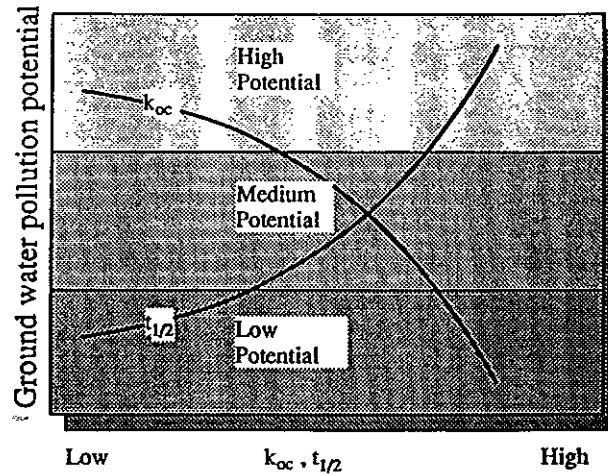


# Application of B.M.P. for Prevention of Ground-Water Contamination



by

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INTERNATIONAL IRRIGATION CENTER

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## **Application of B.M.P. for Prevention of Ground-Water Contamination**

### **Introduction**

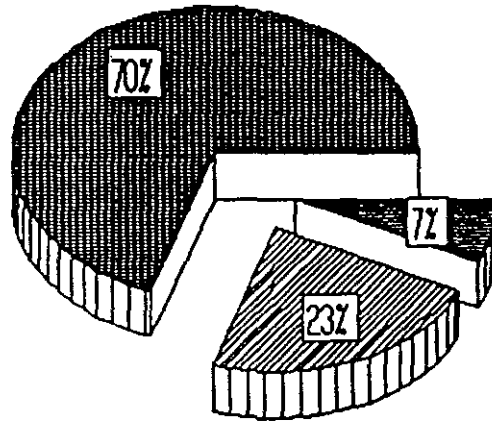
The use of pesticides is an integral part of today's agriculture. In many cases, pesticides safeguard crops from severe pest infestation, or increase yield by suppressing competing weed growth. Pesticides often make the difference between profits and losses in farming operations. However, pesticides, even in extremely low concentrations, can pose a risk to human health and to the environment. Applied to plant or soil surfaces, or injected into the soil, pesticides may leach to the ground water or may be washed off with surface water. Pesticide contaminated surface water can reach ground water, or contaminated ground water can reach the surface and contribute to surface water pollution. Once in the ground water, pesticides can persist for years, rendering the water unsuitable for human and animal consumption. Effectively treating drinking water to reduce pesticide residues to acceptable levels or to restore ground-water quality can be difficult and expensive.

Organic and inorganic chemicals used as pesticides include: insecticides, herbicides, fungicides rodenticides, fumigants, disinfectants, plant growth regulators and other related substances. At the present, about 45,000 pesticides products are marketed in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) estimates that about 70 percent of all pesticides used in the country are applied in agricultural production, 7 percent in home and garden settings, and the remaining 23 percent in forestry, industry and government programs.

# PESTICIDE SALES IN U.S.

(Total Sales in 1986: 1.2 Billion Pounds)

AGRICULTURE



HOME &  
GARDEN  
USE

FORESTRY  
INDUSTRY  
GOVERNMENT

## Health Risk and Health Advisory

Public concern about pesticides and their effects on human health are thriving, but how do pesticides really effect us? Two different health effects may be distinguished:

1. Short-term exposure to relatively high doses of various pesticides may induce an acute poisoning; and
2. Long term exposure to trace concentrations (a few parts per billion or even per trillion) in food, drinking water or the general environment, may induce chronic health effects.

Nowadays, concern is mainly focusing on the effects of long term exposure. Cancer, mutations, birth defects, and immunological changes are mentioned as possible effects of long term low level exposure. However, it is essential to indicate that the mere presence of trace concentrations does not necessarily present an unreasonable risk. USEPA (1987) mentions in its proposed pesticide strategy:

"The level of risk posed by pesticide residues is dependent upon the levels and duration of human exposures to residues of pesticide and the toxicological significance of such exposure".

If a certain level of risk can be defined as acceptable, then it is possible to formulate health advisories. These advisories may indicate the pesticide concentration that can be consumed during a certain time period without anticipation of adverse health effects.

The Office of Drinking Water of the Environmental Protection Agency currently provides health advisories for 60 pesticides. This office developed one-day, ten-day, long term (approximately 7 years) and lifetime exposure limits based on non-carcinogenic end points of toxicity. For the chemicals that are

known or probable carcinogens, concentration values are correlated with carcinogenic risk estimates. The acceptable risk is set at a level of  $10^{-6}$ , this means that at the given level of exposure, one person in a million might contract cancer if exposed for his entire lifetime to the level given by the health advisory (USEPA Office of Drinking Water, 1987). Table 4 provides a listing of the Office's lifetime health advisories. The data in Table 4 currently have non-regulatory status. However, EPA may declare these values as Maximum Contamination Levels (MCL's), which are enforceable standards as defined under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

After carefully analyzing the calculation of health advisories, one may notice that considerable judgement is involved in defining acceptable risk and acceptable contamination levels (e.g. extrapolation of results gained from laboratory tests with animals, selection of safety factors, definition of carcinogenic risk). Rao (1988) comments on this point and the formulation of regulatory guidelines:

"Risk assessment is judgement based on scientific data and provides a rational basis for quantifying the hazards of groundwater contamination. Risk management usually involves social, legal, economic, and political considerations. If a given level of excess risk is determined to be acceptable, especially in comparison with other risks that may be greater but are usually taken for granted in every-day life, then appropriate regulatory guidelines for preventing or minimizing groundwater contamination can be developed".

TABLE . Lifetime Health Advisory (USEPA Office of Drinking Water, 1987)

Chemical Name	Cancelled or Severely Restricted	Health Advisory Level** (ppb)
1,2-D	Y	0.0013 *
1,3-D		0.20 *
2,4,5-T	Y	21
2,4-D		70
2,4-DB		
Alachlor		1.5 *
Aldicarb		10
Aldrin		
Arsenic	Y	
Atraton		
Atrazine		3.0
BHC	Y	
Bromacil		80
Carbofuran		36
Chlordane	Y	0.03 *
Chlorothalonil		1.5 *
Cyanazine		9.0
DBCP	Y	0.02 *
DDT		
Dacthal/DCPN		3500
Diazinon		0.63
Dicamba		9.0
Dieldrin	Y	0.00219 *
Dinoseb	Y	7.0
Diuron		14
EDB	Y	0.0005 *
Endosulfan		
Endrin	Y	0.032
Ethoprop		
Fonofos		14
Heptachlor	Y	0.076 *
Hexazinone		210
Lindane	Y	0.026 *
Linuron		
Malathion		
Methamidophos		
Methomyl		175
Methyl parathion		2.0
Metolachlor		10
Metribuzin		175
Oxamyl		175
PCNB		
PCP		220
Parathion		

TABLE . Lifetime Health Advisory (cont.)

Chemical Name	Cancelled or Severely Restricted	Health Advisory Level** (ppb)
Picloram		490
Prometon		100
Propazine		14
Silvex	Y	52
Simazine		35
Sulprofos		
TDE	Y	0.031
Toxaphene	Y	
Triallate		
Trifluralin		2.0

\* Lifetime exposure levels based on a  $10^{-6}$  risk of causing cancer

\*\* Proposed Lifetime Health Advisory Level

### Facts About Ground-Water Contamination:

Nitrates and pesticides the chemical concern in ground water contamination by agriculture. These chemicals causes cancer, nervous system disorder, birth defects and male sterility.

Nitrate-Nitrogen concentration in vadose zone water typically is in the range of 5 to 100 mg/l. The maximum limit for drinking water is 10 mg/l. The excess of Nitrate in drinking water would cause disease like Blue-Baby or Malignant Tumors.

EPA reported the number of wells affected nation-wide is about 45,000 which 5,500 of them having harmful pesticides and another 5,500 having 73 different pesticides. The movement of pesticides follow the Darcy's law.

$$\text{Darcy's law, } q = -K \delta h / \delta x$$

$$\text{Saturated velocity is } = q / n$$

$$\text{Unsaturated velocity } = q / e_v$$

where:

$q$  = flux, and  $K$  = hydraulic conductivity,  $n$  = porosity,  $h$  = potential head,  $x$  = distance, and  $e_v$  is soil water content. The Darcy's velocity is the same as linear pore velocity or molecular velocity. This velocity is applied to those chemicals not adsorbed by the soil or organic matter (nitrate). But pesticides will be adsorbed or volatilized in the vadose zone. The retardation factor permits calculation of time required for a given pesticide to move to underlying ground water.

$$\text{Retardation Factor} = \text{Water Velocity} / \text{Pesticide Velocity}$$



### Solutions:

Solution should be a balance between public health and environmental and economical concern. The cost of the prevention is cheaper than the clean up. For doing prevention, first step is control of the source and initiation of best management practices (BMP).

Using the none leaching pesticides is one of the options. Leaching of the pesticides will increase with decreasing adsorption, decreasing the organic carbon, increasing the solubility, decreasing of volatility and decreasing of the half-life time of pesticides (Figure 4).

### Examples of the Best Management Practices:

BMP's could be summed as:

- (1). The most favorable action is to keep the pesticides in the root zone as long as possible. This will decrease the  $t_{1/2}$  of the pesticide in the root zone, compare to deeper in vadose zone.
- (2). Use of alternative pesticides with likelihood effect which are less mobil or leachables. Use slow release pesticides.
- (3). Pesticides should not applied when heavy rain is expected or with an irrigation, unless irrigation is carefully controlled. Timing of the application.
- (4). Control of irrigations by regulating the frequency and the amounts, and selection of proper design criteria. Like choosing the shorter furrow length in sandy soil, or bigger inflow ( $Q_{in}$ ) (Figures).
- (5). Introduce natural enemies (lady bug), or use biological insect control.
- (6). Develop more resistance crop variety.
- (7). Early plow-down (cotton).

