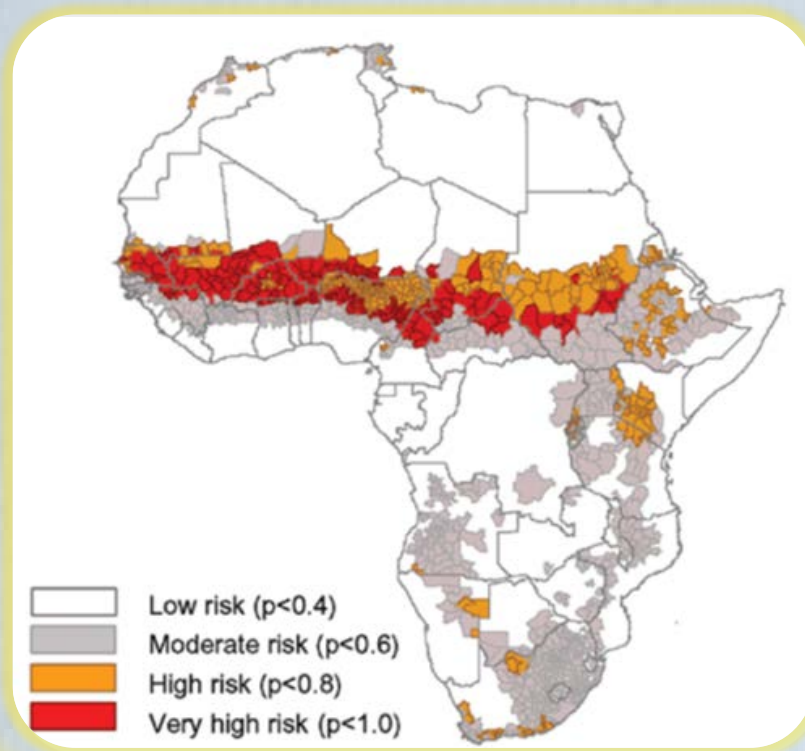


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## Meningitis in Africa



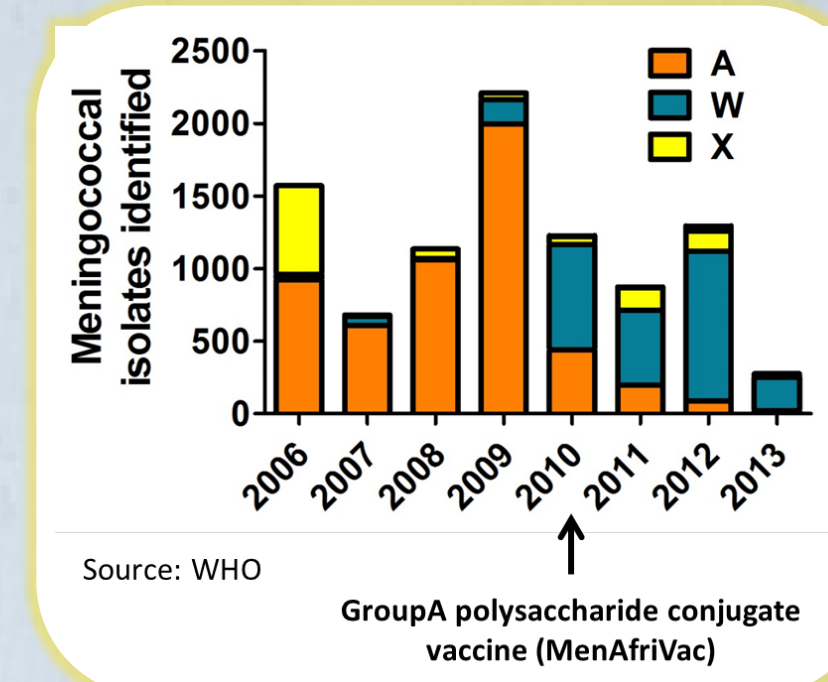
### African meningitis Belt

- >350 million people at risk
- Incidence up to 1000 per 100,000 people
- Mortality up to 15% of cases

