



## **CALPOLY STUDENT RECREATION CENTER FIRE PROTECTION REVIEW**

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### **KEYWORDS**

- FDS
- ASET
- RSET
- Pathfinder
- Egress
- Performance-based
- Prescriptive
- Visibility

### **ABBREVIATIONS**

- Rec Center:           Recreation Center
- Cal Poly     :       California Polytechnic State University
- SPL         :       Sound Pressure Level
- CMDA       :       Control Mode Density Area



# CALPOLY RECREATION CENTER

## Table of Contents

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<b>LIST OF TABLES</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>LIST OF FIGURES</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>EXECUTIVE SUMMARY</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>INTRODUCTION</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>PART I PRESCRIPTIVE ANALYSIS</b>	
<b>Chapter 1 Structural Analysis</b>	<b>15</b>
Fire Resistance Rating of Construction Elements	17
<b>Chapter 2 Fires Alarm and Detection System</b>	<b>25</b>
Types and Operating Characteristic of Fire Alarm System.....	25
Types and Location of Initiating Devices.....	27
Location, Spacing and Placement of Fire Detectors.....	31
Alarm and Notification Appliances.....	39
Notification Appliance Power Requirements.....	45
System Commissioning, Inspection, Testing and Maintenance.....	54
<b>Chapter 3 Water-Based Fire Suppression System</b>	<b>58</b>
Types and Design Criteria.....	58
Water Supply.....	61
Manual Hydraulic Calculations.....	69
Inspection, Testing and Maintenance.....	73
<b>Chapter 4 Egress Analysis</b>	<b>78</b>
Occupancy Classification.....	78
Egress Capacity Calculations.....	80
Occupant Load for each Space.....	82
Egress Capacity.....	83
Number of Exits.....	84

	Multi-Story Egress Capacity.....	85
	Converging Egress Capacity.....	86
	Minimum Width.....	87
	Occupant Loads and Egress Capacity Results.....	88
	Exit Stairway Calculations.....	91
	Arrangement of Exits.....	93
	Illumination of Means of Egress.....	101
	Means of Egress Components.....	102
	Human Behavior.....	116
	Emergency Movement.....	120
	Computer Simulation.....	124
<b>PART II</b>	<b>PERFORMANCE BASED ANALYSIS</b>	<b>127</b>
	Goal	127
	Objectives	127
	Performance Criteria	127
	Process Schematic	129
	Egress Time Analysis Assumptions	130
	Design Fire Scenarios	130
	Design Fire Scenario 1: Concert Fire:.....	132
	Design Fire Scenario 2: Fire under Bleachers:.....	138
	<b>CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS</b>	<b>144</b>
	APPENDIX A: Recreation Center Floor Maps	
	APPENDIX B: Partitions and Penetration Enclosure Drawings	
	APPENDIX C: Fire Alarm and Detection As-built Drawings	
	APPENDIX D: Water-Based Suppression System – Hydraulic Calculations	
	APPENDIX E: Recreation Center – Sprinkler Piping Arrangement	
	APPENDIX F: Recreation Center – Life Safety Drawings	
	APPENDIX G: Recreation Center – Fire Safety Management Plan	

# LIST OF TABLES

## PART 1: PRESCRIPTIVE ANALYSIS

### CHAP 1: STRUCTURAL

---

Table 1.1:	Occupation Classification
Table 1.2:	Extract from Table 503: Allowable Building Heights and Areas
Table 1.3:	Summary of Increased Areas for Building Construction Types Due to Automatic Sprinkler System Installation
Table 1.4:	Extract from IBC Table 601: Fire Resistance Rating
Table 1.5:	Extract from IBC Table 602: Fire Resistance Rating

### CHAP 2: FIRE ALARM AND DETECTION SYSTEM

---

Table 2.1:	Initiating Devices in Recreation Center
Table 2.2:	Smoke Detectors in Recreation Center
Table 2.3:	Heat Detectors in Recreation Center
Table 2.4:	Manual Fire Alarm Boxes in Recreation Center
Table 2.5:	Sprinkler Flow Switches in Recreation Center
Table 2.6:	Sprinkler Control Valve Supervisory and Trouble Signal Devices
Table 2.7:	Extract from NFPA 72, Table A.18.4.3 Average Ambient Sound Level
Table 2.8:	Typical Spacing Requirements for Visible Appliances
Table 2.9:	Extract from Typical System Sensor Speaker-Strobe Average Current
Table 2.10:	Extract from NEC-Table 8-Conductor Properties

## CHAP 3: WATER-BASED FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEM

---

Table 3.1:	Extract from NFPA13, Table 11.2.3.2.1.2
Table 3.2:	Density and Design Area of Operation
Table 3.3:	Remote Area A
Table 3.4:	Remote Area C1
Table 3.5:	Remote Area D2
Table 3.6:	Remote Area B2
Table 3.7:	Remote Area C2
Table 3.8:	Remote Area E
Table 3.9:	Remote Area E1
Table 3.10:	Remote Area E2
Table 3.11:	System Demand Results
Table 3.12:	Individual Sprinkler Performance
Table 3.13:	Extract from NFPA13-Maintenance Schedule

## CHAPTER 4: EGRESS ANALYSIS

---

Table 4.1:	Room/Space Occupancy Use Classification
Table 4.2:	Color-Coding Legend
Table 4.3a:	Extract from LSC-Table 7.3.1.2
Table 4.3b:	Extract from LSC-Table 7.3.1.2
Table 4.4:	LSC Egress Capacity Factor
Table 4.5:	Number of Exits
Table 4.6:	LSC Minimum Stair Width
Table 4.7:	Occupancy Load Calculations for 1st Floor
Table 4.8:	Occupancy Load Calculations for 2nd Floor
Table 4.9:	Stairway Capacity Calculations
Table 4.10:	Stairway Width Calculations using LSC 2009
Table 4.11:	Calculations for Main Gym Exit Capacity
Table 4.12:	Common Path, Dead-End and Travel Distance

Table 4.13: ..... Existing Stairs Dimensional Requirements

Table 4.14: ..... Extract from LSC-Existing Stairs Dimensional Details

Table 4.15: ..... Flow Capacity Calculations

Table 4.16: ..... Boundary Layer Widths

Table 4.17: ..... Maximum Specific Flow

Table 4.18: ..... Constants for Evacuation Speed Equation

Table 4.19: ..... Conversion Factors for Relating Line Distance to Vertical Travel

## II PERFORMANCE-BASED ANALYSIS

Table II-1..... Tenability Limits for Asphyxiants

Table II-2..... Heat Exposure and Tenability Limits

Table II-3..... Fuel Property Calculation

Table II-4..... FDS Summary-Concert Fire

Table II-5..... FDS Summary-Fire under Bleachers

# LIST OF FIGURES

## CHAPTER 1: STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

---

- Figure 1.1: .....Typical Interior CFRG Column Cover
- Figure 1.2: .....Typical Interior Metal Column Cover
- Figure 1.3: .....Typical Gypsum Wallboard Column Cover
- Figure 1.4: .....Typical Exterior GFRC Column Cover
- Figure 1.5: .....Typical Beam Metal Cover
- Figure 1.6: .....Typical Suspended Plaster/Gypsum Wallboard
- Figure 1.7: .....Typical Metal Plate Wall Cladding
- Figure 1.8: .....Typical 1 hour Rated Partition Details

## CHAPTER 2: FIRE ALARM AND DETECTION SYSTEM

---

- Figure 2.1: .....Typical FACP NFS2-640 Installed in The Recreation Center
- Figure 2.2: .....Typical Sample Connections of NFS2-640 FACP
- Figure 2.3: .....Typical Area Smoke Detector in Recreation Center Fire Alarm System
- Figure 2.4: .....Typical Duct Detector in Recreation Center Fire Alarm System
- Figure 2.5: .....Typical Heat Detector in Recreation Center Fire Alarm System
- Figure 2.6: .....Typical Manual Fire Alarm Box in Recreation Center Fire Alarm System
- Figure 2.7: .....Typical Concealed Sprinkler Head in Recreation Center
- Figure 2.8: .....Typical Upright Sprinkler Head installed in the Center
- Figure 2.9: .....Typical Pendant Sprinkler Head installed in the Center
- Figure 2.10: .....Typical Recessed Sprinkler Head installed in the Center
- Figure 2.11: .....Typical Gate Valve OSY2 Tamper Switch for Recreation Center Fire Alarm
- Figure 2.12: .....Typical Sprinkler Riser Manifold
- Figure 2.13: .....Typical Speaker Strobe in Recreation Center
- Figure 2.14: .....Typical Horn/Strobe in Recreation Center



Figure 2.15: .....Typical Mounting Elevation Details in Recreation Center

Figure 2.16: .....Typical Center Gymnasium Audible/Visible Appliances Coverage

Figure 2.17: .....Battery Sizing for Fire Control Panel

Figure 2.18: .....Battery Sizing for Remote Power Supply for Notification Appliances

Figure 2.19: .....Battery Sizing for Remote Power Supply for Notification Appliances

Figure 2.20: .....Battery Sizing for Remote Power Supply for Notification Appliances

Figure 2.21: .....Battery Sizing for Remote Power Supply for Notification Appliances

Figure 2.22: .....Batter Sizing for Remote Power Supply for Notification Appliances

Figure 2.23: .....Voltage Drop Calculations for NAC

Figure 2.24: .....Voltage Drop Calculations for NAC

Figure 2.25: .....Voltage Drop Calculations for NAC

Figure 2.26: .....Voltage Drop Calculations for NAC

Figure 2.27: .....Voltage Drop Calculations for NAC

Figure 2.28: .....Sequence of Operation of Recreation Center Fire Alarm System

## CHAPTER 3: WATER-BASED FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEM

---

Figure 3.1: .....Extract from NFPA13-Figure 11.2.3.1.1

Figure 3.2: .....Extract from NFPA13, Design Area Reduction for QRS

Figure 3.3: .....REC Center Key Plan for Remote A, B, C and D

Figure 3.4: .....Risers Details: East Gymnasium Storage Room

Figure 3.5: .....Key Plan-Remote Area E

Figure 3.6: .....Riser Details: South West Main Gymnasium Room

Figure 3.7: .....Viking Concealed Sprinkler Heads

Figure 3.8: .....Viking Upright Sprinkler Heads

- Figure 3.9: .....Viking Pendant Sprinkler Heads
- Figure 3.10: .....Viking Recessed Sprinkler Heads
- Figure 3.11: .....Gymnasium Sprinkler Piping Arrangement
- Figure 3.12: .....Water Supply Hydraulic Curve

## CHAPTER 4: EGRESS ANALYSIS

---

- Figure 4.1a: .....Color-Coding of Space Designations: 1st Floor
- Figure 4.1b: .....Color-Coding of Space Designations: 1st Floor
- Figure 4.2: .....Color-Coding of Space Designations: 2nd Floor
- Figure 4.3: .....LSC Exhibit of Exit Access
- Figure 4.4: .....LSC Exhibit of Various Forms of Exits
- Figure 4.5: .....LSC Exhibit of Spaces Constituting Exit Discharge
- Figure 4.6: .....LSC-Corridor Capacity
- Figure 4.7: .....Extract from LSC-Minimum Number of Means of Egress
- Figure 4.8: .....LSC Capacity of Exits Stairs Serving Multiple Floors
- Figure 4.9: .....Extract from LSC-Exhibit of Converging Egress Capacity
- Figure 4.10: .....LSC Minimum Egress Door Width
- Figure 4.11: .....Remoteness Assessment
- Figure 4.12: .....Extract from 2nd Floor
- Figure 4.13: .....North-West Common Path of Travel
- Figure 4.14: .....South West Common Path of Travel
- Figure 4.15: .....South-East Common Path of Travel
- Figure 4.16: .....North East Common Paths of Travel
- Figure 4.17: .....Dead-End Corridor
- Figure 4.18: .....Exit Access Path Obstruction
- Figure 4.19: .....Egress Capacity and Permitted Obstructions
- Figure 4.20: .....Door-Leaf Encroachment
- Figure 4.21: .....Recessed Pocket Corridor
- Figure 4.22: .....Extract from LSC-Tread Measurements

Figure 4.23: .....Typical Stairway Details in the Recreation Center

Figure 4.24: .....Typical Handrail Details for the Recreation Center

Figure 4.25: .....Typical Stair Section Details at Center

Figure 4.26: .....Wall Mounted Handrail

Figure 4.27: .....Head Room Measurement

Figure 4.28: .....Typical Ramp Details

Figure 4.29: .....Extract from SFPE Handbook-Decision Processes in a Fire

Figure 4.30: .....Pathfinder Theater Evacuation Model

Figure 4.31: .....Pathfinder Model for Recreation Center Evacuation

## II PERFORMANCE-BASED ANALYSIS

Figure II-1..... Performance-Based Analysis Schematic

Figure II-2..... Tenability Acceptance Criteria

Figure II-3..... Fire Scenario on 1st Floor

Figure II-4..... Fire Scenario on 2nd Floor

Figure II-5..... Concert Fire Diagram

Figure II-6..... Pyrosim Model-Gymnasium Concert Fire

Figure II-7..... DETACT-Model Concert Fire Scenario

Figure II-8..... Pathfinder Model-Gymnasium Concert Fire

Figure II-9..... Visibility-2m above walking ground floor

Figure II-10.....Visibility-2m above walking 2nd floor

Figure II-11.....Carbon Monoxide Concentration-Concert Fire

Figure II-12.....Hot Layer Gas Temperature

Figure II-13.....Peak HRR for 1L Gasoline Spill Fire

Figure II-14.....Pyrosim Model-Fire under Bleachers

Figure II-15.....DETACT-Model-Fire under Bleachers

Figure II-16.....Pathfinder Model-Fire under Bleachers

Figure II-17.....Visibility-2m above Walking Floor

Figure II-18.....Carbon Monoxide Concentration-Fire under Bleachers

Figure II-19.....Hot Layer Gas Temperature

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

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This report summarizes the analysis of the existing fire protection features and systems installed in the Recreation Center building on the Cal Poly campus. The analysis is conducted into two different approaches.

A prescriptive analysis approach will examine installed fire protection features and systems in accordance with the International Building Code. The analysis will consider the building as existing building as per IBC provisions.

A performance-based approach will assess whether the building occupants will egress the building before conditions become untenable. Fire dynamic simulations will be used to determine the available safe egress time and evacuation simulations will be performed to estimate the required safe egress time.

Two fire scenarios were analyzed to assess tenability conditions. The first fire scenario assuming a stage fire during a fully-packed-gymnasium concert has revealed that conditions become quickly untenable for second floor bleachers top seat occupants. The same conclusion was reached for the assessment of the second fire scenario assuming fire under bleachers on the second floor.

The following recommendations were put forward to enhance safety of personnel and users of the Rec Center:

- Training of personnel in enforcement of life safety management procedures and regular fire safety awareness campaigns were suggested as important tools to improve safety factor between ASET and RSET.
- Re-assessment of installed sprinkler system in the gymnasium as existing system was designed for light hazard occupancy while the bleachers flammability study revealed that the gymnasium should be classified as extra ordinary hazard occupancy.

Performance-based analysis of postulated fire scenarios is encouraged in order to formulate comprehensive improvement life safety measures for the Rec Center.

# INTRODUCTION

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The Recreation Center opened in 1993 as the first comprehensive facility of its kind in the California State University system. It became an instant recreational hub for California Polytechnic State University students and San Luis Obispo community. As Cal Poly enrollment continued to grow as the usage of the Recreation Center increased to the point of overcrowding; a decision to renovate and expand was taken in 2008 after student protest actions.

In 2009, through the shared vision, hard work and financial commitment of Cal Poly students, the construction works started.

The expanded Recreation Center was opened in January 2012 as a welcoming destination for Cal Poly community to relax, recreate and socialize. The renovated Recreation Center is 165000 square feet of recreation space that includes three separate exercise areas filled with state of the art weight and cardio equipment, three fitness studios for group exercise classes, an indoor track, a lounge area, a leisure pool, locker rooms with individual showers, a martial arts training room and much more variety of fitness and recreation programs that promote lifelong healthy habits.

The project work will analyze the current conditions of the fire protection systems installed in the Recreation Center based on the prescriptive requirements of applicable codes. The fire protection systems that are analyzed include structural fire protection, water-based fire suppression systems, fire alarm and detection systems, and egress systems.

A performance-based analysis will be conducted to assess the gymnasium egress time assuming two fire scenarios. The first scenario assumes a fire emanating from sound equipment on a stage during a concert held in the main gymnasium with all bleachers in fully expanded positions. The other scenario simulates a fire under bleachers on the second floor of the main gymnasium with bleachers on the first floor in retracted position

The following codes and standards, applicable as per August 1<sup>st</sup> 2007, formed the design basis for the construction and operation of the Recreation Center:

- 2007 California Administration Code, Part 1, Title 24
- 2007 California Building Code (CBC), Part 2, Title 24  
(2006 International Building Code with 2007 California requirements)
- 2007 California Electrical Code (CEC), Part 3, Title 24  
(2005 National Electrical Code with 2007 California requirements)
- 2007 California Mechanical Code (CMC), Part 4, Title 24  
(2006 Uniform Mechanical Code with 2007 California requirements)
- 2007 California Fire Code (CFC), Part 9, Title 24  
(2006 International Fire Code with 2007 California requirements)

- 2007 California Referenced Standards Code, Part 12, Title 24
- Applicable NFPA standards:
  - NFPA 13: Automatic Sprinkler systems (2003 Edition)
  - NFPA 14: Standpipes Systems (2002 Edition)
  - NFPA 72: National Fire Alarm Codes (2007 edition)



# PART I: PRESCRIPTIVE APPROACH

## CHAPTER 1: STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

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The Cal Poly Recreation Center would be classified as group A in accordance with IBC Use and Occupancy Classification requirements, referring to IBC 2009-Section 303: “*Assembly Group A occupancy includes, among others, the use of a building or structure, or a portion thereof, for the gathering of persons for purpose such civic, social or religious functions; recreation, food or drink consumption or awaiting transportation*”.

In particular, the Rec Center main gymnasium complies with the definition of an atrium (as per ICC-2009, Section 404.1.1); therefore the Rec Center shall comply with requirements as prescribed in section 404.2 to 404.9

However it is recognized that the Rec Center is a mixed and non-separated occupancy building, as defined by IBC section 508.3.1. As such, it shall comply with all requirements that are applicable to each of the purposes for which the room or space will be occupied.

**Table 1.1: Occupation Classification**

Use of room / Space	Occupancy Classification
Gymnasium	A-3
Fitness	A-3
Offices / Administration	B
Yoga / Meditation	A-3
Storage rooms	S
Mechanical/Electrical Equipment rooms/spaces	Accessory (Incidental use)

Section 503 of IBC-2009 is used to determine what building construction type the Rec Center can be classified into based on its occupancy type and physical dimensions.

The Rec Center has the following physical dimensions:

- a) Number of stories: 2
- b) Height: 65 ft (average height of highest roof)
- c) Total area: 165 715 Square ft

Based on the physical dimensions, the Rec Center can be classified to be Type I-B building construction in accordance with IBC-2009, Table 503. Refer to Table 1.2 below for details.

Table 1.2: Extract from Table 503: Allowable Building Heights and Areas

**TABLE 503**  
**ALLOWABLE BUILDING HEIGHTS AND AREAS\***

Building height limitations shown in feet above grade plane. Story limitations shown as stories above grade plane.  
Building area limitations shown in square feet, as determined by the definition of "Area, building," per story

GROUP	HEIGHT(feet)	TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION									
		TYPE I		TYPE II		TYPE III		TYPE IV	TYPE V		
		A	B	A	B	A	B	HT	A	B	
		UL	160	65	55	65	55	65	50	40	
		STORIES(S) AREA (A)									
A-1	S	UL	5	3	2	3	2	3	2	1	
	A	UL	UL	15,500	8,500	14,000	8,500	15,000	11,500	5,500	
A-2	S	UL	11	3	2	3	2	3	2	1	
	A	UL	UL	15,500	9,500	14,000	9,500	15,000	11,500	6,000	
A-3	S	UL	11	3	2	3	2	3	2	1	
	A	UL	UL	15,500	9,500	14,000	9,500	15,000	11,500	6,000	
A-4	S	UL	11	3	2	3	2	3	2	1	
	A	UL	UL	15,500	9,500	14,000	9,500	15,000	11,500	6,000	
A-5	S	UL	UL	UL	UL	UL	UL	UL	UL	UL	
	A	UL	UL	UL	UL	UL	UL	UL	UL	UL	
B	S	UL	11	5	3	5	3	5	3	2	
	A	UL	UL	37,500	23,000	28,500	19,000	36,000	18,000	9,000	
E	S	UL	5	3	2	3	2	3	1	1	
	A	UL	UL	26,500	14,500	23,500	14,500	25,500	18,500	9,500	
F-1	S	UL	11	4	2	3	2	4	2	1	
	A	UL	UL	25,000	15,500	19,000	12,000	33,500	14,000	8,500	
F-2	S	UL	11	5	3	4	3	5	3	2	
	A	UL	UL	37,500	23,000	28,500	18,000	50,500	21,000	13,000	

However with addition of fire protection features, there is a need to check if other building types would have been allowed.

IBC section 504.2 allows for the values specified in Table 503 for maximum building height to be increased by 20 ft and the maximum number of stories to be increased by one, where a building is equipped throughout with an approved automatic sprinkler system in accordance with IBC section 903.1.1.1.

IBC section 506.1, the building areas limited by IBC Table 503 shall be permitted to be increased due to frontage ( $I_f$ ) and automatic sprinkler system protection ( $I_s$ ) in accordance with the following formula:

$$A_a = \{A_t + [A_t \times I_f] + [A_t \times I_s]\}$$

Where a building has more than 25% of its perimeter on a public way or open space having a minimum width of 20 ft, the frontage increase shall be determined in accordance with:

$$I_f = [F/P - 0.25] W/30$$

Where:

F= Building perimeter that fronts on a public way or open space having 20 ft open minimum width.

P= Perimeter of entire building

W= Width of public way or open space

When a building is equipped throughout with an approved automatic sprinkler system in accordance with IBC Section 903.3.1.1, the building area limitation in Table 503 is permitted to be increased by an additional 200 % for building with more than one story above grade plane.

In our analysis, it appears that the total area of the Rec Center is the driving factor of the building type determination. Calculations were performed to determine the increased areas due to the installation of an approved automatic sprinkler system throughout the building.

Table 1.3 gives a summary of the increased areas of other construction types.

Summary of increased tabular values:

**Table 1.3: Summary of Increased Areas for Building Construction Types due to Automatic Sprinkler System Installation**

Occupancy Groups	Type II		Type III		Type IV	Type V	
	A	B	A	B		A	B
<b>Group A-3</b>							
<b>Tabular A</b>	15500	9500	14000	9500	15000	11500	6000
<b>Increased A</b>	49083	30083	44333	30083	47500	36416	19000
<b>Group B</b>							
<b>Tabular A</b>	37500	23000	28500	19000	36000	18000	9000
<b>Increased A</b>	118750	72833	90250	60166	114000	57000	28500

The increased areas and story heights due to frontage and automatic sprinkler system installation revealed that no other building construction types would have been allowed in accordance with IBC provisions; therefore the design selection limiting factor is the building floor area.

**FIRE RESISTANCE RATING OF CONSTRUCTION ELEMENTS**

Building elements of the Rec Center shall have a fire-resistance rating not less than that specified in IBC-2009, Table 601 and applicable provision of Section 703.2; and non-load bearing exterior walls shall have a fire-resistance rating not less than the specified in Table 602.

Table 1.4: Extract from IBC Table 601: Fire Resistance Rating

Building Element	Fire Resistance Ratings
Primary structural frame	2
Exterior bearing walls	2
Interior bearing walls	2
Exterior nonbearing walls & partitions	See Table 602
Interior nonbearing walls & partitions	0
Floor construction & secondary members	2
Roof construction & secondary members	1

Table 1.5: Extract from IBC Table 602: Fire Resistance Rating

TABLE 602  
FIRE-RESISTANCE RATING REQUIREMENTS FOR EXTERIOR WALLS BASED ON FIRE SEPARATION DISTANCE<sup>a</sup>.

FIRE SEPARATION DISTANCE =X (feet)	TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION	OCCUPANCY GROUP <sup>f</sup>	OCCUPANCY GROUP F-1, M, S-1 <sup>g</sup>	OCCUPANCY GROUP A, B, E, F-2, I, R, S-2 <sup>g</sup> , u <sup>h</sup>
X < 5 <sup>c</sup>	All	3	2	1
5 ≤ X < 10	IA	3	2	1
	Others	2	1	1
10 ≤ X < 30	IA, IB	2	1	1 <sup>d</sup>
	IIB, VB	1	0	0
	Others	1	1	1 <sup>d</sup>
X ≥ 30	All	0	0	0

For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm.

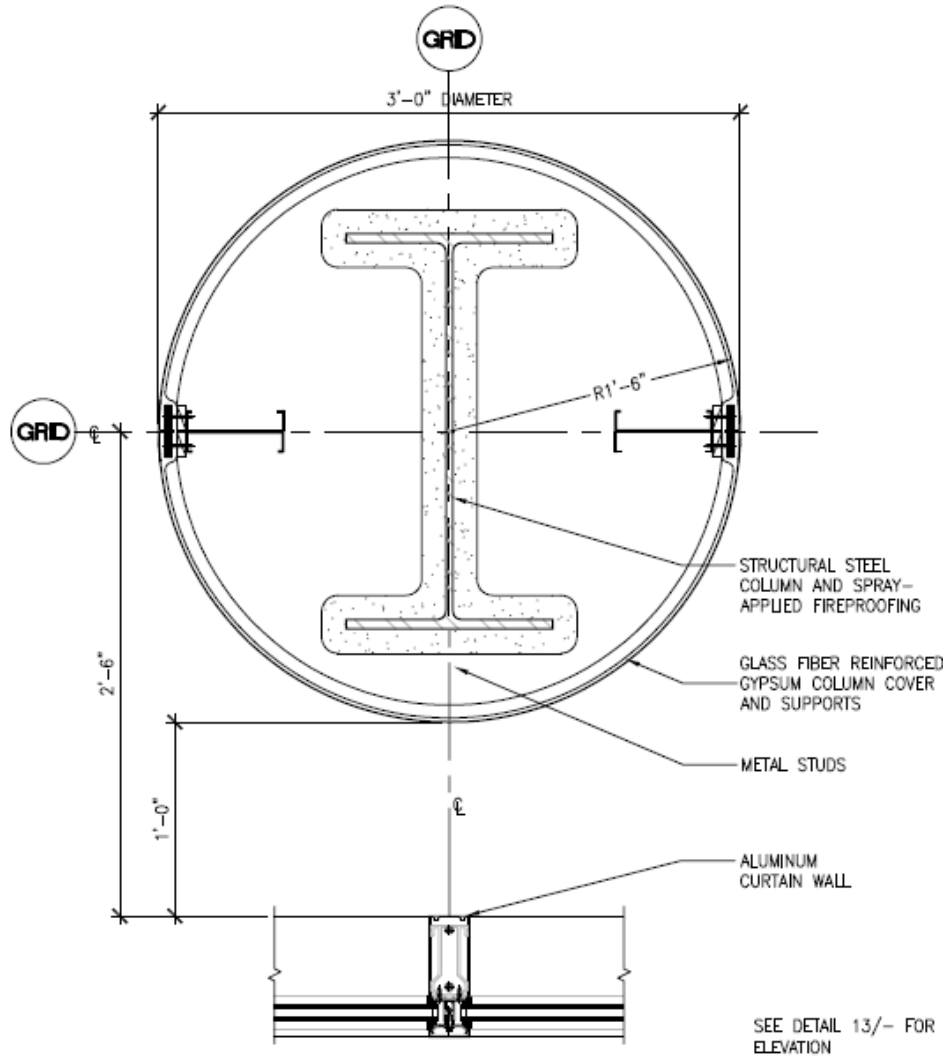
IBC-2009, Section 602.1.1 prescribes minimum requirements as the following: “a building or portion thereof shall not be required to conform to the details of a type of construction higher than that type which meets the minimum requirements based on occupancy even though certain features of such a building actually conform to a higher type of construction”.

Building elements in construction Type I-B are of noncombustible materials. The Rec Center building elements shall meet the following minimum fire-resistance ratings in accordance with IBC requirements as shown in Table 1.4 and 1.5.

The following building elements in the Rec Center were selected for assessment:

**a) Columns:**

Columns are part of the primary structure of the Rec Center; columns are of different physical properties, but they are all protected with a spray applied fire resistive material to meet required fire rating of 2 hours (refer to Table 1.4) and enclosed in concrete, metal cover, glass fiber reinforced gypsum for interior steel columns (GFRG) or in glass fiber reinforced concrete (GFRC) for exterior columns. as shown in the drawings below:



*Figure 1.1: Typical Interior CFRG Column Cover*

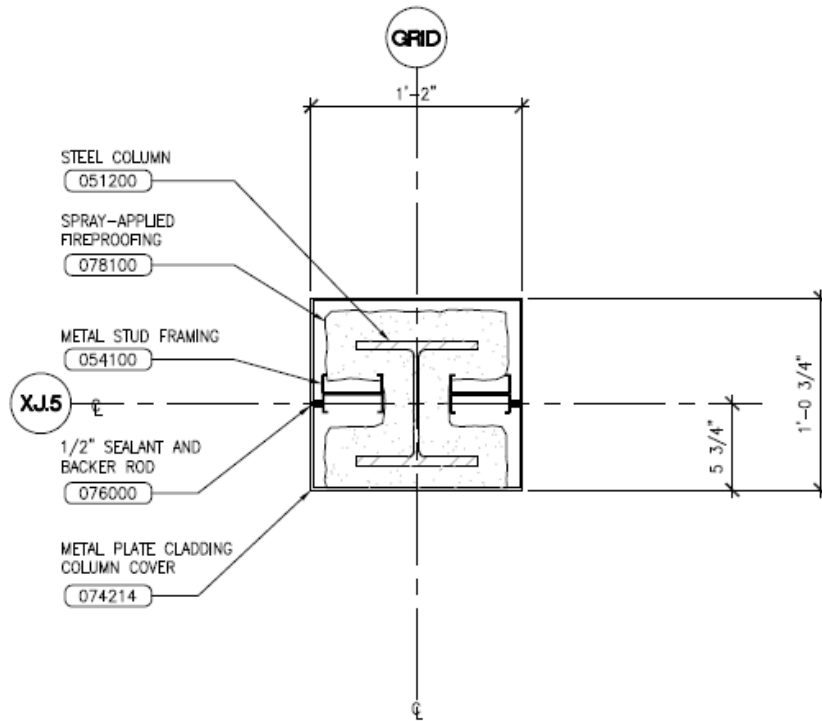


Figure 1.2: Typical Interior Metal Column Cover

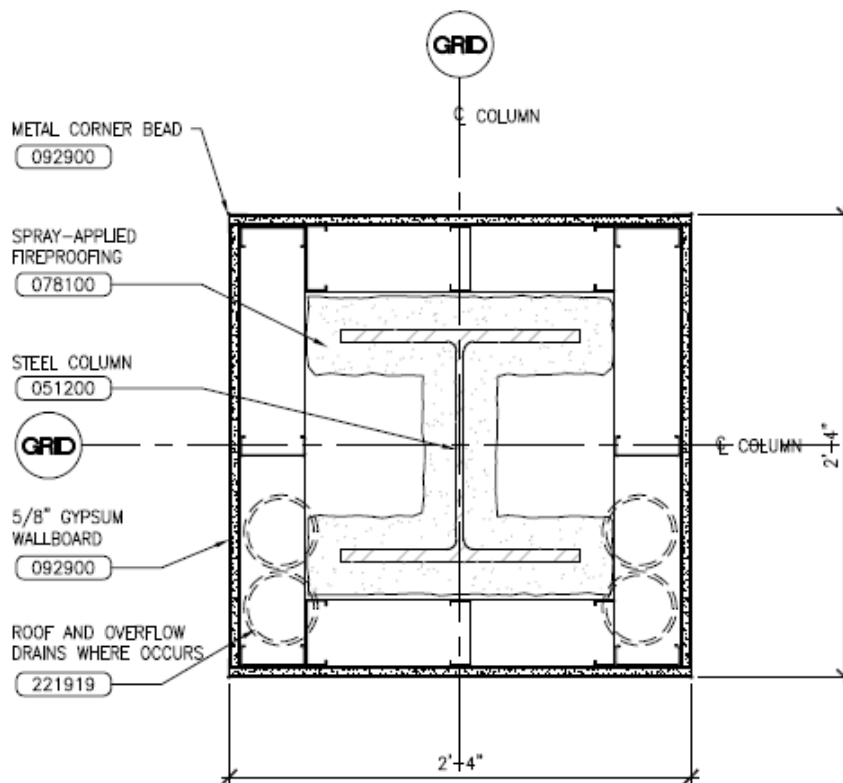


Figure 1.3: Typical Gypsum Wallboard Column Cover



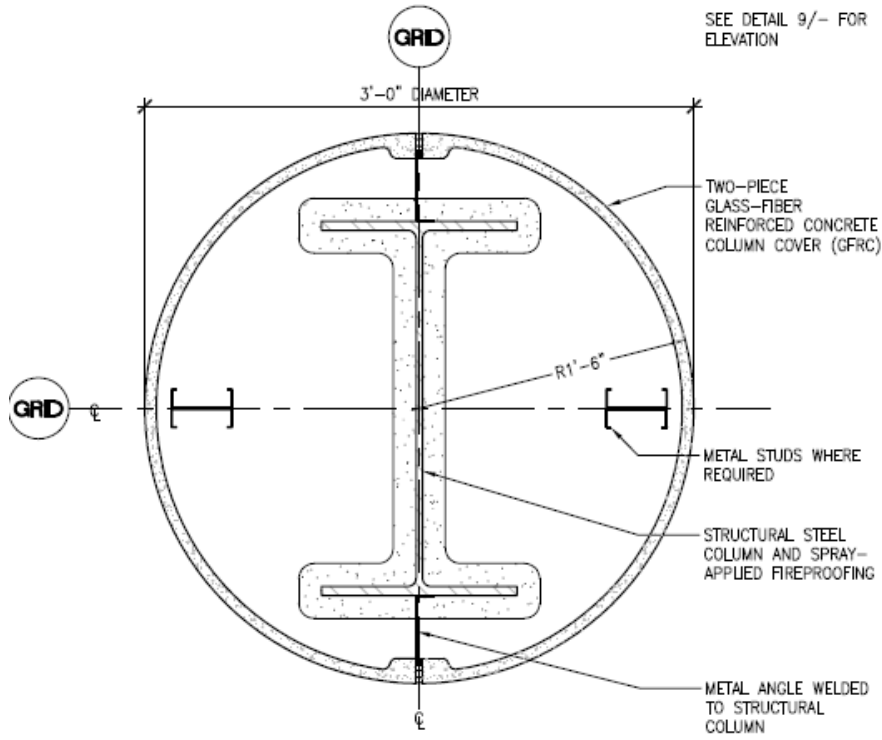


Figure 1.4: Typical Exterior GFRC Column Cover

**b) Beams**

Columns and beams part of the primary structure are sprayed with a fire resistant material in order to meet the 2 hours fire-resistance rating as required. In addition to SFRM some beams are enclosed in metal cover as shown in the drawing below:

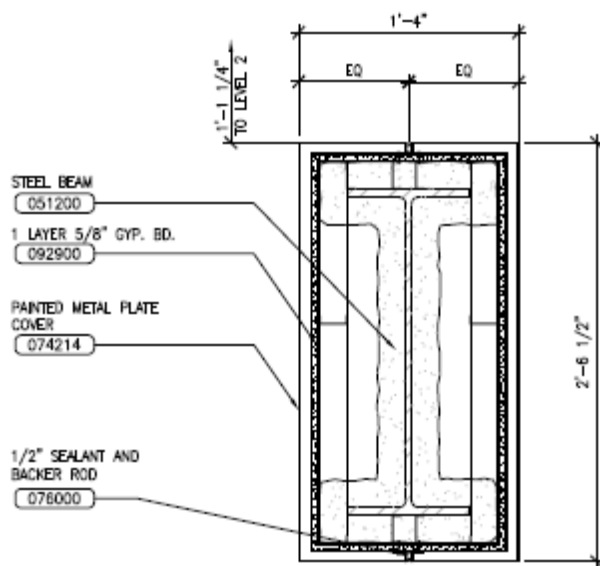


Figure 1.5: Typical Beam Metal Cover

### c) Floor and Roof Assemblies

Floor and roof assemblies are rated for 2 hours; different designs are used in order to meet the required fire-resistance of 2 hours. Depending on type of ceiling, suspended floor/ceiling are covered with 5/8" gypsum wallboard or with 7/8" plaster over metal lath

The following drawings illustrate different roof and floor designs used at the Rec Center.

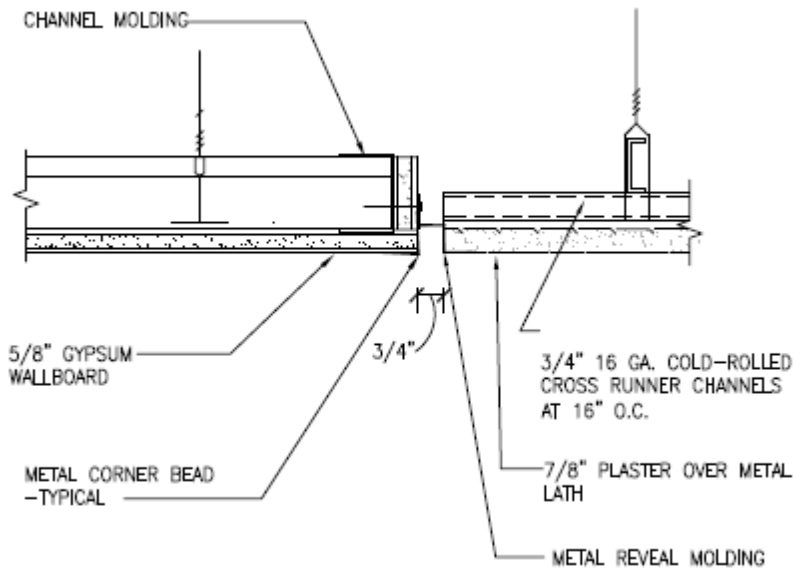
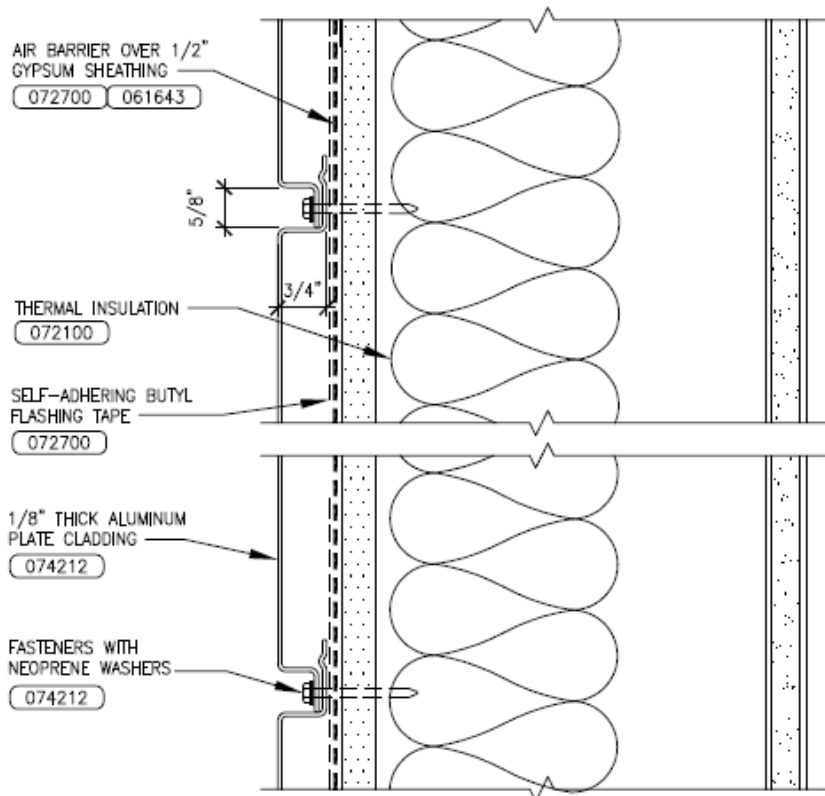


Figure 1.6: *Typical Suspended Plaster/Gypsum Wallboard*

### d) Exterior and Interior Walls

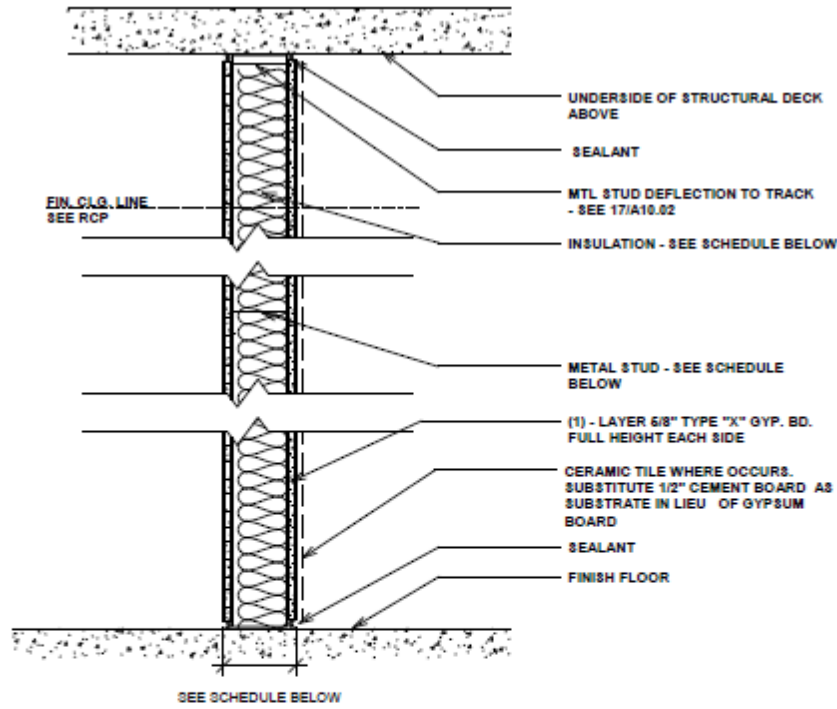
The loading bearing interior and exterior walls are constructed with 2 hours fire-resistance. Several designs are used to achieve the required fire-resistance rating, some walls have 5/8" gypsum wallboard cover over the metal stud framing (Component additive method)



*Figure 1.7: Typical Metal Plate Wall Cladding*

**e) Partitions**

There are no fire-resistance requirements for non-load bearing partitions as per IBC-2009, Table 601. However the Rec Center building has non-rated partitions, 1 hour and 2 hour fire-rated (UL system) partitions. See Appendix B for non-rated typical details.



SEE SCHEDULE BELOW

TYPE	STUD SIZE	PARTITION WIDTH	INSULATION STC	KEYED NOTES
P1	4"	5-1/4"	4" THICK/ STC	N/A
P2	6"	7-1/4"	4" THICK/ STC	N/A

Ⓟ ONE-HOUR RATED PARTITION TYPE "P" - DETAIL  
 1 1/2" = 1'-0"

TYPE 'N' PARTITION PER MANUFACTURER  
 - SEE SPECIFICATION SECTION 132488

Figure 1.8: Typical 1 Hour Rated Partition Details

## CHAPTER 2: FIRE ALARM AND DETECTION SYSTEM

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### TYPES AND OPERATING CHARACTERISTIC OF FIRE ALARM SYSTEM

The fire alarm system in the Rec Center is made of addressable initiating devices and notification appliances. Each device has got a specific electronic address, at any point of time the fire alarm control panel (FACP) gets feedback from those devices and each device status can be checked on the FACP display panel and also is displayed on the fire alarm annunciator display panel. The fire alarm control panel differentiate between three types of signals:

- a. Alarm signals: which indicate a fire or fire signature conditions; the fire alarm control panel activates notification appliances (audible and visual) to alert occupants to evacuate. The signals are automatically transmitted to the proprietary supervising station to organize appropriate intervention.
- b. Supervisory signals: which are indicative of a need for action in connection with other systems connected to the fire alarm system; the FACP relay automatically the signal to the proprietary supervising station located at the campus police department. The operator in attendance informs the campus Electrical Service Department in order to take appropriate measures (fix the problem).
- c. Trouble signals: these signals are initiated by a device or a system to indicate a fault in the monitored device or system. The signals get transmitted to the operator in the proprietary supervising station to organize intervention.

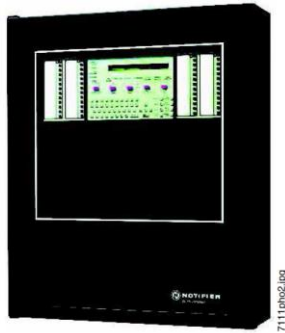
The fire alarm system also interfaces with other auxiliary systems, such as elevator recall system, and smoke management system, which are activated in fire conditions.

The Rec Center fire alarm system is a building fire alarm system as defined in NFPA72 (2010 edition) §3.3.95.4.1 that is connected to a proprietary supervising station alarm system connecting all the individual building fire alarm systems installed on the Cal Poly campus. The supervising station is located in the university police department building. There are operators in attendance at all times supervising, monitoring and responding to the campus individual building fire alarm system signals.

The campus Electrical Service Department is in charge of maintenance of all the campus building fire alarm systems.

The main purpose of the Rec Center building fire alarm system is to activate local audible and visible alarm notification appliances to notify the occupants that they must evacuate the protected building in a fire condition and to send fire alarm signal to the supervising station.

The building fire alarm system uses Honeywell model NFS2-640 fire alarm control panel; located in the same room as the main electric power supply cabinets. This room is locked and access is limited to authorize people only.



NFS2-640

The NFS2-640 intelligent Fire Alarm Control Panel is part of the ONYX® Series of Fire Alarm Controls from NOTIFIER. In stand-alone or network configurations, NOTIFIER claims that this product meets virtually every application requirements. The model is designed with modularity and for ease of system planning, the NFS2-640 can be configured with just a few devices for small building applications, or for a large campus application. The model NFS2-640 is Listed to UL Standard 864, 9<sup>th</sup> edition.

Figure 2.1: Typical FACP NFS2-640 Installed in the Recreation Center

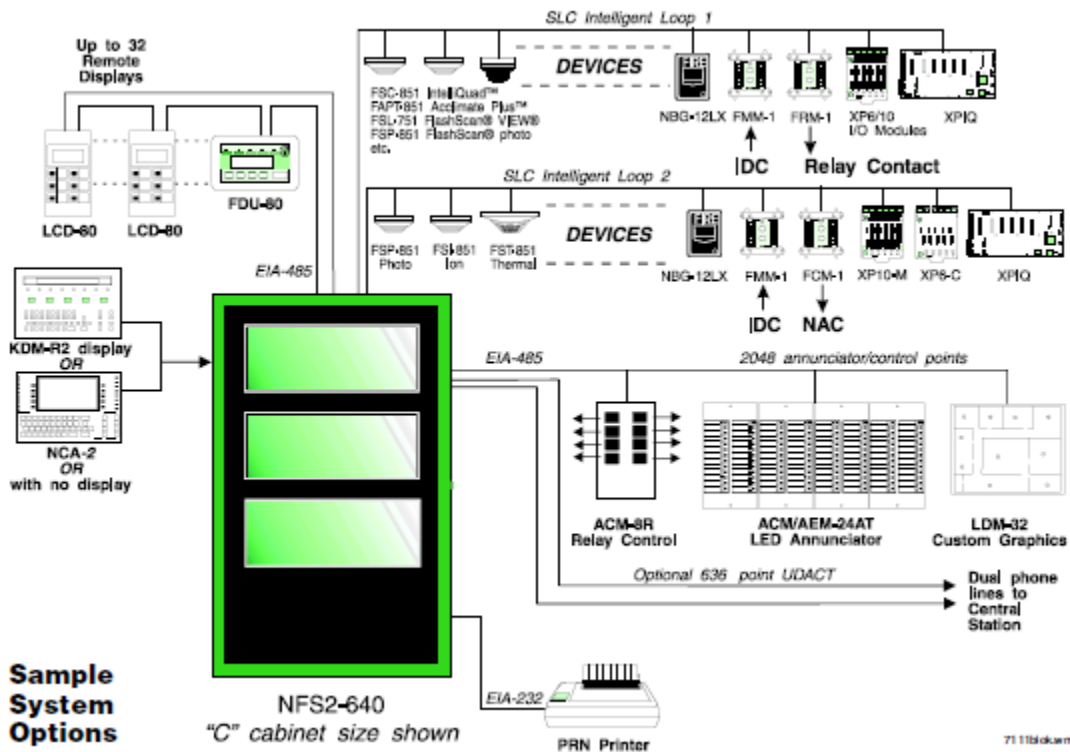


Figure 2.2: Typical Sample Connections of NFS2-640 FACP

A fire alarm annunciator panel is conveniently located in the reception area, behind the front desk counter where selected devices status are displayed. In this location, maintenance people and first fire respondents can assess signal conditions of the building fire alarm system and coordinate actions accordingly.



## TYPES AND LOCATION OF INITIATING DEVICES

The initiating devices are located in several rooms and on each floor area.

Most of the initiating devices used in the Rec Center fire alarm system are from a single manufacturer .i.e. Honeywell; this has many advantages as it ensures compatibility, easy integration of the system as whole; hence makes maintenance planning easier as spares management is simplified and provided by one single supplier.

The following devices are installed in the Rec Center building fire alarm system:

a) **Smoke Detector:**

NOTIFIER (by Honeywell): Low-Profile Intelligent Photoelectric Smoke Detector: FSP-851. NOTIFIER 851 Series intelligent (addressable) plug-in smoke detectors with integral communication and detector sensitivity can be programmed in the control panel software. Sensitivity is continuously monitored and reported to the panel. Point ID capability allows each



FSP-851 with B710LP base

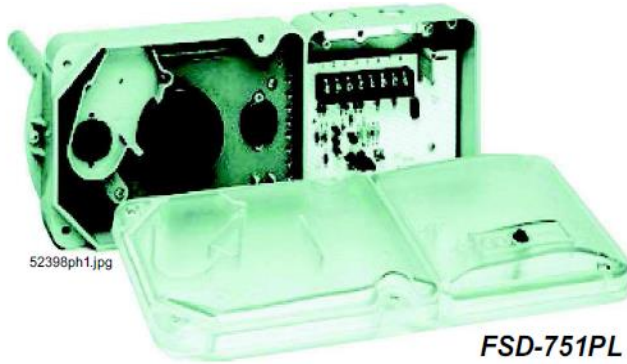
detector's address to be set with decade address switches, providing exact detector location for selective maintenance when chamber contamination reaches an unacceptable level. The FSP-851 photoelectric detector's unique optical sensing chamber is engineered to sense smoke produced by a wide range of combustion sources. FSP-851 detectors are compatible with all NOTIFIER intelligent Fire Alarm Control Panels (FACP).

*Figure 2.3: Typical Area Smoke Detector in Recreation Center Fire Alarm System*

NOTIFIER model B710LP base is the typical addressable and clip flanged type mounting base used for area smoke and heat detectors installed in the Recreation Center. To the exception of smoke detectors installed inside of air duct, which use B501 type mounting base.

b) **Duct-type Smoke Detector:**

NOTIFIER (by HoneyWell): Intelligent Photoelectric Duct Smoke Detector: FSD-751PL  
NOTIFIER FSD-751PL Intelligent (addressable) Photoelectric Smoke Duct Detectors provide low-flow technology that enables duct smoke detection throughout a broad range of airflow environments in HVAC applications. The low-flow technology can detect smoke at air speed velocities of 100 feet per minute (0.5 m/sec) or greater, while continuing the same reliable performance to 4,000 feet per minute (20.32 m/sec). The intelligent low-flow duct detectors sample air currents passing through a duct and gives dependable performance for shutdown of



fans, blowers, and air conditioning systems, preventing the spread of toxic smoke and fire gases through the protected area. FSD-751PL is compatible with all NOTIFIER addressable panels.

*Figure 2.4: Typical Duct Detector in Recreation Center Fire Alarm System*

c) **Heat Detector:**

NOTIFIER (by HoneyWell): Intelligent Heat Detector: FST-851.

NOTIFIER FST-851 Series intelligent plug-in heat detectors with integral communication provide features that surpass conventional detectors. Detector sensitivity can be programmed in the control panel software. Sensitivity is continuously monitored and reported to the panel. Point ID capability allows each detector's address to be set with decade address switches, providing exact detector locations for selective maintenance when chamber contamination reaches an unacceptable level. FST-851 Series thermal detectors use an innovative thermistor sensing circuit to produce 135°F/57°C fixed-temperature (FST- 851). These thermal detectors provide cost

effective, intelligent property protection in a variety of applications. FST-851 Series detectors are compatible with all NOTIFIER Intelligent Fire Alarm Control Panels (FACPs).



**FST-851 Series in B710LP base**

*Figure 2.5: Typical Heat Detector in Recreation Center Fire Alarm System*

d) **Manual Fire Alarm Box:**

NOTIFIER (by HoneyWell) Intelligent Manual Pull Station: NBG-12LX

NOTIFIER model NBG-12LX is a state-of-the-art, dual-action (i.e., requires two motions to activate)

pull station that includes an addressable interface for most NOTIFIER intelligent control series panels. Because the NBG-12LX is addressable, the control panel can display the exact location of the activated manual station. This leads fire personnel quickly to the location of the alarm.



The NBG-12LX

*Figure 2.6: Typical Manual Fire Alarm Box in Recreation Center Fire Alarm System*

e) **Wet-pipe Fire Sprinkler Heads:**

The entire Center is fully covered by a water-based fire suppression system. The sprinkler heads are thermal elements that are activated by heat. When a sprinkler head is activated, water flows through broken thermal glass; and hence a flow switch installed in the sprinkler riser manifold connected to the building FACP initiates an alarm signal.

Water-based fire suppression system installed in the Rec Center is discussed in chapter 3.

f) **Supervisory Signal Initiating Devices**

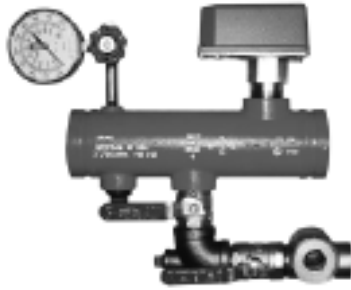
- I. Gate valve OSY monitoring switch: SYSTEM SENSOR, model OSY2, is equipped with tamper resistant cover screws to prevent unauthorized entry. Inside, two sets of SPDT

(Single pole, double throw- a simple type of changeover electrical switch) synchronized switches are enclosed in a durable terminal block to assure reliable performance. There is also a 100 percent synchronization with the installed fire alarm control panel.



*Figure 2.11: Typical Gate Valve OSY2 Tamper Switch for Recreation Center Fire Alarm*

II. Flow Switch and Tamper Switch: POTTER, model VSC.



The exclusive and dedicated flow switch designed for the riser manifolds has been tested and Listed for use in this specific configuration by UL and FM. The riser manifold connects the sprinkler valve to the rest of wet piping system. The flow switch and tamper switch in a single assembly provides the necessary signals (alarm, supervisory and trouble). The model VSC is suitable for indoor or outdoor use with factory installed gasket and die-cast housing:

- NEMA 4/IP55 rated enclosure - use with appropriate conduit fitting.
- Temperature range: 40°F to 120°F (4.5°C to 49°C)

Figure 2.12: Typical Sprinkler Riser Manifold

The following table summarizes the type and location of signaling devices in the Rec Center building:

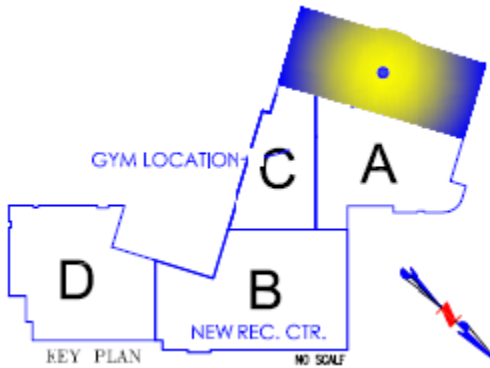


Figure 2.13: Rec Center Key Plan – Zone Details (E is Highlighted)

The table below shall be read with reference to floor maps in Appendix A

Table 2.1: Initiating Devices installed in the Recreation Center

Device Type	Numbers of devices					
	First Floor	Zone A	Zone B	Zone C	Zone D	Zone E
Area smoke detectors		0	6	15	1	6
Duct-type air smoke detectors		0	0	1	0	1
Heat detectors		0	1	2	0	0
Manual fire alarm box (manual pull station)		6	3	4	4	1

Device Type	Numbers of devices				
Flow switches and Tamper switches	0	2 and 2	0	0	1 and 1
Second Floor	Zone A	Zone B	Zone C		Zone E
Area smoke detectors	4	6	7		0
Duct-type air smoke detectors	0	0	0		0
Heat detectors	0	0	0		0
Manual fire alarm box (manual pull station)	1	2	1		1
Flow switches and Tamper switches	0	0	0		0
Roof	Common Zone				
Duct-type air smoke detectors				8	
Manual fire alarm box (manual pull station)				4	

## LOCATION, SPACING AND PLACEMENT OF FIRE DETECTORS

The general requirements stipulated in NFPA72, chap 17 will be used in this section to study compliance of fire detectors installed in the Rec Center. We have recognized that the building fire alarm system was designed in accordance with NFPA 72-2007 edition, however for our analysis we are going to use NFPA 72-2010 as tasked.

NFPA 17.4.5 stipulates that initiating devices shall be installed in all areas, compartments, or locations where required by other governing laws, codes, or standards. NFPA 72, chapter 17 answers the questions relative to how many devices are required and how they should be installed.

In the absence of performance objectives of the fire alarm system installed; we can assume however that the system design followed at least the code prescriptive requirements. This assumption enables us to assess the location, spacing and placement of the signaling devices based purely on the prescriptive requirements under applicable sections of NFPA72, chapter 17.

We will assess location, spacing and placement of each installed initiating device in the following order:

- Area smoke detectors;
- Duct-type smoke detectors;
- Heat detectors;
- Manual fire alarm boxes (manual pull station); and
- Devices used for supervisory signals.

The technical specifications of typical initiating devices installed in the Rec Center are summarized below:

- a) Smoke detector:

Spot-type, addressable. Photoelectric detector, UL and FM approved for nominal spacing of 30 ft (7.14 m) for ceiling height up to 10 ft (3.148 m) and higher.

There are installed either ceiling mounted or inside of return air ducts:

i. Ceiling mounting

NFPA 72, 2010 edition, §17.7.3.2.1: Spot-type smoke detectors shall be located on the ceiling or, if on a sidewall, between the ceiling and 12 in. (300 mm) down from the ceiling to the top of the detector.

ii. Inside of return air ducts

NFPA 72, 2010 edition, §17.7.5.4.2.2: Unless otherwise modified by 17.7.5.4.2.2(A) or 17.7.5.4.2.2(B), if the detection of smoke in the return air system is required by other NFPA standards, a detector(s) listed for the air velocity present shall be located where the air leaves each smoke compartment, or in the duct system before the air enters the return air system common to more than one smoke compartment.

**A.17.7.5.4.2.2:** Detectors listed for the air velocity present can be permitted to be installed at the opening where the return air enters the common return air system. The detectors should be installed up to 12 in. (300 mm) in front of or behind the opening and spaced according to the following opening dimensions [see Figure A.17.7.5.4.2.2(a) through Figure A.17.7.5.4.2.2(c)]:

b) Duct-type smoke detector:

Duct-type smoke detector. Spot-type, photoelectric and addressable. Can operate in duct air velocity: 0.5 to 20.32 m/s and under temperature 32 to 135 °C.

NFPA 72, 2010 edition, §17.7.5.5.2 (2): Air duct detectors shall be installed in such a way as to obtain a representative sample of the airstream. This installation shall be permitted to be achieved by rigid mounting to the wall of the duct with the sensing element protruding into the duct.

**A.17.7.5.5.2:** Where duct detectors are used to initiate the operation of smoke dampers, they should be located so that the detector is between the last inlet or outlet upstream of the damper and the first inlet or outlet downstream of the damper.

The assessment of location, spacing and placement of area smoke detectors were based on the available fire alarm system drawings and site walk downs. The following observations were made.

Refer to Appendix C for detector layout floor plan details.

*Table 2.2: Smoke Detectors installed in the Recreation Center*

Location	Placement and Spacing
<b>First Floor</b>	
<b>Zone A</b>	
No area or air duct smoke detectors. This is deemed adequate as area has got manual pull stations and emergency telephones at each exit door.	

Location	Placement and Spacing
<b>Zone B</b>	
Elevator 2 lobby room 130: L1D016	Located on flat smooth ceiling just above elevator door; placement deemed compliant.
Elevator 2 machine room: L1D017	Located on flat smooth ceiling, spacing compliant as per room size
Intramurals office room 134: L1D019	In-duct smoke detector; placement deemed compliant
Electrical room 136: L1D020 and L1D023	One area smoke detector on ceiling(D020), one in-duct detector; placement deemed compliant as per room size
Work room: DSD022	In-duct smoke detector, placement deemed compliant
<b>Zone C</b>	
Electric room 113: L1D001	Located on flat smooth ceiling, spacing compliant as per room size
Elevator 1 machine room 115: L1D002	Located on level ceiling with beam height greater than 10 percent of ceiling height. §17.7.3.2.4.2.2(b) applied, compliant to the code
Elevator 1 lobby room 111: L1D004	Located on smooth ceiling just above elevator 1 door; placement deemed compliant
Telecom room 114: L1D005, L1D006, L1D007 & L1D008	In-duct smoke detectors, placement deemed compliant
Control room 110C: L1D010	Located on flat smooth ceiling, spacing compliant as per room size
Men's locker room 117: L1D011, L1D012 & L1D013	In-duct smoke detectors, placement deemed compliant
Building power supply room 190: L1D014	Above the fire alarm control panel, mounted on flat smooth ceiling, spacing compliant as per room size
Mechanical room 191: L1D025 and L1D102	One air handling unit smoke detector (D025) and the other area smoke detector located on flat smooth ceiling, placement of smoke detector adequate as per room size
1 <sup>st</sup> floor storage room 111: L1D103 and L1D104	Room served by zones (C and E), each zone has two area air smoke detectors. Detectors spacing adequate, extra detectors required
<b>Zone D</b>	
Electrical room 172: L1D021	Located on flat smooth ceiling, spacing compliant as per room size
<b>Zone E</b>	

Location	Placement and Spacing
1 <sup>st</sup> floor storage room 111: L1D105 and L1D106	Room served by zones (C and E), each zone has two area air smoke detectors. Detectors spacing adequate, extra detectors required
Equipment room 187: L1D107	Mounted on flat smooth ceiling, placement adequate as per room size
Corridor C102: L1D108	Mounted on flat smooth ceiling, placement inadequate; detector to be relocated toward the middle of the corridor
Wrestling room (electrical compartment) 100C and 100D: L1D110, L1D109 and L1D114	Area smoke detectors on flat smooth ceiling (D109 and D110) and one air handling unit smoke detector; placement deemed compliant
Main gym room 100: L1D113	Air handling unit smoke detector; placement deemed compliant
<b>Second Floor</b>	
<b>Zone A</b>	
Telecom and data room 210: L1D136, L1D137, L1D138, L1D139 and L1D140	In-duct smoke detectors; placement deemed compliant
<b>Zone B</b>	
Telecom room 226: L1D044 and L1D045	In-duct detectors, placement deemed compliant
Electrical room 227: L1D046, L1D047 and L1D048	One area smoke detector on flat smooth ceiling (D046) and two in-duct air smoke detectors; spacing deemed adequate as per room size
Stretching area 224A: L1D159	Area smoke detector on flat smooth ceiling above elevator door
<b>Zone C</b>	
Women's restroom room 206: L1D031	In-duct air smoke detector, spacing deemed adequate as per room size
Electrical room 208: L1D032	Smoke detector located on flat smooth ceiling, spacing adequate as per room size
Elevator 1 lobby areas: L1D033 and L1D034	Smoke detectors on flat smooth ceiling in passage areas above both East and West elevator doors. Placement adequate
Storage room 213A: L1D041	In-duct air smoke detector, placement deemed compliant
Jogging track 2: L1D042	In-duct air smoke detector, placement deemed compliant



Location	Placement and Spacing
<b>Zone E</b>	
No area or air duct smoke detectors. This is deemed adequate as the gymnasium has manual pull stations and emergency telephones at each exit door.	
<b>Roof</b>	
Roof electrical room: L1D158	Area smoke detector on flat smooth ceiling, spacing adequate as per room size
Air Handling Unit 1: L1D117	Duct-type smoke detector, placement deemed adequate
Air Handling Unit 2: L1D118	Duct-type smoke detector, placement deemed adequate
Air Handling Unit 3: L1D119	Duct-type smoke detector, placement deemed adequate
Air Handling Unit 4: L1D120	Duct-type smoke detector, placement deemed adequate
Air Handling Unit 5: L1D121	Duct-type smoke detector, placement deemed adequate
Air Handling Unit 6: L1D122	Duct-type smoke detector, placement deemed adequate
Air Handling Unit 7: L1D123	Duct-type smoke detector, placement deemed adequate
Air Handling Unit 8: L1D124	Duct-type smoke detector, placement deemed adequate
Air Handling Unit 9: L1D125	Duct-type smoke detector, placement deemed adequate
Air Handling Unit 10: L1D126	Duct-type smoke detector, placement deemed adequate

c) Heat detectors (Spot type detectors)

Spot-type, addressable. Fixed-temperature set point of 135 °F (57 °C). UL approved for 50 feet (15.24 m) center to center and FM approved for 25 feet (7.62 x 7.62 m) spacing.

NFPA72, 2010 edition, §17.6.3.1.1: One of the following requirements shall apply:

- (1) The distance between detectors shall not exceed their listed spacing, and there shall be detectors within a distance of one-half the listed spacing, measured at right angles from all walls or partitions extending upward to within the top 15 percent of the ceiling height.
- (2) All points on the ceiling shall have a detector within a distance equal to or less than 0.7 times the listed spacing (0.7 S).

The spacing and location were assessed in accordance with the code NFPA72 requirements; the following observations were made:

Table 2.3: Heat Detectors installed in the Recreation Center

Location	Placement and Spacing
Elevator 1 machine room: L1D003 and L1D024	Located on level ceiling with beam height more than 100 mm below ceiling. When §17.6.3.3.1.2 applied, spacing is compliant to the code
Elevator 2 machine room: L1D018	Located on level ceiling with beam height more than 100 mm below ceiling. When §17.6.3.3.1.2 applied, spacing is compliant to the code

d) Manual fire alarm box

Manual pull station. Addressable, suitable for indoors in dry location, ambient temperature range 32 to 120 °F (0 to 49 °C). Pushing in and pulling down on the handle for activation. UL and FM approved.

NFPA72, 2010 edition, §17.14.5: Manual fire alarm boxes shall be installed so that they are conspicuous, unobstructed, and accessible. NFPA 72, 2010 edition, §17.14.6: Manual fire alarm boxes shall be located within 60 in. (1.52 m) of the exit doorway opening at each exit on each floor.

It was observed that placement and location of manual fire alarm boxes (manual pull stations) were compliant to code requirements:

Table 2.4: Manual Fire Alarm Boxes (Manual pull stations) installed in the Recreation Center

Location	Placement
<b>First Floor</b>	
<b>Zone A</b>	
Vestibule area 106: L1M001 and L1M098	Located next to West and East exit doors
Wellness reception area 108: L1M002	Located next to East exit door
Training room 109: L1M03	Located next to East exit door
Pre-function room 101: L1M04	Located next to East exit door
Main Gym room 100: L1M097	Located next to East exit door
<b>Zone B</b>	
Lobby room 110: L1M06 and L1M07	Located next to both North exit doors
Circulation (lobby south) area 130: L1M08	Located next to South exit door

Location	Placement
<b>Zone C</b>	
Hallway area 123: L1M09	Located next to South exit door
Men's vestibule room 117A: L1M010	Located next to South exit door
Women's vestibule room 118A: L1M011	Located next to South exit door
Passageway area 102: L1M012	Located next to South exit door
<b>Zone D</b>	
Circulation area 156B: L1M013	Located next to exit West door
MAC room 170: L1M014 and L1M015	Located next to both South exit doors
MAC lobby area 170D: L1M016	Located next to exit South door
<b>Zone E</b>	
Event storage room 185: L1M05	Located next to North exit door
Pool pump room 180: L1M017 and L1M018	Located next to both West and East exit doors
Pool equipment room 184: L1M019	Located next to East exit door
Main Gym room 100: L1M096	Located next to West exit door
<b>Second Floor</b>	
<b>Zone A</b>	
North stairwell: L1M041	Located at exit door connecting to vestibule 106
<b>Zone B</b>	
Passage stair 201: L1M042	Located next to stairs leading to first floor
Cardio fittingness 2 room 224: L1M023	Located next to stairs leading to first floor
<b>Zone C</b>	
Passage 202: L1M102	Located next South exit door
<b>Zone E</b>	
North Gym 200B: L1M160	Located next to West exit door
<b>Roof</b>	
Roof West: L1M131	Located next to stairs

Location	Placement
Roof East: L1M132	Located next to stairs
Roof North-East: L1M133	Located next to AHU 3
Roof South: L1M134	Located next AHU 2

e) Automatic sprinkler system:

The entire building is protected by an automatic sprinkler system. The sprinkler heads installed are all VIKING with the following head designs:

- Concealed fire sprinkler heads used in suspended metal ceiling
- Upright fire sprinkler heads used in exposed areas with no suspended ceiling like in gymnasium rooms
- Pendant fire sprinkler heads used in suspended ceiling where surface mount ceiling obstruction exists
- Recessed fire sprinkler heads used in suspended ceiling where no surface mount obstruction exists.

f) Sprinkler flow switch alarm initiating devices:

Flow switch model: POTTER model VSC are designed, tested and UL Listed and FM approved for alarm initiating devices.

*Table 2.5: Sprinkler Flow Switches installed in the Recreation Center*

Location	Placement
East sprinkler connection: L1M023 and L1M026	Each connected to 2" wet-pipe riser manifolds; code compliant
West sprinkler valve connection: L1M028	Connected to 2" wet-pipe riser manifold, code compliant

g) Sprinkler control valve supervisory and trouble signal-initiating devices:

- Sprinkler control valve Outside Screw and York (OSY) tamper switch: SYSTEM SENSOR OSY2 model; reliable performance and UL Listed and FM approved.
- Riser manifold flow switch POTTER, model VSC is equipped with tamper switch cover, UL Listed and FM approved for the application.

Table 2.6: *Sprinkler Control Valve Supervisory and Trouble Signal-Initiating Devices*

Location	Placement
Main fire water connection: L1M095	Tamper switch connected to main water supply gate valves; code compliant
East sprinkler valve connection: L1M024 and L1M027	Tamper switch covers of flow switches L1M023 and L1M026 respectively; code compliant
West sprinkler valve connection: L1M029	Tamper switch encased in flow switch L1M028; code compliant

## ALARM AND NOTIFICATION APPLIANCES

It is a code requirement that actuation of notification appliances, emergency voice communications, fire safety functions, and annunciation at the protected premises shall occur within 10 seconds after the activation of an initiating device. NFPA 72-2010, §23.8.1.1.

The Rec Center fire alarm system is equipped with notification appliances in order to provide audible, visual and voice stimuli for initiating emergency actions and to provide information to staffs, users and to emergency response personnel from fire department or dispatch from the supervising station.

### A. Types of Signaling Notification Appliances

The following notification appliances are installed in the Recreation Center fire alarm system:

#### 1. Speaker-Strobes (Audible/visible devices)

SYSTEM SENSOR (SpectrAlert Advance) SPSCW model; a combination speaker strobe listed to UL and approved for fire protection notification systems. These speakers have field selectable sound output power taps which are selected by rotary switches. The Center fire alarm system uses typically two sound outputs settings 1W and ½ W with 82 and 79 dB @10 ft SPL respectively. The strobe light consists of a xenon flash tube and associated lens/reflector system of standard candela range (15 cd to 115 cd).



There can be wall or ceiling mounted; indoors or outdoors with appropriate weather-resistant back box.

Figure 2.13: *Typical speaker strobe installed in the Recreation Center*

#### 2. Horn / Strobes

SYSTEM SENSOR (SpectrAlert Advance) model. Three different models are used in the Center fire alarm installation depending whether they are wall or ceiling mounted, of red or white colors.



These models comply with the American with Disabilities Act requirements for visible signaling appliances, flashing at 1 Hz over the strobe operating voltage range. They have 11 field selectable candela settings. The strobe consists of a xenon flash tube and associated lens/reflector system. The horn has three audibility options and an option to switch between a temporal and a non-temporal (continuous) pattern. Options are set by a multiple position switch. The horn is rated at 88+ dBA at 16 Volts.

*Figure 2.14: Typical Horn/Strobe installed in the Recreation Center*

## **B. Location of Signaling Notification Appliances**

To convey reliably the intended alarm information to the intended personnel and users of the facility during emergency; the notification appliances installed shall meet requirements of sections 18.4 and 18.5 of NFPA 72.

Audible appliances location shall meet NFPA 72-2010, §**18.4.8.1**: if ceiling heights allow, and unless otherwise permitted by **18.4.8.2** through **18.4.8.5**, wall-mounted appliances shall have their tops above the finished floors at heights of not less than 90 in. (2.29m) and below the finished ceilings at distances of not less than 6 in. (150 mm).

Visible appliances location shall meet NFPA 72-2010, §**18.5.4.1**: wall-mounted appliances shall be mounted such that the entire lens is not less than 80 in. (2.03 m) and not greater than 96 in. (2.44 m) above the finished floor or at the mounting height specified using the performance-based alternative of **18.5.4.5**.

Recreation Center device mounting elevation details are shown in the figure below, which clearly indicate that NFPA 72 audible and visible requirements were met.

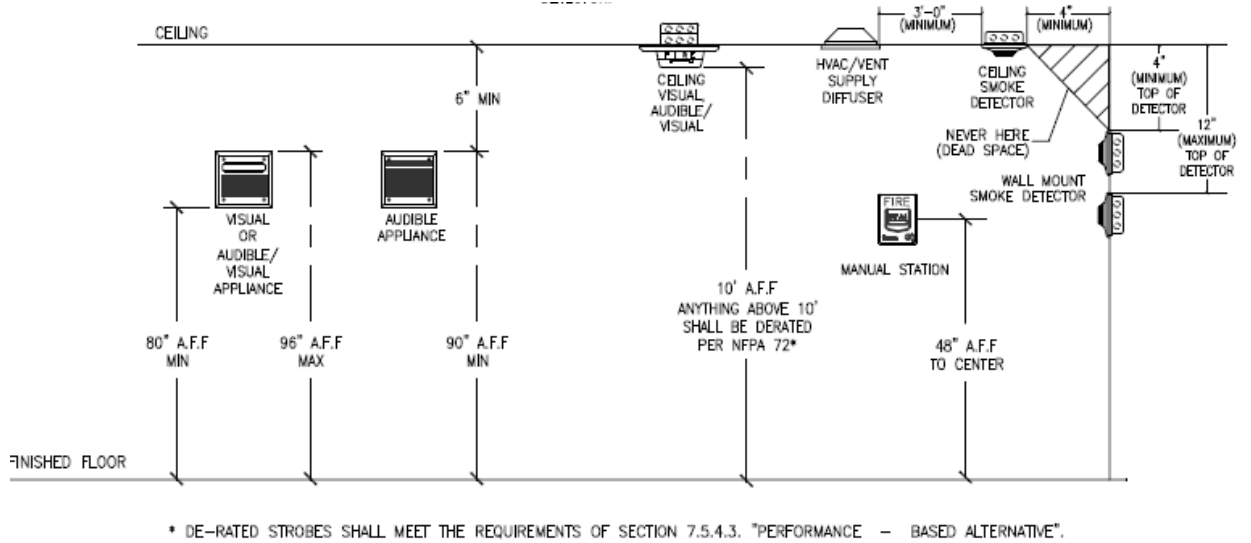


Figure 2.15: Device Mounting Elevation Details in the Recreation Center

### C. Spacing and Placement of Notification Appliances

Refer to Appendix C for details of notification appliances installed in the Rec Center.

#### 1) Audible Signaling:

The Rec Center can be classified as places of assembly in accordance with NFPA 72-2010, Table A.18.4.3.

Table 2.7: Extract from NFPA 72-2010, Table A.18.4.3 Average Ambient Sound Level

**TABLE A.18.4.3 Average Ambient Sound Level According to Location**

Location	Average Ambient Sound Level (dBA)
Business occupancies	55
Educational occupancies	45
Industrial occupancies	80
Institutional occupancies	50
Mercantile occupancies	40
Mechanical rooms	85
Piers and water-surrounded structures	40
Places of assembly	55
Residential occupancies	35
Storage occupancies	30
Thoroughfares, high-density urban	70
Thoroughfares, medium-density urban	55
Thoroughfares, rural and suburban	40
Tower occupancies	35
Underground structures and windowless buildings	40
Vehicles and vessels	50

Audible appliances shall be at least 15 dBA above average ambient sound level. A typical speaker installed in the Center is of minimum sound output ( $\frac{1}{2}$  W) and 79 dBA. This is greater than the recommended minimum value for the application:  $55 + 15 = 70$  dBA. Any horn/strobe installed is rated at 88 dBA, which indicates the minimum sound level requirement is met in the entire building.

Using the rule of thumb of 6 dBA method .i.e. in any open room, where sound does not reflect off surfaces, SPL decreases by about 6 dB every time the distance from the source is doubled.

The gymnasium is used in our analysis to illustrate compliance of notification appliance spacing and placement. The gymnasium room 120 is equipped with 7 audible-strobe (speaker/strobe) combination appliances wall mounted of 82 dBA. So as shown in figure 2.16 below; the room is adequately covered.

Each square represents a coverage of 110 cd audible/strobe.