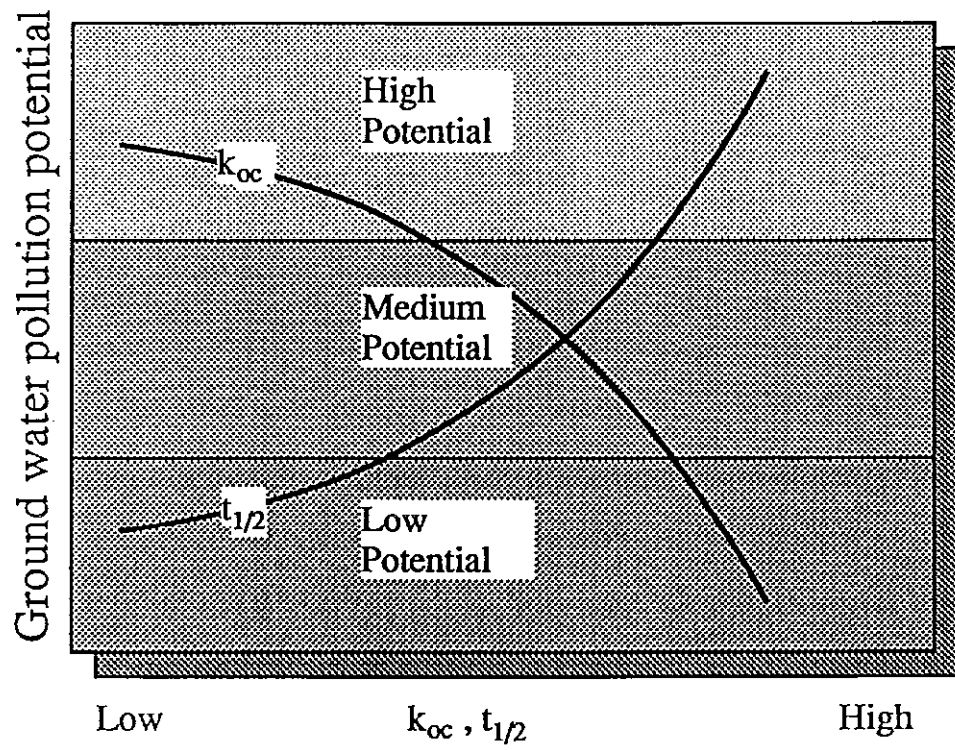
(8). Control the application techniques, (small percent of pesticide reaches its target with its present techniques)

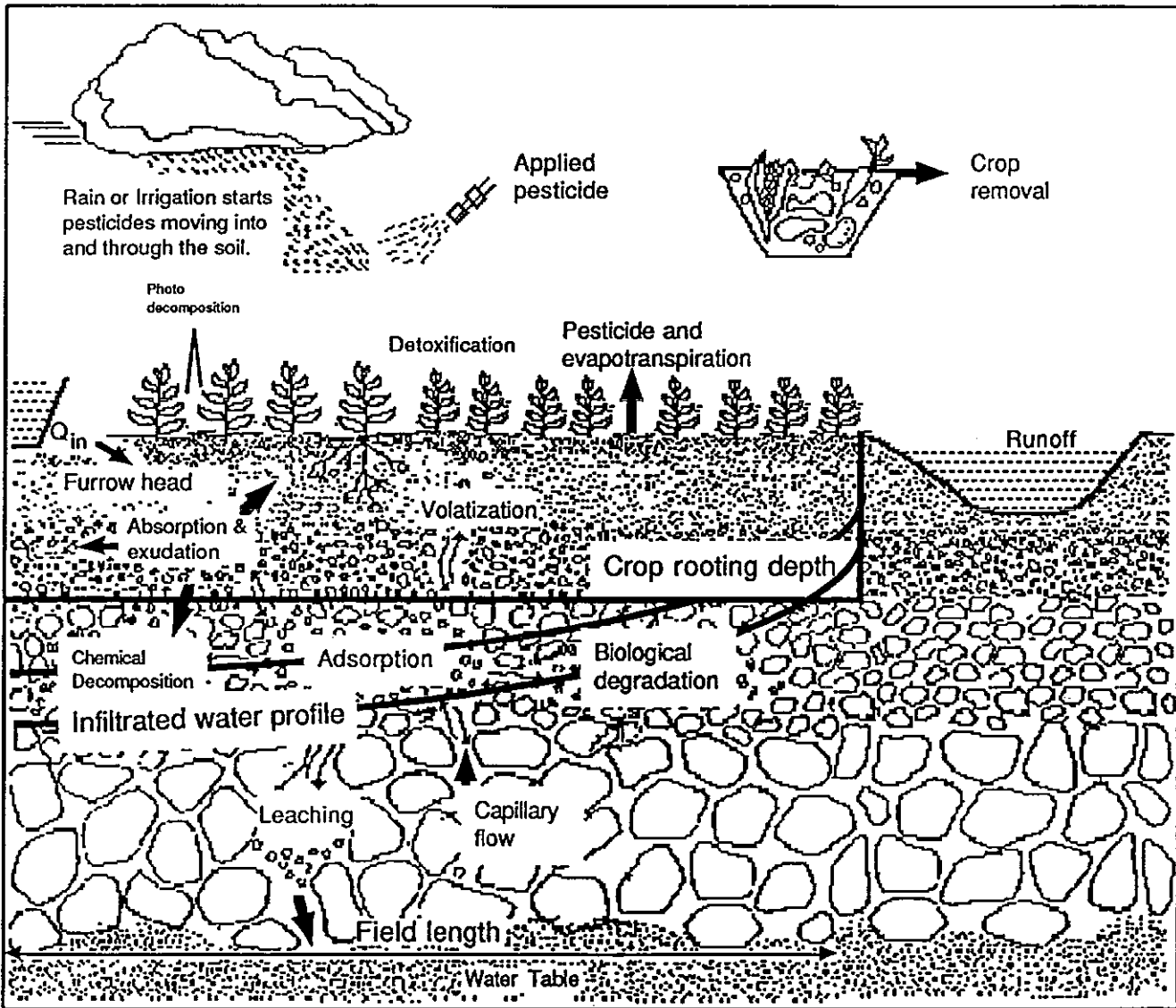
(9). In rainy climate nitrate leaches to ground water during fall and winter, planting a fall crop would be beneficial to remove residual nitrate from the vadose zone (soil).

### **Moving Pesticides In Our Environment**

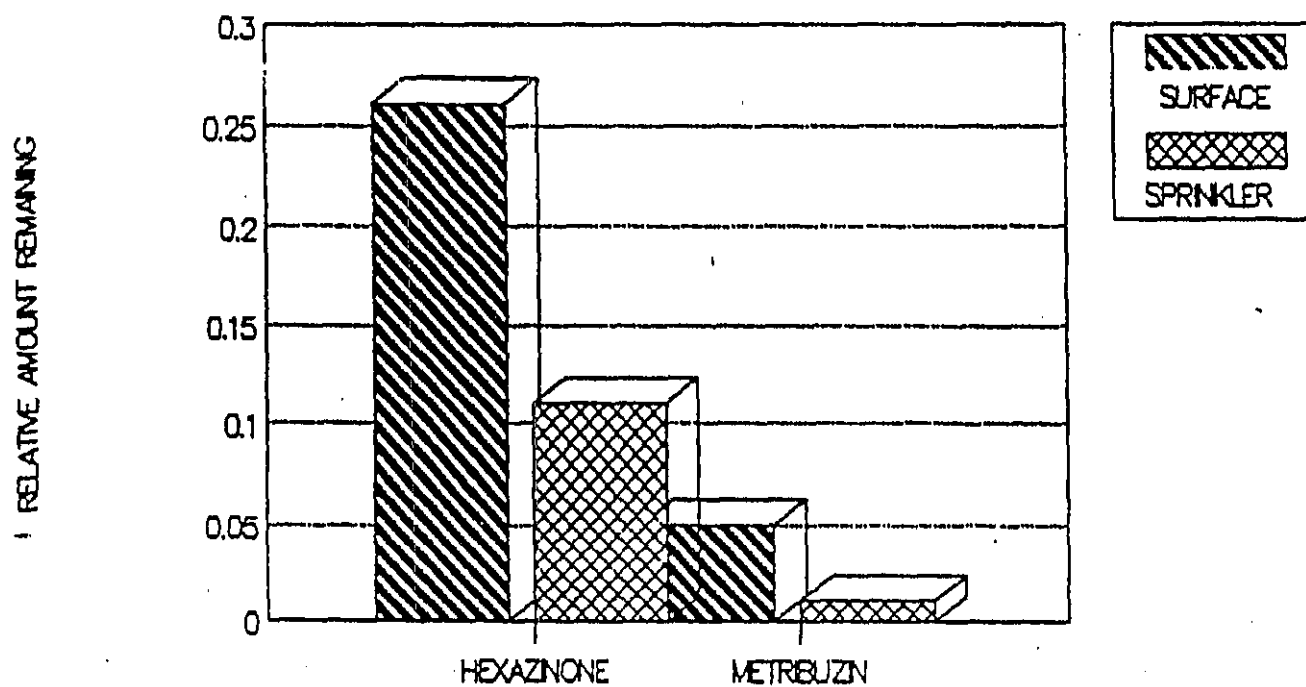
Even with putting all kind of effort to control the pesticides or any agricultural waste, still we might see the pesticides in the ground water. First the half-life deeper in the root zone may be a lot longer than determined for the root zone, second is the preferential flow (small holes made by worms or crop roots) is that the water and dissolved materials move 2 to 20 times faster than indicated by the Darcy's law. The high application of pesticides, preferential flow, decreases in the adsorption, and increases the  $t_{1/2}$  Explains Why Even Immobile Pesticides Found In GROUND WATER.

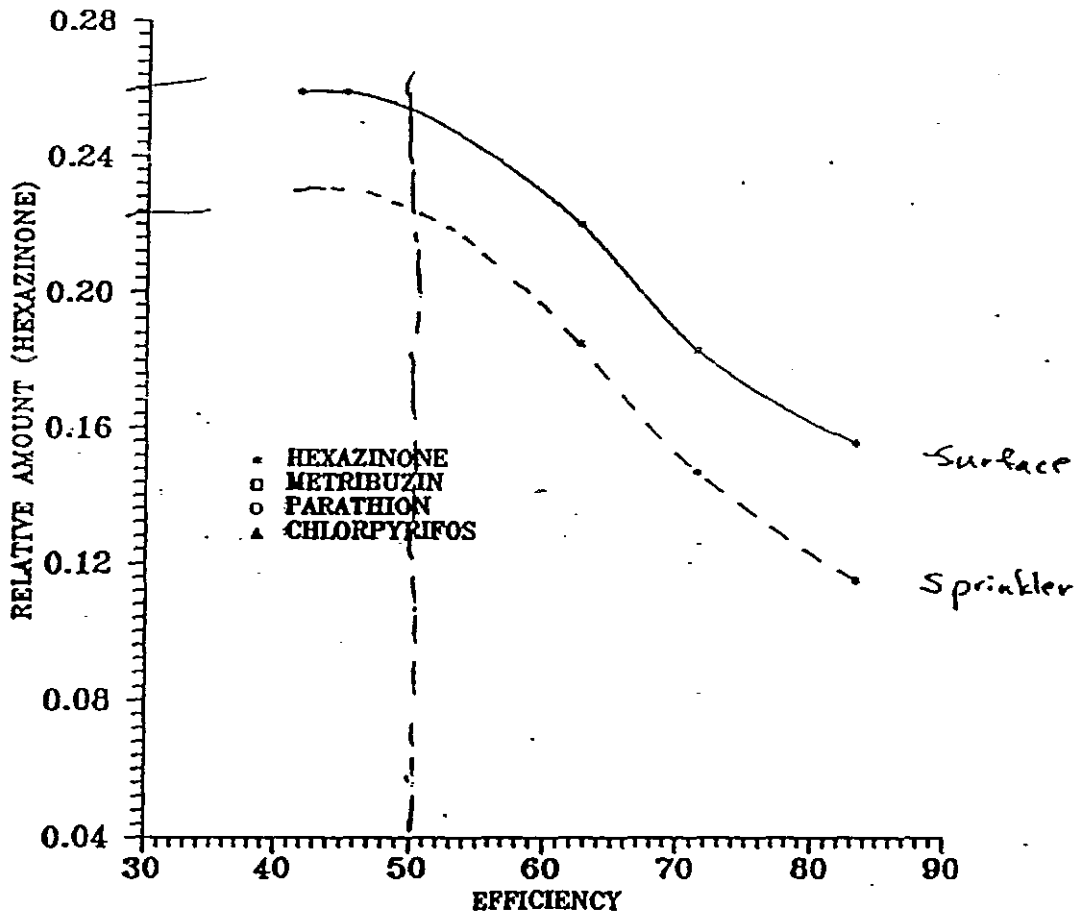
Ground water pollution by agricultural chemicals is a serious problem. It is needed to develop management practices for farmers (BMP's) to insure protection of the public health and environment as well as viable agriculture.

