EXTRACTION AND MICROENCAPSULATION OF POLYPHENOL-RICH ANTIOXIDANT FROM *CLINACANTHUS NUTANS* FOR CONTROLLED RELEASE FORMULATION

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DEDICATION

In the name of Allah, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful,

This page is specially dedicated to my beloved mother and father,

Jermiah binti. Haji Ariff & Abdul Karim bin Mohd Said

Thanks for all the tremendous love, prayer, believe, support, patience and all the times both of you stood by my side and gave me strength to finish my studies.

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ABSTRACT

Clinacanthus nutans (Burm.f.) Lindau is a herbal medicine traditionally consumed in Malaysia. Since most of herbal active compounds are complex and may cause interferences in human body, a delivery system is needed to control the delivery of the active compounds. Thus, this study aims to develop controlled release formulated C. nutans polyphenolic-rich antioxidant extracts. Firstly, standardize C. nutans extracts were prepared by extracting the leaves and stem by different extraction methods and type of solvents. The extracts were characterized based on the content of polyphenol (TPC), total flavonoid (TFC), four composition of C-glycoside flavones (vitexin, isovitexin, orientin, isoorientin), total antioxidant capacity (TAC) and other chemical antioxidant compounds using gas chromatography-mass spectrometry. Then, C. nutans leaves extracts were encapsulated in carrier agent (KC/CMC) and spray dried to obtain extract in powder form. The feed flow rate, inlet drying temperature and coating agent concentration were studied and the physicochemical properties and release profile for uncoated and coated spray-dried C. nutans were characterized. The antioxidant capacity of spray-dried C. nutans was then predicted using artificial neural network (ANN) model. From the results, a standardized extraction was obtained from C. nutans leaves extract using decoction method with high extraction efficiency of polyphenolic compounds and antioxidant properties with TPC of 44.76 mg gallic acid equivalent (GAE)/g, TFC of 7.39 mg quercetin equivalent (QE)/g, TAC_{DPPH} : 16.29 mg trolox equivalent antioxidant capacity (TEAC)/g; TACFRAP : 29.58 mg TEAC/g of dried extracts. The C. nutans leaves extracts enriched with flavonoid glycosides : isoorientin (811.0 µg/mL) as major compound, followed by isovitexin (204.9 µg/mL), orientin (138.5 µg/mL) and vitexin (135.6 µg/mL). The C. nutans extracts was successfully encapsulated in KC/CMC by spray drying process at 700 mL/h of feed flow rate, 130 °C of inlet drying temperature and 0.5 % (w/v) coating agent concentration with high encapsulation yield (25.5 %) and high antioxidant capacities (TPC: 41.9 mg GAE/g, TFC: 11.6 mg QE/g, TAC_{DPPH}: 1.3 mg TEAC/g of spray-dried powders). ANN modeling was able provide satisfactory prediction for antioxidant capacities of spray-dried C. nutans with high correlation coefficient (R²) determination for TPC (R²: 0.8697), TFC (R²: 0.6562), vitexin (R²: 0.9543), isovitexin (R²: 0.9445), orientin (R²: 0.9586), isoorientin (\mathbb{R}^2 : 0.8396), and total antioxidant activity ($\mathbb{R}^2 = 0.8599$). The spray-dried encapsulated C. nutans had smooth surface and spherical shape with small particle size range between 1.72 to 3.35 µm and good stability with surface charge of -42.6 and polydispersity index (PDI) of 0.45. The uncoated spray-dried C. nutans (control) exhibited wrinkle surface and irregular morphology with small particle size of 1.24 µm but poor stability with zeta potential value of -10.2 and PDI value of 0.86 which indicate that coagulation and flocculation will occur. The antioxidant release studies of coated spray-dried C. nutans in simulated gastric and intestinal fluids showed burst release of antioxidants in first 5 to 15 min and controlled release up to 240 min. In conclusion, the spray-dried C. nutans using KC/NaCMC microspheres is highly suitable for the formulation of herbal product.

ABSTRAK

Clinacanthus nutans (Burm.f.) Lindau adalah ubatan herba tradisional yang digunakan di Malaysia. Memandangkan kebanyakan sebatian aktif herba adalah kompleks dan boleh menyebabkan gangguan di dalam badan manusia, satu sistem penghantaran diperlukan bagi mengawal penghantaran sebatian-sebatian aktif. Jadi, kajian ini adalah bertujuan untuk membangunkan formulasi pengawalan penghantaran polifenolik yang kaya antioksida daripada ekstrak C. nutans. Pertama sekali, ekstrak C. nutans piawai disediakan dengan mengesktrak daun dan batang dengan pelbagai kaedah pengekstrakan dan jenis pelarut. Ekstrak-ekstrak dicirikan berdasarkan kandungan folifenol (TPC), jumlah kandungan flavonoid (TFC), empat komposisi C-glikosid flavon (viteksin, isoviteksin, orientin, isoorientin), kandungan kapasiti antioksida (TAC) dan sebatian antioksida kimia yang lain menggunakan kromatografi gas-spektrometri jisim. Kemudian, ekstrak daun C. nutans disalut dengan agen pembawa (KC/CMC) dan disembur kering untuk menghasilkan serbuk ekstrak. Kadar aliran suapan, suhu pengeringan masukan dan kepekatan agen salutan telah dikaji dan sifat fizikokimia serta profil pelepasan bagi semburan kering C. nutans yang tidak bersalut dan bersalut telah dicirikan. Kapasiti antioksida bagi semburan kering C. nutans telah diramal menggunakan model rangkaian neural artifisial (ANN). Daripada keputusan, satu pengekstrakan piawai telah diperoleh dari ekstrak daun C. nutans menggunakan kaedah pendidihan dengan kecekapan pengekstrakan kandungan folifenol dan antioksida yang tinggi iaitu TPC: 44.76 mg asid galik setara (GAE)/g, TFC: 7.39 mg kuersetin setara (QE)/g, TAC_{DPPH} : 16.29 mg keupayaan antipengoksida troloks setara (TEAC)/g; TAC_{FRAP}: 29.58 mg TEAC/g ekstrak kering. Ekstrak daun C. nutans kaya dengan flavonoid glikosid : isoorientin (811.0 µg/mL) sebagai sebatian utama diikuti oleh isoviteksin (204.9 µg/mL), orientin (138.5 µg/mL) and viteksin (135.6 µg/mL). Ekstrak C. *nutans* berjaya disalut dengan κ C/CMC melalui proses semburan kering pada kadar alir suapan 700 mL/jam, suhu pengeringan salur masuk 130 °C dan kepekatan agen salutan adalah 0.5% (w/v) dengan hasil salutan yang tinggi (25.5%) dan kapasiti antioksida yang tinggi (TPC : 41.9 mg GAE/g, TFC : 11.6 mg QE/g, TAC_{DPPH} : 1.3 mg TEAC/g serbuk semburan kering). Model ANN memberikan ramalan yang memuaskan bagi kapasiti antioksida semburan kering C. nutans dengan korelasi pekali (R²) yang tinggi untuk TPC (R²: 0.8697), TFC (R²: 0.6562), viteksin (R²: 0.9543), isoviteksin (R²: 0.9445), orientin (R²: (0.9586), isoorientin (R²: 0.8396), dan jumlah aktiviti antioksida (R²: 0.8599). Semburan kering C. nutans yang bersalut mempunyai permukaan licin dan berbentuk bulat dengan saiz zarah yang kecil antara 1.72 hingga 3.35 µm dan kestabilan yang baik dengan cas permukaan iaitu -42.6 dan indeks poliserakan (PDI) iaitu 0.45. Semburan kering C. nutans yang tidak bersalut (kawalan) menunjukkan permukaan berkedut dan tidak sekata dengan saiz zarah yang kecil iaitu 1.24 µm tetapi kestabilan yang rendah dengan nilai potensi zeta iaitu -10.2 dan nilai PDI 0.86 yang mana menunjukkan penggumpalan dan pengendapan akan berlaku. Kajian pelepasan antioksida bagi semburan kering yang bersalut C. nutans di dalam simulasi cecair perut dan usus menunjukkan pelepasan antioksida secara mendadak 5 ke 15 min pertama dan diikuti dengan pelepasan secara terkawal sehingga 240 min. Kesimpulannya, semburan kering C. nutans menggunakan mikrosfera KC/NaCMC sangat sesuai untuk formulasi produk berasaskan herba.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE

