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Predatory journals: a growing issue within the open access model

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Predatory Journals

A growing concern within the open access publishing model

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ندوة مكتبات الإمارات الخامسة، 20 أكتوبر The 5th UAE Libraries Symposium , 20th October 2019



- Growing market of open access (OA) journals
- Supports the concept of information tolerance
- Academic information for all. Supported by libraries worldwide
- Possibility to increase the research impact
- Predatory publishing has become growing concern within OA





Rapid publishing of papers to low or no cost with false information about:

- impact factors
- indexing databases
- editorial boards
- scientific status



Illustration by David Parkins from Moher et al. 2017





- Non-academic peer review and editing processes
- Large volumes, and a high acceptance rate
- Mass e-mails
- Well-designed journal home pages



Illustration by Robert Neubecker from https://www.sciencemag.org

Hijacked journals - example Jökul





Hijacked journals –example Jökul



Volume: 2017 (67); Issue: 8

Title	IMPACT OF COMBINED ANAESTHESIA ON COGNITIVE FUNCTIONS OF PATIENTS AFTER CARDIAC SURGERY
Paper ID	APoAb
Keywords	bypass, cardiac surgery, cognitive functions, postoperative cognitive dysfunction, thoracic epidural anaesthesia
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Keywords	Healthcare decision support system, data warehouse, data mining, lung cancer data
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Hijacked journals –example Jökul



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Publishing in predatory Journals



- Negative impact on researcher's career
- A lot of hard work lost
- Very hard to publish elsewhere
- Impact possibilities for future funding



Illustration by Eduardo Luzzatti from https://www.nytimes.com



- Loss of career building bibliometrics
- Expensive to withdraw articles
- Junior researchers and researchers from developing countries most affected
- Temptation for researchers under pressure to publish



Illustration by Eduardo Luzzatti from https://www.nytimes.com



- Shen and Björk 2015: a growth of predatory OA journal articles from 53,000 in 2010 to an estimated 420,000 in 2014
- Medicine is one of the most affected fields
- Predatory journals has outnumbered the legitimate journals in some medical specialties



Impact and growth of predatory open access journals



- Predatory journals can be found in core academic databases like PubMed, Embase and Medline
- A concern for evidence-based-medicine and patient safety



Image from Shutterstock



- "white lists" of legitimate journals, "blacklists", of predatory journals and checklists for peer-reviewing of OA journals available.
- First blacklist by librarian Jeffery Beall
- Beall coined the word "predatory publishing" in 2010



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JOURNALS AND PUBLISHERS



PUBLISHERS

STANDALONE JOURNALS

CONTACT OTHER

Q Search for standalone journals (name or URL)

Potential predatory scholarly open-access journals

Instructions: simply enter the journal's name or its URL in the search box above. If the journal has a publisher that was assessed to be predatory, then it is included on the Publishers list.

Original list

GO TO UPDATE

This is an archived version of the Beall's list - a list of potential predatory journals created by a librarian Jeffrey Beall. We will only update links and add notes to this list.

- Academic Exchange Quarterly
- Academic Research Reviews
- Academy of Contemporary Research Journal (AOCRJ)
- ACME Intellects
- Acta de Gerencia Ciencia (CAGENA)
- Acta Advances in Agricultural Sciences (AAAS)
- Acta Kinesiologica
- Acta Medica International
- Acta Scientiae et Intellectus
- Acta Velit
- The Advance Journals of Engineering Mathematics and Computer Sciences (AJEMCS)
- Advance Research Journal of Multidisciplinary Discoveries
- The Advanced Science Journal
- Advances in Aerospace Science and Technology (AAST)
- Advances in Biomedicine and Pharmacy (ABP)
- Advances in Forestry Letter

Original description

This is a list of questionable, scholarly open-access standalone journals. For journals published by a publisher, please look for the publisher on the list of publishers, here. This list is only for single, standalone journals.

We recommend that scholars read the available reviews, assessments and descriptions provided here, and then decide for themselves whether they want to submit articles, serve as editors or on editorial boards. In a few cases, non-open access journals whose practices match those of predatory journals have been added to the list. The criteria for determining predatory journals are here.

We hope that tenure and promotion committees can also decide for themselves how



Jeffery Beall Photo from Wikipedia



- DOAJ removed 40% of its content after introducing the "Principles of Transparency"
- "Think, Check, Submit" checklist from OASPA (Open Access Scholarly Publishers Association's)
- Cabell's Scholarly subscription-based blacklist and whitelist



Controversies and call for standards for identifying predatory journals



- No generally accepted standard criteria for identifying predatory journals
- Subjectivity behind the "white" and "black" lists is criticized
- Urgent need for scientifically standardized evaluation criteria for OA journals



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Controversies and call for standards for identifying predatory journals



- Beall's list was shut down in early 2017. Updated by anonymous
- The Bohannon experience, one of a series of hoax experiment to highlight the extent of predatory publishing
- Predatory practice also in subscriptionbased world leading scientific publishers



Image from Shutterstock

How can librarians support patrons to identify predatory journals?



- Information about the concept of and risks of predatory journals urgently needed
- Support needed as libraries increasingly rely on OA journals rather than traditional payed subscriptions
- Librarians can help patrons to navigate safely in the landscape of OA



Photo of Jeffery Beall from Silver, 2017

How can librarians support patrons to identify predatory journals?



Librarians have the potential to be key resources at their institutions and guide researchers to safe OA publishing with a direct impact on universities and single researchers' scholarly output and reputation



Conclusion



- Predatory journals are a growing concern within the open access model
- Predatory publishing is a threat to information tolerance and the concept of open access
- The increasing number of predatory journals is a threat to scientific research, evidence-based practice and to information tolerance.
- Standardized criteria for defining predatory publishing needed
- Publishers, researchers, and librarians have a great potential to work together to defeat the predatory journal industry and to support the development of OA in the context of information tolerance.



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Thank you!





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