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Launch and Deployment of the Misse-6 Payload: State of Utah **Space Environment & Contamination Study**

Joshua Hodges Utah State University

Jeff Duce Utah State University

JR Dennison Utah State University

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Ram Side

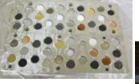


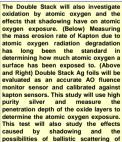
On the ram side of MISSE 6 Utah State has the Double Stack, a two tiered experiment with 75 samples being exposed to space atmosphere and 50 concealed samples experiencing the temperature cycles and pressures of space. The two tiered design allows for varying atomic oxygen (AO) and ultra violet radiation (UV) exposure.

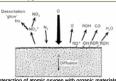
Ram Sample Holder SUSpECS Double Stack







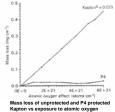




atomic oxygen.

nteraction of atomic oxygen with organic material (Above) B.A. BANKS, S. K. RUTLEDGE, J. A. BRADY and J. E. MERROW, NASA/SDIO Space Environmental Effects on Materials Workshop, Hampton, VA. June July 1988. NASA Conference Publication 3035, Part 1, pp. 197-239.

(Right) J. KULIG, MS thesis, Case Western Reserve University



Rocky N



rtium



/lisse-6 Payload: Contamination Study

UtahState

Joshua Hodgesa, JR Dennisona, Jeff Duceb

a Physics Department, Utah State University

b Get Away Special/ Microgravity Research Team Email: joshual.hodges@gmail.com



Launch and Deployment Activities





(Left) Shuttle Endeavour (STS-123) launched at 2:14 am on March 11th 2008. Aboard were two passive experiment containers (PEC) containing three experiments from students at Utah State University. (Right) Shuttle Endeavour on a pass by of the International Space Station (ISS) to check for damage to the shuttle that may have occurred during launch. With the shuttle bay open the PEC's can be seen in the top left corner. Each PEC weighs ~78 lbs and is the size of a large suitcase. The PEC's contain numerous experiments from a wide variety of contributors.

SUSpECS Objectives

- Basic research extends our understanding of the materials/space environment interactions
- Specific knowledge is gain for critical materials in several on-going projects of the team
- Valuable collaborations members is fostered
- Analysis capabilities and flight experience are developed that will prove useful not only for follow-up funding for post-flight analysis of the SUSpECS sample set, but for other joint ventures involving reliability and aging of

Integration of SUSpECS in to MISSE-6



SUSPECS I, II & III: Individual investigators prepared separate sample holders. Holders were integrated into Passive Experiment Containers (PECs). The PEC's were mounted on ISS for 6-12 months stay by astronauts Bob Bhenkin on EVA 5

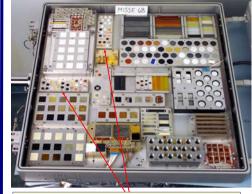




Approximately 125 samples are mounted on three 5 cm by 15 cm panels on both the ram (75) and wake (50) sides of the ISS. They have been carefully chosen to provide needed information for a broad cross section of prototypical materials used on the exteriors of spacecrafts. (See Below)The materials will be tested for electron-, ion-, and photon-induced electron emission yield curves and emission spectra. Characterization measurements include electron microscopy, reflection spectroscopy, resistivity and



Wake Side

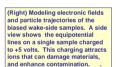


The SUSPECS sample holder on the wake side of the International Space Station will investigate the effects that spacecraft charging has on contamination of samples. Four sets of 4 samples (Ag, Al, graphitic carbon, and Kapton XC) are biased at +5 V, -5 V, and -18 V, in addition to the control set grounded to ISS. These samples will be examined to detemine the changes in contamination from the space environment that results from the sample charging.

Wake Sample Holder SUSpECS Electrical







(Right) Studies at USU have shown that very thin layers of contamination-even a few monolayers-can potentially cause significant changes in electron emission properties that can dramatically affect the charging of satellites. The graph shows the differential charging of clean Au and 2-3 monolayers carbon-contaminated Au surfaces on a hypothetical satellite in GEO



10 20 50 40 50 60 70

	Material	Source	
C01	COIC AS/N/720 Oxide common Committee (CMC)	ATK	П
002	COIC S200 Nonoxide CMC	ATK	7
C03	Thiokal Carbon-Carbon Composite #1	ATK	Provided
004	Thiokol Carbon-Carbon Composite #2	ATK.	15
C05	Thiokol Fiber Filled Carbon-Carbon Composite	ATK	믕
006	Thiokol Carbon-Phenolic Composite	ATK	10
007	Thickel Graphite Epoxy Foil - No Hole	ATK	BY ATK
008	Thicksl Graphite Epoxy Foil - With Hole	ATK	b
C09	COIC 8400 Nonoxide CMC	ATK	ı
C10	COIC S200H Nanoxide CMC	ATK	n
C11	COIC \$300 Nonoxide CMC	ATK	1_
101	Kapton on Aluminum	Sheldahl	-
02	Teffon on Aluminum	Sheldahl	
03	Mylar on Aluminum	Sheldahl	1
104	Nylon 6/6	McMaster-Carr	1
06	SiO ₂ (Fused Quartz)	UQG Optics	1.
07	Al _i O ₁ (Sapphire)	UQG Optics	Provided
tt	Germanium on Kapton	Sheidahl	19
12	Anodized Aluminum (Chromic Acid Elich)	NASA/MSFC	귾
13	Anodized Aluminum (Sufferic Acid Etch)	NASATMSFC	18
15	UV Ce-doped Cover Glass	OCLI	
17	FR4 Printed Circuit Board Material	CRRES NASA	۱۲
18	CV-1147 RTV on Copper	Boeing	19
19	DC93-500 RTV on Copper	Boeing	By Utah
28	Borosilicate Glass	UQG Optice	60
T01	Gold (99.99% Purity)	ESP1	S
	Aluminum (99.999% Purity)	ESPI	6
T03	316 Stainless Steel	McMaster	State University
T04	Gold(2um)/Nickel(2um) on 31fl Stainless Steel	Gold Plating	3
T05	OFHC Copper (99.9% Purity)	McMaster	S
TOB	Silver (99.777% Purty)	United Material	ıa
107	Inconnet on Silver on Teffon on ITO	Sheidahl	Ð
T10		Arizona Carbon	ľ
Ttt	Aquadag on Copper	LADD Research	1
112	100XC Black Kapton	Sheidahi	1
113	Thick Film Black	Sheidahl	1
114	ITO on Teffon on Sever on Inconel	Sheldahl	1
24	Mileto Daint / Ton Chiefe Theoreti Control Depart	NO.	io:

Wake Side SUSpECS 3

25 Grounded Samples 10 Concealed samples

> Inc has technology that uses nematic liquid crystal as the tuning medium in Fabry-Perot interferometers. The Liquid Crystal Fabry-Perot (LCFP) has passed temperature and vibration testing but the final test will be to see if it can withstand the atmosphere of lower