- Serogroup **A** cases ↓
- Serogroup **W** and **X** still causing epidemics

▶ **NO AFFORDABLE**

**VACCINE FOR ALL SEROGROUP AVAILABLE**

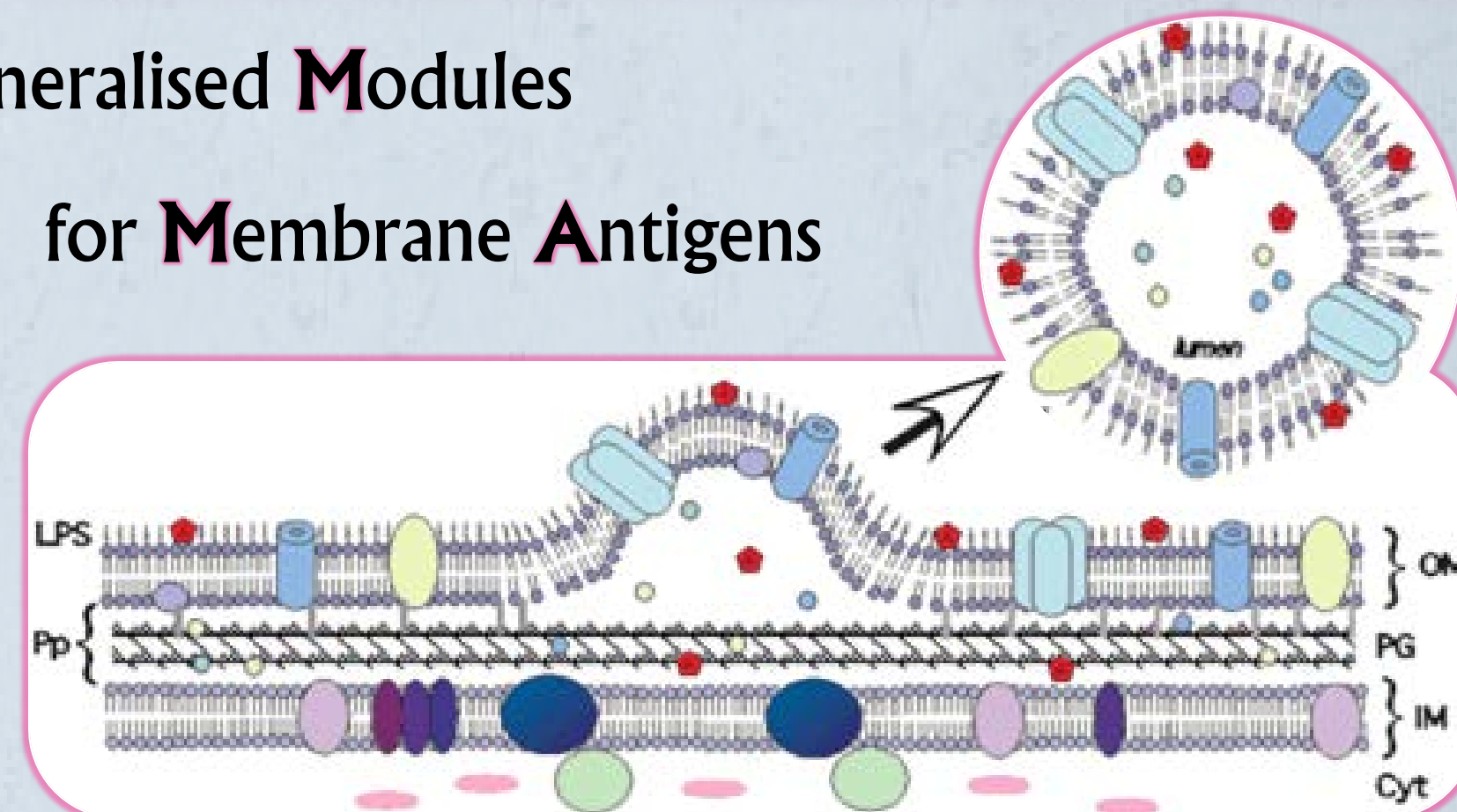


## GMMA

Gram-negative bacteria naturally shed outer membrane vesicles (OMVs). Structural changes in bacterial outer membrane lead to **GMMA**, Generalized Modules for Membrane Antigens: outer membrane vesicles to use as **vaccine**. They are safe, cheap to produce, and can give broad protection against pathogens.