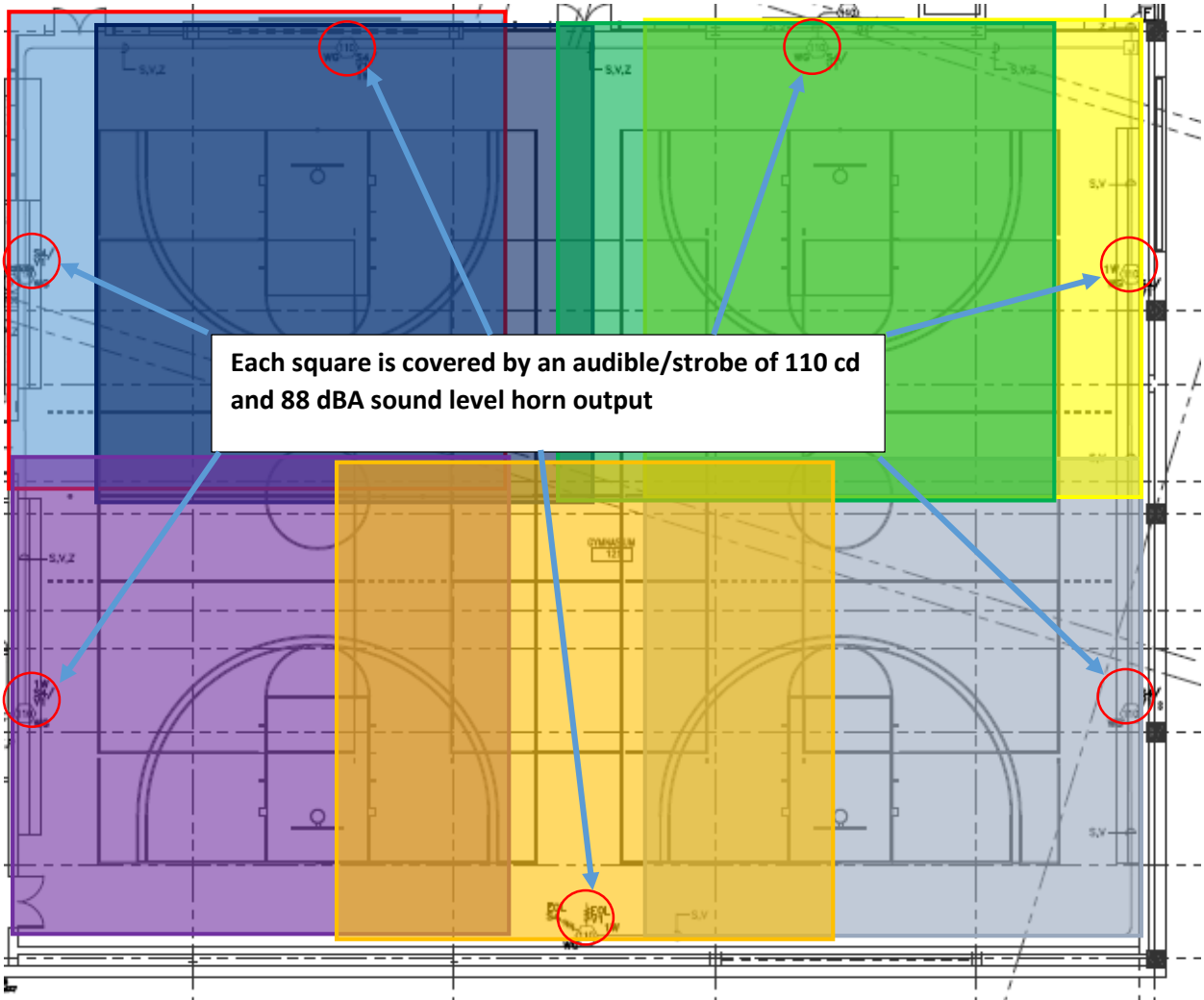


Figure 2.16: Typical Center Gymnasium Audible/Visible Appliances Coverage



- 2) Visible signaling:  
 Spacing shall be in accordance with either Table 18.5.4.3.1(a) for wall-mounted visible appliances or Table 18.5.4.3.1(b) for ceiling-mounted visible appliances.

*Table 2.8: Typical Spacing Requirements for Visible Appliances, NFPA 72-2010*

**TABLE 18.5.5.4.1(a) Room Spacing for Wall-Mounted Visible Appliances**

<i>Maximum Room Size</i>		<i>Minimum Required Light Output [Effective Intensity (cd)]</i>	
<i>ft</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>One Light per Room</i>	<i>Four Lights per Room (One Light per Wall)</i>
20 × 20	6.10 × 6.10	15	NA
28 × 28	8.53 × 8.53	30	NA
30 × 30	9.14 × 9.14	34	NA
40 × 40	12.2 × 12.2	60	15
45 × 45	13.7 × 13.7	75	19
50 × 50	15.2 × 15.2	94	30
54 × 54	16.5 × 16.5	110	30
55 × 55	16.8 × 16.8	115	30
60 × 60	18.3 × 18.3	135	30
63 × 63	19.2 × 19.2	150	37
68 × 68	20.7 × 20.7	177	43
70 × 70	21.3 × 21.3	184	60
80 × 80	24.4 × 24.4	240	60
90 × 90	27.4 × 27.4	304	95
100 × 100	30.5 × 30.5	375	95
110 × 110	33.5 × 33.5	455	135
120 × 120	36.6 × 36.6	540	135
130 × 130	39.6 × 39.6	635	185

NA: Not allowable.

The strobes installed in the Center gymnasium are 110 cd, however 95 cd would have been adequate. The coverage as illustrated in figure 2.16 indicates that the spacing of those strobes is code compliant.

#### D. Voltage Drop Calculations

Due to the size of the facility and number of initiating devices and notification appliances; the building fire alarm system is equipped with remote power supplies in each floor and covering specific areas power needs.

The gymnasium is used for voltage drop calculations as it contains the highest number of strobes of high effective intensity; eight speaker-strobes of 110 cd are connected on this Notification Appliance Circuit powered from RPS located in Electrical room 136.

$$V_{load} = V_{term} - (I_{load}R_{cond})$$

$$R_{cond} = (V_{term} - V_{load}) / I_{load}$$

Where:

- $V_{load}$  = 16 volt min operating voltage of typical appliance
- $V_{term}$  = 20.4 volt min operating voltage of control unit
- $I_{load}$  = rated current draw of all connected appliances
- $R_{cond}$  = total conductor resistance in ohms

Table 2.9: Extract from Typical SYSTEM SENSOR Speaker-Strobe Average Current Ratings

## UL Current Draw Data

UL Max. Strobe Current Draw (mA RMS)					
		8-17.5 Volts		16-33 Volts	
	Candela	DC	FWR	DC	FWR
Standard	15*	123	128	66	71
Candela Range	15/75*	142	148	77	81
	30*	NA	NA	94	96
	75*	NA	NA	158	153
	95*	NA	NA	181	176
	110	NA	NA	202	195
	115	NA	NA	210	205
High Candela Range	135	NA	NA	228	207
	150	NA	NA	246	220
	177	NA	NA	281	251
	185	NA	NA	286	258

Total  $I_{load} = 8 \times 0.202 = 1.616$  A; therefore

$$R_{cond} = (V_{term} - V_{load}) / I_{load} = (20.4 - 16) / 1.616 = 2.72 \text{ ohms}$$

The last strobe on this circuit is approximately 135 meters from the remote power supply (in electrical room 136), hence total wire length would be  $135 \times 2 = 270$  meters. The resistance of conductor per km would be:

$$R_{cond} = (2.72 \times 1000) / 270 = 10.07 \text{ ohms/Km}$$

Therefore the required wire gauge size would be selected from Table 8 of NEC (NFPA 70):

Table 2.10: Extract from NEC-Table 8: Conductor Properties

**TABLE 8 Conductor Properties**

Size (AWG or kcmil)	Conductors									Direct-Current Resistance at 75°C (167°F)					
	Area		Stranding			Overall			Copper				Aluminum		
			Quantity	Diameter		Diameter		Area		Uncoated		Coated			
	mm <sup>2</sup>	Circular mils		mm	in.	mm	in.	mm <sup>2</sup>	in. <sup>2</sup>	ohm/ km	ohm/ kFT	ohm/ km	ohm/ kFT	ohm/ km	ohm/ kFT
18	0.823	1620	1	—	—	1.02	0.040	0.823	0.001	25.5	7.77	26.5	8.08	42.0	12.8
18	0.823	1620	7	0.39	0.015	1.16	0.046	1.06	0.002	26.1	7.95	27.7	8.45	42.8	13.1
16	1.31	2580	1	—	—	1.29	0.051	1.31	0.002	16.0	4.89	16.7	5.08	26.4	8.05
16	1.31	2580	7	0.49	0.019	1.46	0.058	1.68	0.003	16.4	4.99	17.3	5.29	26.9	8.21
14	2.08	4110	1	—	—	1.63	0.064	2.08	0.003	10.1	3.07	10.4	3.19	16.6	5.06
14	2.08	4110	7	0.62	0.024	1.85	0.073	2.68	0.004	10.3	3.14	10.7	3.26	16.9	5.17
12	3.31	6530	1	—	—	2.05	0.081	3.31	0.005	6.34	1.93	6.57	2.01	10.45	3.18
12	3.31	6530	7	0.78	0.030	2.32	0.092	4.25	0.006	6.50	1.98	6.73	2.05	10.69	3.25
10	5.261	10380	1	—	—	2.588	0.102	5.26	0.008	3.984	1.21	4.148	1.26	6.561	2.00
10	5.261	10380	7	0.98	0.038	2.95	0.116	6.76	0.011	4.070	1.24	4.226	1.29	6.679	2.04

From the Table 2.10; conductor 12 AWG size would be the appropriate minimum allowable size conductor to be used for this application.

If coated copper is used, resistance would be 6.57 ohms/Km; actual voltage drop would then be

$$V_{drop} = 1.616 \times (6.57 \times 270) / 1000 = 2.87 \text{ V}$$

The actual last speaker-strobe voltage would be

$$V_{load} = V_{term} - V_{drop} = 20.4 - 2.87 = 17.53 \text{ V,}$$

*higher than minimum requirement of 16V*

This indicates that there is enough spare capacity on this NAC.

## NOTIFICATION APPLIANCE POWER REQUIREMENTS

The provisions of NFPA72-2010, §10.5 shall apply to power supplies used for the Recreation Center.

The NFPA72-2010, §10.5.2 prescribes: “All power supplies shall be installed in conformity with requirements of NFPA 70, National Electrical Code, for such equipment and with the requirements indicated in this subsection”. And §10.5.3: Unless configured in compliance with 10.5.4, at least two independent and reliable power supplies shall be provided, one primary and one secondary.

The Rec Center fire alarm and detection system is supplied with commercial power as primary supply.

The secondary power supply is provided by batteries dedicated to the building fire alarm and communication systems. The secondary power supply is designed such to provide power automatically to the building fire alarm system within 10 seconds whenever the primary power supply fails to provide the minimum voltage required for proper operation.

The proper amount of battery standby capacity for the Rec Center was calculated to include the normal standby supervisory quiescent load for 24 hours as well as the load during 15 minutes period of alarm.

The secondary power supply to the Rec Center fire alarm system consists of 1x (one) power supply dedicated to the main fire alarm control panel supplying the entire building and 5x(five) remote power supplies for audio/visual notification appliances grouped as follows:

- 1 Remote Power Supply located in electrical room 113 to supply NAC zones A,C,E of first floor
- 1 Remote Power Supply located in electrical room 136 to supply NAC zones B of first floor
- 1 Remote Power Supply located in electrical room 172 to supply NAC zones D of first floor
- 1 Remote Power Supply located in electrical room 206 to supply NAC zones A,C and E of second floor
- 1 Remote Power Supply located in electrical room 227 to supply NAC zones B of second floor

The secondary power to building Emergency Communication System is subdivided into two remote power supplies as follows:

- 1 dedicated supply located in electrical room 113
- 1 dedicated supply located in electrical room 136

The Rec Center fire alarm system uses model FCPS-24S8 (8 amps) remote power supplies with battery chargers for supervision and expanded power driving capability of Notification Appliance Circuits. This model provides regulated and filtered 24 VDC power to NAC and also contains a battery charger capable of charging up to 18 amp-hours batteries. The model is UL-listed, FM, CSFM approved for fire protection system applications.

The following extracts illustrate the calculations performed to determine battery sizes:

BATTERY SIZING CALCULATION

CAL POLY SLO - STUDENT RECREATION CENTER						
MAIN FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL						
Quantity	Device Type	Model Number	Standby Current	Total Standby Current	Alarm Current	Total Alarm Current
1	NFS2-640	CPU2-640 w/CPS-24	0.32500	0.32500	0.28500	0.28500
1	NFS2-640	KDM-R2	0.10000	0.10000	0.10000	0.10000
1	Voice	DVC&DVC-KD	0.50000	0.50000	0.50000	0.50000
32	Control Relay	FRM-1	0.00026	0.00816	0.00650	0.20800
11	Duct Det	DNR w/ FSP-851	0.00036	0.00396	0.00686	0.07546
2	Heat Det	FST-851	0.00030	0.00060	0.00650	0.01300
3	Monitor	DIMM	0.00060	0.00180	0.03000	0.09000
4	Monitor	FDM-1	0.00075	0.00300	0.00640	0.02560
9	Monitor	FMM-1	0.00035	0.00315	0.00500	0.04500
4	Pull Station	FMM-101 w/Pull Sta.	0.00038	0.00150	0.00038	0.00150
19	Pull Station	NBG-12LX	0.00038	0.00713	0.00688	0.13063
46	Smoke Det	FSP-851	0.00030	0.01380	0.00680	0.31280
4	Pull Station	NBG-12LOB	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
37	Speaker 25V	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	0.00000	0.00000	0.02000	0.74000
1	Dialer	UDACT	0.04000	0.04000	0.10000	0.10000
7	Relay	PR-1 (Shutdown)	0.00000	0.00000	0.01500	0.10500
23	Remote LED	RA100Z	0.00000	0.00000	0.01000	0.23000
			Standby Load		Alarm Load	
			1.008		2.962	
Standby Load:			1.008 Amps		Alarm Load: 2.962 Amps	
Standby Time:			24 Hours		Alarm Time: 15 Minutes	
Total Standby Load:			24.19 Amp*Hours		Total Alarm Load: 0.74 Amp*Hours	
Batteries Provided:			(2) BAT-12380		Available Battery: 30.40 A.H.	
Battery Size:			38.00 A.H.		Load (ALM + STBY) 24.99 A.H.	
De-Rated Size(80%):			30.40 A.H.		Spare Capacity 5.47 A.H.	

Figure 2.17: Battery Sizing for Fire Alarm Control Panel

BATTERY SIZING CALCULATION

CAL POLY SLO - STUDENT RECREATION CENTER						
REMOTE POWER SUPPLY - RPSM • ELEC ROOM #136						
Quantity	Device Type	Model Number	Standby Current	Total Standby Current	Alarm Current	Total Alarm Current
1	FCPS-24S8	FCPS-24S8	0.06500	0.06500	0.14500	0.14500
1	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.06600
1	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (75cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.15800	0.15800
10	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (110cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.20200	2.02000
5	Strobe	SW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.33000
1	Strobe	SW (75cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.15800	0.15800
			Standby Load		Alarm Load	
			0.065		2.877	
Standby Load:			0.065 Amps		Alarm Load: 2.877 Amps	
Standby Time:			24 Hours		Alarm Time: 15 Minutes	
Total Standby Load:			1.56 Amp*Hours		Total Alarm Load: 0.72 Amp*Hours	
Batteries Provided:			(2) BAT-1270		Available Battery: 5.60 A.H.	
Battery Size:			7.00 A.H.		Load (ALM + STBY) 2.28 A.H.	
De-Rated Size(80%):			5.60 A.H.		Spare Capacity 3.32 A.H.	

Figure 2.18: Battery Sizing for Remote Power Supply from Elec. Room 136 for Notification Appliances

BATTERY SIZING CALCULATION

<b>CAL POLY SLO - STUDENT RECREATION CENTER</b>						
<b>REMOTE POWER SUPPLY - RPS#4 • ELEC. ROOM #115</b>						
Quantity	Device Type	Model Number	Standby Current	Total Standby Current	Alarm Current	Total Alarm Current
1	FCPS-24S8	FCPS-24S8	0.06500	0.06500	0.14500	0.14500
6	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.39600
3	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (30cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.09400	0.28200
4	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (75cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.15800	0.63200
5	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (110cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.20200	1.01000
11	Strobe	SCW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.72600
3	Strobe	SCW (30cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.09400	0.28200
13	Strobe	SW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.85800
2	Strobe (WP)	SCRK (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.13200
			Standby Load		Alarm Load	
			0.065		4.463	
Standby Load:			0.065 Amps		Alarm Load:	
Standby Time:			24 Hours		Alarm Time:	
Total Standby Load:			1.56 Amp*Hours		15 Minutes	
			Total Alarm Load:		1.12 Amp*Hours	
Batteries Provided:			(2) BAT-1270		Available Battery:	
Battery Size:			7.00 A.H.		560 A.H.	
De-Rated Size(80%):			5.60 A.H.		Load (ALM + STBY)	
					268 A.H.	
					Spare Capacity	
					292 A.H.	

Figure 2.19: Battery Sizing for Remote Power Supply from Elec. Room 115 for Notification Appliances

BATTERY SIZING CALCULATION

<b>CAL POLY SLO - STUDENT RECREATION CENTER</b>						
<b>REMOTE POWER SUPPLY - RPS #2 • ELEC. ROOM #172</b>						
Quantity	Device Type	Model Number	Standby Current	Total Standby Current	Alarm Current	Total Alarm Current
1	FCPS-24S8	FCPS-24S8	0.06500	0.06500	0.14500	0.14500
1	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.06600
1	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (30cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.09400	0.09400
1	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (75cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.15800	0.15800
9	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (110cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.20200	1.81800
1	S/S (WP Strobe)	SPSWK (75cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.15800	0.15800
5	Strobe	SCW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.33000
1	Strobe	SW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.06600
			Standby Load		Alarm Load	
			0.065		2.835	
Standby Load:			0.065 Amps		Alarm Load:	
Standby Time:			24 Hours		Alarm Time:	
Total Standby Load:			1.56 Amp*Hours		15 Minutes	
			Total Alarm Load:		0.71 Amp*Hours	
Batteries Provided:			(2) BAT-1270		Available Battery:	
Battery Size:			7.00 A.H.		560 A.H.	
De-Rated Size(80%):			5.60 A.H.		Load (ALM + STBY)	
					227 A.H.	
					Spare Capacity	
					333 A.H.	

Figure 2.20: Battery Sizing for Remote Power Supply from Elec. Room 172 for Notification Appliances

BATTERY SIZING CALCULATION

<b>CAL POLY SLO - STUDENT RECREATION CTR</b>						
<b>REMOTE POWER SUPPLY - RPS#5 • ELEC ROOM #208</b>						
Quantity	Device Type	Model Number	Standby Current	Total Standby Current	Alarm Current	Total Alarm Current
1	FCPS-24S8	FCPS-24S8	0.06500	0.06500	0.14500	0.14500
2	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.13200
2	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (30cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.09400	0.18800
7	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (75cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.15800	1.10600
4	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (110cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.20200	0.80800
4	S/S (WP Strobe)	SPSWK (75cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.15800	0.63200
4	Strobe	SCW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.26400
3	Strobe	SW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.19800
1	Strobe	SW (30cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.09400	0.09400
			Standby Load		Alarm Load	
			0.065		3.567	
Standby Load:			0.065 Amps		Alarm Load:	
Standby Time:			24 Hours		Alarm Time:	
Total Standby Load:			1.56 Amp*Hours		Total Alarm Load:	
					0.89 Amp*Hours	
Batteries Provided:			(2) BAT-1270		Available Battery:	
Battery Size:			7.00 A.H.		Load (ALM + STBY)	
De-Rated Size(80%):			5.60 A.H.		Spare Capacity	
					5.60 A.H.	
					2.45 A.H.	
					3.15 A.H.	

Figure 2.21: Battery Sizing for Remote Power Supply from Elec. Room 208 for Notification Appliances

BATTERY SIZING CALCULATION

<b>CAL POLY SLO - STUDENT RECREATION CENTER</b>						
<b>REMOTE POWER SUPPLY - RPS#3 • ELEC ROOM #227</b>						
Quantity	Device Type	Model Number	Standby Current	Total Standby Current	Alarm Current	Total Alarm Current
1	FCPS-24S8	FCPS-24S8	0.06500	0.06500	0.14500	0.14500
10	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (110cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.20200	2.02000
1	S/S (WP Strobe)	SPSWK (75cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.15800	0.15800
1	Strobe	SW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.06600
			Standby Load		Alarm Load	
			0.065		2.389	
Standby Load:			0.065 Amps		Alarm Load:	
Standby Time:			24 Hours		Alarm Time:	
Total Standby Load:			1.56 Amp*Hours		Total Alarm Load:	
					0.60 Amp*Hours	
Batteries Provided:			(2) BAT-1270		Available Battery:	
Battery Size:			7.00 A.H.		Load (ALM + STBY)	
De-Rated Size(80%):			5.60 A.H.		Spare Capacity	
					5.60 A.H.	
					2.16 A.H.	
					3.44 A.H.	

Figure 2.22: Battery Sizing for Remote Power Supply from Elec. Room 227 for Notification Appliances

The following extracts will illustrate voltage drop calculations performed for the Recreation Center:



CAL POLY SLO - RECREATION CENTER										
RPS #1 @ ELEC ROOM #136										
SYSTEM SENSOR	DEVICE CURR. (AMPS)	SIGNAL CIRCUIT V1		SIGNAL CIRCUIT V2		SIGNAL CIRCUIT V3		SIGNAL CIRCUIT V4		QTY
		QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.	
<b>Speaker/Strobe (Strobe ONLY)</b>										
SPSW (15cd)	0.066		0.000	1	0.066		0.000		0.000	1
SPSW (75cd)	0.158		0.000	1	0.158		0.000		0.000	1
SPSW (110cd)	0.202	8	1.616	2	0.404		0.000		0.000	10
<b>Strobe</b>										
SW (15cd)	0.066		0.000	5	0.330		0.000		0.000	5
SW (75cd)	0.158		0.000	1	0.158		0.000		0.000	1
TOTAL CURRENT ON CIRCUIT		1.616 AMPS		1.116 AMPS		0.000 AMPS		0.000 AMPS		
TOTAL WIRE LENGTH		44.5 FT.		300 FT.		0 FT.		0 FT.		
WIRE SIZE		12 AWG		12 AWG		12 AWG		12 AWG		
CIRCULAR MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		
VOLTAGE DROP		2.38 VOLTS		1.11 VOLTS		0.00 VOLTS		0.00 VOLTS		
VOLTAGE @ END OF CIRCUIT		<b>18.02</b> VOLTS		<b>19.29</b> VOLTS		VOLTS		VOLTS		
CIRCUIT LOCATION		1ST FLOOR		1ST FLOOR		SPARE		SPARE		
<p>VOLTAGE DROP = <math>\frac{\text{TOTAL CURRENT} \times \text{DISTANCE} \times 21.6}{\text{CIRCULAR MILS}}</math></p> <p>CIRC. MILS                      18 AWG = 1620                      16 AWG = 2580                      14 AWG = 4110                      12 AWG = 6530</p> <p>VOLTAGE @ END OF CIRCUIT = STARTING CIRCUIT VOLTAGE - VOLTAGE DROP OF CIRCUIT</p> <p>LISTED CIRCUIT VOLTAGE = 24V                      STARTING CIRCUIT VOLTAGE = 20.4V (85% LISTED VOLTAGE)                      OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE FOR 24V NOTIFICATION APPLIANCES TO BE 16V-33V</p>										

File Name: McCal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035[Cal Poly SLO\_Rec Ctr\_RPS #1\_V0.xls]V0 FORM

Figure 2.23: Voltage Drop Calculations for NAC supplied from Elec. Room 136



		CAL POLY SLO - RECREATION CTR								
SYSTEM SENSOR		REMOTE POWER SUPPLY - RPS#2 @ ELEC ROOM #172								
	DEVICE CURR. (AMPS)	SIGNAL CIRCUIT		SIGNAL CIRCUIT		SIGNAL CIRCUIT		SIGNAL CIRCUIT		QTY
		QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.	
<b>Speaker/Strobe (Strobe ONLY)</b>										
SPSW (15cd)	0.066		0.000	1	0.066		0.000		0.000	1
SPSW (30cd)	0.094	1	0.094		0.000		0.000		0.000	1
SPSW (75cd)	0.158	1	0.158		0.000		0.000		0.000	1
SPSW (110cd)	0.202	3	0.606	6	1.212		0.000		0.000	9
<b>Speaker/Strobe (MP Strobe ONLY)</b>										
SPSWK (75cd)	0.158	1	0.158		0.000		0.000		0.000	1
<b>Strobe</b>										
SCW (15cd)	0.066	2	0.132	3	0.198		0.000		0.000	5
SW (15cd)	0.066		0.000	1	0.066		0.000		0.000	1
TOTAL CURRENT ON CIRCUIT		1.148 AMPS		1.542 AMPS		0.000 AMPS		0.000 AMPS		
TOTAL WIRE LENGTH		400 FT.		490 FT.		0 FT.		0 FT.		
WIRE SIZE		12 AWG		12 AWG		12 AWG		12 AWG		
CIRCULAR MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		
VOLTAGE DROP		1.52 VOLTS		2.50 VOLTS		0.00 VOLTS		0.00 VOLTS		
VOLTAGE @ END OF CIRCUIT		<b>18.88</b> VOLTS		<b>17.90</b> VOLTS		VOLTS		VOLTS		
CIRCUIT LOCATION		1ST FLOOR		1ST FLOOR		SPARE		SPARE		
<p style="text-align: center;">VOLTAGE DROP = <math>\frac{\text{TOTAL CURRENT} \times \text{DISTANCE} \times 21.6}{\text{CIRCULAR MILS}}</math></p> <p>CIRC. MILS                  18 AWG = 1620                  16 AWG = 2580                  14 AWG = 4110                  12 AWG = 6530</p> <p style="text-align: center;">VOLTAGE @ END OF CIRCUIT = STARTING CIRCUIT VOLTAGE - VOLTAGE DROP</p> <p style="text-align: center;">LISTED CIRCUIT VOLTAGE = 24V                  STARTING CIRCUIT VOLTAGE = 20.4V (85% LISTED VOLTAGE)                  OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE FOR 24V NOTIFICATION APPLIANCES TO BE 16V-33V</p>										

File Name: McCol Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035[Col Poly SLO\_Rec Cb\_RPS #2\_VD.xls]VD FORM

Figure 2.24: Voltage Drop Calculations for NAC supplied from Elec. Room 172

SYSTEM SENSOR		CAL POLY SLO - RECREATION CTR								QTY
		REMOTE POWER SUPPLY- RPS#4 @ ELEC ROOM #115								
		V13		V14		V15		V16		
DEVICE CURR. (AMPS)	SIGNAL CIRCUIT		SIGNAL CIRCUIT		SIGNAL CIRCUIT		SIGNAL CIRCUIT		TOTAL	
	QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.		
<b>Speaker/Strobe (Strobe ONLY)</b>										
SPSW (15cd)	0.066	1	0.066	2	0.132		0.000	3	0.198	6
SPSW (30cd)	0.094		0.000	1	0.094	2	0.188		0.000	3
SPSW (75cd)	0.158	2	0.316	1	0.158		0.000	1	0.158	4
SPSW (110cd)	0.202	2	0.404	1	0.202	1	0.202	1	0.202	5
<b>Strobe</b>										
SCW (15cd)	0.066	2	0.132	1	0.066	3	0.198	5	0.330	11
SCW (30cd)	0.094		0.000		0.000	2	0.188	1	0.094	3
SW (15cd)	0.066	3	0.198	7	0.462	2	0.132	1	0.066	13
<b>Strobe (WP)</b>										
SCRK (15cd)	0.066		0.000		0.000	2	0.132		0.000	2
TOTAL CURRENT ON CIRCUIT		1.116 AMPS		1.114 AMPS		1.040 AMPS		1.048 AMPS		
TOTAL WIRE LENGTH		300 FT.		350 FT.		575 FT.		880 FT.		
WIRE SIZE		12 AWG		12 AWG		12 AWG		12 AWG		
CIRCULAR MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		
VOLTAGE DROP		1.11 VOLTS		1.29 VOLTS		1.98 VOLTS		3.05 VOLTS		
VOLTAGE @ END OF CIRCUIT		<b>19.29</b> VOLTS		<b>19.11</b> VOLTS		<b>18.42</b> VOLTS		<b>17.35</b> VOLTS		
CIRCUIT LOCATION		1ST FLOOR		1ST FLOOR		1ST FLOOR		1ST FLOOR		
<p>VOLTAGE DROP = <math>\frac{\text{TOTAL CURRENT} \times \text{DISTANCE} \times 21.6}{\text{CIRCULAR MILS}}</math></p> <p>CIRC. MILS                      18 AWG = 1620                      16 AWG = 2580                      14 AWG = 4110                      12 AWG = 6530</p> <p>VOLTAGE @ END OF CIRCUIT = STARTING CIRCUIT VOLTAGE - VOLTAGE DROP</p> <p>LISTED CIRCUIT VOLTAGE = 24V                      STARTING CIRCUIT VOLTAGE = 20.4V (85% LISTED VOLTAGE)</p> <p>OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE FOR 24V NOTIFICATION APPLIANCES TO BE 16V-33V</p>										

File Name: M:Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035[Cal Poly SLO Rec Ctr\_RPS #4\_V0.xls]VD FORM

Figure 2.25: Voltage Drop Calculations for NAC supplied from Elec. Room 115

SYSTEM SENSOR		CAL POLY SLO - RECREATION CTR								
		REMOTE POWER SUPPLY #5 @ ELEC ROOM #208								
		SIGNAL CIRCUIT		SIGNAL CIRCUIT		SIGNAL CIRCUIT		SIGNAL CIRCUIT		QTY
DEVICES	CURR. (AMPS)	V17		V18		V19		V20		
		QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.	
<b>Speaker/Strobe (Strobe ONLY)</b>										
SPSW (15cd)	0.066		0.000		0.000	2	0.132		0.000	2
SPSW (30cd)	0.094	1	0.094	1	0.094		0.000		0.000	2
SPSW (75cd)	0.158	1	0.158	4	0.632	2	0.316		0.000	7
SPSW (110cd)	0.202	3	0.606	1	0.202		0.000		0.000	4
<b>Speaker/Strobe (NF Strobe ONLY)</b>										
SPSWK (75cd)	0.158		0.000		0.000		0.000	4	0.632	4
<b>Strobe</b>										
SCW (15cd)	0.066		0.000		0.000	4	0.264		0.000	4
SW (15cd)	0.066	1	0.066		0.000	2	0.132		0.000	3
SW (30cd)	0.094		0.000	1	0.094		0.000		0.000	1
TOTAL CURRENT ON CIRCUIT		0.924 AMPS		1.022 AMPS		0.844 AMPS		0.632 AMPS		
TOTAL WIRE LENGTH		355 FT.		625 FT.		325 FT.		600 FT.		
WIRE SIZE		12 AWG		12 AWG		12 AWG		12 AWG		
CIRCULAR MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		
VOLTAGE DROP		1.09 VOLTS		2.11 VOLTS		0.91 VOLTS		1.25 VOLTS		
VOLTAGE @ END OF CIRCUIT		<b>19.91 VOLTS</b>		<b>18.29 VOLTS</b>		<b>19.49 VOLTS</b>		<b>19.15 VOLTS</b>		
CIRCUIT LOCATION		2ND FLOOR		2ND FLOOR		2ND FLOOR		ROOF		
<p>VOLTAGE DROP = <math>\frac{\text{TOTAL CURRENT} \times \text{DISTANCE} \times 21.6}{\text{CIRCULAR MILS}}</math></p> <p>CIRC. MILS</p> <p>18 AWG = 1620</p> <p>16 AWG = 2580</p> <p>14 AWG = 4110</p> <p>12 AWG = 6530</p> <p>VOLTAGE @ END OF CIRCUIT = STARTING CIRCUIT VOLTAGE - VOLTAGE DROP</p> <p>LISTED CIRCUIT VOLTAGE = 24V</p> <p>STARTING CIRCUIT VOLTAGE = 20.4V (85% LISTED VOLTAGE)</p> <p>OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE FOR 24V NOTIFICATION APPLIANCES TO BE 16V-33V</p>										

File Name: M:Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035[Cal Poly SLO\_Rec Ctr\_RPS #5\_VD.xls]VD FORM

Figure 2.26: Voltage drop calculation for NAC supplied from Elec. Room 208

CAL POLY SLO - RECREATION CTR										
REMOTE POWER SUPPLY - RPS#3 @ ELEC ROOM #227										
SYSTEM SENSOR	DEVICE CURR. (AMPS)	SIGNAL CIRCUIT VI		SIGNAL CIRCUIT VII		SIGNAL CIRCUIT VI		SIGNAL CIRCUIT VII		QTY
		QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.	QTY	CURR.	
<b>Speaker/Strobe (Strobe ONLY)</b>										
SPSW (110cd)	0.202	5	1.010	5	1.010		0.000		0.000	10
<b>Speaker/Strobe (NF Strobe ONLY)</b>										
SPSWK (75cd)	0.158	1	0.158		0.000		0.000		0.000	1
<b>Strobe</b>										
SW (15cd)	0.066	1	0.066		0.000		0.000		0.000	1
TOTAL CURRENT ON CIRCUIT		1.234 AMPS		1.010 AMPS		0.000 AMPS		0.000 AMPS		
TOTAL WIRE LENGTH		500 FT.		340 FT.		0 FT.		0 FT.		
WIRE SIZE		12 AWG		12 AWG		12 AWG		12 AWG		
CIRCULAR MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		6530 CIRC MILS		
VOLTAGE DROP		2.04 VOLTS		1.14 VOLTS		0.00 VOLTS		0.00 VOLTS		
VOLTAGE @ END OF CIRCUIT		<b>18.96 VOLTS</b>		<b>19.26 VOLTS</b>		VOLTS		VOLTS		
CIRCUIT LOCATION		2ND FLOOR		2ND FLOOR		SPARE		SPARE		
<p>VOLTAGE DROP = <math>\frac{\text{TOTAL CURRENT} \times \text{DISTANCE} \times 21.6}{\text{CIRCULAR MILS}}</math></p> <p>CIRC. MILS                      18 AWG = 1620                      16 AWG = 2580                      14 AWG = 4110                      12 AWG = 6530</p> <p>VOLTAGE @ END OF CIRCUIT = STARTING CIRCUIT VOLTAGE - VOLTAGE DROP OF CIRCUIT</p> <p>LISTED CIRCUIT VOLTAGE = 24V                      STARTING CIRCUIT VOLTAGE = 20.4V (85% LISTED VOLTAGE)                      OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE FOR 24V NOTIFICATION APPLIANCES TO BE 16V-33V</p>										

File Name: McCal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010038[Cal Poly SLO\_Rec Ctr\_RPS #3\_V0.xls]VD FORM

Figure 2.27: Voltage Drop Calculation for NAC from Elec. Room 227

The above tables have shown that the system designs meet code requirements and in general all the batteries are oversized as the safety margin used in the calculation is far beyond the 20% recommended by the code; reference to NFPA 72-2010, §10.5.6(1).

The batteries used are BAT series sealed, lead-acid batteries provided by NOTIFIER. These batteries are maintenance-free, sealed, overcharge protected, have long service life and easy handled with leak-proof construction.

### SYSTEM COMMISSIONING, INSPECTION, TESTING AND MAINTENANCE

NFPA 72-2013, Chapter 7 provides minimum documentation requirements for new and existing systems. The Rec Center was designed and installation completed in accordance with NFPA 72, 2010 edition; therefore the documentation required would have been as prescribed in §10.18.2.3 of the 2010 edition.

Although we could not locate all the documentation cited in NFPA 72-2010, 10.18.2.3 related to the fire alarm and communication system installed in the Rec Center; we are confident that authority having jurisdiction and the owner would not have approved operation of the Center without all code required documentation.

NFPA 72-2013, chapter 7, prescribes more detailed documentation compared to what was required in previous editions of the code. For the Rec Center, the documentation would have been limited only to the following:

- (1) An owner's manual and manufacturer's published instructions covering all system equipment
- (2) Record drawings
- (3) For software-based systems, record copy of the site-specific software
- (4) A written sequence of operation

The system commissioning is known to be typically an owner-driven process (requirement); we do not have any documentation records of integrated testing methods or procedures performed for the commissioning of the fire alarm and communication system. However it is assumed that the owner and the authority having jurisdiction were satisfied from initial testing of the system as installed and that it met the intended design purpose.

Nowadays designs refer to NFPA 3-2012 requirements, which prescribe recommended procedures, methods, and documentation for commissioning and integrated testing of active and passive fire protection and life safety systems and their interconnections with other building systems. The recommended practice will ensure fire protection and life safety systems perform in conformity with the design intent.

NFPA 72, chapter 14 covers the minimum requirements for inspection, testing, and maintenance of fire alarm systems, supervising station alarm systems, public emergency alarm reporting systems, emergency communications systems (ECSs), single and multiple-station smoke and heat alarms, and household fire alarm systems.

Cal Poly campus Electrical Service department is responsible for inspection, testing, and maintenance of the system and for alterations or additions to the fire alarm and communication system installed in the Recreation Center as well on all the entire campus proprietary supervising alarm systems.

Cal Poly Environmental Health and Safety department monitors and supervisors inspection and testing performs on fire alarms systems installed on the entire campus.

It was confirmed by the Environmental Health and Safety as well as the Electrical Services departments that annual point by point inspection and testing of initiating devices are performed in accordance with California Code of Regulations Title 19, Section 1.09(a); and NFPA 72, Table 14-3.1. All inspection and testing records are kept in accordance with NFPA 72, chapter 7, section 7-2.

The following special inspection and testing instructions were supplied by the Cal Poly Environmental Health and Safety department:

- a) Duct detectors:
  - Magnet test location is lower left
  - Black reset button on device
  - Verify reporting as supervisory at fire alarm control panel
- b) Manual fire alarm boxes (manual pull stations) and Detectors
  - Functionally test smoke, heat detectors as per NFPA 72, Table 14-3.1, and each manual pull station; and verify reporting at the fire alarm control panel
- c) Flow switch
  - Use top handle to test
  - Put bottom handle into test position

- d) Battery
  - Test battery charge with SOCTESTER battery tester
- e) Audio and Visual alarms
  - Activate alarm notification appliances and confirm proper operation of all audible and visual alarms. Verify audible alarms are at least 15 dbA above ambient sound levels
  - Verify reporting at fire alarm control panel
  - Test operation of speakers and verify correct reporting at fire alarm control panel
- f) Automatic sprinkler systems
  - Operate water flow and alarm switches

The Environmental Health and Safety department does not NFPA 72 ITM forms but they have their customized form, which lists device types and serial numbers. A status is noted for each device either as Pass or Fail; and corrective actions taken (if any) are also included in the records.

Cal Poly campus Electrical Services Department confirmed that they maintain initiating devices, notification appliances and any other equipment related to the Rec Center fire alarm system in accordance with manufacturer's published instructions.

The Rec Center fire alarm system sequence of operation table describes automated actions of the system following initiating devices activation.

Refer to figure 2.28 below for more details.

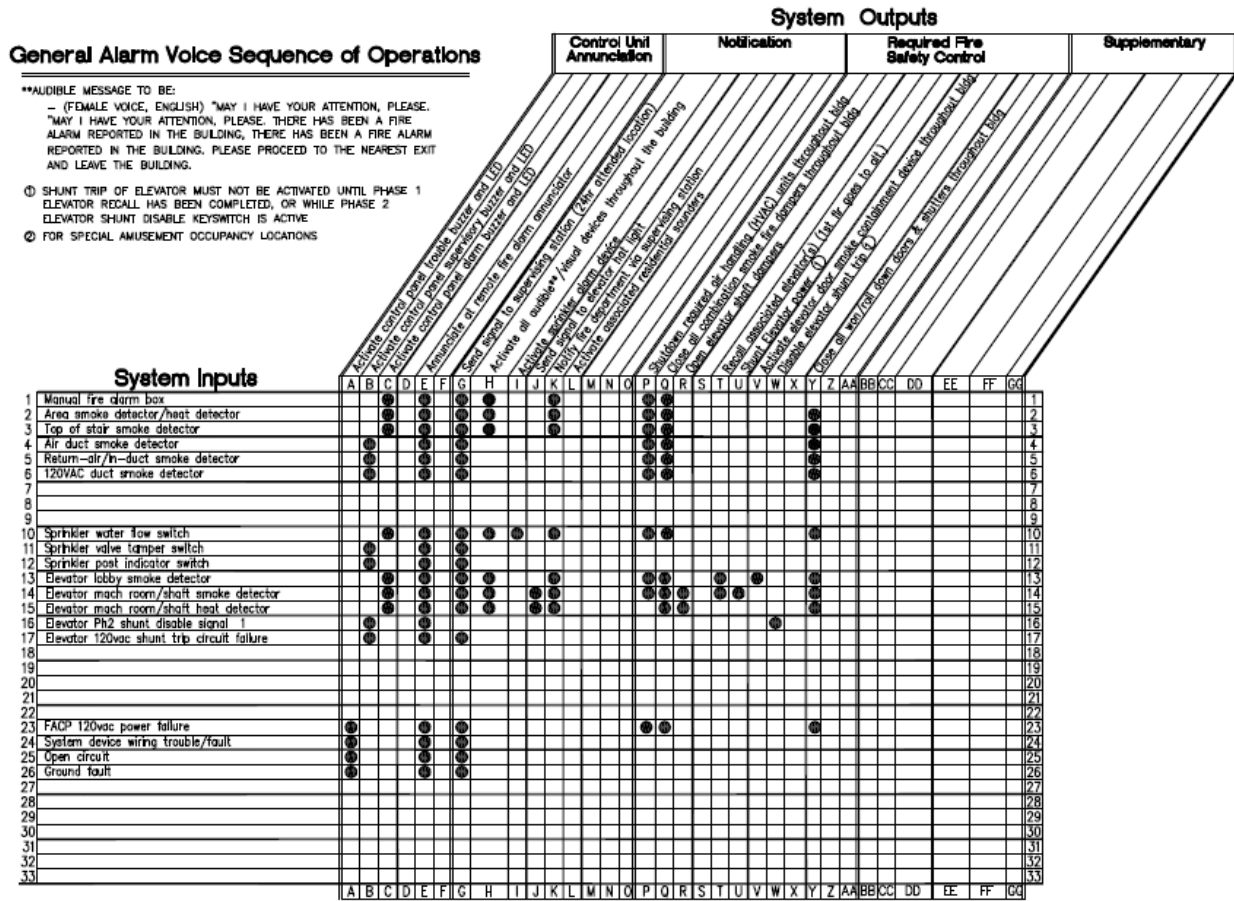


Figure 2.28: Sequence of Operation of fire alarm system in the Recreation Center

## CHAPTER 3: WATER-BASED FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEM

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### TYPES AND DESIGN CRITERIA

NFPA 13 defines a sprinkler system as each system riser serving a portion of a single floor of a facility, or the portion(s) of the piping network in multistory buildings where floor control valve assemblies are used to isolate individual floors. Multiple sprinkler systems can be supplied by a common supply main or riser in multistory buildings.

The Rec Center is protected by three wet-pipe automatic sprinkler systems throughout the building.

The type of occupancy hazard classification will influence the system design and installation considerations, such as sprinkler discharge criteria, sprinkler spacing, and water supply requirements.

The occupancy hazard classification for the sprinkler system installed in REC Center building is determined by evaluating the types of hazards, which includes the quantity and combustibility associated with the contents of the building. Examples presented in the NFPA13, 5.2 to 5.4 are used to help in the classification of the occupancy hazard for the Rec Center.

In accordance with NFPA13, 5.2 requirements and A.5.2 examples of similar use and conditions, we can classify the REC Center building as Light Hazard occupancy, except that the storage rooms, mechanical and electrical rooms can be classified as Ordinary Hazard occupancy (Group 1).

NFPA 13, §5.2 provisions define as Light Hazard occupancy, an occupancy or portions of other occupancies where the quantity and/or combustibility of contents is low and fires with relatively low rates of heat release are expected.

The storage, mechanical and electrical rooms are classified as Ordinary Hazard occupancy (Group 1) in accordance with NFPA13, §5.3.1.1 that defines portions of other occupancies where combustibility is low, quantity of combustibles is moderate, stockpiles of combustibles do not exceed 8ft and fire with moderate rates of heat release are expected.



The water demand design criteria, using the CMDA method approach, will be determined in accordance with NFPA13, 11.2.3.1.1 and figure 11.2.3.1.1:

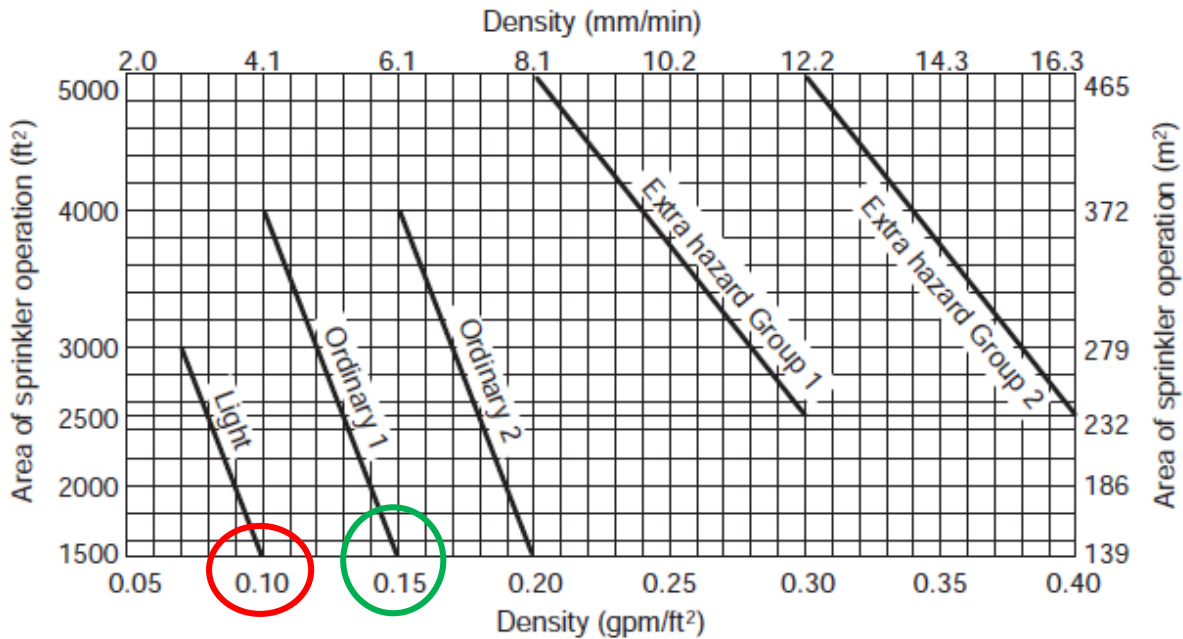


Figure 3.1: Extract from NFPA13-Figure 11.2.3.1.1

Table 3.1: Extract from NFPA13, Table 11.2.3.2.1.2: Hose Stream Allowance

Occupancy	Inside Hose		Total Combined Inside and Outside Hose		Duration (minutes)
	gpm	L/min	gpm	L/min	
Light hazard	0, 50, or 100	0, 189, or 379	100	379	30
Ordinary hazard	0, 50, or 100	0, 189, or 379	250	946	60–90
Extra hazard	0, 50, or 100	0, 189, or 379	500	1893	90–120

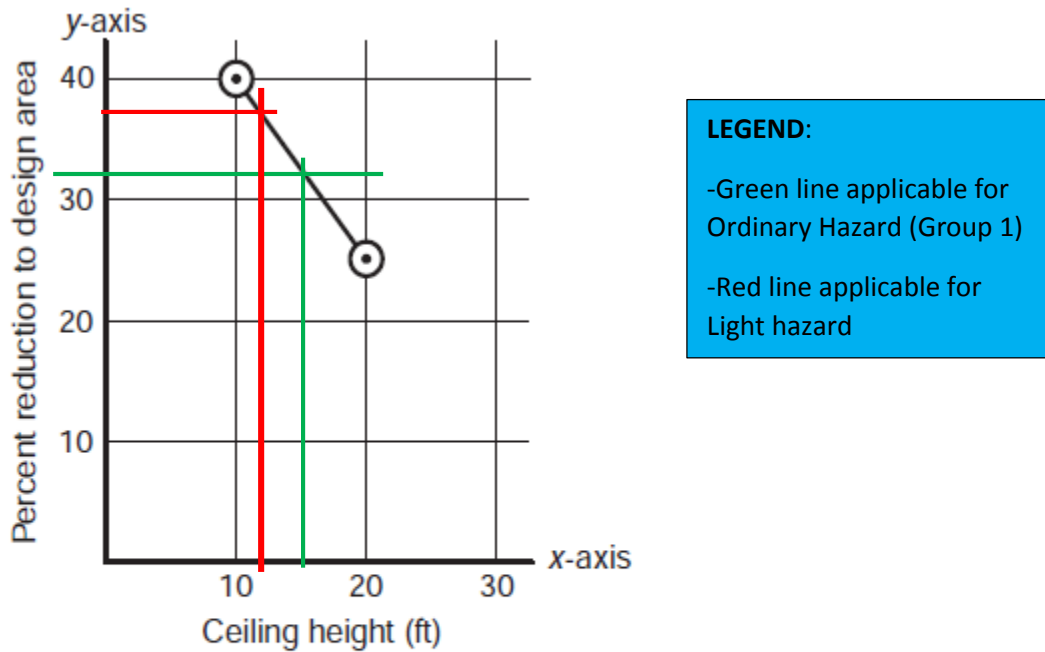
NFPA 13, §11.2.3.2.3.1 provisions allow the hydraulic calculations to satisfy any single point on the appropriate density/area curve.

The selection of the low end that is the smaller operating area is deemed the most economical option. It is generally considered superior in terms of fire control; it is expected to confine the fire to a smaller area by reducing the total number of operating sprinklers.

The wet-pipe automatic sprinkler system installed at the Rec Center uses quick response sprinkler heads standard and extended coverage; therefore in accordance with NFPA13, §11.2.3.2.3, the

system area of operation shall be permitted to be reduced, as per Figure 11.2.3.2.3.1, without revising the density as the system installed satisfied the following conditions:

- Wet-pipe system
- Light hazard or ordinary hazard occupancy
- 20 ft maximum ceiling height (except the gymnasiums)
- And there are no unprotected ceiling pockets exceeding 32 ft<sup>2</sup>



Note:  $y = \frac{-3x}{2} + 55$

For ceiling height  $\geq 10$  ft and  $\leq 20$  ft,  $y = \frac{-3x}{2} + 55$

For ceiling height  $< 10$  ft,  $y = 40$

For ceiling height  $> 20$ ,  $y = 0$

For SI units, 1 ft = 0.31 m.

Figure 3.2: Extract from NFPA13, Design Area Reduction for QRS

## SUMMARY OF DESIGN CRITERIA

Table 3.2: *Density and Design Area of Operation*

Rooms	Hazard Classifications	Density and Design Area of Operation
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Gymnasiums/MAC</li> <li>Fitness/Weight rooms</li> <li>Racquet ball courts</li> <li>Pre-function areas</li> <li>Offices/Corridors/Lobbies</li> <li>Restrooms/Locker rooms</li> </ul>	Light Hazard	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0.10 gpm/ft<sup>2</sup></li> <li>900 ft<sup>2</sup></li> </ul> <p>Reduced area as per NFPA13, Figure 11.2.3.2.3.1 for quick response sprinklers</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Storage rooms</li> <li>Mechanical/Electrical rooms</li> <li>Custodian rooms</li> </ul>	Ordinary Hazard (Group 1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0.15 gpm/ft<sup>2</sup></li> <li>1013 ft<sup>2</sup></li> </ul> <p>Reduced area as per NFPA13, Figure 11.2.3.2.3.1 for quick response sprinklers</p>

Therefore the storage room shall be protected by the requirements for the highest classified commodity and storage arrangement, as per NFPA13 §5.6.1.2.4.

### WATER SUPPLY

The Recreation Center water-based suppression system is connected to the San Luis Obispo municipality water supply.

The city water supply is provided at:

- Static pressure: 140 PSI
- Residual pressure: 132 PSI
- Flow: 1186 GPM

Information collected from provided computer calculated hydraulic report; refer to Appendix D for more details.

The Rec Center building wet-pipe automatic sprinkler system is supplied from three control valves (risers) located at two separated positions.

- One riser supplied the storage area, wrestling room and the main gymnasium on first floor and the two basketball courts on the second floor; it is located West-South side of the main gymnasium building

- Two risers supplying the remaining automatic sprinkler systems, located East of gymnasium storage room

The following tables give further details about the location and sizes of system components:

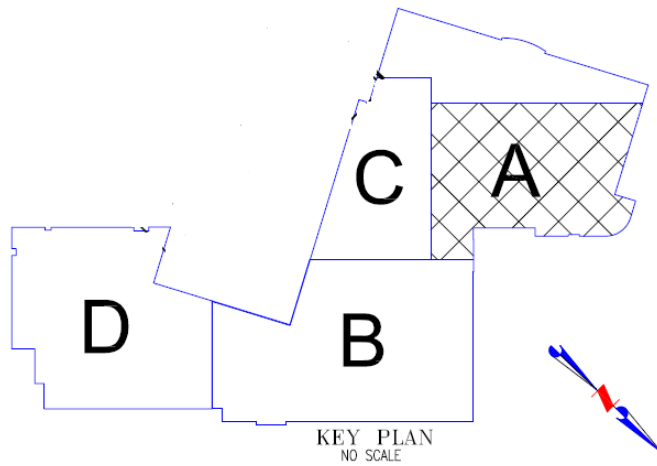


Figure 3.3: REC Center Key Plan: Remote Areas A, B, C and D

Table 3.3: Remote Area A

1st Floor			
Remote Area	A1		
Design	Light Hazard 0.10 gpm		
Area of Operation	900 SQF		
Riser size	4 inches		
Riser location	West Gym storage room 121		
Cross-mains	3 inches (varies)		
branch lines	2 inches (varies)		
Sprinklers	Make	Viking	
	Model	VK634	QREC
		VK302	QRSC
	K-factor	8	QREC
		5.6	QRSC
	Size	3/4" & 1/2"	
Temperature	155		

**Table 3.4: Remote area C1**

1st Floor			
Remote Area	C1		
Design	Light Hazard 0.10 gpm		
Area of operation	900 SQF		
Riser size	4 inches		
Riser location	West Gym storage room		
Cross-mains	3 inches (varies)		
branch lines	2 inches (varies)		
Sprinklers	Make	Viking	
	Model	VK634	QREC
		VK302	QRSC
	K-factor	8	QREC
		5.6	QRSC
	Size	3/4" & 1/2"	
	Temperature	155	

**Table 3.5: Remote area D2**

1st Floor			
Remote Area	D2 high roof		
Design	Light Hazard 0.10 gpm		
Area of operation	1500 SQF		
Riser size	4 inches		
Riser location	West Gym storage room		
Cross-mains	3 inches (varies)		
branch lines	2 inches (varies)		
Sprinklers	Make	Viking	
	Model	VK634	QREC
		VK302	QRSC
	K-factor	8	QREC
		5.6	QRSC
	Size	3/4" & 1/2"	
	Temperature	155	

**Table 3.6: Remote area B2**

2nd Floor			
Remote Area	B2 high roof		
Design	Light Hazard 0.10 gpm		
Area of Operation	1000 SQF		
Riser size	4 inches		
Riser location	West Gym storage room 121		
Cross-mains	3 inches (varies)		
branch lines	2 inches (varies)		
Sprinklers	Make	Viking	
	Model	VK602	QREC
		VK300	QRSC
	K-factor	8	QREC
		5.6	QRSC
	Size	3/4" & 1/2"	
Temperature	155		

**Table 3.7: Remote Area C2**

2nd Floor			
Remote Area	C2		
Design	Light Hazard 0.10 gpm		
Area of Operation	1000 SQF		
Riser size	4 inches		
Riser location	West Gym storage room 121		
Cross-mains	2 1/2 inches (varies)		
branch lines	1 1/2 inches (varies)		
Sprinklers	Make	Viking	
	Model	VK302	QREC
		VK300	QRSC
	K-factor	5.6	QREC
	Size	1/2"	
	Temperature	155	F



**Table 3.8: Remote Area E**

1st Floor			
Remote Area	E Storage		
Design	Ordinary Hazard 0.15 gpm		
Area of Operation	1500 SQF		
Riser size	3 inches		
Riser location	East Main Gym		
Cross-mains	2 1/2 inches (varies)		
branch lines	1 1/4 inches (varies)		
Sprinklers	Make	Viking	
	Model	VK302	QREC
		VK300	QRSC
	K-factor	5.6	QREC
		5.6	QRSC
	Size	1/2"	
Temperature	155		

**Table 3.9: Remote Area E1**

1st Floor			
Remote Area	E1 Wrestling		
Design	Light Hazard 0.10 gpm		
Area of Operation	1500 SQF		
Riser size	3 inches		
Riser location	East Main Gym		
Cross-mains	2 1/2 inches (varies)		
branch lines	1 1/4 inches (varies)		
Sprinklers	Make	Viking	
	Model	VK302	QREC
		VK300	QRSC
	K-factor	5.6	QREC
		5.6	QRSC
	Size	1/2"	
Temperature	155 F		



Table 3.10: Remote Area E2

1 <sup>st</sup> Floor		
Remote Area	E2 Main Gym	
Design	Light Hazard 0.10gpm	
Area of Operation	1500 SQF	
Riser size	3 inches	
Riser location	South Main Gym	
Cross-mains	2 1/2 inches (varies)	
branch lines	1 1/4 inches (varies)	
Sprinklers	Make	Viking
	Model	VK302 QREC
		VK300 QRSC
	K-factor	5.6 QREC
		5.6 QRSC
	Size	1/2"
	Temperature	155

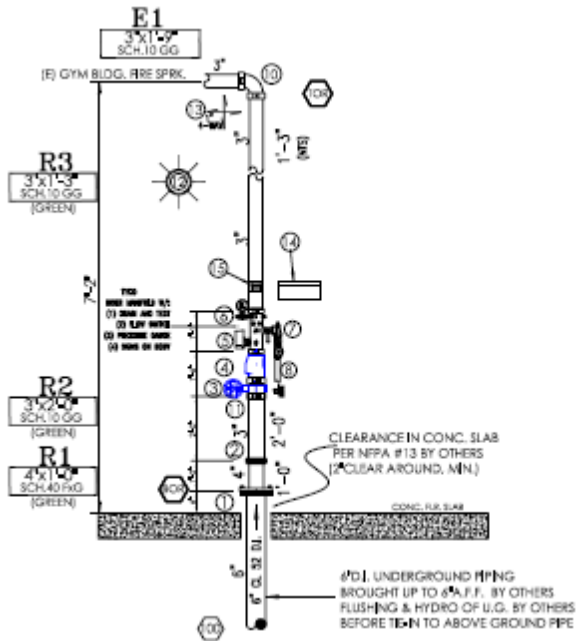


Figure 3.6: Riser Details: South West Main Gymnasium Room

Typical components of the riser:

- 6" underground pipe through concrete slab
- 4" x 3" GRV RC Coupling flexible on Riser
- 3" Tyco GRV butterfly valve BFV-1 with control flow / tamper switch

- 3" Tyco Riser check valve CV with pressure gauges
- 3" water flow indicator
- 3" Tyco test and drain Riser assembly
- Inspector's test valve & system main drain valve
- 3" GRV 90 elbows
- 3" GRV couplings
- 10" electric bell on building wall
- 4-way earthquake brace
- Fire sprinkler head cabinet mounted on wall by Riser
- Fire sprinkler head design placard on Riser

The REC Center building is fully protected by automatic sprinkler systems (three automatic sprinkler systems). The sprinkler heads installed are all VIKING brand with the following head designs:

- Concealed fire sprinkler heads used in suspended metal ceiling
- Upright fire sprinkler heads used in exposed areas with no suspended ceiling like in gymnasium rooms
- Pendant fire sprinkler heads used in suspended ceiling where surface mount ceiling obstruction exists
- Recessed fire sprinkler heads used in suspended ceiling where no surface mount obstruction exists.

❖ Concealed fire sprinkler concealed head

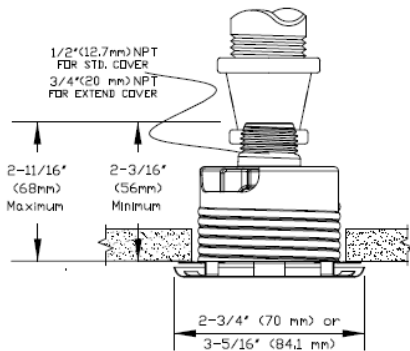


Figure 3.7: Viking Concealed Sprinkler Heads

❖ Upright fire sprinkler ceiling head details

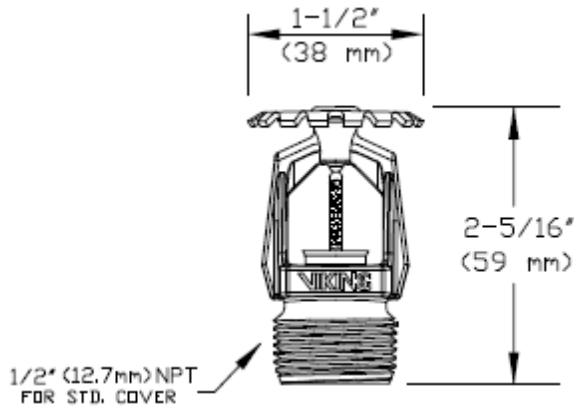


Figure 3.8: Viking Upright Sprinkler Heads

❖ Pendant fire sprinkler pendant heads

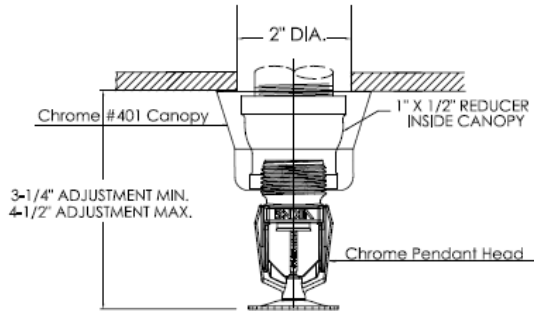


Figure 3.9: Viking Pendant Sprinkler Heads

❖ Recessed fire sprinkler Recessed heads

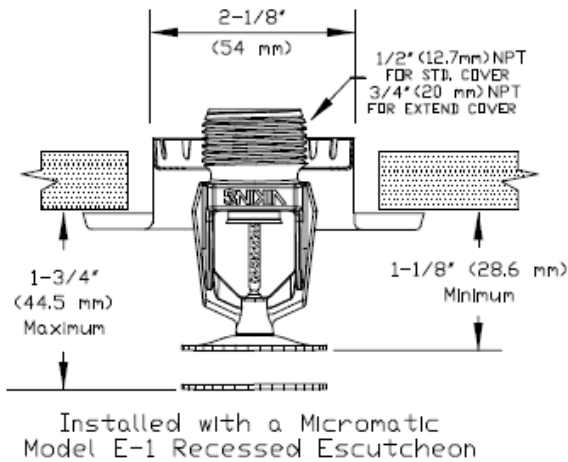


Figure 3.10: Viking Recessed Sprinkler Heads



For the purpose of this report, to enable ourselves to perform hand hydraulic calculations, we have selected a water flow path through cross main and branch lines assuming that piping is not configured in loops; hence in our scenario sprinkler heads would be fed through one route only as selected; therefore the total pressure method (ignoring velocity pressures) could be used to estimate the maximum flow and pressure at the bottom of the riser.

Refer to Appendix D, FP-E2 for details of the piping arrangement.

Hand calculations were performed using excel spreadsheet; results are tabulated below.

The following data were used as inputs:

- Density: 0.10 gpm/ft<sup>2</sup>
- Area of operation: 1500 ft<sup>2</sup> (no area reduction due to high ceiling height)
- Hose allowance: 100 gpm (inside)
- Sprinkler K-factor: 5.6
- Standard orifice: ½"
- C-factor: 120
- Remote area of operation, as depicted in the fire protection drawing: 156 ft<sup>2</sup>
- Area coverage per sprinkler: 156 ft<sup>2</sup> (12 ft x 13 ft)
- Remote area # of sprinklers: 12

The following results were obtained:

**Table 3.11: System Demand Results**

Manual hydraulic calculations	Computer hydraulic calculations
System demand @BOR	System demand @ BOR:
✓ System flow: 192.4 gpm	✓ System flow: 196 gpm
✓ Hose demand: 100 gpm	✓ Hose demand: 100 gpm
✓ Total system demand: 292.4 gpm	✓ Total system demand: 296 gpm
✓ System pressure: 125 psi	✓ System pressure": 78 psi

**Table 3.12: Individual Sprinkler Performance**

Manual hydraulic calculations	Computer hydraulic calculations
Individual sprinkler flows and pressures	Individual sprinkler flows and pressures
S1 Q= 15.6 gpm	S1 Q= 15.87 gpm
P= 7.8 psi	P= 8.03 psi
S2 Q= 15.9 gpm	S2 Q= 15.79 gpm

Manual hydraulic calculations	Computer hydraulic calculations
P= 8.1 psi	P= 7.95 psi
S3 Q= 17 gpm	S3 Q= 15.88 gpm
P= 9.2 psi	P= 8.04 psi
S4 Q= 15.8 gpm	S4 Q= 14.94 gpm
P= 8.0 psi	P= 8.0 psi
S5 Q= 15.6 gpm	S5 Q= 14.82 gpm
P= 7.8 psi	P= 7.8 psi
	S7 Q= 15.75 gpm
S7 = S5 (hydraulically the same)	P= 7.91 psi
S8 = S4 (hydraulically the same)	S8 Q= 15.67 gpm
S9 = S3 (hydraulically the same)	P= 7.83 psi
S10 = S2 (hydraulically the same)	S9 Q= 15.77 gpm
S11 = S1 (hydraulically the same)	P= 7.93 psi
	S10 Q= 15.23 gpm
	P= 7.4 psi
	S11 Q= 15.11 gpm
	P= 7.28 ps i
S12 Q= 15.6 gpm	S12 Q= 20.88 gpm
P= 7.8 psi	P= 13.91 psi
S13 Q= 15.9 gpm	S13 Q= 20.7 gpm
P= 8.1 psi	P= 13.66 psi

Our hand calculations have overestimated the system pressure in comparison to computer model prediction. The system demand flow is qualitatively similar in both manual and hand calculations.

The difference between these two approaches is solemnly due to the fact the computer used the actual water flow paths, analyzing different water routes through the looped piping

arrangement; it has treated each branch line connection with multiple supplies as an hydraulic node, hence balancing pressures and flows in and out of a node in order to estimate actual pressure and flow for a that specific branch line. Therefore the overall system pressure will be minimal in looped systems as water pathway is determined through the least resistant route.

In contrast, our assumptions selected a flow path that required high pressures to overcome piping flow resistance.

Refer to Appendix D for details on the computer hydraulic calculations performed for the gymnasium.

Figure 3.12 illustrates the hydraulic curves for water supply and system water demand.

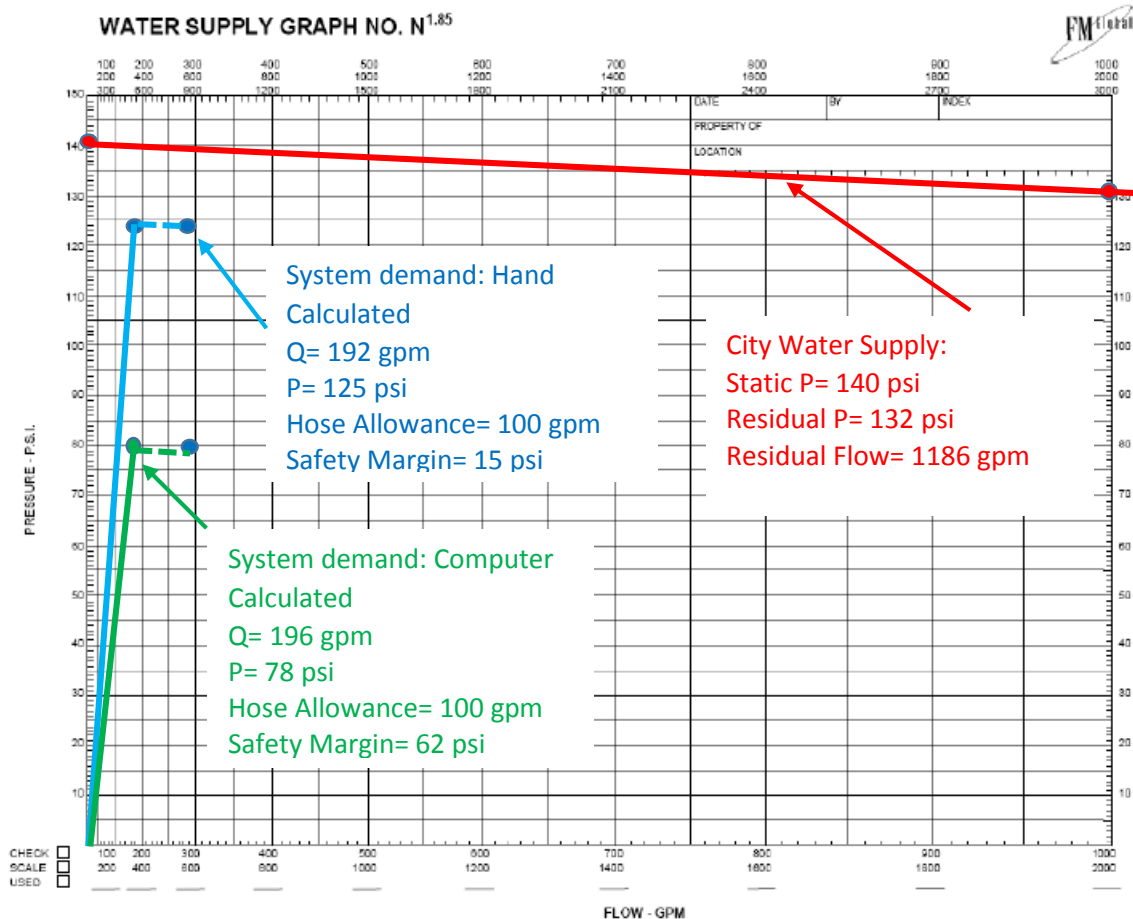


Figure 3.12: **Water Supply Hydraulic Curve**

### INSPECTION, TESTING AND MAINTENANCE

In order to meet both federal certification requirements and state licensure requirements, automatic fire sprinkler systems are required to be inspected, tested and maintained in accordance with NFPA 25, Standard for the Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance of Water-Based Fire Protection Systems.

In order to follow the requirements of the standard, it's important to have a good understanding of what's meant by "inspection", "testing" and "maintenance". Those terms are defined in NFPA 25, §3.3 as follows:

- **Inspection.** A visual examination of a system or portion thereof to verify that it appears to be in operating condition and is free of physical damage.
- **Testing.** A procedure used to determine the status of a system as intended by conducting periodic physical checks such as water flow tests, fire pump tests, alarm tests, and trip tests of dry-pipe valves. These tests follow up on the original acceptance test at intervals specified in the appropriate chapter of NFPA 25.
- **Maintenance.** Work performed to keep equipment operable or to make repairs.

It is the university's responsibility (or the representative, the REC Center manager's responsibility) to ensure that only properly trained and competent persons perform inspections, testing and maintenance on the fire sprinkler system installed throughout the building. NFPA25 simply states, "These tasks shall be performed by personnel who have developed competence through training and experience." [NFPA 25(11), §4.1.1].

### **SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS**

The inspection, testing and maintenance requirements that apply to a building's fire sprinkler system start from the date of initial installation and continue on at specific intervals throughout the life of the system.

#### **Monthly inspection:**

The following monthly inspections can be performed by facility staff:

Visually inspect control valves to ensure that they are:

- In the normal open position
- Accessible
- Properly sealed
- Locked and/or supervised
- Free from leaks
- Provided with appropriate signage identifying the portion of the system they control

Visually inspect gauges on wet pipe systems to verify that they are in good condition and that normal water pressure is being maintained.



## **Quarterly Inspection**

The following quarterly inspections are in addition to those required monthly and can be performed by facility staff:

- a. For hydraulically designed sprinkler systems, inspect the hydraulic nameplate to verify that it's securely attached to the sprinkler riser and is legible.
- b. Inspect alarm devices to verify that they are free of physical damage.
- c. Inspect fire department connections to verify that:
  - They are visible and accessible
  - Couplings or swivels are not damaged and rotate smoothly
  - Plugs or caps are in place and not damaged
  - Gaskets are in place and in good condition
  - Identification signs are in place
  - The check valve is not leaking
  - The automatic drain valve is in place and operating properly

With proper training the following quarterly tests can be performed by facility staff:

- a. Test the waterflow alarm on wet pipe sprinkler systems by opening the inspector's test connection. This simulates the opening of a sprinkler head.

## **Annually Inspection**

In addition to the monthly and quarterly inspections and tests, NFPA 25 has very detailed and specific inspection, testing and maintenance services that need to be performed on an annual basis. Because of their complexity, and to comply with federal and California state law, these services must be performed by a licensed sprinkler contractor and would include such things as:

- An inspection of the facility's supply of spare sprinkler heads to ensure that there are a minimum of two sprinklers of each type and temperature rating and that there is a sprinkler wrench for each type of sprinkler.
- A check of all sprinklers, hangers, pipe and fittings
- Testing of the main drain
- Testing of any antifreeze solution used
- Testing and maintenance of valves

## Long term Inspection

- a. Sprinkler system gauges typically have a life expectancy of 10 to 15 years. As a result, these gauges must be replaced every 5 years or tested every 5 years by comparison to a calibrated gauge.

Gauges not accurate to within 3 percent of the full scale must be recalibrated or replaced [Reference NFPA 25(11), §5.3.2].

- b. System check valves must be inspected internally every 5 years to verify that all components operate properly, move freely and are in good condition [Reference NFPA 25(11), §12.4.2.1].
- c. Where sprinklers are subjected to harsh environments, including corrosive atmospheres and corrosive water supplies, the sprinklers must be replaced or representative samples tested every 5 years.

Note: “Harsh environments” have been interpreted to include areas exposed to outside weather (e.g. sprinklers installed under exterior canopies) and cold storage areas (e.g. coolers and freezers).

## DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS

Just as important as conducting required inspections, testing and maintenance is documenting the fact that they occurred. Both NFPA 13 and NFPA 25 require that these services be properly recorded.

It’s important that at least two people in the REC Center know where the ITM records are kept to increase the likelihood that they can be readily provided if requested during an inspection, as the records are required to be maintained on the premises.

NFPA13, Table A.27.1 provides guidance on the kinds of activities that need to be performed and how frequently such activities should be carried out.

Table 3.13: Extract from NFPA13-Maintenance Schedule

TABLE A.27.1 Maintenance Schedule

<i>Parts</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Frequency</i>
Flushing piping	Test	5 years
Fire department connections	Inspection	Monthly
Control valves	Inspection	Weekly — sealed
	Inspection	Monthly — locked
	Inspection	Monthly — tamper switch
	Maintenance	Yearly
Main drain	Flow test	Quarterly — annual
Open sprinklers	Test	Annually
Pressure gauge	Calibration test	
Sprinklers	Test	50 years
Sprinklers — high-temperature	Test	5 years
Sprinklers — residential	Test	20 years
Waterflow alarms	Test	Quarterly
Preaction/deluge detection system	Test	Semiannually
Preaction/deluge systems	Test	Annually
Antifreeze solution	Test	Annually
Cold weather valves	Open and close valves	Fall, close; spring, open
Dry/preaction/deluge systems		
Air pressure and water pressure	Inspection	Weekly
Enclosure	Inspection	Daily — cold weather
Priming water level	Inspection	Quarterly
Low-point drains	Test	Fall
Dry pipe valves	Trip test	Annually — spring
Dry pipe valves	Full flow trip	3 years — spring
Quick-opening devices	Test	Semiannually

# CHAPTER 4: EGRESS ANALYSIS

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## OCCUPANCY CLASSIFICATION

Referring to both LSC and IBC Occupancy classifications, it can be said that rooms/spaces inside of the Rec Center are used for different activities and therefore can be classified according to their intended use.

The Rec Center building was designed according to the non-separated occupancy provisions. In accordance with IBC, section 508.3.1:” *Nonseparated occupancies shall be individually classified in accordance with Section 302.1. The requirements of this code shall apply to each portion of the building based on the occupancy classification of that space except that the most restrictive applicable provisions of Section 403 and Chapter 9 shall apply to the building or portion thereof in which the nonseparated occupancies are located*”.

Table 4-1: **Room / Space Occupancy Use Classification**

Use of room / Space	Occupancy Classification
Fitness / Gymnasium	A-3
Cafeteria	A-3
Offices / Administration	B
Yoga / Meditation	E
Storage rooms	S
Mechanical/Electrical Equipment rooms/spaces	Accessory (Incidental use)

The following color-code will be used to illustrate different occupancy use of rooms / spaces in the recreation center building.

Space designations	Color codes
Assembly	Green
Business	Blue
Storage	Yellow
Mechanical rooms	Orange
Electrical rooms	Grey
Changing /Restrooms	Light Green



Figure 4-1a: ***Color-Coding Of Space Designations: 1<sup>st</sup> floor***



Figure 4-1b: ***Color-Coding Of Space Designations: 1<sup>st</sup> floor***



Figure 4-2: ***Color-Coding Of Space Designations: 2<sup>nd</sup> floor***

As a multiple occupancy building, the Recreation Center shall comply with all requirements that are applicable to each of the purposes for which the room or space will be occupied. The means of egress facilities, construction type, protection, and other safeguards in the building shall comply with the most restrictive fire and life safety requirements of the occupancies involved.

### EGRESS CAPACITY CALCULATIONS

Life Safety Code defines the term “means of egress” as a continuous and unobstructed way of travel from any point in a building or structure to a public way consisting of three separate and distinct parts:

- Exit access: is that portion of a means of egress that leads to an exit.

