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Session E2: Downstream Migration of 2+ Salmon Smolts (*Salmo Salar*) in the River Meuse in the Netherlands

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Rijkswaterstaat
*Ministry of Infrastructure and the
Environment*

Downstream migration of 2+ Salmon smolts (*Salmo salar*) in the river Meuse in the Netherlands.

André Breukelaar (RWS WNZ)
Tim Vriese (ATKB)
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Aim of the study

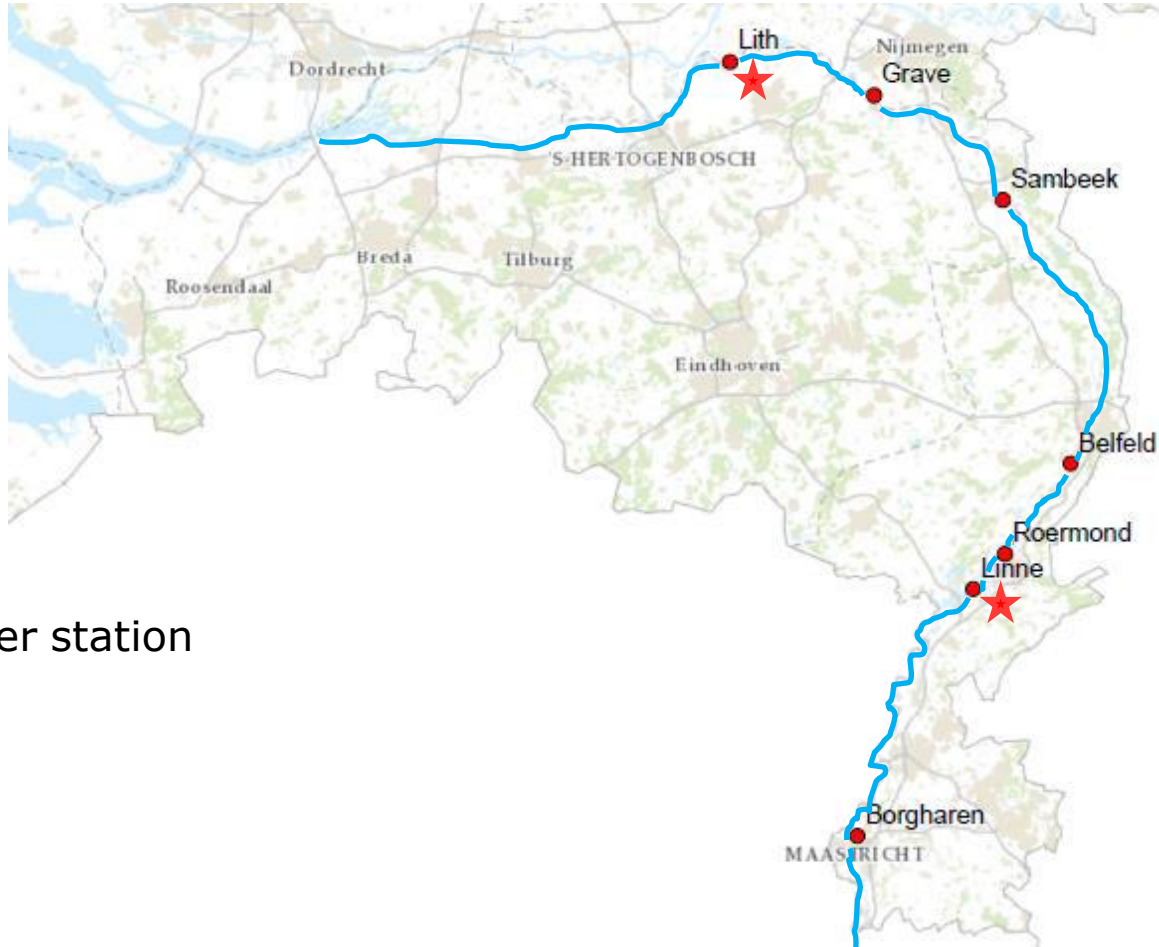
- To gain insight in the migration of Salmon smolts in the river Meuse, to determine choice of route and migration speed of individual fishes in relation to river discharge and other factors;
- To obtain a reliable estimation of the average mortality of Salmon smolts during downstream migration in the Dutch part of the river Meuse
- To quantify direct and indirect mortality of smolts passing hydropower stations and weirs.

This knowledge helps to formulate suitable measures to facilitate fish migration at barriers like hydropower stations and weirs, to protect fish in general and to support decision making in the process of licencing hydropower stations.



