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Prevention and Control of Wildlife Damage, 5th Edition

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Prevention and Control of Wildlife Damage, 5th Edition

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ABSTRACT: The book *Prevention and Control of Wildlife Damage* (PCWD) is the award-winning and leading reference in the field. Over 13,000 copies of the 4th edition were sold, and we conservatively estimate that it saves \$210 million in resources and \$220 million in labor annually. Emerging issues and changes in the field, however, have precipitated the need for a new 5th edition of PCWD. Six editors and over 120 authors are working to create the next edition, which will include 36 new and 77 revised chapters. We anticipate that the 5th edition of PCWD and derivative products will be available as a two-volume book, CD, website, e-book, and mobile app, starting in 2015.

KEY WORDS: human-wildlife conflicts, internet, Prevention and Control of Wildlife Damage, wildlife damage management

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Published at Univ. of Calif., Davis. 2014. Pp. 440-442.

INTRODUCTION

Wildlife provides us with ubiquitous and innumerable benefits. Unfortunately, wildlife also can cause significant damage to food, fiber, personal property, and natural resources. In addition, wildlife can cause a threat to human health and safety and are the cause of many nuisance problems. Often problems with wildlife are complex and convoluted, involving multiple stakeholders with differing attitudes. These issues are pervasive in society, so scientists, educators, and administrators across the globe are working to provide answers to these problems. The 4th edition of the book *Prevention and Control of Wildlife* Damage (PCWD; Hygnstrom et al. 1994) is widely recognized as the leading reference in the field of wildlife damage management. The two-volume book includes 863-pages and 77 chapters (Appendix 1) written by 75 authors who are experts in the field. From alligators to polar bears, it covers nearly everything associated with wildlife damage in North America. Over 13,000 copies were sold, largely in North America, but also in 27 other countries. Based on a 10% sample of users, we conservatively estimate that the book saves \$210 million in resources and \$220 million in labor annually. The book was sponsored by the University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Great Plains Agricultural Council, and USDA-APHIS-Wildlife Services and currently is available on-line at http://icwdm.org.handbook/index.asp. The editors received the Communication Award from the Berryman Institute for Wildlife Damage Management in 1996.

Earlier editions of PCWD also were successful. The 1st edition, edited by F. Robert Henderson (1972) primarily was developed as a reference for the Cooperative Extension Service in Kansas in 1972. It was followed shortly after by the 2nd edition, edited by Henderson (1977), when it was perceived that the book was getting wide use and additional content was needed. In 1984,

Robert M. Timm produced the 3rd edition of PCWD at the request of Henderson, expanding and standardizing the content of species chapters and greatly expanding the section on pesticides. Chapters on individual species included sections on species identification, general biology, damage identification, legal status, economics, management methods, and resources. This 3rd edition was adopted widely throughout the Great Plains region. The 4th edition was created when it was perceived that the book was being used as a reference nationally and that the content needed to be expanded and upgraded.

Twenty years have passed since the 4th edition of PCWD was produced and in that time, several new problems have emerged. Canada geese, deer, bears, and coyotes have become overabundant in urban areas; wolves and mountain lions have expanded their ranges into more human-dominated landscapes; invasive exotic species such as mute swans, Burmese pythons, and coqui frogs have expanded their ranges and influence; previously innocuous species such as black vultures and wild turkeys have changed their behavior, which has put them in conflict with people; and the list of emerging infectious zoonotic diseases including hantavirus pulmonary syndrome, West Nile Virus, and avian influenza keeps expanding. In addition, many of the tools and techniques that we used to manage problem wildlife have been lost over the years, while others have been added, as have new regulations that influence their use. Thus, it was clear that a new edition of PCWD was needed.

DEVELOPMENT OF PCWD, 5th EDITION

The goal of the 5th edition of PCWD and its derivative products will be to disseminate research- and expert-based, up-to-date, cost-effective, and ecologically sound information about integrated approaches for resolving human-wildlife conflicts. Editors of the 5th edition will