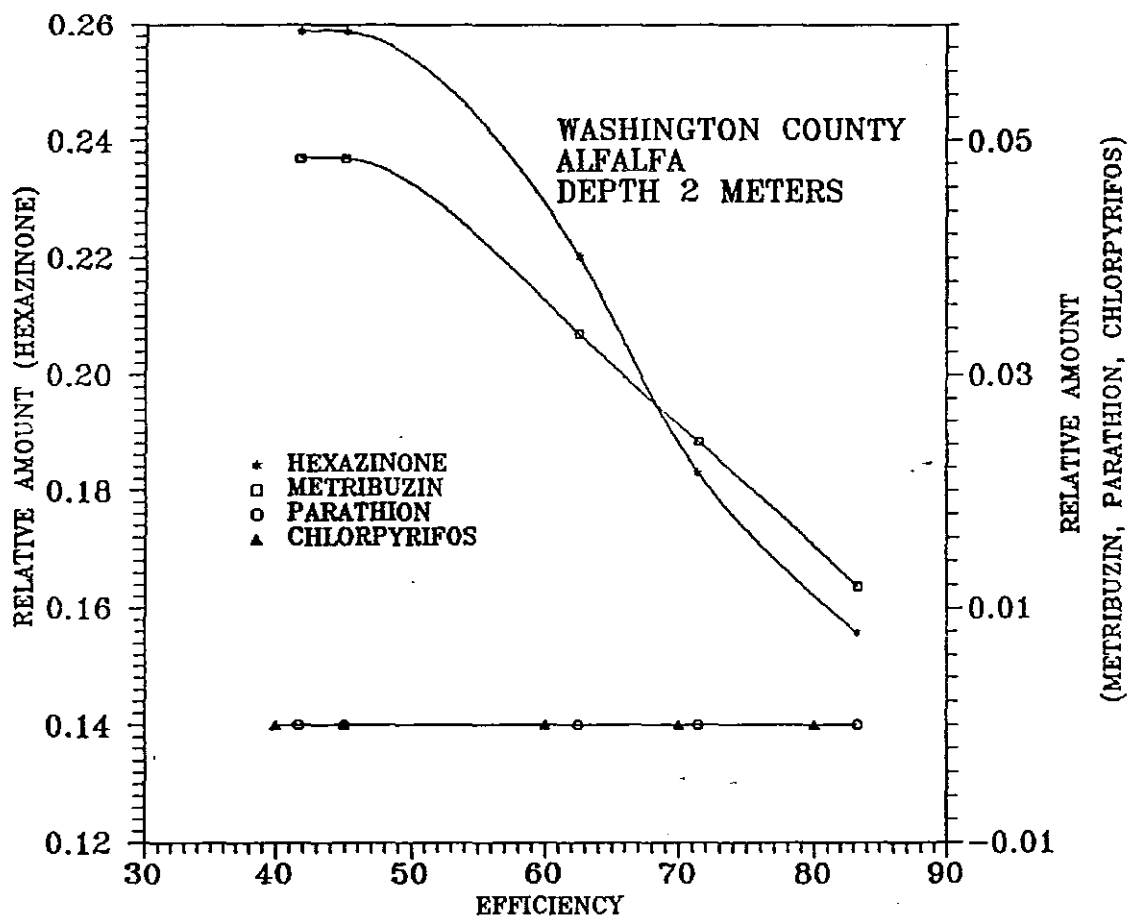


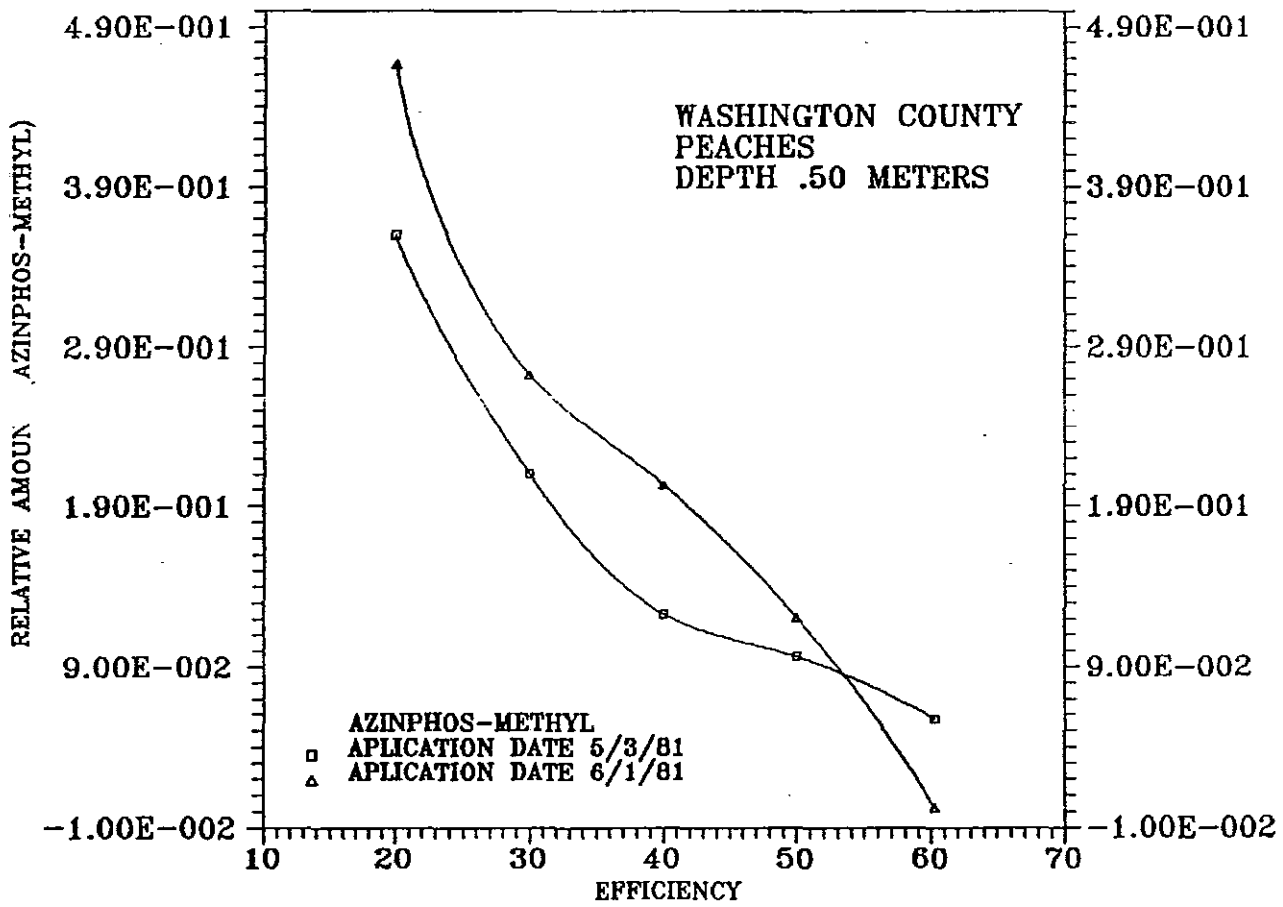


# EFFECT OF IRRIGATION SYSTEM SELECTION ON PESTICIDE MOVEMENT



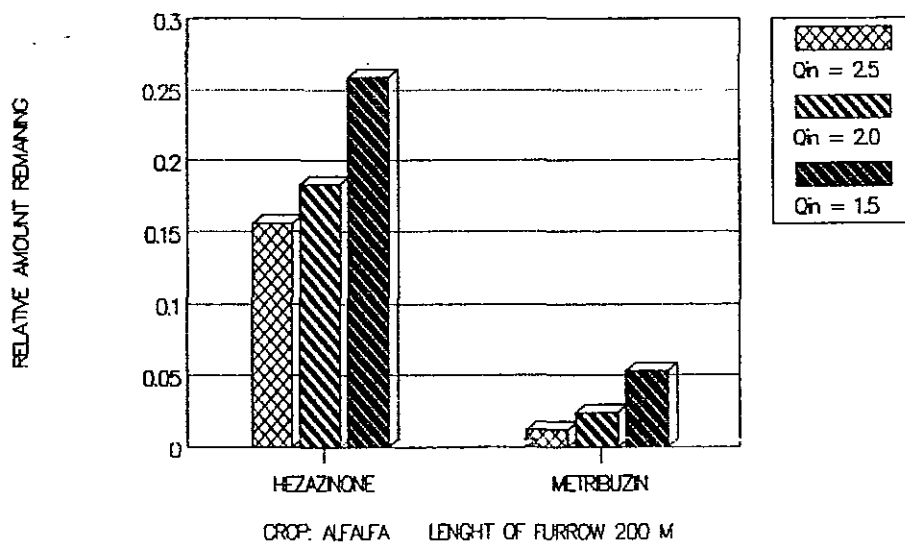




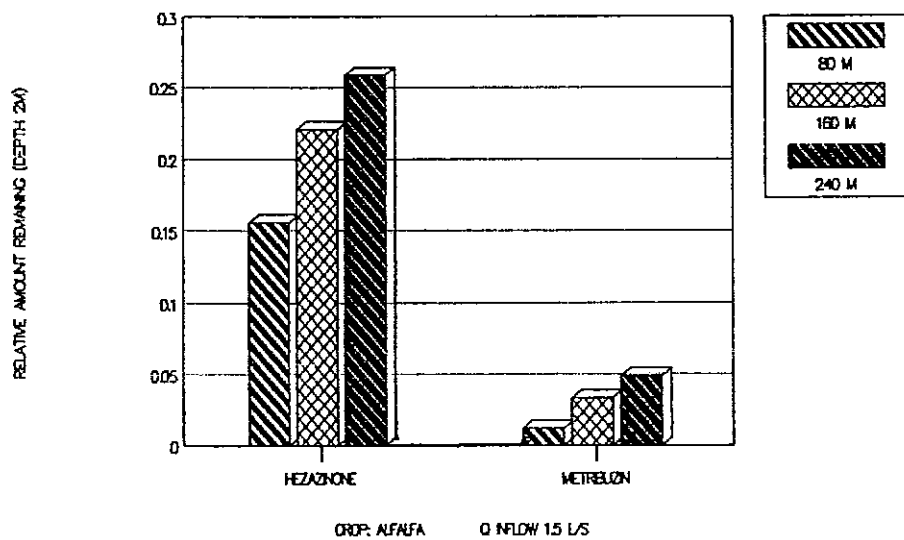




*EFFECT OF Q INFLOW  
ON PESTICIDE MOVEMENT*



# EFFECT OF FORROW LENGTH ON PESTICIDE MOVEMENT



Assessing The Problem

Model Application

## Basic Concepts and Assumptions Used in the CMLS Model

The CMLS model integrates two basic concepts: (a) the movement of the chemical; and (b) the degradation of the chemical. In this model, chemicals move only in the liquid phase in response to soil-water movement. Water movement is calculated using a volume balance approach. Chemicals are exposed to adsorption processes and therefore advance in depth less far than water. A linear and reversible equilibrium adsorption model simulates the retardation of the chemical movement. The following equations are used to predict chemical movement:

$$dd_s = \frac{q}{R * T_{FC}} \quad (7)$$

$$R = 1 + \frac{BD * K_D}{T_{FC}} \quad (8)$$

$$K_D = K_{OC} * OC \quad (9)$$

where:

- $dd_s$  = Change in depth of the solute
- $q$  = Amount of water passing the depth  $d_s$
- $d_s$  = Depth of the solute front in a uniform soil
- $R$  = Retardation factor
- $T_{FC}$  = Soil-water content on a volume basis at field capacity
- $BD$  = Soil Bulk Density
- $K_D$  = Partition coefficient of the chemical in soil
- $K_{OC}$  = Organic carbon partition coefficient
- $OC$  = Organic carbon content of the soil

Chemicals are exposed to degradation processes. The model predicts the fraction  $F$  of the applied chemical remaining in the entire soil profile as:

$$F = \exp(-t * \frac{\ln(2)}{t_{1/2}}) \quad (10)$$

where:  $t$  = Elapsed time since the chemical was applied  
 $t_{1/2}$  = Biological degradation half-life of the chemical

Pesticide movement predictions given by the CMLS model are based on the following assumptions (Nofziger and Hornsby, 1986):

1. All soil water residing in pore spaces participates in the transportation process. If this assumption is not valid and a portion of the soil water is bypassed during flow, the model underestimates the depth of the chemical front;
2. Water entering the soil redistributes instantaneously to field capacity;
3. Root distribution is uniform with depth;
4. Upward movement of soil-water does not occur;
5. The adsorption process can be described by a linear, reversible equilibrium model; and
6. The half-life time for biological degradation is constant with time and soil depth.

Further explanations of these concepts and the user interaction of the CMLS model are given by Nofziger and Hornsby (1986 and 1988).

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Example Of Chemical Movement In Layered Soil Model  
CMLS Model Application

Model Inputs:

Pesticide.....	
Organic Carbon Partition Coef.....	Half Life.....
Application Depth.....	Application Date.....
Quantity.....	Crop Variety.....
Rooting Depth.....	Soil Texture.....
Soil Name.....	Soil Identifier.....
Rain Fall Data File.....	Evapo. Data File.....

Model Output:

Time (days) to reach 1 m. depth.....
Relative Amount Remaining.....
Time (days) to reach 1.5 m. depth.....
Relative Amount Remaining.....
Time (days) to reach 2 m. depth.....
Relative Amount Remaining.....
Time (days) to reach 3 m. depth.....
Relative Amount Remaining.....

\*\* Use F1 (Function Key for Help)\*\*

TABLE 17. Pesticide Data

Pesticide Library Cont.	Use	Health Advisory(ppb)
Common Name :ALACHLOR Partition Coefficient :190 mg/g OC Half-Life :14 days Trade Name :ALANEX Trade Name :PILLARZO Trade Name :LASSO Trade Name :.	H	1.5

TABLE 18. Example of Soil Data

Soil Name : HILLFIELD		Identifier : UT0394				
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.08	2.48	1.44	23.0	11.0	41.2
2	0.25	1.77	1.44	23.0	11.0	41.2
3	0.46	1.03	1.45	22.0	10.0	41.2
4	0.79	0.65	1.35	25.0	12.0	41.2
5	1.27	0.20	1.45	18.0	8.0	41.2
6	1.63	0.10	1.45	18.0	8.0	41.2

TABLE 19. Rooting Depths

Crop	Rooting Depth in Meters
Alfalfa	1.50
Corn	0.90
Small Grains	1.10
Onions	0.30
Potatoes	0.80
Vegetables	0.60
Trees	1.20

TABLE 7.—Physical and chemi

Soil	Depth from surface	Size class and diameter of particles						
		Very coarse sand (2.0-1.0 mm.)	Coarse sand (1.0-0.5 mm.)	Medium sand (0.5-0.25 mm.)	Fine sand (0.25-0.10 mm.)	Very fine sand (0.1-0.05 mm.)	Silt (0.05-0.002 mm.)	Clay (less than 0.002 mm.)
	Inches	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
<b>Preston sand:</b>								
A11	0-7	1.9	13.4	18.2	45.2	13.7	3.2	4.4
A12	7-19	.8	14.9	22.3	38.2	10.4	6.6	6.8
C1	19-30	.7	14.7	27.2	37.1	7.8	5.7	6.8
C2	30-80	.6	17.7	41.4	32.3	3.5	2.3	2.2
<b>Taylorville silty clay loam:</b>								
Ap	0-7	.4	.6	.8	2.6	8.2	54.7	32.7
AC	7-17	.1	.3	.6	1.8	6.9	54.4	35.9
C1ca	17-27	.1	.1	.2	.8	4.2	61.1	33.5
C2ca	27-37	.1	.1	.1	.6	5.8	61.5	31.8
C3	37-59	0	.1	.1	.8	4.1	58.5	36.4
IIC4	59-65	.2	4.4	11.8	45.9	14.3	15.1	8.3
<b>Terminal silt loam:</b>								
A21	0-5	.5	1.7	3.7	13.9	14.5	51.8	13.9
A22	5-9	.5	1.4	2.5	8.9	12.8	57.5	16.4
B2t	9-13	0	.3	.5	1.9	13.5	49.1	34.7
B3ca	13-14	.4	5.9	6.6	7.4	13.3	38.4	28.0
C1cam	14-16	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
C2	16-29	0	.2	.6	3.0	7.9	57.0	31.3
IIC3	29-39	2.8	11.0	19.6	50.3	9.2	2.8	4.3
IIC4	39-60	.7	1.6	1.6	3.1	5.1	51.1	36.8
<b>Trenton silt loam:</b>								
Ap	0-6	.5	.6	.6	3.9	9.8	60.1	24.5
B2lt	6-12	.2	.2	.3	1.2	3.3	58.7	36.1
B22tca	12-16	.5	.4	.1	1.9	4.4	57.7	35.0
B3ca	16-30	.3	.4	.4	1.8	4.9	60.0	32.2
C1ca	30-36	1.2	1.6	1.7	5.3	7.9	53.4	28.9
IIC2ca	36-45	3.5	4.2	3.8	15.0	14.4	36.1	23.0
IIC3ca	45-64	7.5	7.4	7.4	25.1	17.4	24.5	10.7
<b>Wasatch loamy coarse sand:</b>								
A11	0-2	6.5	29.3	21.7	21.4	7.7	9.8	3.6
A12	2-11	5.6	25.6	22.6	23.6	7.4	10.8	4.4
AC	11-21	5.4	25.6	22.7	24.7	7.1	9.7	4.8
C1	21-32	6.2	27.9	22.4	23.6	6.5	8.2	5.2
C2	32-50	4.6	28.7	23.2	25.7	6.4	5.8	5.6
<b>Welby silt loam:</b>								
Ap	0-8	.3	.6	.8	6.8	22.9	51.3	17.3
A3	8-16	.1	.2	.3	6.0	25.6	52.0	15.8
B2	16-25	.1	.2	.2	6.5	25.7	49.6	17.7
C1ca	25-33	.2	.5	.7	11.0	30.6	39.0	18.0
C2	33-44	.1	.3	.4	7.0	25.6	53.8	12.8
C3	44-50	0	.1	.1	1.2	9.9	59.7	29.0

1/ Based on fraction less than three-fourths inch in size. Coarse fragments larger than three-fourths inch were discarded from sample.

2/ Data from SCS Soil Survey Laboratory, Riverside, Calif.



## properties of selected soils—Continued

Coarse fragments 1/ ( $\Delta$ 2.0 mm.) (Estimated)	Reaction (1:5 dilution)	Organic matter	Soluble salts (Bureau cup)	Electrical conductivity	Calcium carbonate equivalent	Cation- exchange capacity	Exchangeable sodium
Percent	pH	Percent	Percent	Mhos. per cm. at 25° C.	Percent	Meq. per 100 gm. of soil	Percent
---	6.7	.89	<.03	.31	---	3.70	2
---	6.8	.89	<.03	.29	---	5.90	2
---	7.5	.52	<.03	.35	---	4.90	1
---	7.2	.12	<.03	.23	---	1.60	4
---	7.6	3.37	.08	5.3	4.6	25.70	3
---	7.5	.98	.08	2.1	13.0	20.80	4
---	7.6	.60	.09	1.9	31.8	14.20	6
---	7.7	.58	.09	1.9	27.4	15.70	5
---	7.7	.64	.08	1.5	19.4	15.50	5
---	7.9	.17	.03	1.7	9.9	4.30	2
---	7.6	1.63	.05	1.74	---	15.20	3
---	7.7	.79	.02	5.87	---	15.30	1
---	8.5	1.20	1.20	26.12	17.6	22.80	33
---	8.6	.86	.45	15.83	38.1	20.00	20
---	9.0	.33	.65	10.47	21.4	18.70	29
---	8.8	.09	.07	8.34	5.4	3.10	29
---	8.5	.45	2.00	26.69	29.9	23.00	15
---	7.4	1.99	.09	1.82	---	23.60	2
---	7.6	1.39	.09	.91	1.0	33.90	7
---	8.3	1.30	.10	1.04	7.7	31.60	12
---	8.6	.91	.15	2.30	7.0	28.20	32
---	8.6	.98	.20	3.44	4.0	25.50	43
25	8.6	.70	.15	3.01	3.2	17.40	45
70	9.1	.44	.06	1.93	1.2	9.00	50
---	6.1	1.63	<.02	.75	---	5.22	---
---	6.5	.63	<.02	.50	---	5.02	---
---	7.0	.38	<.02	.47	---	5.03	---
15	7.2	---	<.02	.41	---	5.03	---
---	7.4	---	<.02	.41	---	2.76	---
---	7.7	2.37	.05	3.39	4.9	16.60	4
---	7.9	1.12	.05	1.82	5.8	13.70	7
---	7.5	.65	.15	4.47	13.7	10.20	10
---	7.6	.43	.15	4.92	21.0	6.80	11
---	7.8	.38	.20	5.17	21.4	9.80	11
---	7.6	.30	.35	6.55	16.9	17.10	9