Weirs and hydropower stations in the river Meuse

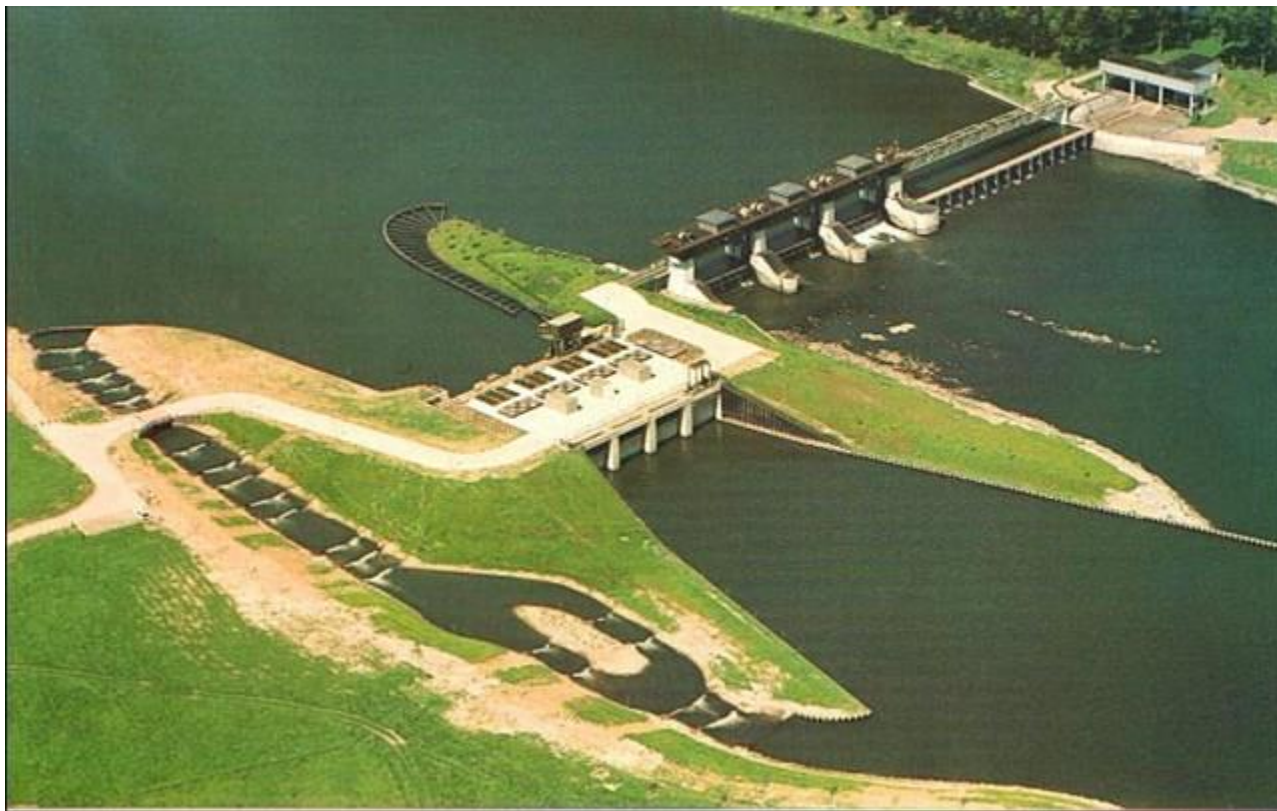
North Sea



- ★ = hydropower station
- = weir



Hydropower station Linne, weir and fishway





Weir at Linne



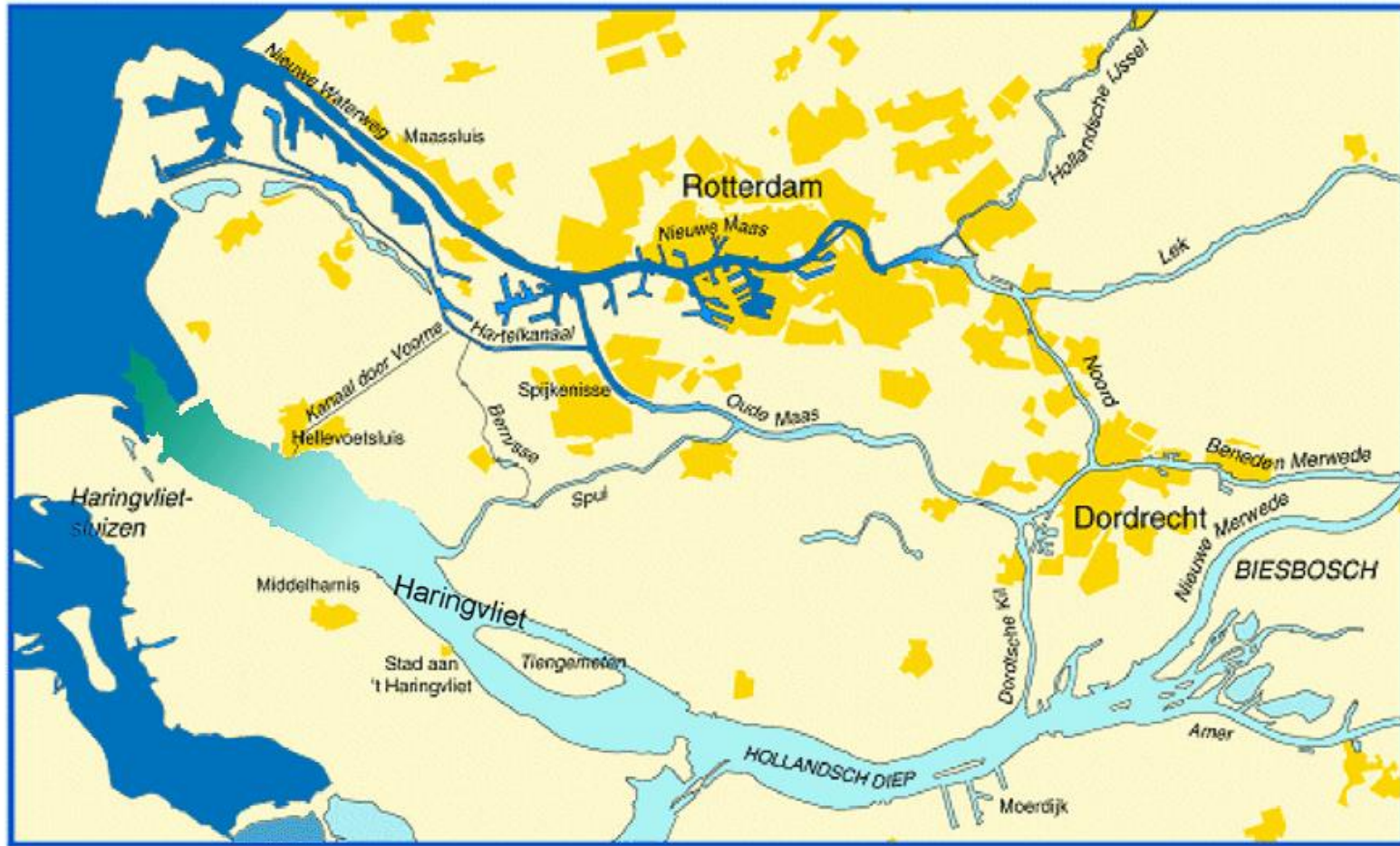


Fishway Linne





Delta area of river Rhine and Meuse