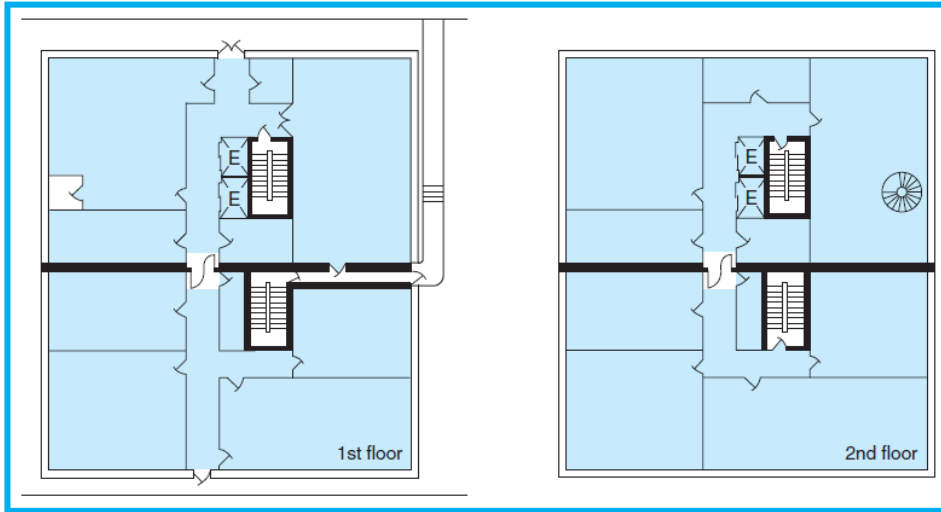


Figure 4-3: *LSC Exhibit of Exit Access*

- Exit: is that portion of a means of egress that is separated from other building spaces by enclosing it within construction; it can include exterior exit doors, stairs, ramps, smoke proof enclosures, exit passageways, and outside balconies.

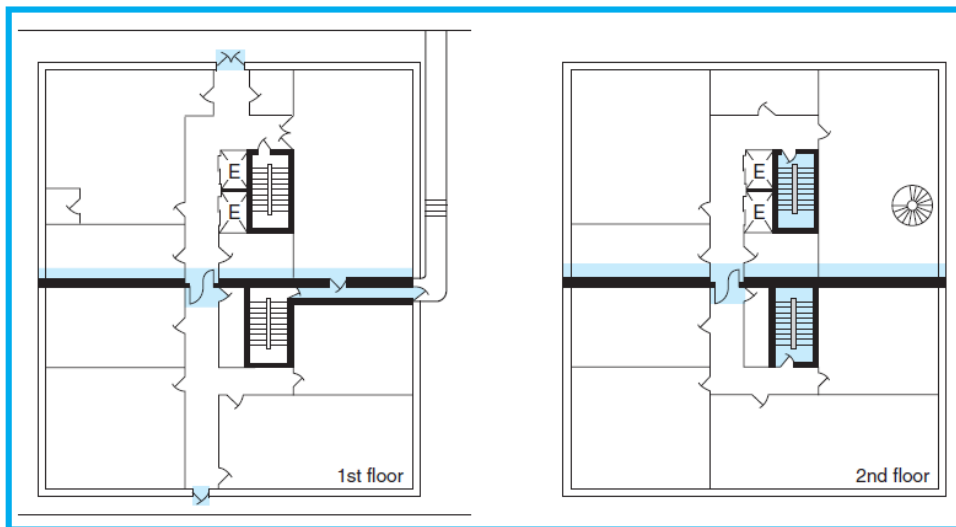


Figure 4-4: *LSC Exhibit of Various Forms of Exits*

- Exit discharge: that portion of a means of egress between the termination of an exit and a public way. A public way defined as a street, alley, or other similar parcel of land essentially open to the outside air deeded, dedicated, or otherwise permanently appropriated to the public for public use and having a clear width and height of not less than 10 ft (3050 mm).

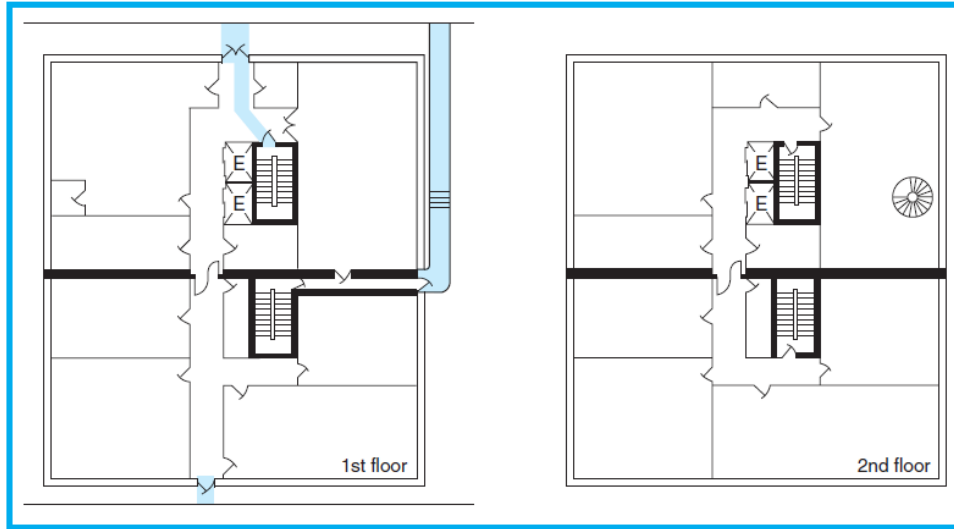


Figure 4-5: *LSC Exhibit of Spaces Constituting Exit Discharge*

The Life Safety Code §7.3.1.2 stipulates that: “the occupant load in any building or portion thereof shall be not less than the number of persons determined by dividing the floor area assigned to that use by the occupant load factor for that use as specified in Table 7.3.1.2”.

**A. Occupant Load for Each Space:**

Occupant load factor for each space is obtained from Table 7.3.1.2:

Table 4.3a: *Extract from LSC –Table 7.3.1.2*

*Table 7.3.1.2 Occupant Load Factor*

Use	(ft <sup>2</sup> /person)*	(m <sup>2</sup> /person)*
<b>Assembly Use</b>		
Concentrated use, without fixed seating	7 net	0.65 net
Less concentrated use, without fixed seating	15 net	1.4 net
Bench-type seating	1 person/18 linear in.	1 person/455 linear mm
Fixed seating	Use number of fixed seats	Use number of fixed seats
Waiting spaces	See 12.1.7.2 and 13.1.7.2.	See 12.1.7.2 and 13.1.7.2.
Kitchens	100	9.3
Library stack areas	100	9.3
Library reading rooms	50 net	4.6 net
Swimming pools	50 (water surface)	4.6 (water surface)
Swimming pool decks	30	2.8
Exercise rooms with equipment	50	4.6
Exercise rooms without equipment	15	1.4
Stages	15 net	1.4 net
Lighting and access catwalks, galleries, gridirons	100 net	9.3 net
Casinos and similar gaming areas	11	1
Skating rinks	50	4.6
<b>Educational Use</b>		
Classrooms	20 net	1.9 net
Shops, laboratories, vocational rooms	50 net	4.6 net

(continues)



Table 7.3.1.2 Continued

Use	(ft <sup>2</sup> /person) <sup>a</sup>	(m <sup>2</sup> /person) <sup>a</sup>
<b>Day-Care Use</b>	35 net	3.3 net
<b>Health Care Use</b>		
Inpatient treatment departments	240	22.3
Sleeping departments	120	11.1
Ambulatory health care	100	9.3
<b>Detention and Correctional Use</b>	120	11.1
<b>Residential Use</b>		
Hotels and dormitories	200	18.6
Apartment buildings	200	18.6
Board and care, large	200	18.6
<b>Industrial Use</b>		
General and high hazard industrial	100	9.3
Special-purpose industrial	NA	NA
<b>Business Use (other than below)</b>	100	9.3
Air traffic control tower observation levels	40	3.7
<b>Storage Use</b>		
In storage occupancies	NA	NA
In mercantile occupancies	300	27.9
In other than storage and mercantile occupancies	500	46.5
<b>Mercantile Use</b>		
Sales area on street floor <sup>h,c</sup>	30	2.8
Sales area on two or more street floors <sup>c</sup>	40	3.7
Sales area on floor below street floor <sup>c</sup>	30	2.8
Sales area on floors above street floor <sup>c</sup>	60	5.6
Floors or portions of floors used only for offices	See business use.	See business use.
Floors or portions of floors used only for storage, receiving, and shipping, and not open to general public	300	27.9
Mall buildings <sup>d</sup>	Per factors applicable to use of space <sup>e</sup>	

NA: Not applicable. The occupant load is the maximum probable number of occupants present at any time.

Figure 4.3b: **Extract from LSC-Table 7.3.1.2**

The occupant load of each space will be determined on the basis of the occupant load factors of Table 7.3.1.2 based on the use of the space (not occupancy classification), or shall be determined as the maximum probable population of the space under consideration, whichever is greater.

The following definitions clarify the use of occupant load factor:

- Gross Floor Area: The floor area within the inside perimeter of the outside walls of the building under consideration (Recreation Center). This area includes hallways, stairs, closets, and thickness of interior walls, columns or other features. Where the term floor area used, it means the gross floor area unless otherwise specified.
- Net Floor Area: The floor area within the inside perimeter of the outside walls, or the outside walls and fire walls of the building under consideration with deductions for hallways, stairs, closets, thickness of interior walls, columns, or other features. The actual occupied area/space (associated with Assembly use space)

## B. Egress Capacity

Egress capacity of exit in the Rec Center will be calculated in accordance with Life Safety Code provision §7.3.3.1: “Egress capacity for approved components of means of egress

shall be based on the capacity factors shown in Table 7.3.3.1, unless otherwise provided in 7.3.3.2”.

Table 4.4: **LSC Egress Capacity Factor**

*Table 7.3.3.1 Capacity Factors*

Area	Stairways (width/person)		Level Components and Ramps (width/person)	
	in.	mm	in.	mm
Board and care	0.4	10	0.2	5
Health care, sprinklered	0.3	7.6	0.2	5
Health care, nonsprinklered	0.6	15	0.5	13
High hazard contents	0.7	18	0.4	10
All others	0.3	7.6	0.2	5

The minimum required width will be calculated as follows:

- Stairways: 0.3 inches per occupant multiplied by the total number of occupants served
- Other components (e.g. doors): 0.2 inches per occupant multiplied by the total number of occupants served

In egress capacity calculations, the Life Safety Code allows standard rounding.

The required capacity of a corridor shall be the occupant load that utilizes the corridor for exit access divided by the required number of exits to which the corridor connects. The corridor capacity shall be not less than the required capacity of the exit to which the corridor leads.

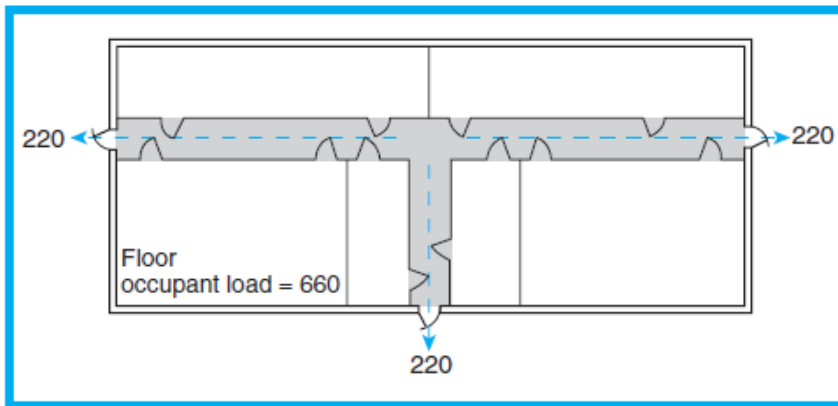


Figure 4-6: **LSC: Corridor Capacity**

### C. Number of Exits

The required number of egress is estimated in accordance with the Life Safety Code Section 7.4.1.2: "the number of means of egress, from any story or portion thereof, other than for existing buildings, in chapter 11 through 43, shall be as follows:

- (1) Occupant load more than 500 but not more than 1000 — not less than 3
- (2) Occupant load more than 1000 — not less than 4".

Table 4-5: **Number of Exits**

Occupant load served	Number of exits required
< 50 (typical but varies)	1
< 500	2
501-1000	3
> 1000	4

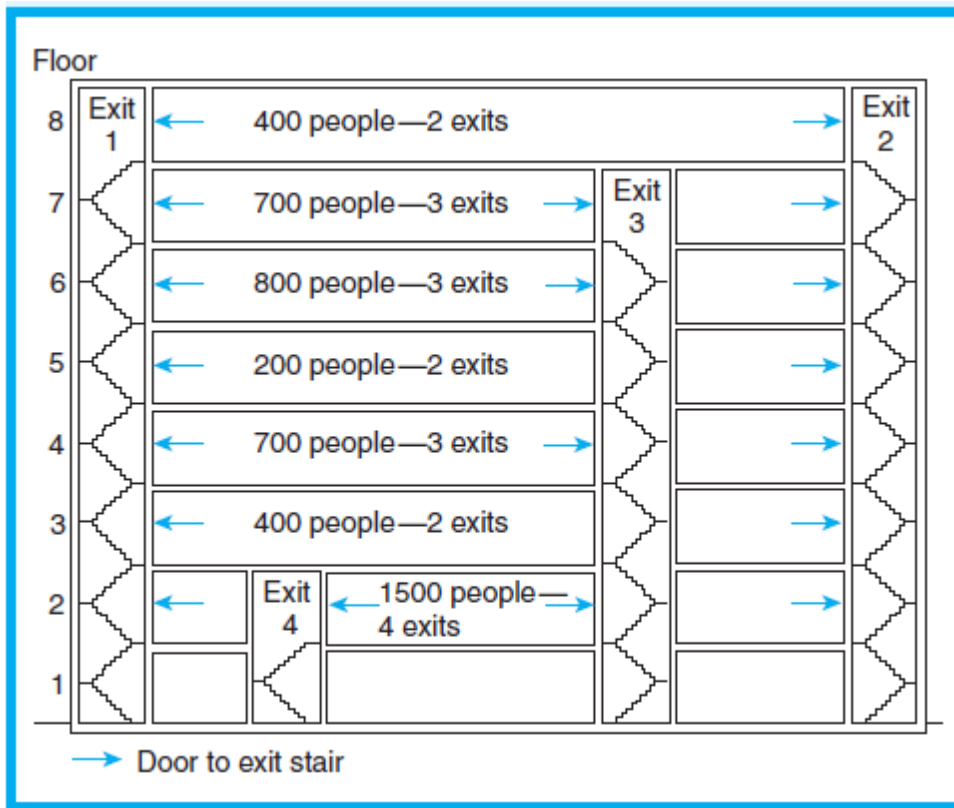


Figure 4-7: **Extract from LSC Minimum Number of Means of Egress**

#### D. Multi-Story Egress Capacity

Where an exit serves more than one story, only the occupant load of each story considered individually shall be used in computing the required capacity of the exit at that story, provided that the required egress capacity of the exit is not decreased in the direction of egress travel [Life Safety Code, Section 7.3.1.4].

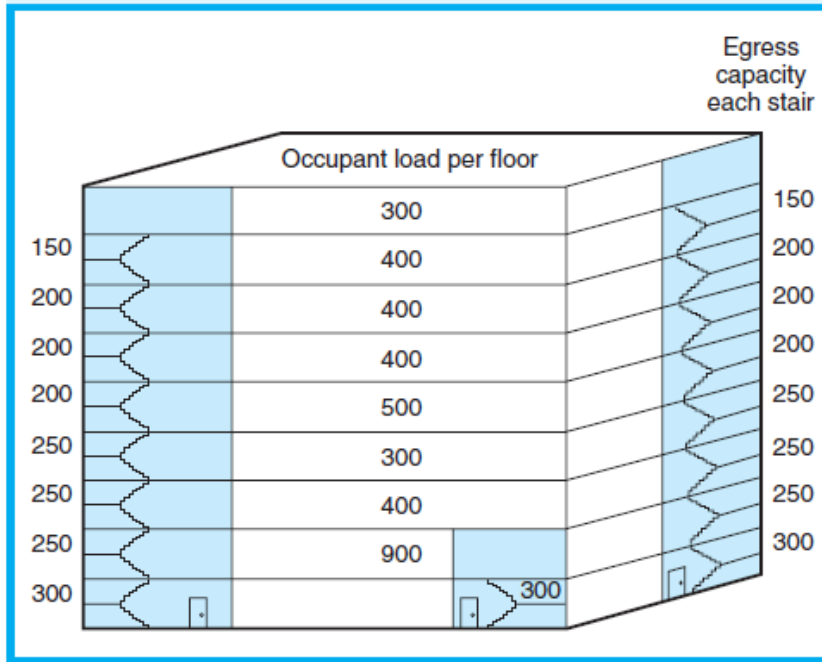


Figure 4-8: *LSC Capacity of Exit Stairs serving Multiple Floors*

#### E. Converging Egress Capacity

Where means of egress from the second floor and from the basement converge at the first floor in the Recreation Center, the capacity of the means of egress from the point of convergence shall be not less than the sum of the capacity of the two converging means of egress.

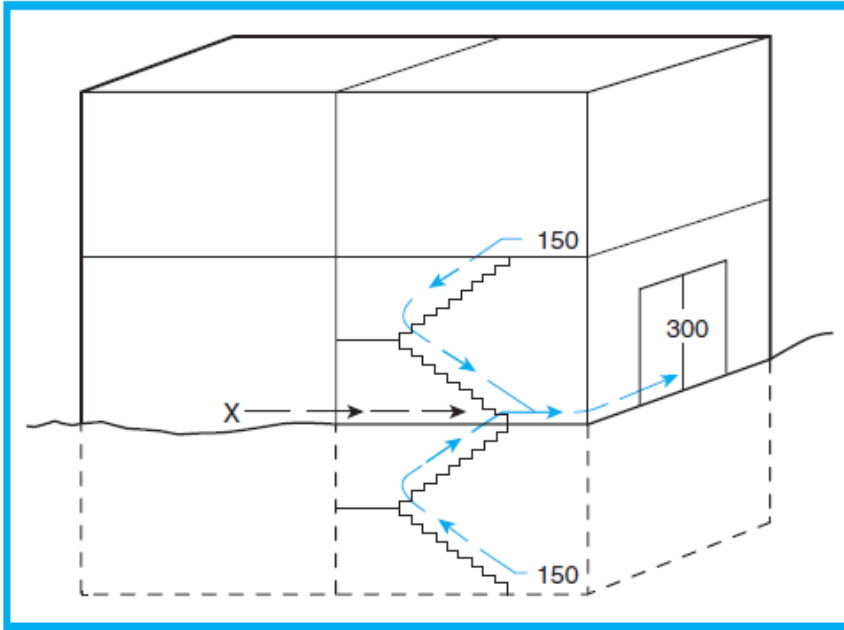


Figure 4-9: Extract from *LSC-Exhibit of converging egress capacity*

#### F. Minimum Width

- The width of any means of egress in the Rec Center shall be as follows:
  - Not less than that required for a given egress component
  - Not less than 36 in; however for the LSC 2009 edition, allows the width of exit access to be not less than 28 in for building constructed before 2009; as it is the case for the Rec Center built in accordance with 2006 LSC.
- Where more than one exit access leads to an exit, each shall have a width adequate for the number of persons it accommodates.
- Where the total occupant load of all stories served by the stair is fewer than 50, the minimum width shall be 36 in, except for projections more than 4-1/2 in. at or below handrail height on each side
- Where stairs serve occupant loads exceeding 49, the minimum width shall be in accordance with Life Safety Code Table 7.2.2.2.1.2 (B):

Table 4-6: *Life Safety Code Minimum Stair Width*

*Table 7.2.2.2.1.2(B) New Stair Width*

Total Cumulative Occupant Load Assigned to the Stair	Width
<2000 persons	44 in. (1120 mm)
≥2000 persons	56 in. (1420 mm)

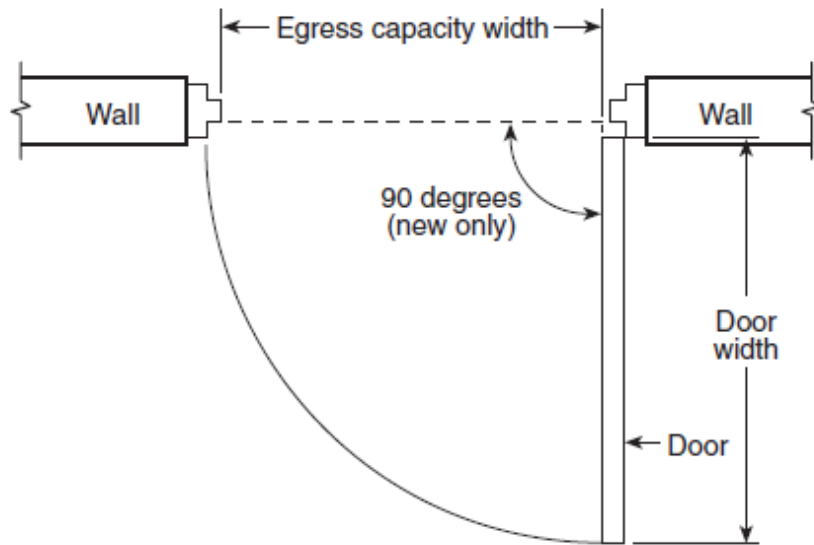


Figure 4-10: *Life Safety Code Minimum Egress Door Width*

### G. Occupant Loads and Egress Capacity Calculation Results

Occupancy load calculations assumed a “non-simultaneous use”, which means that occupants will either be in the occupied space or the circulation space, but not both at the same time.

The reason for this assumption is that occupants of circulation areas, restrooms are accounted for in other occupied areas.

The room or space used, as an assembly space, in the Rec Center, in accordance with LSC provisions 7.10 requirements, has an occupancy load sign posted in a very noticeable location near their exit or exit access doorways.

Table 4-7: **Occupancy Load calculations for first floor**

A. 1<sup>st</sup> Floor Life Safety Plan Area

Floor/Space	Occupancy	Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	OLF (ft <sup>2</sup> / OCC)	Calculated Occupant Load	Number of Exits Required
Office 1	B	162	100	2	1
Office 2	B	109	100	2	1
Office 3	B	113	100	2	1
Office 4	B	110	100	2	1
Office 5	B	114	100	2	1
Office 6	B	114	100	2	1
Open Office	B	1041	100	11	1
Gymnasium	A-3	13,453	Max	300	2
FAC Supervisor	B	191	100	2	1
Racquet Ball court (x6)	B	799	100	8	1
Mac Lobby	A-3	1562	15	100	2
Office 7	B	910	300	3	1
Office 8	B	205	100	3	1
Office 9	B	320	100	4	1
Office 10	B	316	100	4	1
Control Room	B	131	100	2	1
Information desk	B	279	100	3	1
First aid room	B	151	100	2	1
Equipment checkout	B	124	100	2	1
Office: coordinator	B	126	100	2	1
Weight fitness	A-3	6462	50	138	2
Office: Players	B	236	15	16	1
Office: players	B	245	15	23	1

<b>Floor/Space</b>	<b>Occupancy</b>	<b>Area (ft<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>OLF (ft<sup>2</sup> / OCC)</b>	<b>Calculated Occupant Load</b>	<b>Number of Exits Required</b>
MAC	A-3	8313	7	1188	4
Storage/Prep Area	B	874	300	3	1
Aquatic office	B	191	100	2	1
Lifeguard office	B	242	100	3	1
Reception	B	249	100	3	1
Maintenance/Storage	B	239	300	1	1
Equipment/Storage	B	124	100	2	1
Laundry room	B	264	100	3	1
Men's Locker	A-3	2608	50	52	2
Women's Locker	A-3	2106	50	43	1
Pre-Function Area	A-3	4191	15	287	2
Training room	B	903	100	10	1
Personal Fitness	B	149	100	2	1
Message Therapy	B	142	100	2	1
Wellness office	B	124	100	2	1
Office	B	125	100	2	1
Wellness reception	B	431	100	5	1
Ticket office	B	288	100	3	1
Wrestling room	A-3	4006	50	81	2
Main Gymnasium	A-3	13083	Seats	300	2
Pantry	B	122	100	2	1
Office	B	280	100	3	1
Office	B	144	100	2	1
Storage	B	2441	300	9	1
Changing room	B	104	100	2	1
Changing room	B	123	100	2	1



Floor/Space	Occupancy	Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	OLF (ft <sup>2</sup> / OCC)	Calculated Occupant Load	Number of Exits Required
Pool Mechanical	B	1005	300	4	1
Maintenance Office	B	286	100	3	1

B. 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Life Safety Plan Area

Table 4-8: **Occupancy Calculations for 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor**

Floor/Space	Occupancy	Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	OLF (ft <sup>2</sup> / OCC)	Calculated Occupant Load	Number of Exits Required
Fitness Studio 1	B	1688	50	34	1
Fitness Studio 2	B	1962	50	40	1
Main Gym North	A-3	6396	-	1180	2
Main Gym South	A-3	6414	-	1180	2
Fitness Studio 3	B	2356	50	48	2
Cardio Fitness	A-3	3330	50	67	2
Jogging Track	A-3	2014	-	69	2

**H. Exit Stairway Calculations**

It is a LSC requirement, when more than one exit is required, the sizing of each exit available is based on the fact that the loss of a single exit will not reduce the available capacity to less than 50 % of the required capacity. [Reference LSC Section 7.3.1.1.2]

Table 4-9: *Stairway Capacity Calculations*

Stairway	Occupant Load	Required Width	Provided Width
Stair 1	156	156 x 0.2= 32 in	84 inches
Stair 2	156	156 x 0.2= 32 in	78 inches
Stair 3	52	52 x 0.2= 11 in	87 inches
Stair 6	100	100 x 0.2= 20 in	84 inches
Stair 7	86	86 x 0.2= 18 in	84 inches
Stair 8	236	236 x 0.2= 48 in	84 inches
Stair 9	101	101 x 0.2= 21 in	76 inches
Stair 10	236	236 x 0.2= 48 in	96 inches
Stair 11	236	236 x 0.2= 48 in	96 inches
Stair 12	236	236 x 0.2=48 in	106 inches

The stairway width calculations were performed observing IBC/LSC prior edition to 2009 used at the time of the building was designed and built. The LSC 2006 edition gives 0.2 capacity factor for stairway calculations.

Applying current edition of LSC, using capacity factor of 0.3; the following stairway widths would have been required:

Table 4-10: *Stairway Width Calculations using LSC 2009*

Occupant Load (No of people)	Required Width (inches)	Provided Width (inches)
156	46.8	84
156	46.8	78
52	15.6	87
100	30	84
86	25.8	84
236	70.8	84
101	30.3	76
236	70.8	96
236	70.8	96
236	70.8	106

It can be seen that stairway widths in the Recreation Center are larger and provide adequate egress capacities. The exit capacities are therefore adequate for the application.

## I. Arrangement of Exits

It is required that exits are located and exit access are arranged so that exits are readily accessible at all times in accordance with LSC Section 7.5.1.1. Where exits are not immediately accessible from an open floor area, LSC requires that:

- Continuous passageways, aisles, or corridors leading directly to every exit to be maintained and
- To be arranged to provide access for each occupant to not less than two exits by separate ways of travel.

The following assessment were performed from existing Recreation Center floor plans, in order to attest the adequacy in terms of exit remoteness, common path, travel distance to exits, dead end corridors

### 1) Remoteness of means of egress

- It is required by LSC that where more than one exit, exit access or exit discharge is required from a building or portion thereof, such exits, exit accesses, or exit discharges shall be:
  - Remotely located from each other and
  - Arranged to minimize the possibility that more than one has the potential to be blocked By any one fire or other emergency condition
- The Rec Center is protected throughout by an approved, supervised automatic sprinkler system; in accordance with the LSC Section 7.5.1.3.2, the minimum separation distance between two exits, exit accesses, or discharges, shall be not less than one-third the length of the maximum overall diagonal dimension of the building or area to be served.

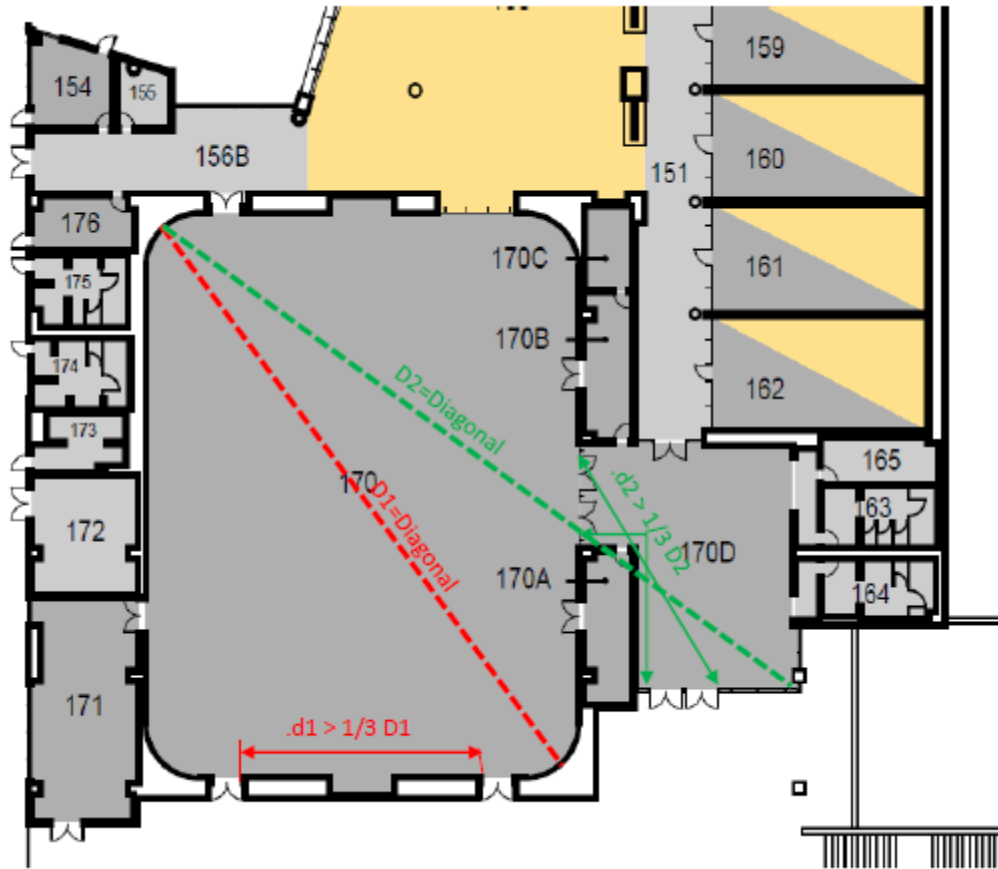


Figure 4-11: **Remoteness Assessment of Recreation Center South Exits**

As shown in figure 4-11, the MAC room required 4 exits; these exits are required to be separated by a minimum distance equaled to one third of the diagonal distances, as illustrated in the diagram.

The following calculations were performed:

$$D_1 = 200 \text{ ft}, \text{ therefore } d_1 \geq \frac{1}{3} \times 200 = 66 \text{ ft}; \text{ measured distance } d_1 = 70 \text{ ft}$$

$$D_2 = 230 \text{ ft}, \text{ therefore } d_2 \geq \frac{1}{3} \times 230 = 77 \text{ ft}; \text{ measured distance } d_2 = 77 \text{ ft}$$

Assessing the North, stairway numbers and widths can be checked if compliant:

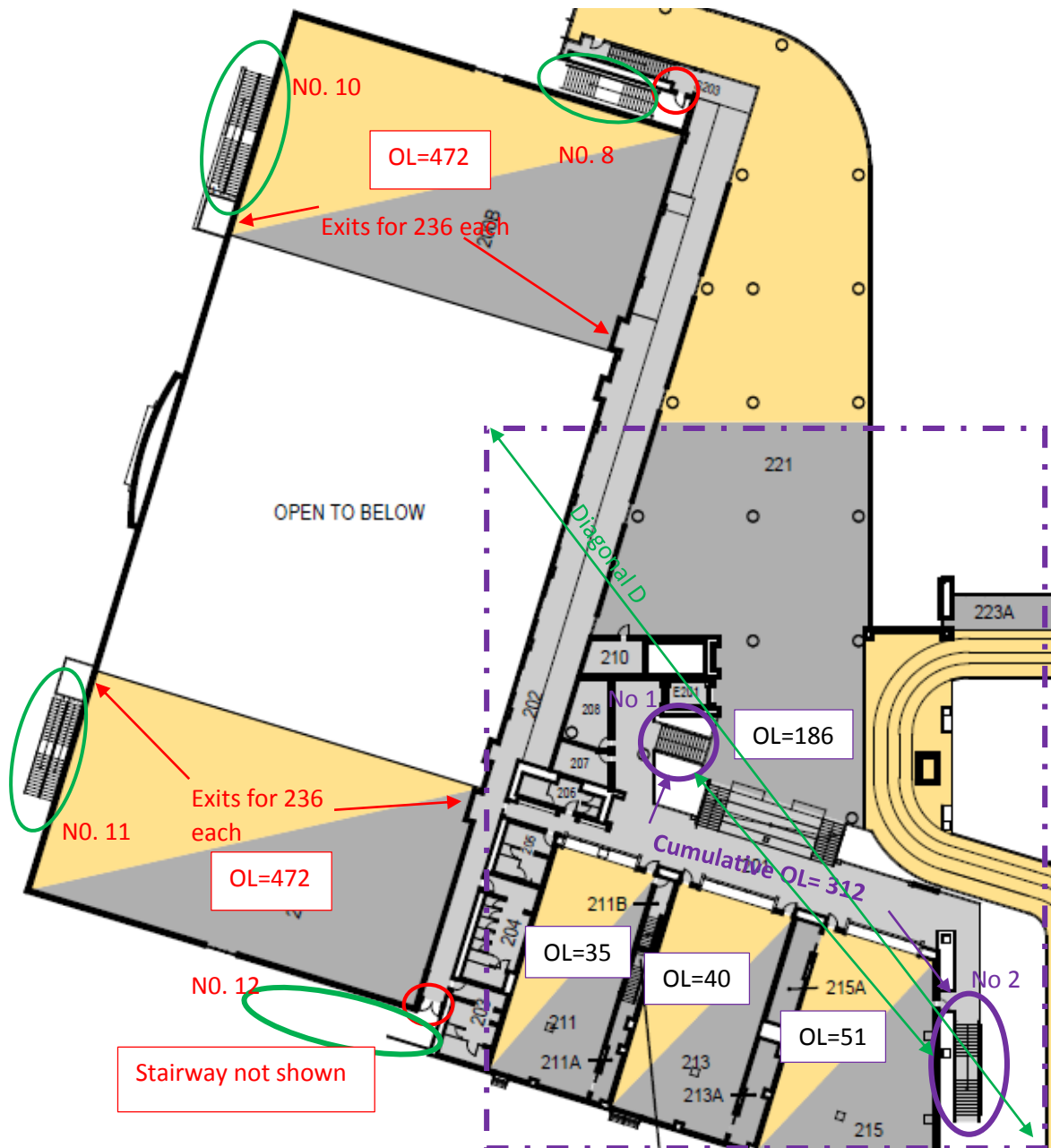


Figure 4-12: *Extract from Recreation Center 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Plan*

Two typical examples were chosen to assess a portion of the Recreation Center.

- Example 1, referring to Figure 4-12, above, for the main GYM, the following calculations can be performed:

Table 4-11: **Calculations for Main Gym Exit Capacity**

Room	Occupant Load (people)	No of Exits	Required Stairway width (in)	Required Width (in)	Door	Remoteness of Exits
Gym 2 <sup>nd</sup> floor	472	2	236x0.2=48 (old code)	236x0.15=35 (old code)		Room width= 57 ft Length=113ft Diagonal=SQR(57 <sup>2</sup> +113 <sup>2</sup> )=127
			236x0.3=71 (2009 LSC)	236x0.2=48 (2009 LSC)		Distance d for exits >= 1/3x127 = 42 ft

- Referring to Figure 4-12, the following assessment were performed to check compliance to LSC requirement of the area housing cardio fitness machines (demarcated by a square):
  - Cumulative occupant load of that portion of building: 312 people
  - Number of exits required: 2
  - Required stairway width: 156 x 0.3=47 inches
  - Provided stairway width: as shown in Table 4-09, Stairway N<sup>0</sup>1 measured 78 inches and stairway N<sup>0</sup>2 = 84 inches.
  - Minimum required exit:
    - Door width: 156 x 0.2= 32 inches
    - Provided exit door width: 36 inches
  - Remoteness of exits: the distance from stairway N<sub>o</sub>2 to N<sub>o</sub>1 is greater than the 1/3 diagonal distance of the covered area as indicated by dashed lines.

The typical calculations and observations were performed for the entire building; our assessment ascertained that the Rec Center building meet the minimum of requirements minimum egress width capacity and similarly the remoteness of exit locations meet the minimum 1/3 of diagonal distance of the space served.

## 2) Common paths and Dead end corridors

Common Path of Travel is defined as the portion of exit access that must be traversed before two separate and distinct paths of travel to two exits are available. In simple words, common path of travel is the portion of the exit access travel to which an occupant is steered in one direction only without the option of traveling in another independent direction toward an exit. [Reference LSC Section A.7.5.1.5]

LSC Section A.3.3.42 stipulates that Common path of travel is measured in the same manner as travel distance but terminates at that point where two separate and distinct routes become available.

The Rec Center architecture has a number of common paths of travel.

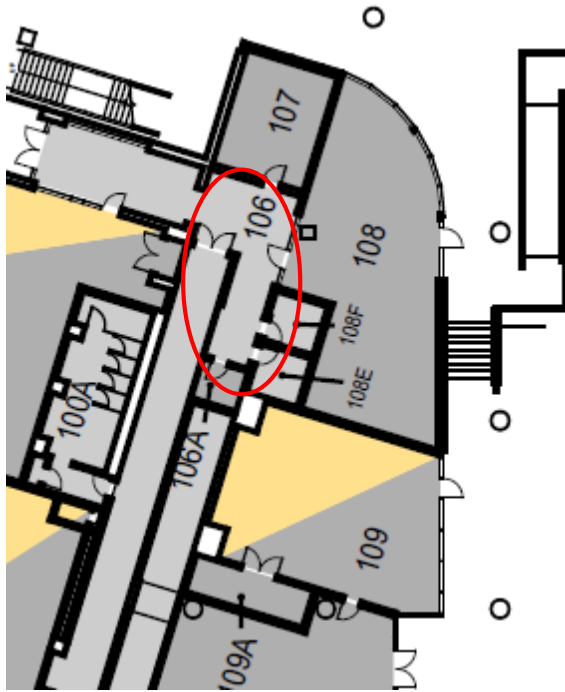


Figure 4-13: *Extract from 1<sup>st</sup> floor plan: North-West: Common Path of Travel*

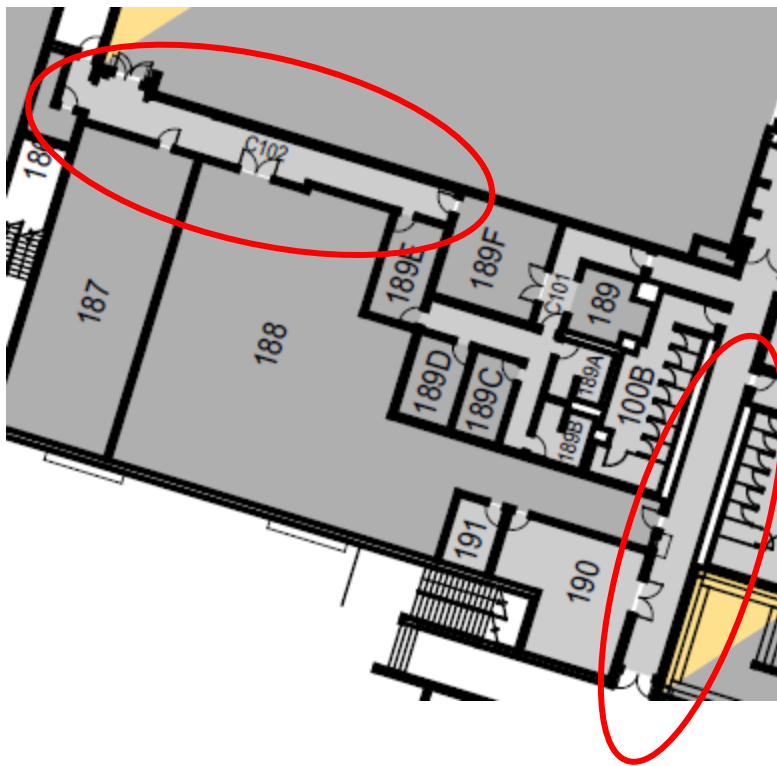


Figure 4-14: *Extract: 1<sup>st</sup> floor plan: South West: Common Path of Travel*

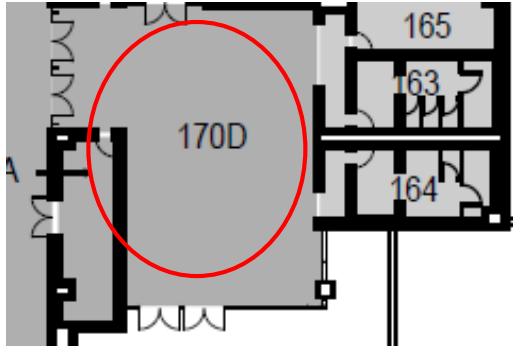


Figure 4-15: *Extract: 1<sup>st</sup> floor plan, South East: Common Path of Travel*

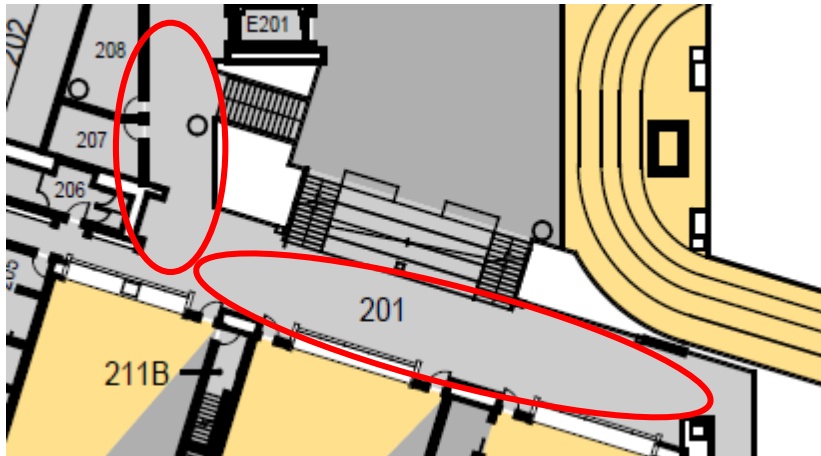


Figure 4-16: *Extract 2<sup>nd</sup> floor plan, North East: Common Paths of Travel*

Assessing different common paths of travel found in the Rec Center; the longest was estimated at 57 ft; therefore less than 75 ft maximum allowed by the LSC [reference figure 4-16]. The common paths of travel in the Rec Center are LSC compliant.

LSC requires that exit access to be arranged so that there are no dead ends in corridors. A dead end exists where an occupant enters a corridor thinking there is an exit at the end and, does find none exists.

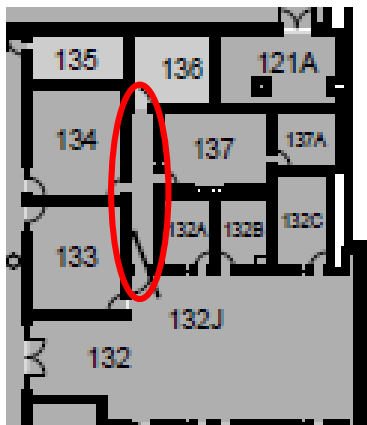


Figure 4-17: *Extract for 1<sup>st</sup> floor plan, office area: Dead End Corridor*



Our assessment of the entire building has revealed no other dead end corridor, except the corridor shown in figure 4-17.

The corridor was measured to be 35 ft; therefore complaint to the LSC requirements, which establish the maximum allowable at 50 ft. Refer to Table 4-12 for more details.

### 3) Travel distance to exits

The travel distance to an exit is required, in accordance with LSC Section 7.6.1, to be measured on the floor or other walking surface as follows:

- Along the centerline of the natural path of travel, starting from the most remote point subject to occupancy
- Curving around any corners or obstructions, with a 12 in clearance therefrom
- Terminating at one of the following:
  - Center of the doorway
  - Other point at which the exit begins

Travel distances in the Recreation Center was evaluated in accordance with LSC requirements shown in Table A.7.6

Table 4-12: *Extract from LSC: Common Path, Dean-End and Travel Distance*

*Table A.7.6 Common Path, Dead-End, and Travel Distance Limits (by occupancy)*

Type of Occupancy	Common Path Limit				Dead-End Limit				Travel Distance Limit			
	Unsprinklered		Sprinklered		Unsprinklered		Sprinklered		Unsprinklered		Sprinklered	
	ft	m	ft	m	ft	m	ft	m	ft	m	ft	m
<b>Assembly</b>												
New	20/75	6.1/23	20/75	6.1/23 <sup>a</sup>	20	6.1 <sup>b</sup>	20	6.1 <sup>b</sup>	200	61 <sup>c</sup>	250	76 <sup>c</sup>
Existing	20/75	6.1/23	20/75	6.1/23 <sup>a</sup>	20	6.1 <sup>b</sup>	20	6.1 <sup>b</sup>	200	61 <sup>c</sup>	250	76 <sup>c</sup>
<b>Educational</b>												
New	75	23	100	30	20	6.1	50	15	150	45	200	61
Existing	75	23	100	30	20	6.1	50	15	150	45	200	61
<b>Day Care</b>												
New	75	23	100	30	20	6.1	50	15	150	45 <sup>d</sup>	200	61 <sup>d</sup>
Existing	75	23	100	30	20	6.1	50	15	150	45 <sup>d</sup>	200	61 <sup>d</sup>
<b>Health Care</b>												
New	NR	NR	NR	NR	30	9.1	30	9.1	NA	NA	200	61 <sup>d</sup>
Existing	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	150	45 <sup>d</sup>	200	61 <sup>d</sup>
<b>Ambulatory Health Care</b>												
New	75	23 <sup>e</sup>	100	30 <sup>e</sup>	20	6.1	50	15	150	45 <sup>d</sup>	200	61 <sup>d</sup>
Existing	75	23 <sup>e</sup>	100	30 <sup>e</sup>	50	15	50	15	150	45 <sup>d</sup>	200	61 <sup>d</sup>

Table A.7.6 Continued

Type of Occupancy	Common Path Limit				Dead-End Limit				Travel Distance Limit			
	Unsprinklered		Sprinklered		Unsprinklered		Sprinklered		Unsprinklered		Sprinklered	
	ft	m	ft	m	ft	m	ft	m	ft	m	ft	m
Business												
New	75	23 <sup>l</sup>	100	30 <sup>l</sup>	20	6.1	50	15	200	61	300	91
Existing	75	23 <sup>l</sup>	100	30 <sup>l</sup>	50	15	50	15	200	61	300	91

We have noticed that for the entire building, the longest travel distance of travel was from staff offices to the south east exit as shown by the diagram below:

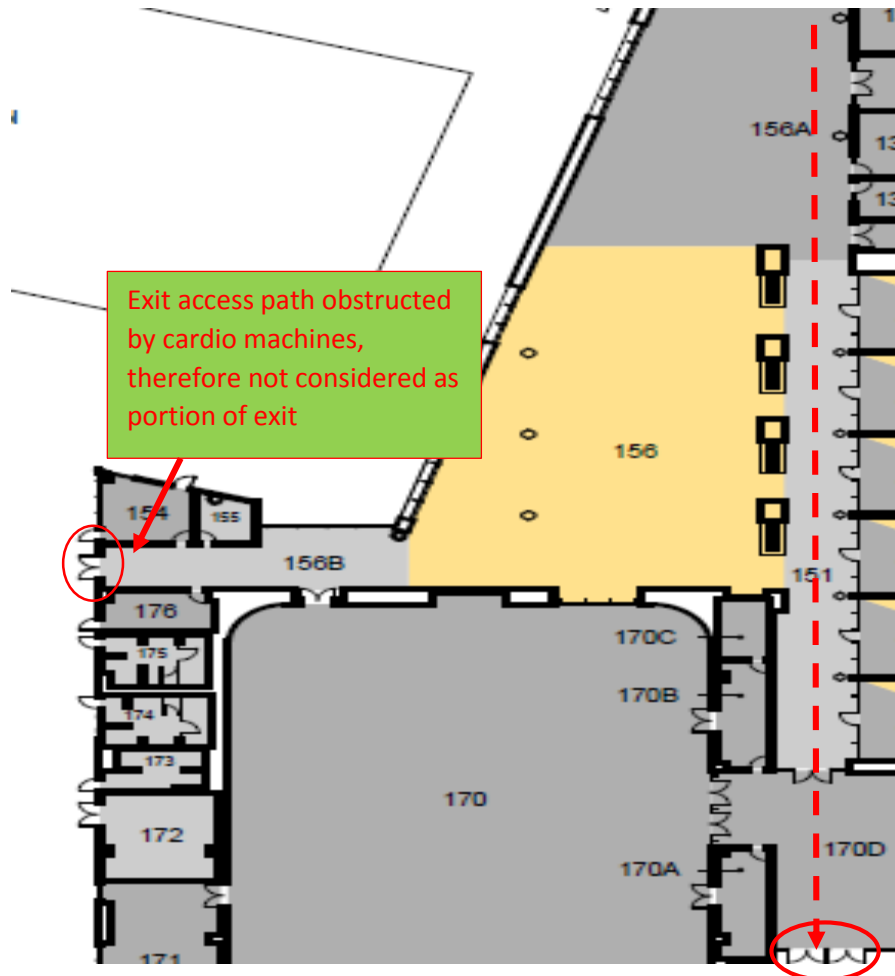


Figure 4-18: *Extract from 1<sup>st</sup> floor plan: Exit access path obstructed*

The travel distance was measured and found to be 225 feet, less than 250 ft as per LSC requirements. Therefore the travel distance in the entire building is LSC code compliant.

#### **4) Discharge from exits**

The exits from Rec Center terminate at an exterior exit discharge that is continuous to the public way.

All exits in the Rec Center are arranged and marked with exit signs to make clear the direction of egress to a public way.

##### **J. Illumination of Mean of Egress:**

In accordance with LSC requirements, the floors and other walking surfaces within an exit and within the portions of the exit access and exit discharge are illuminated as follows:

- The minimum illumination for floors and walking surfaces are required to be values of at least 1 ft-candle (10.8 Lux) measured at the floor
- In assembly occupancies, the illumination of the walking surfaces of exit access shall be at least 0.2 ft candle (2.2 Lux) during periods of performances or projections involving directed light
- The minimum illumination requirements shall not apply where operations or processes required low lighting levels. A desirable form of means of egress lighting is by lights recessed in walls about 12 in (305 mm) above the floor. Such lights are not likely to be obscured by smoke.

All lights, circuits, or auxiliary power must be arranged to ensure continuity of egress lighting, although the performance level is permitted to decline from 1 ft-candle (10.8 Lux) to 0.2 fr-candle (2.2 Lux) if a system element fails. Continuity of egress lighting can be accomplished by means such as use of duplicate light bulbs in fixtures or overlapping light patterns from neighboring fixtures.

All spaces/rooms in the Recreation Center of assembly occupancy use, with an occupant load not exceeding 300 shall not be required to have emergency lighting.

Emergency lighting is required in the Recreation Center for only the designated stairs, corridors, ramps, and passageways leading to an exit and to public way for designated spaces of the exit discharge.

The emergency illumination is required for a minimum of 1 ½ hours (90 min) in the event of failure of normal lighting. Emergency lighting facilities are required to be arranged to provide initial illumination that is not less than an average of 1 ft-canfle (10.8 Lux) and, at any point, not less than 0.1 ft-candle (1,1 Lux), measured along the path of egress at floor level. Illumination levels shall be permitted to decline to not less than an average of 0.6 ft-candle (6.5 Lux) and, at any point, not less than 0.06 ft-candle (0.65 Lux) at the end of 1 ½ hours. A maximum-to-minimum illumination uniformity ratio of 40 to 1 shall not be exceeded.

## **K. Means Of Egress Components**

### **1) Doors**

Door assemblies serve multiple purposes that relate to the comfort and safety of building occupants and provide protection from the following:

- i. Weather, drafts, noise, and disturbance from adjoining areas
- ii. Trespass by unauthorized persons
- iii. Fire and smoke

In accordance with LSC requirements, every door opening and the principal entrance that is required to serve as an exit for the Recreation Center shall be designed and constructed so that the path of egress travel is obvious and direct; easily recognizable as doors. Doors cannot be concealed by curtains, drapes, decorations, mirrors of other similar materials.

Door opening assemblies in a means of egress used in the Recreation Center shall conform to the general requirements of LSC Section 7.1 and special requirements of 7.2.1.

Any door in a required means of egress from an area having an occupant load of 100 or more persons shall be permitted to be provided with a latch or lock only if the latch or lock is panic hardware or fire exit hardware complying with LSC Section 7.2.1.7.

Doors in the means of egress shall be permitted to be equipped with an approved access control system complying with 7.2.1.6.2, and such doors shall not be locked from the egress side when the assembly occupancy is occupied (Reference LSC 7.2.1.1.3.).

The measurement of door width shall be as shown in figure xxx: Clear openings of doorways are measured between the face of the door and the stop with the door opened at 90 degrees. The minimum clear opening door width is 32 inches (including a door opening with two door leaves, with no mullion).

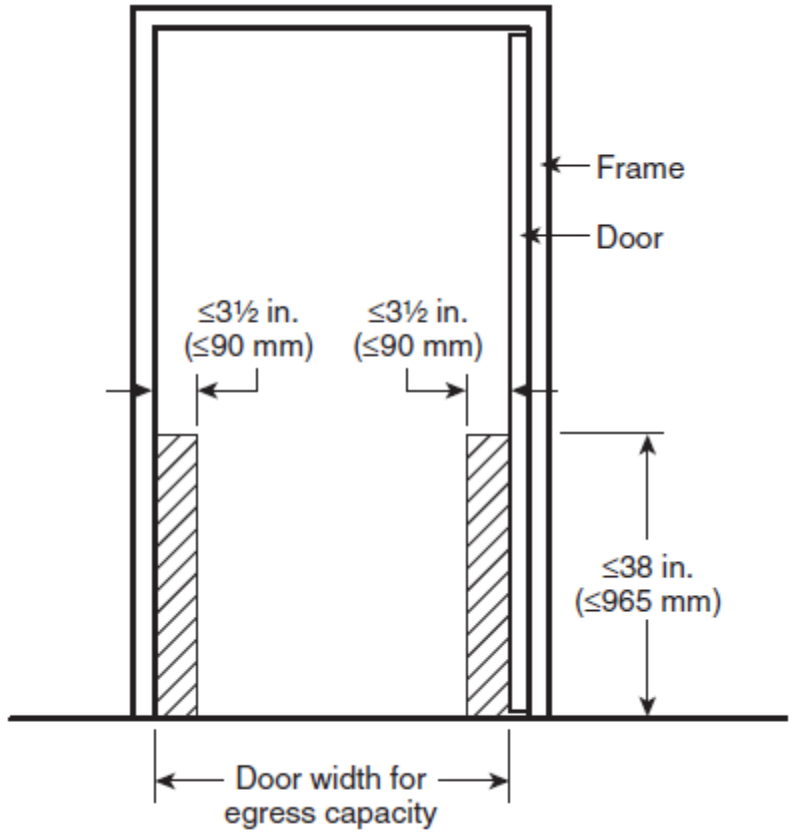
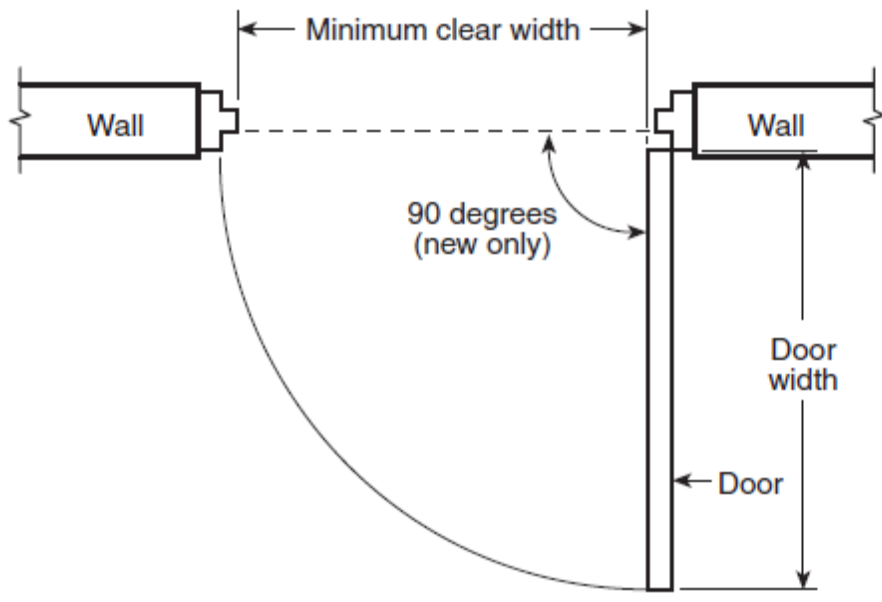


Figure 4-19: *Egress Capacity and Permitted Obstructions*

The LSC Section 7.2.1.2.3.2 requires that door openings in means of egress to not be less than 32 inches in clear width.

The minimum door width for every door installed in the Rec Center is 36 inches; this means the LSC requirements in terms of means of egress.

The measurement for existing door assembly shall be taken with the door leaf in the fully open position.

Projections are not allowed into the clear opening width for a door lower than 34 inches above the floor. Projections between 34-inches and 80-inches above the floor cannot exceed 4-inches into the clear door opening width. This provision allows for the door hardware to be in the clear opening width.

## **2) Floor Level**

The elevation of the floor surfaces on both sides of a door opening shall not vary by more than ½ in (13 mm). The LSC requires that the elevation of the floor surfaces to be maintained on both sides of the door openings for a distance not less than the width of the widest leaf.

Thresholds at door openings shall not exceed ½ in at door openings shall be beveled with a slope not steeper than 1 in 2.

For the Recreation Center, where the door opening discharges to the outside or to an exterior balcony or exit access, the floor level outside the door opening is permitted to be one step lower than that of the inside, but shall not be more than 8 in lower. [Reference LSC Section 7.2.1.3.1]

## **3) Swing and Force to Open**

Any door assembly in a means of egress installed in the Recreation Center shall meet requirements of LSC Section 7.2.1.4. The door in a means of egress shall be of the side-hinged or pivoted-swinging type, and shall be installed to be capable of swinging from any position to the full required width of the opening in which it is installed; and in the direction of egress travel where serving an occupant load of 50 or more persons.

The recommended forces required to fully open a door leaf manually in a means of egress prescribed in the LSC, shall not exceed (when applied to the latch side):

- The opening force for the interior-side of swing doors without closures cannot exceed 5 pounds
- For other side-swinging, sliding and folding door, the door latch shall release when subject to a 15 lbf (67 N).
- The door shall be set in motion when subject to a 30 lbf (133 N)
- The door shall open to the minimum required width when subject to a 15 lbf (67 N)
- The opening forces for existing door leaves in existing buildings shall not exceed 50 lbf (222N).

#### 4) Door Leaf Encroachment

To avoid door leaves to protrude into the required corridor width, in general rooms/spaces in the Recreation Center have door leaves that swing within a recessed pocket of the corridor and provide clear passage through an exit access corridor; as it shown in figure 2-23 below. In additional, for those doors that swing into corridor leave at least one-half of the required corridor width unobstructed during the entire swing and project not more than 7 in (180mm) in the required width of a corridor or passageway when fully open; as required in LSC Section 7.2.1.4.3.1.

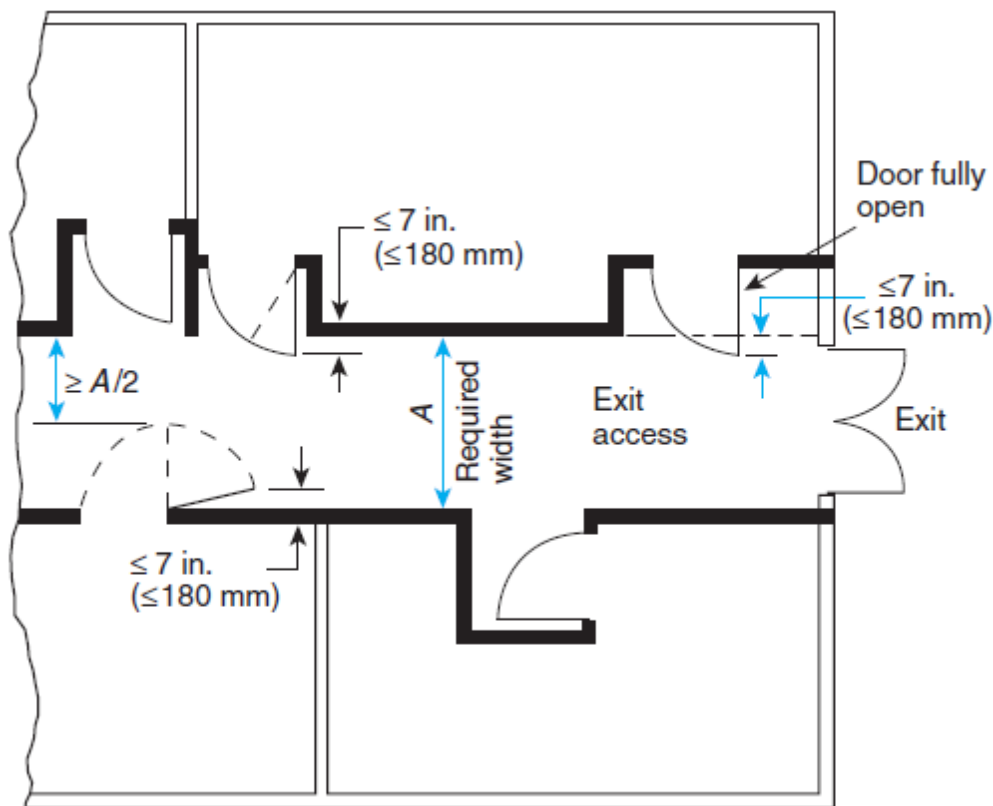


Figure 4-20: *Extract from LSC: Door-Leaf Encroachment*

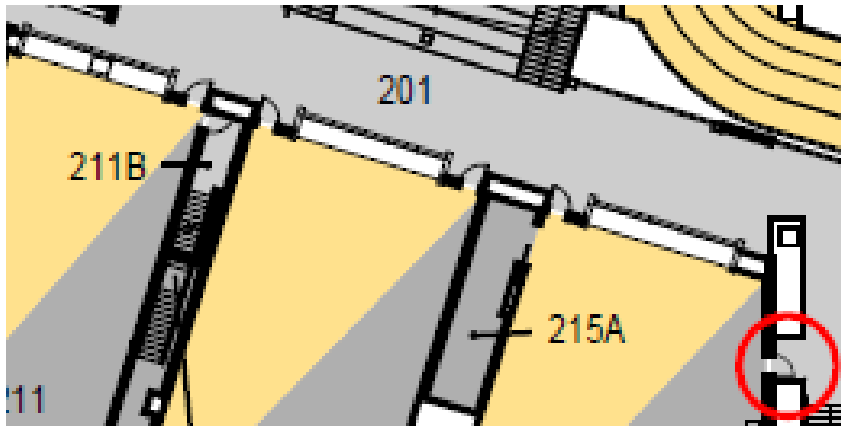


Figure 4-21: *Extract from Rec Center 2<sup>nd</sup> floor plan: Recessed Pocket Corridor*

Surface-mounted latch release hardware on the door leaf are not included in the maximum 7 in (180 mm) projection requirement as the hardware is mounted to the side of the door leaf that faces the corridor, passageway when the door leaf is in the open position; and the hardware is mounted not less than 34 in (865 mm) and not more than 48 in (1220 mm) above floor.

Where pairs of door leaves are used, in a means of egress, such as the main GYM exit doors in the Recreation Centre, one of the following criteria shall be met:

- Each leaf of the pair shall be provided with a releasing device that does not depend on the release of one leaf before the other
- Approved automatic flush bolts shall be used and arranged such that:
  - The door leaf equipped with the automatic flush bolts shall have no doorknob or surface-mounted hardware
  - Unlatching of any leaf shall not require more than one operation

### 5) Locks, Latches, and Alarm Devices

It was said that the main entrance and some offices are locked overnight; that is permitted by the LSC provisions 7.2.1.5. Door leaves in the Rec Center shall be then arranged to be opened readily from the egress side whenever the building is occupied; locks when provided, shall not require the use of a key, a tool, or special knowledge or effort for operation from the egress side.

For the exterior door assemblies, main entrance and exit, the following will apply:

- A readily visible, durable sign in letters not less than 1 in (25 mm) high on a contrasting background that read as follows is located on or adjacent to the door leaf: THIS DOOR TO REMAIN UNLOCKED WHEN THE BUILDING IS OCCUPIED.
- The locking device is of a type readily distinguishable type when the door is locked.
- A key is immediately available to occupant inside the building when it is locked.



## 6) Access-Controlled Egress Door Assemblies

The Rec Center is equipped with entrance and egress access control system for access to the facility beyond the reception area; where the entrance controlled devices prevent access from the outside of the building and requires approved students (registered students to use the facility) and center's staff members magnetic cards to open. Other exterior doors are not equipped with such devices, but are equipped with panic exit or fire exit hardware. The application of such access-controlled egress are permitted by the LSC as long as the following provisions of LSC 7.2.1.2.6 are met:

- A sensor shall be provided on the egress side, arrange to detect an occupant approaching door leaves that are arranged to unlock in the direction of egress upon detection of an approaching occupant or loss of power to the sensor.
- Door leaves shall be arranged to unlock in the direction of egress from a manual release device located 40 in to 48 in (1050 mm to 1220 mm) vertically above the floor and within 60 in (1525 mm) of the secured door openings. The manual release device shall be readily accessible and clearly identified by a sign that reads as follows: PUSH TO EXIT
- The door leaves shall remain unlocked for not less than 30 seconds
- Door leaves shall automatically unlock in the direction of egress at the activation of the building fire alarm system, and shall remain unlocked until the fire –protective signaling system has been manually reset
- Activation of the building automatic sprinkler or fire detection system, if provided, shall automatically unlock the door leaves in the direction of egress, and they shall remain unlock until the fire-protective signaling system has been manually reset.

## 7) Panic Hardware or Fire Exit Hardware

The LSC requires that any door in a means of egress from area having an occupant load of 100 or more persons to be provided with a latch or lock only if the latch or lock is panic hardware or fire exit hardware complying with section 7.2.1.7. The rooms/spaces, with occupant load of 100 or greater, have their doors equipped with approved panic hardware or fire exit hardware.

The LSC defines the following terms:

- Fire exit hardware is a door-latching assembly incorporating an actuating member or bar that releases the latch bolt upon the application of a force in the direction of egress travel ,and additionally is tested and listed for use on fire-rated door assemblies
- Panic hardware is a door-latching assembly incorporating an actuating member or bar that releases the latch bolt upon the application of a force in the direction of egress travel, and is not tested or listed

Where the panic hardware or fire exit hardware are installed in the Rec Center, they are not less than 30 in (760 mm), and not more than than 48 in (1220 mm) above the floor. These devices are required to be constructed so that a horizontal force not to exceed 15 lbf (66 N) actuates the cross bar or push pad and latches.

These door assemblies are not equipped with any locking device, set screw, or other arrangement, such as locks, padlocks, bars, chains or any combination of these, that prevents the release of the latch when pressure is applied to the releasing device; and are required not to have devices that hold the latch in the retracted position in compliance with LSC Section 7.2.1.7.4.

### **8) Self-Closing Or Self-Latching Door Leaf Operation**

The exterior main-entrance door assemblies are self-closing and are provided with power-assisted manual operation. The LSC allows the use of such self-closing or self-latching door leaf operation in the means of egress, as per provisions 7.2.1.9.2; when the following criteria are met:

- The door leaves can be opened manually to allow egress travel in the event of power failure
- Door leaves held open for any period of time close, and the power-assist mechanism ceases to function upon operation of approved smoke detectors

### **9) Inspection of Door Openings**

It is required by the LSC that door assemblies for which the door leaf is required to swing in the direction of egress travel to be inspected and tested not less than annually in accordance with Sections 7.2.1.15.2 through 7.2.1.15.8

### **10) Stairs**

Interior and exterior stairs to a building are recognised as very important as they serve multiple functions, such as allowing normal occupant movement among the floors of a building, providing emergency egress in case of fire, and facilitating rescue and fire control operations conducted by fire fighters.

Unclosed stairs in the Recreation Center serve as exit access and they are not considered as exits. In accordance with the LSC, the stairways in the Recreation Center are required to meet the minimum requirements applicable for existing as shown in figure 2-25:

Table 4-13: *Existing Stairs Dimensional Requirements*

*Table 7.2.2.1.1(b) Existing Stairs*

Feature	Dimensional Criteria	
	ft/in.	mm
Minimum width clear of all obstructions, except projections not more than 4½ in. (114 mm) at or below handrail height on each side	36 in.	915
Maximum height of risers	8 in.	205
Minimum tread depth	9 in.	230
Minimum headroom	6 ft 8 in.	2030
Maximum height between landings	12 ft	3660
Landing	See 7.2.1.3 and 7.2.1.4.3.1.	

As shown in the calculations in Table 4-9; provided stairways inside the Rec Center meet the minimum width requirements.

**i. Stair Details**

**a. Construction**

All stairs serving as means of egress in the Rec Center are required to be of permanent fixed construction in compliance with LSC Section 7.2.2.3.1.1.

**b. Landings**

The following LSC provisions are applicable to existing stairs in the Rec Center:

- Stairs and intermediate landing shall continue with no decrease in width along the direction of egress travel
- Landings shall not be required to exceed 48 in (1220 mm) in the direction of travel, provided that the stair has a straight run
- A door assembly at the top of a stair shall be permitted to open directly to the stair, provided that the door leaf does not swing over the stair and the door opening serves an area with an occupant load of fewer than 50 persons. The case of the stairs connecting the second to the roof.

- The maximum distance between floors without the use of an intermediate landing is 12-feet. A flight of stairs cannot have a vertical run of stairs greater than 12-feet without reaching a landing a floor level or having intermediate landings.

Sloping treads and landings are intentionally used to avoid water accumulation on stairs. However slope is limited to reduce the dimensional nonuniformity of the effective riser heights and to reduce the chance of occupants slipping

**c. Riser Height and Tread Depth**

The figure below illustrate thread measurement in accordance with LSC Section 7.2.2.3.5.

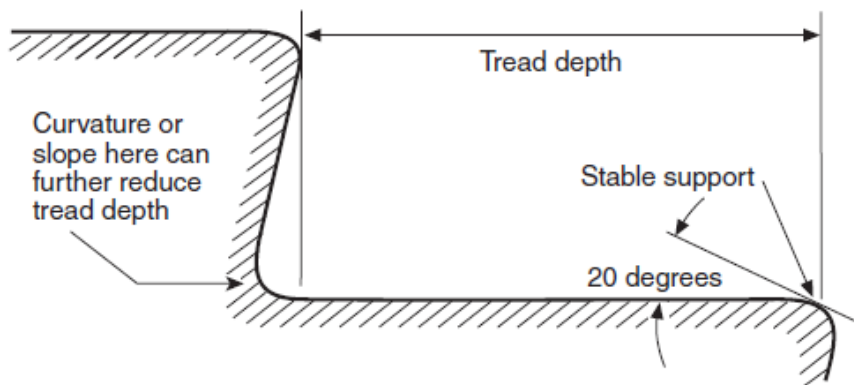


Figure 4-22: *Extract from LSC: Tread Measurements*

Tabel 4-14: *Extract from LSC: Existing Stairs Dimensional Details*

*Table 7.2.2.2.1.1(b) Existing Stairs*

Feature	Dimensional Criteria	
	ft/in.	mm
Minimum width clear of all obstructions, except projections not more than 4½ in. (114 mm) at or below handrail height on each side	36 in.	915
Maximum height of risers	8 in.	205
Minimum tread depth	9 in.	230
Minimum headroom	6 ft 8 in.	2030
Maximum height between landings	12 ft	3660
Landing	See 7.2.1.3 and 7.2.1.4.3.1.	

The typical stairs in the Rec Center are illustrated in figure 2-28 below:

- Typical minimum clear width: 36 inches
- Typical maximum riser height : 6 inches
- Typical maximum tread depth: 14 inches
- Equipped with a slip-resistant nosing width: 3 ¼ inches

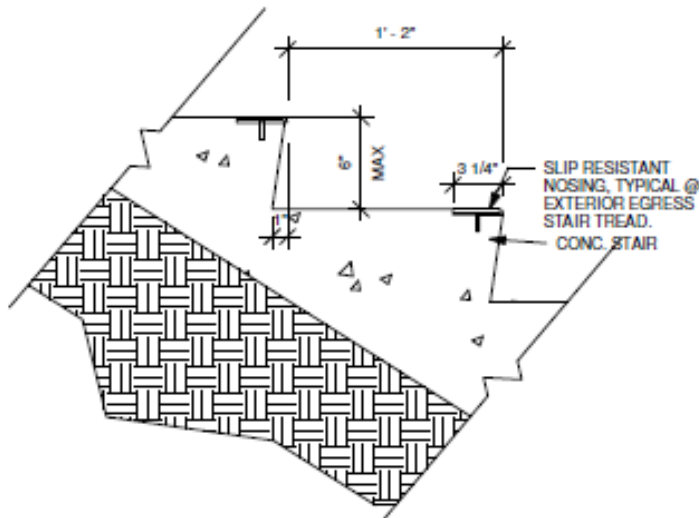


Figure 4-23: *Typical Stairway Details in the Recreation Center*

#### d. Dimensional Uniformity

Many accidents have resulted from irregularities in stair geometry from one step to an adjacent step or over an entire run of stairs. The LSC permits variation due to construction, provided that the variation between adjacent treads or adjacent risers does not exceed 3/16 in (4.8 mm) and that the difference between the largest and smallest riser, as well as the difference between the largest and smallest tread, in any flight of stairs does not exceed 3/8 in (9.5 mm)

##### ii. Guards and Handrails

All stairs in the Center are equipped with guards (handrails) along the open sides of means of egress paths where there is a vertical drop of at least 30 in. (760 mm).

The handrails provided meet the following requirements:

- They shall be provided within 44 in (1120 mm) of all portions of the required egress width
- Such stairs shall not have their egress capacity adjusted to a higher occupant load than permitted by the capacity factor in Table 7.3.3.1 if the stair's clear width between handrails exceed 60 in (1525 mm)

Stairs and ramps are required by the LSC to be installed with handrails on both sides of stairs. LSC Section 7.2.2.4.1.2 requires, in addition to the handrails required at the sides of stairs, the following provisions to be met by the existing stairs:

- handrails to be provided within 44 in. (1220 mm) of all portions of the required egress width; and such stairs shall not have their egress capacity adjusted to a higher occupant load than permitted by the capacity factor in Table 7.3.3.1.

Handrails installed on stairways in the Recreation Center are typically 34 inches above the surface of the tread, measured vertically to the top of the rail from the leading edge of the tread in accordance with LSC Section 7.2.2.4.4.2; as shown in figure Figure 2-29.