\* O. Carbon = O. matter / 1.724

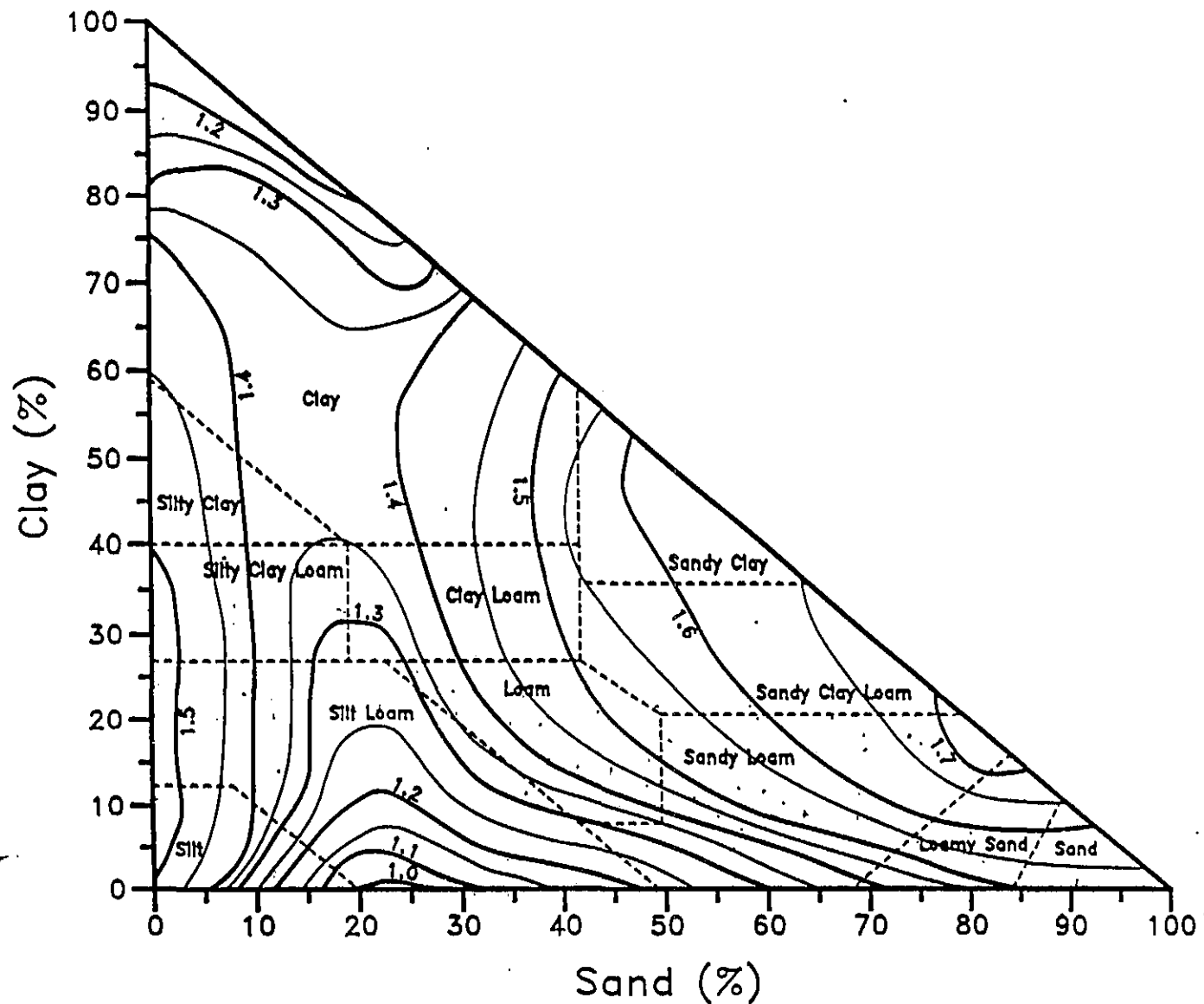


Figure 12. Mineral bulk density ( $\text{g cm}^{-3}$ ). (Provided by Dr. Walter J. Rawls, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service, Beltsville, Maryland.)

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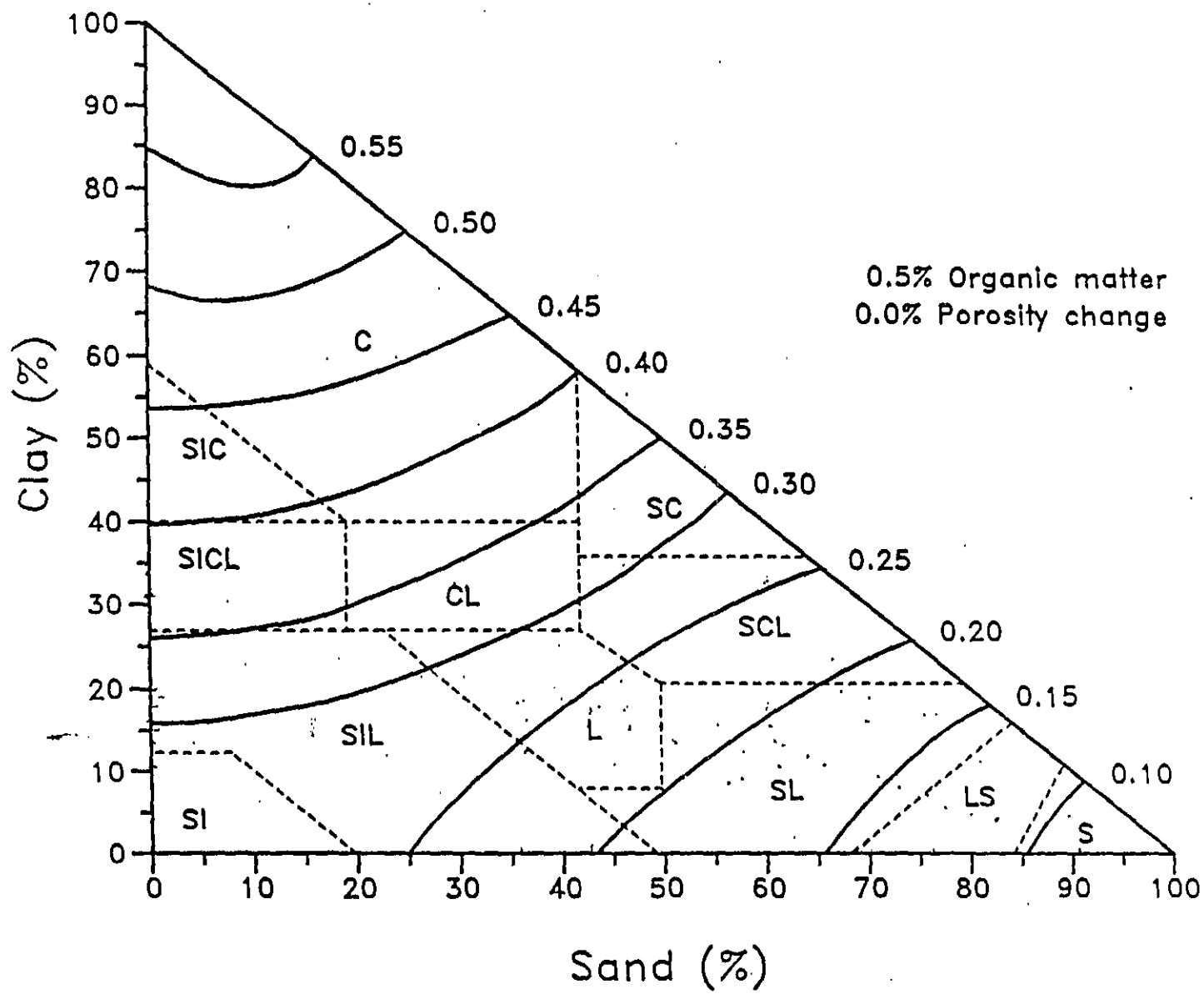


Figure 10. 1/3-Bar soil moisture by volume. (Provided by Dr. Walter J. Rawls, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service.)

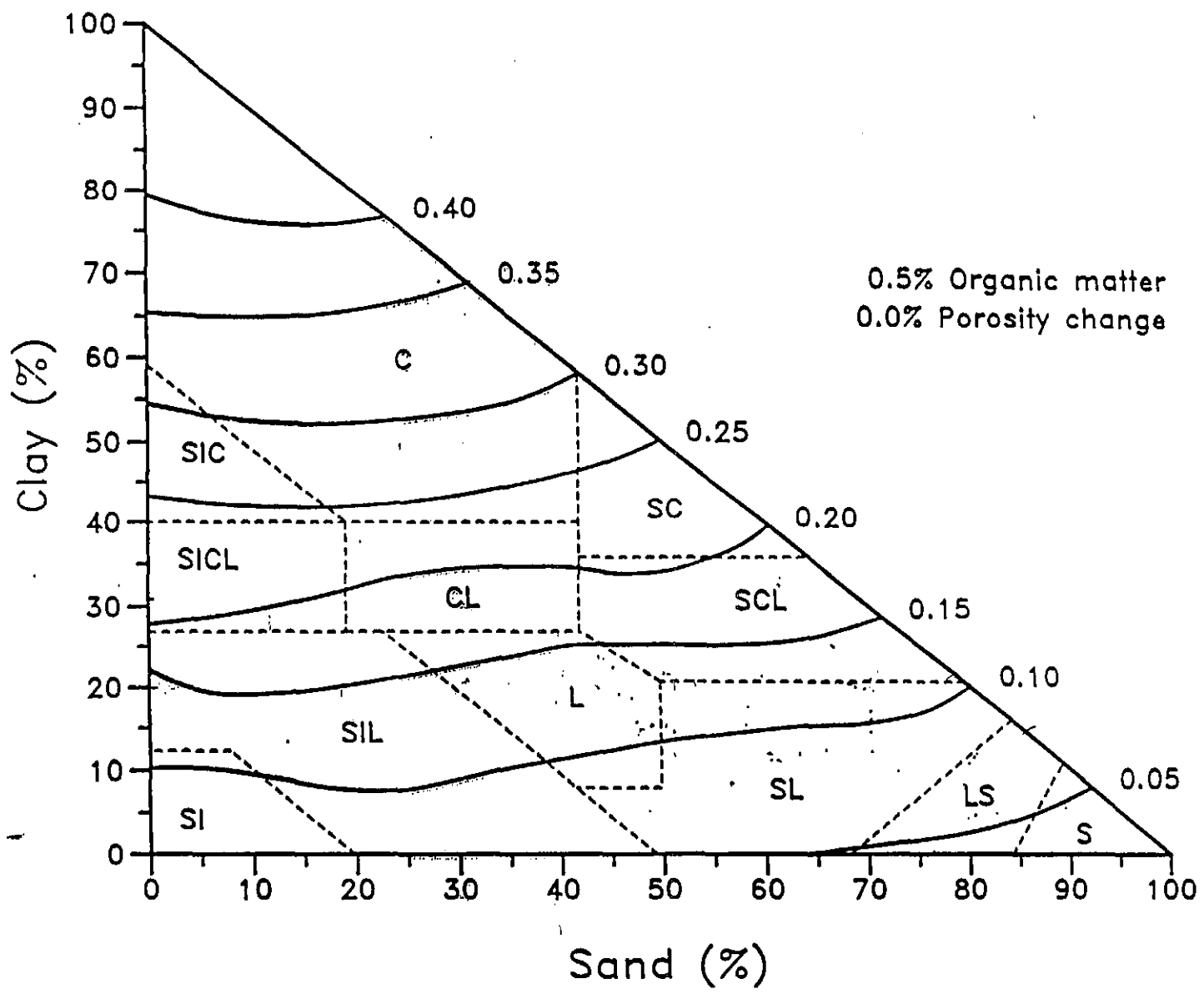


Figure 11. 15-Bar soil moisture by volume. (Provided by Dr. Walter J. Rawls, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service, Beltsville, Maryland.)