	DECI	LARATION	ii
	DEDI	CATION	iii
	ACK	NOWLEDGEMENT	iv
	ABST	TRACT	v
	ABST	'RAK	vi
	TABI	LE OF CONTENTS	vii
	LIST	OF TABLES	xiii
	LIST	OF FIGURES	xvi
	LIST	OF ABBREVIATIONS	xxi
	LIST	OF SYMBOLS	xxiii
	LIST	OF APPENDICES	xxiv
CHAPTER 1	INTR	ODUCTION	1
1.1	Backg	round of Study	1
1.2	Staten	nent of Problem	4
1.3	Object	tives of Study	6
1.4	Scope	of Study	7
1.5	Signif	icance of Study	8
1.6	Thesis	Outline	10
CHAPTER 2	LITE	RATURE REVIEWS	12
2.1	Tradit	ional Herbs, Consumption and Its Functionality	12
2.2	Free R	adical and Antioxidants	14
	2.2.1	Classification of Antioxidants	16
	2.2.2	Sources of Natural Antioxidants	18
	2.2.3	Dietary Antioxidant for Disease Prevention in Human Health	19
	2.2.4	Flavonoid Antioxidants: Distribution in Foods and Health Benefits	21

2.3	Clinad	canthus n	utans (Burm.f.) Lindau	24
	2.3.1	Origin a	nd Botany	24
	2.3.2	Traditio	nal Uses	26
	2.3.3	Pharmac Extracts	cological Properties of C. nutans Crude	27
	2.3.4	Toxicity	of C. nutans Crude Extracts	32
	2.3.5	Phytoch C. nutar	emical and Isolated Compounds from as	35
			Flavones C-Glycoside as Natural Antioxidants in <i>C. nutans</i>	41
	2.3.6	Market	Potential and Industry of C. nutans	42
2.4	Extrac	tion Tech	nniques	44
	2.4.1	Convent	tional Extraction Techniques	44
	2.4.2	Advance	ed Extraction Techniques	45
2.5	-		Quantitative Analysis of Compounds in Medicinal Plants	46
	2.5.1		nary Qualitative Phytochemicals	47
	2.5.2	•	s ative Spectrophotometric Analysis of emical Compounds	47 47
		2.5.2.1	Total Phenols Assay	47
		2.5.2.2	Total Flavonoid Assay	48
		2.5.2.3	Total Antioxidant Assay	48
			2.5.2.3.1 TEAC/ABTS Assay	49
			2.5.2.3.2 DPPH Assay	51
			2.5.2.3.3 FRAP Assay	52
	2.5.3	-	ative Chromatographic Techniques of emical Compounds	53
		2.5.3.1	High Performance Liquid Chromatography	53
		2.5.3.2	Gas Chromatography	56
2.6		opment of erbal For	f Drug Delivery System for Antioxidant- mulation	57
	2.6.1	1	heres Derived-Gel Particles as Drug Vehicles	58
	2.6.2	Spray D	rying of Gel-Particles	62
	2.6.3	Material	ls for Coating	63

		2.6.3.1	Carrageenan	65
		2.6.3.2	Carboxymethylcellulose	67
	2.6.4	Spray D	rying Process	68
2.7	Optim	nization of	the Processing and Formulation	71
	2.7.1	One-Fac	tor-at-A-Time	71
	2.7.2	Artificia	l Neural Network Modeling	71
2.8		Administra ceuticals	ation Route and Delivery of	74
	2.8.1	Gastroin	testinal (GIT) Absorption	74
	2.8.2	Controll	ed Release of Bioactive Compounds	76
	2.8.3	Release	Mechanism of Bioactive Compounds	77
	2.8.4	Release	Kinetic Modeling	78
2.9	Stabil Proces	• •	tochemicals and Formulation during	80
2.10	Sumn	nary		82
CHAPTER 3	RESE	EARCH N	IETHODOLOGY	84
3.1	Introd	uction		84
3.2	Chem	chemicals and Reagents		
3.3	Resea	Research Flow Chart		
3.4		u: Effects	Antioxidants from <i>Clinacanthus nutans</i> of Plant Part, Extraction Method and	87
	3.4.1		on and Preparation of Plant Material	87
	3.4.2	Extraction	on Process and Extractive Yield	88
		3.4.2.1	Soxhlet Extraction (SE)	88
		3.4.2.2	Maceration Extraction (ME)	88
		3.4.2.3	Ultrasonic-Assisted Extraction (UAE)	89
		3.4.2.4	Decoction Extraction (DE)	89
	3.4.3	Prelimin <i>nutans</i> E	eary of Phytochemical Screening of C.	89
	3.4.4	Spectrop	bhotometric Assays	91
		3.4.4.1	Determination of Total Polyphenol Contents	91
		3.4.4.2	Determination of Total Flavonoids Contents	91

			3.4.4.3	Determina	ation of Antioxidant Activity	92
				3.4.4.3.1	DPPH Free Radical Scavenging Assay	92
				3.4.4.3.2	Ferric-Reducing Antioxidant Power (FRAP) Assay	93
	3.	4.5			uantification of C- using HPLC	93
	3.	4.6	GC-MS	analysis of	C. nutans extracts	94
3	1	oray ntiox	Drying idants fro	Microen m C. nutan	capsulation of Phenolic	94
	3.	5.1	C. nutan	s Extract Pi	reparation	94
	3.	5.2	Encapsul	ation of <i>C</i> .	nutans Extract	95
	3.	5.3	Spray-Di	ying Proce	ss Conditions	95
	3.	5.4	Rheology	y of Coating	g Agent	96
	3.	5.5	Powder Y	Yield		96
	3.	5.6			olyphenols, Flavonoids and y of Spray-Dried <i>C. nutans</i>	97
	3.	5.7		•	Four C-Glycoside Flavones y-Dried <i>C. nutans</i>	97
	3.	5.8	Experime	ental Desig	n and Optimization	97
			3.5.8.1	Modeling Prediction	Neural Network (ANN) for Optimization and of Antioxidant Capacity Dried <i>C. nutans</i> Extract	98
3			terization C. <i>nutans</i>	of Uncoate	ed and Coated of Spray-	100
	3.	6.1	Microstru	ucture Stud	у	100
	3.	6.2	Particle S	Size Measu	rement	101
	3.	6.3	Zeta Pote	ential		101
	3.	6.4	Chemica	l Character	ization	101
	3.	6.5	Color Me	easurement		102
3					file and Kinetics Release y-dried <i>C. nutans</i>	102
	3.	7.1	-	on of Simu d Intestinal	lated Gastric Fluids and Fluids	102
	3.	7.2	In Vitro I	Release		103
	3.	7.3	Kinetic F	Release Mo	del	104