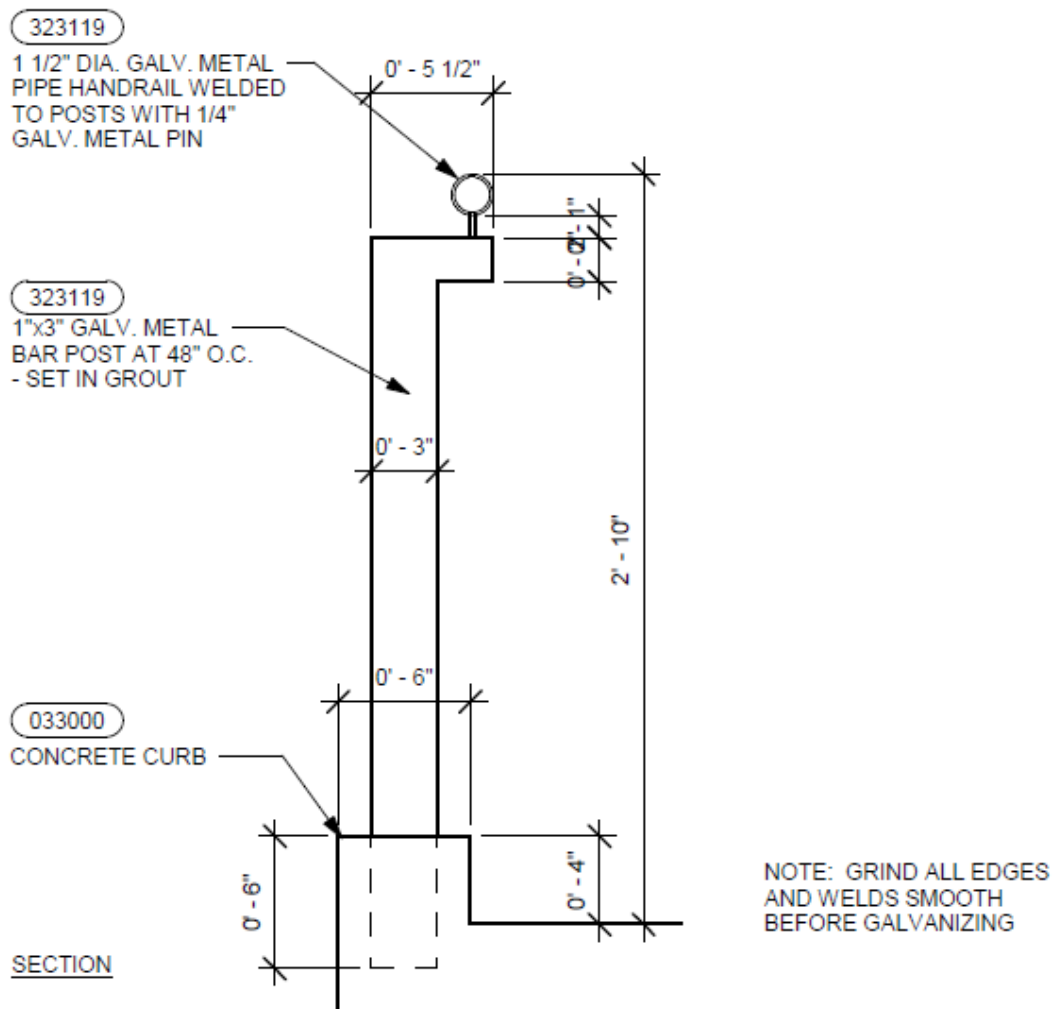


Figure 4-24: *Typical Handrail Details for the Recreation Center*

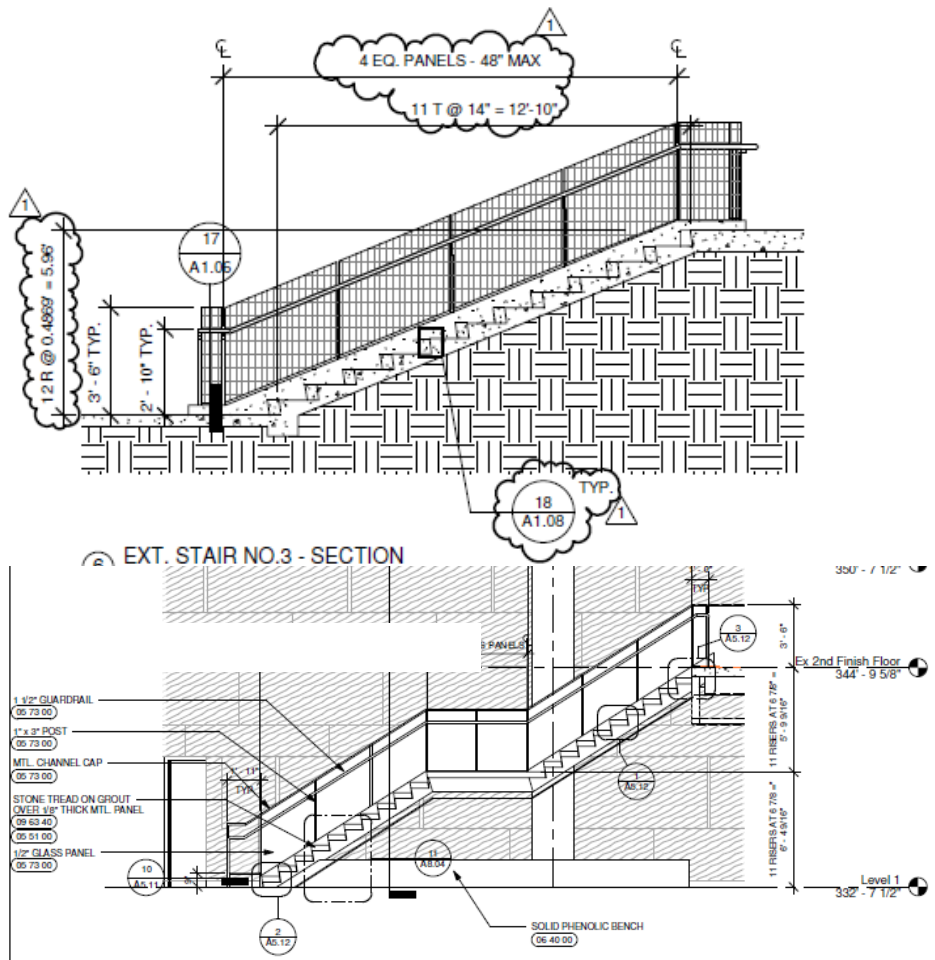


Figure 4-25: *Typical Stair Section Details of Installed Stairways in the Center*

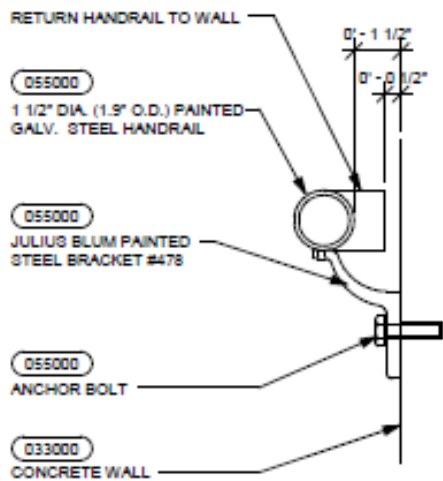


Figure 4-26: *Wall Mounted Handrail*

Handrails shapes can be:

- Circular cross section with an outside diameter of not less than 1 ¼ in (32 mm) and not more than 2 inches (51 mm).
- Shape that is other than circular with a perimeter dimension of not less than 4 in. (100 mm), but not more than 6 ¼ in. (160 mm), and with the largest cross sectional dimension not more than 2 1/4in (57 mm), provided that graspable edges are rounded so as to provide a radius of not less than 1/8 in (3.2 mm)

As shown in figure 4-26 above; handrails are of circular shape and of 1 ½ in diameter; this design allows a firm grasp with comfortable grip; the fingers of the hand have sufficient space to point downward in a natural grasping position without encountering the handrail bracket. Provided guards on the stairs are 42 in. high in accordance with LSC provisions 7.2.2.4.5.2: “ Guards shall not be less than 42in. (1065 mm) high...”

### iii. Headroom

Means of egress shall be designed and maintained to provide headroom in accordance with LSC section 7.1.5.1; such headroom shall be not less than 7 ft 6 in (2285 mm), with projections from the ceiling not less than 6 ft 8 in (2030 mm) with a tolerance of -1/4 in (-19mm) above the finished floor, unless otherwise specified by the following:

- The ceiling height shall be not less than 7 ft (2135 mm) from the floor, with projections from the ceiling not less than 6 ft 8 in (2030 mm) nominal measured vertically above a plane parallel to, and tangent with, the most forward projection of the stair tread.

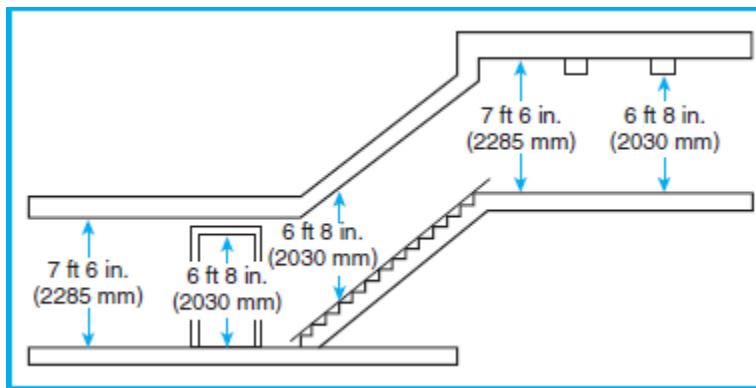


Figure 4-27: **Extract LSC: Headroom Measurement**



#### **iv. Separation and Protection of Outside Stairs.**

The second floor is equipped with four outside exit stairs that are not required to be separated from the interior of the building by fire rated construction in accordance with LSC Section 7.2.2.6.3, which stipulate that:

- *In existing buildings, existing outside stairs serving three or fewer adjacent stories, including the story where the exit discharges, shall be permitted to be unprotected where there is a remote located second exit.*
- *Outside stairs in existing buildings protected throughout by an approved, supervised automatic sprinkler system in accordance Section 9.7 shall be permitted to be unprotected.*

#### **11) Ramps**

Ramps are permitted as a part of a means of egress and are preferred over stairs under some circumstances.

There are three ramps installed in the Recreation Center, they have all to meet LSC requirements for existing ramps as permitted by the LSC Section 7.2.5.2:

- The slopes shall not be steeper than 1 in 6
- Ramps with slopes not steeper than 1 in 10 shall not be required to be provided with landings.
- Minimum width to be 30 in (760 mm)
- Maximum height between landings 12 ft (3600 m)

#### **i. Ramps Constructions**

The ramps installed meet the following construction requirements:

- They are part of exit access and are made of permanent fixed construction for Type I.
- The ramp floor and landings are solid and without perforations
- They have landings located at the top, at the bottom, and at door leaves opening onto the ramp
- The change in travel direction are made only at landings, and
- Ramps and intermediate landings shall continue with no decrease in width along the direction of egress travel
- Guards and handrails are provided along both sides of a ramp run with a rise greater than 6 in.(150 mm). The height of handrails and guards are measured vertically to the top of the guard or rail from the walking surface in accordance with LSC provisions 7.2.5.4.3
- The surface of ramps are kept slip-resistant and outdoor ramps are designed such that they minimize water accumulation on walking surfaces.

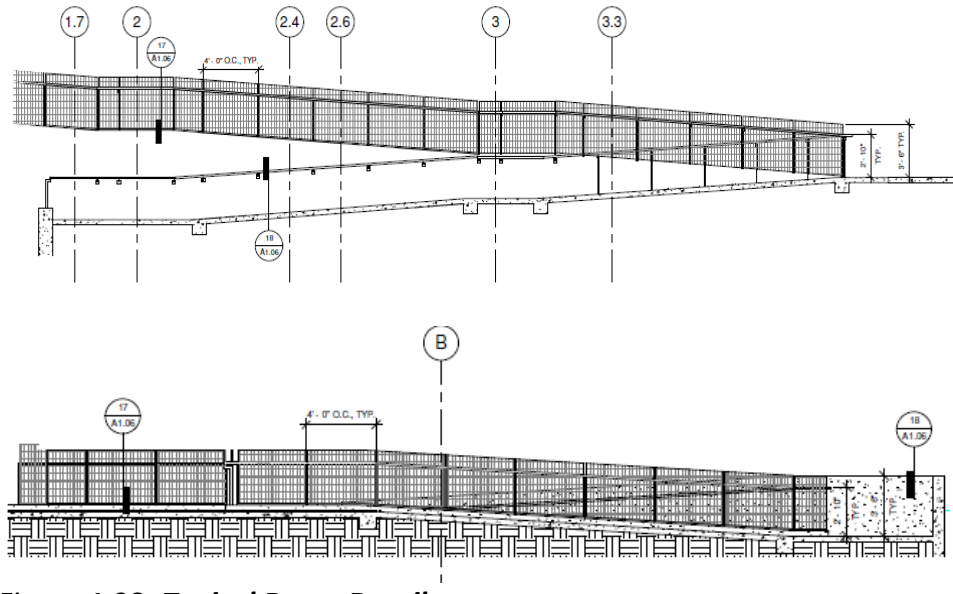


Figure 4-28: *Typical Ramp Details*

## HUMAN BEHAVIOR IN FIRE

### A. OCCUPANT CHARACTERISTICS

The selected occupant characteristics include individual physical, cultural, and psychological characteristics and also factors of the occupant's primary group relative to the occupational / cultural setting of the fire. The fire environmental impact includes the evaluation of the susceptibility of the occupants to the heat, flames, smoke, and toxic gases created by the fire incident relative to the locations of the fire effects and the occupants within the Recreation Center.

The following were identified as applicable characteristics of occupants that will influence the egress times of occupants out of the Recreation Center in fire emergency conditions:

- a) **Occupant number and density:** The occupant load calculation has shown that the facility can house more than 4000 people. However the density of occupation is lower due to the large occupiable area of the facility. Even though the density is lower, it is however not evenly spread out the building, hence some spaces/rooms might have much higher density than others. So these factors will affect egress times.
- b) **Distribution and Activities:** The center has equipment for different types of physical activities, for groups or individual activities. From 1<sup>st</sup> floor to 2<sup>nd</sup> floor; occupants will react differently to evacuation cues depending on the location and activity performed. As an example, 2<sup>nd</sup> floor has rooms for Yoga / meditation; reaction times of occupants engaged in Yoga activities will be sensibly different from people using cardio machines; in Yoga activities, people might not be as aware of their surroundings as those engaged in cardio activities.

- c) Familiarity and Alertness: Students using the facility are in general alert and many are returning students who have used the facility before and are well familiarized with the egress path; assistance is always available for new students.
- d) Physical and cognitive ability: Even though the majority of students using the facility are assumed to be able bodies; the facility can accommodate students with physical impairments. Egress for student with mobility impairments will require assistance during evacuation in fire emergency conditions.
- e) Social affiliation, role and responsibility: depending on social ties amongst students using the facility, whether they are from same sport teams or simply from same study classes; their social connections will affect their evacuation reaction times. Several studies have shown that people tend to regroup or discuss the occurrence instead of evacuating immediately upon hearing of fire alarms.
- f) Role and Responsibility: How well staff members (fire wardens) are trained for emergency fire evacuations and how well they will be able to get involved in orientating facility users during a fire emergency will impact on the egress time. In general, students will not feel that it is their responsibility to take care of other students; they might delay their egress just waiting to be told what to do next.
- g) Commitment and focus: related to activity someone is involved with at the time of a fire emergency; would he/she be committed to complete the task at hand or immediately he/she will react in order to egress?
- h) Gender, culture and age: Female students might react differently to male students, as shown in different studies; males have fire-fighting tendencies while females tend to reach out for help first; the age might be a factor too, link to role and responsibility, senior students might feel compelled to assist junior students.
- i) Effectiveness of different cues: Alarm devices might sound confusing to occupants if not accompanied by specific actions to be taken as alarm alone do not say what to do when they go off; the emergency voice evacuation system installed in the Rec Center will definitively be effective than just sounding fire alarms.

## **B. FACTORS AFFECTING PRE-MOVEMENT TIME**

There are factors that affect pre-movement times, which are related to the perception of a fire incident by individuals; summarized from Withey's work presented by Dr. Bryan (SFPE Handbook Chapter 3-11):

- a) Recognition: A process by which an individual perceives the ambiguous fire cues as indicative of an emergency fire situation, thus becomes aware of the fire.

- b) Validation: A process by which an individual attempts to validate an initial perception of the fire cues, primarily by seeking verbal reassurance of the minor and insignificant character of the fire incident; individual tries to obtain more information when the initial cues are ambiguous.
- c) Definition: a process by which an individual attempts to relate the information concerning the fire to the perceived and contextual variables, including the qualitative nature of the fire to his/her location. How large is the fire, how he/she can survive in those specific conditions.
- d) Evaluation: the individual's process of evaluating the fire incident in terms of how he/she can respond to the threat. This combines psychological and physiological mechanisms that an individual develops to cope with the fire incident, reduce his/her stress and anxiety levels. Obviously the individual needs to accomplish this process in a very short of times.
- e) Commitment: a process by which an individual develops mechanisms to initiate the behavior required to fulfill defense plans conceptualized in the evaluation process. If the response strategy developed is not completed, the individual becomes immediately involved in the cognitive process of reassessment and commitment.
- f) Reassessment: a most stressful process, with high anxiety levels, as an individual reassesses and overcommits because failure previous attempts to achieve the formulated response strategies. He/she will carry on the process over and over as long as he/she feels still not out of danger.

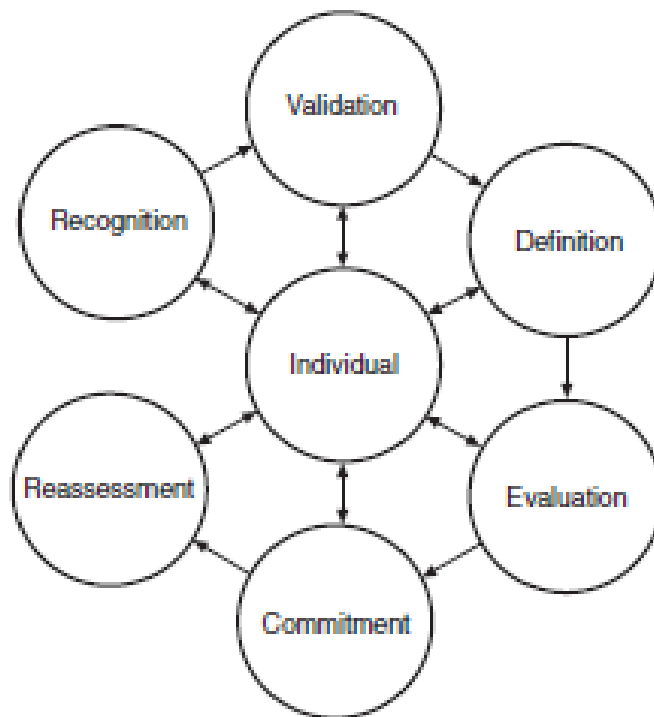


Figure 4-29: *Extract from SFPE Handbook: Decision Processes in a Fire*

### C. PRE-MOVEMENT ACTIVITIES AND TIMES

The egress delay times might be minimized by the following factors observed at the Center:

- An approved fire alarm system is installed in the Center, and equipped with a voice evacuation system,
- The Center is equipped throughout with well illuminated interior exit signs,
- The Center construction has no complexity enclosures,
- The occupant load distribution is spread out, hence low density;
- Fire drills are performed on a continuous basis; and
- Occupants are awake and alerted
- Assistance on evacuation procedures is always available from trained staff members.

The assumption made is that users of the facility are students with a considerable level of understanding of the harms that can be caused by a fire condition. The Rec Center management organized fire drills at least one per trimester; that means it is probable that many of the students using the facility have been involved at least once in a fire drill or fire safety awareness, where they have learned to recognize the alarm sounds and to locate the closest exits depending on their location in the Center.

However it is known that fire behavior in reality or real fire emergency is completely different to set up scenarios in a fire drill.

As the characteristics of occupants were discussed in part A of this chapter, the following pre-movement activities may be associated with users of the Rec Center in a fire emergency:

- Some students will try to get dressed in different attires, at least over cover their sport-appropriate clothing
- Some students will attempt to collect their personal belongings left in secured closet
- Some students will attempt to associate in their respective social circles
- Some students will attempt to notify or discuss with each other.
- Some students might ignore the initial fire cues and continue with their exercise routine
- Some students might completely be lost by their emotions and fail to follow specific instructions from fire wardens
- Staff members might attempt to shutdown computers, collect their belongings

The pre-movement at the Center is estimated to be 0.5 min to 1 min, mostly recorded for people using the swimming pool and women locker rooms; as they tend to dress up before attempting an evacuation. The pre-movement time of people using the swimming pool is not of much concern because the pool is outside, on open air and out of smoke danger.

Calculations of time of evacuation will take into account factors discussed above when estimating delay time.

## EMERGENCY MOVEMENT

Prediction of evacuee movement is an essential component of performance-based fire safety analysis. It is said that safe egress from fire is achieved when the required safe egress (RSET) is sufficiently shorter than the available safe egress time (ASET) defined as time when fire-induced conditions within a building become untenable.

Evacuation process is not simply a matter of initiating an evacuation and then controlling the ensuing hysterical crowd response; instead, it is now considered as a more complex event in which people's responses are sensitive to the incident, the information available, and the local conditions. There are many factors that influence human behavior in fire and hence, influence the engineering methods to assess of egress performance.

The factors that can influence behavioral response in fire, and hence influence egress performance are not limited to: active fire protection system, emergency training, distribution and size of population, nature of population, lighting levels, loss of routes, building type, complexity, occupant location, and occupant fatigue, motivation, physical abilities/limitations.

Several approaches have been developed to establish or estimate evacuation time form a building. For our egress assessment, the evacuation time estimation will be established using the first order hydraulic model approach.

The building information required in the time estimation are summarized as follows:

- building number of floors: 2
- number of occupants of second floor: 1920 people
- floor to floor height: 12 ft
- number of stairs: 8
- Width of Stairs: varies; see table 2-3
- Number of landings per floor of stairway travel: 3
- Number and width of ramps: 2 of 44 inches

The following assumptions were used in the process:

- Provided stair risers at the Center are 6 inches and tread depths are 14 inches; these values are not included in the published tables used in the egress estimation; for the purpose of this project, tabulated values of stair risers of 6.5 in and treads of 13.5 in would be used in calculations for simplicity.
- All building occupants start to evacuate same time
- Occupants will use the exits in an optimum balance
- Occupant flow does not involve interruptions caused by evacuee decisions

- The occupants, considered in the estimation, are free of impairments disabilities that impede their movement

Following calculations were performed to estimate the Recreation Center building egress time:

**1) Estimate Flow Capacity through exits**

Table 4-15: summarizes calculations determining the prime controlling building component:

Table 4-15: *Flow Capacity Calculations*

Exit Component	Clear width	Boundary layer Widths (in)	Effective Widths (inches)	Effective Widths (ft)	Max Specific Flow (P/min/ft)	Flow Capacity (P/min)
<b>Stairs</b>						
1	84	12	72	6	21.2	127
2	76	12	64	5	21.2	113
3	96	12	84	7	21.2	148
4	96	12	84	7	21.2	148
5	106	12	94	8	21.2	166
6	84	12	72	6	21.2	127
7	78	12	66	6	21.2	117
8	87	12	75	6	21.2	133
<b>Ramps</b>						
1	44	16	28	2	24	56
2	44	16	28	2	24	56
<b>Doors</b>						
1	36	12	24	2	24	48
2	36	12	24	2	24	48
3	72	12	60	5	24	120
4	72	12	60	5	24	120
5	72	12	60	5	24	120

The stairway doors are shown to be the prime controlling factors; therefore the flow capacity through stairway doors will be used in the time estimation calculations.

Boundary layer widths and Maximum specific flow values are obtained from NFPA Handbook Table 4.2.4 and 4.2.8 respectively.

Table 4-16: *Extract from NFPA Handbook-Boundary Layer Widths*

**TABLE 4.2.4** Boundary Layer Widths

Exit Route Element	Boundary Layer	
	in.	cm
Stairways—walls or side of tread	6.0	15
Railings, handrails*	3.5	9
Theater chairs, stadium benches	0.0	0
Corridor, ramp walls	8.0	20
Obstacles	4.0	10
Wide concourses, passageways	Up to 18	46
Door, archways	6.0	15

\*Where handrails are present, use the value if it results in a lesser effective width.

Table 4-17: *Extract from NFPA Handbook-Maximum Specific Flow*

**TABLE 4.2.8** Maximum Specific Flow,  $F_{sm}$

Exit Route Element	Maximum Specific Flow	
	Persons/ min/ft of Effective Width	Persons/ sec/m of Effective Width
Corridor, Aisle, Ramp, Doorway	24.0	1.30
Stairs		
Riser	Tread	
(in.) (mm)	(in.) (mm)	
7.5 (190)	10 (254)	17.1
7.0 (178)	11 (279)	18.5
6.5 (165)	12 (305)	20.0
6.5 (165)	13 (330)	21.2

Source: Table 3-14.5, *SFPE Handbook of Fire Protection Engineering*, 3rd edition, 2002. Courtesy Society of Fire Protection Engineers.

2) Estimate speed of movement for estimated stairway flow:

$$S = k - akD$$

Where:

K = 242 [reference Table 4.2.5]

.a = 2.86

D = maximum density = 0.175 P/m<sup>2</sup>



$$S = k - akD = k(1 - aD) = 242x(1 - 2.86x0.175) = 121 \frac{ft}{min}$$

Table 4-18: **Extract from NFPA Handbook-Constants for Evacuation Speed Equation**

**TABLE 4.2.5** Constants for Equation 2, Evacuation Speed

Exit Route Element		$k_1$	$k_2$
Corridor, Aisle, Ramp, Doorway		275	1.40
Stairs Riser (in.)	Tread (in.)		
7.5	10	196	1.00
7.0	11	212	1.08
6.5	12	229	1.16
6.5	13	242	1.23

Note: 1 in. = 25.4 mm.

### 3) Estimate travel distance between floors

Floor-to-floor height = 12; conversion factor [Table 4.2.6] = 2.22

Landings: 3 x 4 = 12 ft

Therefore,

$$Travel\ Distance = (12 \times 2.22) + 12 = 38.64\ ft$$

Travel time for a person moving would be:

$$t = \frac{38.64}{121} = 0.32\ min$$

Table 4-19: **Extract from NFPA Handbook-Conversion Factors**

**TABLE 4.2.6** Conversion Factors for Relating Line of Travel Distance to Vertical Travel for Various Stair Configurations

Stairs Riser (in. [mm])	Tread (in. [mm])	Conversion Factor
7.5 (190)	10.0 (254)	1.66
7.0 (178)	11.0 (279)	1.85
6.5 (165)	12.0 (305)	2.08
6.5 (165)	13.0 (330)	2.22

#### 4) Estimate building evacuation time

If all occupants in the Rec Center start evacuation at the same time, each stairway can discharge 48 persons / min; for stairway doors as limiting components; assuming occupant load of a 1920 persons (maximum capacity) ; the slowest time for people to pass through all exit doors:

$$t = \frac{P}{F_c} = 1920 / (8 \times 48) = 5 \text{ minutes}$$

Assuming that it takes 0.5 min for the first occupant to move from within the second floor to the stair; it takes 0.32 min to travel from second floor to the exit; therefore the time of evacuation for 1920 occupants would be estimated at:

$$t = 0.5 + 0.32 + 5 = 5.82 \text{ min} \cong 6 \text{ min}$$

In our discussions with the Center manager, Mr. Hossein Sedghi, he has confirmed that a fire drill conducted on a very busy activity day (a day of a maximum building users plus staffs closer to 600 people), it takes almost 3 minutes to evacuate the entire building.

The manager comments on egress are very much in line with the theoretical approach discussed in SFPE. Assuming Mr. Sedghi's occupant load of 600 people, applying same process as above, the building evacuation time would be:

$$t = \frac{P}{F_c} = 600 / (8 \times 48) = 1.56 \text{ minutes}$$

Assuming that it takes 0.5 min pre-movement time, 0.5 min for the first occupant to move from within the second floor to the stair; and 0.32 min to travel from second floor to the exit; therefore the building evacuation time can be estimated at:

$$t = 0.5 + 0.5 + 0.32 + 1.56 = 2.88 \text{ min} \cong 3 \text{ min}$$

This compares with the suggested evacuation time recorded during a fire drill on a busy day at the Recreation Center.

#### COMPUTER SIMULATION

For my project building, amongst all currently available computer evacuation models, **Pathfinder** would be used for the building egress time estimation. The choice is driven by the availability to public and cost (at no cost under the 30-day-trial version).

Pathfinder is an emergency egress simulation that allows evaluation of evacuation models more quickly and produce visual (3D animated) outputs.



Figure 4-30: ***Extract from Theater Evacuation Pathfinder Model***

Pathfinder is a computer evacuation model with the following features:

a) Background of Model:

- i. Developer: RJA Group – US
- ii. Validation: No validation documentation available to public

b) Model Characteristics:

- i. Availability: Available to public for free (30 day license) or on a consultancy basis
- ii. Modeling Method: Movement model
- iii. Refinement of population: microscopic
- iv. Refinement of structure: fine network
- v. Refinement of behavior: does not simulate behavior
- vi. Output: visual output

The computer evacuation model has predicted 3 min for the evacuation of the Recreation center; assuming a total attendance of 4865 people.

The results of the simulation of the evacuation of the Recreation Center is shown in figure 4-31.

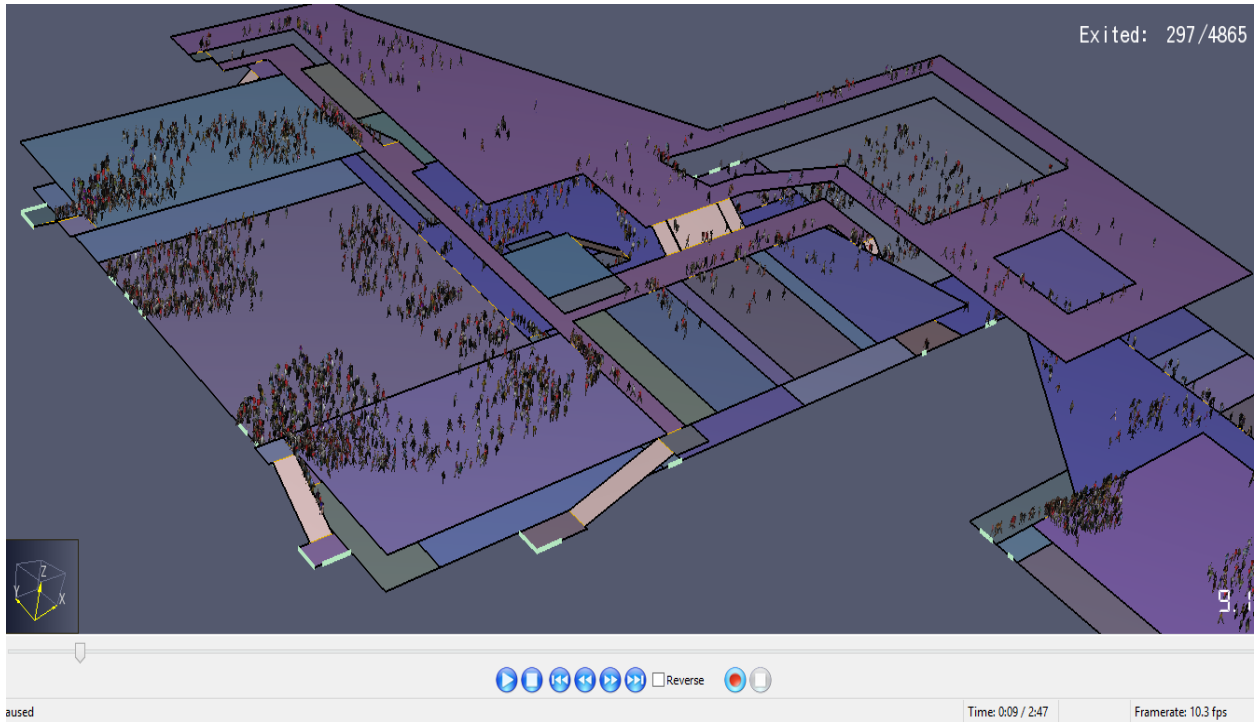


Figure 4-31: *Pathfinder Model for Recreation Center Building*

## PART II: PERFORMANCE-BASED ANALYSIS

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### GOAL

To demonstrate that occupants in the Rec Center are protected against fire hazards.

### OBJECTIVES

To confirm that occupants in the Rec Center are able to evacuate safely and timely i.e. before conditions become untenable during a fire emergency.

### PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

Currently, there is not a single set of values for tenability criteria which is universally accepted. The following performance criteria were adopted for the assessment of tenability conditions in the Rec Center under selected scenarios.

**a. Visibility:**

Different fire researchers present different visibility values for safe fire escape. Experiments have shown that evacuees begin to feel emotional instability in relatively thin smoke. Depending on the degree of familiarity with the internal geometry of the building on fire; Dr. Tadahisa Jin [SFPE Handbook §2-4] has proposed the following limits:

- Unfamiliar with internal geometry: 13m allowable visibility
- Familiar with internal geometry: 4 m allowable visibility

It has been found through experiments that ability of evacuees to think clearly when exposed to fire smoke decreases with increasing smoke density and by hot smoke. It will be reasonable to propose a tenability limit of 5 m for allowable visibility measured at 2m above walking floor.

**b. Exposure to toxic gases:**

Concentrations of asphyxiants (toxic gases) alone is not generally used by fire engineers in assessing tenability conditions; rather considerations of tenability limits are based on asphyxiant doses, which include concentrations and exposure duration. The time at which the exposure dose of asphyxiant toxic gases reaches a level when occupants are likely to become incapacitated, such that they cannot save themselves and are likely to die unless rescued.

Studies have shown that exposure dose of carbon monoxide predicted to cause incapacitation in most people to be 35000 ppm.min. Therefore for a 30 min exposure, a limit CO concentration of 1167 ppm can be used as a conservative value.

Prof. Purser [SFPE Handbook §2-6] has proposed a CO concentration limit of 1400 ppm for a 30 min exposure to cause incapacitation; therefore we propose a concentration of 1200 ppm {for 30 min exposure}.

Table II-1: **Tenability Limits for Asphyxiants**

Table 2: Tenability Limits for Exposures to Asphyxiants				
	5 MIN EXPOSURE		30 MIN EXPOSURE	
	INCAPACITATION	DEATH	INCAPACITATION	DEATH
Carbon Monoxide CO	6,000 ppm	12,000 ppm	1,400 ppm	2,500 ppm
Hydrogen Cyanide CHN	150 ppm	250 ppm	90 ppm	170 ppm
Low Oxygen O <sub>2</sub> (Hypoxia)	<13%	<5%	<12%	<7%
Carbon Dioxide CO <sub>2</sub>	>7%	>10%	>6%	>9%

**c. Exposure to Heat/Temperature:**

Exposure to a hot environment, especially if the humidity is high and the subject is active, might lead to incapacitation and death due to hyperthermia; which implies a prolonged exposure approximately 15 minutes or more to heated environments at ambient temperatures too low to cause burns.

There are three basic ways in which exposure to heat may lead to incapacitation: through heat stroke (hyperthermia), skin pain and burns, or respiratory tract burns.

A tenability limit of 60<sup>0</sup> C might be proposed for maximum temperature as thermal burns to the respiratory tract may occur on inhalation of air above 60<sup>0</sup>C when saturated with water vapor. A tenability limit for exposure of skin to radiant heat could be estimated at 2.5 kW/m<sup>2</sup>, below which exposure can be tolerated for at least *several minutes*.

Table II-2: **Heat Exposure and Tenability Limits**

Table 1: Heat Exposure and Tenability Limits		
EVENT	CAUSE	EXPOSURE LEVEL
Heat stroke (hyperthermia)	Prolonged exposure (more than 15 minutes) to heated environments	60°C - 120°C
Skin pain or burns	Exposure to convected heat (dry air <10% water)	> 120°C
	Exposure to convected heat (water-saturated air)	> 60°C
	Exposure to radiant heat	> 2.5 kW/m <sup>2</sup>
	Exposure to conducted heat (contact with hot metal surface)	> 60°C
Respiratory tract burns	(same as for skin burns)	(same as for skin burns)

## PROCESS SCHEMATIC

The performance-based analysis will the following process:

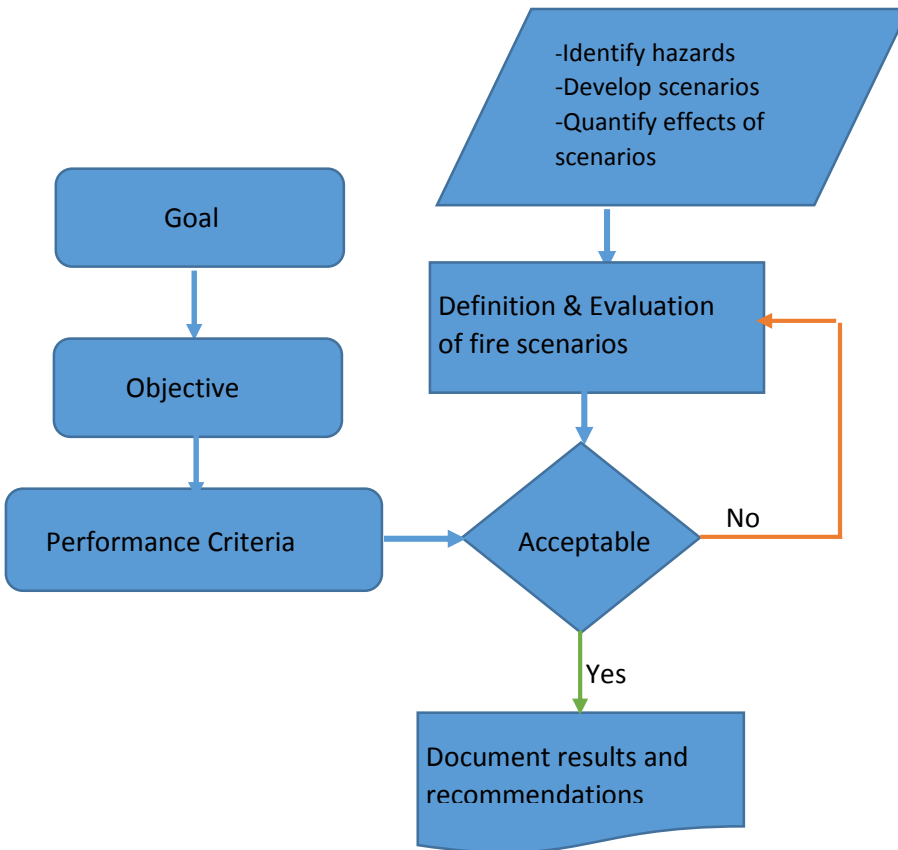
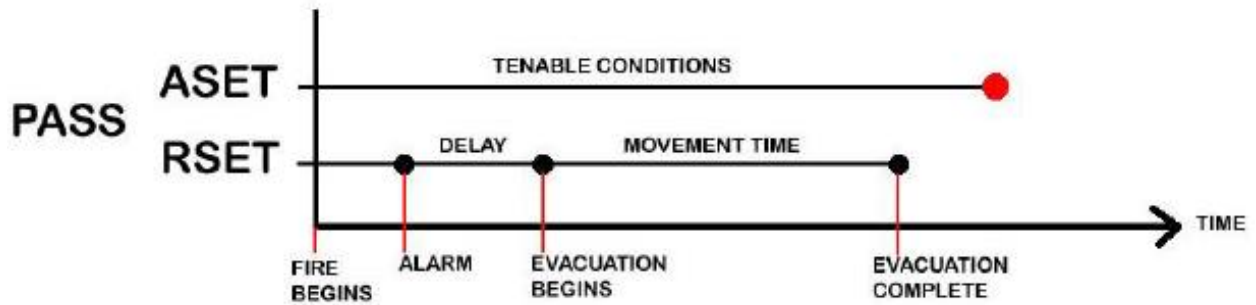


Figure II-1: **Performance-Based Analysis Schematic**

What is “acceptable” is ultimately defined by the conditions where ASET is greater than the RSET.

The terms ASET and RSET are defined as:

- ✓ ASET: Available Safe Egress Time. This is time from ignition until building become conditions become untenable. This will be demonstrated using FDS modeling.
- ✓ RSET: This is time needed by occupants to evacuate from the building. This is determined by addition of individual times associated with fire detection, alarm activation; pre-movement and travel time obtained either from Pathfinder egress simulation or manual calculations using SFPE proposed process.



$$t_{RSET} = \Delta t_{detection} + \Delta t_{alarm} + \Delta t_{pre-movement} + \Delta t_{travel}$$

Figure II-2: **Tenability Acceptance Criteria**

### EGRESS TIME ANALYSIS ASSUMPTIONS

The following assumptions will apply to the determination time of travel:

- ✓ All building occupants start evacuation at same time
- ✓ Occupants use the exits in an optimum balance
- ✓ Occupant flow does not involve interruptions caused by evacuee decisions
- ✓ Occupants considered are free of physical and mobility impairments

### DESIGN SCENARIOS

Several fire scenarios were envisaged for assessment, the figure II-3 depicts locations of the fire scenarios postulated:

- ❑ A concert fire in the main Gym
- ❑ Floor mat fire in the martial arts studio
- ❑ Storage area fire
- ❑ Laundry room fire
- ❑ Administrative office fire
- ❑ Fire under fully extended bleachers





Figure II-3: *Fire Scenarios on 1<sup>st</sup> Floor*



Figure II-4: *Fire Scenario on 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor*

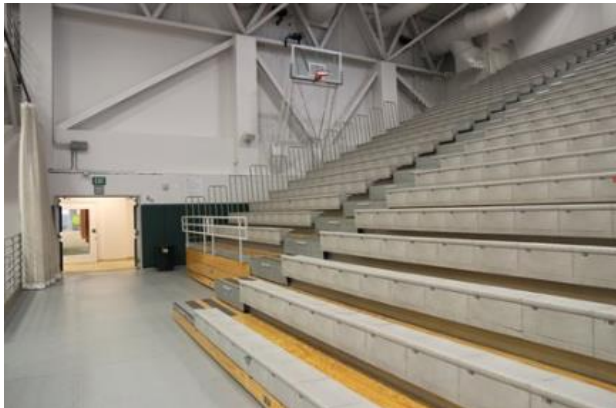


Figure II-5: *Bleachers fully extended*

Two scenarios were selected for assessment as most challenging with regard to the high potential number of people who might be affected by a fire.

The following fire scenarios were selected:

- Scenario 1: Fire on a stage during a concert held in the main gymnasium
- Scenario 2: Fire under bleachers on second floor in the gymnasium

### DESIGN FIRE SCENARIO 1: CONCERT FIRE

The following assumptions were made:

- 3900 people are in attendance
- An electric fault ignited:

- Sound system equipment
- Three computers on the stage
- Fire blocks South-West exit doors
- No automatic fire suppression is available.
- A ultra-fast growing t<sup>2</sup>-fire
- Fuel properties: Mixed components

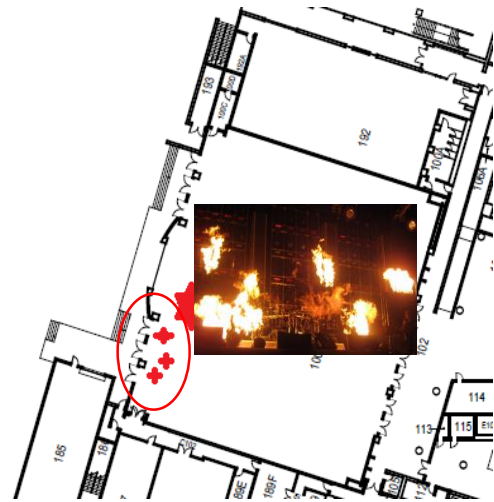


Figure II-6: **Concert Fire Diagram**

### FUEL PROPERTY CALCULATION

Table II-3: **Fuel Property Calculation**

Equipment Type (Fuel) and Numbers	Heat Release Rate (kW)
Musical keyboards: 2	2 x 480 = 960
Computers (CPU+keyboards+mouse): 3	3 x 400 = 1200
Sound mixers: 2	2 x 400 = 800
Accessories: speakers, microphones, cables...	140
Total Heat Release Rate	3000
Soot Yield estimated for plastic materials (PU)	0.2

Due to a lack of published heat release rates of components included in scenario 1: sound mixers, musical keyboard, speakers and other accessories mentioned above; computer test results were used as benchmarks. For example, a musical keyboard was compared to two computer boards of 240 kW HRR based. SFPE Handbook, Chap 3 and Table 3-4.16 for HRR and Soot yield values.

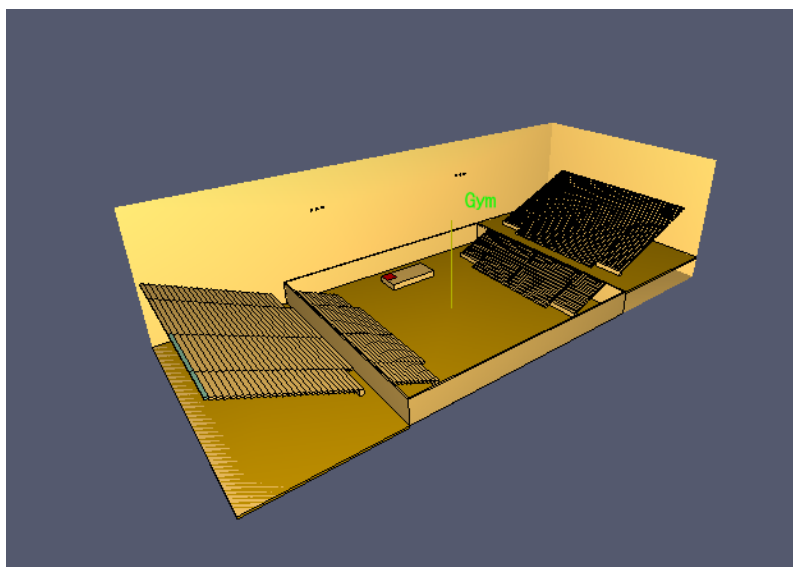


Figure II-7: **Pyrosim Model-Gymnasium Concert Fire**

## EGRESS TIME CALCULATIONS

### ► RSET Time Analysis

- Detection: Sprinkler activation time

- ❖ DETACT prediction:

- Inputs: QRS; RTI= 50 (m.s)<sup>(0.5)</sup>; Actuation Temperature=155°F
- Time of activation: 232 s (4 min)

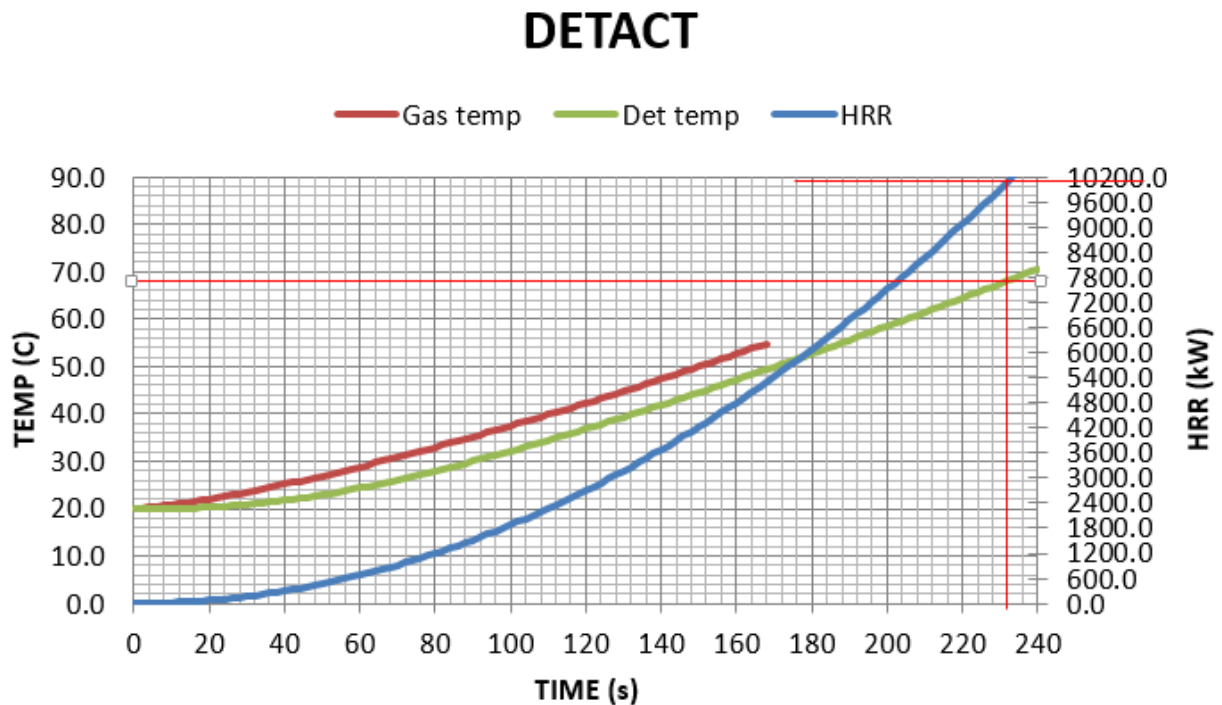


Figure II-8: **DETACT-Model: Concert Fire Scenario**

- Sprinkler activation time excessive due to high roof; the fire would be 10 MW at the time of sprinkler activation
  - Fire detection by occupants (Manual fire box activation):  
Estimated activation happened 30 sec after fire ignition
- Alarm: Time of activation of Notification Appliances = 10 s [NFPA72, §10.12.1]
  - Pre-movement: [ $<3$  min; SFPE-3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Table 3-13.1]: Estimated 30 sec
  - Travel: Determined using Pathfinder simulator: 5 min [Steering Mode]

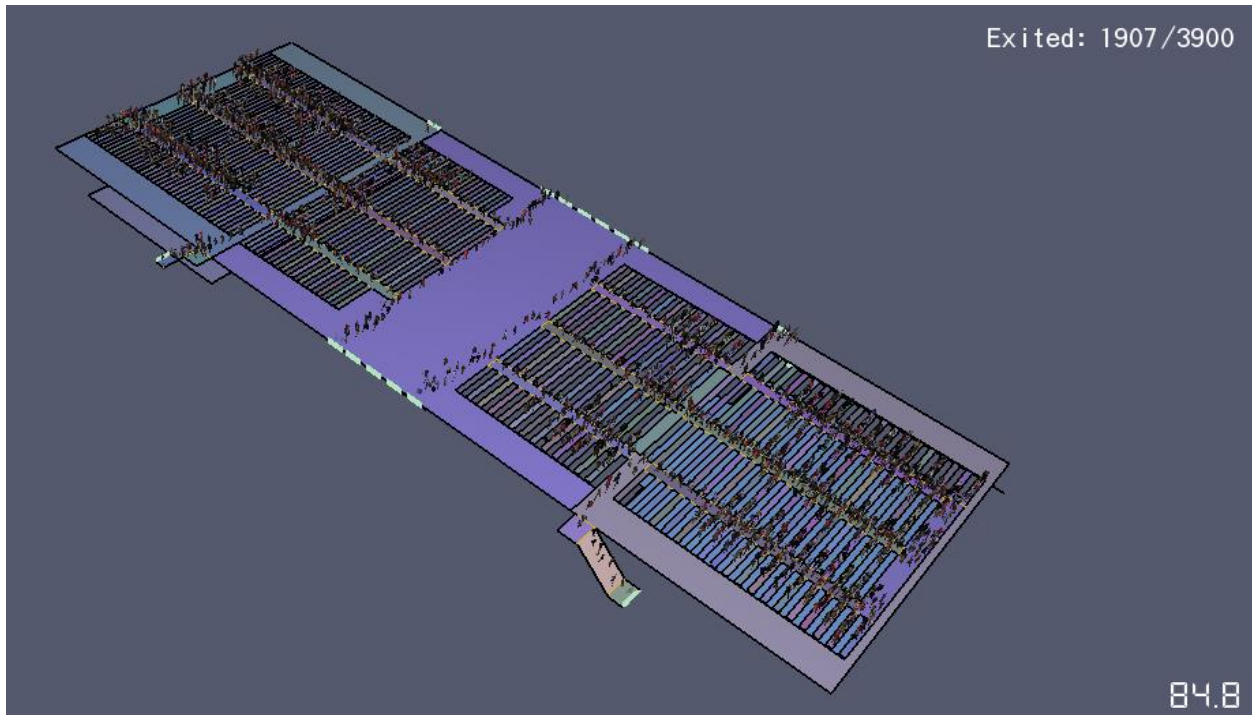


Figure II-9: **Pathfinder Model – Gymnasium Concert Fire**

- ▶  $t_{RSET} = \Delta t_{detection} + \Delta t_{alarm} + \Delta t_{pre-movement} + \Delta t_{travel}$ 
  - $RSET = 30/60 + 10/60 + 30/60 + 5 \cong 7 \text{ min}$
- ▶ ASET Time Analysis: Using FDS, tenability conditions need to be assessed

- **Visibility Assessment:**

Smokeview 6.1.5 - Nov 22 2013

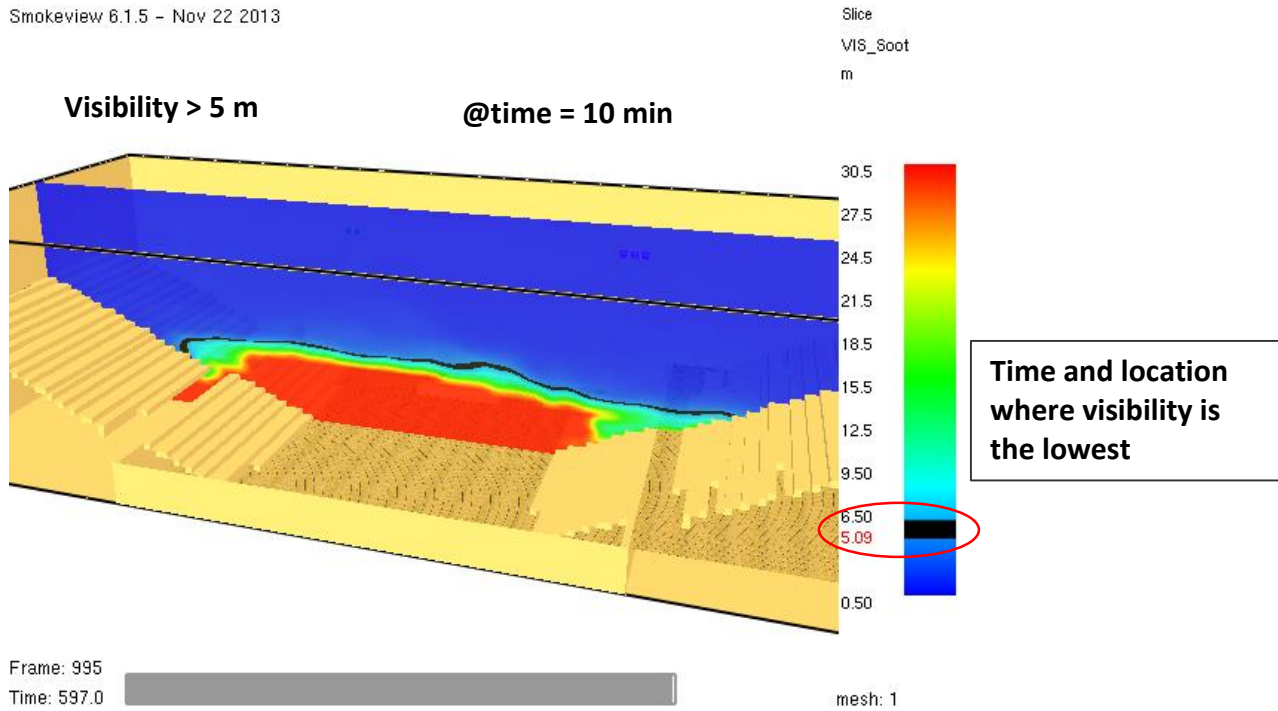


Figure II-10: **Visibility – above ground floor bleacher top seats**

As shown in figure II-9, visibility measured at 2 m above ground floor is higher than the set minimum criteria, measured 10 min after fire has started.

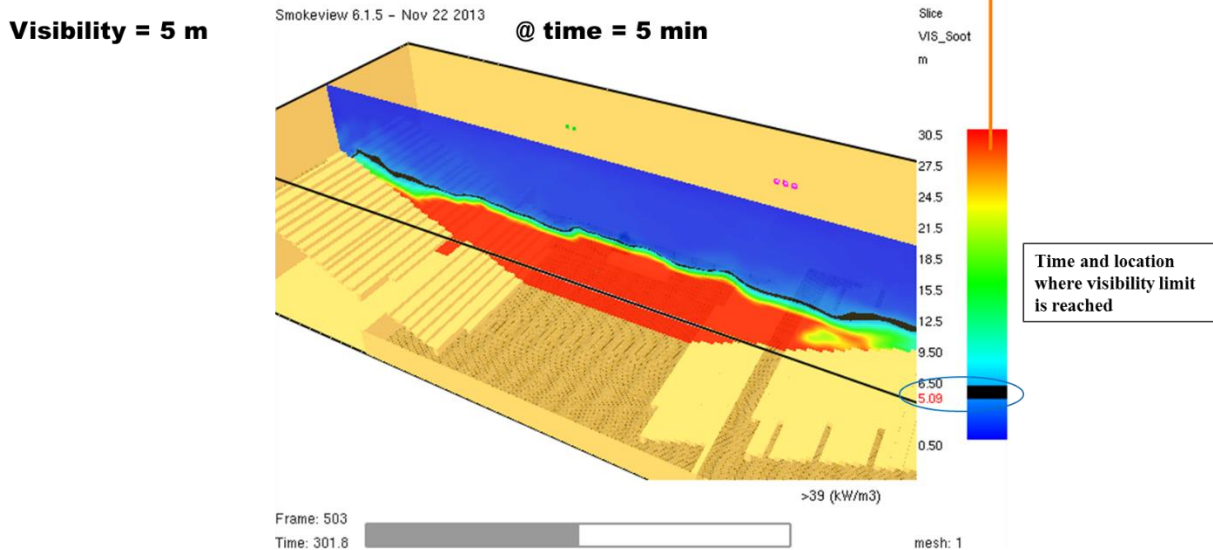


Figure II-11: **Visibility – 2 m above top seats on second floor**



- **Carbon monoxide concentration**

Smokeview 6.1.5 - Nov 22 2013

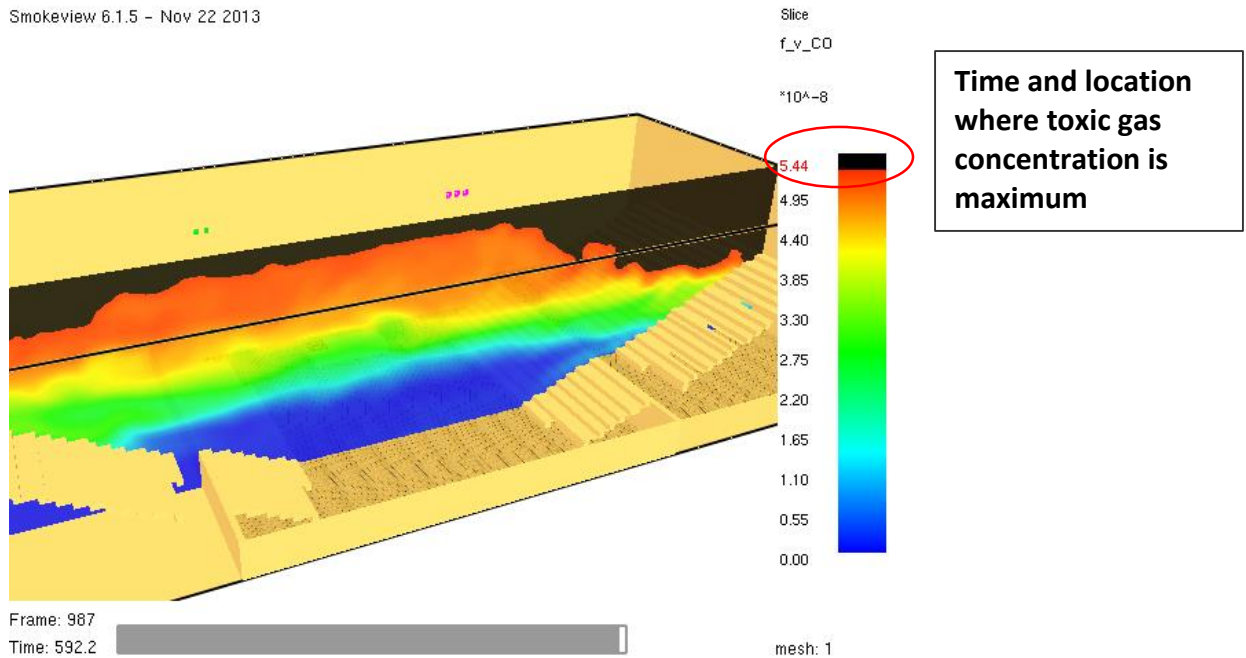


Figure II-12: **Carbon Monoxide Concentration-Concert Fire**

Highlighted black zone indicates the highest carbon monoxide concentration in the gymnasium measured 10 min after fire occurred; this is much lower than the selected carbon monoxide concentration criteria.

- **Temperature**

Smokeview 6.1.5 - Nov 22 2013

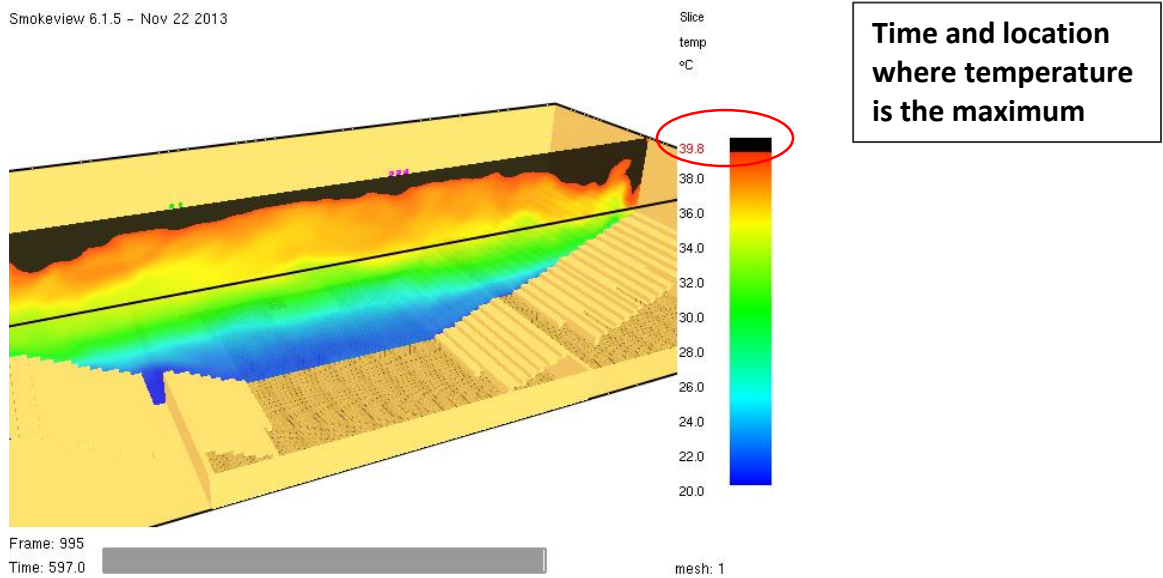


Figure II-12: **General Area Temperature**

The average hot gas layer temperature is under the selected maximum temperature limit.

- **FDS Summary: Measured at 5 min**

Table II-4: **FDS Summary**

Visibility		Carbon Monoxide		Temperature	
Limit	Minimum Value	Limit	Maximum Value	Limit	Maximum Value
5 m	5 m	1200 ppm	0.06 ppm	60 Deg C	40 Deg C

- ▶  $t_{ASET} = \Delta t_{FDS-visibility} = 5 \text{ min} < t_{RSET} [7 \text{ min}]$

$$t_{RSET} > t_{ASET}$$

**Concert attendees are unable to evacuate safely and before conditions become untenable.**

**Two solutions could be recommended:**

- **Installation of mechanical exhaust system or,**
- **Improvement of egress time on the second floor**

We select to recommend improvement of egress time on the second floor as most effective rather than installation of mechanical exhaust system.

## DESIGN FIRE SCENARIO 2: FIRE under BLEACHERS

The following assumptions were made:

- 926 people occupying second floor bleachers while those on first floor are still in retracted position
- Fire intentionally set under bleachers:
  - Gasoline used as fuel
  - Gasoline quantity 1000 mL
- Fire blocks one of the two exit double doors
- No automatic fire suppression considered available.
- A ultra-fast growing  $t^2$ -fire

### FUEL PROPERTY CALCULATION

Referring to NIST spill fire testing conducted for the National Institute of Justice (reference NIJ report 604: Flammability and Combustible Liquid spill). Gasoline spill of 1 L produced a peak heat release rate of approximately 770 kW as shown in figure II-13:



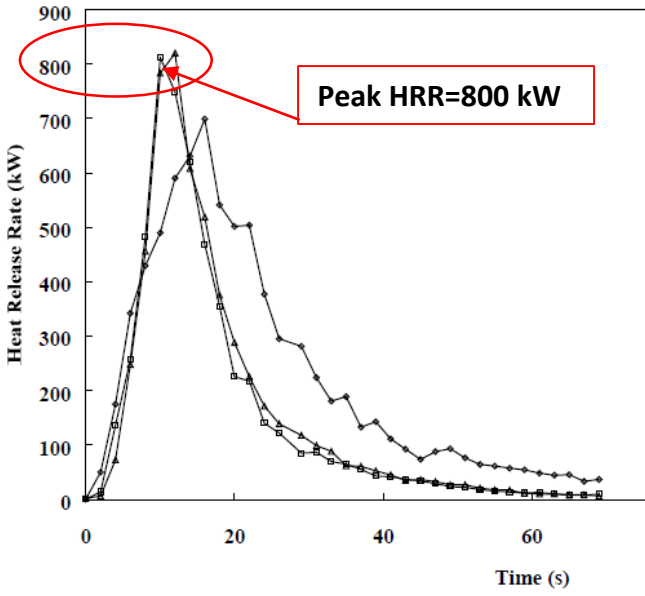


Figure II-13: *Peak HRR for 1L gasoline spill fire*

The following fuel properties were used in the simulation:

- Chemical formula:  $C_8H_{18}$
- Soot yield: 0.1 [combined soot yield of gasoline and hardwood flooring]
- CO yield: 0.1 [Reference SFPE 3-4.16]
- Heat of Combustion: 42.4 MJ/kg [Reference SFPE]

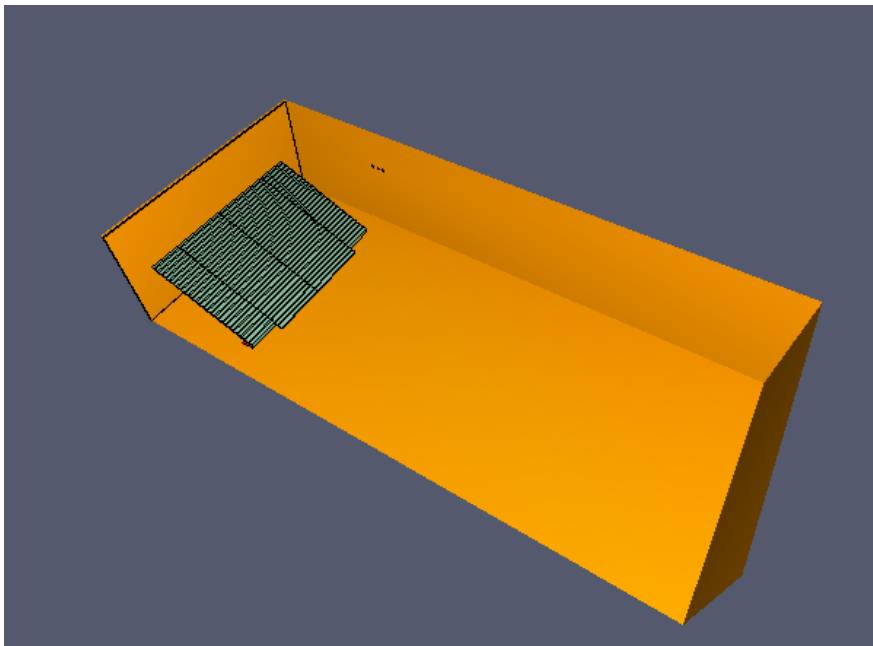


Figure II-14: *Pyrosim Model-Fire under Bleachers*

## EGRESS TIME CALCULATIONS

### ► RSET Time Analysis

- Detection: Sprinkler activation time

#### ❖ DETACT prediction:

- Inputs: QRS; RTI= 50 (m.s)<sup>(0.5)</sup>; Actuation Temperature=155°F
- Time of activation: 184 s (3 min)

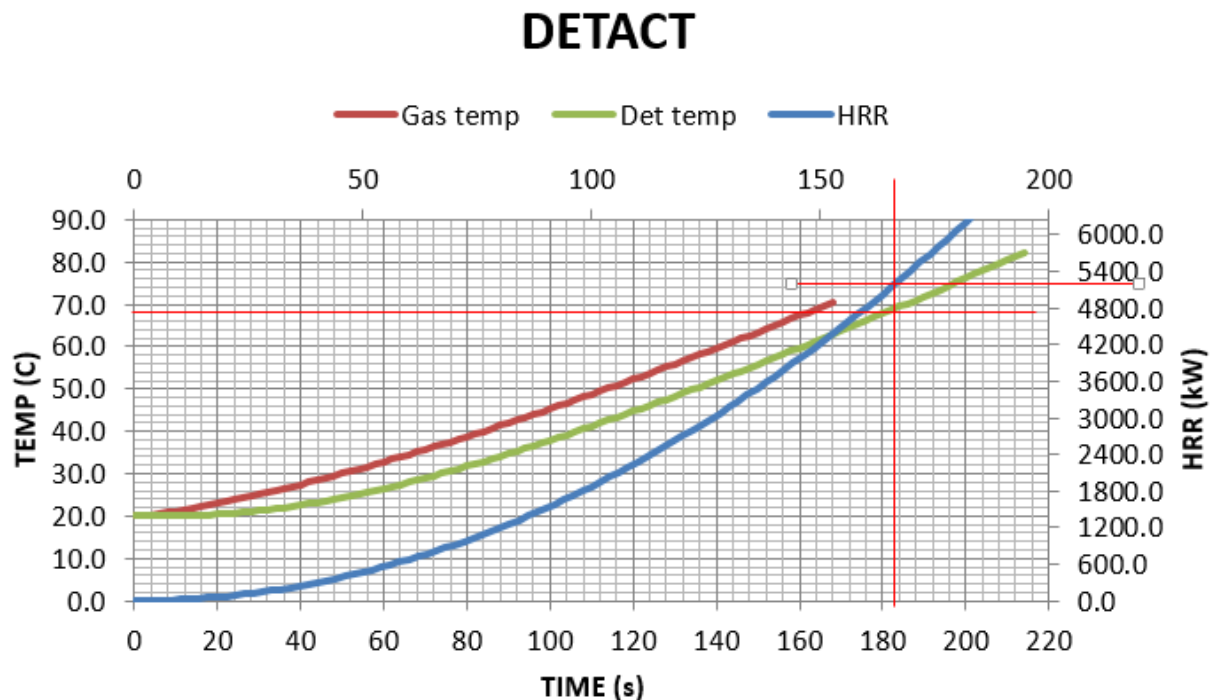


Figure II-15: **DETACT-Model: Fire under Bleachers**

- Sprinkler activation time excessive due to high roof; the fire would be 5.2 MW at the time of sprinkler activation
- Fire detection by occupants (Manual fire box activation):  
Estimated activation happened 30 sec after fire ignition
- Alarm: Time of activation of Notification Appliances = 10 s [NFPA72,§10.12.1]
- Pre-movement: [<3 min; SFPE-3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Table 3-13.1]: Estimated 30 seconds due to the presence of trained fire warders
- Travel: Determined using Pathfinder simulator: 8 min

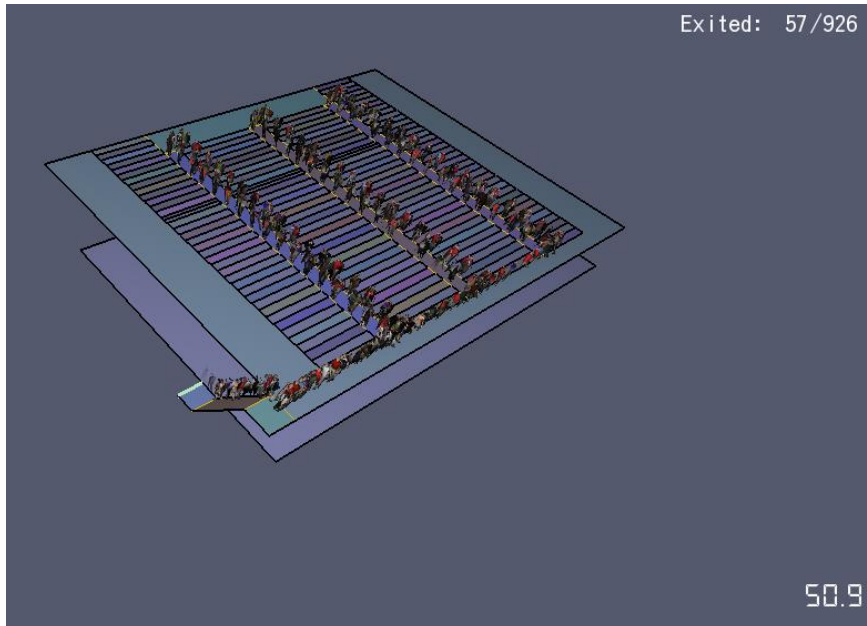


Figure II-16: *Pathfinder Model – Fire under Bleachers*

- ▶  $t_{RSET} = \Delta t_{detection} + \Delta t_{alarm} + \Delta t_{pre-movement} + \Delta t_{travel}$ 
  - $RSET = 30/60 + 10/60 + 30/60 + 8 \cong 10 \text{ min}$
- ▶ ASET Time Analysis: Using FDS, tenability conditions need to be assessed

▪ **Visibility Assessment:**

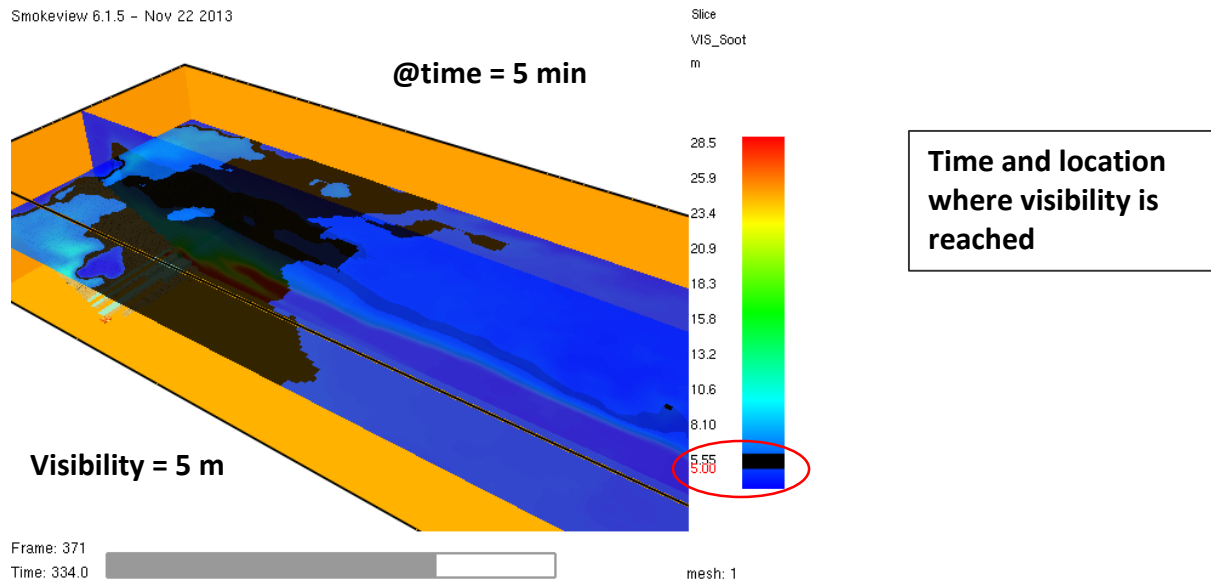


Figure II-17: *Visibility – 2 m above bleacher top seats*

The highlighted area in black indicates location where minimum visibility limit is reached.

▪ **Carbon monoxide concentration**

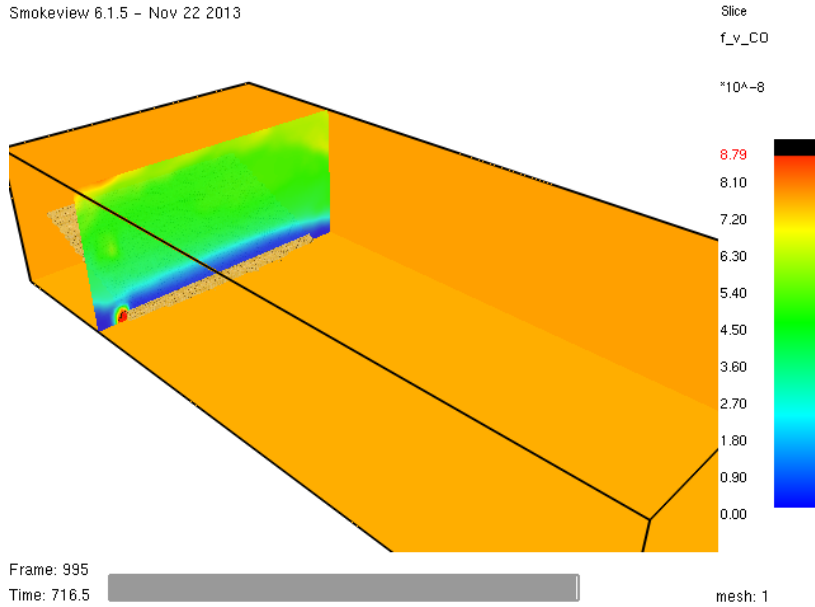


Figure II-18: **Carbon Monoxide Concentration – Fire under Bleachers**

Highest carbon monoxide concentration in the gymnasium measured 12 min after fire ignition; this is much lower than the maximum carbon monoxide concentration criteria.

▪ **Temperature**

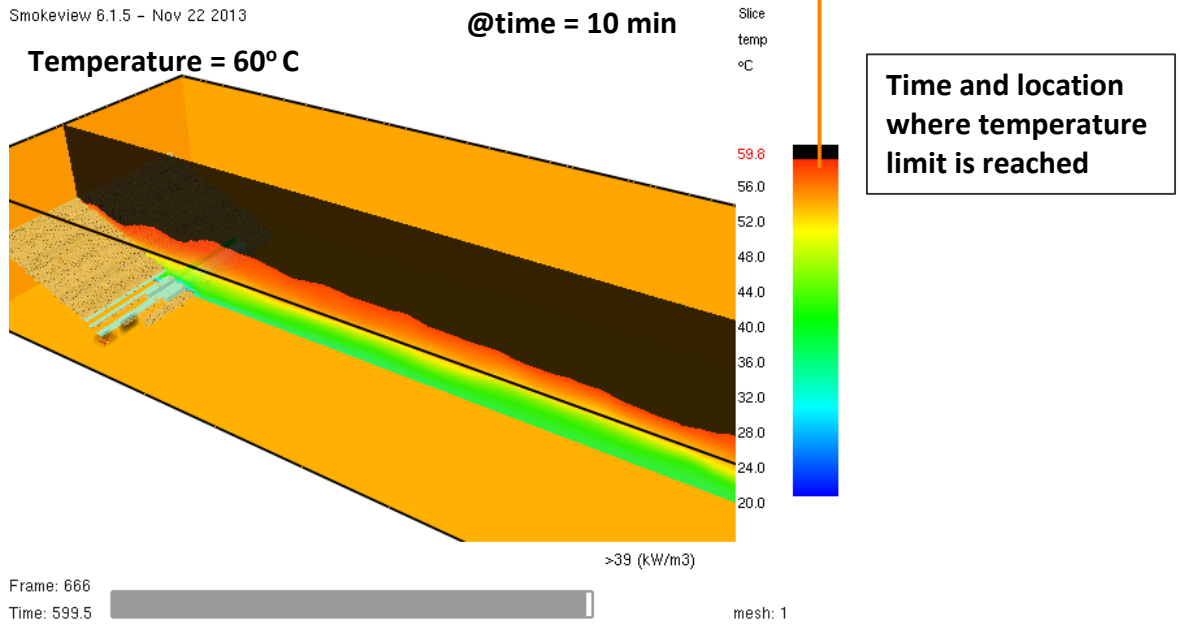


Figure II-19: **Hot gas layer Temperature**

Ten minutes after fire ignition, the highlighted area indicates location where maximum hot gas layer temperature is reached.

- **FDS Summary: Measured at 5 min**

Table II-4: *FDS Summary-Fire under Bleachers*

Visibility		Carbon Monoxide		Temperature	
Limit	Minimum Value	Limit	Maximum Value	Limit	Maximum Value
5 m	5 m	1200 ppm	0.07 ppm	60 Deg C	45 Deg C

- ▶  $t_{ASET} = \Delta t_{FDS-visibility} = 334 \text{ s } (\sim 5 \text{ min}) < t_{RSET} [10 \text{ min}]$

$$t_{RSET} > t_{ASET}$$

*Event attendees are not able to evacuate safely before conditions become untenable*

**We recommend enforcement of administrative control for occupancy loading of the gymnasium on the second floor.**

## CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

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The culminating project report encompassed the study of the different aspects related to the fire protection systems and life safety measures put in place at the Cal Poly student Recreation Center building. This endeavor was a very beneficial experience that highlighted different features of fire protection systems and the application of different code criteria.

