

## Enhancing the Accuracy of Mobile Geo Targeting

**Dmitry Sergeevich Silnov**

Department of Information Systems and Technologies, National Research Nuclear University MEPhI  
(Moscow Engineering Physics Institute), Moscow, Russia

---

### Article Info

#### Article history:

Received Jan 21, 2016

Revised Apr 21, 2016

Accepted May 4, 2016

#### Keyword:

Avito

Geo-targeting

Mobile geotargeting

SMS advertising

---

### ABSTRACT

SMS advertising companies use mobile phone numbers to send its own content. Geo targeting can improve advertising possibilities. New approach of mobile numbers geo targeting discovered and used in Russia. That approach can be used not only in Russia, but its universal for any country. For Russian geo targeting used site avito.ru for attaching mobile to selected area in city.

Copyright © 2016 Institute of Advanced Engineering and Science.  
All rights reserved.

---

### Corresponding Author:

Dmitry Sergeevich Silnov,

Department of Information Systems and Technologies,

National Research Nuclear University MEPhI (Moscow Engineering Physics Institute),

Kashirskoe sh. 31, Moscow, Russian.

Email: ds@silnov.pro

---

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Nowadays, more and more mobile users receive text messages and even calls with an offer to buy goods or services. These users never subscribed to such messages and calls and so do not know how their numbers got into the operator's database from where the calls and text messages are sent. Their phone numbers are received from organizations that sell the databases of the phone numbers of their clients. These numbers can also be obtained via hacking or human factors. However, the databases contain no information about the actual location of the owner of the phone number, the so-called geo-targeting [1].

Information about the actual location or residence of a mobile user is unavailable and not published in the public domain. Mobile network operators have accurate information about the subscriber's location. They get such information by anchoring the mobile phone to a cellular tower. However, this information is strictly confidential and used exclusively for the benefit of the mobile operator or for public purposes [2]. Such purposes may include notifying the mobile user that roaming services have been enabled in his phone because he has crossed a geographical boundary. It could also be messages from the Russian Ministry of Emergency Situations warning people about a bad weather, fires or accidents in a certain region of the country or area of the city (Figure 1). If the subscriber is connected to a mobile operator in one region, but lives in another region, he will be getting information about the region where he lives.

Information about geo targeting of mobile users is very valuable to marketers because it allows for provision of information to users in a particular area without excessive cost. For example, users can be informed during promos, study courses advertising [3], opening of shops and other events [4-5]. This can effectively attract new customers. Without geo targeting data, it will be impossible to know which users are in a certain area based only on phone numbers [2].

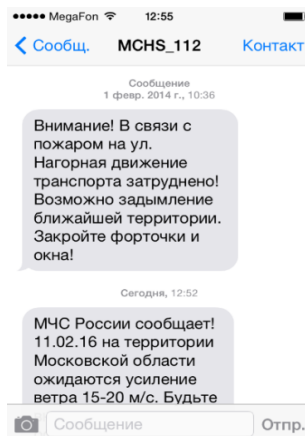


Figure 1. Message from the Russian Ministry of Emergency Situations Sent to Mobile Users Using Geo Targeting

## 2. THE NEW APPROACH

Collection of contact information from sales classified ads posted on the Internet by users is a new efficient way of gathering information about mobile geo targeting. In Russia, Avito.ru is currently the most visited and fastest growing sales site. Daily traffic to this site reaches over 8 million visitors. According to statistics, the site contains more than 33 million ads at the same time. To register on the site and be able to post ads, the user must enter his mobile phone number. This number must be confirmed through a code sent via SMS. The site administration can contact the author of any ad through the confirmed phone number. So, this number has to be current. Apart from having a phone number, each ad contains the author's contact information, including geographical reference (district of the city or metro station). It is most likely that the district indicated by the user is the place where he spends most of his time, such as his residence or place of work. Since most of the sellers are interested in selling their goods and services, it can be argued that apart from their phone numbers, they also provide current contact details. Based on the available data, it can be concluded that advertising site avito.ru contains ads with correct and current mobile phone numbers with tied to a location within the city.