Haringvliet dam near the North Sea



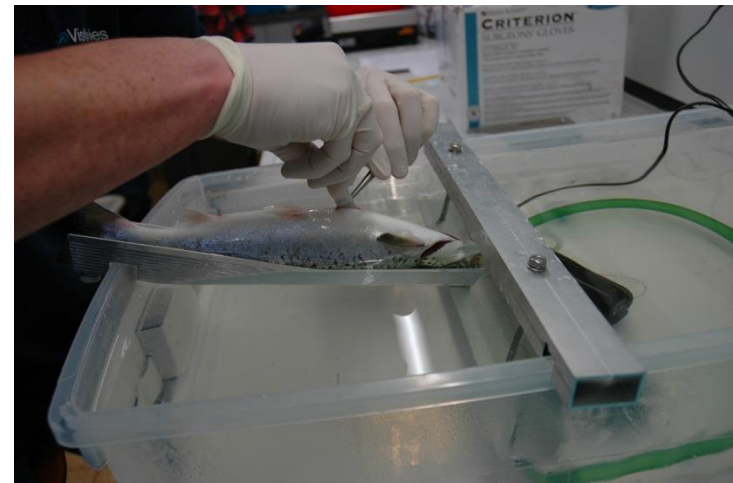


Sluices of Haringvliet dam





Implantation of a transponder



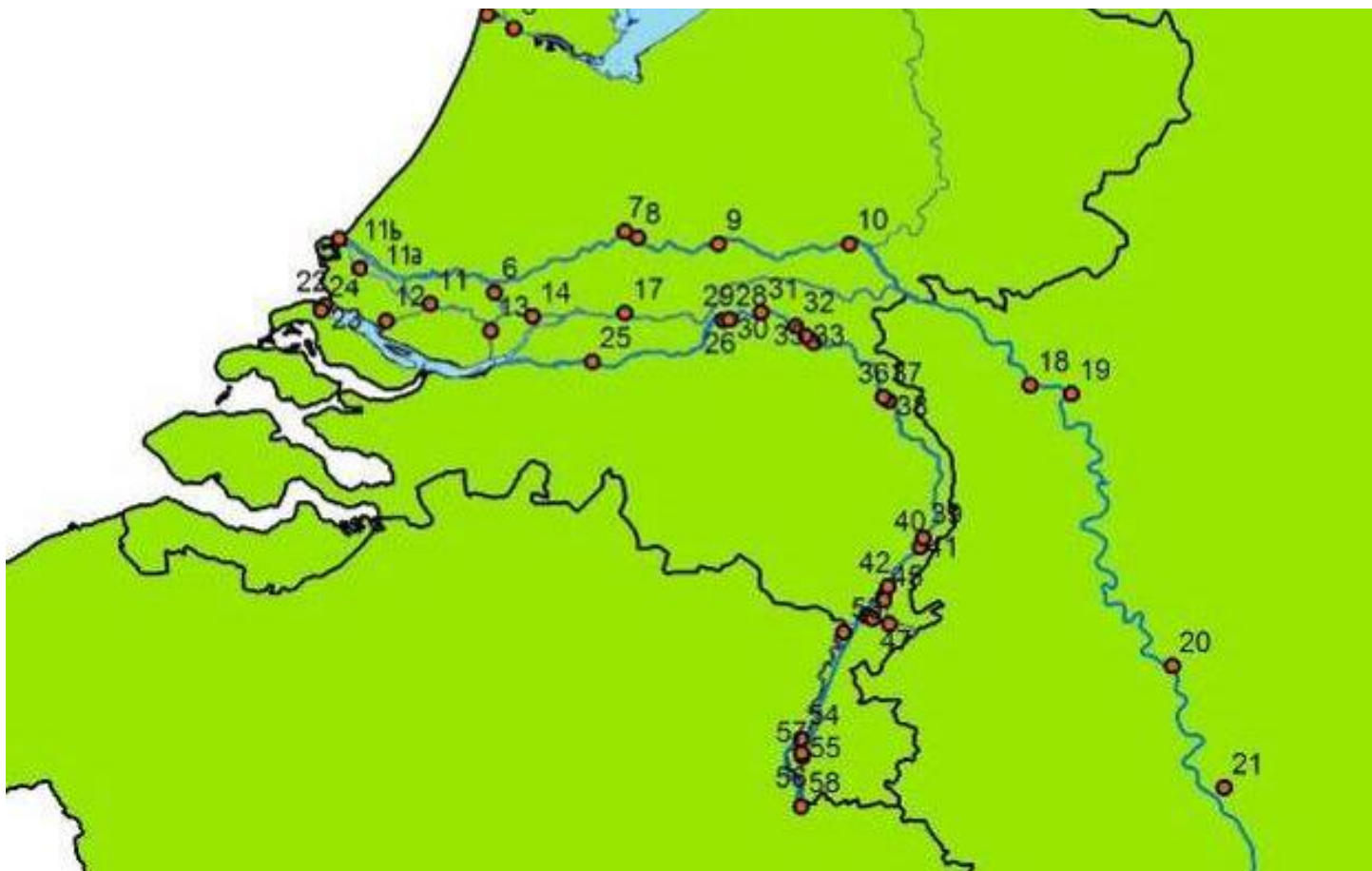


Transponders

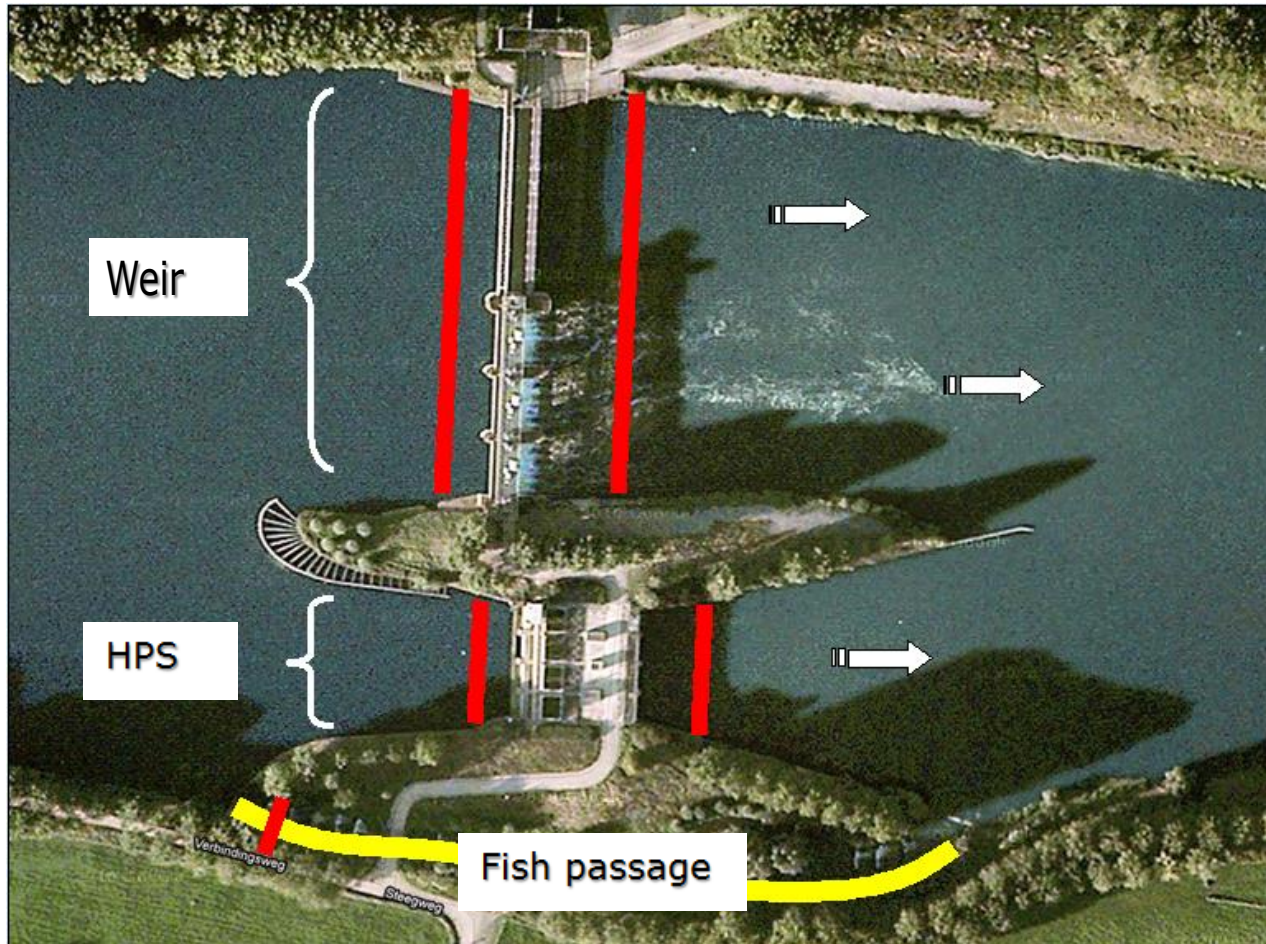




Detection stations in river Rhine and Meuse