The assessment was performed from information collected from as-built drawings and personal interviews conducted with the Recreation Center personnel and the heads of the Environmental Health and Safety, and the Electrical Services department on Cal Poly campus.

It is very important that all features of the fire protection systems associated with the Recreation Center be properly maintained, inspected and tested in accordance with required approved codes and standards in order for them to serve their vital, indispensable fire and life safety functions at all times.

The following recommendations are put forward to enhance safety of personnel and users of the Rec Center:

- ✓ Safety factor improvement: ASET vs RSET:
  - Reduction of egress time from second floor gymnasium:
    - Training of personnel in life safety management
    - Regular fire safety awareness campaigns for the entire campus
- ✓ Performance re-assessment of installed sprinkler system in the gymnasium
- ✓ Review enforcement of all administrative controls
- ✓ Update document to reflect as-built conditions
- ✓ Encourage further performance-based analysis of fire scenarios not analyzed in this report

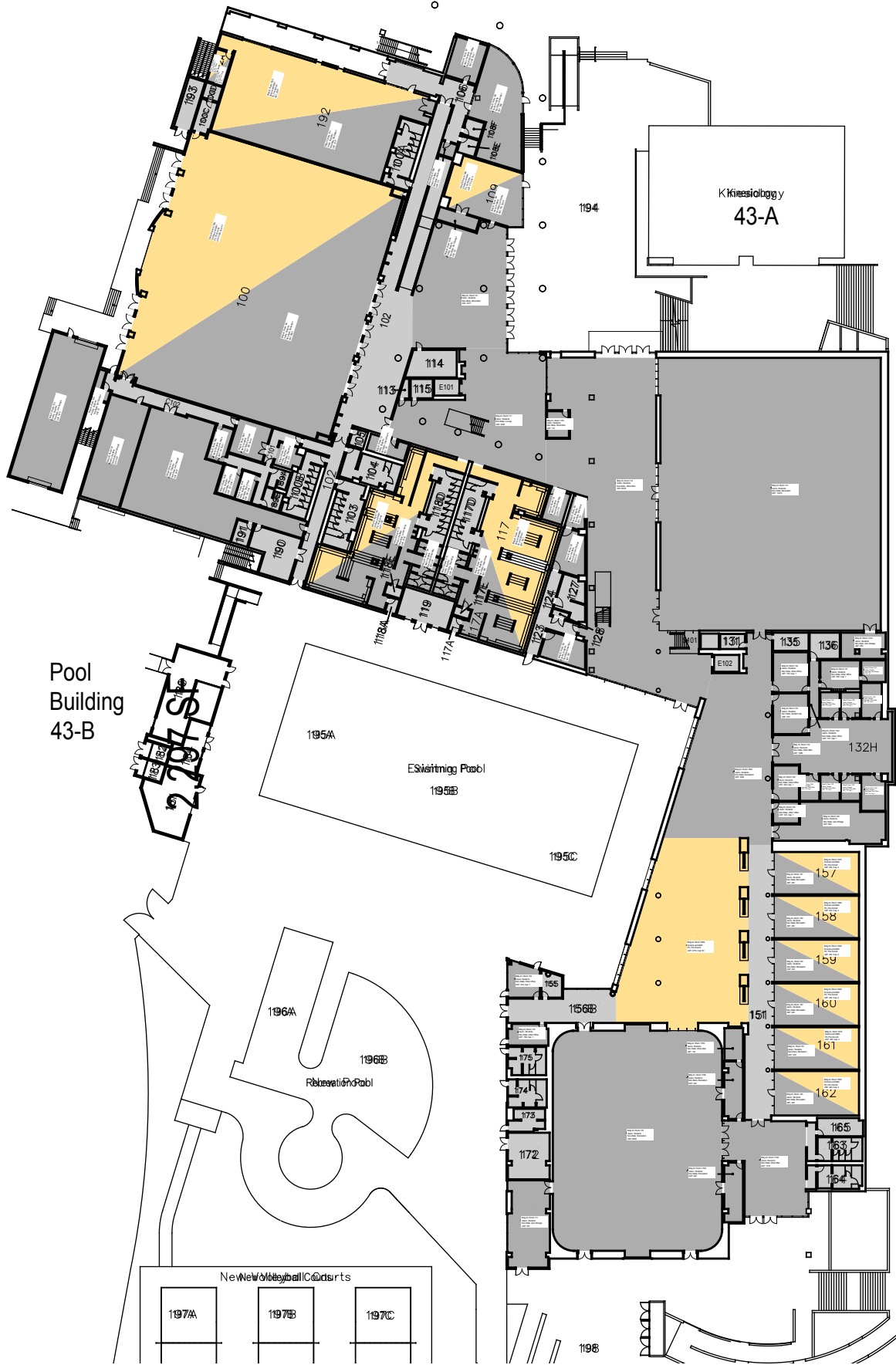
## APPENDIX

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- Appendix A: Recreation Center Floor Plans
- Appendix B: Partitions and Penetration Enclosure
- Appendix C: Fire Alarm and Detection As-built Drawings
- Appendix D: Water-Based Fire Suppression – Hydraulic Calculations
- Appendix E: Recreation Center – Sprinkler Piping Arrangement
- Appendix F: Recreation Center – Life Safety Drawings
- Appendix G: Recreation Center – Fire Safety Management Plan

**APPENDIX A**  
**RECREATION CENTER FLOOR PLANS**

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# CAL POLY Recreation Center

SAN LUIS OBISPO

[www.facilities.calpoly.edu](http://www.facilities.calpoly.edu)

Facility Services Facilities Planning and Capital Projects

Floor 1

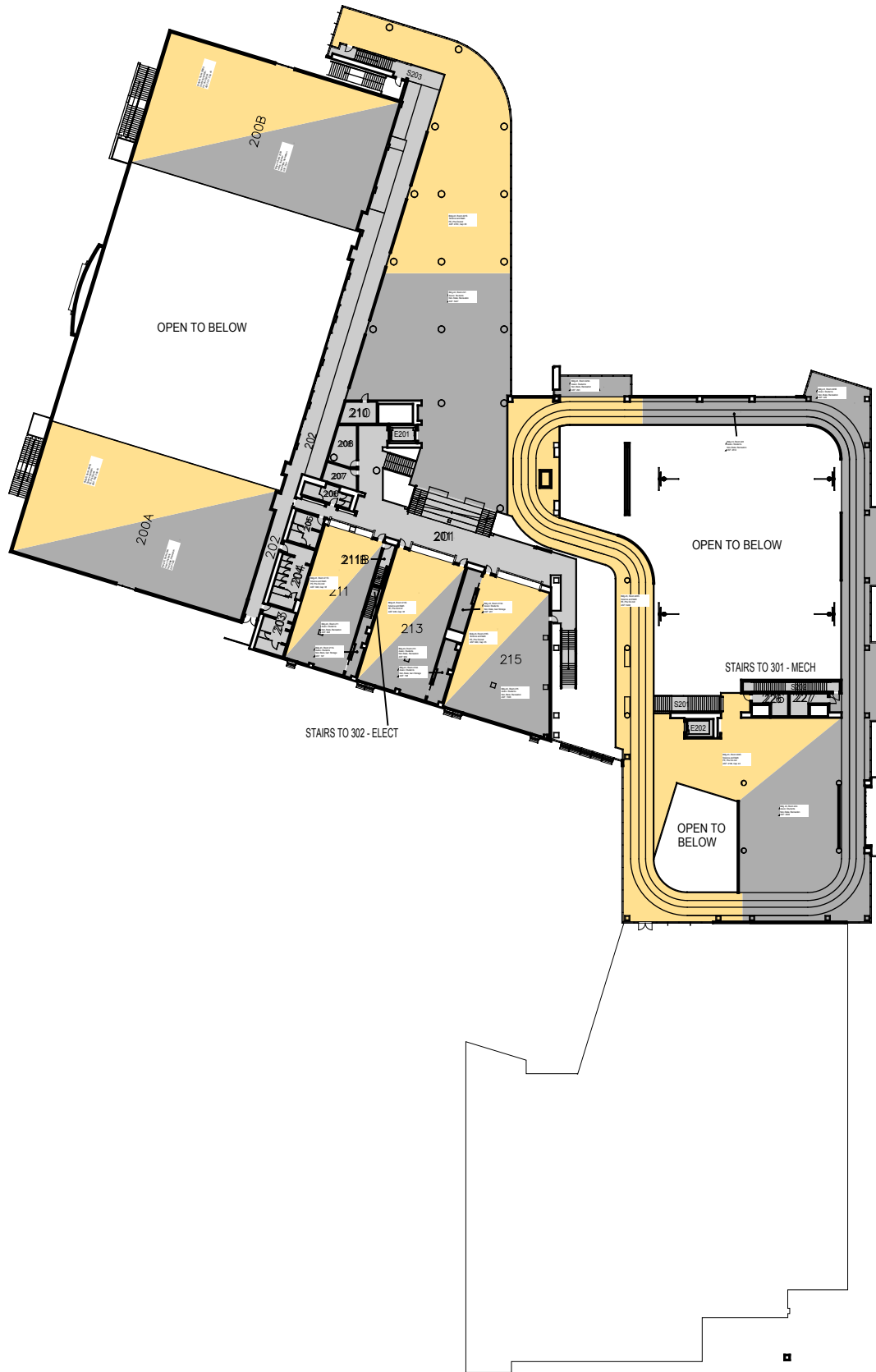
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CENGR	NON STATE	NON ASSIGNABLE

November 2012



1"=70'





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# CAL POLY Recreation Center

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Facility Services      Facilities Planning and Capital Projects

Floor 2

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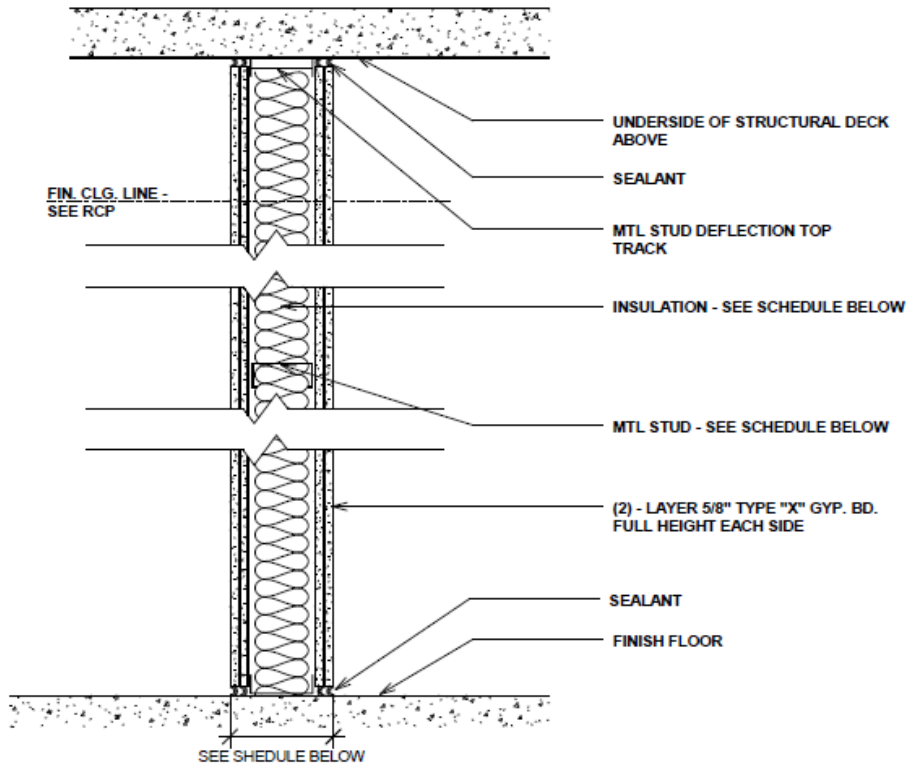
November 2012



1"=70'

## **APPENDIX B**

### **PARTITIONS & PENETRATION ENCLOSURE DRAWINGS**



TYPE	STUD SIZE	PARTITION WIDTH	INSULATION STC	KEYED NOTES
FI	6"	8-1/2"	4" THICK/ STC	N/A

Figure B-1: Non-rated Partition Typical details

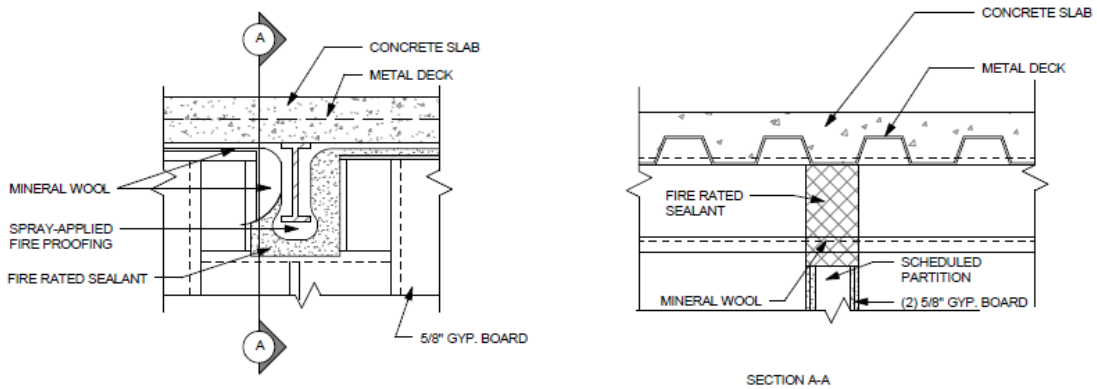
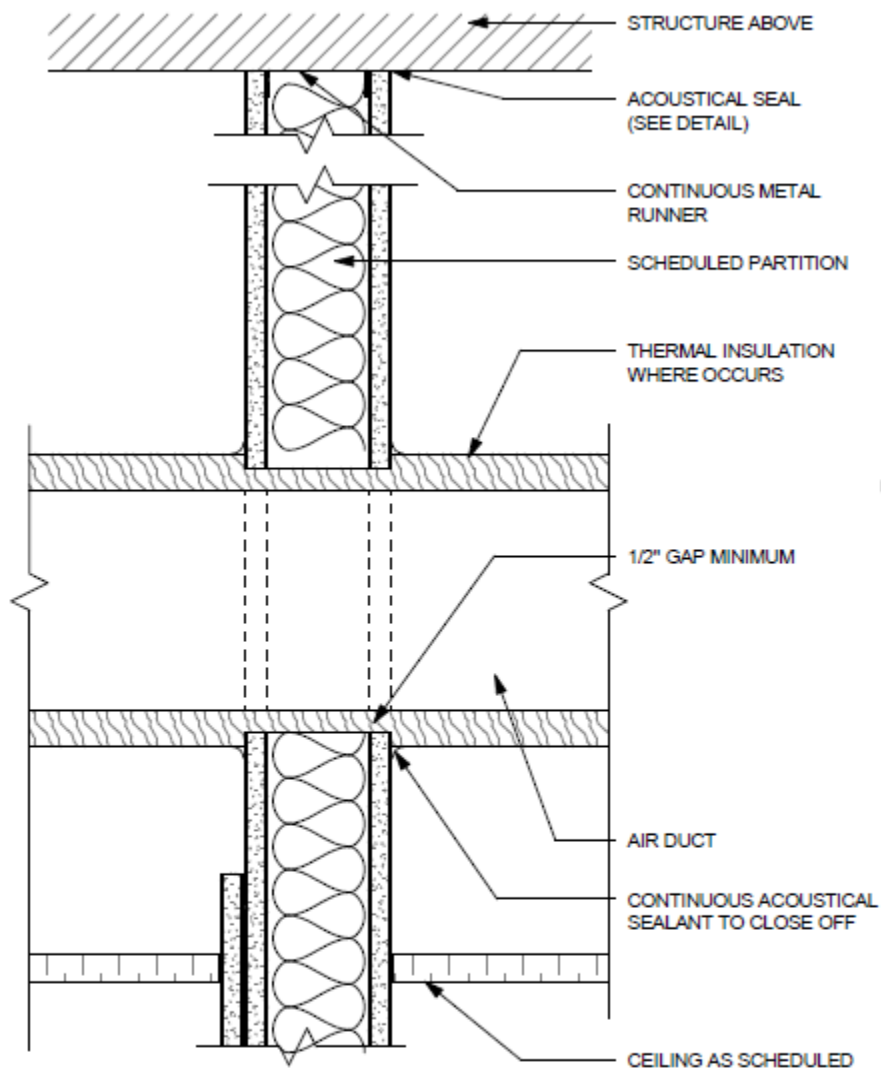
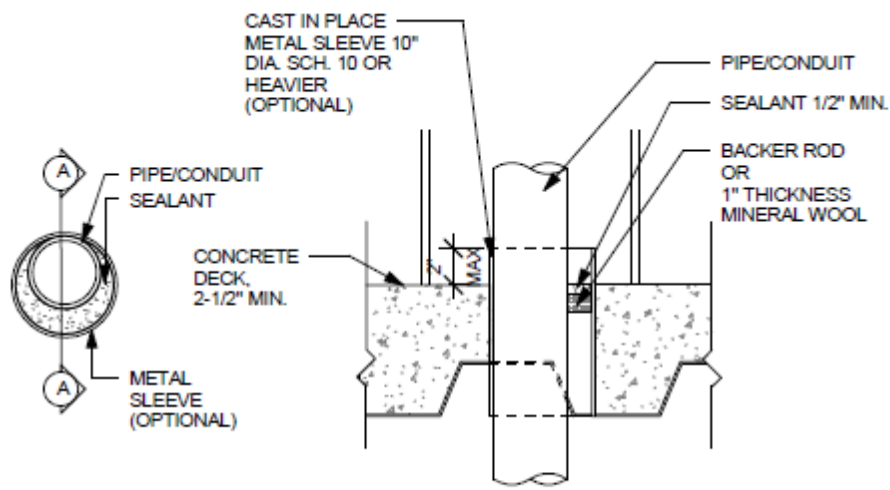


Figure B-2: Penetration UL System No HW-D-0299



PENETRATIONS OF ACOUSTICAL PARTITIONS BY DUCTWORK SHALL BE ACOUSTICALLY SEALED AS SHOWN. ANY GAP LARGER THAN 1/2" SHALL BE COVERED WITH GYPSUM BOARD, LAPPED A MINIMUM OF 2" AND SCREWED BEFORE USING ACOUSTICAL SEALANT.

Figure B-3: Penetrations Enclosure



PLAN SECTION

SECTION A-A

U.L. SYSTEM NO. C-AJ-1175  
 F-RATING - 2 HR  
 T-RATING - 0 HR

PIPE/CONDUIT:

- A. STEEL PIPE - NOM. 8" DIA. OR SMALLER, SCH. 10
- B. CONDUIT - NOM. 6" DIA. OR SMALLER, RIGID STEEL
- C. CONDUIT - NOM. 4" DIA. OR SMALLER, STEEL EMT
- D. IRON PIPE - NOM. 4" DIA., CAST OR DUCTILE PIPE
- E. COPPER TUBING - NOM. 6" DIA. OR SMALLER, TYPE L OR HEAVIER COPPER TUBE
- F. COPPER PIPE - NOM. 6" DIA. OR SMALLER, REGULAR OR HEAVY COPPER PIPE.

*Figure B-4: Single Vertical Fire-Rated Penetration*

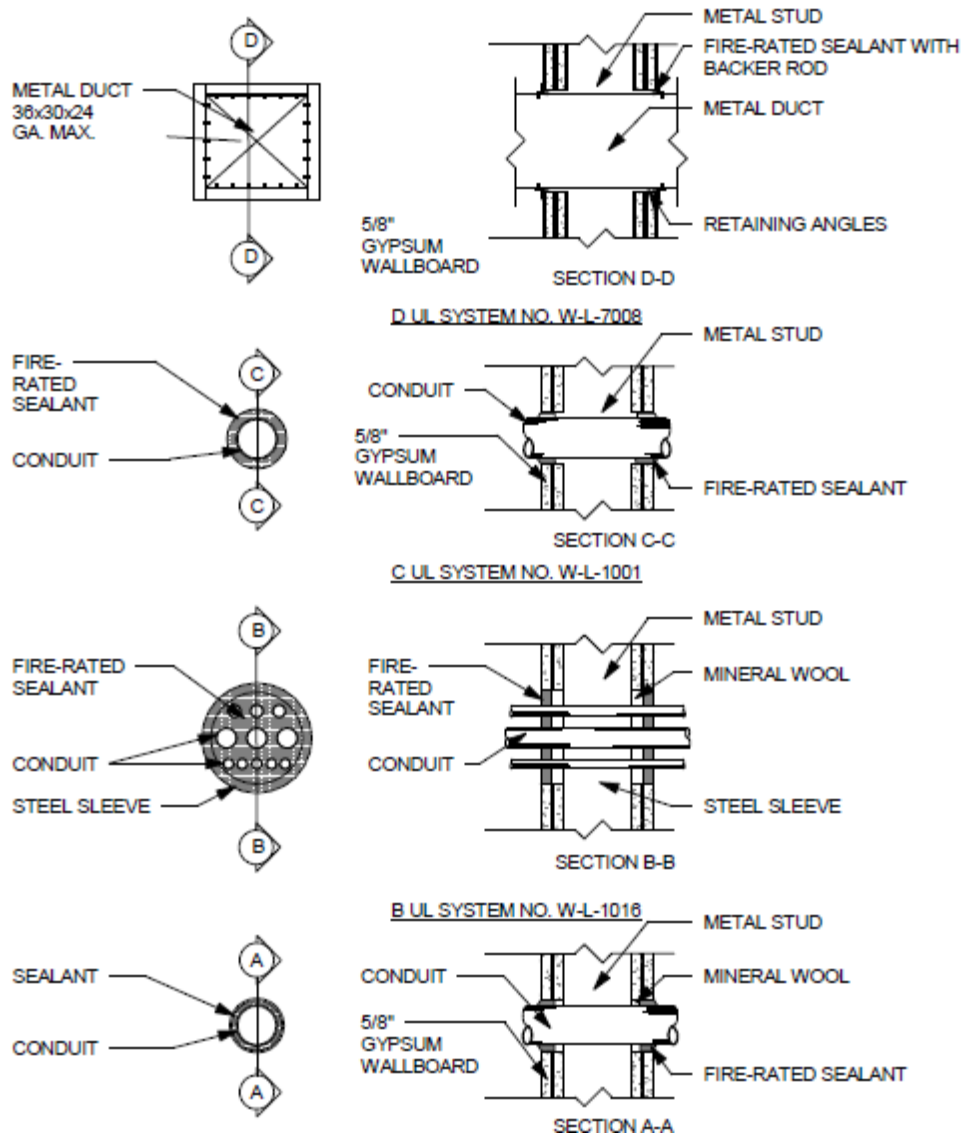


Figure B-5: Typical Fire-Rated Partition Penetrations- UL No W-L.1009

## **APPENDIX C**

### **FIRE ALARM & DETECTION AS-BUILT DRAWINGS**



Copyright Notice: All drawings and written material appearing herein constitute the original and unpublished work of Pyro-Comm Systems, Inc. and the same may not be duplicated, used or disclosed without the express written consent of Pyro-Comm Systems, Inc.

- 1. ALL WALL-MOUNTED VISUAL SIGNALING APPLIANCES SHALL BE MOUNTED SUCH THAT THE ENTIRE LENS IS NOT LESS THAN 80 IN. (2.03m) AND NOT GREATER THAN 96 IN. ABOVE THE FINISHED FLOOR (A.F.F.) PER NFPA 72 2007 CH. 7.5.4. ALL WALL MOUNTED AUDIBLE DEVICES SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 90" A.F.F. TO TOP OF DEVICE PER NFPA 72 2007 (SECTION 7.4.7.1) AREAS HAVING MORE THAN 2 STROBES IN THE FIELD OF VIEW SHALL BE SYNCHRONIZED PER NFPA 72, SECTION 7.5.4.3.2.

- 2. SMOKE DETECTORS AND HEAT DETECTOR LOCATIONS ARE BASED ON SMOOTH CEILING WITH MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 10 FEET UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 3. STROBE LOCATION IS BASED ON 10 FOOT CEILING HEIGHT AND ARE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO NFPA 72 REQUIREMENTS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. ANY DEVICES ON CEILING OVER 10 FEET WILL BE DERATED PER NFPA-72.
- 4. STROBES IN SLEEPING AREAS SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN 16 FEET OF PILLOW AND HAVE MINIMUM INTENSITY OF 110cd. FOR STROBES LOCATED LESS THAN 24 INCHES FROM CEILING, MINIMUM INTENSITY SHALL BE 177cd.

- 5. CENTER OF MANUAL PULL STATIONS SHALL BE MOUNTED AT 48" ABOVE FLOOR LEVEL.
- 6. ALL EQUIPMENT SHALL BE U.L. AND C.S.F.M. LISTED.
- 7. ALL WIRING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE N.E.C. AND AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION.
- 8. ALL JUNCTION BOXES SHALL BE SIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE N.E.C. AND SHALL HAVE THEIR COVERS PAINTED RED WHERE APPLICABLE.
- 9. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH ACCESS PANELS TO AREAS THAT REQUIRE SURVEILLING, TROUBLE SHOOTING, ETC.
- 10. DO NOT DEVIATE FROM CONDUIT RUNS AS SHOWN ON FLOOR PLANS WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL FROM SYSTEM SUPPLIER (PYRO-COMM SYSTEMS, INC., TEL (714) 902-8000). FACTORS SUCH AS EXCESSIVE VOLTAGE DROP, ADDITIONAL PARTS, ENGINEERING, ETC. THAT ARE A RESULT OF CONDUIT RUN DEVIATIONS SHALL BE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR.

- 11. DETECTORS SHALL NOT BE LOCATED IN A DIRECT AIR-FLOW, NOR CLOSER THAN 3 FEET (900mm) FROM AN AIR SUPPLY DIFFUSER.
- 12. ALL FAN SHUTDOWN FUNCTIONS, DAMPER CLOSURES AND ASSOCIATED MECHANICAL SYSTEM FIRE ALARM INTERFACE SHALL BE BY MECHANICAL CONTRACTOR.
- 13. ALL DUCT SMOKE DETECTORS SHALL BE MOUNTED BY THE MECHANICAL OR ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR. DUCT SMOKE DETECTORS EXPOSED TO THE WEATHER SHALL BE WEATHER PROTECTED BY THE MECHANICAL CONTRACTOR. ALL AIR VELOCITY TESTING SHALL BE PERFORMED BY THE MECHANICAL CONTRACTOR.
- 14. ALL 120VAC POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR THE FIRE ALARM SYSTEM SHALL BE FURNISHED BY THE ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR AND SHALL MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION.

- 15. ALL FIRE ALARM DEVICE BACKBOXES, FIRE ALARM TERMINAL CABINETS, GUTTERS, JUNCTION BOXES AND ASSOCIATED CONDUITS SHALL BE FURNISHED AND INSTALLED BY ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. REFER TO FIRE ALARM SYMBOL LIST AND/OR MOUNTING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. SYSTEM SUPPLIER PROVIDED BACKBOXES SHALL BE INSTALLED BY ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 16. SMOKE DETECTOR TESTING SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED WITH SMOKE OR LISTED AEROSOL APPROVED BY THE MANUFACTURER PER NFPA 72, AS ACCEPTABLE BY THE A.H.J..
- 17. ALL WIRING, INITIATING DEVICES AND ANNUNCIATOR PANEL SHALL BE SUPERVISED TO THE PRINCIPAL POINT OF ANNUNCIATION, THE FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL TO SUPERVISE THE ANNUNCIATOR PANEL, ALL INITIATING AND INDICATING DEVICE CIRCUITS.
- 18. ALL WIRING SHALL BE CUT FOR IN AND OUT. WIRING SHALL NOT BE LOOPED THROUGH DEVICES.
- 19. POINT AND COMMON ANNUNCIATION AND T-TAPPING ARE PROHIBITED. (T-TAPPING IS ALLOWABLE ON ADDRESSABLE STYLE 4 SLC LOOPS).
- 20. PROVIDE 3/4" CONDUIT WITH (2) DEDICATED TELEPHONE LINES WITH RJ-31X PHONE JACKS FROM TELEPHONE BACKBOARD FOR OWNER PROVIDED CENTRAL STATION MONITORING LOCATED ADJACENT TO FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL.

- 21. THE ALARM SYSTEM SHALL HAVE AN AUDIBILITY OF NOT LESS THAN 15dB ABOVE AMBIENT NOISE LEVELS, BUT NOT LESS THAN 75DBA THROUGHOUT AREA OF ALARM. TESTING SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED WITH A 6B TEMB. WHERE APPLICABLE, AUDIBLE TONE SHALL BE TEMPORAL PATTERN.
- 22. FIRE ALARM CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AN IMPEDANCE METER AT THE TIME OF FINAL INSPECTION WHEN REQUIRED BY THE AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION.
- 23. FIRE ALARM SIGNAL SHALL MEET ANSI S3.41, AUDIBILITY EMERGENCY EVACUATION SIGNAL (TEMPORAL PATTERN)
- 24. ALL CONDUITS ARE 3/4" UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 25. ALL DEVICES IN THE ALARM SYSTEM SHALL BE COMPATIBLE AND INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS.
- 26. SYSTEM SHALL BE FURNISHED AND INSTALLED BY A NESCO AFFILIATE AND AUTHORIZED NOTIFIER DISTRIBUTOR.
- 27. FIRE ALARM SYSTEM INSTALLATION COMPANY SHALL BE UL LISTED (UJUS/UUFX).
- 28. TAMPER PROOF SCREWS OR OTHER APPROVED MECHANICAL DEVICES SHALL BE USED ON ALL COVERS OF EXTERIOR ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES IN LIEU OF ELECTRICAL SUPERVISION OF THE COVERS, PER THE 2007 NFPA72 6.8.5.1.1.1.

**GENERAL NOTES**

APPLICABLE CODES AS OF AUGUST 1, 2009

2007 California Administrative Code, Part 1, Title 24

2007 California Building Code (CBC), Part 2, Title 24

2006 International Building Code with 2007 California Amendments

2007 California Electrical Code (CEC), Part 3, Title 24

2005 National Electrical Code with 2007 California Amendments

2007 California Mechanical Code (CMC), Part 4, Title 24

2006 Uniform Mechanical Code with 2007 California Amendments

2007 California Fire Code (CFC), Part 9, Title 24

2006 International Fire Code with 2007 California Amendments

2007 California Referenced Standards Code, Part 12, Title 24

**PARTIAL LIST OF APPLICABLE NFPA STANDARDS:**

NFPA 13-Automatic Sprinkler Systems (2002 Edition)

NFPA 14-Standard Stairways Systems (2002 Edition)

NFPA 72-National Fire Alarm Codes (2007 Edition)

**APPLICABLE CODES & STANDARDS**

ALARM SERVICE COMPANY  
AND SERVICE CENTER : (257057-001)

ADVANCED PROTECTION INDUSTRIES INC, DBA  
NATIONAL MONITORING CENTER SUITE 250  
26800 ALSO VIEJO PKWY  
ALSO VIEJO CA, 92656  
PHONE NUMBER: (800) 682-1711

FILE-VOL. NO. CCN  
58126-1 UUFX

LISTING CATEGORY  
[SIGNAL AND FIRE ALARM EQUIPMENT AND SERVICES]  
(PROTECTIVE SIGNALING SERVICES) CENTRAL STATION

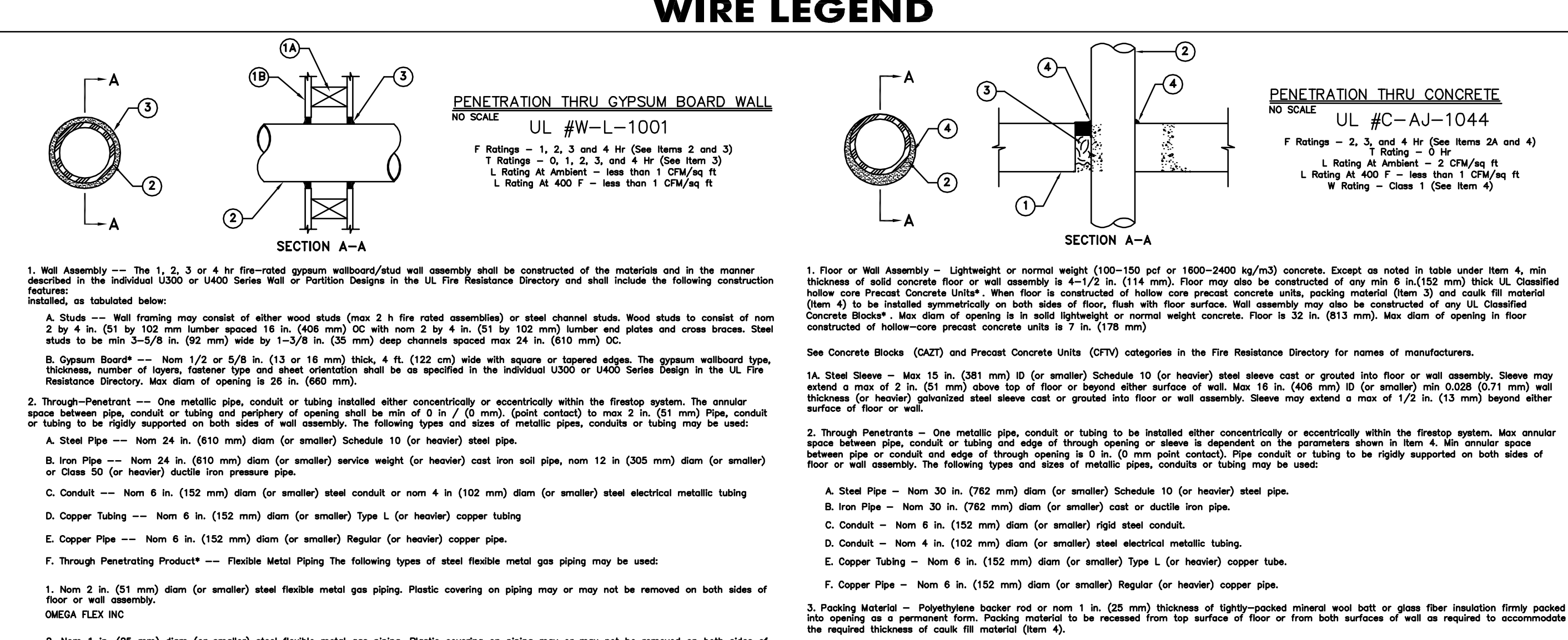
**MONITORING INFORMATION**

**System Outputs**

Control Unit Annunciation	Notification	Required Fire Alarm Control	Supplementary
1. Manual fire alarm box	1. Fire Alarm Control Panel	1. Fire Alarm Control Panel	
2. Fire alarm detector	1. Fire Alarm Control Panel	1. Fire Alarm Control Panel	
3. Fire alarm detector	1. Fire Alarm Control Panel	1. Fire Alarm Control Panel	
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99. Fire alarm detector	1. Fire Alarm Control Panel	1. Fire Alarm Control Panel	
100. Fire alarm detector	1. Fire Alarm Control Panel	1. Fire Alarm Control Panel	

**SEQUENCE OF OPERATION**

WIRE DESIGNATION	CONDUCTOR COLORS	WIRE IN CONDUIT	UNDERGROUND/WET WIRE DESIGNATION	WIRE IN CONDUIT UNDERGROUND/WET LOC.
Z	RED/BLACK	#18 FPL SOLID TWISTED/UNSHIELDED WEST PENN (039 sq.in.) #9590	ZU	#18 FPL STRANDED TWISTED/UNSHIELDED WEST PENN (038 sq.in.) #9225
INITIATOR_CKT	YELLOW/PURPLE	(2) #14 STRANDED TYPE THHN	INIT_LOOPS	(2) #14 STRANDED TYPE THHN
ANNUAL_DATA	RED JACKET RED/BLACK	2 CONDUCTOR #18 FPL SOLID TWISTED/UNSHIELDED WEST PENN (039 sq.in.) #9590	ANNUAL_DATA	2 CONDUCTOR #18 FPL STRANDED TWISTED/UNSHIELDED WEST PENN (038 sq.in.) #9225
ANNUAL_PWR	YELLOW/BLUE	(2) #14 STRANDED TYPE THHN	ANNUAL_PWR	(2) #14 STRANDED TYPE THHN
24V_POWER	PINK/PURPLE	(2) #14 STRANDED TYPE THHN	POWER_CKT	(2) #14 STRANDED TYPE THHN
AUD/MS_CKT	YELLOW/BLUE ORANGE/BROWN PINK/PURPLE	(2) #12 STRANDED TYPE THHN	MSAL	(2) #12 STRANDED TYPE THHN
SPEAKER_CKT	RED/BLACK	(2) #14 STRANDED TYPE THHN TWISTED	SPEAKER_CKT	(2) #14 STRANDED TYPE THHN TWISTED



**FIRE STOP/THRU-PENETRATION DETAIL**

Min. Floor Thickness	Min. Pipe Size	Min. Annular Space	Min. Couk	F Rating
1-1/2" (38)	1/2" (12.7)	1/8" (3.2)	1/2" (12.7)	1
2-1/2" (63)	1/2" (12.7)	1/8" (3.2)	3/4" (19.0)	2
4-1/2" (114)	1/2" (12.7)	1/8" (3.2)	1-1/4" (31.8)	3
6-1/2" (165)	1/2" (12.7)	1/8" (3.2)	1-3/4" (44.5)	4
8-1/2" (216)	1/2" (12.7)	1/8" (3.2)	2-1/4" (61.0)	5
10-1/2" (267)	1/2" (12.7)	1/8" (3.2)	2-3/4" (68.8)	6
12-1/2" (318)	1/2" (12.7)	1/8" (3.2)	3-1/4" (86.3)	7
14-1/2" (369)	1/2" (12.7)	1/8" (3.2)	3-3/4" (95.1)	8
16-1/2" (420)	1/2" (12.7)	1/8" (3.2)	4-1/4" (111.8)	9
18-1/2" (471)	1/2" (12.7)	1/8" (3.2)	4-3/4" (120.6)	10

**CONDUIT FILL CHART**

Dimensions of Insulated Conductors and Fixture Wires (Based on Table 5, Chapter 9, 2007 CEC)

CONDUCTOR SIZE AWG	12 GA	14 GA	16 GA	18 GA
AREA (in <sup>2</sup> )	0.0133	0.0097	0.0072	0.0055

Total Area of Electrical Metallic Tubing (Based on Table 4, Chapter 9, 2007 CEC)

CONDUIT SIZE	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"	2"
TOTAL AREA	0.304 in <sup>2</sup>	0.533 in <sup>2</sup>	0.864 in <sup>2</sup>	1.496 in <sup>2</sup>	2.036 in <sup>2</sup>	3.356 in <sup>2</sup>
40% FILL	0.122 in <sup>2</sup>	0.213 in <sup>2</sup>	0.346 in <sup>2</sup>	0.598 in <sup>2</sup>	0.814 in <sup>2</sup>	1.342 in <sup>2</sup>

Maximum Number of Conductors in Trade Sizes of Conduit or Tubing (Based on 40% Conduit Fill per 2007 CEC)

CONDUCTOR SIZE AWG	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"	2"
18	22	38	62	108	148	244
16	16	29	48	83	113	186
14	12	21	35	61	83	138
12	9	16	26	44	61	100

**MONITORING INFORMATION**

QUANTITY	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	MODEL	MANUFACTURER	BACKBOX	MOUNTING HEIGHT	C.S.F.M. NUMBER
1	[FACP]	FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL	NFS2-640	NOTIFIER	SBB-D4 PROVIDED	66" A.F.F. TO TOP	7165-0028:243
1	[XP-18]	DIGITAL AUDIO AMPLIFIER (70 VOLT)	(1)DAA-5070	NOTIFIER	SBB-44 PROVIDED	66" A.F.F. TO TOP	7165-0028:243
1	[XP-10]	DIGITAL AUDIO AMPLIFIER (70 VOLT)	(1)DAA-5070	NOTIFIER	SBB-44 PROVIDED	66" A.F.F. TO TOP	7165-0028:243
1	[DACT]	UNIVERSAL ALARM COMMUNICATOR PANEL	UDACT	NOTIFIER	INSIDE FACP	VERIFY IN FIELD	7300-0028:174
5	[RPS]	AUDIO/VISUAL POWER SUPPLY	FCPS-24S8	NOTIFIER	FCPS PROVIDED	66" A.F.F. TO TOP	7315-0028:225
1	[ANN]	FIRE ALARM ANNUNCIATOR PANEL	FDU-80	NOTIFIER	BACKBOX PROVIDED	66" A.F.F. TO TOP	7120-0028:209
1	[OSV]	BACKFLOW PREVENTOR TAMPER - F.B.O.	F.B.O.	F.B.O.	F.B.O.	VERIFY IN FIELD	F.B.O.
32	[FRM]	FIRE ALARM RELAY MODULE	FRM-1	NOTIFIER	4S DEEP BOX W/ 4S EXTENSION	VERIFY IN FIELD	7300-0028:202
11	[M]	FIRE ALARM MONITOR MODULE	FMM-1	NOTIFIER	4S DEEP BOX W/ 4S EXTENSION	VERIFY IN FIELD	7300-0028:202
6	[FDM]	FIRE ALARM DUAL MONITOR MODULE	FDM-1	NOTIFIER	4S DEEP BOX W/ 4S EXTENSION	VERIFY IN FIELD	7300-0028:202
7	[R]	24VDC RELAY	PR-1	SYSTEM SENSOR	5S DEEP BOX W/ 5S EXTENSION	VERIFY IN FIELD	7300-1653:172
4	[FMP]	WEATHERPROOF MANUAL PULL STATION	NBG-12LOB W/ FMA-101	NOTIFIER	SB-1/0 PROVIDED	48" A.F.F. TO TOP OF BOX	7150-0028:199 7300-0028:202
19	[P]	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (ADDRESSABLE - PHOTO) B710LP	FSP-851	NOTIFIER	4S DEEP BOX W/ 3-0 RING	CEILING MOUNTED	7272-0028:206 7300-0028:173
3	[P]dc	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (FOR DAMPER CONTROL) B710LP	FSP-851	NOTIFIER	4S DEEP BOX W/ 3-0 RING	CEILING MOUNTED	7272-0028:206 7300-0028:173
24	[B]	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (INSIDE DUCT) B501	FSP-851	NOTIFIER	4-0 PANCAKE BOX W/ 3-0 ADAPTER (AT TOP)	CEILING MOUNTED	7272-0028:206 7300-1653:109
3	[H]	AREA HEAT DETECTOR (ADDRESSABLE) FST-851 B710LP	FST-851	NOTIFIER	4S DEEP BOX W/ 3-0 RING	CEILING MOUNTED	7270-0028:196 7300-0028:173
12	[B]	DUCT DET. HOUSING w/ SMOKE DETECTOR HEAD	DNR w/ FSP-851	NOTIFIER	DNR PROVIDED	VERIFY IN FIELD	3242-1653:209 7272-0028:196
18	[F]	MANUAL PULL STATION	NBG-12LX	NOTIFIER	4S DEEP BOX W/ SINGLE GANG RING	48" A.F.F. TO CENTER	7150-0028:209
23	[I]	REMOTE INDICATOR L.E.D.	RA100Z	SYSTEM SENSOR	4S DEEP BOX W/ 1-GANG RING	VERIFY IN FIELD	7300-1653:212
6	[S]MP	WEATHERPROOF SPEAKER	SPWK (WHITE)	SYSTEM SENSOR	BACKBOX PROVIDED	90" A.F.F. TO BOTTOM	7320-1653:201
17	[15]	FIRE ALARM SPEAKER/STROBE	SPSW (WHITE)	SYSTEM SENSOR	4S DEEP BOX W/ 4S EXTENSION	90" A.F.F. TO BOTTOM	7320-1653:201
6	[30]	FIRE ALARM SPEAKER/STROBE	SPSW (WHITE)	SYSTEM SENSOR	4S DEEP BOX W/ 4S EXTENSION	90" A.F.F. TO BOTTOM	7320-1653:201
15	[75]	FIRE ALARM SPEAKER/STROBE	SPSW (WHITE)	SYSTEM SENSOR	4S DEEP BOX W/ 4S EXTENSION	90" A.F.F. TO BOTTOM	7320-1653:201
50	[110]	FIRE ALARM SPEAKER/STROBE	SPSW (WHITE)	SYSTEM SENSOR	4S DEEP BOX W/ 4S EXTENSION	90" A.F.F. TO BOTTOM	7320-1653:201
11	[110]WG	FIRE ALARM SPEAKER/STROBE W/WIREGUARD	SPSW (WHITE) SH	SYSTEM SENSOR	4S DEEP BOX W/ 4S EXTENSION	90" A.F.F. TO BOTTOM	7320-1653:201
20	[15]	FIRE ALARM CEILING STROBE	SCW (WHITE)	SYSTEM SENSOR	4S DEEP BOX W/ 4S EXTENSION	CEILING	7125-1653:186
3	[50]	FIRE ALARM CEILING STROBE	SCW (WHITE)	SYSTEM SENSOR	4S DEEP BOX W/ 4S EXTENSION	CEILING	7125-1653:186
2	[15]MP	FIRE ALARM CEILING STROBE	SCRK (RED)	SYSTEM SENSOR	SA-WBBC PROVIDED	CEILING MOUNTED	7300-1653:187
28	15 x [15]	FIRE ALARM WALL STROBE	SW (WHITE)	SYSTEM SENSOR	4S DEEP BOX W/ 4S EXTENSION	90" A.F.F. TO BOTTOM	7125-1653:186
3	30 x [150]	FIRE ALARM WALL STROBE	SW (WHITE)	SYSTEM SENSOR	4S DEEP BOX W/ 4S EXTENSION	90" A.F.F. TO BOTTOM	7125-1653:186
1	[75]	FIRE ALARM WALL STROBE	SW (WHITE)	SYSTEM SENSOR	4S DEEP BOX W/ 4S EXTENSION	90" A.F.F. TO BOTTOM	7125-1653:186
7	[S]	FIRE ALARM SPEAKER	SPCW (WHITE)	SYSTEM SENSOR	4S DEEP BOX W/ 4S EXTENSION	CEILING	7320-1653:201
3 (F.B.O.)	[W]	SPRINKLER WATER FLOW - F.B.O.	F.B.O.	F.B.O.			



BATTERY SIZING CALCULATION 02/23/12

**CAL POLY SLO - STUDENT RECREATION CENTER**  
**MAIN FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL**

Quantity	Device Type	Model Number	Standby Current	Total Standby Current	Alarm Current	Total Alarm Current
1	NFS2-640	CPUS-640 w/CPFS-24	0.32500	0.32500	0.28500	0.28500
1	NFS2-640	KDM-820	0.10000	0.10000	0.10000	0.10000
1	Voice	DVC&DVC-KD	0.50000	0.50000	0.50000	0.50000
32	Control Relay	FRM-1	0.00816	0.02611	0.02611	0.02611
11	Det	DNR w/ FSP-851	0.00036	0.00396	0.00754	0.00754
1	Heat Det	FST-851	0.00030	0.00060	0.00650	0.00650
3	Monitor	DIMM	0.00060	0.00180	0.00300	0.00300
4	Monitor	FDM-1	0.00075	0.00300	0.00640	0.00640
9	Monitor	FRM-1	0.00035	0.00315	0.00500	0.00500
4	Pull Station	FRM-101 w/Pull Sta.	0.00038	0.00152	0.00038	0.00152
19	Pull Station	NRG-12LX	0.00038	0.00713	0.00688	0.00688
46	Smoke Det	FSP-851	0.00030	0.01380	0.00680	0.01280
4	Pull Station	NRG-12LOB	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
37	Speaker 25V	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	0.00000	0.00000	0.02000	0.02000
1	Dioler	UDACT - 5.60 A.H.	0.04000	0.04000	0.10000	0.10000
7	Relay	PR-1 (Shutdown)	0.00000	0.00000	0.01500	0.01500
23	Remote LED	RA1002	0.00000	0.01000	0.01000	0.01000

Standby Load: 1.008 Amps Alarm Load: 2.962 Amps  
 Standby Time: 24 Hours Alarm Time: 5 Minutes  
 Total Standby Load: 24.19 Amp/Hours Total Alarm Load: 0.74 Amp/Hours

Batteries Provided: (2) BAT-1270 Available Battery: 30.40 A.H.  
 Battery Size: 38.00 A.H. Load (ALM + STBY): 24.83 A.H.  
 De-Rated Size(80%): 30.40 A.H. Spare Capacity: 5.47 A.H.

File Name: M:\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Ctr\_RPS #1\_BAT.tbl

BATTERY SIZING CALCULATION 12/07/11

**CAL POLY SLO - STUDENT RECREATION CTR**  
**REMOTE POWER SUPPLY - RPS#5 • ELEC ROOM #208**

Quantity	Device Type	Model Number	Standby Current	Total Standby Current	Alarm Current	Total Alarm Current
1	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	0.06500	0.06500	0.14500	0.14500
2	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.13200
2	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (30cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.09400	0.18800
7	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (75cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.15800	1.10600
4	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (110cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.20200	0.80800
4	S/S (WP Strobe)	SPSWK (75cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.15800	0.63200
4	Strobe	SCW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.26400
3	Strobe	SW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.19800
1	Strobe	SW (30cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.09400	0.09400

Standby Load: 0.065 Amps Alarm Load: 3.567 Amps  
 Standby Time: 24 Hours Alarm Time: 5 Minutes  
 Total Standby Load: 1.55 Amp/Hours Total Alarm Load: 0.89 Amp/Hours

Batteries Provided: (2) BAT-1270 Available Battery: 5.60 A.H.  
 Battery Size: 7.00 A.H. Load (ALM + STBY): 2.45 A.H.  
 De-Rated Size(80%): 5.60 A.H. Spare Capacity: 3.15 A.H.

File Name: M:\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Ctr\_RPS #5.tbl

VOLTAGE DROP CALCULATION 12/06/11

**CAL POLY SLO - RECREATION CTR**  
**REMOTE POWER SUPPLY - RPS#3 • ELEC ROOM #227**

DEVICE CURR. (AMPS)	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	QTY
1	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	1
2	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (15cd)	SPSW (15cd)	SPSW (15cd)	2
2	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (30cd)	SPSW (30cd)	SPSW (30cd)	2
7	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (75cd)	SPSW (75cd)	SPSW (75cd)	7
4	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (110cd)	SPSW (110cd)	SPSW (110cd)	4
4	S/S (WP Strobe)	SPSWK (75cd)	SPSWK (75cd)	SPSWK (75cd)	4
4	Strobe	SCW (15cd)	SCW (15cd)	SCW (15cd)	4
3	Strobe	SW (15cd)	SW (15cd)	SW (15cd)	3
1	Strobe	SW (30cd)	SW (30cd)	SW (30cd)	1

Standby Load: 0.065 Amps Alarm Load: 6.285 Amps  
 Standby Time: 24 Hours Alarm Time: 5 Minutes  
 Total Standby Load: 1.55 Amp/Hours Total Alarm Load: 1.57 Amp/Hours

Batteries Provided: (2) BAT-1270 Available Battery: 5.60 A.H.  
 Battery Size: 7.00 A.H. Load (ALM + STBY): 3.15 A.H.  
 De-Rated Size(80%): 5.60 A.H. Spare Capacity: 2.47 A.H.

File Name: M:\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Ctr\_RPS #3.tbl

BATTERY SIZING CALCULATION 12/07/11

**CAL POLY SLO - STUDENT RECREATION CENTER**  
**EXISTING REMOTE POWER SUPPLY**

Quantity	Device Type	Model Number	Standby Current	Total Standby Current	Alarm Current	Total Alarm Current
1	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	0.06500	0.06500	0.14500	0.14500
7	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.46200
2	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (75cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.15800	0.31600
23	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (110cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.20200	4.64600
8	Strobe	SW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.52800
2	Strobe	SW (30cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.09400	0.18800

Standby Load: 0.065 Amps Alarm Load: 6.285 Amps  
 Standby Time: 24 Hours Alarm Time: 5 Minutes  
 Total Standby Load: 1.55 Amp/Hours Total Alarm Load: 1.57 Amp/Hours

Batteries Provided: (2) BAT-1270 Available Battery: 5.60 A.H.  
 Battery Size: 7.00 A.H. Load (ALM + STBY): 3.15 A.H.  
 De-Rated Size(80%): 5.60 A.H. Spare Capacity: 2.47 A.H.

File Name: M:\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Ctr\_RPS #3.tbl

BATTERY SIZING CALCULATION 12/06/11

**CAL POLY SLO - STUDENT RECREATION CENTER**  
**REMOTE POWER SUPPLY - RPS#4 • ELEC ROOM #115**

Quantity	Device Type	Model Number	Standby Current	Total Standby Current	Alarm Current	Total Alarm Current
1	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	0.06500	0.06500	0.14500	0.14500
1	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.06600
1	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (30cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.09400	0.09400
10	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (110cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.20200	2.02000
5	Strobe	SW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.33000
1	Strobe	SW (75cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.15800	0.15800

Standby Load: 0.065 Amps Alarm Load: 2.877 Amps  
 Standby Time: 24 Hours Alarm Time: 5 Minutes  
 Total Standby Load: 1.55 Amp/Hours Total Alarm Load: 0.72 Amp/Hours

Batteries Provided: (2) BAT-1270 Available Battery: 5.60 A.H.  
 Battery Size: 7.00 A.H. Load (ALM + STBY): 2.28 A.H.  
 De-Rated Size(80%): 5.60 A.H. Spare Capacity: 3.32 A.H.

File Name: M:\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Ctr\_RPS #4.tbl

BATTERY SIZING CALCULATION 12/07/11

**CAL POLY SLO - STUDENT RECREATION CENTER**  
**XP-1 DAA2-5025 • ELECTRICAL ROOM #115**

Quantity	Device Type	Model Number	Standby Current	Total Standby Current	Alarm Current	Total Alarm Current
1	Voice	DAA2-5025	0.40000	0.40000	0.50000	0.50000
37	Speaker 25V	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	0.00000	0.00000	0.02000	0.74000
3	Speaker 25V	Speaker - 1 Watt Tap	0.00000	0.00000	0.04000	0.12000

Standby Load: 0.400 Amps Alarm Load: 1.360 Amps  
 Standby Time: 24 Hours Alarm Time: 5 Minutes  
 Total Standby Load: 9.60 Amp/Hours Total Alarm Load: 0.34 Amp/Hours

Batteries Provided: (2) BAT-1270 Available Battery: 14.40 A.H.  
 Battery Size: 18.00 A.H. Load (ALM + STBY): 9.94 A.H.  
 De-Rated Size(80%): 14.40 A.H. Spare Capacity: 4.46 A.H.

File Name: M:\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Ctr\_XP-1\_BAT.tbl

VOLTAGE DROP CALCULATION 12/06/11

**CAL POLY SLO - RECREATION CTR**  
**REMOTE POWER SUPPLY - RPS#4 • ELEC ROOM #115**

DEVICE CURR. (AMPS)	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	QTY
1	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	1
1	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (15cd)	SPSW (15cd)	SPSW (15cd)	1
1	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (30cd)	SPSW (30cd)	SPSW (30cd)	1
10	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (110cd)	SPSW (110cd)	SPSW (110cd)	10
5	Strobe	SW (15cd)	SW (15cd)	SW (15cd)	5
1	Strobe	SW (75cd)	SW (75cd)	SW (75cd)	1

Standby Load: 0.400 Amps Alarm Load: 1.360 Amps  
 Standby Time: 24 Hours Alarm Time: 5 Minutes  
 Total Standby Load: 9.60 Amp/Hours Total Alarm Load: 0.34 Amp/Hours

Batteries Provided: (2) BAT-1270 Available Battery: 14.40 A.H.  
 Battery Size: 18.00 A.H. Load (ALM + STBY): 9.94 A.H.  
 De-Rated Size(80%): 14.40 A.H. Spare Capacity: 4.46 A.H.

File Name: M:\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Ctr\_RPS #4.tbl

BATTERY SIZING CALCULATION 12/07/11

**CAL POLY SLO - STUDENT RECREATION CENTER**  
**XP-2 - XP-3 DAA2-5025 • ELECTRICAL ROOM #115**

Quantity	Device Type	Model Number	Standby Current	Total Standby Current	Alarm Current	Total Alarm Current
2	Voice	DAA2-5025	0.40000	0.80000	0.50000	1.00000
30	Speaker 25V	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	0.00000	0.00000	0.02000	0.60000
9	Speaker 25V	Speaker - 1 Watt Tap	0.00000	0.00000	0.04000	0.36000

Standby Load: 0.800 Amps Alarm Load: 1.960 Amps  
 Standby Time: 24 Hours Alarm Time: 5 Minutes  
 Total Standby Load: 19.20 Amp/Hours Total Alarm Load: 0.49 Amp/Hours

Batteries Provided: (2) BAT-1270 Available Battery: 20.80 A.H.  
 Battery Size: 26.00 A.H. Load (ALM + STBY): 11.11 A.H.  
 De-Rated Size(80%): 20.80 A.H. Spare Capacity: 9.69 A.H.

File Name: M:\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Ctr\_XP-2,3\_BAT.tbl

VOLTAGE DROP CALCULATION 12/07/11

**CAL POLY SLO - RECREATION CTR**  
**REMOTE POWER SUPPLY #5 • ELEC ROOM #208**

DEVICE CURR. (AMPS)	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	QTY
1	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	1
2	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (15cd)	SPSW (15cd)	SPSW (15cd)	2
2	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (30cd)	SPSW (30cd)	SPSW (30cd)	2
7	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (75cd)	SPSW (75cd)	SPSW (75cd)	7
4	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (110cd)	SPSW (110cd)	SPSW (110cd)	4
4	S/S (WP Strobe)	SPSWK (75cd)	SPSWK (75cd)	SPSWK (75cd)	4
4	Strobe	SCW (15cd)	SCW (15cd)	SCW (15cd)	4
3	Strobe	SW (15cd)	SW (15cd)	SW (15cd)	3
1	Strobe	SW (30cd)	SW (30cd)	SW (30cd)	1

Standby Load: 0.800 Amps Alarm Load: 1.960 Amps  
 Standby Time: 24 Hours Alarm Time: 5 Minutes  
 Total Standby Load: 19.20 Amp/Hours Total Alarm Load: 0.49 Amp/Hours

Batteries Provided: (2) BAT-1270 Available Battery: 20.80 A.H.  
 Battery Size: 26.00 A.H. Load (ALM + STBY): 11.11 A.H.  
 De-Rated Size(80%): 20.80 A.H. Spare Capacity: 9.69 A.H.

File Name: M:\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Ctr\_RPS #5.tbl

dB LINE LOSS CALCULATION 02/23/12

**CAL POLY SLO - RECREATION CENTER**  
**XP-3 • ELEC ROOM #115**

DEVICE POWER (WATTS)	SIGNAL CKT	SIGNAL CKT	SIGNAL CKT	SIGNAL CKT	QTY
1	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	1
1	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	1
1	Speaker - 1 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1 Watt Tap	1

Standby Load: 0.800 Amps Alarm Load: 1.960 Amps  
 Standby Time: 24 Hours Alarm Time: 5 Minutes  
 Total Standby Load: 19.20 Amp/Hours Total Alarm Load: 0.49 Amp/Hours

Batteries Provided: (2) BAT-1270 Available Battery: 20.80 A.H.  
 Battery Size: 26.00 A.H. Load (ALM + STBY): 11.11 A.H.  
 De-Rated Size(80%): 20.80 A.H. Spare Capacity: 9.69 A.H.

File Name: M:\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Ctr\_XP3\_LineLoss.tbl

BATTERY SIZING CALCULATION 12/06/11

**CAL POLY SLO - STUDENT RECREATION CENTER**  
**REMOTE POWER SUPPLY - RPS#4 • ELEC ROOM #227**

Quantity	Device Type	Model Number	Standby Current	Total Standby Current	Alarm Current	Total Alarm Current
1	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	0.06500	0.06500	0.14500	0.14500
10	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (110cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.20200	1.81800
1	S/S (WP Strobe)	SPSWK (75cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.15800	0.15800
5	Strobe	SCW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.33000
1	Strobe	SW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.06600

Standby Load: 0.065 Amps Alarm Load: 2.389 Amps  
 Standby Time: 24 Hours Alarm Time: 5 Minutes  
 Total Standby Load: 1.55 Amp/Hours Total Alarm Load: 0.60 Amp/Hours

Batteries Provided: (2) BAT-1270 Available Battery: 5.60 A.H.  
 Battery Size: 7.00 A.H. Load (ALM + STBY): 2.16 A.H.  
 De-Rated Size(80%): 5.60 A.H. Spare Capacity: 3.44 A.H.

File Name: M:\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Ctr\_RPS #4.tbl

VOLTAGE DROP CALCULATION 12/06/11

**CAL POLY SLO - RECREATION CENTER**  
**RPS #1 • ELEC ROOM #115**

DEVICE CURR. (AMPS)	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	SIGNAL CIRCUIT	QTY
1	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	1
1	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (15cd)	SPSW (15cd)	SPSW (15cd)	1
1	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (30cd)	SPSW (30cd)	SPSW (30cd)	1
10	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (110cd)	SPSW (110cd)	SPSW (110cd)	10
5	Strobe	SW (15cd)	SW (15cd)	SW (15cd)	5
1	Strobe	SW (75cd)	SW (75cd)	SW (75cd)	1

Standby Load: 0.065 Amps Alarm Load: 2.389 Amps  
 Standby Time: 24 Hours Alarm Time: 5 Minutes  
 Total Standby Load: 1.55 Amp/Hours Total Alarm Load: 0.60 Amp/Hours

Batteries Provided: (2) BAT-1270 Available Battery: 5.60 A.H.  
 Battery Size: 7.00 A.H. Load (ALM + STBY): 2.16 A.H.  
 De-Rated Size(80%): 5.60 A.H. Spare Capacity: 3.44 A.H.

File Name: M:\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Ctr\_RPS #1.tbl

dB LINE LOSS CALCULATION 02/23/12

**CAL POLY SLO - RECREATION CENTER**  
**XP-1 • ELEC ROOM #115**

DEVICE POWER (WATTS)	SIGNAL CKT	SIGNAL CKT	SIGNAL CKT	SIGNAL CKT	SIGNAL CKT	SIGNAL CKT	SIGNAL CKT	QTY
1	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	1
1	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1/2 Watt Tap	1
1	Speaker - 1 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1 Watt Tap	Speaker - 1 Watt Tap	1

Standby Load: 0.065 Amps Alarm Load: 2.389 Amps  
 Standby Time: 24 Hours Alarm Time: 5 Minutes  
 Total Standby Load: 1.55 Amp/Hours Total Alarm Load: 0.60 Amp/Hours

Batteries Provided: (2) BAT-1270 Available Battery: 5.60 A.H.  
 Battery Size: 7.00 A.H. Load (ALM + STBY): 2.16 A.H.  
 De-Rated Size(80%): 5.60 A.H. Spare Capacity: 3.44 A.H.

File Name: M:\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Center\_2010035\Cal Poly SLO Rec. Ctr\_XP1\_LineLoss.tbl

BATTERY SIZING CALCULATION 12/06/11

**CAL POLY SLO - STUDENT RECREATION CENTER**  
**REMOTE POWER SUPPLY - RPS#4 • ELEC ROOM #115**

Quantity	Device Type	Model Number	Standby Current	Total Standby Current	Alarm Current	Total Alarm Current
1	FCPS-2458	FCPS-2458	0.06500	0.06500	0.14500	0.14500
6	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.39600
3	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (30cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.09400	0.28200
4	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (75cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.15800	0.63200
5	S/S (Strobe ONLY)	SPSW (110cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.20200	1.01000
11	Strobe	SCW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.72600
3	Strobe	SCW (30cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.09400	0.28200
13	Strobe	SW (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.85800
2	Strobe (WP)	SCRK (15cd)	0.00000	0.00000	0.06600	0.13200

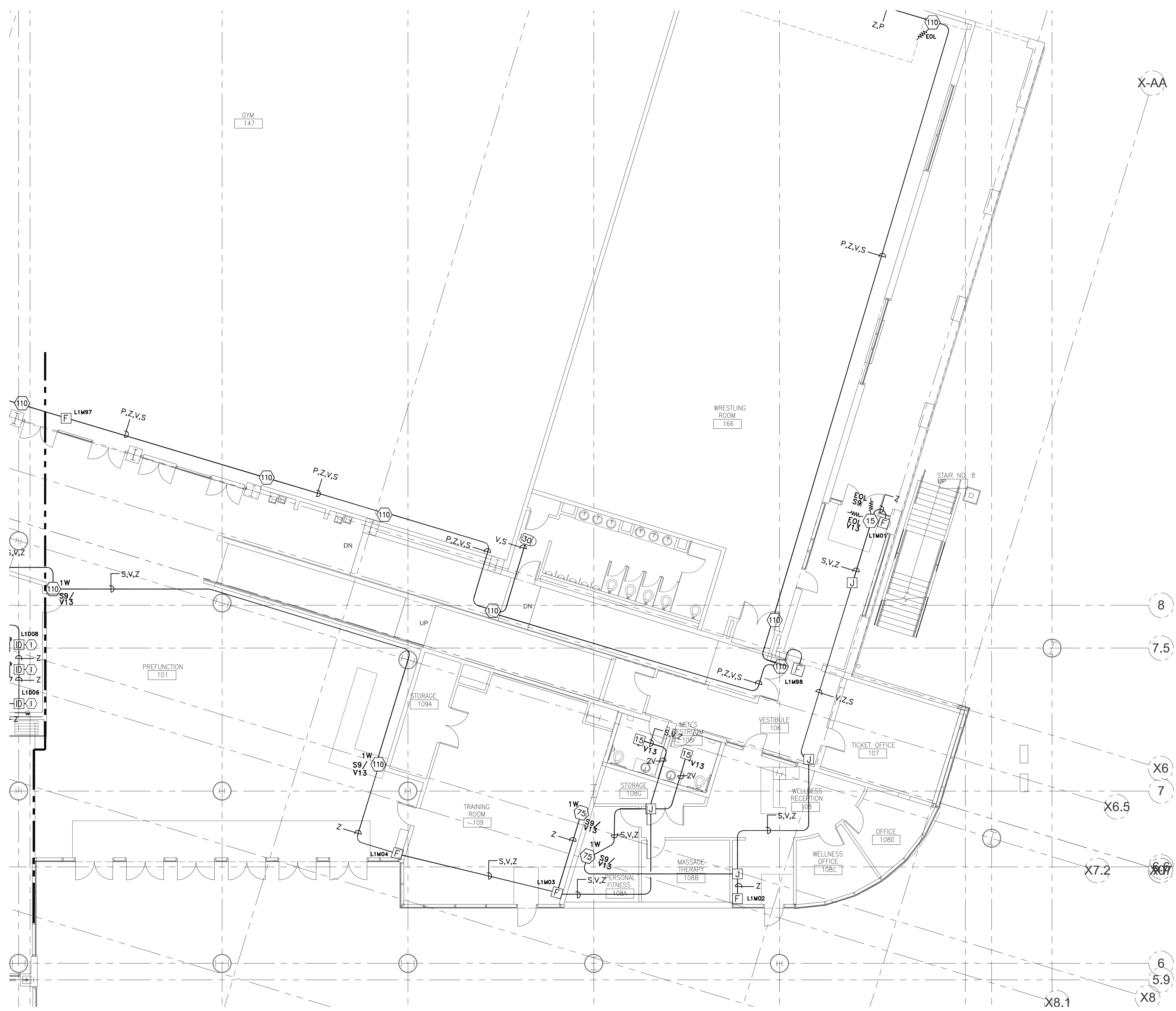
Standby Load: 0.065 Amps Alarm Load: 4.463 Amps  
 Standby Time: 24 Hours Alarm Time: 5 Minutes  
 Total Standby Load: 1.55 Amp/Hours Total Alarm Load: 1.12 Amp/Hours

Batteries Provided: (2) BAT-1270 Available Battery: 5.60 A.H.  
 Battery Size: 7.00 A.H. Load (ALM + STBY): 2.68 A.H.  
 De-Rated Size(80%): 5.60 A.H. Spare Capacity: 2

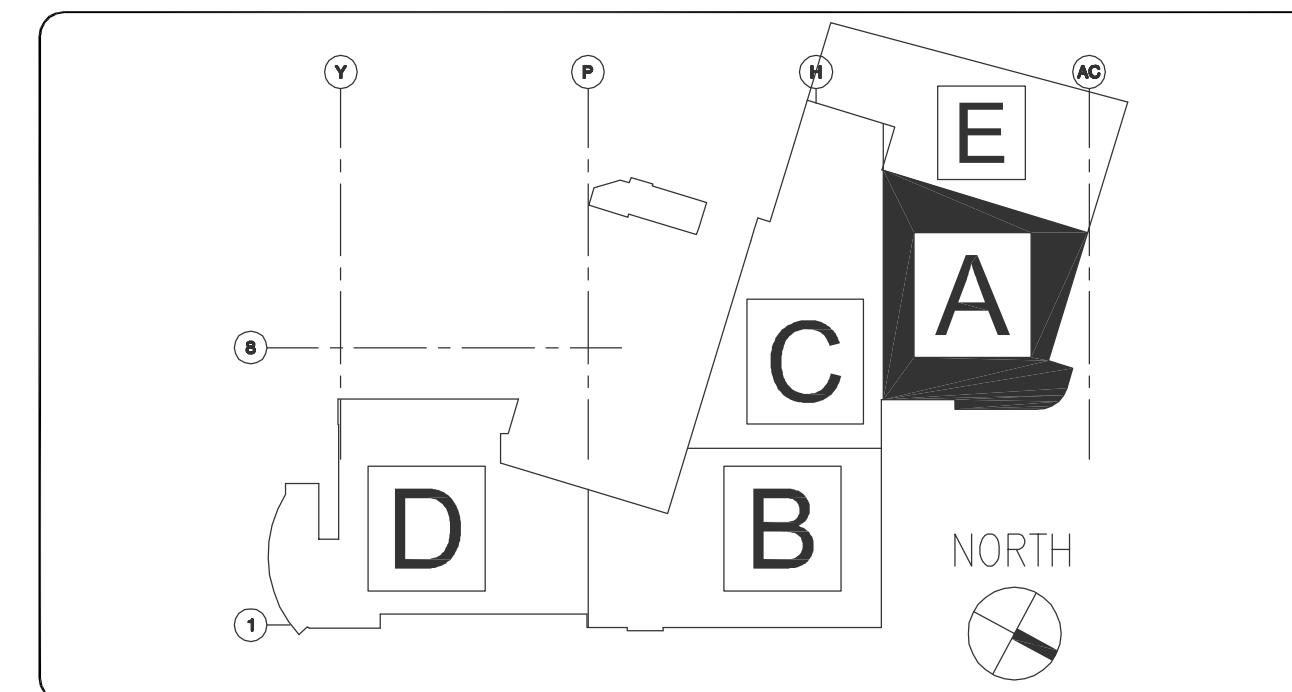




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LEVEL I FLOOR PLAN - AREA 'A'  
SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"



KEY PLAN  
SCALE: NONE

- SHEET NOTES:**
- 1 ALL NEW CONDUITS TO BE 3/4" U.O.N. ALL SPEAKERS TO BE TAPPED AT 1/2" TOV UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
  - 2 N/A
  - 3 FOR POST INDICATOR VALVE (PIV) - VERIFY LOCATION.
  - 4 FOR BACKFLOW PREVENTER (DDCV) - VERIFY LOCATION.