3.8	Statist	tical Analysis	103
CHAPTER 4	RESU	JLTS AND DISSCUSSION	105
4.1	Overv	view	105
4.2		ction of Antioxidants from <i>Clinacanthus nutans</i> u: Effects of Plant Part, Extraction Method and nt	105
	4.2.1	Extractive Yield	105
	4.2.2	Preliminary Phytochemical Analysis using Harborne's Methods	110
	4.2.3	Total Phenolics Content	112
	4.2.4	Total Flavonoids Content	116
	4.2.5	Antioxidant Activity of C. nutans	118
	4.2.6	Relationship of Phenolics and Flavonoids with Antioxidant Activity of <i>C. nutans</i> Extracts	121
	4.2.7	Identification and Quantification of Flavone C-Glycosides in <i>C. nutans</i>	124
	4.2.8	Chemical Compositions of <i>C. nutans</i> obtained by Different Extraction Method, Solvent and Plant Part identified by GC-MS Analysis	130
	4.2.9	Summary	136
4.3	Spray	Drying Microencapsulation of C. nutans	137
	4.3.1	Effect of Feed Flowrate on Yield and Retention of Antioxidant Compounds	138
	4.3.2	Effect of Inlet Air Temperature and Coating Agent Concentration on Yield and Retention of Antioxidant Compounds	141
	4.3.3	Relationship of Phenolic and Flavonoids with Antioxidant Activity of Spray Dried <i>C. nutans</i>	148
	4.3.4	Prediction and Optimization of Antioxidant Capacity of Spray-Dried <i>C. nutans</i> Powders using Artificial Neural Network (ANN) Modeling	150
		4.3.4.1 Optimization of ANN Architecture	150
		4.3.4.2 Effect of Coating Agent Concentration and Inlet Air Temperature on Antioxidant	
		Capacities of Spray-Dried C. nutans	156
	4.3.5	Summary	159

4.4		cterization of Uncoated and Coated of Spray- <i>C. nutans</i> Powders	160
	4.4.1	Microstructure Evaluation by FESEM	160
	4.4.2	Particle Size Distribution	165
	4.4.3	Zeta Potential Measurement	168
	4.4.4	Colour Measurement	169
	4.4.5	Chemical Characterization by FTIR	172
	4.4.6	Summary	175
4.5		xidant Release Profile of the Coated Spray-Dried ans Powders	176
	4.5.1	In Vitro Release	176
	4.5.2	Kinetic and Mechanism Release of Antioxidants from Coated Spray-Dried C. <i>nutans</i> Microspheres	179
	4.5.3	Summary	183
CHAPTER 5	CON	CLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS	185
5.1	Concl	usions	185
5.2	Recon	nmendations for Future Work	187
REFERENCES			188
LIST OF PUBL	ICATI	IONS	226
APPENDICES			228

LIST OF TABLES

TABLE NO.	TITLE	PAGE
Table 2.1	Advantages and disadvantages of synthetic and natural antioxidants commonly used for food protections (Gülçin, 2012).	18
Table 2.2	Food with high content of antioxidants (Vitamin A, C, E and Polyphenols) and the recommended dietary allowed (RDA) (adopted from Landete, 2013).	20
Table 2.3	Occurrence of flavonoids in common foods (Yao et al., 2004).	21
Table 2.4	Different sources of flavonoid C-glycosides in plants	23
Table 2.5	Taxonomy and vernacular names of <i>C. nutans</i> (Alam <i>et al.</i> , 2016).	25
Table 2.6	The prescription of <i>C. nutans</i> leaves for specific applications (Hariana, 2008).	26
Table 2.7	Pharmacological properties of crude C. nutans extracts.	27
Table 2.8	Cytotoxicity studies of crude C. nutans extracts.	33
Table 2.9	Isolated Compounds in C. nutans extract and its effects.	38
Table 2.10	LC analysis using various detectors in the analysis of antioxidant-rich foods.	54
Table 2.11	Summary of GC analysis using various detectors in the analysis of antioxidant-rich foods.	56
Table 2.12	Preparation of microspheres from gel particles by spray drying techniques using various food-grade biopolymers.	60
Table 2.13	Classification of the Most Used Biopolymers for Encapsulation (adopted from Pop <i>et al.</i> , 2015).	64
Table 2.14	Importance Parameters in Spray Drying Process (Patel <i>et al.</i> , 2009; Paudel <i>et al.</i> , 2012)	70
Table 2.15	Kinetic Modeling for Drug Release.	79
Table 2.16	Interpretation of diffusional release mechanisms from polymeric films.	80

Table 2.17	Stability behaviour of the colloid based on zeta potential value.	82
Table 3.1	Chemicals used for experimental studies	84
Table 3.2	Phytochemical screening analysis of <i>C. nutans</i> (Harborne's Method, 1973).	90
Table 3.3	Spray Drying Experimental Design	96
Table 3.4	Range of variables for input and output layer used for BP-ANN modeling.	98
Table 3.5	Kinetic Modelling for Bioactive Compounds Release	104
Table 4.1	Phytochemical analysis of <i>C. nutans</i> leaf and stem extracts obtained by different extraction methods and solvents.	111
Table 4.2	Correlation of TPC, TFC and AA measured by DPPH and FRAP assay for <i>C. nutans</i> extracts.	123
Table 4.3	Retention time (R_t), regression equations and correlation coefficient (R^2) for four flavone C-glycoside compounds	125
Table 4.4	Chemical compositions of <i>C. nutans</i> leaf extracts obtained by different extraction methods and solvent measured by GC-MS.	132
Table 4.5	Chemical compositions of <i>C. nutans</i> stem extracts obtained by different extraction methods and solvent measured by GC-MS.	133
Table 4.6	Correlation of TPC, TFC and AA values of spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> obtained by different inlet air temperature of spray drying conditions.	149
Table 4.7	Analysis of error for training and testing data set as a function of hidden layer.	152
Table 4.8	Coefficient of Determination (\mathbb{R}^2) between experimental and predicted antioxidant capacities of spray-dried <i>C</i> . <i>nutans</i> for seven responses.	154
Table 4.9	Mean diameter of coated spray-dried coated spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> powders with 0.5% (w/v) of κ C/CMC produced at 700 ml/h feed rate of different inlet air temperatures.	162
Table 4.10	Particle size distribution and polydispersity index (PDI) of uncoated and coated spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> produced with different concentration of κ C/CMC at 700 mL/h feed rate of inlet air temperature of 130 °C	166