Detection stations at Linne





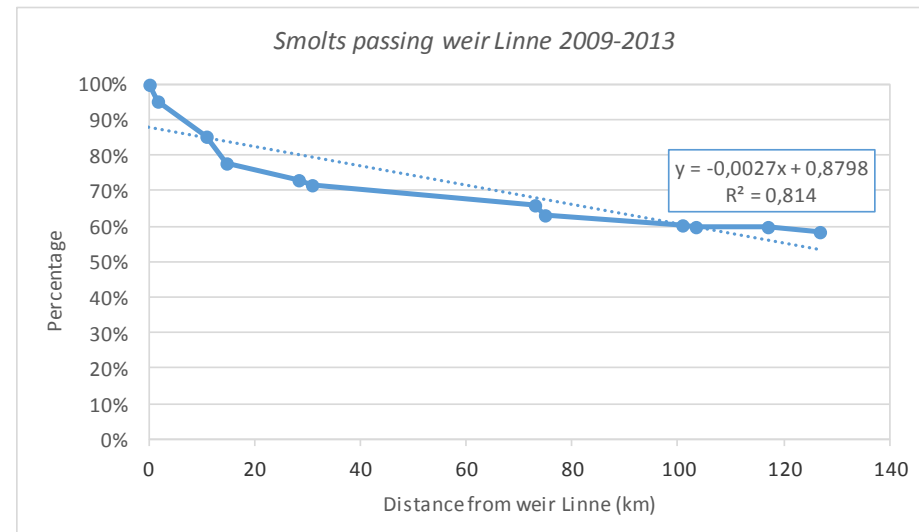
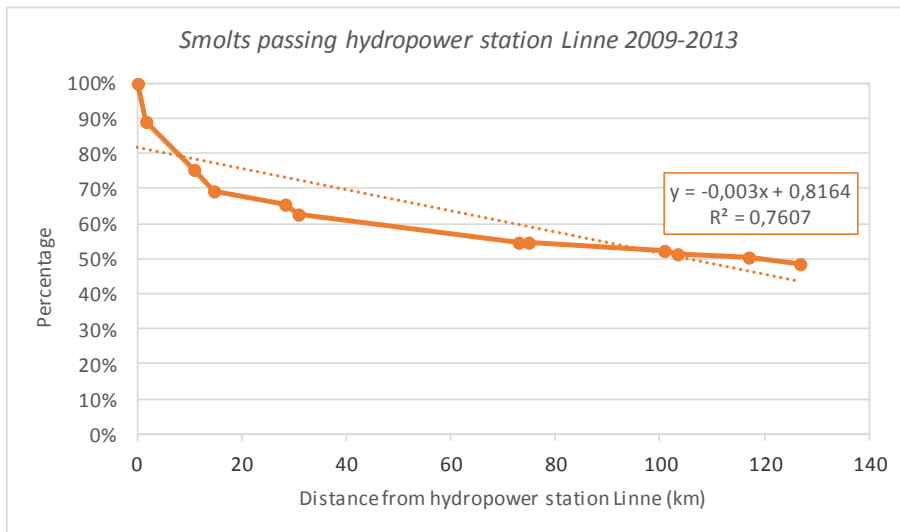
Results migration of smolts 2009-2013

- In total 897 smolts were released at two different locations in the river Meuse (near Belgian border and 56 km downstream)
- At location Linne, 192 smolts passed through the hydropower station and 144 smolts passed over the weir in downstream direction.
- In the downstream river stretch from Linne to Lith (126 km), 52% of the smolts that passed through the hydropower station Linne were lost, compared to 42% of the smolts that passed over the weir