Table 21. Hydrologic Properties by Soil Texture<sup>a</sup>

Texture Class	Residual Porosity ( $\theta_r$ ) cm <sup>3</sup> cm <sup>-3</sup>	Effective Porosity ( $\theta_e$ ) cm <sup>3</sup> cm <sup>-3</sup>
Sand	0.020 <sup>b</sup> (0.001-0.039) <sup>c</sup>	0.417 (0.354-0.480)
Loamy Sand	0.035 (0.003-0.067)	0.401 (0.329-0.473)
Sandy Loam	0.041 (0.0-0.106)	0.412 (0.283-0.541)
Loam	0.027 (0.0-0.074)	0.434 (0.334-0.534)
Silt Loam	0.015 (0.0-0.058)	0.486 (0.394-0.578)
Sandy Clay Loam	0.068 (0.0-0.237)	0.330 (0.235-0.425)
Clay Loam	0.075 (0.0-0.174)	0.390 (0.279-0.501)
Silty Clay Loam	0.040 (0.0-0.118)	0.432 (0.347-0.517)
Sandy Clay	0.109 (0.0-0.205)	0.321 (0.207-0.435)
Silty Clay	0.056 (0.0-0.136)	0.423 (0.334-0.512)
Clay	0.090 (0.0-0.195)	0.385 (0.269-0.501)

<sup>a</sup>Rawls, W.J., D.L. Brakensiek, and K.E. Saxton. Estimation of Soil Water Properties. Transactions ASAE Paper No. 81-2510, pgs. 1316 - 1320. 1982.

<sup>b</sup>Mean value.

<sup>c</sup>One standard deviation about the mean.

## Method 2

- Step 1. Use Table 20 to locate the textural classification of the soil.
- Step 2. Read mean bulk density for the general soil texture.
- Step 3. Example: Sandy loam. The mean bulk density is 1.49 g cm<sup>-3</sup>.

Table 20. Mean Bulk Density (g cm<sup>-3</sup>) for Five Soil Textural Classifications<sup>a</sup>

Soil Texture	Mean Value	Range Reported
Silt Loams	1.32	0.86 - 1.67
Clay and Clay Loams	1.30	0.94 - 1.54
Sandy Loams	1.49	1.25 - 1.76
Gravelly Silt Loams	1.22	1.02 - 1.58
Loams	1.42	1.16 - 1.58
All Soils	1.35	0.86 - 1.76

<sup>a</sup>Baes, C. F., III and R. D. Sharp. 1983. A Proposal for Estimation of Soil Leaching Constants for Use in Assessment Models. J. Environ. Qual. 12(1): 17-28.

Table 19. Hydrologic Properties by Soil Texture<sup>a</sup>

Texture Class	Range of Textural Properties			Water Retained at -0.33 Bar Tension cm <sup>3</sup> cm <sup>-3</sup>	Water Retained at -15.0 Bar Tension cm <sup>3</sup> cm <sup>-3</sup>
	Sand	Silt	Clay		
Sand	85-100	0-15	0-10	0.091 <sup>b</sup> (0.018 - 0.164) <sup>c</sup>	0.033 <sup>b</sup> (0.007 - 0.059) <sup>c</sup>
Loamy Sand	70-90	0-30	0-15	0.125 (0.060 - 0.190)	0.055 (0.019 - 0.091)
Sandy Loam	45-85	0-50	0-20	0.207 (0.126 - 0.288)	0.095 (0.031 - 0.159)
Loam	25-50	28-50	8-28	0.270 (0.195 - 0.345)	0.117 (0.069 - 0.165)
Silt Loam	0-50	50-100	0-28	0.330 (0.258 - 0.402)	0.133 (0.078 - 0.188)
Sandy Clay Loam	45-80	0-28	20-35	0.257 (0.186 - 0.324)	0.148 (0.085 - 0.211)
Clay Loam	20-45	15-55	28-50	0.318 (0.250 - 0.386)	0.197 (0.115 - 0.279)
Silty Clay Loam	0-20	40-73	28-40	0.366 (0.304 - 0.428)	0.208 (0.138 - 0.278)
Sandy Clay	45-65	0-20	35-55	0.339 (0.245 - 0.433)	0.239 (0.162 - 0.316)
Silty Clay	0-20	40-60	40-60	0.387 (0.332 - 0.442)	0.250 (0.193 - 0.307)
Clay	0-45	0-40	40-100	0.396 (0.326 - 0.466)	0.272 (0.208 - 0.336)

<sup>a</sup>Rawls, W.J., D.L. Brakensiek, and K.E. Saxton. Estimation of Soil Water Properties. Transactions ASAE Paper No. 81-2510, pgs. 1316 - 1320. 1982.

<sup>b</sup>Mean value.

<sup>c</sup>One standard deviation about the mean.

County: Washington (1 of 1)

Crop/Year	Pesticide/Type	Lbs a.i. or a.e./Acre	Applied Mnth/Wk	Formulation
Alfalfa/1	None			
Alfalfa/2-4 (About 20-25% treated or with Hexazinone and less than 5% with Metribuzin)	Hexazinone/H	1.0-2.0	February/4	L
	Metribuzin/H and	0.4-1.0	February/4	F
	Chlorpyrifos/I	0.25	April/1	E
	or Parathion/I	0.50	April/1	E
Small Grains/5-6	None			
Field Corn or Sorghum/7	None			
Peaches	Azinphos-Methyl/I	2.0-4.0	May/3 and June/1 2 applications	WP

H = Herbicide  
I = Insecticide

a.i. = active ingredient  
a.e. = acid equivalent

E = Emulsifiable Concentrate  
F = Flowable  
L = Liquid  
WP = Wettable Powder



CMLS-Analysis: Washington County (1/1)

Crop	Pesticide (Common/Trade)	Quantity (kg/ha)	Depth (m)	Time (days)	Rel. Amount	Concent. (ppb)	Health Advise(ppb)	Ratio	
Alfalfa	Hexazinone	1.5	1.0	100	0.315	472.5	210	2.25	
			1.5	117	0.258	338.2		1.849	
			2.0	117	0.258	338.2		1.849	
			3.0	147	0.183	274.5		1.307	
	Metribuzin	1.0	1.0	1.0	117	0.067	67	175	0.3829
				1.5	117	0.067	67		0.3829
				2.0	131	0.0485	48.5		0.2771
				3.0	161	0.0242	24.2		0.1383
	Chlorpyrifos	0.25	1.0	1.0	1735				
				1.5	1735				
				2.0	1735				
				3.0	1735				
Parathion	0.5	1.0	1.0	487	3.4E-11	1.7E-8			
			1.5	821	2.2E-18	1.1E-15			
			2.0	1171	6.6E-26	3.3E-23			
			3.0	1735					
Orchards	Aziaphos- Methyl	3.0	1.0	778	1.4E-6	4.2E-3			
			1.2	1093	5.9E-9	1.77E-5			
			2.0	1560	1.8E-12	5.4E-9			
			3.0	2068					

**TABLE 27. Ranking of Pesticide-Site Combinations Posing a Threat to Groundwater Quality**

Rank	Pesticide	Site/County	Rank	Pesticide	Site/County
1	Metolachlor	6/Weber	18	Carbofuran	18/Juab
2	Aldicarb	8/Davis	19	Hexazinone	16/Uintah
3	Carbofuran	23/Sevier	20	Carbofuran	1/Cache
4	Dicamba	23/Sevier	21	Hexazinone	6/Weber
5	Atrazine	1/Cache	22	2,4-D Acid	6/Weber
6	Atrazine	23/Sevier	23	Dicamba	19/Sanpete
7	Carbofuran	28/Sanpete	24	2,4-D Ester	19/Sanpete
8	Carbofuran	6/Weber	25	Dicamba	15/Duchesne
9	Carbofuran	25/Beaver	26	Hexazinone	23/Sevier
10	Dicamba	1/Cache	27	2,4-D Acid	1/Cache
11	Atrazine	28/Sanpete	28	Hexazinone	21/Millard
12	Barban	23/Sevier	29	Hexazinone	25/Beaver
13	Bentazone	8/Davis	30	Chlorsulfuron	1/Cache
14	Atrazine	16/Uintah	31	Aldicarb	29/Iron
15	Hexazinone	9/Morgan	32	2,4-DB Amine	21/Millard
16	Hexazinone	24/Grand	33	Oxydemeton-Methyl	21/Millard
17	Dicamba	9/Morgan			

**Soil Library Used in Utah**

### Soil Library Used in Utah

Soil Name : ABRAHAM			Identifier : UT0132			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.20	0.10	1.45	25.0	13.0	43.0
2	0.84	0.20	1.45	25.0	13.0	43.0
3	1.35	0.10	1.45	25.0	13.0	43.0
4	1.60	0.10	1.45	25.0	13.0	43.0

Soil Name : DUCHESNE			Identifier : DU1			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.15	5.00	1.45	17.0	8.0	40.0
2	0.30	1.00	1.50	17.0	8.0	40.0
3	0.40	0.50	1.50	17.0	8.0	40.0
4	0.50	0.20	1.50	17.0	8.0	40.0
5	0.60	0.10	1.50	17.0	8.0	40.0

Soil Name : GENOLA			Identifier : UT1475			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.18	0.80	1.35	19.0	10.5	43.0
2	0.33	1.86	1.35	19.4	11.3	43.0
3	0.48	0.35	1.35	20.8	7.4	43.0
4	0.58	0.29	1.35	22.7	7.6	43.0
5	0.79	0.23	1.40	19.5	13.1	43.0
6	0.86	0.23	1.35	21.9	9.0	43.0
7	0.94	0.30	1.40	15.2	10.3	43.0
8	1.02	0.17	1.40	17.4	5.0	43.0
9	1.07	0.23	1.35	19.5	11.3	43.0
10	1.17	0.10	1.35	19.5	11.3	43.0

Soil Name : GRAND			Identifier : GRN1			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.15	1.20	1.45	22.0	8.0	40.0
2	0.30	1.00	1.45	22.0	8.0	40.0
3	0.40	0.50	1.45	22.0	8.0	40.0
4	0.50	0.20	1.45	22.0	8.0	40.0
5	0.60	0.10	1.45	22.0	8.0	40.0

Soil Name : HARRISBURG			Identifier : UTU003			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.05	0.22	1.70	13.0	5.5	40.0
2	0.41	0.14	1.66	13.5	6.0	40.0
3	0.66	0.09	1.69	13.5	6.0	40.0
4	0.89	0.21	1.59	13.5	6.5	40.0
5	0.99	0.10	1.59	13.5	6.5	40.0

Soil Name : HILLFIELD			Identifier : UT0394			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.08	2.48	1.44	23.0	11.0	41.2
2	0.25	1.77	1.44	23.0	11.0	41.2
3	0.46	1.03	1.45	22.0	10.0	41.2
4	0.79	0.65	1.35	25.0	12.0	41.2
5	1.27	0.20	1.45	18.0	8.0	41.2
6	1.63	0.10	1.45	18.0	8.0	41.2