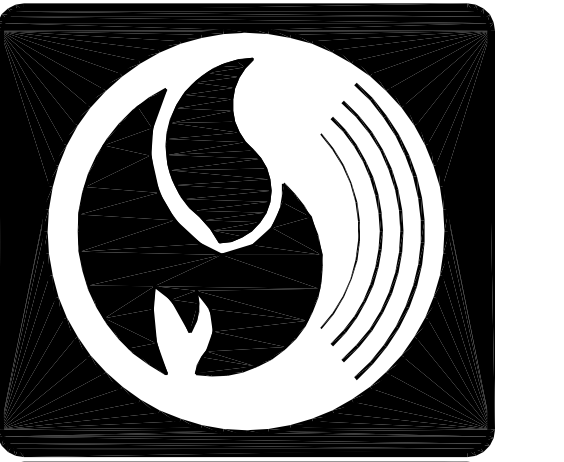
[FACP]	FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL
[RPS]	AUDIO/VISUAL REMOTE POWER SUPPLY
[XP]	FIRE ALARM TRANSPONDER
[ANN]	FIRE ALARM ANNUNCIATOR PANEL
[BATT]	BATTERY BACKBOX CABINET
[M]	FIRE ALARM MONITOR MODULE
[MD]	FIRE ALARM DUAL MONITOR MODULE
[C]	FIRE ALARM CONTROL MODULE
[CR]	FIRE ALARM RELAY MODULE
[R]	24VDC RELAY
[F]	MANUAL PULL STATION
[H]	AREA HEAT DETECTOR
[P]	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (PHOTOELECTRIC)
[P] <sub>DC</sub>	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (FOR DAMPER CONTROL)
[ID]	IN-DUCT SMOKE DETECTOR (PHOTO)
[DD]	AIR HANDLING DUCT SMOKE DET. (PHOTO)
[I]	REMOTE INDICATOR L.E.D.
[XX]	FIRE ALARM CEILING STROBE
[XX] <sub>CANDELA RATING</sub>	FIRE ALARM WALL STROBE
[XX] <sub>CANDELA RATING</sub>	FIRE ALARM CEILING AUDIBLE/STROBE
[XX] <sub>CANDELA RATING</sub>	FIRE ALARM WALL AUDIBLE/STROBE
[SB]	SPRINKLER BELL
[W]	SPRINKLER WATER FLOW - F.B.O.
[T]	SPRINKLER VALVE TAMPER - F.B.O.
[PIV]	SPRINKLER POST INDICATOR - F.B.O.
[J]	FIRE ALARM JUNCTION BOX
[FATC]	FIRE ALARM TERMINAL CABINET
A.F.F.	ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR
EOL	END OF LINE RESISTOR
F.B.O.	FURNISHED BY OTHERS
N/A	NOT APPLICABLE
U.O.N.	UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
VL	VERIFY LOCATION IN FIELD
WP	WEATHERPROOF DEVICE
N	NEW DEVICE
—	COMBINATION FIRE SMOKE DAMPER
○	CONDUIT DOWN
○	CONDUIT UP

SYMBOLS LEGEND	
A	AUDIBLE CIRCUIT
B	ANNUNCIATOR POWER
D	ANNUNCIATOR DATA
F	INITIATION CIRCUIT
H	DOOR HOLDER POWER
P	24V POWER
R	24V RESET. POWER
S	SPEAKER CIRCUIT
V	AUD/VISUAL CIRCUIT
W	FAN SHUTDOWN CIRCUIT
Z	ADDRESSABLE LOOP
FN	FIBER NETWORK
PREFIX "M"	MC CABLE
PREFIX "C"	CI CABLE
SUFFIX "U"	UNDERGROUND/WET LOCATION

WIRE LEGEND	
-------------	--



**Pyro-Comm Systems, Inc.**  
Fire, Life Safety and Security System Design and Installation  
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Signatures

STATE OF CALIFORNIA  
LICENSED ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR

C10-612153  
EXP. 02-28-11

Approvals

NOTE: If this scale is not 1", this sheet is Not To Scale

△	AS BUILTS	3/7/12	JC
△	PER PCC#551	12/06/11	BKR
△	FIRE DEPT. COMMENTS	12/06/11	BKR
△	ENGINEER REVIEW COMMENTS	05/10/10	MAL
△	ISSUED FOR PLAN CHECK	02/29/10	JA
Rev	Issued For	Date	By

Project : **CAL POLY**  
CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY  
SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA 93407  
STUDENT RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION AND REMODEL

W.O. # : **2010035**

Sheet Title : **FIRE ALARM FLOOR PLAN LEVEL 1 - A**

Drawn By : **J. AREVALO**  
02/23/10

Cad File : **MICAL POLY SLO RECREATION CENTER FAT10-REC CTR-1ST-A**

Sheet Number :

**FA1.10**

ASBUILT SET

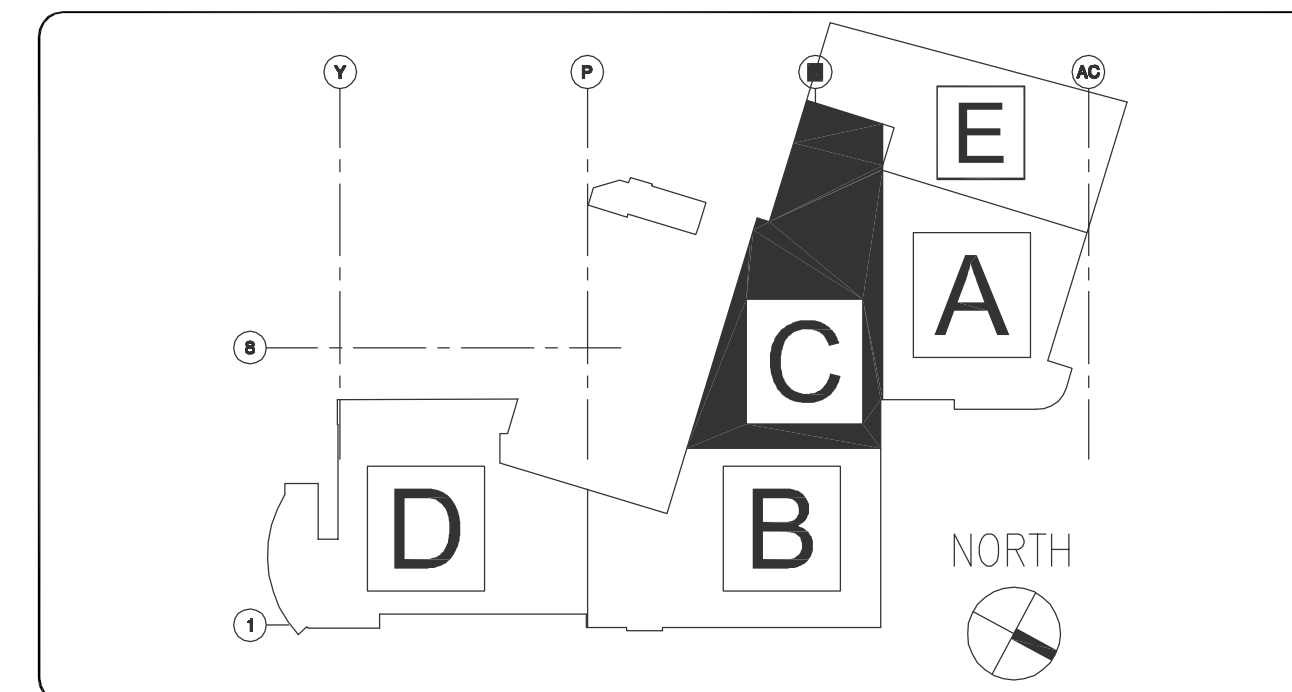
ASBUILT SET



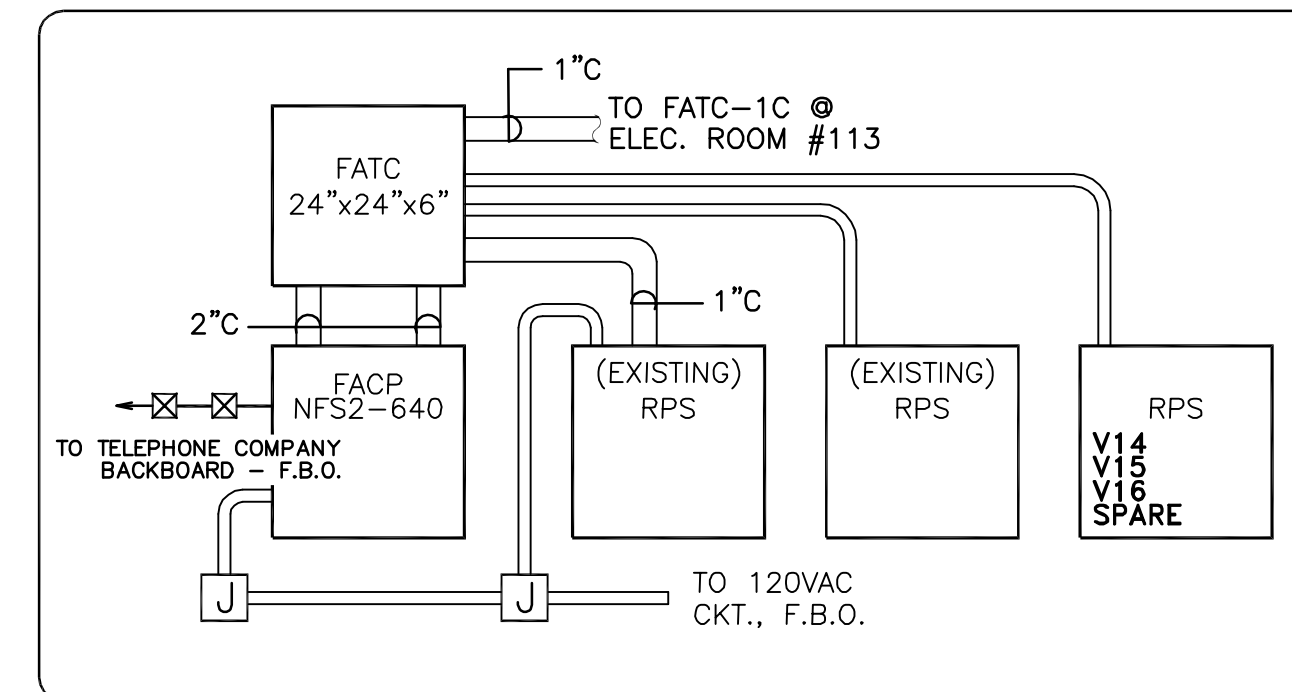
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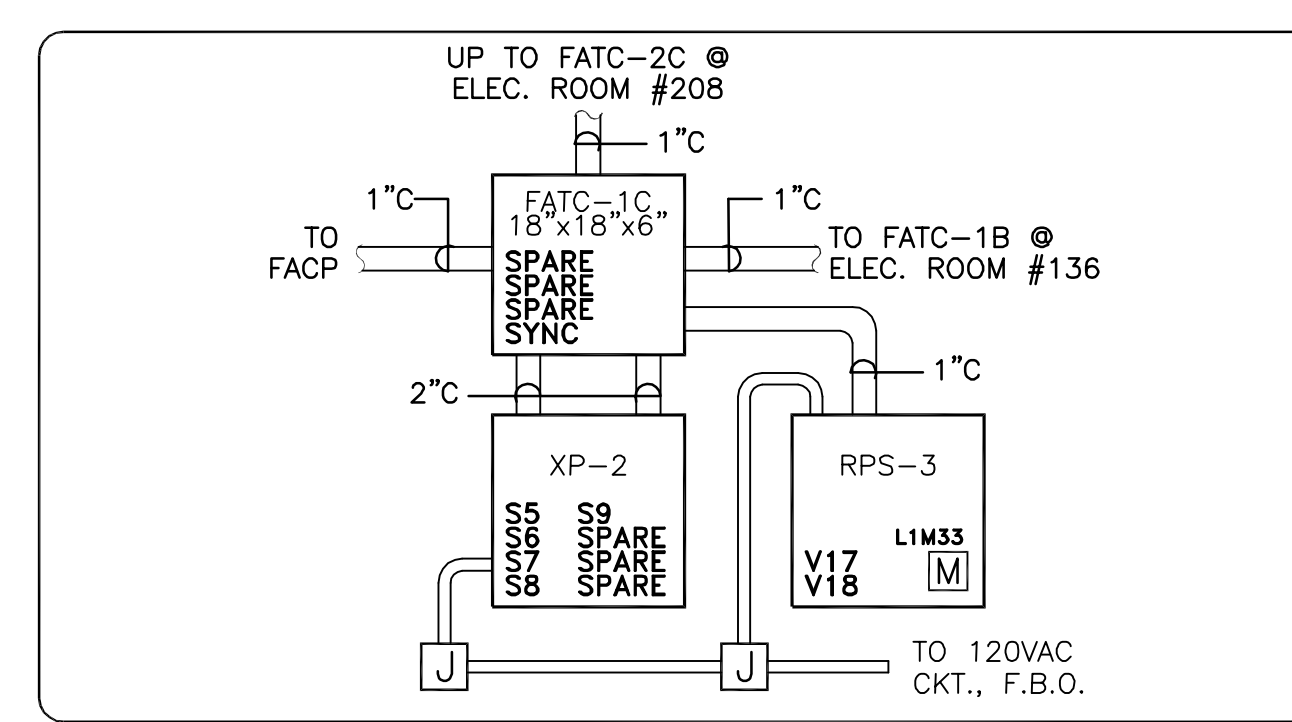
LEVEL I FLOOR PLAN - AREA 'C'  
SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"



KEY PLAN  
SCALE: NONE



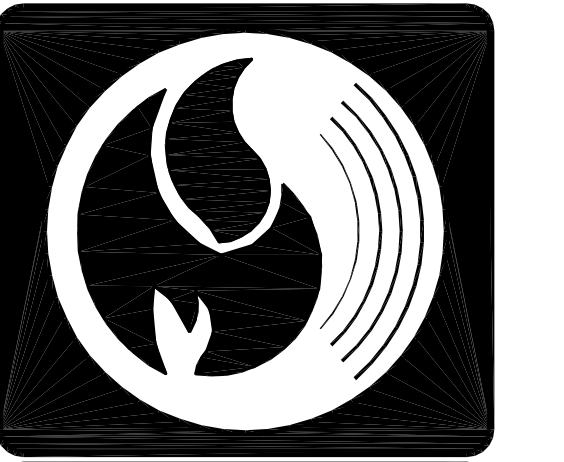
1 FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL DETAIL  
SCALE: NONE



2 ELECTRICAL ROOM #113 DETAIL  
SCALE: NONE

- SHEET NOTES:**
- 1 ALL NEW CONDUITS TO BE 3/4" U.O.N. ALL SPEAKERS TO BE TAPPED AT 1/2W TOV UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
  - 2 FOR ACTUATION OF COMBINATION SMOKE/FIRE DAMPERS.
  - 3 FOR ACTUATION OF GATE CONTROLLER DOOR SWING.
  - 4 FOR PIV AND BACKFLOW PREVENTER TAMPER SWITCHES.
  - 5 MOUNT IN SUPPLY AIR DUCT.
  - 6 TO FAN SHUTDOWN - F.B.O.
  - 7 TO PRIMARY ELEVATOR RECALL
  - 8 TO ALTERNATE ELEVATOR RECALL
  - 9 TO BATTERY SHUNT TRIP
  - 10 TO THE ELEVATOR HAT

[FACP]	FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL
[RPS]	AUDIO/VISUAL REMOTE POWER SUPPLY
[XP]	FIRE ALARM TRANSPONDER
[ANN]	FIRE ALARM ANNUNCIATOR PANEL
[BATT]	BATTERY BACKBOX CABINET
[M]	FIRE ALARM MONITOR MODULE
[MD]	FIRE ALARM DUAL MONITOR MODULE
[C]	FIRE ALARM CONTROL MODULE
[CR]	FIRE ALARM RELAY MODULE
[R]	24VDC RELAY
[F]	MANUAL PULL STATION
[H]	AREA HEAT DETECTOR
[P]	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (PHOTOELECTRIC)
[P <sub>DC</sub> ]	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (FOR DAMPER CONTROL)
[ID]	IN-DUCT SMOKE DETECTOR (PHOTO)
[DD]	AIR HANDLING DUCT SMOKE DET. (PHOTO)
[I]	REMOTE INDICATOR L.E.D.
[XX]	XX DENOTES CANDELA RATING
[XXI]	XXI DENOTES CANDELA RATING
[XXII]	XXII DENOTES CANDELA RATING
[SB]	SPRINKLER BELL
[W]	SPRINKLER WATER FLOW - F.B.O.
[T]	SPRINKLER VALVE TAMPER - F.B.O.
[PIV]	SPRINKLER POST INDICATOR - F.B.O.
[J]	FIRE ALARM JUNCTION BOX
[FATC]	FIRE ALARM TERMINAL CABINET
A.F.F.	ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR
EOL	END OF LINE RESISTOR
F.B.O.	FURNISHED BY OTHERS
N/A	NOT APPLICABLE
U.O.N.	UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
VL	VERIFY LOCATION IN FIELD
WP	WEATHERPROOF DEVICE
N	NEW DEVICE
[Symbol]	COMBINATION FIRE SMOKE DAMPER
[Symbol]	CONDUIT DOWN
[Symbol]	CONDUIT UP
<b>SYMBOLS LEGEND</b>	
A	AUDIBLE CIRCUIT
B	ANNUNCIATOR POWER
D	ANNUNCIATOR DATA
F	INITIATION CIRCUIT
H	DOOR HOLDER POWER
P	24V POWER
R	24V RESET. POWER
S	SPEAKER CIRCUIT
V	AUD/VISUAL CIRCUIT
W	FAN SHUTDOWN CIRCUIT
Z	ADDRESSABLE LOOP
FN	FIBER NETWORK
PREFIX "M"	MC CABLE
PREFIX "C"	CI CABLE
SUFFIX "U"	UNDERGROUND/WET LOCATION
<b>WIRE LEGEND</b>	



**Pyro-Comm Systems, Inc.**  
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SAN DIEGO REGIONAL OFFICE  
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Carlsbad, CA 92008  
T(760)930-6014 F(760)930-6015



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STATE OF CALIFORNIA LICENSED ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR  
C10-612153  
EXP. 02-28-11

Approvals

NOTE: 0' = 1' If this scale is not 1', this sheet is Not To Scale

[Symbol]	AS BUILTS	3/7/12	JC
[Symbol]	PER COMMENTS	12/06/11	BKR
[Symbol]	FIRE DEPT. COMMENTS	12/06/11	BKR
[Symbol]	ENGINEER REVIEW	05/10/10	MAJ
[Symbol]	ISSUED FOR PLAN CHECK	02/29/10	JA
Rev	Issued For	Date	By

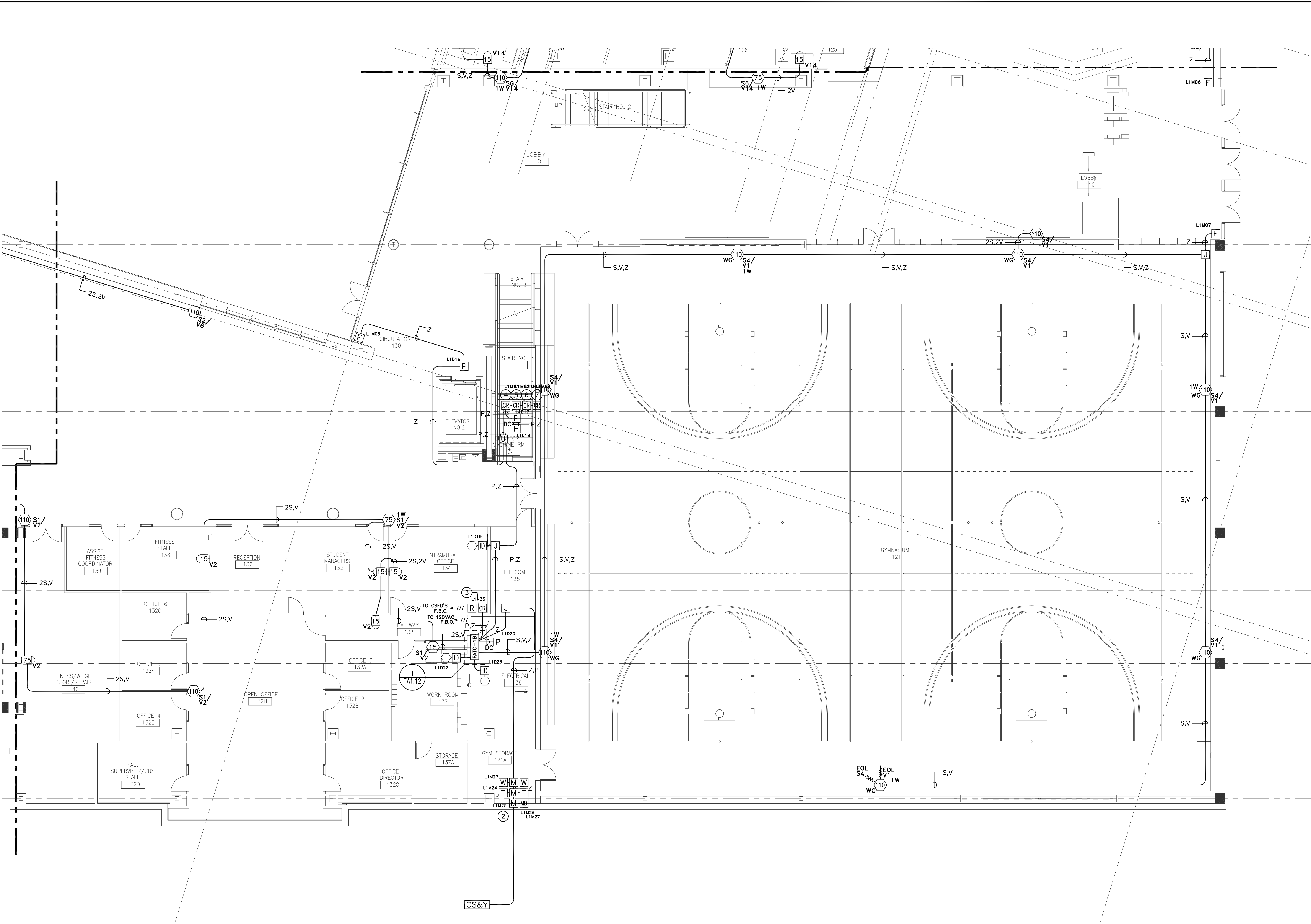
Project:  
**CAL POLY**  
CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY  
SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA 93407  
STUDENT RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION AND REMODEL  
W.O. #: 2010035

Sheet Title:  
**FIRE ALARM FLOOR PLAN LEVEL 1 - 'C'**  
Drawn By:  
**J. AREVALO**  
02/23/10  
Cad File:  
MAGAL POLY SLO RECREATION CENTER FIRE-REC CTR-1ST-C

Sheet Number:  
**FA1.11**  
ASBULT SET

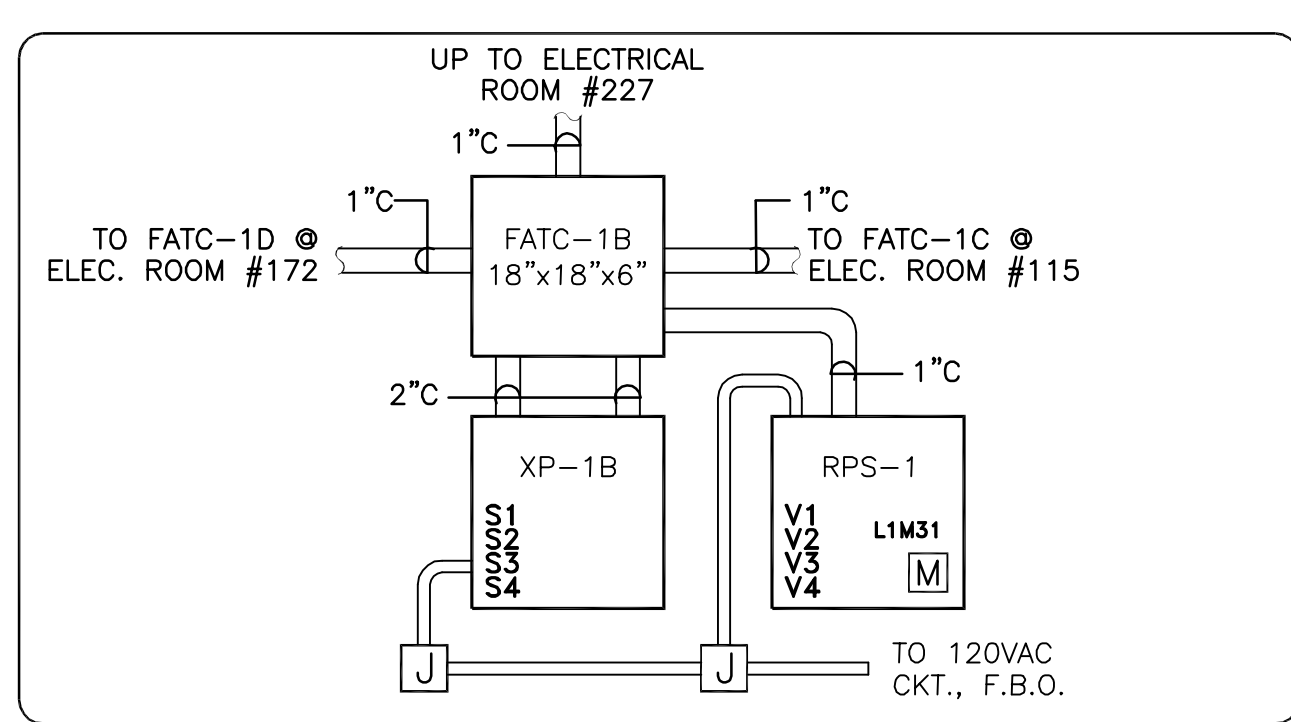


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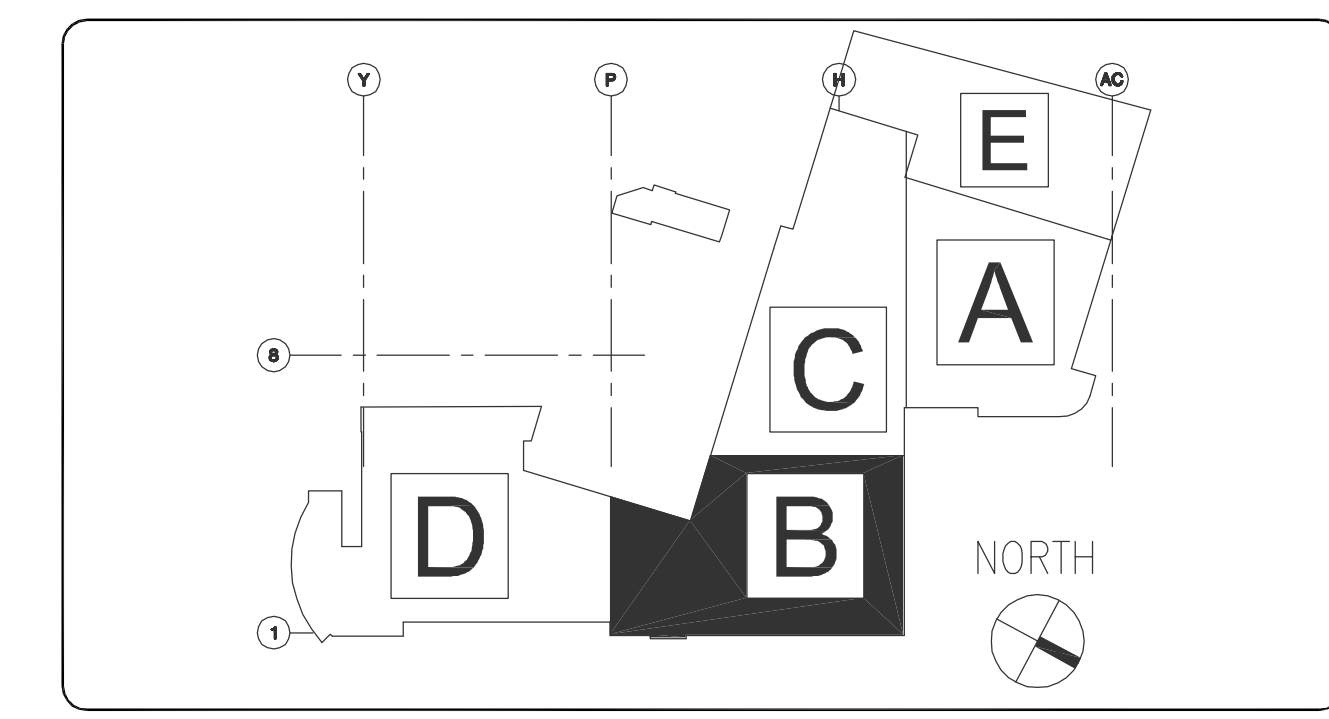


- SHEET NOTES:**
- 1 ALL NEW CONDUITS TO BE 3/4" U.O.N. ALL SPEAKERS TO BE TAPPED AT 1/2W 25V UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
  - 2 BUILDING FIRE SPRINKLER RISER.
  - 3 FOR ACTUATION OF SMOKE FIRE DAMPERS.
  - 4 TO PRIMARY ELEVATOR RECALL
  - 5 TO ALTERNATE ELEVATOR RECALL
  - 6 TO BATTERY SHUNT TRIP
  - 7 TO ELEVATOR HAT

**LEVEL I FLOOR PLAN - AREA 'B'**  
SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"



**ELECTRICAL ROOM #136 DETAIL**  
SCALE: NONE



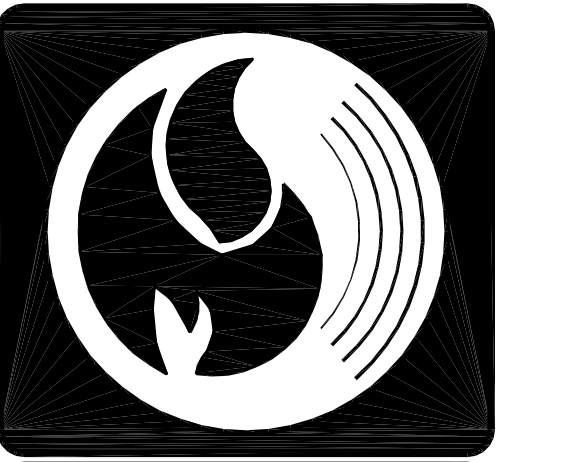
**KEY PLAN**  
SCALE: NONE

[FACP]	FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL
[RPS]	AUDIO/VISUAL REMOTE POWER SUPPLY
[XP]	FIRE ALARM TRANSPONDER
[ANN]	FIRE ALARM ANNUNCIATOR PANEL
[BATT]	BATTERY BACKBOX CABINET
[M]	FIRE ALARM MONITOR MODULE
[MD]	FIRE ALARM DUAL MONITOR MODULE
[C]	FIRE ALARM CONTROL MODULE
[CR]	FIRE ALARM RELAY MODULE
[R]	24VDC RELAY
[F]	MANUAL PULL STATION
[H]	AREA HEAT DETECTOR
[P]	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (PHOTOELECTRIC)
[P <sub>DC</sub> ]	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (FOR DAMPER CONTROL)
[ID]	IN-DUCT SMOKE DETECTOR (PHOTO)
[DD]	AIR HANDLING DUCT SMOKE DET. (PHOTO)
[I]	REMOTE INDICATOR L.E.D.
[XX]	FIRE ALARM CEILING STROBE
[XX]	FIRE ALARM WALL STROBE
[XX]	FIRE ALARM CEILING AUDIBLE/STROBE
[XX]	FIRE ALARM WALL AUDIBLE/STROBE
[SB]	SPRINKLER BELL
[W]	SPRINKLER WATER FLOW - F.B.O.
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N	NEW DEVICE
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○	CONDUIT DOWN
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**SYMBOLS LEGEND**

A	AUDIBLE CIRCUIT
B	ANNUNCIATOR POWER
D	ANNUNCIATOR DATA
F	INITIATION CIRCUIT
H	DOOR HOLDER POWER
P	24V POWER
R	24V RESET. POWER
S	SPEAKER CIRCUIT
V	AUD/VISUAL CIRCUIT
W	FAN SHUTDOWN CIRCUIT
Z	ADDRESSABLE LOOP
FN	FIBER NETWORK
PREFIX "M"	MC CABLE
PREFIX "C"	CI CABLE
SUFFIX "U"	UNDERGROUND/WET LOCATION

**WIRE LEGEND**



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△	FIRE DEPT. COMMENTS	12/06/11	BKR
△	ENGINEER REVIEW	05/10/10	MAL
△	ISSUED FOR PLAN CHECK	02/29/10	JA

Rev Issued For Date By

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**CAL POLY**  
CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY  
SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA 93407  
STUDENT RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION AND REMODEL

W.O. #: **2010035**

Sheet Title:

**FIRE ALARM FLOOR PLAN LEVEL 1 - 'B'**

Drawn By: **J. AREVALO**  
02/23/10

Cad File: **MICAL POLY SLO RECREATION CENTER FAT12-REC CTR-1B-B**

Sheet Number:

**FA.12**

ASBULT SET

ASBULT SET

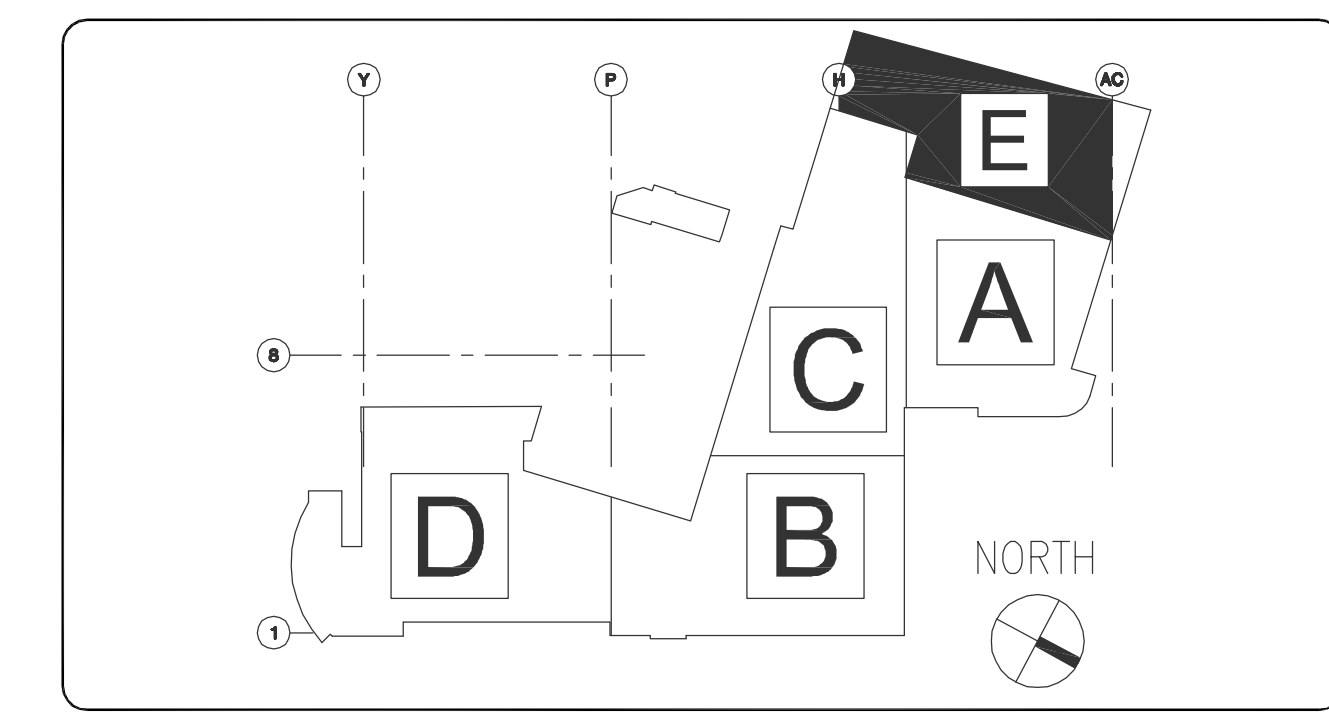
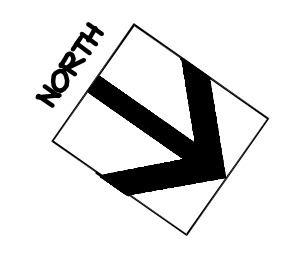




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**LEVEL 1 FLOOR PLAN - AREA 'E'**  
SCALE: 1/16"=1'-0"



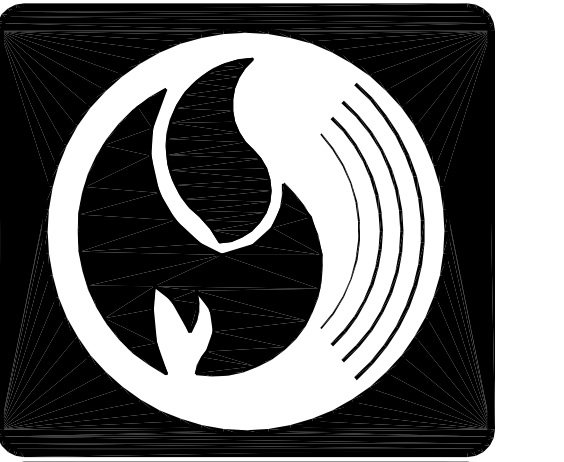
**KEY PLAN**  
SCALE: NONE

[FACP]	FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL
[RPS]	AUDIO/VISUAL REMOTE POWER SUPPLY
[XP]	FIRE ALARM TRANSPONDER
[ANN]	FIRE ALARM ANNUNCIATOR PANEL
[BATT]	BATTERY BACKBOX CABINET
[M]	FIRE ALARM MONITOR MODULE
[MD]	FIRE ALARM DUAL MONITOR MODULE
[C]	FIRE ALARM CONTROL MODULE
[CR]	FIRE ALARM RELAY MODULE
[R]	24VDC RELAY
[F]	MANUAL PULL STATION
[H]	AREA HEAT DETECTOR
[P]	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (PHOTOELECTRIC)
[P <sub>DC</sub> ]	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (FOR DAMPER CONTROL)
[ID]	IN-DUCT SMOKE DETECTOR (PHOTO)
[DD]	AIR HANDLING DUCT SMOKE DET. (PHOTO)
[I]	REMOTE INDICATOR L.E.D.
[XX]	FIRE ALARM CEILING STROBE
[XX]	FIRE ALARM WALL STROBE
[XX]	FIRE ALARM CEILING AUDIBLE/STROBE
[XX]	FIRE ALARM WALL AUDIBLE/STROBE
[SB]	SPRINKLER BELL
[W]	SPRINKLER WATER FLOW - F.B.O.
[T]	SPRINKLER VALVE TAMPER - F.B.O.
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F.B.O.	FURNISHED BY OTHERS
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U.O.N.	UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
VL	VERIFY LOCATION IN FIELD
WP	WEATHERPROOF DEVICE
N	NEW DEVICE
—	COMBINATION FIRE SMOKE DAMPER
○	CONDUIT DOWN
○	CONDUIT UP

**SYMBOLS LEGEND**

A AUDIBLE CIRCUIT  
 B ANNUNCIATOR POWER  
 D ANNUNCIATOR DATA  
 F INITIATION CIRCUIT  
 H DOOR HOLDER POWER  
 P 24V POWER  
 R 24V RESET. POWER  
 S SPEAKER CIRCUIT  
 V AUD/VISUAL CIRCUIT  
 W FAN SHUTDOWN CIRCUIT  
 Z ADDRESSABLE LOOP  
 FN FIBER NETWORK  
 PREFIX "M" - MC CABLE  
 PREFIX "C" - CI CABLE  
 SUFFIX "U" - UNDERGROUND/WET LOCATION

**WIRE LEGEND**



**Pyro-Comm Systems, Inc.**  
 Fire, Life Safety and Security System Design and Installation  
 C-10 #612153 ACO 3231

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 EXP. 02-28-11

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NOTE: 0' = 1" If this scale is not 1", this sheet is Not To Scale

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△	PER COMMENTS	12/06/11	BKR
△	FIRE DEPT. COMMENTS	12/06/11	BKR
△	ENGINEER REVIEW COMMENTS	05/10/10	MAL
△	ISSUED FOR PLAN CHECK	02/29/10	JA

Rev Issued For Date By

Project : **CAL POLY**  
 CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY  
 SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA 93407  
 STUDENT RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION AND REMODEL

W.O. # : **2010035**

Sheet Title : **FIRE ALARM FLOOR PLAN LEVEL 1 - E**

Drawn By : **J. AREVALO**  
 02/23/10

Cad File : **MICAL POLY SLO RECREATION CENTER FA14-REC CTR-1ST-E**

Sheet Number :

**FA1.14**

ASBUILT SET

ASBUILT SET

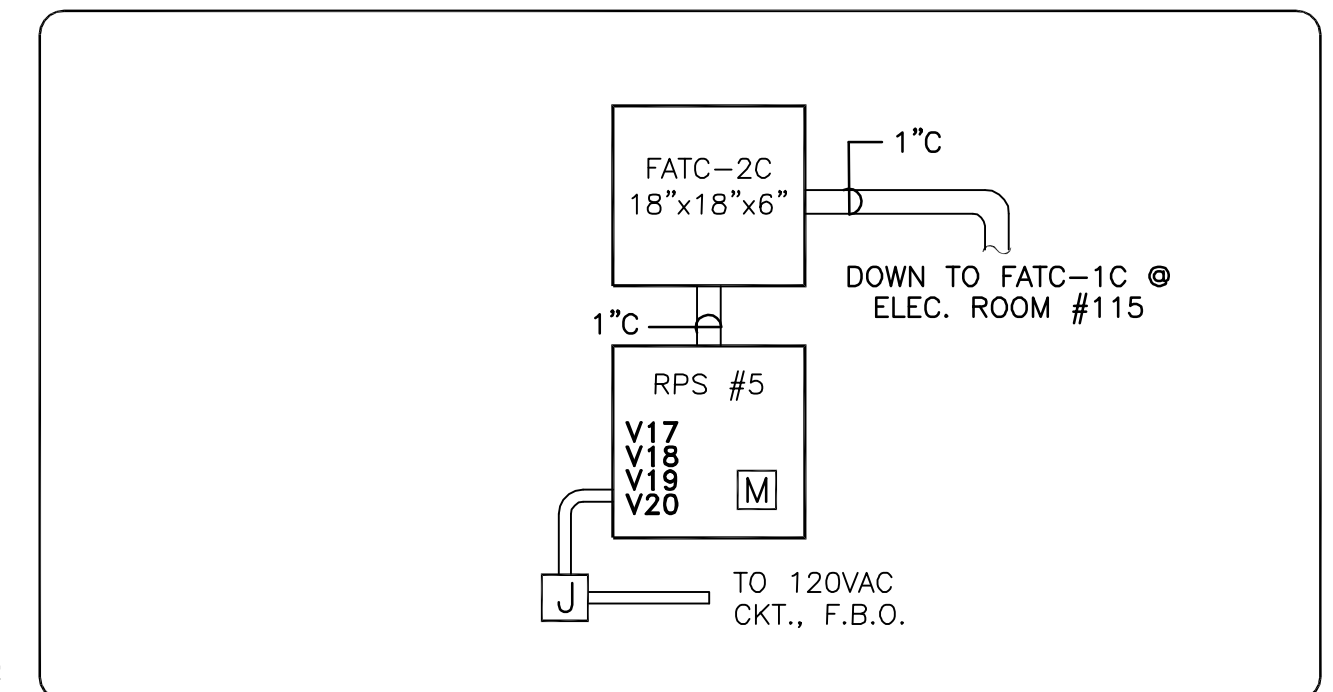




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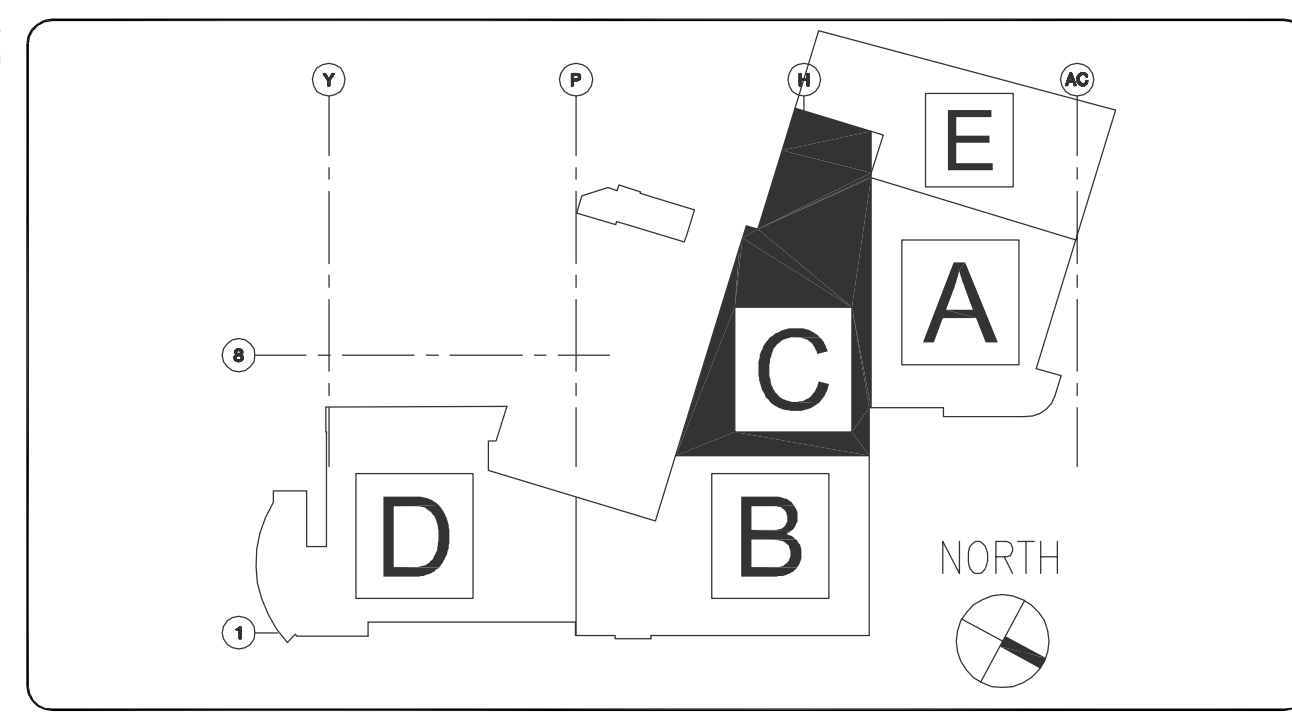


**LEVEL 2 FLOOR PLAN - AREA 'C'**  
SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"



**ELECTRICAL ROOM #206 DETAIL**  
SCALE: NONE

- SHEET NOTES:**
- 1 ALL NEW CONDUITS TO BE 3/4" U.O.N. ALL SPEAKERS TO BE TAPPED AT 1/2W TOV UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
  - 2 FOR ACTUATION OF SMOKE FIRE DAMPERS.
  - 3 FOR SHUTDOWN OF AUDIO/VISUAL IN THIS AREA.



**KEY PLAN**  
SCALE: NONE

[FACP]	FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL
[RPS]	AUDIO/VISUAL REMOTE POWER SUPPLY
[XP]	FIRE ALARM TRANSPONDER
[ANN]	FIRE ALARM ANNUNCIATOR PANEL
[BATT]	BATTERY BACKBOX CABINET
[M]	FIRE ALARM MONITOR MODULE
[MD]	FIRE ALARM DUAL MONITOR MODULE
[C]	FIRE ALARM CONTROL MODULE
[CR]	FIRE ALARM RELAY MODULE
[R]	24VDC RELAY
[F]	MANUAL PULL STATION
[H]	AREA HEAT DETECTOR
[P]	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (PHOTOELECTRIC)
[P <sub>DC</sub> ]	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (FOR DAMPER CONTROL)
[ID]	IN-DUCT SMOKE DETECTOR (PHOTO)
[DD]	AIR HANDLING DUCT SMOKE DET. (PHOTO)
[I]	REMOTE INDICATOR L.E.D.
[XX]	FIRE ALARM CEILING STROBE
[XX]	FIRE ALARM WALL STROBE
[XX]	FIRE ALARM CEILING AUDIBLE/STROBE
[XX]	FIRE ALARM WALL AUDIBLE/STROBE
[SB]	SPRINKLER BELL
[W]	SPRINKLER WATER FLOW - F.B.O.
[T]	SPRINKLER VALVE TAMPER - F.B.O.
[PIV]	SPRINKLER POST INDICATOR - F.B.O.
[J]	FIRE ALARM JUNCTION BOX
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A.F.F.	ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR
EOL	END OF LINE RESISTOR
F.B.O.	FURNISHED BY OTHERS
N/A	NOT APPLICABLE
U.O.N.	UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
VL	VERIFY LOCATION IN FIELD
WP	WEATHERPROOF DEVICE
N	NEW DEVICE
—	COMBINATION FIRE SMOKE DAMPER
○	CONDUIT DOWN
○	CONDUIT UP

**NOTIFIER**  
by Honeywell  
FACTORY AUTHORIZED DISTRIBUTOR  
NESCO Affiliate

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C10-612153  
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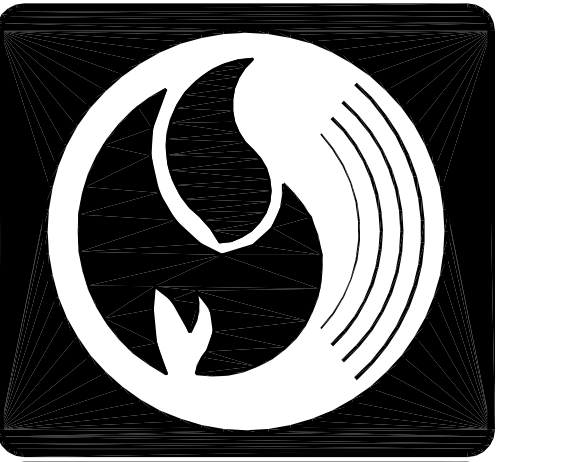
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PER	12/06/11	BKR	
FIRE DEPT.	12/06/11	BKR	
COMMENTS			
ENGINEER REVIEW	05/10/10	MAL	
COMMENTS			
ISSUED FOR	02/29/10	JA	
PLAN CHECK			
Rev	Issued For	Date	By

**SYMBOLS LEGEND**

A	AUDIBLE CIRCUIT
B	ANNUNCIATOR POWER
D	ANNUNCIATOR DATA
F	INITIATION CIRCUIT
H	DOOR HOLDER POWER
P	24V POWER
R	24V RESET. POWER
S	SPEAKER CIRCUIT
V	AUD/VISUAL CIRCUIT
W	FAN SHUTDOWN CIRCUIT
Z	ADDRESSABLE LOOP
FN	FIBER NETWORK
PREFIX "M"	MC CABLE
PREFIX "C"	CI CABLE
SUFFIX "U"	UNDERGROUND/WET LOCATION

**WIRE LEGEND**



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**Project:**  
**CAL POLY**  
CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY  
SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA 93407  
STUDENT RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION AND RENOVATION

**W.O. #:** 2010035

**Sheet Title:**  
**FIRE ALARM FLOOR PLAN LEVEL 2 - 'C'**

**Drawn By:**  
**J. AREVALO**  
02/23/10

**Cad File:**  
MICAL POLY SLO RECREATION CENTER FA121-REC CTR-2ND-C

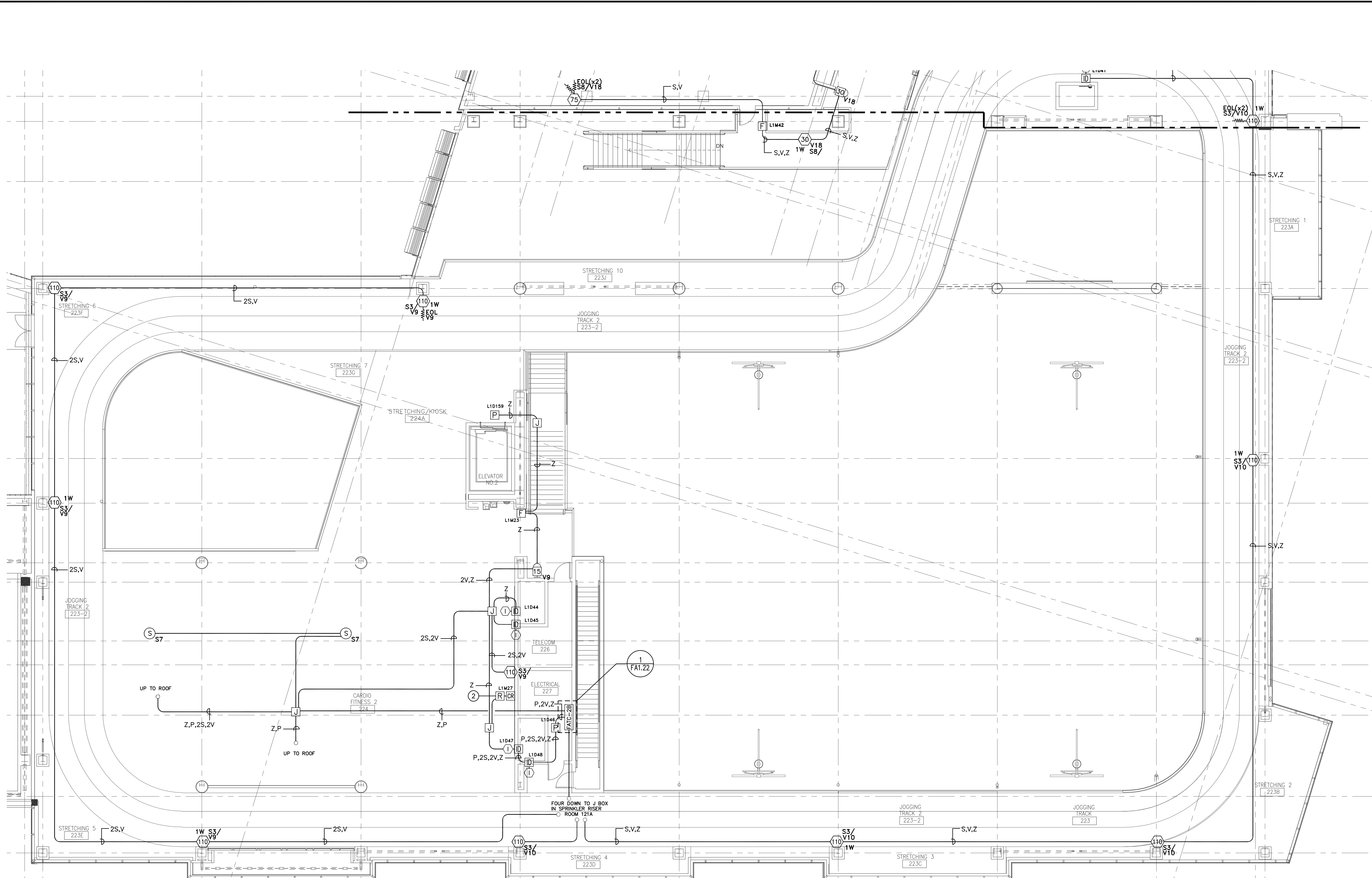
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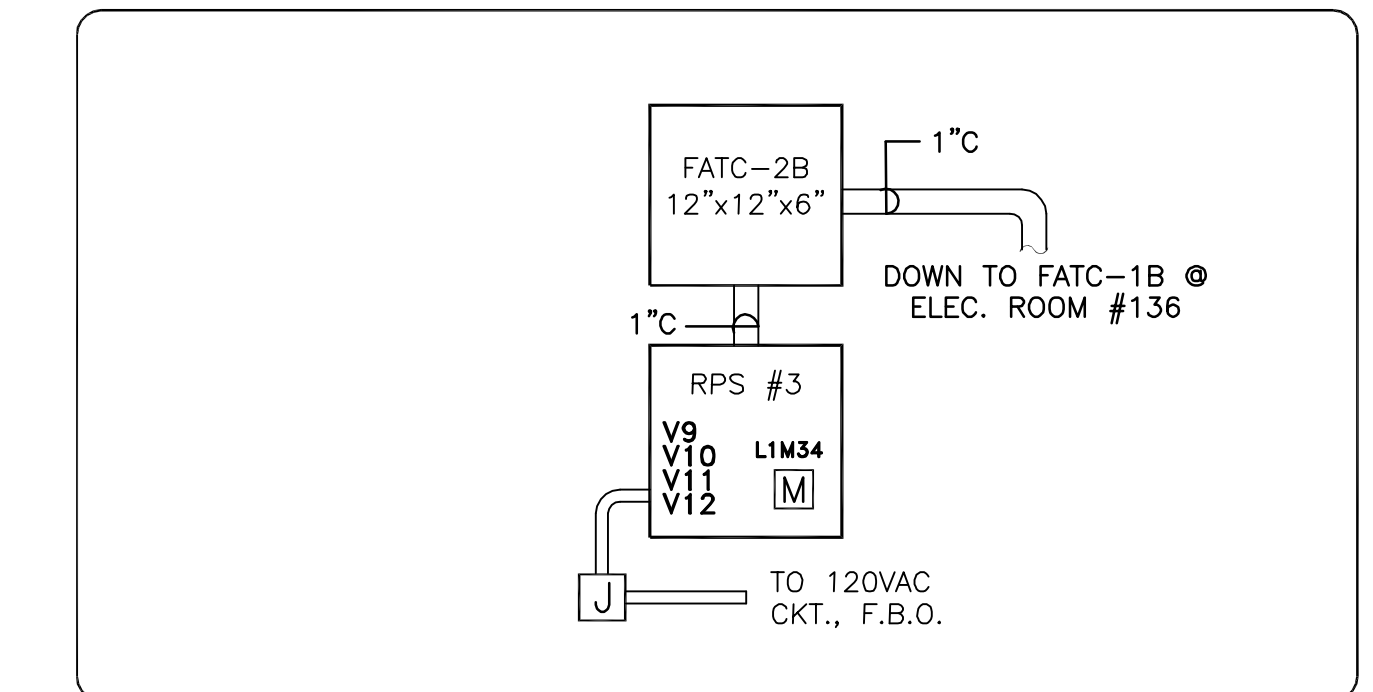
ASBUILT SET

ASBUILT SET

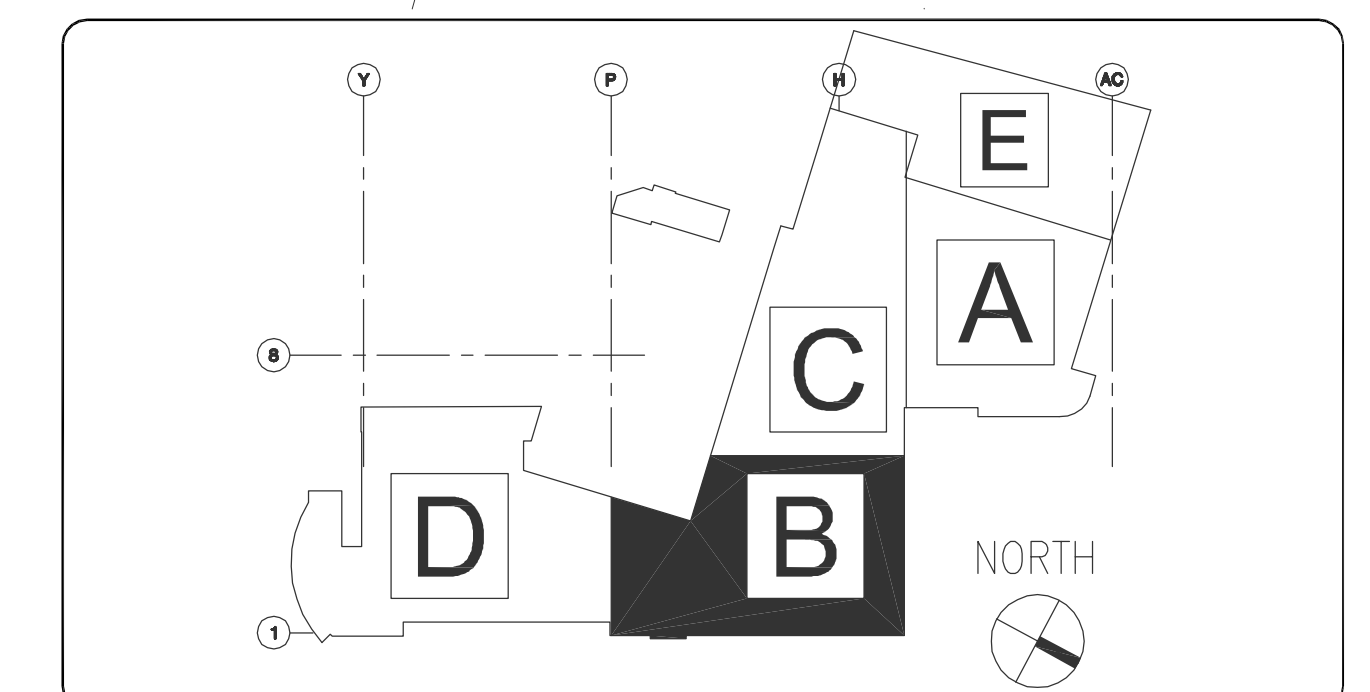
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**LEVEL 2 FLOOR PLAN - AREA 'B'**  
SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"



**1 ELECTRICAL ROOM #227 DETAIL**  
SCALE: NONE



**KEY PLAN**  
SCALE: NONE

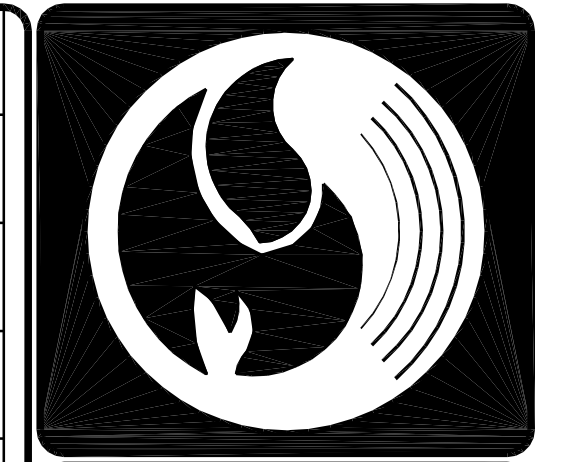
- SHEET NOTES:**
- ALL NEW CONDUITS TO BE 3/4" U.O.N. ALL SPEAKERS TO BE TAPPED AT 1/2W TOV UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
  - FOR ACTUATION OF SMOKE FIRE DAMPERS.

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WP	WEATHERPROOF DEVICE
N	NEW DEVICE
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○	CONDUIT DOWN
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PREFIX "M"	MC CABLE
PREFIX "C"	CI CABLE
SUFFIX "U"	UNDERGROUND/WET LOCATION

**WIRE LEGEND**



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EXP. 02-28-11

**Approvals**

**NOTE:** If this scale is not 1" = 1'-0", this sheet is Not To Scale

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ENGINEER REVIEW COMMENTS	05/10/10	MAL
ISSUED FOR PLAN CHECK	02/29/10	JA

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**Project:**  
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CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY  
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STUDENT RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION AND REMODEL

W.O. #: **2010035**

**Sheet Title:**  
**FIRE ALARM FLOOR PLAN LEVEL 2 - 'B'**

**Drawn By:**  
**J. AREVALO**  
02/23/10

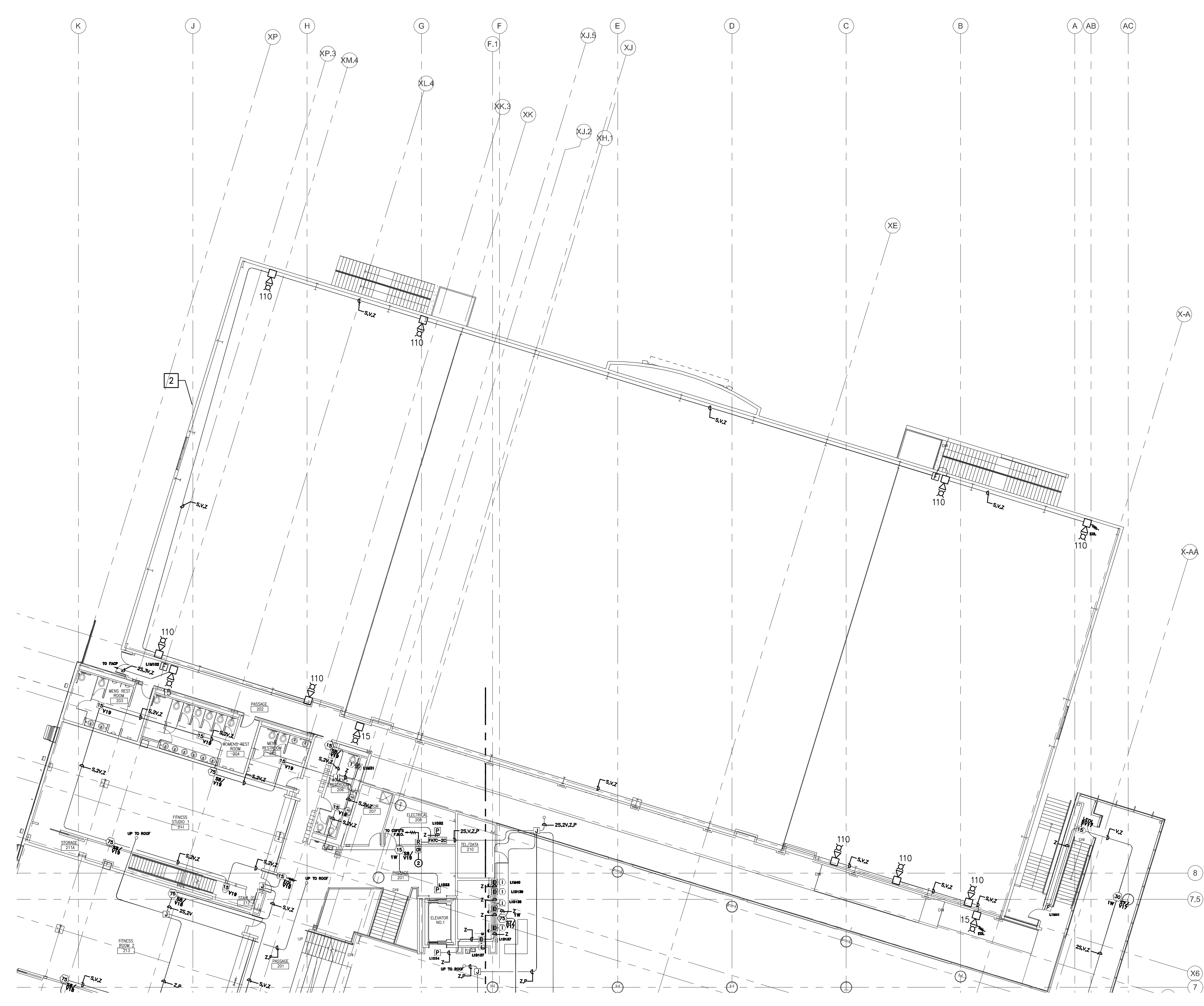
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Sheet Number:  
**FA1.22**

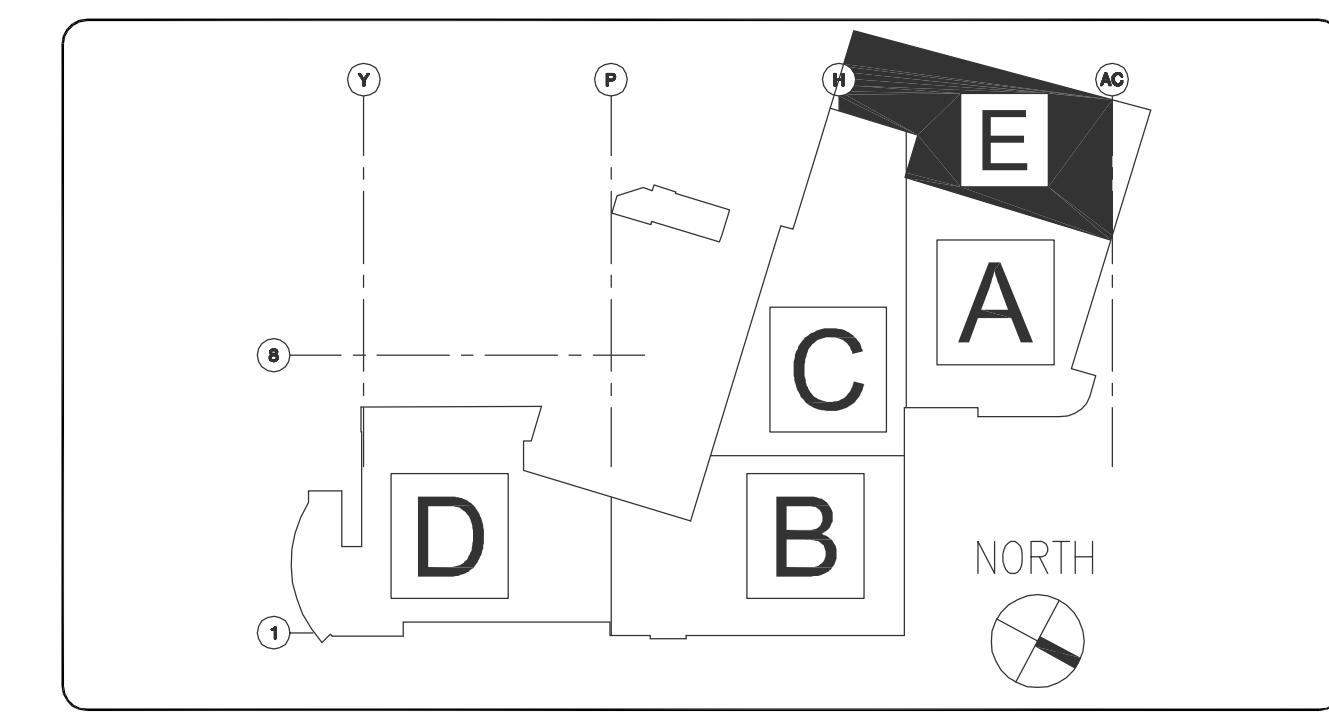
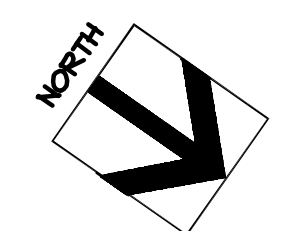
**ASBUILT SET**



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**LEVEL 2 FLOOR PLAN - AREA 'E'**  
SCALE: 1/16"=1'-0"



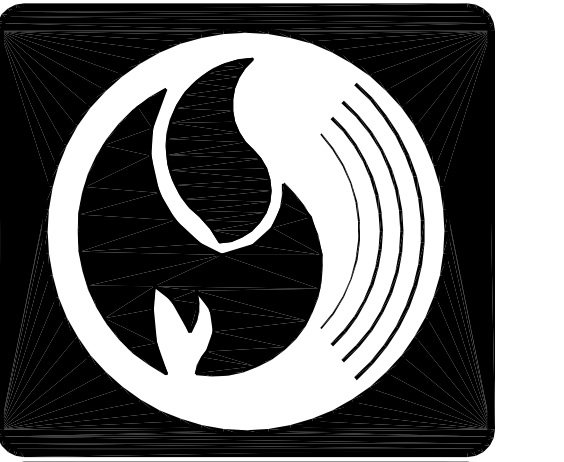
**KEY PLAN**  
SCALE: NONE

[FACP]	FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL
[RPS]	AUDIO/VISUAL REMOTE POWER SUPPLY
[XP]	FIRE ALARM TRANSPONDER
[ANN]	FIRE ALARM ANNUNCIATOR PANEL
[BATT]	BATTERY BACKBOX CABINET
[M]	FIRE ALARM MONITOR MODULE
[MD]	FIRE ALARM DUAL MONITOR MODULE
[C]	FIRE ALARM CONTROL MODULE
[CR]	FIRE ALARM RELAY MODULE
[R]	24VDC RELAY
[F]	MANUAL PULL STATION
[H]	AREA HEAT DETECTOR
[P]	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (PHOTOELECTRIC)
[P <sub>DC</sub> ]	AREA SMOKE DETECTOR (FOR DAMPER CONTROL)
[ID]	IN-DUCT SMOKE DETECTOR (PHOTO)
[DD]	AIR HANDLING DUCT SMOKE DET. (PHOTO)
[I]	REMOTE INDICATOR L.E.D.
[XX]	FIRE ALARM CEILING STROBE
[XX]	FIRE ALARM WALL STROBE
[XX]	FIRE ALARM CEILING AUDIBLE/STROBE
[XX]	FIRE ALARM WALL AUDIBLE/STROBE
[SB]	SPRINKLER BELL
[W]	SPRINKLER WATER FLOW - F.B.O.
[T]	SPRINKLER VALVE TAMPER - F.B.O.
[PIV]	SPRINKLER POST INDICATOR - F.B.O.
[J]	FIRE ALARM JUNCTION BOX
[FATC]	FIRE ALARM TERMINAL CABINET
A.F.F.	ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR
EOL	END OF LINE RESISTOR
F.B.O.	FURNISHED BY OTHERS
N/A	NOT APPLICABLE
U.O.N.	UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
VL	VERIFY LOCATION IN FIELD
WP	WEATHERPROOF DEVICE
N	NEW DEVICE
—	COMBINATION FIRE SMOKE DAMPER
•	CONDUIT DOWN
○	CONDUIT UP

**SYMBOLS LEGEND**

A AUDIBLE CIRCUIT  
 B ANNUNCIATOR POWER  
 D ANNUNCIATOR DATA  
 F INITIATION CIRCUIT  
 H DOOR HOLDER POWER  
 P 24V POWER  
 R 24V RESET. POWER  
 S SPEAKER CIRCUIT  
 V AUD/VISUAL CIRCUIT  
 W FAN SHUTDOWN CIRCUIT  
 Z ADDRESSABLE LOOP  
 FN FIBER NETWORK  
 PREFIX "M" - MC CABLE  
 PREFIX "C" - CI CABLE  
 SUFFIX "U" - UNDERGROUND/WET LOCATION

**WIRE LEGEND**



**Pyro-Comm Systems, Inc.**  
 Fire, Life Safety and Security System Design and Installation  
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Signatures

STATE OF CALIFORNIA  
 LICENSED ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR

C10-612153  
 EXP. 02-28-11

Approvals

NOTE: If this scale is not 1" this sheet is Not To Scale

AS BUILTS	3/7/12	JC
PER COMMENTS	12/06/11	BKR
FIRE DEPT. COMMENTS	12/06/11	BKR
ENGINEER REVIEW COMMENTS	05/10/10	MAL
ISSUED FOR PLAN CHECK	02/29/10	JA

Rev Issued For Date By

Project : **CAL POLY**  
 CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY  
 SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA 93407  
 STUDENT RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION AND REMODEL

W.O. # : **2010035**

Sheet Title : **FIRE ALARM FLOOR PLAN LEVEL 2 - E**

Drawn By : **J. AREVALO**  
 02/23/10

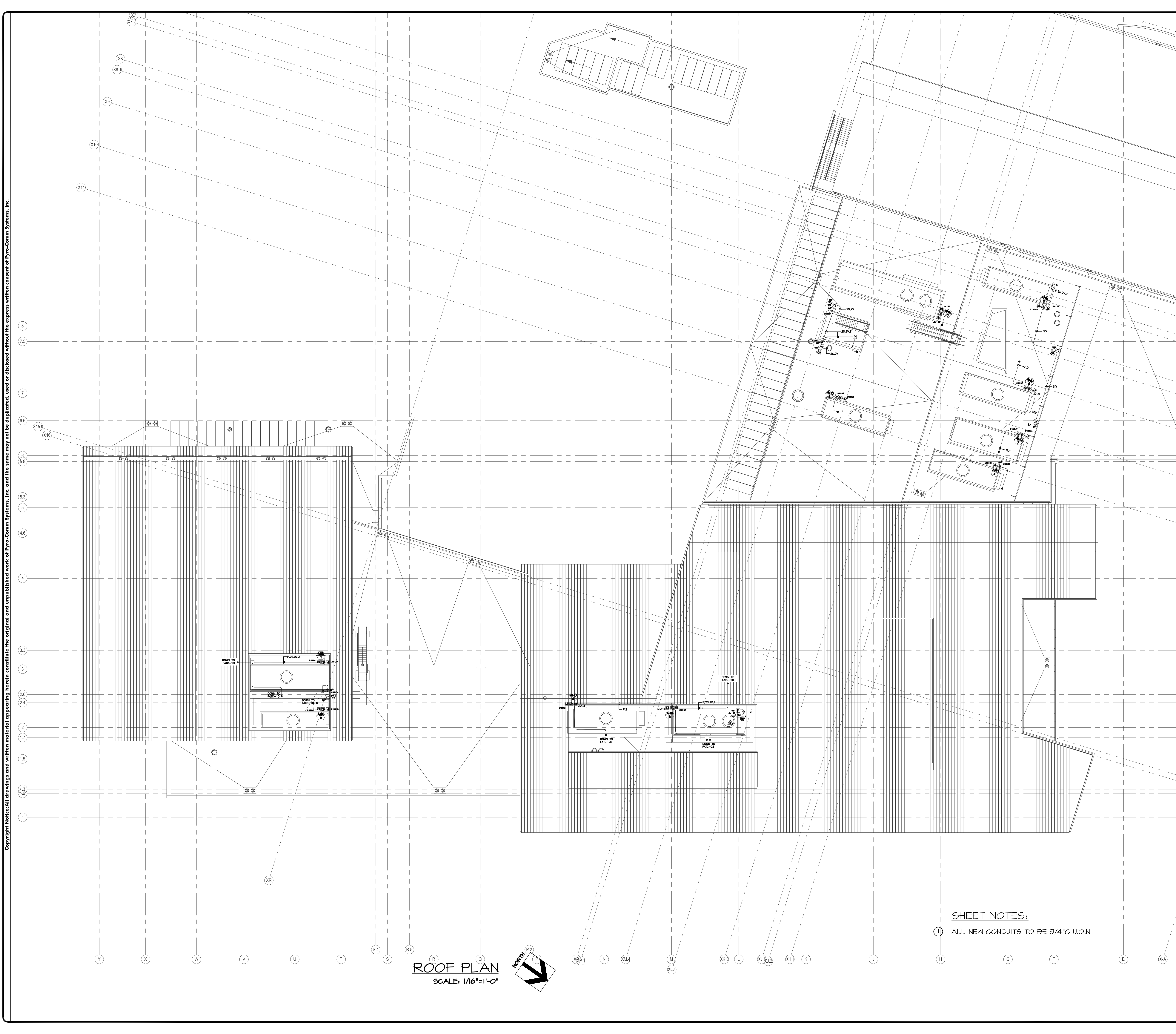
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Sheet Number :

**FA123**

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**ROOF PLAN**  
SCALE: 1/16"=1'-0"

**SHEET NOTES:**

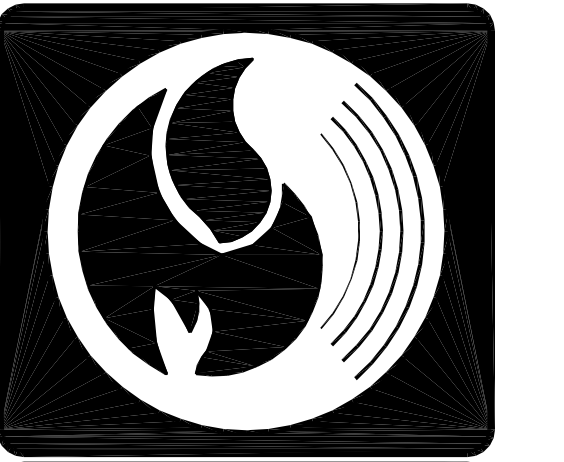
- ① ALL NEW CONDUITS TO BE 3/4" U.O.N

[FACP]	FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL
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[DD]	AIR HANDLING DUCT SMOKE DET. (PHOTO)
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[XX]	FIRE ALARM WALL STROBE
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N/A	NOT APPLICABLE
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VL	VERIFY LOCATION IN FIELD
WP	WEATHERPROOF DEVICE
N	NEW DEVICE
—	COMBINATION FIRE SMOKE DAMPER
○	CONDUIT DOWN
○	CONDUIT UP

**SYMBOLS LEGEND**

A	AUDIBLE CIRCUIT
B	ANNUNCIATOR POWER
D	ANNUNCIATOR DATA
F	INITIATION CIRCUIT
H	DOOR HOLDER POWER
P	24V POWER
R	24V RESET. POWER
S	SPEAKER CIRCUIT
V	AUD/VISUAL CIRCUIT
W	FAN SHUTDOWN CIRCUIT
Z	ADDRESSABLE LOOP
FN	FIBER NETWORK
PREFIX "M"	MC CABLE
PREFIX "C"	CI CABLE
SUFFIX "U"	UNDERGROUND/WET LOCATION