Migration of smolts 2009-2013

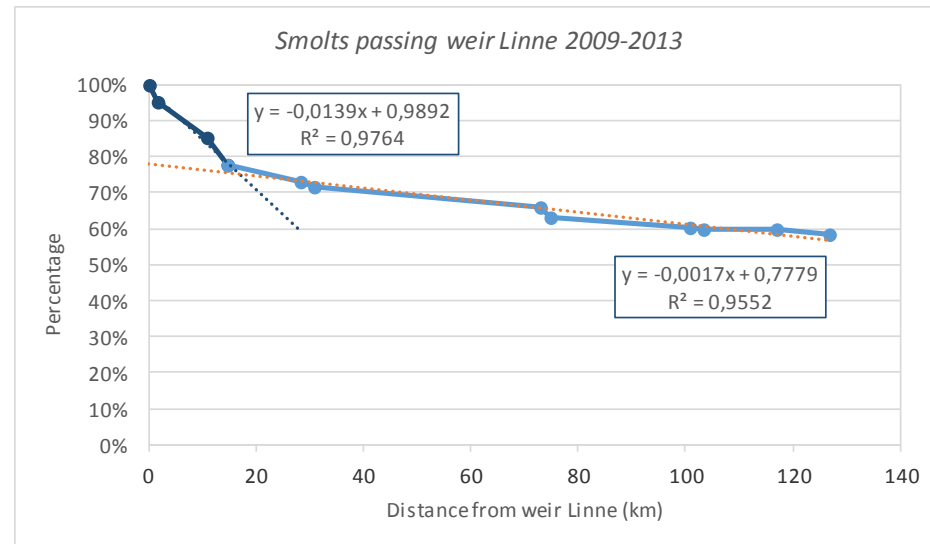
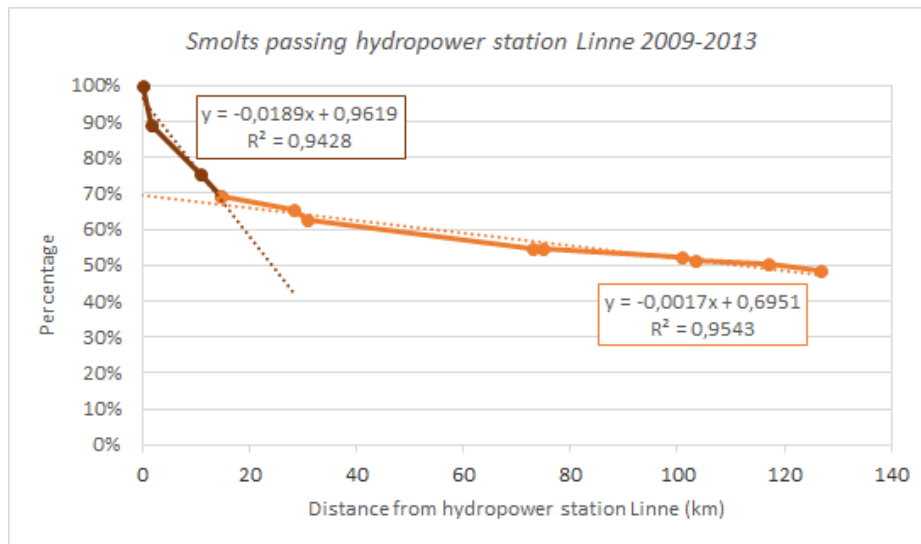
Linear regression shows no significant difference in mortality rate of smolts passing through the hydropower station and smolts passing over the weir.





Migration of smolts 2009-2013

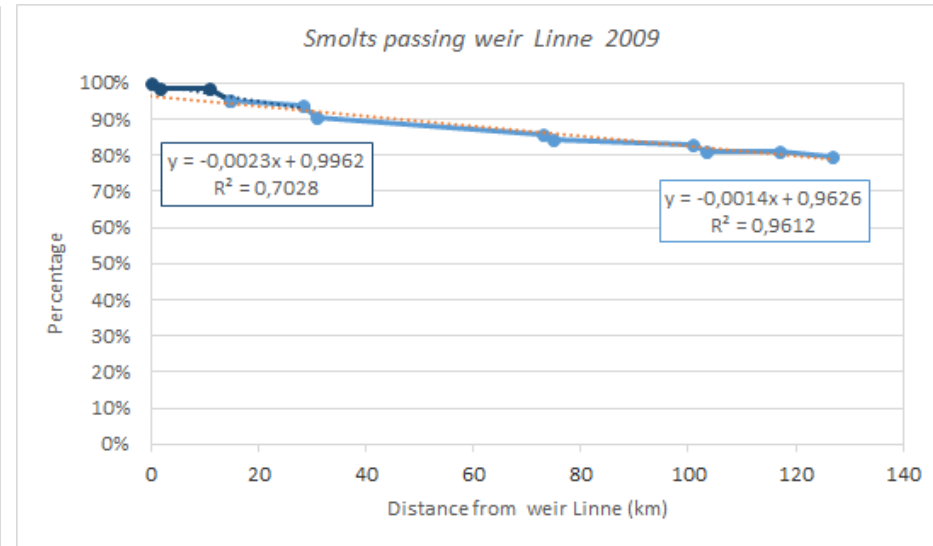
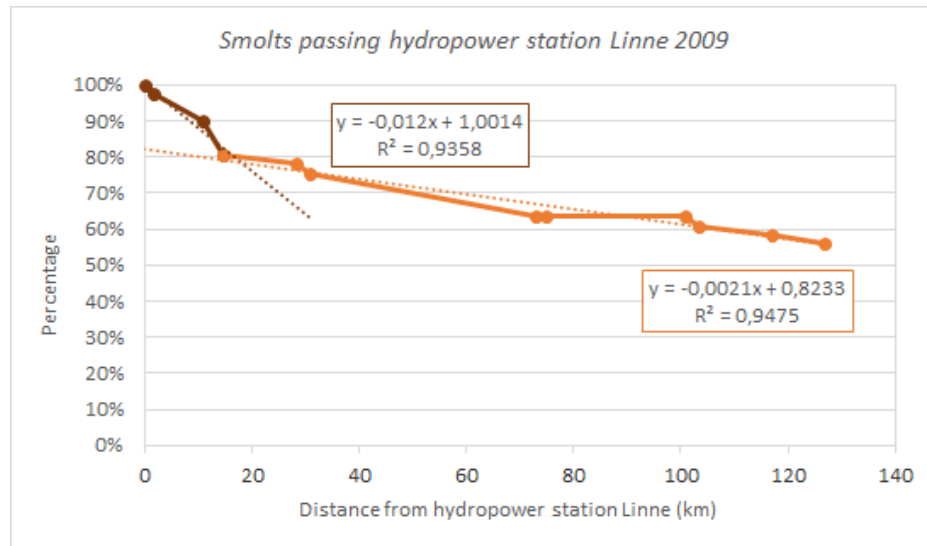
Segmented linear regression shows significant difference in mortality rates over the first stretch after passing hydropower station and weir, compared to the latter part of the route to sea.