Soil Name : JUAB			Identifier : UT0699			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.10	1.69	1.40	24.0	8.1	43.0
2	0.20	0.81	1.40	26.0	10.0	43.0
3	0.33	0.89	1.40	27.0	9.9	43.0
4	0.53	0.36	1.40	25.0	8.6	43.0
5	0.74	0.49	1.50	23.0	7.8	43.0
6	0.97	0.34	1.45	24.0	8.0	43.0
7	1.52	0.30	1.26	30.0	12.0	43.0
8	1.62	0.10	1.26	30.0	12.0	43.0

Soil Name : KANE			Identifier : KAI			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.15	1.00	1.50	18.0	8.0	40.0
2	0.30	0.50	1.50	18.0	8.0	40.0
3	0.60	0.30	1.50	18.0	8.0	40.0
4	0.90	0.20	1.50	18.0	8.0	40.0
5	1.00	0.10	1.50	18.0	8.0	40.0

Soil Name : IRON			Identifier : IRI			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.10	1.69	1.40	24.0	8.1	43.0
2	0.20	0.81	1.40	26.0	10.0	43.0
3	0.33	0.89	1.40	27.0	9.9	43.0
4	0.53	0.36	1.40	25.0	8.6	43.0
5	0.74	0.49	1.50	23.0	7.8	43.0
6	0.97	0.34	1.45	24.0	8.0	43.0
7	1.52	0.30	1.26	30.0	12.0	43.0
8	1.62	0.10	1.26	30.0	12.0	43.0

Soil Name : KIDMAN			Identifier : UT0395			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.28	1.20	1.52	18.0	6.4	40.0
2	0.43	0.70	1.52	18.5	6.4	40.0
3	0.53	0.80	1.53	20.0	6.9	40.0
4	0.69	0.40	1.54	22.0	7.0	40.0
5	0.94	0.20	1.40	21.5	5.3	40.0
6	1.24	0.20	1.45	21.5	5.7	40.0
7	1.47	0.10	1.42	18.0	4.4	40.0

Soil Name : KOVICH			Identifier : UT0306			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.03	11.00	1.50	25.0	13.0	43.0
2	0.28	2.60	1.50	23.0	13.0	43.0
3	0.61	1.30	1.50	26.0	15.0	43.0
4	0.74	0.60	1.55	23.0	14.0	43.0
5	1.04	0.70	1.60	22.0	13.0	43.0
6	1.14	0.10	1.60	22.0	13.0	43.0

Soil Name : LASIL			Identifier : UT0583			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.15	2.10	1.42	33.0	13.0	50.0
2	0.23	1.50	1.44	33.0	14.3	50.0
3	0.33	0.80	1.44	36.0	14.7	50.0
4	0.48	0.50	1.40	38.0	20.4	50.0
5	0.58	0.50	1.42	37.0	18.0	50.0
6	0.91	0.40	1.42	40.0	18.0	50.0
7	1.12	0.40	1.43	37.0	16.5	50.0
8	1.52	0.40	1.45	38.0	16.8	50.0

Soil Name : LAYTON			Identifier : UT0338			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.18	0.70	1.55	12.5	3.7	40.0
2	0.38	0.50	1.55	13.0	4.0	40.0
3	0.58	0.20	1.55	14.0	4.5	40.0
4	0.74	0.20	1.55	12.5	4.0	40.0
5	1.04	0.10	1.54	12.0	3.3	40.0
6	1.68	0.10	1.52	8.0	1.7	42.0

Soil Name : LEWISTON			Identifier : UT0546			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.25	0.60	1.55	14.0	7.0	41.0
2	0.33	0.42	1.66	16.0	11.0	41.0
3	0.56	0.39	1.59	22.0	14.0	41.0
4	0.81	0.16	1.64	18.0	12.0	41.0
5	1.52	0.08	1.58	12.0	6.0	41.0

Soil Name : MANDERFIELD			Identifier : UTU001			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.13	1.62	1.45	22.6	16.3	43.0
2	0.41	0.64	1.40	20.5	11.1	43.0
3	0.61	0.60	1.45	20.8	10.1	43.0
4	0.84	0.29	1.45	22.0	10.0	43.0
5	1.17	0.26	1.45	19.0	10.0	43.0
6	1.52	0.20	1.45	18.7	5.5	43.0
7	1.62	0.10	1.45	18.7	5.5	43.0

Soil Name : MARTINI			Identifier : UT0404			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.13	1.80	1.28	18.0	9.0	40.0
2	0.38	0.60	1.46	14.5	8.0	40.5
3	0.48	0.10	1.55	9.0	4.5	40.0
4	1.14	0.60	1.44	17.0	9.0	40.0
5	1.78	0.50	1.52	14.0	8.0	40.0
6	1.88	0.10	1.52	14.0	8.0	40.0

Soil Name : MONTICELLO			Identifier : UT0454			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.08	1.33	1.52	22.0	13.0	41.0
2	0.20	0.81	1.52	20.0	12.0	41.0
3	0.56	0.41	1.50	25.0	14.0	41.0
4	0.81	0.27	1.45	27.0	16.0	43.0
5	1.14	0.16	1.43	27.0	15.0	43.0
6	1.42	0.16	1.50	25.0	14.0	43.0
7	1.52	0.10	1.50	25.0	14.0	43.0

Soil Name : PENOYER			Identifier : UTU002			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.10	1.00	1.45	24.0	13.0	43.0
2	0.23	1.20	1.40	25.0	13.0	43.0
3	0.58	0.60	1.52	19.0	10.0	43.0
4	1.04	0.18	1.46	23.0	11.0	43.0
5	1.52	0.06	1.40	22.0	11.0	43.0

Soil Name : PHAGE			Identifier : PI1			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.05	1.08	1.50	15.0	8.0	40.0
2	0.23	1.42	1.50	18.0	10.0	40.0
3	1.02	0.91	1.50	27.0	12.0	40.0
4	1.42	0.10	1.50	19.0	8.0	40.0

Soil Name : RAVOLA			Identifier : UT0480			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.20	1.00	1.45	25.0	13.0	43.0
2	1.52	0.50	1.45	25.0	15.0	43.0
3	1.62	0.10	1.45	25.0	15.0	43.0

Soil Name : SALERATUS			Identifier : UT0709			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.15	1.00	1.40	25.0	15.0	45.0
2	1.14	0.50	1.30	35.0	20.0	45.0
3	1.52	0.20	1.30	30.0	15.0	45.0
4	1.62	0.10	1.30	30.0	15.0	45.0



Soil Name : SEVIER			Identifier : SE1			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric	Water Content, (%) at	
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.15	1.00	1.35	20.0	10.0	43.0
2	0.30	0.70	1.35	20.0	10.0	43.0
3	0.60	0.30	1.35	20.0	8.0	43.0
4	0.90	0.20	1.35	20.0	10.0	43.0
5	1.00	0.10	1.35	20.0	10.0	43.0

Soil Name : SUMMIT			Identifier : UTE1229			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric	Water Content, (%) at	
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.15	1.00	1.40	25.0	12.0	43.0
2	0.30	0.70	1.40	25.0	12.0	43.0
3	0.60	0.30	1.40	25.0	12.0	43.0
4	0.90	0.20	1.40	25.0	12.0	43.0
5	1.00	0.10	1.40	25.0	12.0	43.0

Soil Name : SUNSET			Identifier : UT0076			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric	Water Content, (%) at	
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.43	1.20	1.40	27.0	14.0	43.0
2	1.14	0.70	1.30	23.0	10.0	49.0
3	1.60	0.10	1.55	10.0	5.0	40.0

Soil Name : TEBBS			Identifier : UTE1041			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric	Water Content, (%) at	
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.15	1.00	1.40	25.0	12.0	43.0
2	0.30	0.70	1.40	25.0	12.0	43.0
3	0.60	0.30	1.40	25.0	12.0	43.0
4	0.90	0.20	1.40	25.0	12.0	43.0
5	1.00	0.10	1.40	25.0	12.0	43.0

Soil Name : THATCHER			Identifier : UT0752			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric	Water Content, (%) at	
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.33	1.50	1.25	30.0	15.0	49.0
2	0.79	0.70	1.35	35.0	21.0	41.0
3	1.52	0.20	1.45	22.0	12.0	43.0
4	1.62	0.10	1.45	22.0	12.0	43.0

Soil Name : TOOELE			Identifier : T001			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.33	1.50	1.25	30.0	15.0	49.0
2	0.79	0.70	1.35	35.0	21.0	41.0
3	1.52	0.20	1.45	22.0	12.0	43.0
4	1.62	0.10	1.45	22.0	12.0	43.0

Soil Name : VINEYARD			Identifier : UT0350			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.18	0.81	1.70	16.0	8.0	40.0
2	0.33	0.47	1.70	16.0	8.0	40.0
3	0.61	0.31	1.70	17.0	9.0	40.0
4	0.89	0.21	1.70	18.0	9.0	40.0
5	1.07	0.21	1.70	19.0	10.0	40.0
6	1.52	0.12	1.70	16.0	8.0	40.0

Soil Name : UINTA			Identifier : UI1			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.08	5.00	1.35	28.0	15.0	43.0
2	0.28	1.00	1.55	15.0	8.0	40.0
3	1.07	0.30	1.63	25.0	17.0	35.0
4	1.17	0.10	1.63	25.0	17.0	35.0

Soil Name : WARMSPRINGS			Identifier : UT0415			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.20	0.80	1.62	17.0	10.0	40.0
2	0.38	0.30	1.62	19.0	12.0	40.0
3	0.61	0.10	1.64	18.0	13.0	40.0
4	0.94	0.10	1.68	16.0	10.0	40.0
5	1.52	0.10	1.65	13.0	7.0	40.0

Soil Name : WAYNE			Identifier : WA1			
Horizon	Depth	Organic Carbon	Bulk Density	Volumetric Water Content, (%) at		
	(m)	(%)	(Mg/cu meter)	-0.01 MPa	-1.5 MPa	Saturation
1	0.15	1.00	1.35	20.0	10.0	43.0
2	0.30	0.70	1.35	20.0	10.0	43.0
3	0.60	0.30	1.35	20.0	8.0	43.0
5	1.00	0.10	1.35	20.0	10.0	43.0

**Library of Pesticides Used in Utah**

### Library of Pesticide Used in Utah

Pesticide Library	Use <sup>1</sup>	Health Advisory(ppb)
Common Name :2,4-D ACID Partition Coefficient :20 mg/g OC Half-Life :10 days Trade Name :DACAMINE Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	70
Common Name :2,4-D ESTER Partition Coefficient :1000 mg/g OC Half-Life :10 days Trade Name :AQUA KLEEN Trade Name :WEEDONE Trade Name :EMULSAMINE Trade Name :.	H	70
Common Name :2,4-D AMINE SALT Partition Coefficient :109 mg/g OC Half-Life :10 days Trade Name :WEEDAR Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	70
Common Name :2,4-DB AMINE SALT Partition Coefficient :20 mg/g OC Half-Life :10 days Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	70
Common Name :2,4-DB ESTER Partition Coefficient :1000 mg/g OC Half-Life :10 days Trade Name :BUTYRAC ESTER Trade Name :BUTOXONE Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	70

<sup>1</sup> I-Insecticide; H-Herbicide; F-Fungicide; G-Growth Regulator; M-Miticide

Pesticide Library Cont.