As a new user on the site, when you want to search for ads, you will need to select the appropriate region of the country. Optionally, the site provides you the opportunity to select an area of the city, subway station and product category. Detailed search is performed through selection of product categories or searching by add title. To collect mobile phone numbers tied to a certain metro station, the most optimal is to search for ads based on this metro station without any additional parameters. For example, a search within Moscow and Prospekt Vernadskogo metro station will give you a list of 248,842 ads. The selected metro station serves as the information about the current location, while the cell phone number and name of the owner of the number are contained in the ad. So you will need to get the contents of the page of each ad.

The name of the ad author is contained in the source code of the page in pure form and so does not require further action to collect. The more difficult process is in obtaining the phone number. To read the cell phone number of a seller, you will need to click a special link called "Show phone". This was done by the site to enable it gather statistics on the number of people that views the phone number and to make more complex epy automatic scanners that gather the contact details of ad owners.

In the desktop version of the site, on an ad page, when you click on "Show phone", a image displaying the phone number loads (Figure 2). The image is loaded via a link that looks as follows "https://www.avito.ru/items/phone/{id}?pkey={pkey}"

Where id is the ad number in avito, pkey is the key needed to obtain the image containing the phone number. This link is not in an open form. That is, when you click on the link "show phone", the event captures special function Javascript. This function uses the ad id and a unique hash code specified in the form of a variable. Using these data, the function generates a pkey key using a special algorithm. The function sends a GET request via the specified link, substituting pkey. The result, which is in the form of an image containing the phone number, is placed instead of the "show phone" link.

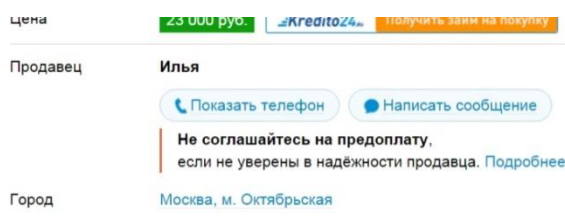


Figure 2. The “Show Phone” Button

The Javascript code that generates pkey and receives the image containing the phone number is obfuscated and hidden in javascript codes to reduce the probability of data collectors reading the number—you require a high level of programming skills to automatically obtain an image containing a phone number.

To automatically receive images containing phone numbers, you need to load the ad page and then extract from its source code the javascript variable value with unique hash code and ad id. Then the pkey generation algorithm needs to be executed using hash code and ad id (Figure 3). After generating the pkey key, you now have all the data needed to obtain the image bearing the phone number. To do this, you need to send a GET request, and while doing that, it is important to specify the appropriate HTTP headers and referrer field in which the ad page URL will be entered. Server response to the GET request with the correct pkey key comes in the form of a data array encoded using base64 algorithm. Data decoding allows to obtain an image bearing the phone number. To save the phone number in the database, the phone number needs to be recognized from the image using a text recognition algorithm.

```
function decode($item_id, $item_phone, $id)
{
    $item = array("id"=>$id);
    preg_match_all("/[0-9a-f]+/", $item_phone, $match);
    $pre = $match[0];

    if ($item['id'] % 2 === 0)
        $mixed = implode("", array_reverse($pre));
    else
        $mixed = implode("", $pre);

    $s = strlen($mixed);
    $r = '';

    for ($k=0; $k<$s; $k++)
        if ( ($k%3) === 0)
            $r.= substr($mixed, $k, 1);
}
```

Figure 3. Pkey Generation Process

Apart from the desktop version of the site, the phone number of the ad owner can also be through the mobile version of the site. A link to the mobile version differs by how the subdomain of the site is written: the desktop version uses the domain “www.avito.ru”, while the mobile version goes with “m.avito.ru”. The other parameters in the ad links are identical to each other. The peculiarities of the mobile version simplify the task of collecting phone numbers because the numbers are loaded as text without images. This is done for the convenience of mobile users – writing of phone numbers in the original form by text allows you to call that mobile device with a single click. If the phone number was to be transmitted in the form of an image, users would find it hard to dial the number manually.