Zeta potential of spray-dried C. nutans microspheres.	168
The color characteristics of spray dried <i>C. nutans</i> of uncoated (control) and coated <i>C. nutans</i> with different concentration of κ C/CMC at drying inlet temperature 130°C, feed rate 700 ml/h.	170
FTIR region with different type of vibration of sole $\kappa C/$ NaCMC (0.5% w/v), <i>C. nutans</i> extracts and coated spraydried <i>C. nutans</i> with $\kappa C/$ NaCMC (0.5% w/v).	174
Correlation coefficient (\mathbb{R}^2) and release exponent (<i>n</i>) according to the different models used describing antioxidant release mechanism from coated spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> microspheres in SGF and SIF solutions.	182
	The color characteristics of spray dried <i>C. nutans</i> of uncoated (control) and coated <i>C. nutans</i> with different concentration of κ C/CMC at drying inlet temperature 130°C, feed rate 700 ml/h. FTIR region with different type of vibration of sole κ C/ NaCMC (0.5% w/v), <i>C. nutans</i> extracts and coated spray- dried <i>C. nutans</i> with κ C/NaCMC (0.5% w/v). Correlation coefficient (R ²) and release exponent (<i>n</i>) according to the different models used describing antioxidant release mechanism from coated spray-dried

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE NO.	TITLE	PAGE
Figure 2.1	Formation of free radicals from external and internal factors leads to cell damage (Lobo <i>et al.</i> , 2010).	15
Figure 2.2	Types of Antioxidants. Red words represent exogenous antioxidants, while blue ones represent endogenous antioxidants (Carocho and Ferreira, 2013).	17
Figure 2.3	<i>C. nutans</i> plant (a) whole plant; (b) leaves and stem; (c) flowers.	25
Figure 2.4	Chemical structures of known C-glycosides flavone; shaftoside (1), isomollupentin 7-O- β -glucopyranoside (2), orientin (3), isoorientin (4), vitexin (5), and isovitexin (6).	41
Figure 2.5	Commercial products from <i>C. nutans</i> available on the market (Zulkipli <i>et al.</i> , 2017)	43
Figure 2.6	Reaction process between antioxidant and DPPH radical at wavelength 517 nm (Antolovich <i>et al.</i> , 2002).	51
Figure 2.7	Reaction of antioxidant based on FRAP assay (Benzie and Strain, 1996)	52
Figure 2.8	Several methods use for the fabrication of gel particles; (A) moulding techniques, (B) ionotropic gelation/extrusion methods, (C) emulsion-templating methods, (D) microfluidic methods, and (E) spray drying method (Zhang <i>et al.</i> ,2015).	59
Figure 2.9	Schematic of biopolymer particle rehydration, leading to different biopolymer forms. Type 1 represents slightly swollen particles, while Type 2 represents highly swollen particles. Solid lines represent typical formation pathways. Dashed lines describe a gel formation pathway which may occur slowly over a long period of time (adopted from Burey <i>et al.</i> , 2009).	62
Figure 2.10	κ -carrageenan (a) powder form and (b) chemical structure.	65
Figure 2.11	Carboxymethylcellulose (a) powder form and (b) chemical structure.	67
Figure 2.12	Schematic of a typical bench-top spray dryer (Ameri and Maa, 2006).	69

Figure 2.13	Potential release trigger of bioactive released from hydrogel particles in mouth, stomach, small intestinal and colon (Zhang <i>et al.</i> , 2015).	75
Figure 2.14	Bioactive components may be released from gel particles due to various different physicochemical mechanisms (Zhang <i>et al.</i> , 2015).	78
Figure 2.15	Main characteristics for stability and bioavailability of phenolic compounds and main factors conducting to their degradation and low bioavailability (adapted from Dias <i>et al.</i> , 2017)	81
Figure 3.1	Flow chart of overall process of research study.	86
Figure 3.2	<i>Clinacanthus nutans</i> (a) Fresh leaves and stem; (b) Dried leaves and (c) Ground Leaves Powder.	87
Figure 3.3	Schematic diagram for laboratory scale spray dryer (Ameri and Maa, 2006).	95
Figure 4.1	Extractive yields of (A) leaf extracts and (B) stem extracts of <i>C. nutans</i> obtained by different extraction methods and solvents. Different letters showed significant differences for Tukey's test at $p<0.05$.	106
Figure 4.2	Colour of <i>C. nutans</i> extracts obtained by different solvents in leaf (A) and stem (B).	109
Figure 4.3	Total polyphenol contents of (A) leaf extracts and (B) stemextracts of <i>C. nutans</i> obtained by different extraction methods and solvents. Different letters showed significant differences for Tukey's test at $p < 0.05$.	113
Figure 4.4	Total flavonoid contents of (A) ethanolic extracts and (B) methanolic extracts and (C) aqueous extracts of <i>C. nutans</i> obtained by different extraction methods in leaf and stem. Different letters showed significant differences for Tukey's test at $p < 0.05$.	116
Figure 4.5	Antioxidant activity of DPPH and FRAP assays for leaf extracts in (A)ethanol; (B)methanol; (C)water; and stem extracts in (D)ethanol; (E)methanol; (F)water of <i>C. nutans</i> obtained by different extraction methods.	119
Figure 4.6	The correlation between antioxidant activity (AA) and total phenolic (TPC) and total flavonoid contents (TFC) in water extracts measured using DPPH (A) and FRAP (B) assay, respectively.	121
Figure 4.7	The correlation between antioxidant activity (AA) and total phenolic (TPC) and total flavonoid contents (TFC) in methanolic extracts measured using DPPH (A) and FRAP (B) assay, respectively.	122

Figure 4.8	The correlation between antioxidant activity (AA) and total phenolic (TPC) and total flavonoid contents (TFC) in ethanolic extracts measured using DPPH (A) and FRAP (B) assay, respectively.	122
Figure 4.9	HPLC chromatogram of standards: (1) isoorientin, (2) orientin, (3) isovitexin, and (4) vitexin.	125
Figure 4.10	HPLC chromatogram of water leaf extracts of <i>C. nutans</i> ; (A) DE, (B) SE, (C) ME, and (D) UAE.	126
Figure 4.11	Four major flavone C-glycosides compositions of C . <i>nutans</i> leaf extracts in (A) water; (B) methanol; and (C) ethanol extracts obtained by different extraction methods.	127
Figure 4.12	Four major flavone C-glycoside compositions of <i>C</i> . <i>nutans</i> stem extracts in (A) water; (B) methanol; and (C) ethanol extracts obtained by different extraction methods.	129
Figure 4.13	HPLC analysis of α -tocopherol content in <i>C. nutans</i> leaf and stem of ethanolic extracts obtained by different extraction method. Each values are presented as the mean \pm SD (n = 3).	135
Figure 4.14	Effects of feed flow rate on encapsulation yield of <i>C</i> . <i>nutans</i> spray-dried powders at inlet temperature 130° C and 0.5% (w/v) coating κ C/CMC.	138
Figure 4.15	Effect of different feed flowrate towards (A) total polyphenol contents, (B) total flavonoid contents and (C) antioxidant capacity of spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> microspheres. A–C run at inlet air temperature 130°C using 0.5% (w/v) of coating agent, κ C/NaCMC.	139
Figure 4.16	Retention of four C-glycoside flavones of coated spray- dried <i>C. nutans</i> by spray drying with 0.5 % (w/v) κ C/CMC obtained by different feed flow rate.	140
Figure 4.17	Effects of inlet temperature and coating agent (κ C/CMC) concentration on the powder yield of spray-dried <i>C</i> . <i>nutans</i> powders at feed rate of 700 ml/h.	141
Figure 4.18	Viscosity of Different κ C/CMC Concentration. Results were expressed as the mean of triplicates and the standard deviation is negligible.	143
Figure 4.19	Effect of different inlet air temperature and coating agent concentration towards retention of (A) total polyphenols content, (B) total flavonoids content and (C) antioxidant activity of spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> microspheres. A–C run at feed flow rate of 700 ml/h.	144

