in all probability the first in which whites and blacks were brought into intimate contact at Port Dalrymple. Flinders and Bass in 1798 caught sight of a few of the savages, but did not come to close quarters. We do not know if Louis Freycinet when he visited the port early in 1802 even saw any of them. Writing to Colonel Collins on the 30th December, 1803. Governor King informed him that a schooner had just returned to Sydney from Port Dalrymple "after an unsuccess-"ful attempt to procure Fresh Water in search of which he " (the Captain) may have been impeded by the natives, who "were extremely inimical to him." This schooner was the Governor King, a sealing vessel belonging to a Sydney firm. The ways of sealing-men with natives later became a by-word and a scandal, but it does not follow that the crew of the Governor King were the aggressive party on that occasion. Indeed, it would appear from the fact that Brown and his companions were able to get into touch at all, though only for a short time, that the aborigines of the district, probably the same as those met with by the sealers, were not harbouring vindictive feelings towards whites generally on account of previous wrongs.

Brown's sketches of the natives, slight as they are, properly belong to the category of those fuller pictures which we owe to earlier visitors, and which deal with the period before they were brought into downright opposition with the invaders of their territory when the permanent British settlement of the island took place in 1803 and 1804.

ADDITIONS TO THE CATALOGUE OF TASMANIAN MOLLUSCA.

Ву

DR. P. ANSELL ROBIN.

(Communicated by Clive Lord.)

(Read 10th June, 1929.)

Ancilla edithæ, Prit. & Gat.

1899 Ancilla edithw, Prit. & Gat. P.R.S. Vic., vol. XI. n.s., p. 181, pl. XX., f. 5.

Habitat—Circular Head. Not uncommon (dead).

Philine trapezia, Hedley.

1902 Philine trapezia, Hedley. P.L.S. N.S.W., XXVI., p. 704, pl. 34, f. 22-24.

Habitat—Circular Head. One dead specimen.

Solemya australis, Lamarck.

1904 Solemya australis, Prit. & Gat. P.R.S. Vic., XVII., n.s., 1904, p. 220 (q.v. for bibliography). Habitat—Circular Head. One valve.

Condylocardia chapmani, Gat. and Gab.

1912 Condylocardia chapmani, Gat. & Gab. P.R.S. Vic., XXV., n.s., pt. I., p. 167, pl. IX., f. 5-8. Habitat—Circular Head. Four dead specimens.

Diala varia, A. Adams. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) viii., 1861,
p. 243. Hedley, P.L.S. N.S.W., 1913, XXXVIII.,
pt. 2, pl. xviii., f. 56.

Habitat—Circular Head. Not uncommon (dead).

Cylindrobulla fischeri, Ad. and Ang. P.Z.S., Lond., 1864, p. 37. Hedley, P.L.S. N.S.W., 1903, XXVII., p. 604, pl. xxix., f. 8, 9.

Habitat—Circular Head. Two dead specimens.

Heterorissoa wilfredi, Gat. and Gab. P.R.S.V., XXIV., n.s., pt. 1, 1911, pl. xlvi., f. 3. Iredale, Proc. Malac. Soc., Vol. X., pt. 3, 1912, p. 222.

Habitat—Circular Head. Ten dead specimens, some of three, the others of four whorls.

The above shells have been kindly examined by C. J. Gabriel, Esq., who has confirmed the identification.

NOTE ON THE MOLLUSCA OF CIRCULAR HEAD.

In the Illustrated Index of Tasmanian Shells issued in 1923 by the late W. L. May, the habitat of a large number of shells was assigned to the East or South coasts (or to both), the implication being that they had not been reported from elsewhere in Tasmania. In the course of annual visits for the last twelve years to Circular Head, I have there gathered upwards of seventy of these species, and I append a list as likely to be of interest to anyone studying the distribution of Tasmanian mollusca.

Neotrigonia margaritacea, Lam. Lima strangei, Sow. Cochlodesma angasi, Crosse. Thraciopsis elongata, May. Myodora brevis, Sow. Myodora ovata, Reeve. Myodora tasmanica, T.-Woods. Venericardia columnaria, Hed. & May. Codakia minima, T.-Woods. Codakia tatei, Angas. Macrocallista diemenensis, Hanley. Macrocallista kingii, Gray. Antigona lagopus, Lam, Bassina paucilamellata, Dunker. Macoma mariæ, T.-Woods. Venerupis exotica, Lam. Pseudarcopagia botanica, Hedl. Gari kenyoniana, Prit. & Gat. Panope australis, Sow. Pholas obturamentum, Hedl. Macroschisma tasmaniæ, Sow. Clanculus undatus, Lam. Liotia micans, Adams. Liotina densilineata, Tate. Merelina cheilostoma, T.-Woods. Epigrus cylindraceus, T.-Woods, Rissoina elegantula, Angas. Rissoina gertrudis, T.-Woods. Rissolina angasi, Pease. Ataxocerithium serotinum, Adams. Seila crocea, Angas. Cerithiopsis trisculpta, May. Austrotriton parkinsonius, Perry. Olivella leucozona, Ad. & Ang.

Ancilla marginata, Lam. Marginella bucca, Tomlin. Marginella formicula, Lam. Cancellaria purpuriformis, Kuster. Duplicaria ustulata, Deshayes. Parviterebra brazieri, Angas. Anaturris alba, Petterd. Apaturris costifera, May. Pseudoraphitoma bilineata, Angas. Nepotilla triseriata, Verco. Fasciolaria fusiformis, Valenc. Fusinus novæ-hollandiæ, Reeve. Mitra bellapicta, Verco. Mitra legrandi, T.-Woods. Mitra pumilio, May. Mitra strangei, Angas. Purene beddomei, Petterd. Æsopus cassandra, Hedl. Murex angasi, Crosse. Trophon brazieri, T.-Woods. Trophon fenestratus, Tate & May. Trophon rudolphi, Brazier. Leuconopsis pellucidus, Cooper. Leucotina concinna, Adams. Surnola bifasciata, T.-Woods. Syrnola harrissoni, Tate & May. Surnola tasmanica, T.-Woods. Odostomia portseaensis, Gat. & Gab. Turbonilla acicularis, Adams. Turbonilla beddomei, Petterd. Turbonilla fusca, Adams. Eulima columnaria, May. Eulima mayii, Tate. Eulima munita, Hedley. Eulima topaziaca, Hedley. Culichnina atkinsoni, T.-Woods. Culichnina iredaleana, Hedl. Culichnina pugmæa, A. Ad Rhizorus rostratus, Adams.