Migration of smolts 2009

Segmented linear regression in 2009 shows a higher mortality rate of 'hydropower smolts' compared to 'weir smolts', but only over the first river stretch (15 km)





Mortality per kilometer of smolts that passed through hydropower station Linne

Nr	Route			Mortality smolts per kilometer (hydropower station)					
	Start	End	distance (km)	2009-2013	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
1	Maas_Linne_boven	Maas_Linne_beneden	0,2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
2	Maas_Linne_beneden	Maas_Linne_dorp	1,5	7,1%	1,6%	2,8%	64,6%	16,2%	11,6%
3	Maas_Linne_dorp	Maas_Roermond_bov	9,3	1,6%	0,8%	0,5%	0,0%	4,8%	3,1%
4	Maas_Roermond_bov	Maas_Buggenum	3,7	2,2%	2,9%	0,4%	0,0%	5,4%	4,1%
5	Maas_Buggenum	Maas_Belfeld_bov	13,7	0,4%	0,2%	0,1%	0,0%	1,8%	0,9%
6	Maas_Belfeld_bov	Maas_Steyl	2,5	1,9%	1,2%	1,3%	0,0%	13,2%	2,7%
7	Maas_Steyl	Maas_Afferden	42,1	0,3%	0,4%	0,3%	0,0%	1,2%	0,1%
8	Maas_Afferden	Maas_Sambeek_ben_stu	1,8	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
9	Maas_Sambeek_ben_stu	Maas_Grave_bov	26,2	0,2%	0,0%	0,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
10	Maas_Grave_bov	Maas_Balgoij	2,5	0,4%	1,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
11	Maas_Balgoij	Maas_Megen	13,6	0,1%	0,3%	0,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
12	Maas_Megen	Maas_Lith_boven	9,8	0,4%	0,4%	0,4%	0,0%	10,2%	0,0%
13	Maas_Lith_boven	Maas_Lith_beneden	0,3	8,0%	16,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	14,2%
14	Maas_Lith_beneden	Maas_Lith_dorp	1,3	12,2%	13,5%	13,5%	0,0%	0,0%	8,9%
15	Maas_Lith_dorp	Bergsche Maas_Capelse Veer	38,9	0,3%	0,0%	0,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,7%
Total number of smolts (n)				192	41	70	2	12	67
shaded yellow: weir present									