Figure 4.20	Retention of four flavones C-glycoside at three drying inlet air temperature: (A) 110°C, (B) 130°C and (C) 150°C of control (uncoated) and coated <i>C. nutans</i> at different κ C/CMC concentration obtained by spray drying at feed flowrate of 700 mL/h.	146
Figure 4.21	HPLC chromatogram of standards: (1) isoorientin, (2) orientin, (3) isovitexin, (4) vitexin and spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> powders obtained by different coating agent concentrations; (A) 0.1% , (B) 0.3% , (C) 0.5% , (D) 0.7% and (E) 1.0% (w/v)	147
Figure 4.22	The correlation between antioxidant activity-total phenolic contents (A) and antioxidant activity-total flavonoid contents (B) in spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> measured using DPPH at different inlet air temperature.	149
Figure 4.23	Structure of the optimized ANN model for prediction of antioxidant capacities of spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> .	151
Figure 4.24	Variation of RMSE value as a function of the number of the hidden layers.	153
Figure 4.25	Optimized RMSE based on training and testing data as epoch function.	153
Figure 4.26	Coefficient of Determination (R^2) of predicted and experimental antioxidant capacities of spray-dried <i>C</i> . <i>nutans</i> obtained by optimum ANN topology for responses; (A) total phenolics content, (B) total flavonoids content, (C) vitexin, (D) isovitexin, (E) orientin, (F) isoorientin, and (G) antioxidant activity by DPPH scavenging activity.	155
Figure 4.27	Predicted versus experimental antioxidant capacities of spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> obtained by different inlet air temperature and coating agent concentration for responses; (A) total phenolics content, (B) total flavonoids content, and (C) antioxidant activity by DPPH scavenging activity.	157
Figure 4.28	Predicted versus experimental antioxidant capacities of spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> obtained by different inlet air temperature and coating agent concentration for C-glycoside flavones; (A) vitexin, (B) isovitexin, (C) orientin, and (D) isoorientin.	158
Figure 4.29	Morphology of coated spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> powders with 0.5% (w/v) of κ C/CMC produced at 700 ml/h feed rate of different inlet air temperatures and different magnifications; (a) 110°C, 2000x; (b) 110°C, 10000x; (c)	

	130°C, 2000x; (d)130°C, 10000x; (e) 150°C, 2000x; (b) 150°C, 10000x; of inlet air temperature	161
Figure 4.30	Micrographs of (a, b) control (uncoated) and (c, d) coated spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> powders with 0.5% (w/v) of κ C/CMC produced at 700 ml/h feed rate, inlet air temperature of 130°C at two different magnifications; (a,c) 2000x; (b,d) 10000x (Note: the red arrow indicated the collapse walls).	164
Figure 4.31	Differences in color of spray dried <i>C. nutans</i> of (a) uncoated (control) and (b – f) coated <i>C. nutans</i> with different concentration of κ C/CMC (b) 0.1%; (c) 0.3%; (d)0.5%; (e)0.7% and (f)1.0% (w/v) at drying inlet temperature of 130°C and feed rate of 700 ml/h.	170
Figure 4.32	FTIR spectra of (a)sole κ C/NaCMC microspheres, (b) <i>C.</i> <i>nutans</i> extracts and (c)coated spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> with 0.5 % (w/v) κ C/NaCMC.	173
Figure 4.33	Release profile of antioxidant compounds from different coated spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> microspheres in (a) simulated gastric fluids (SGF, pH 1.2), (b) simulated intestinal fluids (SIF, pH 7.4) and (c) both SGF and SIF.	177
Figure 4.34	Zero-order model releases of coated spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> with different concentration of κ C/NaCMC in (A) SGF and (B) SIF.	179
Figure 4.35	First-order model releases of coated spray-dried <i>C. nutans</i> with different concentration of κ C/NaCMC in (A) SGF and (B) SIF.	180
Figure 4.36	Hixson-Crowell model release of coated spray-dried <i>C</i> . <i>nutans</i> with different concentration of κ C/NaCMC in (A) SGF and (B) SIF.	180
Figure 4.37	Higuchi model fractional releases of coated spray-dried <i>C</i> . <i>nutans</i> with different concentration of κ C/NaCMC in (A) SGF and (B) SIF.	181
Figure 4.38	Korsmeyer–Peppas model release of coated spray-dried <i>C</i> . <i>nutans</i> with different concentration of κ C/NaCMC in (A) SGF and (B) SIF.	181
Figure 4.39	Possible mechanisms of <i>Clinacanthus nutans</i> microspheres reaction in digestive media	183

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ROS	-	Reactive Oxygen Species
RNS	-	Reactive Nitrogen Species
RSS	-	Reactive Sulfur Species
FDA	-	Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act
ТСМ	-	Traditional and Complementary Medicines
SFE	-	Supercritical Fluid Extraction
PSE	-	Pressurized Solvent Extraction
EAE	-	Enzyme-Assisted Extraction
P-MAE	-	Pressurized Microwave-Assisted Extraction
MAE	-	Microwave-Assisted Extraction
DE	-	Decoction Method
ME	-	Maceration Method
SE	-	Soxhlet Method
UAE	-	Ultrasonic-Assisted Extraction
ROS	-	Reactive Oxygen Species
FFA	-	Free Fatty Acids
MAG	-	Monoacylglycerols
NMR	-	Nuclear Magnetic Resonance
UPLC-MS/MS	-	Ultra Performance Liquid Chromatography - Tandem Mass Spectrometer
HPTLC	-	High-performance thin-layer chromatography
HSQC	-	Heteronuclear single quantum coherence spectroscopy
DNA	-	Deoxyribonucleic acid
LD_{50}	-	Median Lethal Dose
IC ₅₀	-	Half Maximal Inhibitory Concentration
MTT	-	3-(4,5-Dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-2,5- diphenyltetrazolium bromidefor
MIC	-	Minimum Inhibitory Concentration
MBC	-	Minimum Bactericidal Concentration
ET	-	Electron Transfer

HAT	-	Hydrogen Atom Transfer
FC	-	Folin-Ciocalteu
DW	-	Dried Weight
TPC	-	Total Phenolics Content
TFC	-	Total Flavonoids Content
AA	-	Antioxidant Activity
ABTS	-	2,2'-azino-bis(3-ethylbenzothiazoline-6- sulphonic acid)
FRAP	-	Ferric Reducing Antioxidant Power
DPPH	-	2,2-diphenyl-1-picrylhydrazyl
AA _{FRAP}		Antioxidant Activity measured by FRAP
AA _{DPPH}		Antioxidant Activity measured by DPPH
GAE	-	Gallic Acid Equivalent
QE	-	Quercetin Equivalent
TEAC	-	Trolox Equivalent Antioxidant Capacity
OFAT	-	One-Factor-at-A-Time
ANN	-	Artificial Neural Networks
MBP	-	Multiple Back Propagation
SDP	-	Spray-Dried Powders
кС	-	Kappa-Carrageenan
NaCMC	-	Sodium Carboxymethyl Cellulose
FESEM	-	Fourier Electron Scanning Electron Microscopy
FTIR	-	Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy
HPLC	-	High-performance liquid chromatography
GC-MS	-	Gas chromatography-mass spectrometry
NaOH	-	Sodium Hydroxide
HCl	-	Hydrochloric acid
rpm	-	Rotation Per Minute