Pesticide Library Cont.		Use	Health Advisory(ppb)
Common Name	:ALACHLOR	H	1.5
Partition Coefficient	:190 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:14 days		
Trade Name	:LASSO		
Trade Name	:PILLARZO		
Trade Name	:ALANEX		
Trade Name	::		
Common Name	:ALDICARB	I	10
Partition Coefficient	:30 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:30 days		
Trade Name	:TEMIK		
Trade Name	:TEMIK15G		
Trade Name	:OMS 771		
Trade Name	:UC21149		
Common Name	:ATRAZINE	H	3
Partition Coefficient	:160 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:60 days		
Trade Name	:AATREX		
Trade Name	:GRIFFEX		
Trade Name	:ATRANEX		
Trade Name	:VECTAL SC		
Common Name	:AZINPHOS-METHYL	I	
Partition Coefficient	:1000 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:40 days		
Trade Name	:GUTHION		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Common Name	:BARBAN	I	
Partition Coefficient	:30 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:30 days		
Trade Name	:CARBYNE		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Common Name	:BENOMYL	F	
Partition Coefficient	:2100 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:100 days		
Trade Name	:BENLATE		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		

Pesticide Library Cont.	Use	Health Advisory(ppb)
Common Name :BENSULIDE Partition Coefficient :10000 mg/g OC Half-Life :60 days Trade Name :PREFAR Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	
Common Name :BENTAZONE Partition Coefficient :35 mg/g OC Half-Life :10 days Trade Name :BASAGRAN Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	
Common Name :BROMOCIL Partition Coefficient :72 mg/g OC Half-Life :106 days Trade Name :HYVAR XL Trade Name :BOROCIL Trade Name :UREABOR Trade Name :HYVAR X	H	
Common Name :BROMOXYNIL Partition Coefficient :1000 mg/g OC Half-Life :14 days Trade Name :BROMINAL Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	
Common Name :CARBARYL Partition Coefficient :229 mg/g OC Half-Life :7 days Trade Name :SEVIN Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	I	700
Common Name :CARBOFURAN Partition Coefficient :29 mg/g OC Half-Life :37 days Trade Name :FURADAN Trade Name :BAY 70143 Trade Name :YALTOX Trade Name :CURATERR	I	36

Pesticide Library Cont.		Use	Health Advisory(ppb)
Common Name	:CHLOROTHALONIL	F	1.5
Partition Coefficient	:1380 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:20 days		
Trade Name	:BRAVO		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::	I	
Common Name	:CHLORPYRIFOS		
Partition Coefficient	:6070 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:63 days		
Trade Name	:LORSBAN		
Trade Name	:DURSBAN		
Trade Name	:ERADIX		
Common Name	:CHLORSULFURON	H	
Partition Coefficient	:1 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:30 days		
Trade Name	:GLEAN		
Trade Name	:TELAR		
Trade Name	::		
Common Name	:CYANAZINE	H	9
Partition Coefficient	:168 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:20 days		
Trade Name	:BLADEX		
Trade Name	:FORTROL		
Trade Name	:SD 15418		
Common Name	:DAMINOZIDE	G	
Partition Coefficient	:10 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:7 days		
Trade Name	:ALAR		
Trade Name	:B-NINE		
Trade Name	:KYLAR		
Common Name	:DCPA	H	3500
Partition Coefficient	:5000 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:100 days		
Trade Name	:DACTHAL		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		

Pesticide Library Cont.	Use	Health Advisory(ppb)
Common Name :DEMENTON Partition Coefficient :51 mg/g OC Half-Life :30 days Trade Name :METASYSTOX Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	I	35
Common Name :DIAZINON Partition Coefficient :85 mg/g OC Half-Life :30 days Trade Name :SPECTRACIDE Trade Name :DIANON Trade Name :BASUDIN Trade Name :.	I	.63
Common Name :DICAMBA Partition Coefficient :2 mg/g OC Half-Life :14 days Trade Name :BANVEL D Trade Name :BANEX Trade Name :DIANAT Trade Name :WEEDMASTER	H	9
Common Name :DICLOFOP Partition Coefficient :48500 mg/g OC Half-Life :10 days Trade Name :HOELON Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	
Common Name :DIFENZOQUAT Partition Coefficient :100000 mg/g OC Half-Life :90 days Trade Name :AVENGE Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	
Common Name :DIMETHOATE Partition Coefficient :8 mg/g OC Half-Life :7 days Trade Name :CYGON Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	I	



Pesticide Library Cont.	Use	Health Advisory(ppb)
Common Name :DISULFOTON Partition Coefficient :1603 mg/g OC Half-Life :5 days Trade Name :DISYSTON Trade Name :DITHIOSYSTOX Trade Name :THIODEMETON Trade Name :DITHIODEMETON	I	.3
Common Name :DIURON Partition Coefficient :383 mg/g OC Half-Life :328 days Trade Name :KARMEX Trade Name :UROX D Trade Name :DIREX 4L Trade Name :DIUROL	H	
Common Name :ENDOSULFAN Partition Coefficient :200000 mg/g OC Half-Life :43 days Trade Name :THIODAN Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	I	
Common Name :EPTC Partition Coefficient :280 mg/g OC Half-Life :30 days Trade Name :EPTAM Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	
Common Name :FENVALERATE Partition Coefficient :100000 mg/g OC Half-Life :50 days Trade Name :PYDRIN Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	I	
Common Name :FLUAZIFOP-P-BUTYL Partition Coefficient :3000 mg/g OC Half-Life :20 days Trade Name :FUSILADE Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	

Pesticide Library Cont.

Pesticide Library Cont.		Use	Health Advisory(ppb)
Common Name	:FONOFOS	I	14
Partition Coefficient	:680 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:60 days		
Trade Name	:DYFONATE		
Trade Name	:N-2790		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Common Name	:GLYPHOSATE	700	
Partition Coefficient	:10000 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:30 days		
Trade Name	:ROUNDUP		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Common Name	:HEXAZINONE	H	210
Partition Coefficient	:11 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:60 days		
Trade Name	:VELPAR		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Common Name	:MALATHION	I	140
Partition Coefficient	:1797 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:1 days		
Trade Name	:CYTHION		
Trade Name	:CALMATHION		
Trade Name	:CARBOFOS		
Trade Name	:MERCAPTOTHION		
Common Name	:MANEB	F	
Partition Coefficient	:1000 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:12 days		
Trade Name	:DITHANE		
Trade Name	:MANEB		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Common Name	:MCPA	H	3.6
Partition Coefficient	:1000 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:30 days		
Trade Name	:WEEDONE		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		

Pesticide Library Cont.

Pesticide Library Cont.	Use	Health Advisory(ppb)
Common Name :METHIDATHION Partition Coefficient :780 mg/g OC Half-Life :21 days Trade Name :SUPRACIDE Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	I	1
Common Name :METHYL PARATHION Partition Coefficient :5102 mg/g OC Half-Life :5 days Trade Name :METAPOS Trade Name :PARATHION-METHYL Trade Name :DEVITHION Trade Name :NITROX 80	I	2
Common Name :METOLACHLOR Partition Coefficient :200 mg/g OC Half-Life :20 days Trade Name :DUAL Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	10
Common Name :METRIBUZIN Partition Coefficient :41 mg/g OC Half-Life :30 days Trade Name :LEXONE Trade Name :SENCOR Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	175
Common Name :METSULFURON Partition Coefficient :61 mg/g OC Half-Life :120 days Trade Name :ALLY Trade Name :ESCORT Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	
Common Name :MEVINPHOS Partition Coefficient :1 mg/g OC Half-Life :3 days Trade Name :PHOSDRIN Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	I	

Pesticide Library Cont.	Use	Health Advisory(ppb)
Common Name :NAPTALAM Partition Coefficient :30 mg/g OC Half-Life :7 days Trade Name :ALANAP Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	
Common Name :OXYDEMETON-METHYL Partition Coefficient :1 mg/g OC Half-Life :20 days Trade Name :MSR Trade Name :METASYSTOX Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	I	
Common Name :OXYFLUORFEN Partition Coefficient :100000 mg/g OC Half-Life :30 days Trade Name :GOAL Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	
Common Name :PARAQUAT Partition Coefficient :100000 mg/g OC Half-Life :3600 days Trade Name :GRAMOXONE Trade Name :. Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	H	
Common Name :PARATHION Partition Coefficient :1000 mg/g OC Half-Life :14 days Trade Name :THIOPHOS Trade Name :BLADAN Trade Name :ORTHOPHOS Trade Name :PANTHION	H	35
Common Name :PERMETHRIN Partition Coefficient :10600 mg/g OC Half-Life :30 days Trade Name :POUNCE Trade Name :AMBUSH Trade Name :. Trade Name :.	I	

Pesticide Library Cont.	Use	Health Advisory(ppb)
Common Name : PHORATE Partition Coefficient : 1000 mg/g OC Half-Life : 90 days Trade Name : THIMET Trade Name : RAMPART Trade Name : AGRIMET Trade Name : GEOMET	I	
Common Name : PHOSMET Partition Coefficient : 740 mg/g OC Half-Life : 20 days Trade Name : IMIDAN Trade Name : .. Trade Name : .. Trade Name : ..	I	
Common Name : PROMETON Partition Coefficient : 300 mg/g OC Half-Life : 120 days Trade Name : PRAMITOL Trade Name : .. Trade Name : .. Trade Name : ..	H	100
Common Name : PRONAMIDE Partition Coefficient : 990 mg/g OC Half-Life : 30 days Trade Name : KERB Trade Name : .. Trade Name : .. Trade Name : ..	H	52
Common Name : PROPARGITE Partition Coefficient : 8000 mg/g OC Half-Life : 20 days Trade Name : COMITE Trade Name : OMITE Trade Name : .. Trade Name : ..	M	
Common Name : SETHOXYDIM Partition Coefficient : 50 mg/g OC Half-Life : 5 days Trade Name : POAST Trade Name : .. Trade Name : .. Trade Name : ..	H	

Pesticide Library Cont.		Use	Health Advisory(ppb)
Common Name	:SIMAZINE	H	35
Partition Coefficient	:138 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:75 days		
Trade Name	:AQUAZINE		
Trade Name	:PRINCEP		
Trade Name	:SIMADEX		
Trade Name	:SIM-TROL		
Common Name	:TERBUFOS	I	.18
Partition Coefficient	:3000 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:5 days		
Trade Name	:COUNTER		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Common Name	:TRIALATE	H	
Partition Coefficient	:3600 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:60 days		
Trade Name	:FARGO		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Common Name	:TRIADIMEFON	F	
Partition Coefficient	:273 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:21 days		
Trade Name	:BAYLETON		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Common Name	:TRIFLURALIN	H	2
Partition Coefficient	:1400 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:70 days		
Trade Name	:TREFLAN		
Trade Name	:TREFANOCIDE		
Trade Name	:ELANCOLAN		
Trade Name	:TRIM		
Common Name	:TRIMETHACARB	I	
Partition Coefficient	:200 mg/g OC		
Half-Life	:10 days		
Trade Name	:BROOT		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		
Trade Name	::		

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