**WIRE LEGEND**



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EXP. 02-28-11

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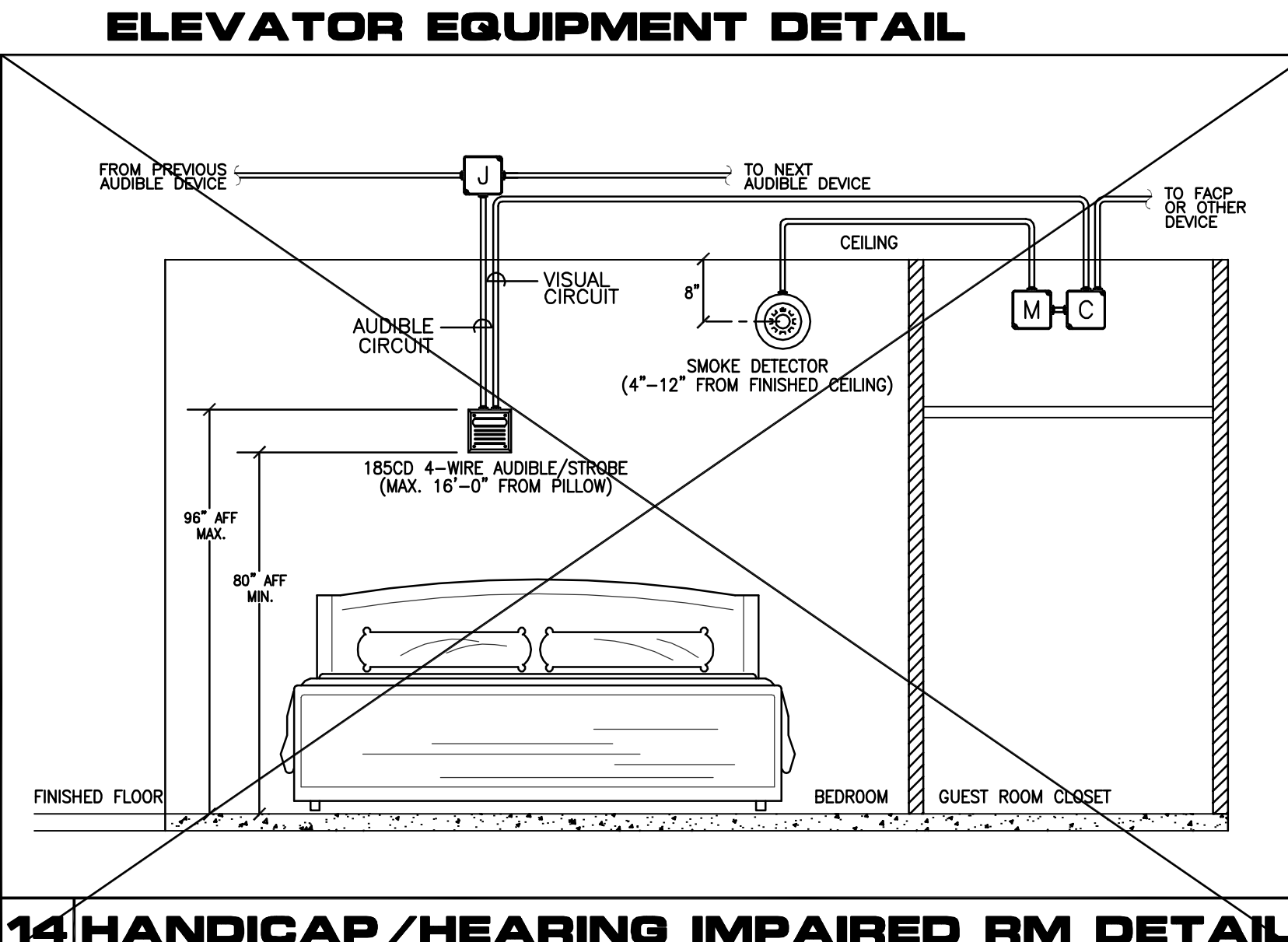
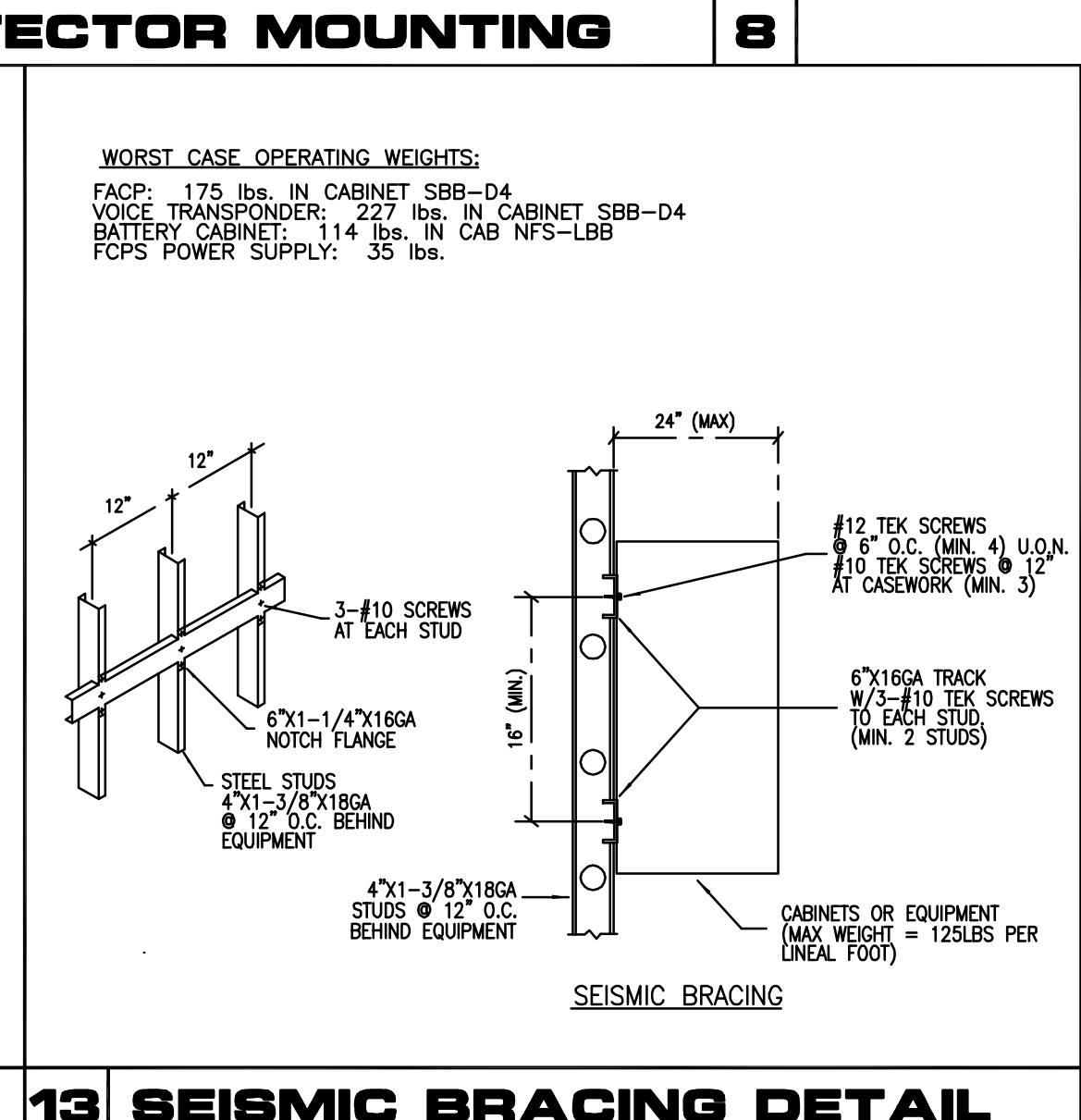
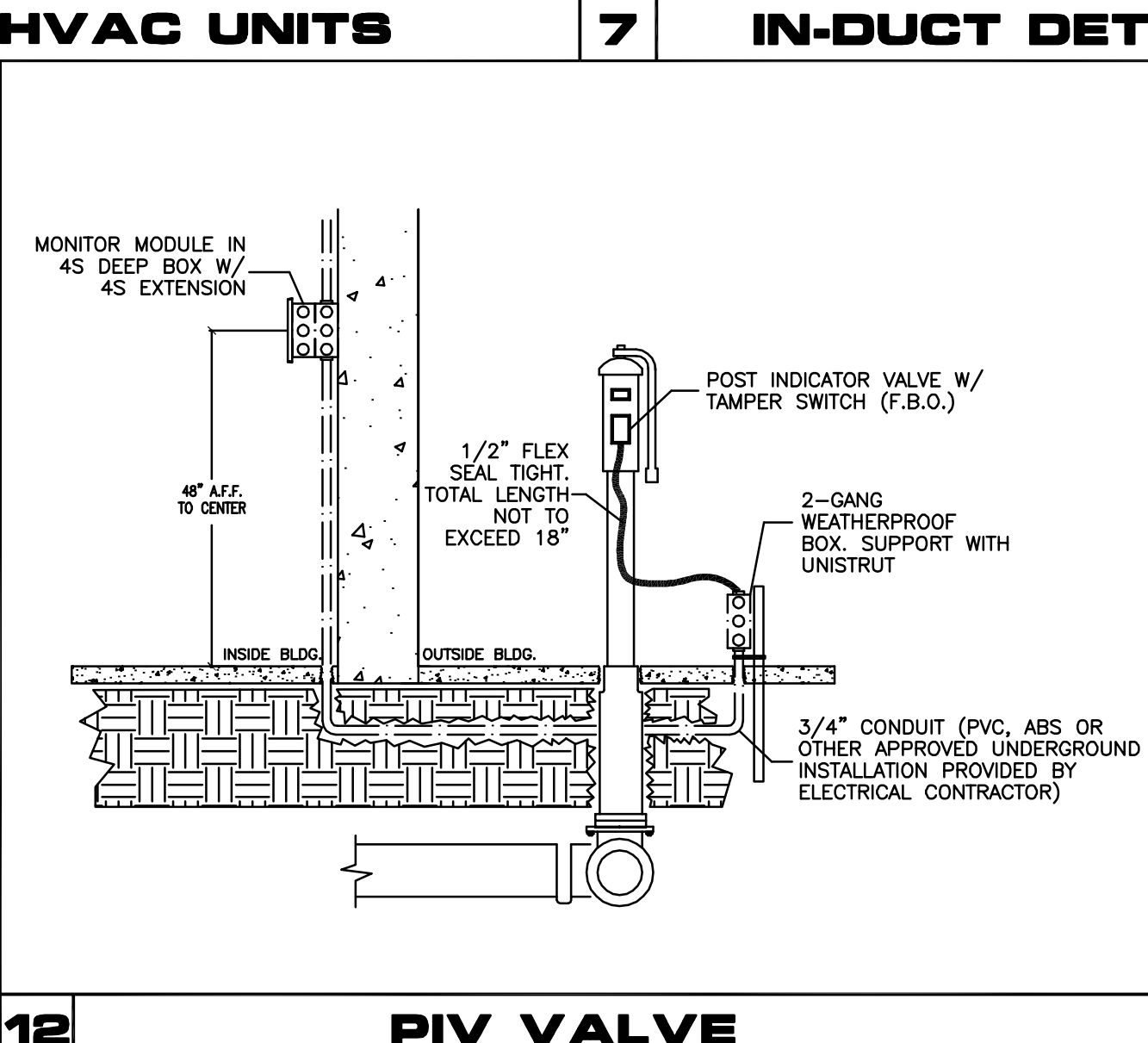
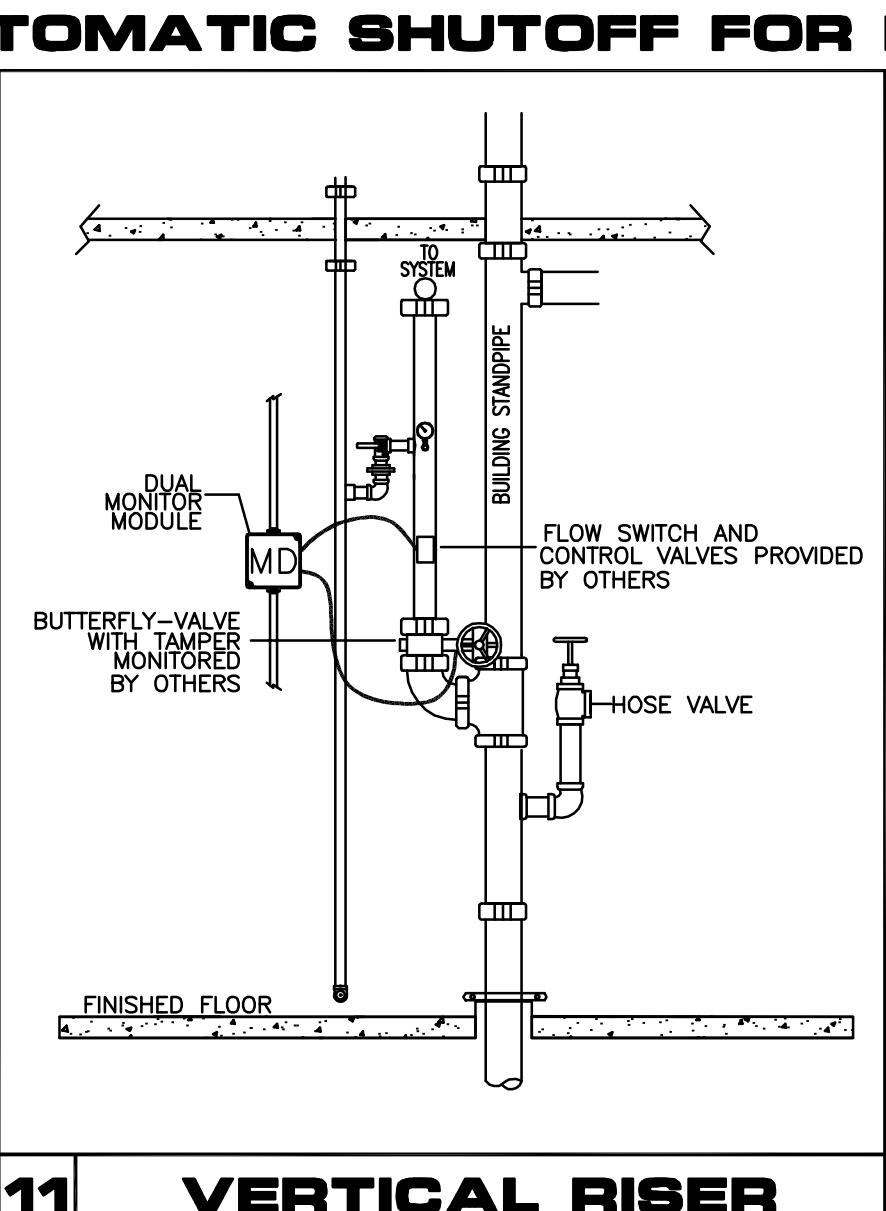
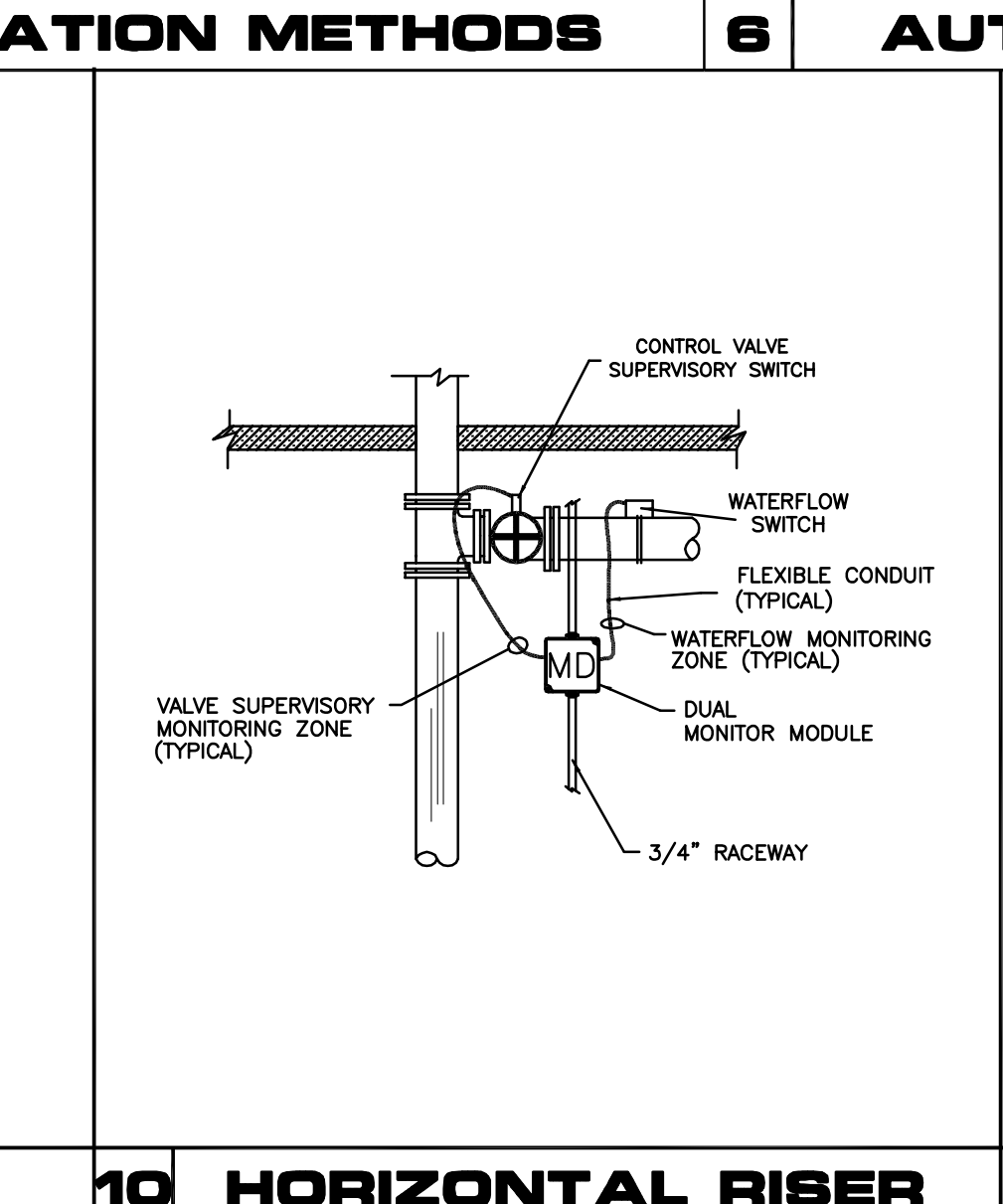
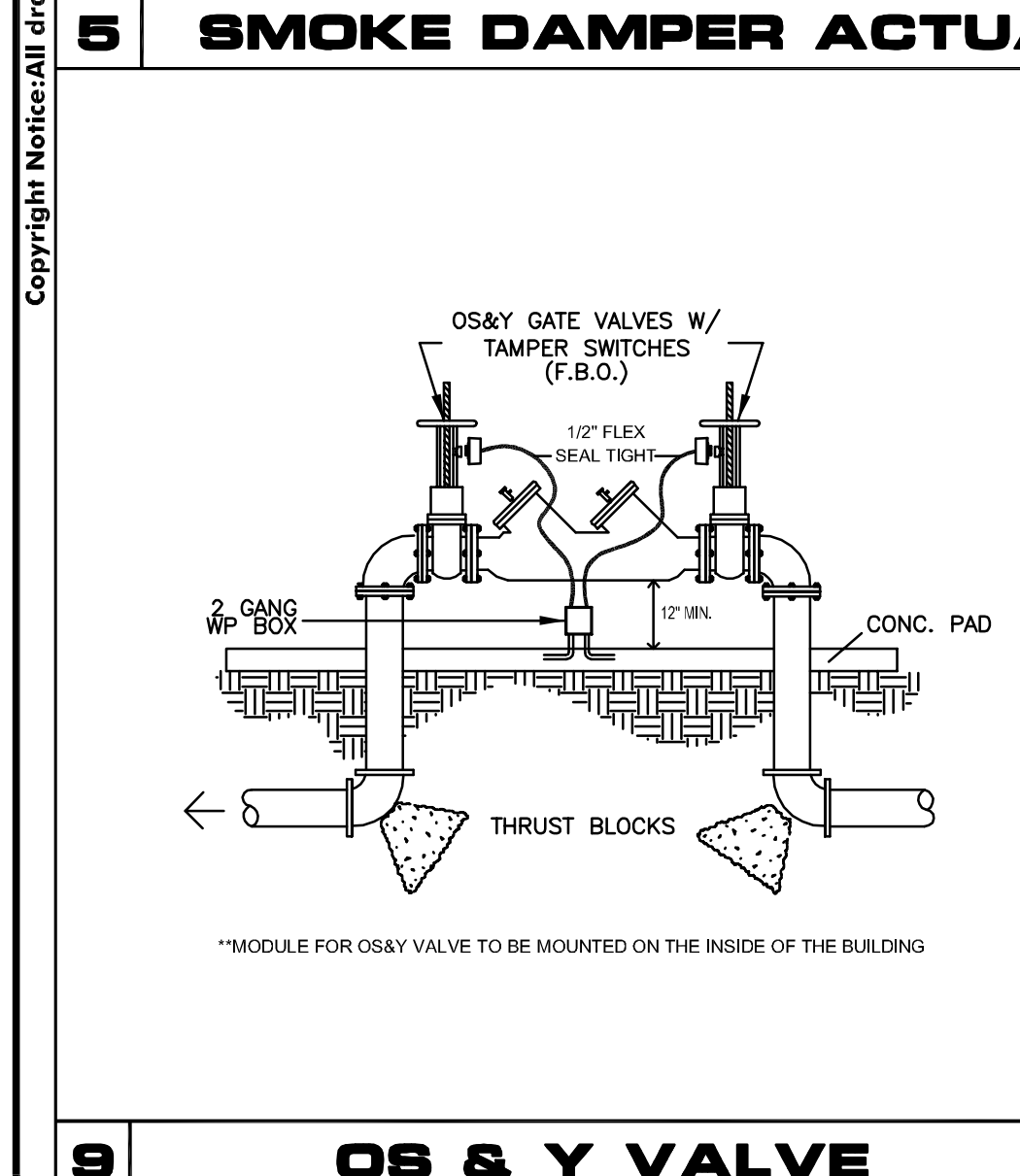
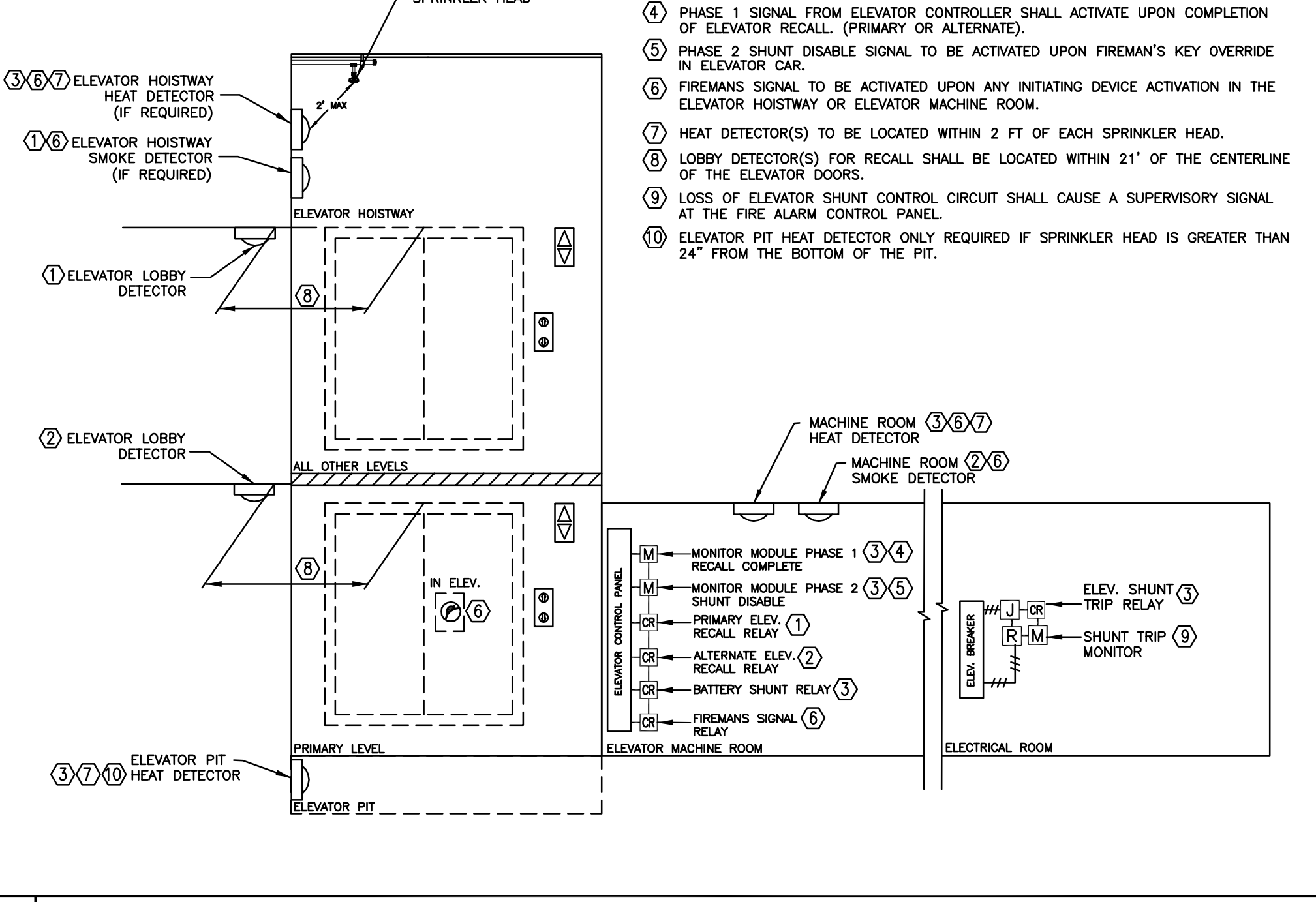
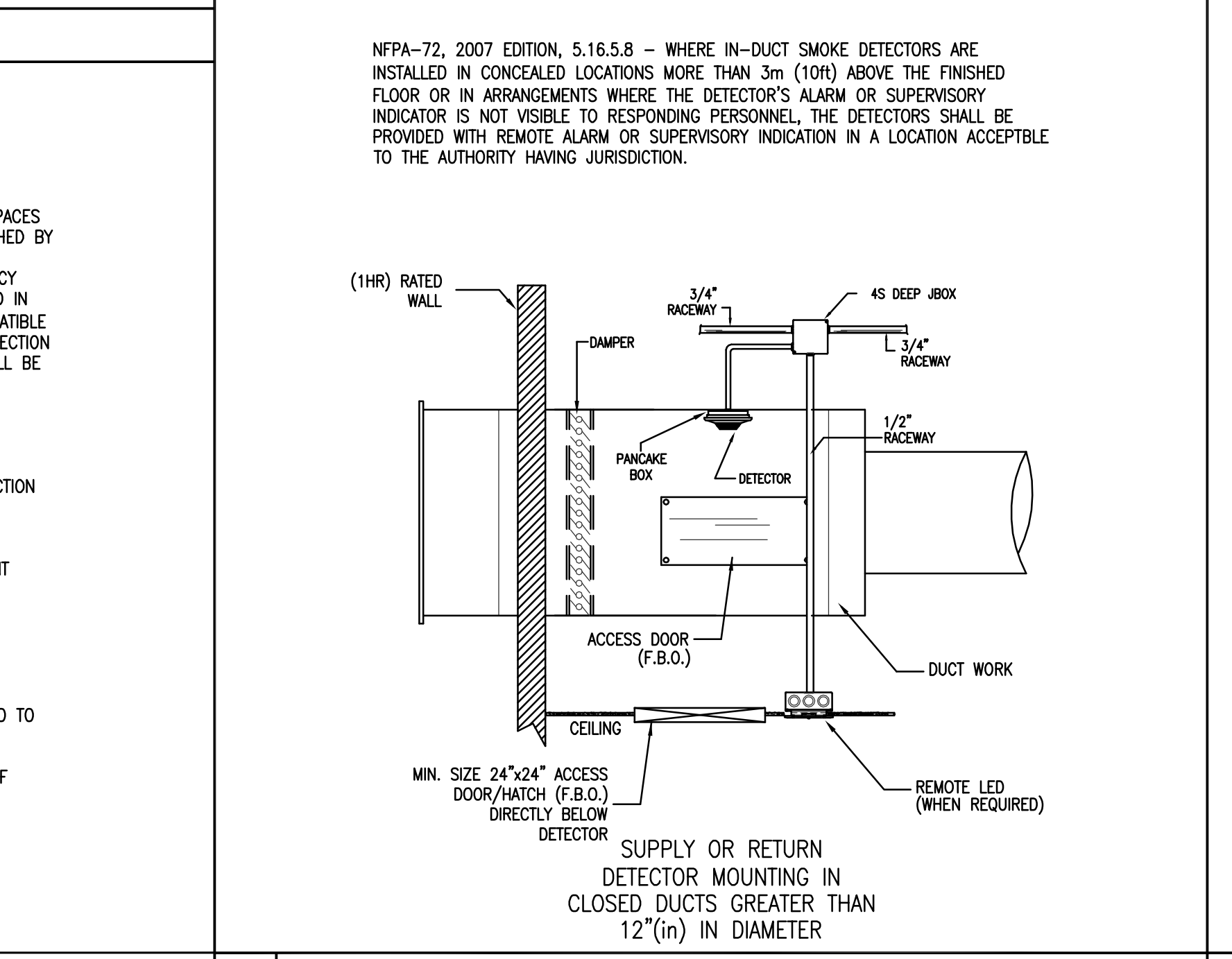
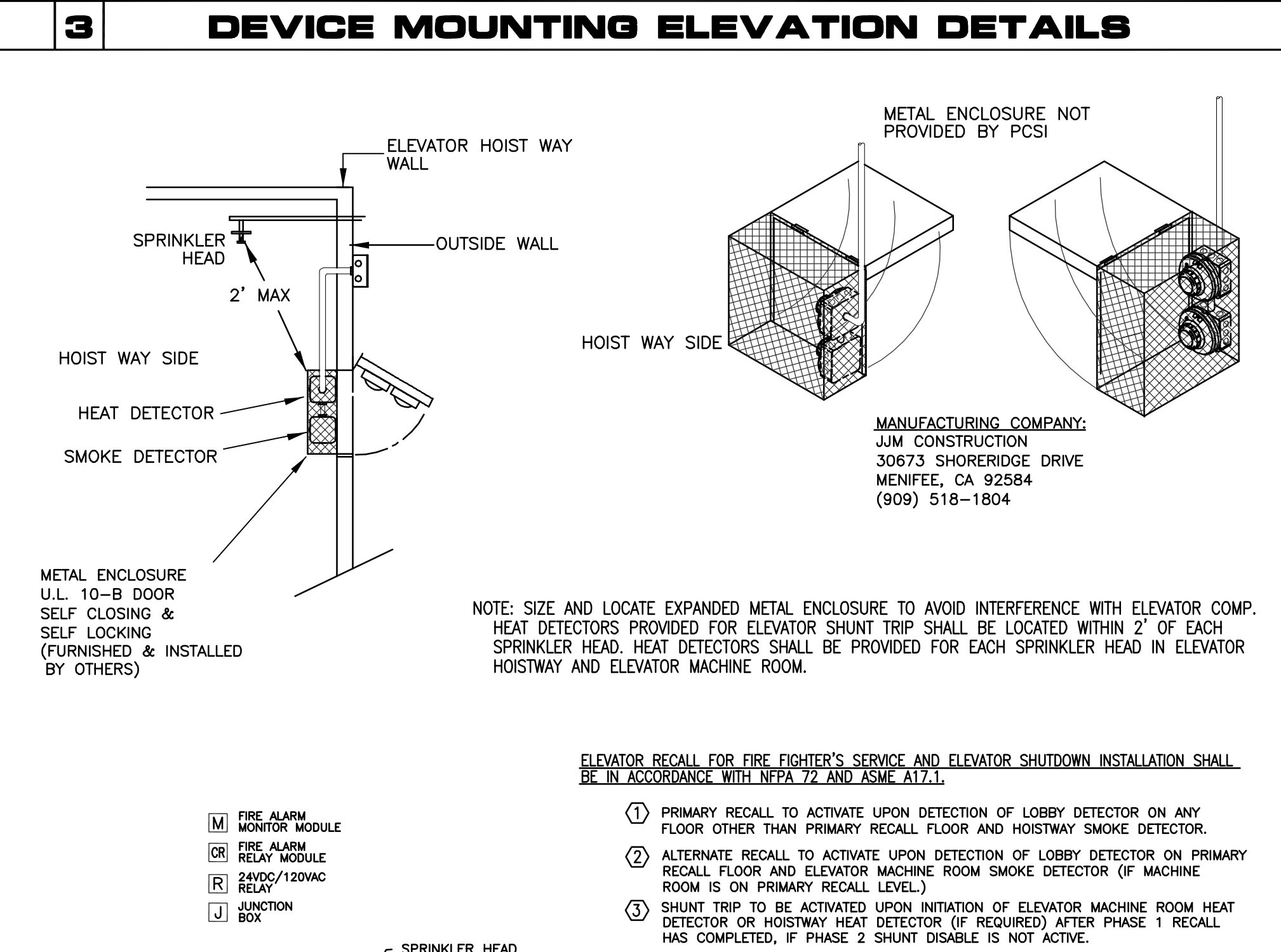
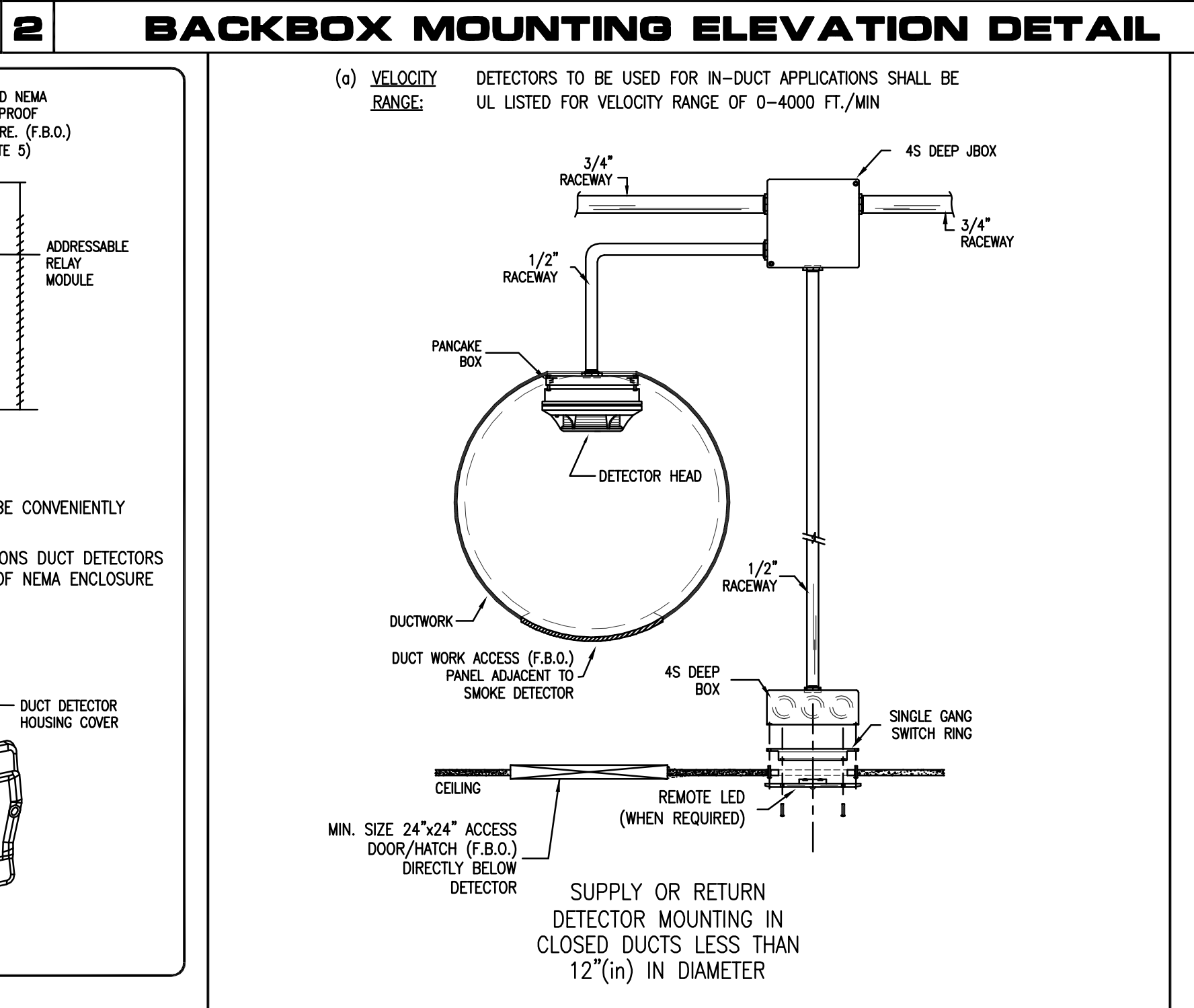
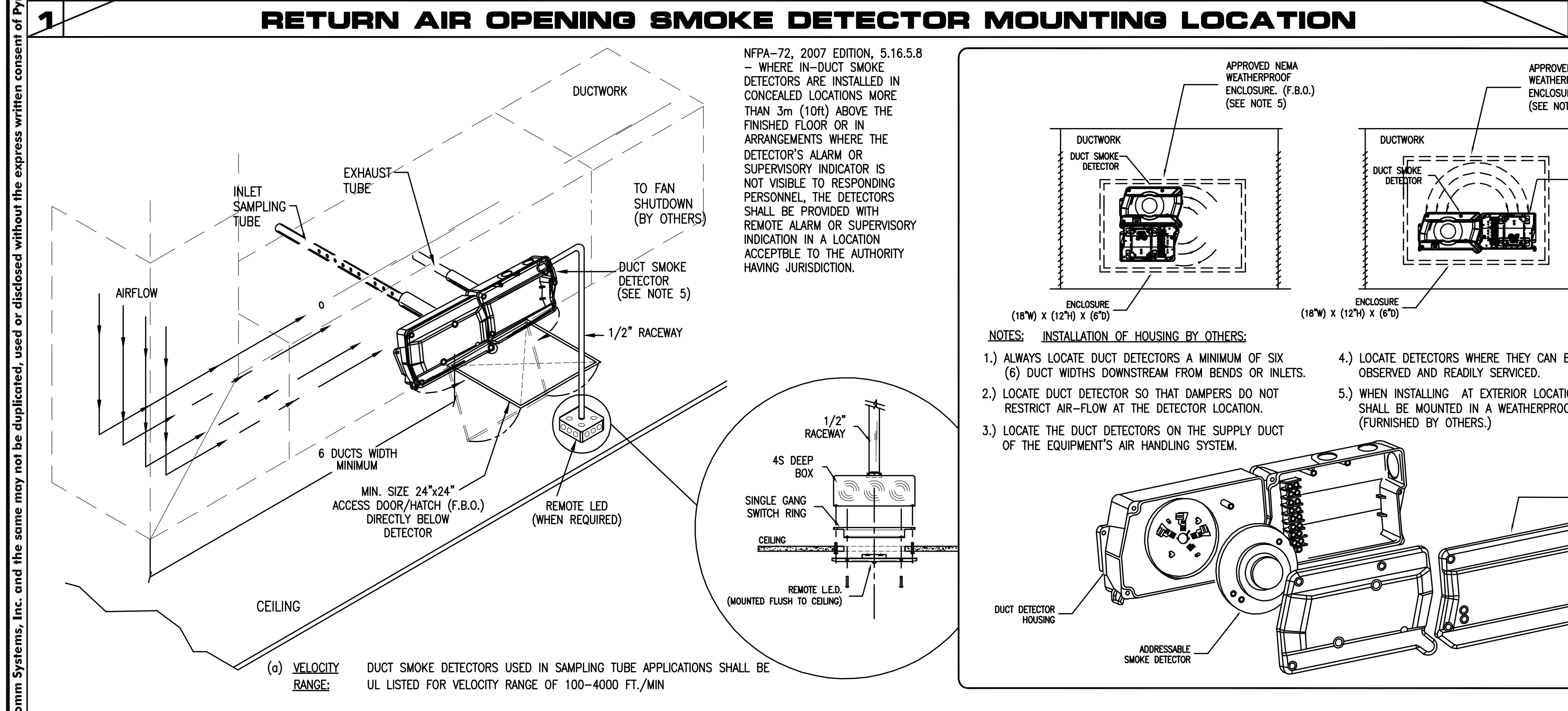
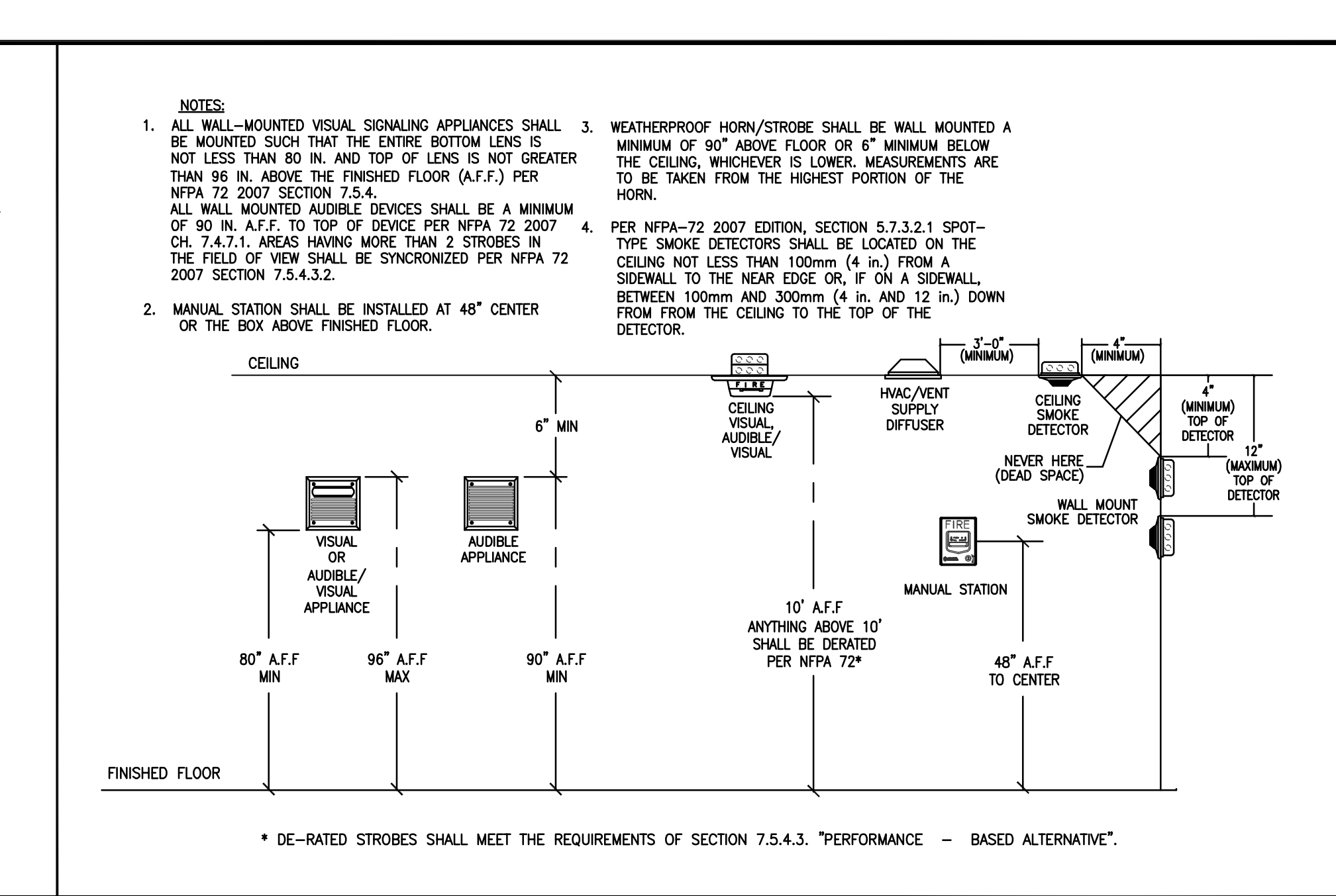
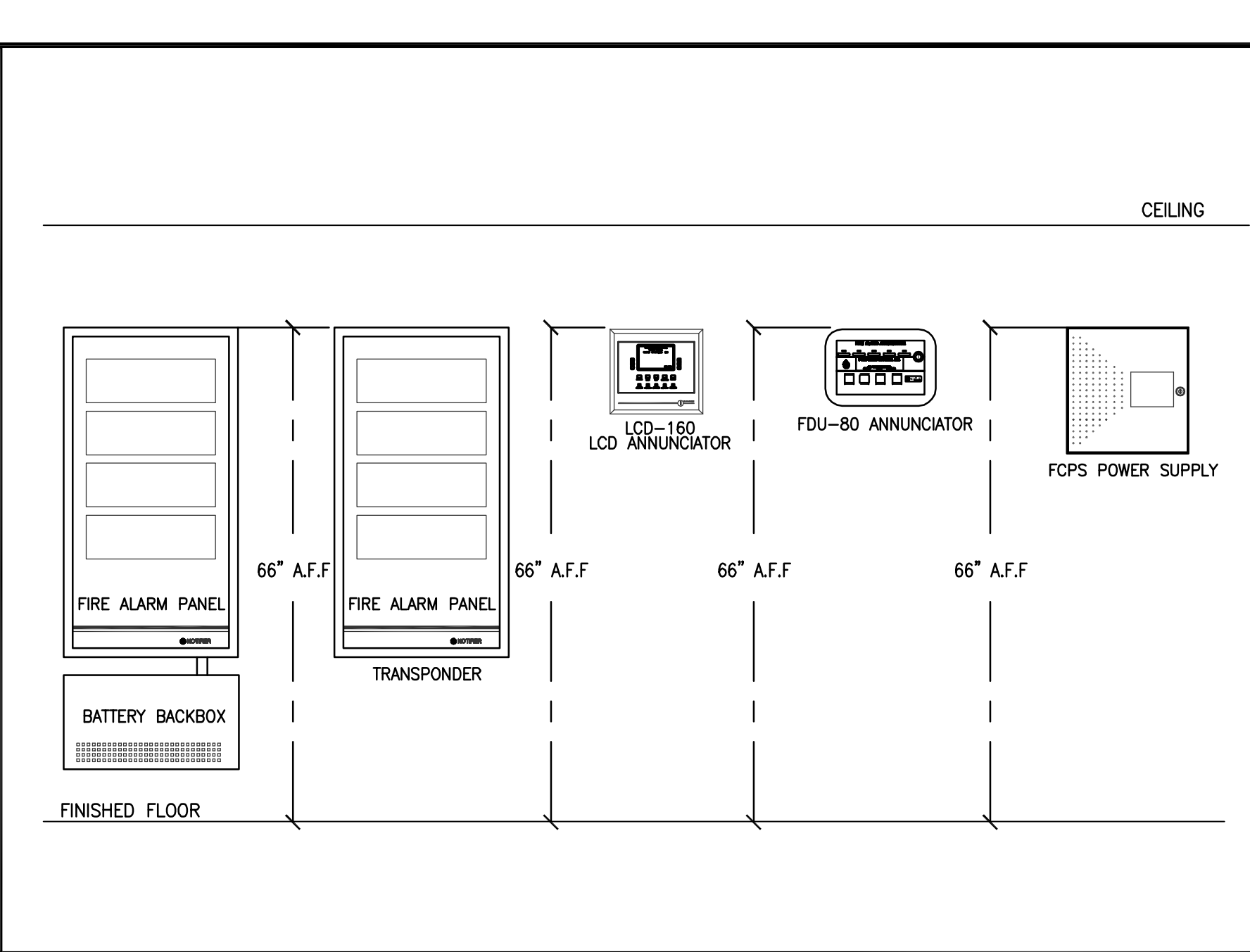
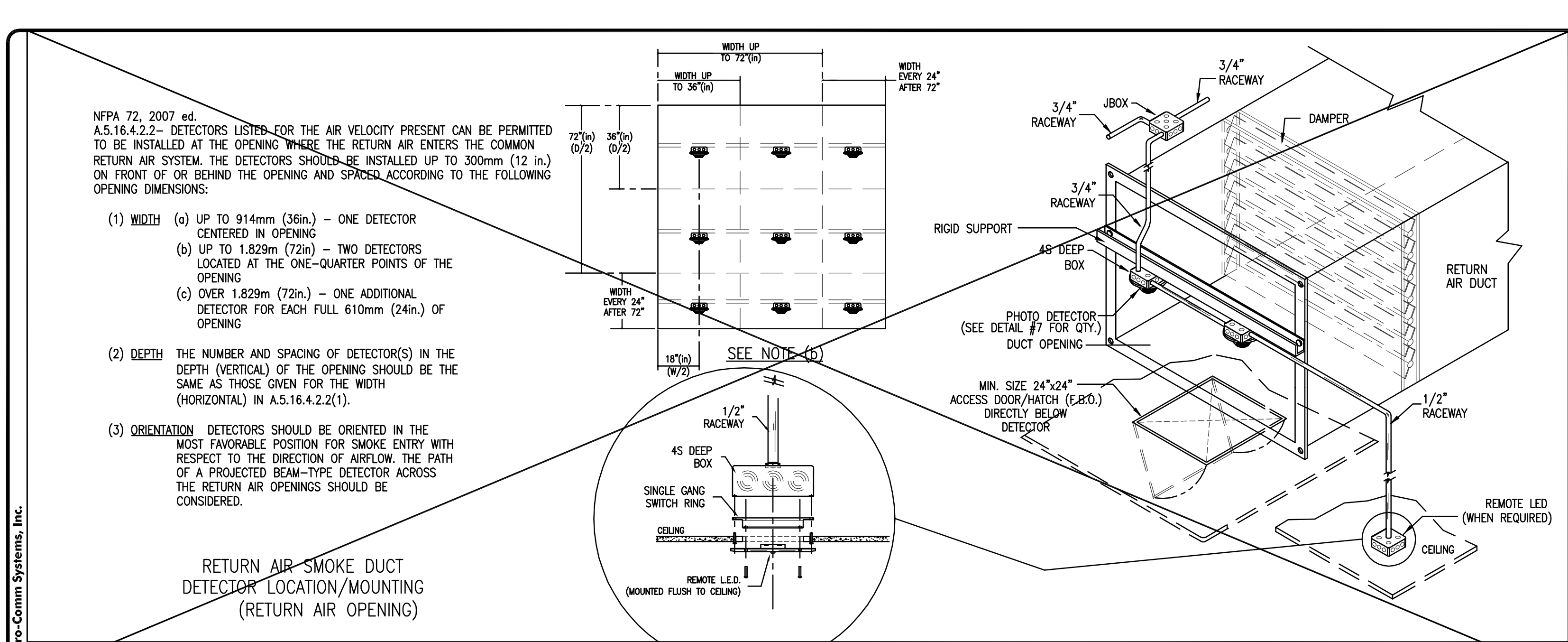
AS BUILTS	3/7/12	JC
PER COMMENTS	12/06/11	BKR
FIRE DEPT. COMMENTS	12/06/11	BKR
ENGINEER REVIEW COMMENTS	05/10/10	MAL
ISSUED FOR PLAN CHECK	02/29/10	JA
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Project:  
**CAL POLY**  
CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY  
SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA 93407  
STUDENT RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION AND RE-MODEL  
W.O. #: **2010035**

Sheet Title:  
**FIRE ALARM FLOOR PLAN ROOF LEVEL**  
Drawn By:  
**J. AREVALO**  
02/23/10  
Cad File:  
MICAL POLY SLO RECREATION CENTER FA130-REC CTR-ROOF

Sheet Number:  
**FA130**  
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Signatures

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ELEVATOR RECALL FOR FIRE FIGHTER'S SERVICE AND ELEVATOR SHUTDOWN INSTALLATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA 72 AND (SHE 417.1)

- PRIMARY RECALL TO ACTIVATE UPON DETECTION OF LOBBY DETECTOR ON ANY FLOOR OTHER THAN PRIMARY RECALL FLOOR AND HOISTWAY SMOKE DETECTOR.
- ALTERNATE RECALL TO ACTIVATE UPON DETECTION OF LOBBY DETECTOR ON PRIMARY RECALL FLOOR AND ELEVATOR MACHINE ROOM SMOKE DETECTOR (IF MACHINE ROOM IS ON PRIMARY RECALL LEVEL).
- SHUNT TRIP TO BE ACTIVATED UPON INITIATION OF ELEVATOR MACHINE ROOM HEAT DETECTOR OR HOISTWAY HEAT DETECTOR (IF REQUIRED) AFTER PHASE 1 RECALL HAS COMPLETED, IF PHASE 2 SHUNT DISABLE IS NOT ACTIVE.
- PHASE 1 SIGNAL FROM ELEVATOR CONTROLLER SHALL ACTIVATE UPON COMPLETION OF ELEVATOR RECALL (PRIMARY OR ALTERNATE).
- PHASE 2 SHUNT DISABLE SIGNAL TO BE ACTIVATED UPON FIREMAN'S KEY OVERRIDE IN ELEVATOR CAR.
- FIREMAN SIGNAL TO BE ACTIVATED UPON ANY INITIATING DEVICE ACTIVATION IN THE ELEVATOR HOISTWAY OR ELEVATOR MACHINE ROOM.
- HEAT DETECTOR(S) TO BE LOCATED WITHIN 2 FT OF EACH SPRINKLER HEAD.
- LOBBY DETECTOR(S) FOR RECALL SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN 21" OF THE CENTERLINE OF THE ELEVATOR DOORS.
- LOSS OF ELEVATOR SHUNT CONTROL CIRCUIT SHALL CAUSE A SUPERVISORY SIGNAL AT THE FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL.
- ELEVATOR PIT HEAT DETECTOR ONLY REQUIRED IF SPRINKLER HEAD IS GREATER THAN 24" FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE PIT.

NOTE: If this scale is not 1" = 12" this sheet is Not To Scale

Rev Issued For Date By

AS BUILTS	3/7/12	JK
PER PCC#551	12/06/11	BKR
FIRE DEPT. COMMENTS	12/06/11	BKR
ENGINEER REVIEW COMMENTS	05/10/10	MAL
ISSUED FOR PLAN CHECK	02/29/10	JA

Project: CAL POLY  
CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY  
SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA 93407  
STUDENT RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION AND REMODEL  
W.O. #: 2010035

Sheet Title: FIRE ALARM MOUNTING DETAILS

Drawn by: J. AREVALO  
02/23/10

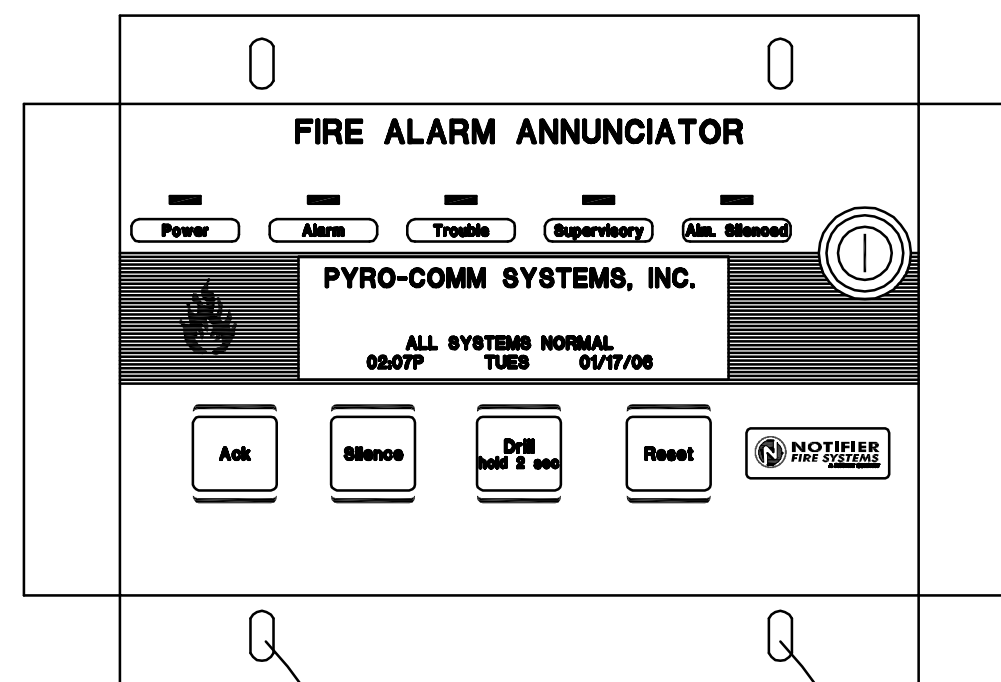
Cad File: MICAL POLY SLO RECREATION CENTER FA201REC CTR-MTG

Sheet Number: FA2.01

ASBULT SET

ASBULT SET

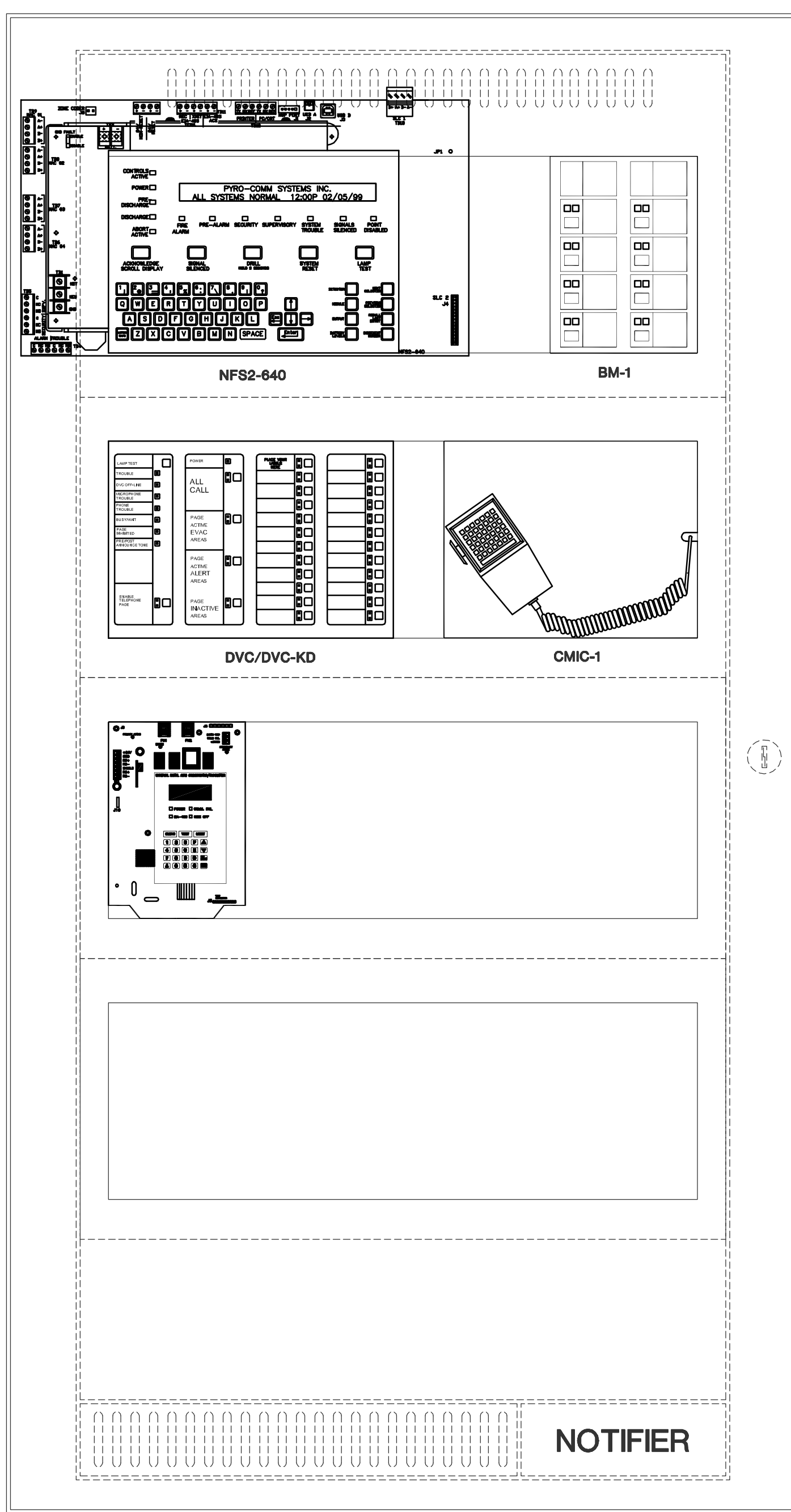




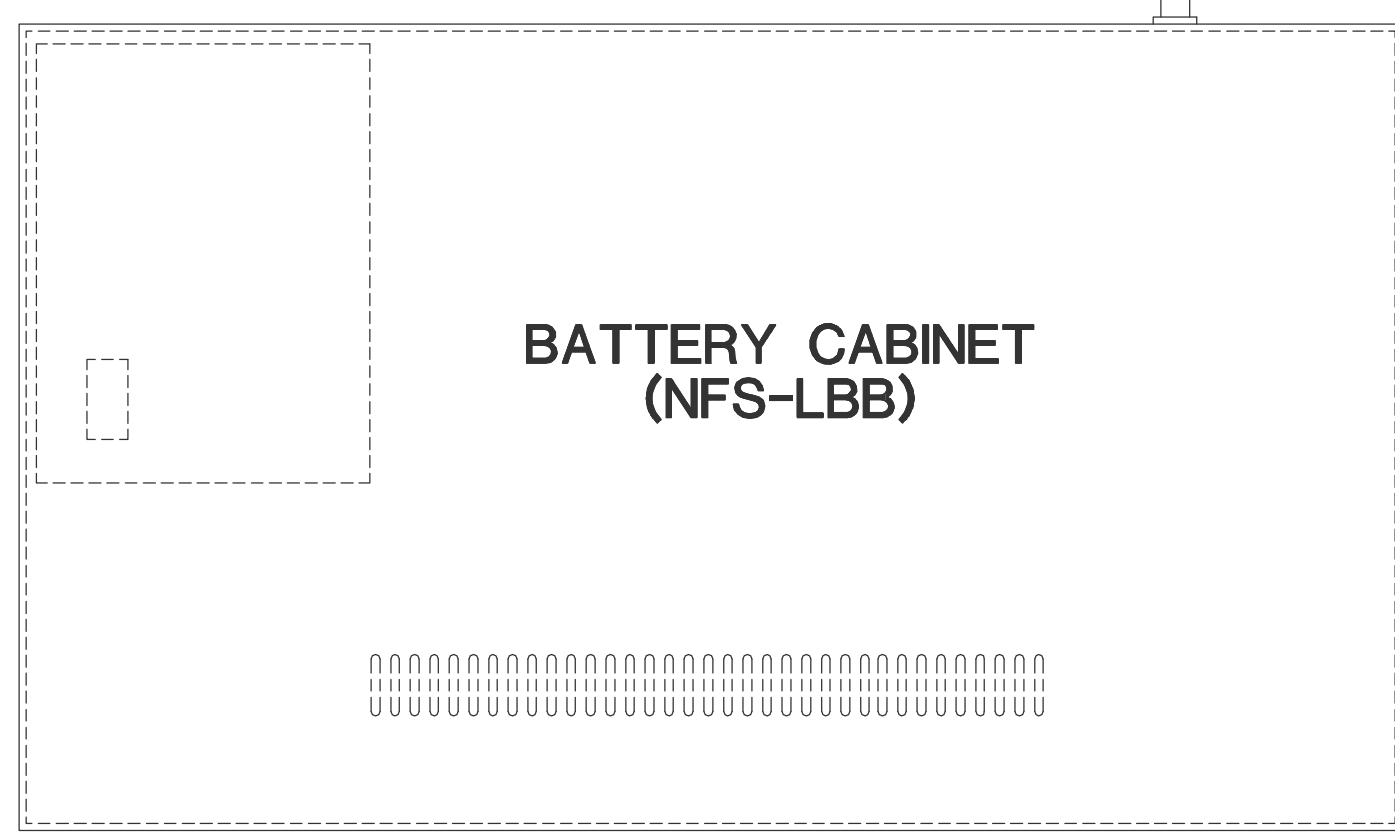
5-9/16" wide x 3-3/4" high x 2-1/2" deep, three-gang electrical box (Fryline P/N 10103 or equivalent)

NOTE:  
THE FDU-80 CAN ONLY BE MOUNTED IN A 3-GANG ELECTRICAL BOX WITH A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 2-1/2".  
THE FDU-80 CANNOT BE MOUNTED IN THREE GANGABLE ELECTRICAL SWITCH BOXES CONNECTED TOGETHER.

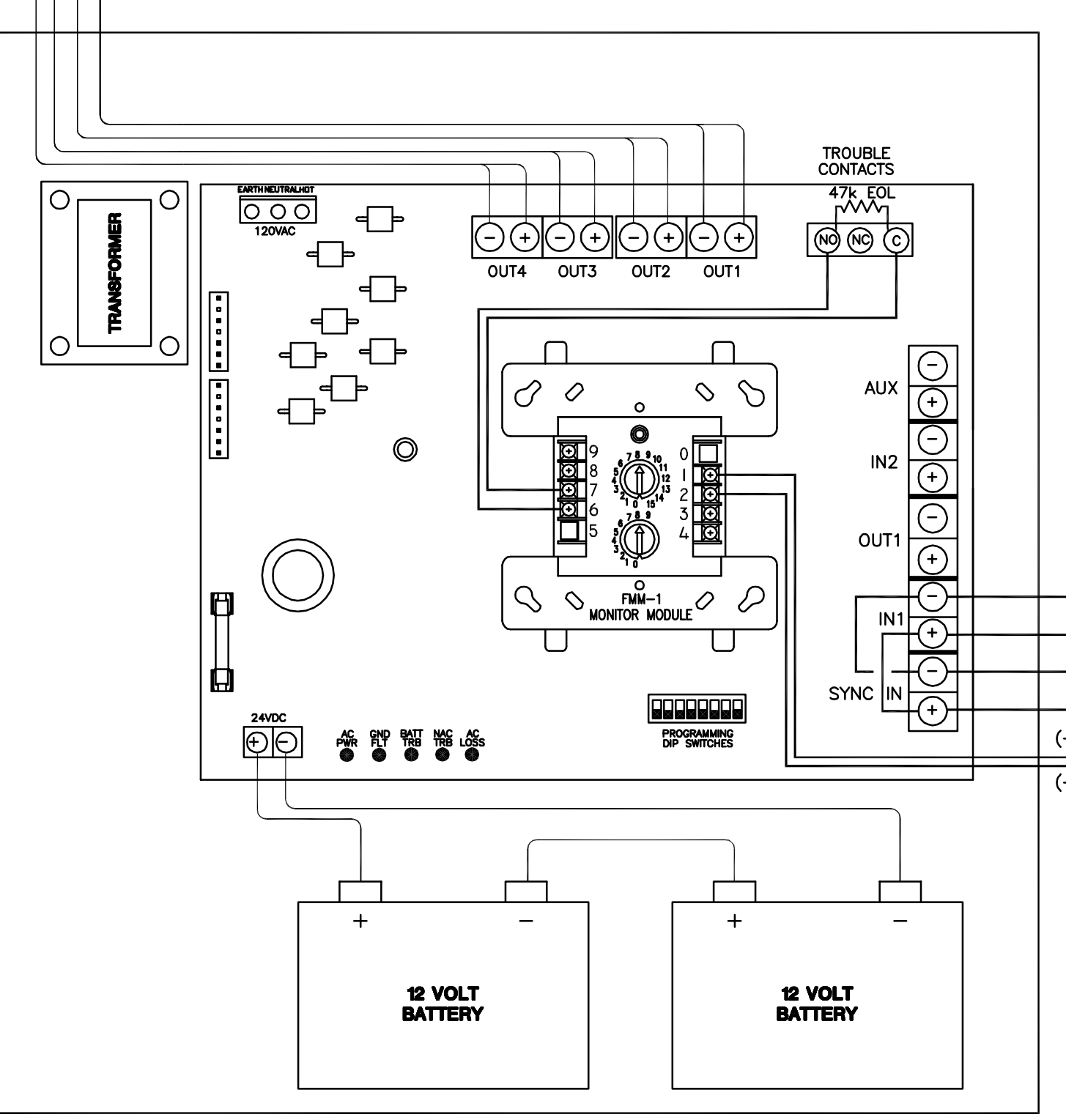
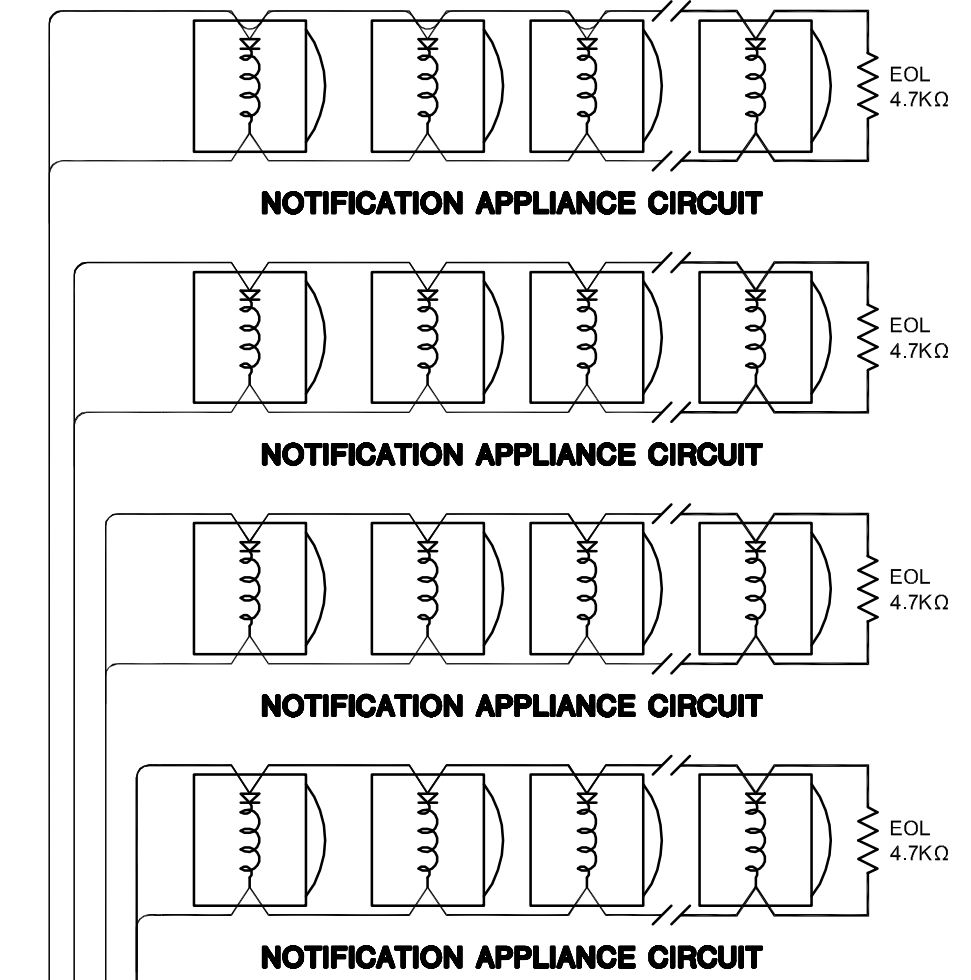
FDU-80 FIRE ALARM ANNUNCIATOR



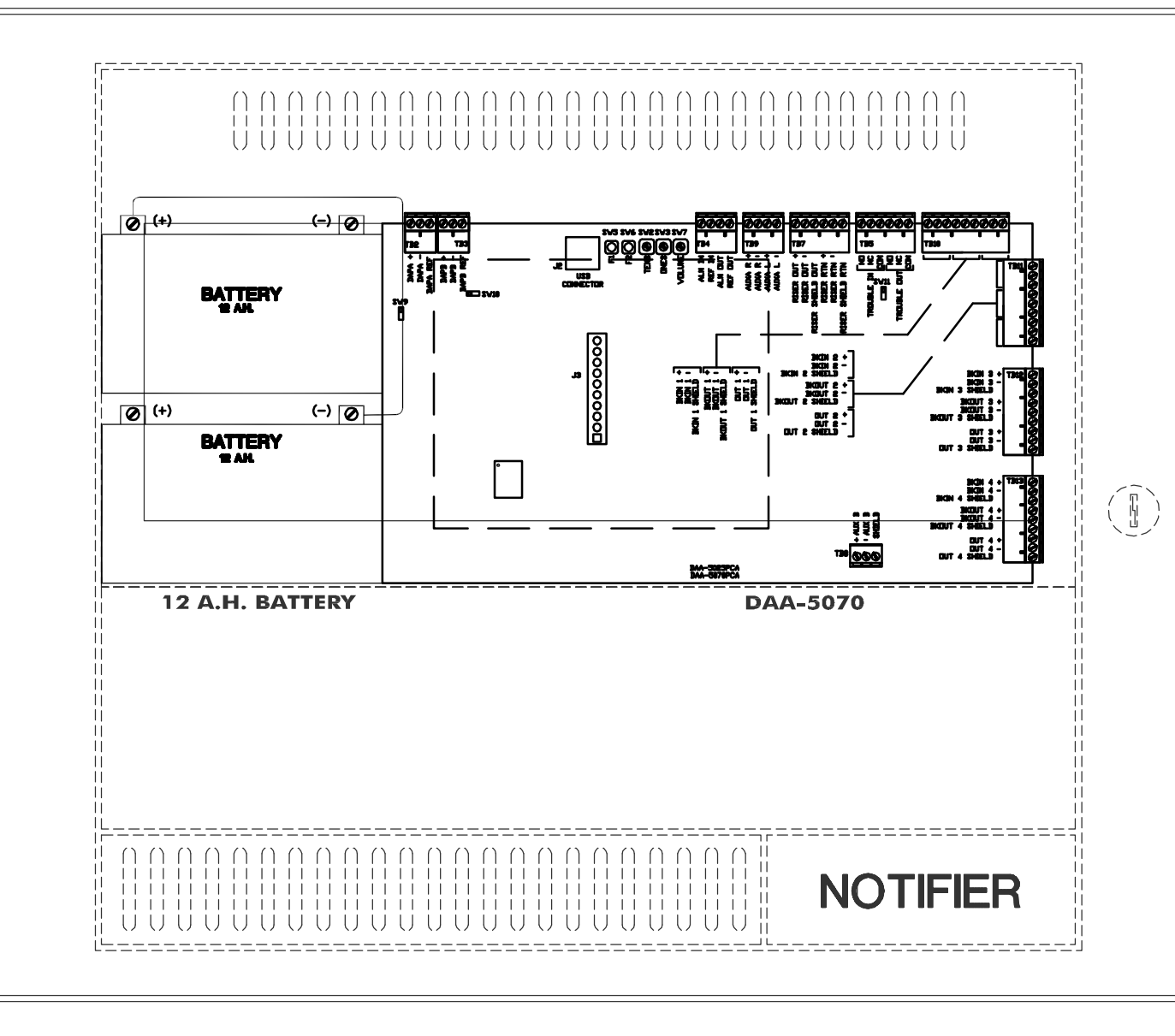
NFS2-640



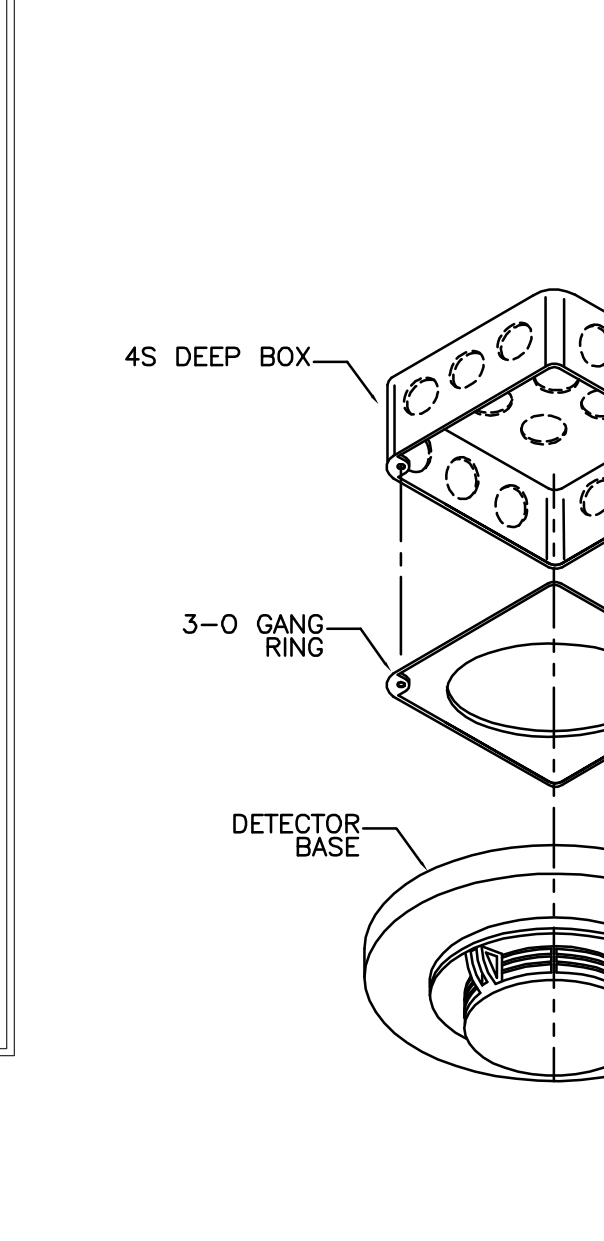
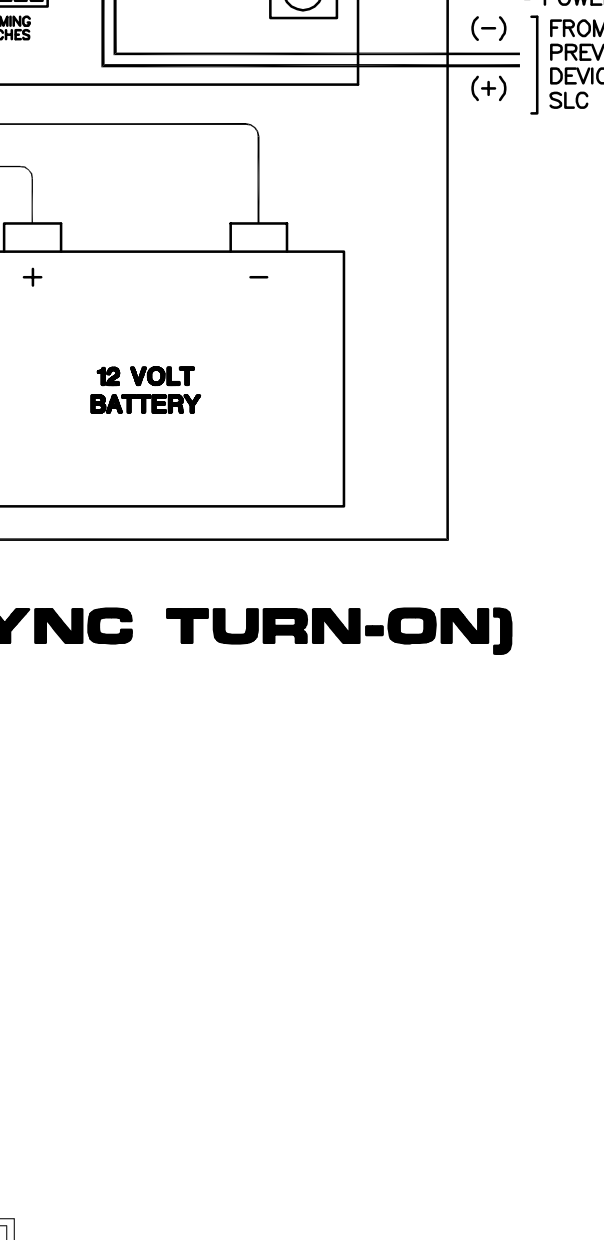
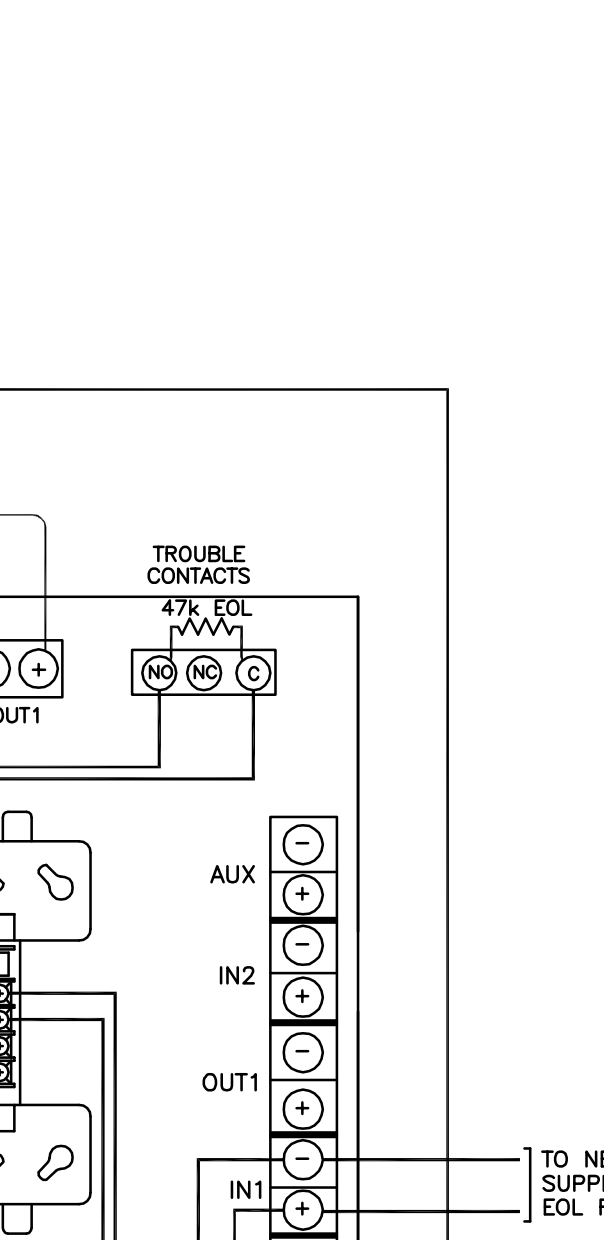
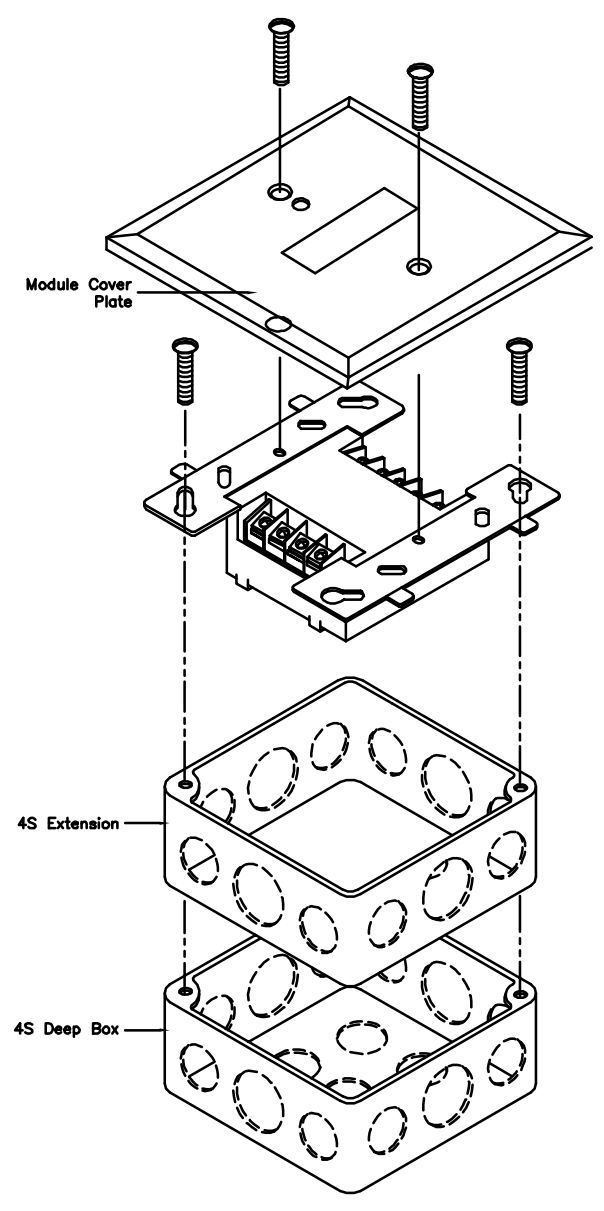
NFS-1B BATTERY CABINET