LIST OF SYMBOLS

g	-	Gram
mg	-	Miligram
L	-	Liter
М	-	Molar
g	-	Gram
%	-	Percentage
°C	-	Degree Celcius
α	-	alpha
β	-	beta
κ	-	kappa
μ	-	micro
pН	-	potential of Hydrogen
\leq	-	Less-than or equal to
<	-	Less-than
\geq	-	More-than or equal to
>	-	More-than
mg	-	Miligram
g	-	Gram
L	-	Liter
Μ	-	Molar
V	-	Volume
v/v	-	Volume per volume
W	-	Weight
w/v	-	Weight per volume
λ	-	wavelength
R _t	-	Retention Time
\mathbb{R}^2	-	Correlation Coefficient
kHz	-	Kilohertz
GHz	-	Gigahertz

LIST OF APPENDICES

APPENDIX	TITLE	PAGE
Appendix A	List of equipment used in the study	228
Appendix B	Calibration curve of vitexin, isovitexin, orientin and isoorientin	230

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background of Study

In modern civilization, some people tend to have inactive and unhealthy lifestyle filled with stressful and hectic schedules. These may lead to the generation of free radicals internally in the body system but also through external sources like environmental pollutions, toxic metals, cigarette smoke, pesticides and others, which is harmful to the body system. Antioxidants are substances which at low concentration significantly inhibit or quench free radical reactions and delay or inhibit cellular damage from the chronic and degenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's disease, cancer, and heart disease (Rajendran *et al.*, 2014; Nimse and Pal, 2015). Antioxidants of plant origin with free radical scavenging properties could have great importance as recovery agents in several diseases caused by environmental pollution (Carocho and Ferreira, 2013).

Medicinal plants have attracted global attention for their hidden antioxidant potential and one of the most popular herbs in Malaysia is *Clinacanthus nutans* known as Sabah snake grass (Zulkipli *et al.*, 2017). *Clinacanthus nutans* (Burm.f.) Lindau (*C. nutans*), a plant of Acanthaceae is native to Southeast Asia regions of Malaysia, Indonesia, Thailand and China. The leaves have been traditionally used as folk remedies for many diseases, including the treatment of insect bites, herpes infection, allergic responses, diabetes and cancer. It has been reported to be used as an aid in inflammation problem, immune response activity, antidiabetic, anticancer, antimicrobial, and antioxidant activities. It is well established that *C. nutans* is a good source of antioxidants, polyphenols, phytosterols, triterpenoids, vitamin and other bioactive compounds (Sakdarat *et al.*, 2009). Teshima *et al.* (1998) have reported the presence of C-glycosyl flavones such as vitexin, isovitexin, shaftoside, isomollupentinin in *C. nutans*. The rich sources of natural flavonoid-antioxidant

compounds in *C. nutans* make it valuable to be used as a food supplement as well as health and cosmetic product.

During the development of herbal medicinal products, extraction condition plays crucial role in order to obtain a product with optimum level of active substances. Several decisions need to be considered to determine the set of conditions, which will result in a product with an acceptable combination of physical and chemical properties. The definition of the production course involves the evaluation of the effects of several parameters on the desired responses by studying its effects on the process and their possible interactions. This is a problem involving the simultaneous optimization of several response variables (the desirable combination of properties), which depend of a number of independent variables or sets of conditions. Different kind of methods and solvents had been used to get extracted herbs. The most commonly employed mean of consuming medicinal herbs is preparing a traditional remedy by making an aqueous infusion or decoction from the valuable parts of plants such as flowers, leafs and roots (Belščak-Cvitanović *et al.*, 2011). The herb compounds need to be extracted carefully and in virgin state, thus needed a suitable extraction conditions in order to get the maximum yield with desired compound of herbs extract (Azmir *et al.*, 2013).

Polyphenols acts as free-radical scavenging and inhibition of oxidizing processes in the body. Polyphenol compounds in plant are important because they provide a natural antioxidant capacity (Santiago-Adame *et al.*, 2015). Since most polyphenols are hydrophilic compounds which require an extraction process in order to be exhausted from the source material, their direct use in food matrix is limited. This problem can be solved by applying the microencapsulation technology, which provides the required technique for conversion of the liquid extract to an effective functional ingredient. The intake of natural bioactive compounds, especially polyphenols through herb is of great interest, but difficulties associated with the susceptibility of those compounds to adverse external effects, or detrimental food processing conditions and their chemical instability have provided many efforts to improve oral bioavailability (Belščak-Cvitanović *et al.*, 2011).

Microencapsulation processes such as spray drying have proven to be an effective technology for protecting polyphenol compounds. Spray-drying is an

economical, flexible, well-established and widely used technique produces particles with good quality for transforming liquid foods or suspensions into a powder in a onestep process (Fang and Bhandari, 2010). The application of microencapsulated polyphenol compounds as functional ingredients in various food and beverage applications exhibits a significant potential, since it could enable the enrichment of various food products with natural antioxidants (Belščak-Cvitanović *et al.*, 2011). Several encapsulation studies of polyphenolic antioxidants has been reported using spray drying as the encapsulation technique such as the encapsulation of polyphenolic compounds of laurel infusions (*Litsea glaucescens*) (Medina-Tores *et al.*, 2016), ginger (*Zingiber officinale*) (Simon-Brown *et al.*, 2016), cinnamon (*Cinnamonum zeylanicum*) (Santiago-Adame *et al.*, 2015), yerba mate (*Illex paraguariensis*) extract (Nunes *et al.*, 2015; Deladino *et al.*, 2008), St. John's wort (*Hypericum perforatum*) extract (Kalogeropoulos *et al.*, 2010), cactus pear (*Opuntia ficus indica*) (Saénz *et al.*, 2009), *Crataegus monogyna* Jacq. (Bucco *et al.*, 2009) and a traditional Chinese medicinal plant *Radix Salvia millthiorhiza* (Su *et al.*, 2008).

Among polyanionic polymers used to encapsulate the desired compounds, combination use of kappa-carragenaan and carboxymethyl cellulose of sodium salts have received much attention lately in drug delivery system for their excellent controlled release of the drugs (Muhamad et al., 2011; Hezaveh et al., 2012; Hezaveh and Muhamad, 2012a; 2012b; Hezaveh and Muhamad, 2013a; 2013b; Selvakumaran and Muhamad, 2014; 2015; Selvakumaran et al., 2016). Carrageenan also has wide applications in food and pharmaceutical industry such as thickener, emulsifier, binder, stabilizer and also tablet disintegrant, for the production of controlled release solid dosage (Li et al., 2014). According to literature survey, Suhaimi et al. (2013) have performed the encapsulation of aqueous C. nutans extracts in maltodextrin by spray drying. However, they only focused on the physico-chemical properties such as moisture content, water activity, protein, bulk density, oil content, ash, crude fibre and colour $(L^*, a^* \text{ and } b^*)$ of spray-dried C. nutans, and did not further investigate the retention of the polyphenolic antioxidant compounds after spray-dried process. Meanwhile, Mustapa et al. (2016), impregnated phytol (major compounds) from C. *nutans* extracts into silica and alginate aerogels and further studied the release of this compound from the matrix. However, so far, there is no report on the encapsulation of polyphenolic compounds from C. nutans extracts and the release profile of them.