include S. E. Hygnstrom, R. M. Timm, D. L. Nolte, M. E. Tobin, and K. C. VerCauteren. They will be assisted by R. Smith and S. M. Vantassel. Sponsors include the University of Nebraska-Lincoln and USDA-APHIS-Wildlife Services. The project will address all aspects of wildlife damage management in North America. It will include all chapters from the 4th edition plus 13 new chapters on general concepts in wildlife damage management and 23 new species chapters (Appendix 1). The 5th edition will include contributions of some 120 authors who are experts from private industry, universities, state and federal agencies, and non-governmental organizations. The format of the 5th edition will be similar to that of the 4th, including a two-volume book with 113 chapters and likely over 1,000 pages. The 5th edition also will be available as a CD, e-book, website, and possibly as a mobile app. The new XML schema will enable the efficient development of consistent derivative products that will be targeted toward specific audiences, such as airport managers, golf course superintendents, warehouse owners, grain storage managers, feedlot operators, and The editors are using a MicroSoft SharePoint collaborative website to develop chapters and manage the editing and production process. Authors submit draft a draft manuscript to a subject editor for review. If sufficiently developed, the chapter is forwarded to a technical editor and lead editor for review. Authors are asked to revise and resubmit as needed. In the end, the manuscript will goes through layout, copy editing, and final review by the lead editor before printing. We anticipate that the book and associated products will be available for public use starting in 2015.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We appreciate the support of the University of Nebraska-Lincoln Extension and the USDA-APHIS-Wildlife Services for sponsoring and providing funding for the development of the 5th edition of PCWD. We thank S. M. Vantassel and R. Smith for providing technical support. In addition, we thank the many authors who have contributed to PCWD.

LITERATURE CITED

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- Henderson, F. R. (Compiler). 1977. Prevention and Control of Wildlife Damage, 2nd edition. Kansas State University Cooperative Extension Service.
- Hygnstrom, S. E., R. M. Timm, and G. E. Larson (Editors). 1994. Prevention and Control of Wildlife Damage, 4th edition. University of Nebraska Cooperative Extension.
- Timm, R. M. (Editor). 1984. Prevention and Control of Wildlife Damage, 3rd edition. University of Nebraska-Lincoln Cooperative Extension Service.

Table of contents of the 5th edition of Prevention and Control of Wildlife Damage. Chapters with an asterisk (*) are new to the 5th edition.

Wildlife Damage - General

Principles and Philosophy*

Integrated Wildlife Management*

Human Dimensions*

Legal Aspects*

Ethics*

Sources of Information*

Assistance

Identification

Economics*

Relocation and Translocation*

Monitoring*

Euthanasia and Humane Endings*

Disposal*

Safety*

Evaluation of Predation

Invasive Species*

Wildlife Diseases

Rodents

Beavers

Gophers, Pocket

Marmots'

Mice, House

Mice, White Footed and Deer

Mountain Beavers

Muskrats

Nutria

Porcupines

Prairie Dogs

Rats, Cotton

Rats, Kangaroo

Rats, Norway

Rats, Roof

Rats, Wood

Rodent-proof Construction

Squirrels, Belding's, California, Rock

Ground

Squirrel, Franklin Ground

Squirrels, Richardson, Wyoming

Ground

Squirrel, Thirteen-lined Ground

Squirrels, Tree

Voles

Woodchucks

Carnivores

Badgers

Bears, Black

Bears, Brown

Bears, Polar

Bobcats

Cats, Feral House

Coyotes, Rural

Coyotes, Urban*

Dogs, Feral

Foxes

Lions, Mountain

Mink

Mongoose*

Raccoons

Otters, River

Skunks

Weasels

Wolves

Other Mammals

Armadillo

Bats

Deer, Rural

Deer, Urban*

Elk

Goats, Feral*

Horses and Burros. Wild*

Javalina

Marine Mammals*

Moles

Moose*

Opossum

Pias. Feral

Pronghorn, Antelope

Rabbits, Cottontail

Rabbits, Jackrabbits

Shrews

Birds

Birds at Airports

Bird Dispersal Techniques

Blackbirds

Coot

Cormorants*

Cranes, Sandhill*

Crows, Ravens, and Magpies

Eagles

Finch, House (Linnets)

Geese, Resident Canada*

Goldfinches

Grackles

Gulls

Hawks and Owls

Herons and Egrets*

Larks, Horned

Jays, Scrub

Kites, Mississippi

Pelicans

Pigeons

Parakeets, Monk *

Sparrows, Crowned

Sparrows, House

Songbirds*

Starlings

Swallows

Swans, Mute* Turkeys, Wild*

Vultures*

Waterfowl, Rural

Waxwing, Cedar*

Woodpeckers

Reptiles, Amphibians, Etc.

Alligators

Crayfish

Fish*

Frogs and Toads

Salamanders

Sharks*

Lizards*

Snakes, Nonvenomous Snakes, Venomous

Turtles

Vertebrate Pesticides

Registered Vertebrate Pesticides

Active Ingredients

Supplies and Materials

Poison Control Centers

Sample Labels