To receive a phone number on the mobile version of the site, a link needs to be read from the ad page code. The link takes the form `http://{url}/phone/{hash}?async`.

Where url is the full url of the ad, hash is the hash number indicated in the link. After the link has been created, you then need to compose and send a GET request with the correct headers and referrer field, which contains the ad URL. The server response will contain a data array containing the phone number in an open form.

To collect data from ad pages in large amount and within a limited period of time, it is necessary to simulate different users by sending requests from different IP addresses. Otherwise, the avito server may block the IP address. If the data collection time is not limited, data can be collected from a small number of IP addresses, but maintaining more than 1 second interval between requests with clearing of cookies files.

Ad details are stored in a database table. The table has a number of fields, each of which stores certain data from the ad, such as Name, phone number, ID of the metro station or district, collection date,

title, link to the ad (Figure 4). To implement simple mailing, the system only needs to select mobile users from the database for a particular area. Including users' names in the text messages potentially enhances the efficiency of the mailing. Data from ad titles can be used to select users of specialized niches, for example, fans of winter fishing.

#	Name	Type	Collation	Attributes	Null	Default	Extra	Action
1	id	int(11)			No	None	AUTO_INCREMENT	Change Drop M
2	name	varchar(255)	utf8_bin		No	None		Change Drop M
3	phone_num	varchar(20)	utf8_bin		No	None		Change Drop M
4	metro	int(11)			No	None		Change Drop M
5	date	timestamp			No	CURRENT_TIMESTAMP		Change Drop M
6	title	text	utf8_bin		No	None		Change Drop M
7	urlpage	text	utf8_bin		No	None		Change Drop M

Figure 4. Data Storage in the MYSQL-Table

### 3. CONCLUSION

Geo targeting of mobile phone numbers is not available in any form. One cannot determine the location of a mobile phone number. Using a popular add site, you can collect and daily update the database of cell phone numbers with geo targeting in areas within the city. This makes it possible to efficiently inform and notify mobile users in certain districts of the city through SMS text messages and calls. This in turn reduces the cost of providing information and makes advertising more targeted, thereby strengthening customer loyalty. If you use geo targeting in conjunction with ad category information, you can determine the approximate interests and hobbies of subscribers. This would enable you send texts only to potentially interested mobile users and reduce the likelihood of users reacting negatively to the SMS advertising. With information about categories of ads without precise geo targeting, you will be able to provide relevant information and notification to interested mobile users within the city.

### REFERENCES

- [1] P. Ngo and D. Wijesekera, "Enhancing the Usability of the Commercial Mobile Alert System," *In Critical Infrastructure Protection V*, Springer Berlin Heidelberg, pp. 137-149, 2011.
- [2] S. Heath, "U.S. Patent Application," No. 13/337, pp. 275, 2011.
- [3] Lyamin A. V., *et al.*, "Circadian Rhythms, Effects of Their Changes, and Asthenia in the Context of Higher Educational Studies with Remote Learning," *Neuroscience and Behavioral Physiology*, vol/issue: 45(5), pp. 583-585, 2015.
- [4] T. S. Krivonogova, *et al.*, "Effect of respiratory and aqua-gymnastics on the adaptive potential of pregnant women," *Voprosy kurortologii, fizioterapii, i lechebnoi fizicheskoi kultury*, vol. 6, pp. 25-29, 2010.
- [5] L. Lisitsyna, *et al.*, "Estimation of Student Functional State in Learning Management System by Heart Rate Variability Method," *Smart Digital Futures*, IOS Press, vol. 262, pp. 726-731, 2014.

### BIOGRAPHY OF AUTHOR



Associated Professor at Department of Information Systems and Technologies, National Research Nuclear University MEPhI (Moscow Engineering Physics Institute). Doing researches in the field of information security.