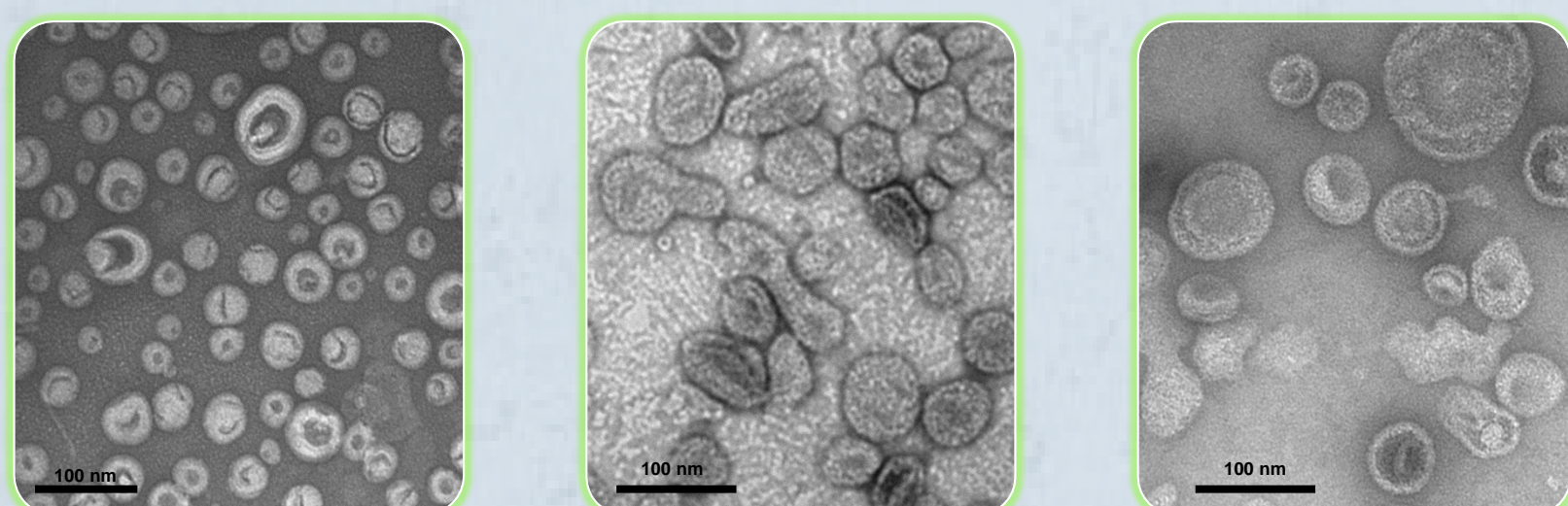
### Generalised Modules

for **Membrane Antigens**



## GMMA as vaccine for Africa against *N. meningitidis*

We genetically engineered a *N. meningitidis* african strain: it overproduces GMMA containing protective antigens against meningococcal strains affecting Sub-Saharan Africa.



Negative Stain Transmission Electron Microscopy of GMMA



Negative Stain Transmission Electron Microscopy of engineered *N. meningitidis*

## Conclusion and future prospective

- We genetically engineered an African meningococcal strain with deleted capsule biosynthesis, detoxified endotoxin, over-expression of protective antigens, and over-blebbing.
- GMMA from this mutated strain are promising as an affordable vaccine against all *N. meningitidis* serogroups causing meningococcal disease in sub-Saharan Africa.
- Evaluation of fine-specificity of protection and mechanism of cellular immunity to the vaccine are under evaluation.

### References

- WHO, 2014
- Koeberling et al., *Vaccine* 2014
- Xie et al., *Vaccine* 2013
- Kuehn and Kesty, *Genes & Dev.* 2005

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