Therefore, this study was to develop an oral administration formulation for *C. nutans* by finding the convenient and best method for extracting the major antioxidant compounds and further encapsulated in kappa carrageenan-carboxymethyl cellulose microspheres through spray drying process. The antioxidant potential and physicochemical characterization of encapsulated herbal polyphenolic *C. nutans* extracts has been investigated. The release profile of antioxidant for the uncoated and coated spray-dried microspheres were determined.

1.2 Statement of Problem

In recent years, increasing numbers of people have been choosing herbal medicines or products to improve their health conditions, either alone or in combination with others. Herbs are staging a comeback and herbal 'renaissance' occurs all over the world. According to the World Health Organization, 75% of the world's populations are using herbs for basic healthcare needs. Since the dawn of mankind, in fact, the use of herbs/plants has offered an effective medicine for the treatment of illnesses (Pan *et al.*, 2014).

Clinacanthus nutans (C. nutans) Lindau has been used as vital herbal medicines in tropical Asia and this plant attracts much attention of many researchers for its medicinal potencies such as antioxidant, anti-viral, antimicrobial, antiinflammatory, immune response activity, anti-venom, anti-dengue and antitumorigenic activities (Zulkipli et al., 2017; Alam et al., 2016). In addition, Thailand Ministry of Public Health has considered this plant as one of main remedies for the treatment of skin inflammations and lesion caused by virus (Wanikiat et al., 2008). Behind those pharmacological properties, there are varieties of chemical compounds reported such as betulin (Lin et al., 1983), C-glycosyl flavones (vitexin, isovitexin, shaftoside, isomollupentin-7-O-β-glucopyranoside, orientin, isooreintin) (Teshima et al., 1998), sulfur-containing glycosides (Teshima et al., 1998), two glycoglycerolipids, nine cerebrosides and a monoacylmonogalatosylglycerol a mixture of (Tuntiwachwuttikul *et al.*, 2004), stigmasterol, lupeol, β -sitosterol (Dampawan *et al.*, 1977; Cheong et al., 2013), and others.

Herbal *C. nutans* bioactives compounds are important category of nutraceuticals consist of diversities of bioactive phenolic compounds or antioxidants that can scavenge free radicals which have a vital role in the improvement of different diseases. Herbal *C. nutans* are normally prepared and consumed based on prescriptions of specific applications. Traditionally, these herbal was prepared by maceration (soaking method), infusion or decoction in water or alcohol that normally in liquid form, which can easily contaminate with other pathogens. In addition, direct and continuous consumption of herbal *C. nutans* compounds can cause interferences or unwanted side effects due to its different reactivity towards human body (Chan *et al.*, 2010). This fact was also confirmed by several researchers that found DNA damage, increase phatelet counts, lower level of creatinine, serum alkaline phosphatase and significant body weight loss in male rats as compared to female rats after oral administration of *C. nutans* crude extracts for a certain period of time (Chavalittumrong *et al.*, 1995; Kunsorn *et al.*, 2016; Farsi *et al.*, 2016).

To overcome the problems related with the direct use of bioactives in their free form in *C. nutans* crude extracts, the encapsulation by spray drying technique, through the development of micro-sized particle systems, will ensure protection of the bioactive compounds and, additionally, functional properties to the final product. From the standpoint of herbal products, microencapsulation could achieve a number of desirable effects that includes controlled-delivery, extending shelf-life, separating incompatible compounds and improving final product qualities (Chan et al., 2010; Kosaraju et al., 2006; Deladino et al., 2008). For example, controlled-delivery could enhance bioavailability of an active compound by customising the release mechanism or rate in gastro-intestinal tract. In fact, a delivery system may be mandatory if direct consumption of a certain herbal active compound may cause interferences with the human body. In addition, encapsulation may promote better product stability by isolating active compounds from the detrimental effects of oxygen, moisture or incompatible compounds. Therefore, encapsulation could be a useful technological tool for the commercial sector to develop value-added products or to create product differentiation from competitors (Chan et al., 2010).

Previously, several studies have been carried out by incorporating the *C. nutans* extract in different formulation for certain applications. Sulaiman *et al.* (2016; 2017)

have been developed a nanoemulsion system containing extract of C. nutans leaves for transdermal delivery system. Whereas, Mustapha et al. (2016) and Suhaimi et al. (2013) have carried out studies related to formulation of C. nutans extract for nutraceutical applications. Suhaimi et al. (2013) used the spray drying method to produce powder form of C. nutans leaves extract using maltodextrin (10-12 DE) as a coating agent and evaluated the physico-chemical properties such as moisture content, water activity, protein, bulk density, oil content, ash, crude fibre and colour (L*, a* and b*). However, the availability of compounds after spray-drying process and it functionality for oral administration had not been further investigated. Meanwhile, Mustapha et al. (2016) have impregnated the C. nutans leaves extract in silica and alginate aerogels to be used as a drug delivery system for major lipophilic phytol compounds found in C. nutans extracts. This drawback emphasized the need to encapsulate phenolic compounds from C. nutans crude extracts by spray drying method using previously optimized coating agents (kappa carrageenan and carboxymethyl cellulose) (Muhamad et al., 2011) and the controlled release of the spray-dried microspheres in the simulated gastrointestinal fluids are determined.

1.3 Objectives of Study

The main objective of this research was to develop nutraceutical formulation from *C. nutans* crude extracts for antioxidant controlled release. The specific objectives were as follows:

- 1) To evaluate performance of extraction process to extract major compounds and polyphenols-rich antioxidants from *C. nutans*
- 2) To determine microencapsulation conditions and the antioxidant capacity of flavonoid *C. nutans* microspheres produced at the optimal conditions
- 3) To characterize the physicochemical properties of the formulation
- To construct the release profile and determine the kinetics release mechanism of *C. nutans* spray-dried microspheres.

1.4 Scope of Study

In order to develop a formulation of nutraceuticals from C. nutans, the scope will follow the objectives. The extraction efficiency of different solvent, extraction method and plant part were elucidated based on extractive yield and antioxidative compounds analysis. The effects of extraction method (hot extraction - decoction, soxhlet; and cold extraction - maceration, ultrasonic), solvent (water, methanol, ethanol) and plant part (leaf and stem) on the extractive yields and antioxidative compounds were examined. The preliminary study of phytochemical compounds was performed in order to determine the vital compounds in *C. nutans* extracts. Then, the antioxidative compounds were evaluated based on total phenolic, flavonoids and antioxidant activity. The antioxidant activity was determined based on two assays: DPPH free radical scavenging activity and reducing power (FRAP) methods to investigate the effectiveness of antioxidants in C. nutans towards different methods that specific to their mechanism of actions. Then, the phenolic and flavonoids contents were correlated to the antioxidant activity to obtain the relationship between these values. After that, the polar flavonoid glycosides compounds such as vitexin, isovitexin, orientin and isoorientin were analyzed using HPLC analysis to identify and quantify the exact amount in the C. nutans extracts. Further, the GC-MS analysis was performed to screen the other chemical compounds that possibly antioxidative compounds. Selection of the best extraction methods, solvents and plant part was justified based on high yield and high antioxidative compounds.