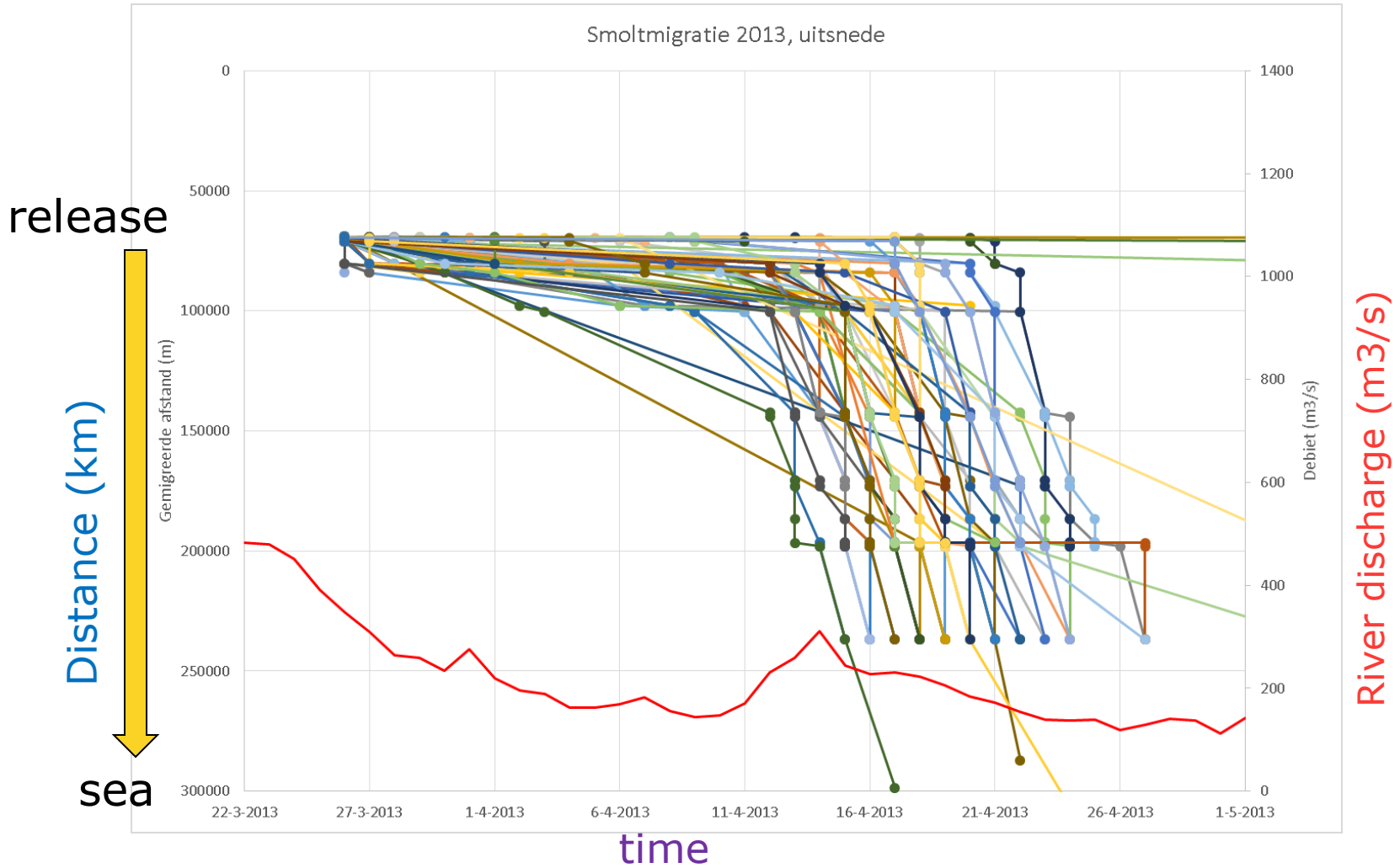


Mortality per kilometer of smolts that passed over the weir at Linne

Route				Mortality smolts per kilometer (weir)					
Nr	Start	End	distance (km)	2009-2013	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
1	Maas_Linne_boven	Maas_Linne_beneden	0,2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
2	Maas_Linne_beneden	Maas_Linne_dorp	1,5	3,1%	1,0%	0,0%	0,0%	3,8%	5,7%
3	Maas_Linne_dorp	Maas_Roermond_bov	9,3	1,1%	0,0%	0,0%	5,4%	2,7%	1,9%
4	Maas_Roermond_bov	Maas_Buggenum	3,7	2,4%	0,8%	0,0%	0,0%	2,2%	5,0%
5	Maas_Buggenum	Maas_Belfeld_bov	13,7	0,5%	0,1%	0,0%	0,0%	2,0%	0,6%
6	Maas_Belfeld_bov	Maas_Steyl	2,5	0,8%	1,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
7	Maas_Steyl	Maas_Afferden	42,1	0,2%	0,1%	0,0%	0,0%	1,2%	0,1%
8	Maas_Afferden	Maas_Sambeek_ben_stu	1,8	2,3%	1,0%	0,0%	55,2%	13,8%	1,8%
9	Maas_Sambeek_ben_stu	Maas_Grave_bov	26,2	0,2%	0,1%	1,0%	0,0%	1,3%	0,1%
10	Maas_Grave_bov	Maas_Balgoij	2,5	0,5%	0,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
11	Maas_Balgoij	Maas_Megen	13,6	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
12	Maas_Megen	Maas_Lith_boven	9,8	0,2%	0,2%	0,0%	0,0%	5,1%	0,0%
13	Maas_Lith_boven	Maas_Lith_beneden	0,3	17,6%	21,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	12,8%
14	Maas_Lith_beneden	Maas_Lith_dorp	1,3	8,3%	10,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	5,3%
15	Maas_Lith_dorp	Bergsche Maas_Capelse Veer	38,9	0,3%	0,1%	0,0%	0,0%	2,6%	0,6%
Totaal aantal vissen (n)				144	64	4	2	17	57
shaded yellow: weir present									



Smolt migration in 2013





Conclusions

- In all relevant years, mortality of smolts is higher when passing through the hydropower station compared to passing over the weir:
 - 2009: 48% hydropower smolts, 25% weir smolts (+23%)
 - 2010: 37% hydropower smolts, 31% weir smolts (+8%)
 - 2013: 65% hydropower, 54% weir smolts (+11%)
- The mortality rate of smolts is increased in the first 15 km downstream the hydropower station and weir. More downstream mortality rate is lower.
- An increase of river discharge seems to stimulate the migration.



Thanks for your attention!