The next scope is to formulate the *C. nutans* extracts in carrier agent through spray drying process. The formulation (coating agent concentration) and spray drying conditions (feed flow rate, inlet drying temperature) were examined and optimized using one-factor-at-a-time (OFAT). Different coating agent concentration, kC/NaCMC (0.1 - 1.0 % w/v), feed flow rate (500 - 700 ml/h) and inlet drying temperature ($110 \degree$ C, $130 \degree$ C and $150\degree$ C) were studied to obtain a good preservation of antioxidative compounds. The retention of phenolic, flavonoid and four marker compounds such as vitexin, isovitexin, orientin and isoorientin were determined and evaluated for the overall antioxidant activity. The uncoated spray-dried and coated spary-dried were compared. The experimental data then fitted in the artificial neural network (ANN) modeling to predict the antioxidant activity of spray-dried *C. nutans*.

This model is used based on reliable, low cost and fast tool and open the way for predicting the overall parameters contributes to overall antioxidant capacities of *C*. *nutans*.

The characterization of uncoated and coated spray-dried *C. nutans* was further evaluated. The surface morphology of powder produced through spray drying process was examined using SEM analysis. The particle size distribution, polydispersity index and zeta potential of spray-dried powder also evaluated in order to gain insight the stability of the formulation. The chemical structure and interaction between *C. nutans* extracts, coating agent and coated spray-dried *C. nutans* were assessed using FTIR. The colour of the spray-dried product were then determined in order to accomplish the requirement of product acceptance to be marketed.

Lastly, the coated spray-dried *C. nutans* were evaluated for their release profile of overall antioxidant contents. The medium of release fluids was prepared by mimic of the gastrointestinal fluids. The sample was dispersed in simulated gastric fluids (SGF, pH 1.2) and simulated intestinal fluids (SIF, pH 7.4) to investigate the release of antioxidant compounds in different coating agent concentration. Then, the release kinetics and mechanism of coated spray dried *C. nutans* were evaluated based on the fitting experimental release data.

1.5 Significance of Study

The search for safe and effective naturally occurring antioxidants is always focused on plants, especially natural herbal polyphenols which an integral part of the human diet, usually consumed as tea or herbal infusion prepared through aqueous extraction. Antioxidants are highly effective in synergism because of the bioactive components present and their interaction. Furthermore, different antioxidants scavenge different free radicals and responsible for recovering different parts of body cell (Krishnaiah *et al.*, 2012). The selection of the best extraction methods, solvents and plant materials could be significant for optimum antioxidant herbal *C. nutans* formulations. In order to evaluate the stability of the phytochemical compounds

towards heats, two extraction methods have been employed which are hot extraction and cold extraction. It is important to know the right extraction methods for optimum extracted compounds. The choice of solvents such as water, ethanol and methanol were used to extract polyphenolic-antioxidant compounds. In literature, many studies have reported on phytochemicals compounds of leaf part of *C. nutans* and only few studies reported on stem part. Therefore, it is economical to use both leaves and stem of *C. nutans* to evaluate the phytochemical components.

It has been recognized that single active compounds may not always be sufficient to provide optimum effects. Therefore, the C. nutans crude extracts that consist of multi-component antioxidants could affect the health of an organism through complex and multi targeted interactions. Variations in the levels of phytochemicals could affect the quality control of herbal formulations. In addition, direct consumption of herbal active compound may cause interferences and different side effect towards the human body. Thus, one way to preserve and promote controlled release of the multiple health-promoting properties of antioxidant polyphenols is through encapsulation processes. Microencapsulation using spray drying method is a wellestablished and widely used technique for transforming liquid foods or suspensions into powder in a one-step process. The microencapsulation technique of spray-drying is an effective way to protect polyphenolic compounds against deterioration and volatile losses through the protective mechanism consists of the formation of a membrane wall that encloses droplets or particles of the encapsulated material. In addition, it is very easy to industrialise and allows for continuous production (Su et al., 2008). Hence, this study was performed to ensure that the active compounds are maintained in a bioactive form within the gastrointestinal tract, and promoting a controlled release formulation. The physicochemical characterization and in vitro release studies was performed to investigate the stability of the uncoated and coated spray-dried C. nutans. Thus, the developed coated spray-dried C. nutans rich with polyphenolic-antioxidant compounds potentially to be used for nutraceutical applications.

1.6 Thesis Outline

This thesis is divided into five chapters and the content of each chapters are described as follows:

Chapter 1 introduces the background of study, statement of problem, objectives, scope and significance of study as well as the framework of the thesis. In this chapter, the problem which led to the research being conducted, the aim of the study and the importance, novelty and hypothesis of this research were clearly stated.

Chapter 2 covers the concept and definition of free radicals, antioxidants and polyphenolic compounds. The previous studies on *Clinacanthus nutans* has been overview for its botanical, traditional uses, pharmacological and phytochemical properties. Various methods for extraction, microencapsulation by spray drying method, release of drugs and phytochemical/bioactive compounds identification and quantification have been reviewed. The mathematical modeling of optimization (one-factor-at-a-time, OFAT; artificial neural network, ANN) and kinetic models (Zero-order, First-order, Hixson–Crowell, Higuchi, and Korsmeyer–Peppas) for bioactive compound release were reviewed. Lastly, this chapter summarized and justified the work that has been studied.

Chapter 3 shows the research methodology for microencapsulation of polyphenolicantioxidant microspheres from *C. nutans* using spray drying process. The experimental design starting from the extraction, identification and quantification of vital compounds, microencapsulation, ANN modeling, physicochemical characterization of spray-dried powder, release profile, kinetic model and release mechanism of the coated spray-dried *C. nutans*.

Chapter 4 elucidates the results and discussion on three major section in developing of polyphenolic-antioxidant microspheres from *C. nutans*. The first section discussed the influence of extraction methods, solvents and plant parts on extraction yield and antioxidant activity of the extracted *C. nutans*. The evaluation of four flavonoid glycosides as marker compounds and other chemical compounds found in *C. nutans* were further explained. The selection of the best extraction methods, solvents and plant

part was discussed. Then, the second section discussed the properties of *C. nutans* after spray-dried in the different coating agent concentration and spray drying conditions (feed flow rate and inlet air drying temperature). The chemical properties such as retention of antioxidant compounds (phenolic, flavonoids, four marker compounds and chemical interaction) and physical properties (particle size, morphology, colour, zeta potential) of spray-dried *C. nutans* were explained. Moreover, the ANN modeling was satisfactory in predicting the antioxidant capacities of spray-dried *C. nutans*. The release, kinetics and mechanism of release compounds from different coating concentration were discussed and well-explained.

Chapter 5 concludes all the findings of this research and propose several recommendations for future research.

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