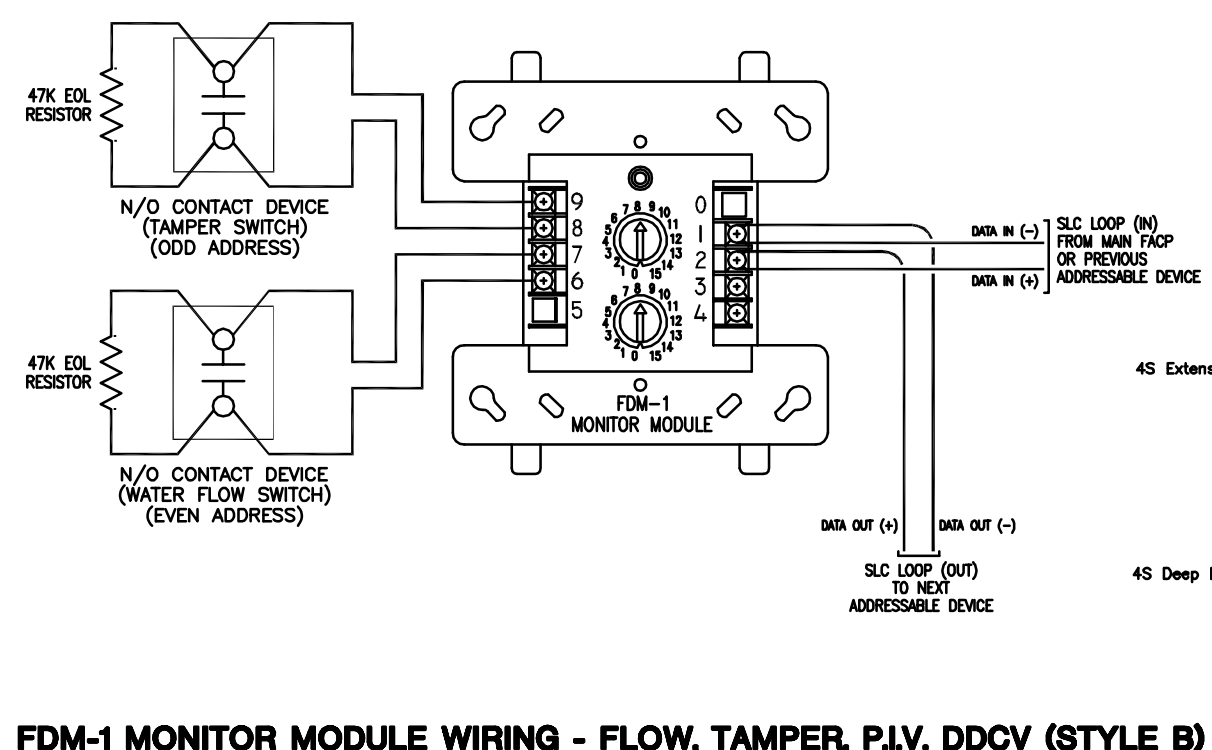
POWER SUPPLY WIRING (SYNC TURN-ON)



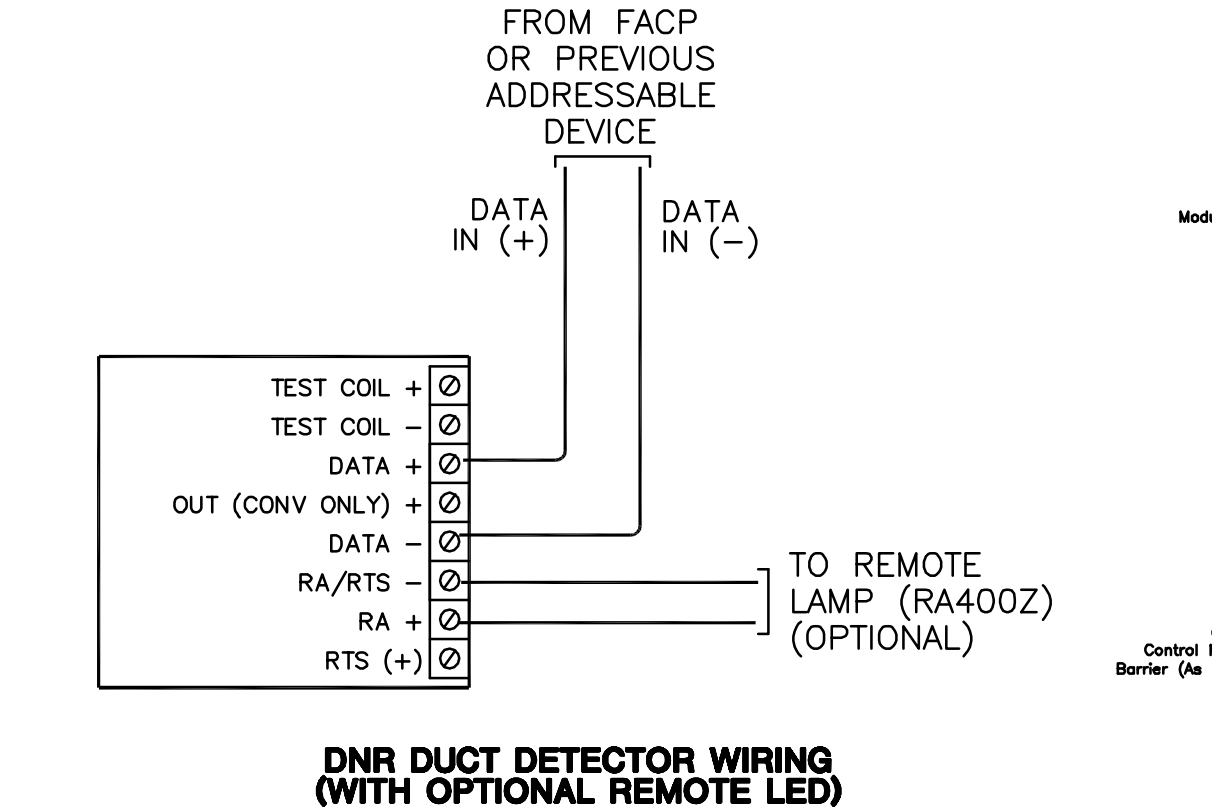
TRANSPONDER (TYP)



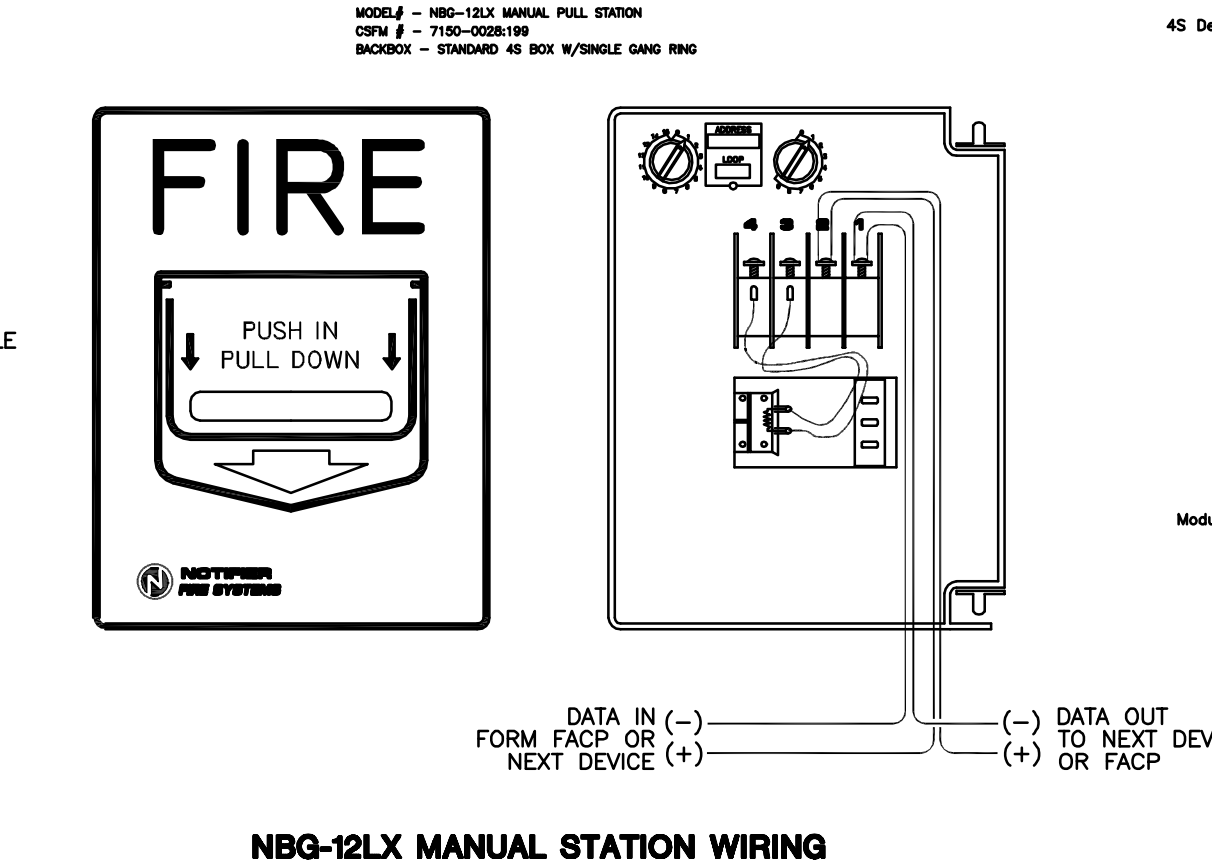
**FDM-1 SPECIFICATIONS:**  
Normal Operating Voltage: 15 to 32 VDC  
Maximum Current: 5.1 mA (LED Rating)  
Average Operating Current: 400 μA (LED Rating)  
UL Recognition: UL 864  
Temperature Range: 32°F to 122°F (0°C to 49°C)  
Humidity Range: 10% to 93% non-condensing  
Reaction Requirements: 45 SEEP, 30S



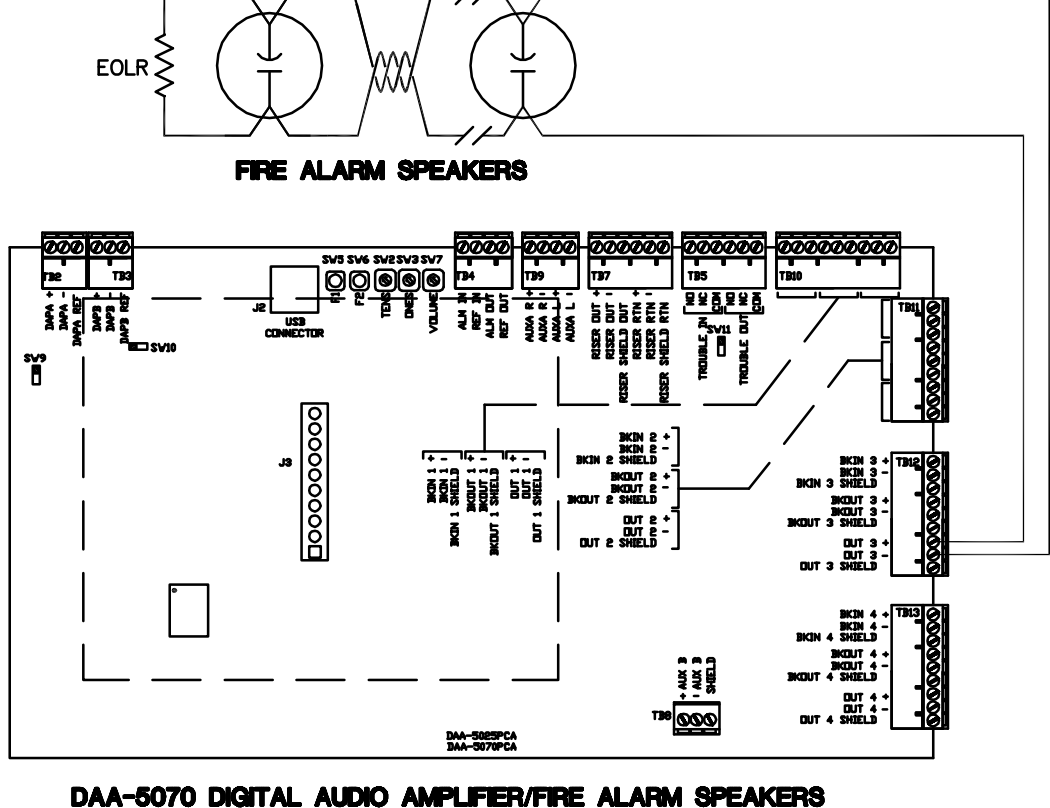
FDM-1 MONITOR MODULE WIRING - FLOW, TAMPER, P.I.V., DDCV (STYLE B)



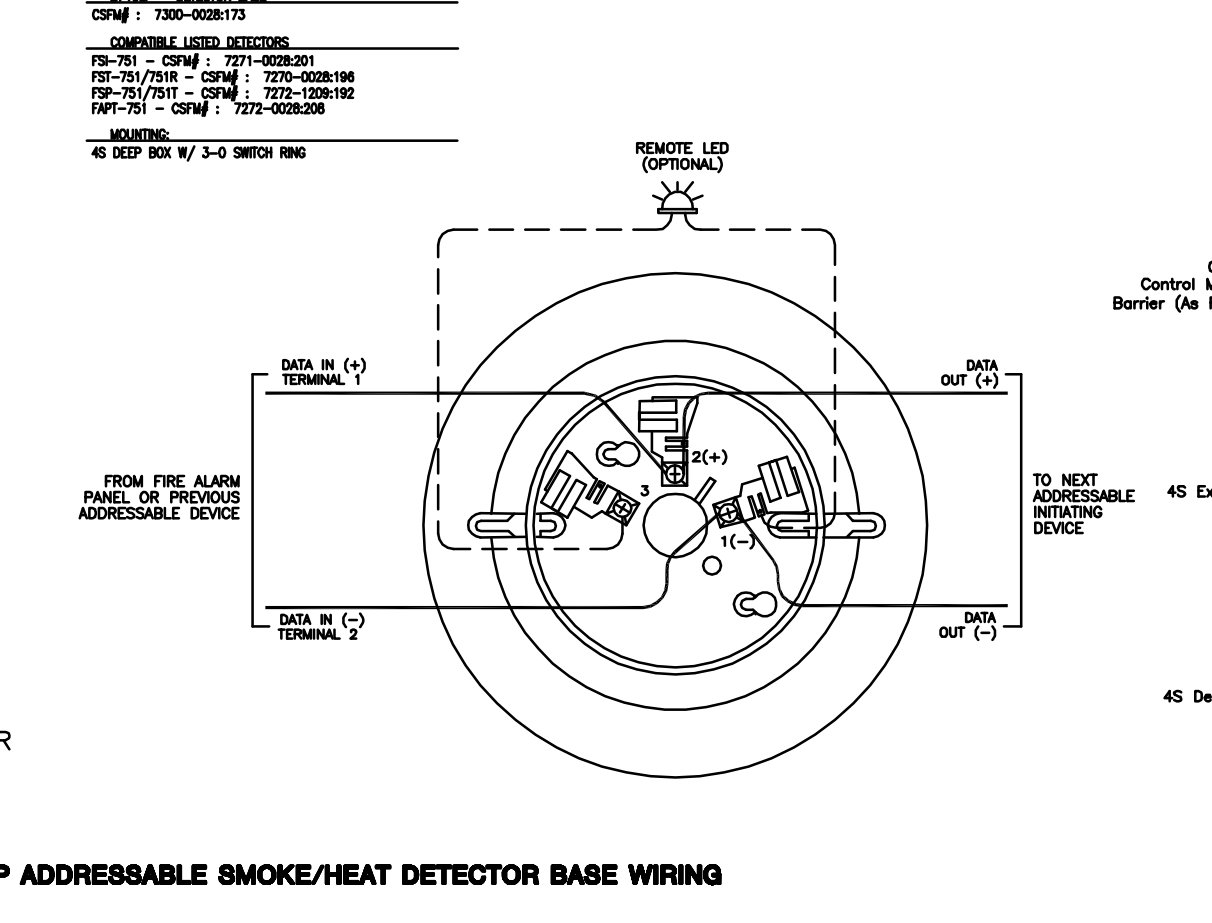
DNR DUCT DETECTOR WIRING (WITH OPTIONAL REMOTE LED)



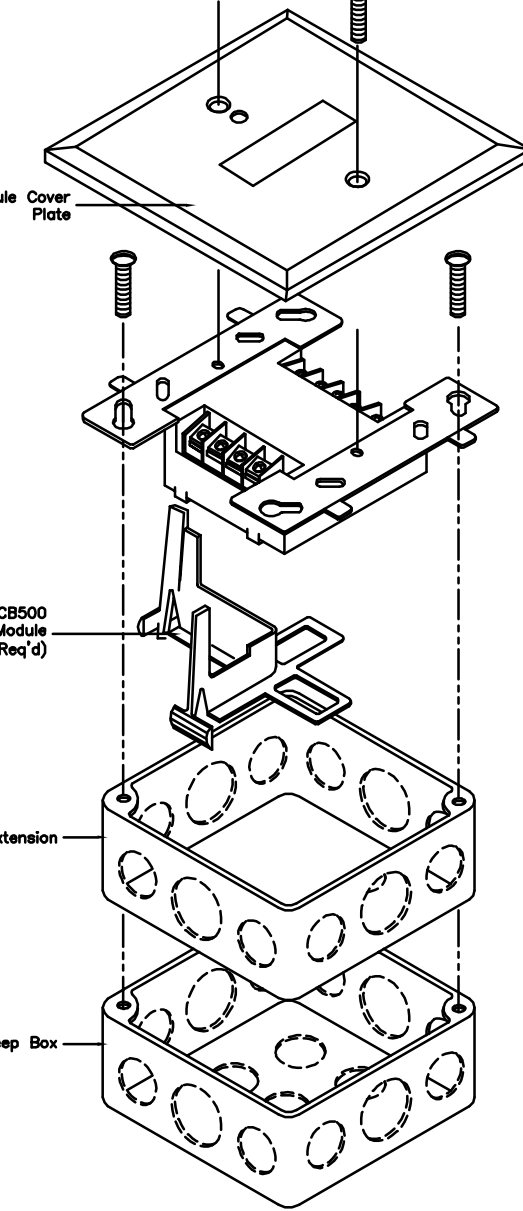
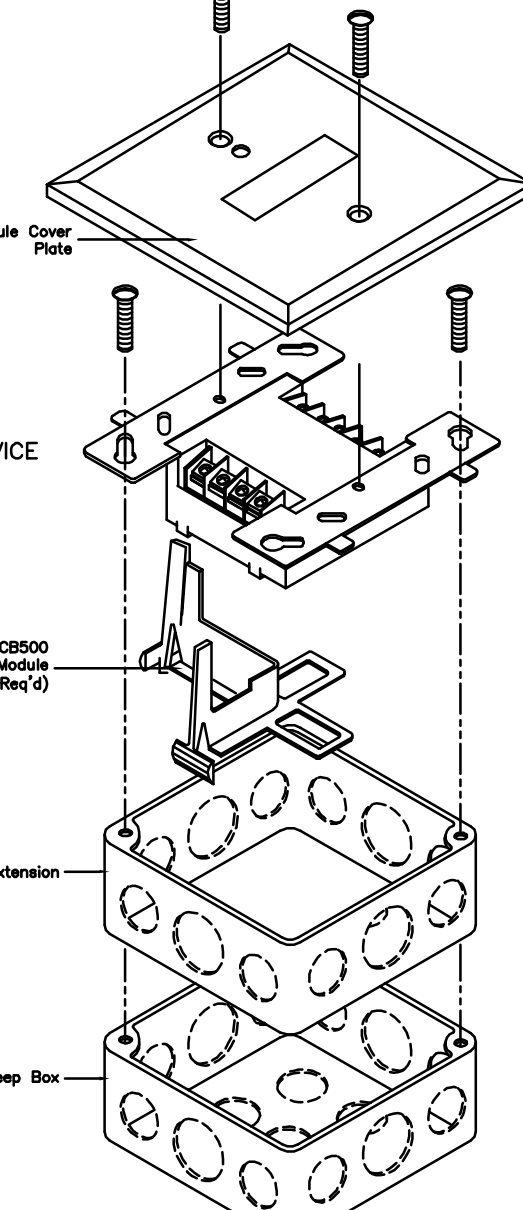
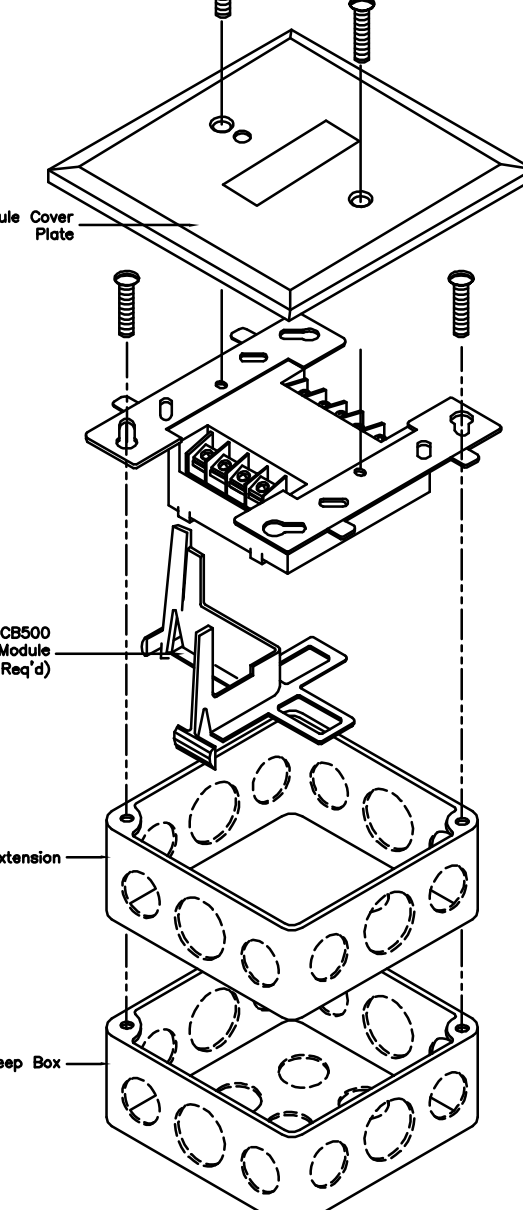
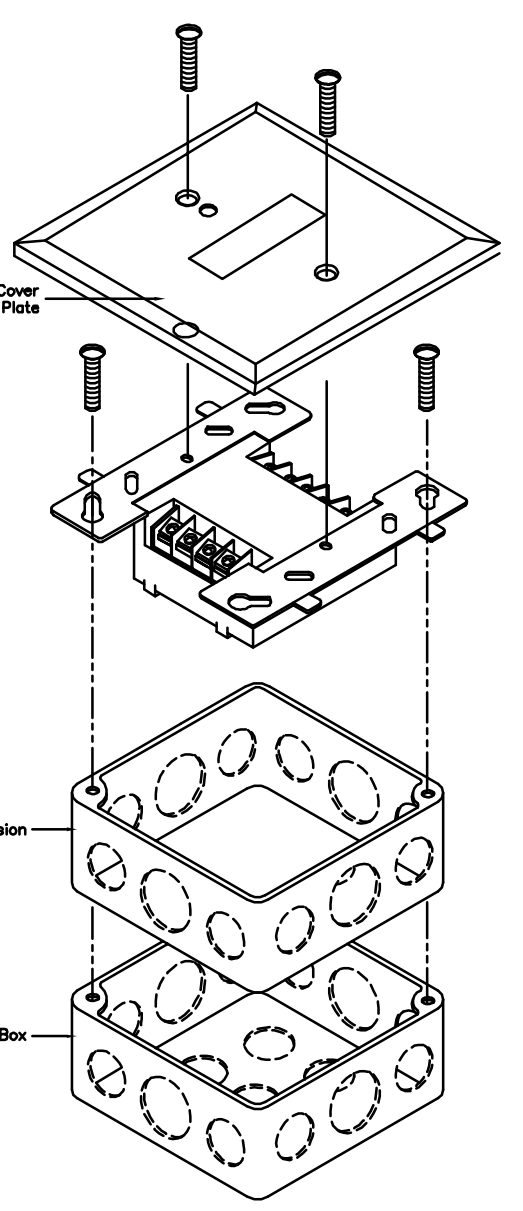
NBQ-12LX MANUAL STATION WIRING



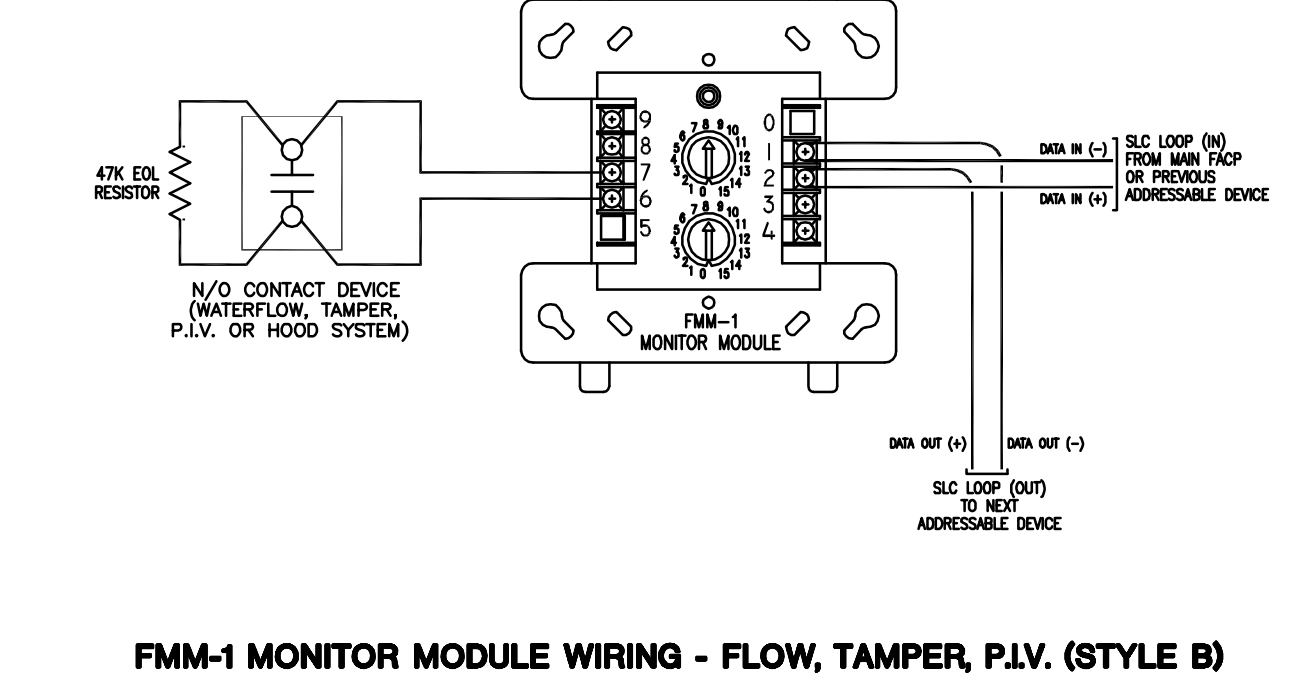
DAA-5070 DIGITAL AUDIO AMPLIFIER/FIRE ALARM SPEAKERS



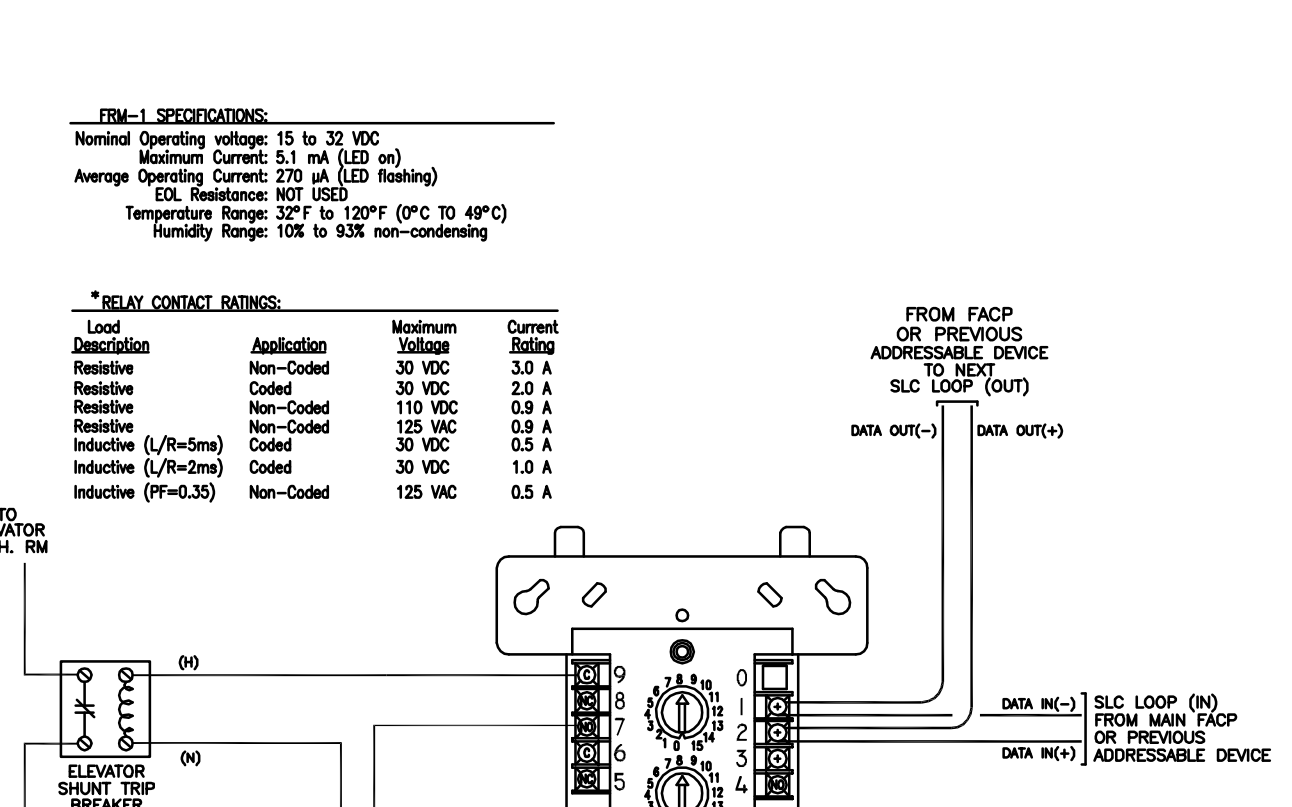
8710P ADDRESSABLE SMOKE/HEAT DETECTOR BASE WIRING



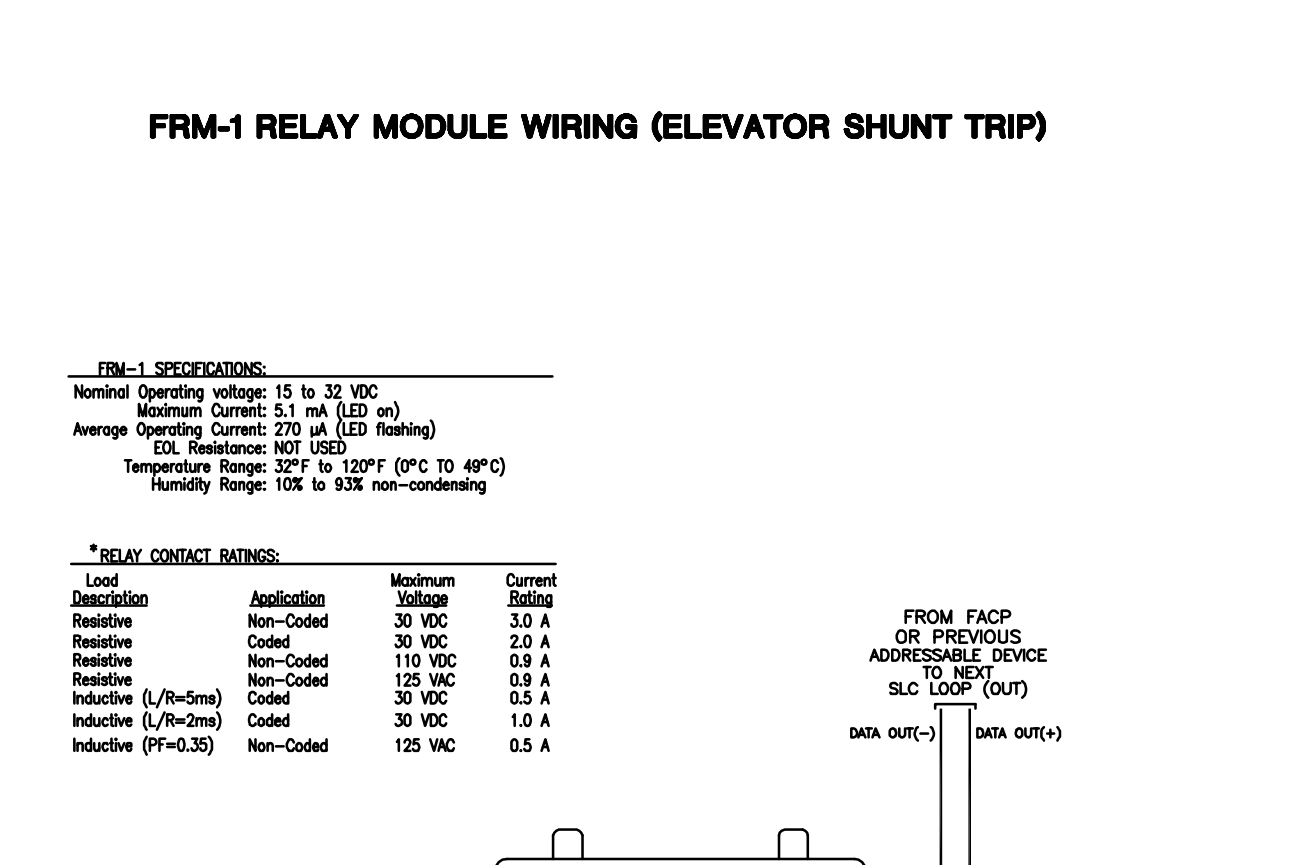
**FMM-1 SPECIFICATIONS:**  
Normal Operating Voltage: 15 to 32 VDC  
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Average Operating Current: 400 μA (LED Rating)  
UL Recognition: UL 864  
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Humidity Range: 10% to 93% non-condensing  
Reaction Requirements: 45 SEEP, 30S



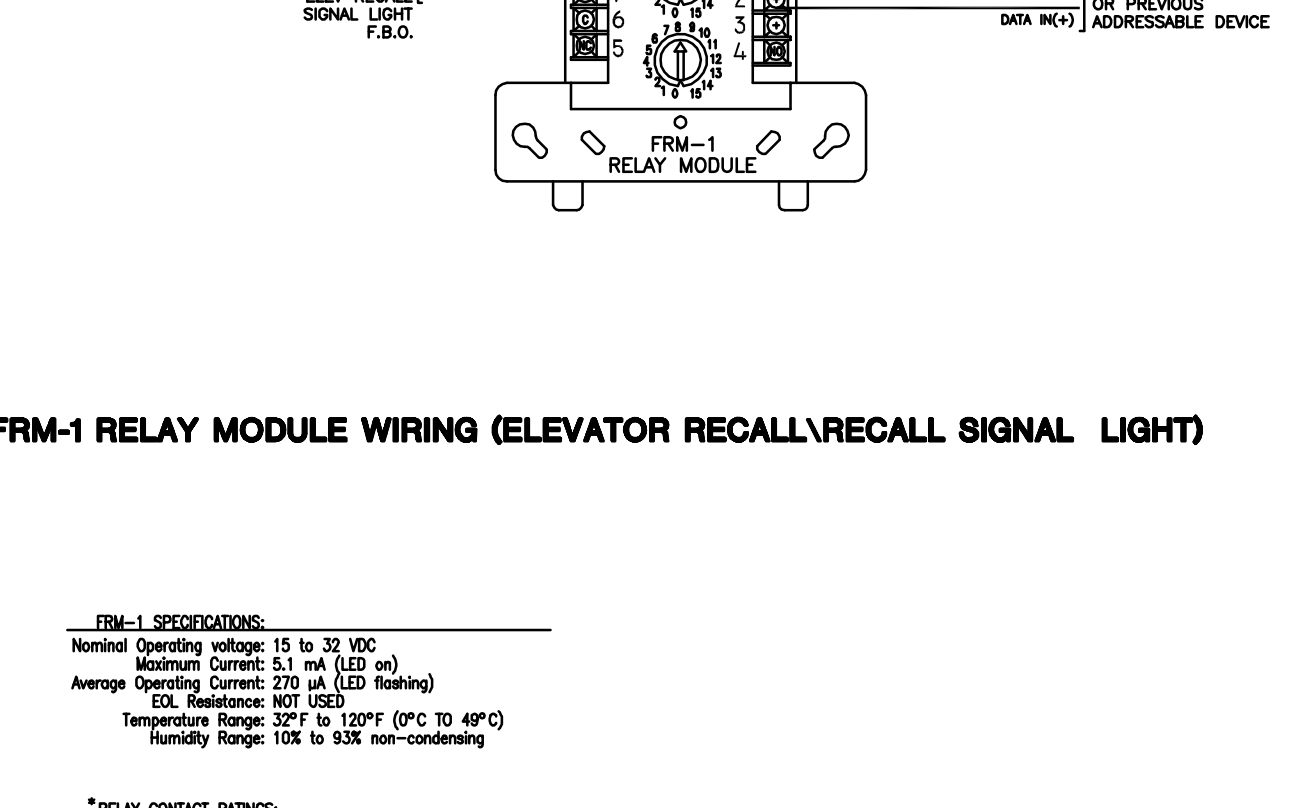
FMM-1 MONITOR MODULE WIRING - FLOW, TAMPER, P.I.V. (STYLE B)



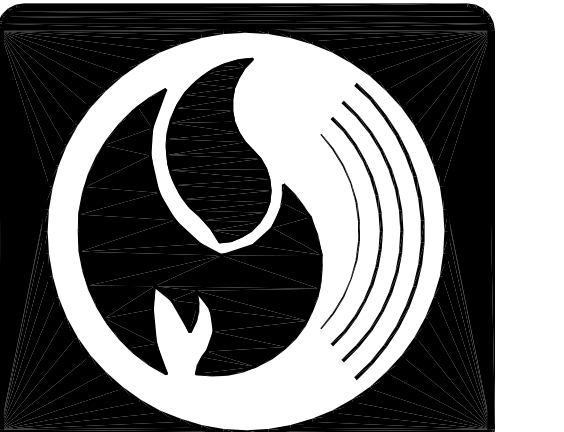
FRM-1 RELAY MODULE WIRING (ELEVATOR SHUNT TRIP)



FRM-1 RELAY MODULE WIRING (ELEVATOR RECALL/RECALL SIGNAL LIGHT)



FRM-1 RELAY MODULE WIRING (DAMPER CONTROL)



**Pyro-Comm Systems, Inc.**  
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Approvals  
AS BUILTS 3/7/12 JK  
PER 12/06/11 BKR  
FIRE DEPT. COMMENTS 12/06/11 BKR  
ENGINEER REVIEW COMMENTS 05/10/10 MAL  
ISSUED FOR PLAN CHECK 02/29/10 JA  
Rev Issued For Date By

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CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY  
SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA 93407  
STUDENT RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION AND REMODEL  
W.O. #: 2010035

Sheet Title:  
**FIRE ALARM WIRING DETAILS**

Drawn By:  
**J. AREVALO**  
02/23/10  
Cad File:  
MICAL POLY SLO RECAREA FA2.02 REC CTR-WR

Sheet Number:  
**FA2.02**

ASBUILT SET

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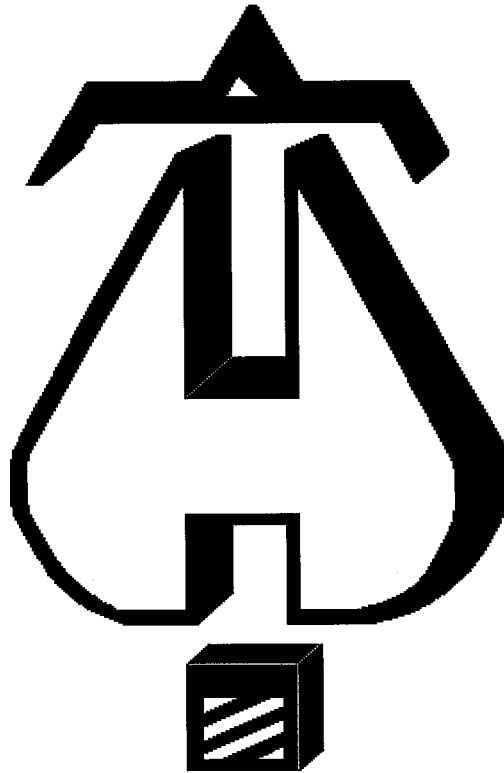
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## **APPENDIX D**

### **WATER-BASED SUPPRESSION SYSTEM – HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS**

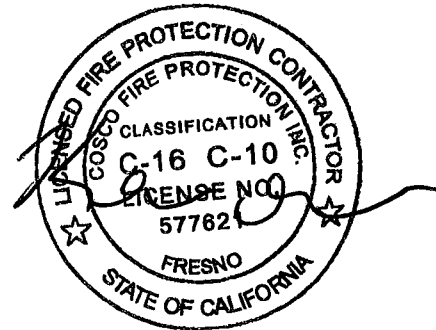






... Fire Protection by Computer Design

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
4233 W. SIERRA MADRE AVE.  
SUITE #108  
FRESNO, CA. 93722  
(559) 275-3795



Job Name : CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407  
Building : EXIST GYM, HIGH ROOF, REMOTE AREA E1  
Location : RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION  
System : E-HIGH  
Contract : FD-1075  
Data File : CALPOLY-E1HIGHROOF.WXF

Hydraulic Design Information Sheet

Name - CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407      Date - 11-04-2010  
 Location - RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION  
 Building - EXIST GYM, HIGH ROOF, REMOTE AREA E1      System No. - E-HIGH  
 Contractor - COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.      Contract No. - FD-1075  
 Calculated By - KO      Drawing No. - FP-E2 PIPE  
 Construction: ( ) Combustible (X) Non-Combustible      Ceiling Height - 65'-6"  
 Occupancy - LIGHT HAZARD

S (X) NFPA 13 (X) Lt. Haz. Ord.Haz.Gp. ( ) 1 ( ) 2 ( ) 3 ( ) Ex.Haz.  
 Y ( ) NFPA 231 ( ) NFPA 231C ( ) Figure Curve  
 S Other

Specific Ruling	Made By	Date
M Area of Sprinkler Operation - 1500	System Type	Sprinkler/Nozzle
Density - .10	(X) Wet	Make VIKING
D Area Per Sprinkler - 163	( ) Dry	Model UPRIGHT
E Elevation at Highest Outlet - 65'-6"	( ) Deluge	Size 1/2"
S Hose Allowance - Inside - 100	( ) Preaction	K-Factor 5.6
I Rack Sprinkler Allowance - NA	( ) Other	Temp.Rat.155
G Hose Allowance - Outside - 0		

Note NFPA#13 2002, 11.2.3.2

Calculation Flow Required - 278.75 Press Required - 60.20 BOR  
 Summary C-Factor Used: 120 Overhead 140 Underground

W Water Flow Test:	Pump Data:	Tank or Reservoir:
A Date of Test - 3-8-2010		Cap. -
T Time of Test - 3 PM	Rated Cap.-	Elev.-
E Static Press - 140	@ Press -	
R Residual Press - 132	Elev. -	Well
Flow - 1186		Proof Flow
S Elevation - 0		

U  
 P Location - FIRE HYDRANT #47 & #51 ON SITE  
 P  
 L Source of Information - FLOW TEST PERFORMED ON SITE 3-8-2010  
 Y BY CANNON ENGINEERING , RESULTS ATTACHED TO CALCS.

Commodity	Class	Location	
Storage Ht.	Area	Aisle W.	
Storage Method:	Solid Piled	% Palletized	% Rack
( ) Single Row	( ) Conven. Pallet	( ) Auto. Storage	( ) Encap.
S R ( ) Double Row	( ) Slave Pallet	( ) Solid Shelf	( ) Non
T A ( ) Mult. Row		( ) Open Shelf	
O C			
R K Flue Spacing		Clearance:Storage to Ceiling	
A Longitudinal		Transverse	
G			
E Horizontal Barriers Provided:			

# Water Supply Curve (C)

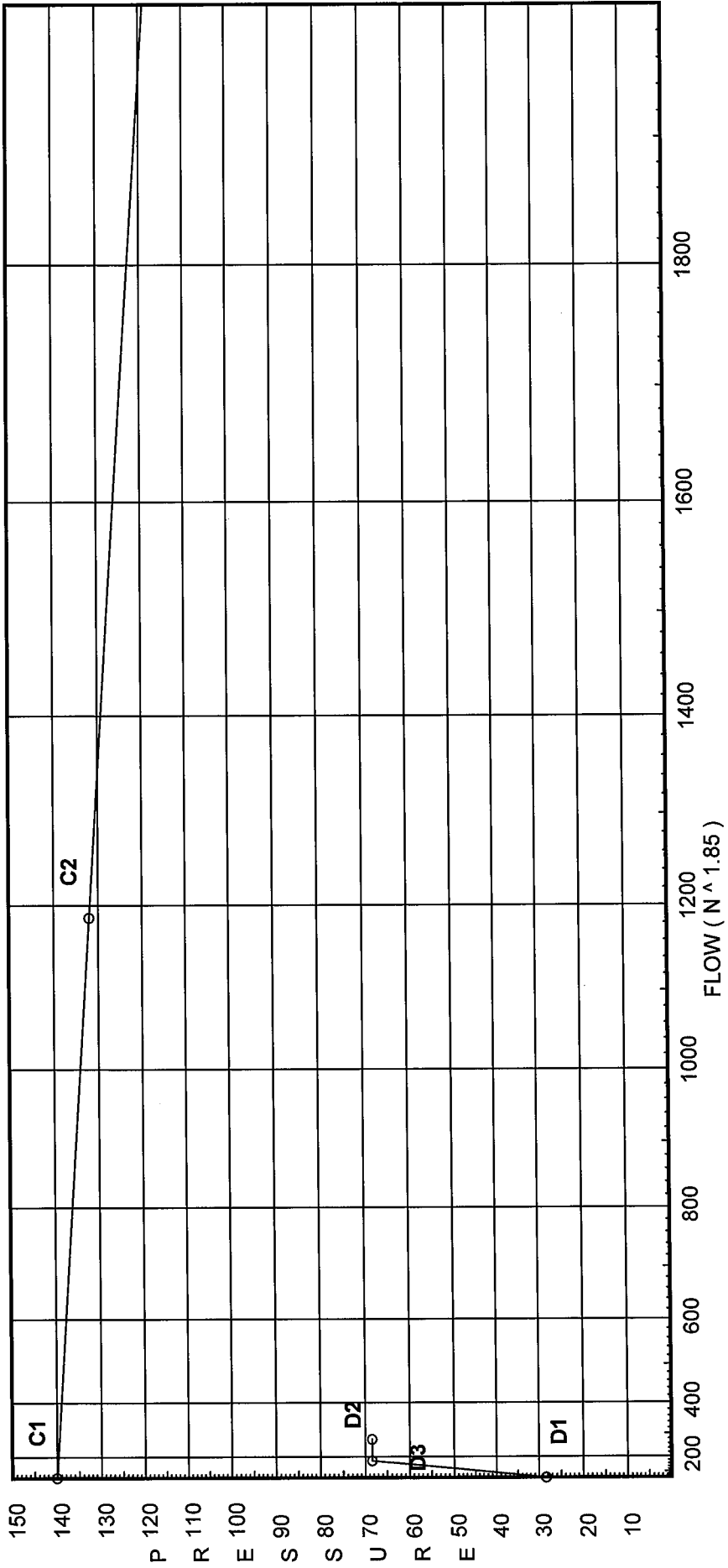
COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

## City Water Supply:

C1 - Static Pressure : 140  
 C2 - Residual Pressure: 132  
 C2 - Residual Flow : 1186

## Demand:

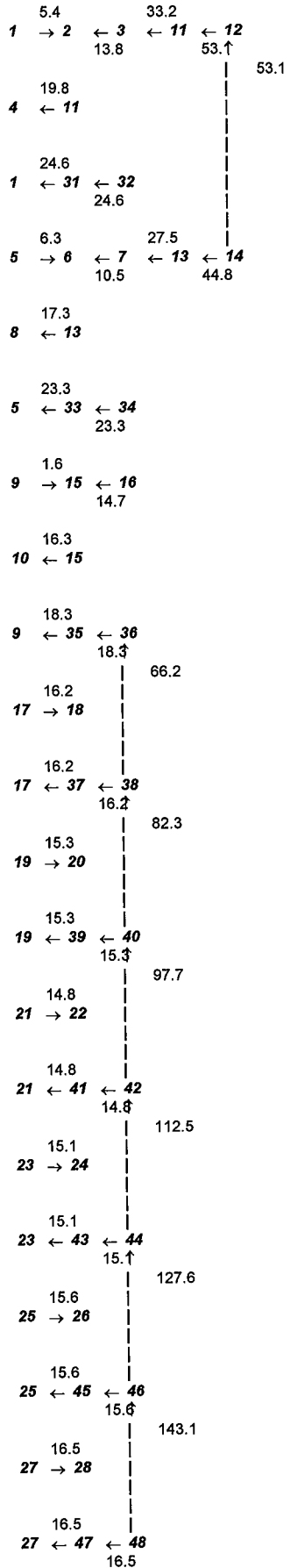
D1 - Elevation : 28.368  
 D2 - System Flow : 178.749  
 D2 - System Pressure : 68.392  
 Hose ( Adj City ) : 100  
 Hose ( Demand ) : 278.749  
 D3 - System Demand : 71.058  
 Safety Margin



# Flow Diagram

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
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Page 3  
 Date 11-04-2010



# Flow Diagram

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 4  
Date 11-04-2010

19.1  
29 → 30

19.1  
29 ← 49 ← 50  
19.1

53.1 112.6 81.1 51.2 19.1  
12 ← 14 ← 16 ← 18 ← 20 ← 22 ← 24 ← 26 ← 28 ← 30  
97.9 96.4 66.3 35.6

24.6 66.2 97.7 127.6 159.6  
32 ← 34 ← 36 ← 38 ← 40 ← 42 ← 44 ← 46 ← 48 ← 51  
47.9 82.3 112.5 143.1

19.1 178.7 178.7 178.7 278.7 278.7 278.7  
50 ← 51 ← 52 ← 53 ← 54 ← 55 ← 56 ← TOR ← BOR ← 100 ← 101 ← 102 ← 103 ← 104 ← 105  
178.7 178.7 178.7 178.7 278.7 278.7 278.7

# Fittings Used Summary

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Fitting Legend Abbrev. Name	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	2 1/2	3	3 1/2	4	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	24
Avk Alarm Viking J1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	10	13	20	23	27	35	40	45	50	61			
E NFPA 13 90' Standard Elbow																				
Fsp Flow Switch Potter VSR																				
G NFPA 13 Gate Valve	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	10	11	13			
L NFPA 13 Long Turn Elbow	0.5	1	2	2	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	13	18	24	27	30	34	40		
T NFPA 13 90' Flow thru Tee	3	4	5	6	8	10	12	15	17	20	25	30	35	50	60	71	81	91	101	121

Fitting generates a Fixed Loss Based on Flow

## Units Summary

- Diameter Units Inches
- Length Units Feet
- Flow Units US Gallons per Minute
- Pressure Units Pounds per Square Inch

# Pressure / Flow Summary - STANDARD

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 6  
 Date 11-04-2010

Node No.	Elevation	K-Fact	Pt Actual	Pn	Flow Actual	Density	Area	Press Req.
1	51.0	5.6	11.81	na	19.25	0.1	163	7.0
2	51.0	5.6	11.77	na	19.21	0.1	163	7.0
3	51.0	5.6	12.02	na	19.41	0.1	163	7.0
11	51.0		13.07	na				
4	51.0	5.6	12.56	na	19.85	0.1	163	7.0
31	51.0		20.98	na				
5	59.5	5.6	9.12	na	16.91	0.1	163	7.0
6	59.5	5.6	9.06	na	16.86	0.1	163	7.0
7	59.5	5.6	9.21	na	17.0	0.1	163	7.0
13	59.5		9.95	na				
8	59.5	5.6	9.56	na	17.32	0.1	163	7.0
33	59.5		17.36	na				
9	65.5	5.6	8.83	na	16.64	0.1	163	7.0
15	65.5		8.82	na				
10	65.5	5.6	8.47	na	16.3	0.1	163	7.0
35	65.5		14.92	na				
17	69.0		8.58	na				
37	69.0		13.58	na				
19	78.0		5.19	na				
39	78.0		9.72	na				
21	78.0		5.85	na				
41	78.0		10.09	na				
23	69.0		9.88	na				
43	69.0		14.29	na				
25	65.5		11.66	na				
45	65.5		16.32	na				
27	59.5		14.41	na				
47	59.5		19.59	na				
29	51.0		18.17	na				
49	51.0		24.99	na				
12	50.0		14.38	na				
14	58.5		11.03	na				
16	64.5		9.34	na				
18	68.0		8.92	na				
20	70.0		8.48	na				
22	70.0		9.15	na				
24	68.0		10.23	na				
26	64.5		12.0	na				
28	58.5		14.74	na				
32	58.5		17.95	na				
34	64.5		15.38	na				
36	68.0		13.96	na				
38	70.0		13.25	na				
40	70.0		13.37	na				
42	68.0		14.59	na				
44	64.5		16.32	na				
46	58.5		19.44	na				
48	58.5		20.13	na				
50	53.0		24.26	na				
51	53.0		24.29	na				
52	53.0		26.77	na				
53	50.0		29.97	na				
54	8.3		49.85	na				
55	8.3		50.86	na				
56	7.2		52.12	na				
TOR	11.2		51.42	na				
BOR	0.0		60.2	na	100.0			
100	0.0		60.46	na				
101	0.0		60.6	na				
102	0.0		60.85	na				
103	0.0		67.95	na				
104	0.0		68.19	na				



# Flow Summary - Standard

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 7  
Date 11-04-2010

Node No.	Elevation	K-Fact	Pt Actual	Pn	Flow Actual	Density	Area	Press Req.
105	0.0		68.39	na				

The maximum velocity is 10.52 and it occurs in the pipe between nodes 51 and 52

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 8  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa  Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
1	-5.40	1.38		0.0	14.200	11.815			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
2	-5.4	-0.0030		0.0	14.200	-0.043			Vel = 1.16	
2	19.21	1.38		0.0	14.200	11.772			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
3	13.81	0.0173		0.0	14.200	0.245			Vel = 2.96	
3	19.42	1.38	1T	6.0	6.000	12.017			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
11	33.23	0.0875		0.0	12.000	1.050			Vel = 7.13	
11	19.84	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	13.067				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.433				
12	53.07	0.0983		0.0	9.000	0.885			Vel = 8.36	
	0.0									
	53.07					14.385			K Factor = 13.99	
4	19.85	1.38	1T	6.0	9.000	12.561			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
11	19.85	0.0337		0.0	15.000	0.506			Vel = 4.26	
	0.0									
	19.85					13.067			K Factor = 5.49	
1	24.65	1.38	1T	6.0	176.000	11.815				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
31	24.65	0.0504		0.0	182.000	9.170			Vel = 5.29	
31	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	20.985				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	-3.248				
32	24.65	0.0238		0.0	9.000	0.214			Vel = 3.88	
	0.0									
	24.65					17.951			K Factor = 5.82	
5	-6.34	1.38		0.0	14.200	9.123			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
6	-6.34	-0.0041		0.0	14.200	-0.058			Vel = 1.36	
6	16.86	1.38		0.0	14.200	9.065			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
7	10.52	0.0104		0.0	14.200	0.148			Vel = 2.26	
7	17.00	1.38	1T	6.0	6.000	9.213			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
13	27.52	0.0618		0.0	12.000	0.741			Vel = 5.90	
13	17.31	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	9.954				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.433				
14	44.83	0.0719		0.0	9.000	0.647			Vel = 7.06	
	0.0									
	44.83					11.034			K Factor = 13.50	
8	17.32	1.38	1T	6.0	9.000	9.561			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
13	17.32	0.0262		0.0	15.000	0.393			Vel = 3.72	
	0.0									
	17.32					9.954			K Factor = 5.49	
5	23.25	1.38	1T	6.0	176.000	9.123				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
33	23.25	0.0452		0.0	182.000	8.233			Vel = 4.99	

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 9  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa  Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftg's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
33 to 34	0.0 23.25	1.61 120.0 0.0213	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	17.356 -2.166 0.192				Vel = 3.66
	0.0 23.25						15.382			K Factor = 5.93
9 to 15	-1.63 -1.63	1.38 120.0 -0.0003	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	6.000 6.000 12.000	8.828 0.0 -0.004				K Factor = 5.60 Vel = 0.35
15 to 16	16.30 14.67	1.61 120.0 0.0091	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	8.824 0.433 0.082				Vel = 2.31
	0.0 14.67						9.339			K Factor = 4.80
10 to 15	16.30 16.3	1.38 120.0 0.0235	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	9.000 6.000 15.000	8.472 0.0 0.352				K Factor = 5.60 Vel = 3.50
	0.0 16.30						8.824			K Factor = 5.49
9 to 35	18.27 18.27	1.38 120.0 0.0289	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	204.400 6.000 210.400	8.828 0.0 6.089				Vel = 3.92
35 to 36	0.0 18.27	1.61 120.0 0.0137	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	14.917 -1.083 0.123				Vel = 2.88
	0.0 18.27						13.957			K Factor = 4.89
17 to 18	-16.17 -16.17	1.61 120.0 -0.0109	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	8.581 0.433 -0.098				Vel = 2.55
	0.0 -16.17						8.916			K Factor = -5.42
17 to 37	16.17 16.17	1.38 120.0 0.0231	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	210.400 6.000 216.400	8.581 0.0 4.999				Vel = 3.47
37 to 38	0.0 16.17	1.61 120.0 0.0109	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	13.580 -0.433 0.098				Vel = 2.55
	0.0 16.17						13.245			K Factor = 4.44
19 to 20	-15.34 -15.34	1.61 120.0 -0.0099	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	10.000 8.000 18.000	5.191 3.465 -0.178				Vel = 2.42
	0.0 -15.34						8.478			K Factor = -5.27
19 to 39	15.34 15.34	1.38 120.0 0.0209	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	210.400 6.000 216.400	5.191 0.0 4.532				Vel = 3.29

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 10  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa  Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv. Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
39 to 40	0.0 15.34	1.61 120.0 0.0099	1T 8.0 0.0 0.0	10.000 8.000 18.000	9.723 3.465 0.178		Vel = 2.42		
	0.0 15.34				13.366		K Factor = 4.20		
21 to 22	-14.79 -14.79	1.61 120.0 -0.0093	1T 8.0 0.0 0.0	10.000 8.000 18.000	5.853 3.465 -0.167		Vel = 2.33		
	0.0 -14.79				9.151		K Factor = -4.89		
21 to 41	14.79 14.79	1.38 120.0 0.0196	1T 6.0 0.0 0.0	210.400 6.000 216.400	5.853 0.0 4.240		Vel = 3.17		
41 to 42	0.0 14.79	1.61 120.0 0.0093	1T 8.0 0.0 0.0	10.000 8.000 18.000	10.093 4.331 0.167		Vel = 2.33		
	0.0 14.79				14.591		K Factor = 3.87		
23 to 24	-15.10 -15.1	1.61 120.0 -0.0096	1T 8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	9.885 0.433 -0.086		Vel = 2.38		
	0.0 -15.10				10.232		K Factor = -4.72		
23 to 43	15.10 15.1	1.38 120.0 0.0203	1T 6.0 0.0 0.0	210.400 6.000 216.400	9.885 0.0 4.401		Vel = 3.24		
43 to 44	0.0 15.1	1.61 120.0 0.0096	1T 8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	14.286 1.949 0.086		Vel = 2.38		
	0.0 15.10				16.321		K Factor = 3.74		
25 to 26	-15.56 -15.56	1.61 120.0 -0.0101	1T 8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	11.660 0.433 -0.091		Vel = 2.45		
	0.0 -15.56				12.002		K Factor = -4.49		
25 to 45	15.56 15.56	1.38 120.0 0.0215	1T 6.0 0.0 0.0	210.400 6.000 216.400	11.660 0.0 4.657		Vel = 3.34		
45 to 46	0.0 15.56	1.61 120.0 0.0101	1T 8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	16.317 3.032 0.091		Vel = 2.45		
	0.0 15.56				19.440		K Factor = 3.53		
27 to 28	-16.49 -16.49	1.61 120.0 -0.0112	1T 8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	14.408 0.433 -0.101		Vel = 2.60		

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 11  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
	0.0 -16.49					14.740			K Factor = -4.30	
27 to 47	16.49	1.38 120.0	1T	6.0 0.0	210.400 6.000	14.408 0.0				Vel = 3.54
47 to 48	16.49	0.0240		0.0	216.400	5.184				Vel = 2.60
	0.0 16.49					20.127			K Factor = 3.68	
29 to 30	-19.13	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0	1.000 8.000	18.172 13.426				Vel = 3.01
	0.0 -19.13					31.464			K Factor = -3.41	
29 to 49	19.13	1.38 120.0	1T	6.0 0.0	210.400 6.000	18.172 0.0				Vel = 4.10
49 to 50	19.13	0.0315		0.0	216.400	6.819				Vel = 3.01
	0.0 19.13					24.258			K Factor = 3.88	
12 to 14	53.07	2.157 120.0		0.0 0.0	14.000 0.0	14.385 -3.681				Vel = 4.66
14 to 16	53.07	0.0236		0.0	14.000	0.330				Vel = 8.60
14 to 16	44.84	2.157 120.0		0.0 0.0	12.300 0.0	11.034 -2.599				Vel = 9.88
16 to 18	97.91	0.0735		0.0	12.300	0.904				Vel = 8.46
16 to 18	14.67	2.157 120.0		0.0 0.0	11.500 0.0	9.339 -1.516				Vel = 9.88
18 to 20	112.58	0.0950		0.0	11.500	1.093				Vel = 8.46
18 to 20	-16.17	2.157 120.0		0.0 0.0	6.000 0.0	8.916 -0.866				Vel = 8.46
20 to 22	96.41	0.0713		0.0	6.000	0.428				Vel = 7.12
20 to 22	-15.34	2.157 120.0		0.0 0.0	13.000 0.0	8.478 0.0				Vel = 7.12
22 to 24	81.07	0.0518		0.0	13.000	0.673				Vel = 7.12
22 to 24	-14.79	2.157 120.0		0.0 0.0	6.000 0.0	9.151 0.866				Vel = 5.82
24 to 26	66.28	0.0358		0.0	6.000	0.215				Vel = 5.82
24 to 26	-15.10	2.157 120.0		0.0 0.0	11.500 0.0	10.232 1.516				Vel = 4.49
26 to 28	51.18	0.0221		0.0	11.500	0.254				Vel = 4.49
26 to 28	-15.56	2.157 120.0		0.0 0.0	12.300 0.0	12.002 2.599				Vel = 3.13
28	35.62	0.0113		0.0	12.300	0.139				Vel = 3.13

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 12  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa  Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
28	-16.49	2.157		0.0	14.000	14.740				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	16.674				
30	19.13	0.0036		0.0	14.000	0.050		Vel = 1.68		
	0.0									
	19.13					31.464		K Factor = 3.41		
32	24.65	2.635		0.0	14.000	17.951				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	-2.599				
34	24.65	0.0021		0.0	14.000	0.030		Vel = 1.45		
34	23.25	2.635		0.0	12.300	15.382				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	-1.516				
36	47.9	0.0074		0.0	12.300	0.091		Vel = 2.82		
36	18.27	2.635		0.0	11.500	13.957				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	-0.866				
38	66.17	0.0134		0.0	11.500	0.154		Vel = 3.89		
38	16.17	2.635		0.0	6.000	13.245				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
40	82.34	0.0202		0.0	6.000	0.121		Vel = 4.84		
40	15.34	2.635		0.0	13.000	13.366				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.866				
42	97.68	0.0276		0.0	13.000	0.359		Vel = 5.75		
42	14.79	2.635		0.0	6.000	14.591				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	1.516				
44	112.47	0.0357		0.0	6.000	0.214		Vel = 6.62		
44	15.10	2.635		0.0	11.500	16.321				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	2.599				
46	127.57	0.0452		0.0	11.500	0.520		Vel = 7.51		
46	15.56	2.635		0.0	12.300	19.440				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
48	143.13	0.0559		0.0	12.300	0.687		Vel = 8.42		
48	16.49	2.635	1T	16.474	9.500	20.127				
to		120.0		0.0	16.474	2.382				
51	159.62	0.0684		0.0	25.974	1.777		Vel = 9.39		
	0.0									
	159.62					24.286		K Factor = 32.39		
50	19.13	2.635	1T	16.474	4.500	24.258				
to		120.0		0.0	16.474	0.0				
51	19.13	0.0013		0.0	20.974	0.028		Vel = 1.13		
51	159.62	2.635	2E	16.474	13.000	24.286				
to		120.0		0.0	16.474	0.0				
52	178.75	0.0844		0.0	29.474	2.487		Vel = 10.52		
52	0.0	2.635	2E	16.474	6.000	26.773				
to		120.0		0.0	16.474	1.299				
53	178.75	0.0844		0.0	22.474	1.896		Vel = 10.52		
53	0.0	3.26	2E	18.815	42.000	29.968				
to		120.0		0.0	18.815	18.060				
54	178.75	0.0299		0.0	60.815	1.820		Vel = 6.87		
54	0.0	3.26	2E	18.815	15.000	49.848				
to		120.0		0.0	18.815	0.0				
55	178.75	0.0299		0.0	33.815	1.011		Vel = 6.87		

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Page 13  
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Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa  Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
55	0.0	3.26	1T	20.159	6.000	50.859				
to		120.0		0.0	20.159	0.476				
56	178.75	0.0299		0.0	26.159	0.783		Vel = 6.87		
56	0.0	3.26	1T	20.159	5.000	52.118				
to		120.0	1E	9.408	29.567	-1.732				
TOR	178.75	0.0299		0.0	34.567	1.034		Vel = 6.87		
TOR	0.0	3.26	1E	9.408	7.000	51.420				
to		120.0	1Fsp	0.0	24.192	7.851		* Fixed loss = 3		
BOR	178.75	0.0299	1G	1.344	31.192	0.933		Vel = 6.87		
			1Avk	13.44						
BOR	100.00	6.357	3E	52.808	6.000	60.204		Qa = 100		
to		120.0	1T	37.72	90.528	0.0				
100	278.75	0.0026		0.0	96.528	0.254		Vel = 2.82		
100	0.0	6.16	4L	51.645	10.000	60.458				
to		140.0		0.0	51.645	0.0				
101	278.75	0.0023		0.0	61.645	0.142		Vel = 3.00		
101	0.0	6.16	6L	77.467	30.000	60.600				
to		140.0		0.0	77.467	0.0				
102	278.75	0.0023		0.0	107.467	0.248		Vel = 3.00		
102	0.0	6.16	2E	40.168	6.000	60.848				
to		140.0		0.0	40.168	7.000		* Fixed loss = 7		
103	278.75	0.0023		0.0	46.168	0.107		Vel = 3.00		
103	0.0	6.16	1G	4.304	30.000	67.955				
to		140.0	2L	25.822	73.163	0.0				
104	278.75	0.0023	1T	43.037	103.163	0.238		Vel = 3.00		
104	0.0	8.27	2L	41.12	260.000	68.193				
to		140.0	1G	6.326	102.800	0.0				
105	278.75	0.0005	1T	55.354	362.800	0.199		Vel = 1.66		
	0.0									
	278.75					68.392		K Factor = 33.71		





# Fire Hydrant Flow & Pressure Test

Date of test: 3/8/2010 Time of test: 4:40 PM  
 Hydrant Site ID#: 47 Class \_\_\_\_\_ Elev. @ Hydrant: 330.57  
 Street Address Adjacent to Hydrant: Campus Way  
 Number of ports flowed: 1

Static:  
 Residual:  
 Pitot:  
 Nozzle Coefficient:  
 Diameter:  
 This hydrant is flowing:  
 Projected available hydrant flow @ 20psi:  
 2nd Static: ( with handheld pitot gauge )  
 2nd Residual:  
 The main can be expected to flow about:

150	psi before flowing
	psi while flowing
50	pitot gauge reading
0.9	(Note 3)
2.5	size of opening tested
1186.48	GPM from the test outlet
	GPM (Note 1)
	secondary psi before flowing
	secondary psi while flowing
	GPM

Number of Tanks in System: 2  
 Tank No. 1: N/A  
 Tank No. 2: N/A  
 Water Main Size: 12"

Pumps:

### Notes:

1. Projected available flows calculated at 20 psi residual, or 1/2 the static pressure for low pressure hydrants having static pressures of less than 40 psi.
2. This calculator is based on established Hazen-Williams formulas and is provided for convenience and estimation purposes only. The author and Cannon express no warranty for its suitability for any particular purpose.
3. Since hydrant nozzles typically don't produce perfect discharge columns, this is a correction factor which is often used to compensate for errant pitot readings. Hydrant manufacturers should be able to provide coefficients for their products. For hydrants where the coefficient is unknown, we use .95 or .9 depending upon how uniform the discharge stream looks when the hydrant is opened.

### Field Notes:





## Fire Hydrant Flow & Pressure Test

Date of test: 3/8/2010

Time of test: 5:00 PM

Hydrant Site ID#: 51

Class \_\_\_\_\_

Elev. @ Hydrant: 346.00

Street Address Adjacent to Hydrant: Adjacent to new pool

Number of ports flowed: 1

Static:

Residual:

Pitot:

Nozzle Coefficient:

Diameter:

This hydrant is flowing:

Projected available hydrant flow @ 20psi:

2nd Static: ( with handheld pitot gauge )

2nd Residual:

The main can be expected to flow about:

140	<i>psi before flowing</i>
132	<i>psi while flowing</i>
	<i>pitot gauge reading</i>
0.9	<i>(Note 3)</i>
2.5	<i>size of opening tested</i>
0.00	<i>GPM from the test outlet</i>
	<i>GPM (Note 1)</i>
	<i>secondary psi before flowing</i>
	<i>secondary psi while flowing</i>
	<i>GPM</i>

# of Tanks in System: 2

Pumps:

Tank No. 1: N/A

Tank No. 2: N/A

Water Main Size: 12"

**Notes:**

**Field Notes:**

1. Projected available flows calculated at 20 psi residual, or 1/2 the static pressure for low pressure hydrants having static pressures of less than 40 psi.

2. This calculator is based on established Hazen-Williams formulas and is provided for convenience and estimation purposes only. The author and Cannon express no warranty for its suitability for any particular purpose.

3. Since hydrant nozzles typically don't produce perfect discharge columns, this is a correction factor which is often used to compensate for errant pitot readings. Hydrant manufacturers should be able to provide coefficients for their products. For hydrants where the coefficient is unknown, we use .95 or .9 depending upon how uniform the discharge stream looks when the hydrant is

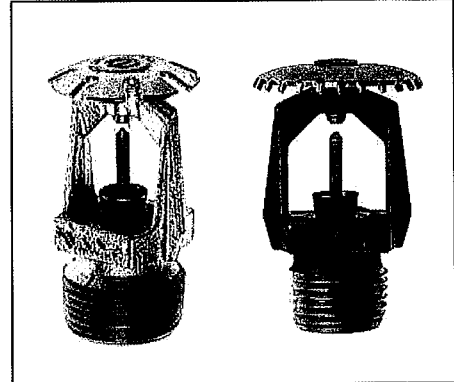


	<b>TECHNICAL DATA</b>	<b>MICROFAST® AND MicrofastHP® QUICK RESPONSE UPRIGHT AND CONVENTIONAL SPRINKLERS</b>
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**The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058**  
**Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services: 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-818-1680 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com**

**1. DESCRIPTION**

Viking Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Upright and Conventional (Old Style) Sprinklers are small, thermosensitive, glass-bulb spray sprinklers available in several different finishes, temperature ratings, and K-Factors to meet design requirements. The special Polyester and Teflon® coatings can be used in decorative applications where colors are desired. In addition, these coatings have been investigated for installation in corrosive atmospheres and are cULus listed as corrosion resistant as indicated in the Approval Chart. (Note: FM Global has no approval classification for Teflon® and Polyester coatings as corrosion resistant.)



**2. LISTINGS AND APPROVALS**

**cULus Listed:** Category VNIV  
**FM Approved:** Class 2020  
**NYC Approved:** Calendar Number 219-76-SA and MEA 89-92-E, Volume 16  
**ABS Certified:** Certificate 04-HS407984B-PDA  
**VdS Approved:** Certificate G4060054, G4060056, G4880046, G4930039, and G4980020  
**LPC Approved:** Ref. No. 096e/03, TE30401, and TE30872  
**CE Certified:** Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0832-CPD-2001, 0832-CPD-2003, 0786-CPD-40131, and 0786-CPD-40171  
**MED Certified:** Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0832-MED-1003 and 0832-MED-1008  
**NOTE:** Other International approval certificates are available upon request.  
Refer to the Approval Chart on page 51d and Design Criteria on page 51e for cULus and FM approval requirements that must be followed.

**3. TECHNICAL DATA**

**Specifications:**  
Available since 1987.  
Minimum Operating Pressure: 7 psi (0.5 bar)\*  
**Maximum Working Pressure: Sprinklers VK315 and VK340 are rated for use with water working pressures ranging from the minimum 7 psi (0.5 bar) up to 250 psi (17 bar) for high-pressure systems. High-pressure (HP) sprinklers can be identified by locating "250" stamped on the deflector. All other Part Nos. not mentioned above are rated to a maximum 175 psi (12 bar) wwp.**

Viking Technical Data may be found on  
The Viking Corporation's Web site at  
<http://www.vikinggroupinc.com>.  
The Web site may include a more recent  
edition of this Technical Data Page.

Factory tested hydrostatically to 500 psi (34.5 bar)  
Testing: U.S.A. Patent No. 4,831,870  
Thread size: Refer to the Approval Chart  
Nominal K-Factor: Refer to the Approval Chart  
Glass-bulb fluid temperature rated to -65 °F (-55 °C)  
Overall Length: Refer to the Approval Chart

\*cULus Listing, FM Approval, and NFPA 13 installs require a minimum of 7 psi (0.5 bar). The minimum operating pressure for LPCB and CE Approvals ONLY is 5 psi (0.35 bar).

**Material Standards:**  
Frame Casting: Brass UNS-C84400 or QM Brass for Sprinklers 06661B, 06766B, 07060, and 12281. Brass UNS-C84400 for all other sprinklers.  
Deflector: Brass UNS-C23000 or Copper UNS-C19500 for Sprinklers 06661B and 12281. Copper UNS-C19500 for Sprinklers 06665B, 06764B, and 07060. Brass UNS-C26000 for all other Sprinklers.  
Bushing (for Sprinklers 06719B, 06717B, and 12286): Brass UNS-C36000  
Bulb: Glass, nominal 3 mm diameter  
Belleville Spring Sealing Assembly: Nickel Alloy, coated on both sides with Teflon Tape  
Screw: Brass UNS-C36000



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Pip Cap and Insert Assembly: Copper UNS-C11000 and Stainless Steel UNS-S30400

Pip Cap Attachment (for Sprinklers VK300 and VK325): Brass UNS-C36000

For Teflon® Coated Sprinklers: Belleville Spring-Exposed, Screw-Nickel Plated, Pip Cap-Teflon® Coated

For Polyester Coated Sprinklers: Belleville Spring-Exposed

**Ordering Information:** (Also refer to the current Viking price list.)

Order Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Upright and Conventional Sprinklers by first adding the appropriate suffix for the sprinkler finish and then the appropriate suffix for the temperature rating to the sprinkler base part number.

Finish Suffix: Brass = A, Chrome-Enloy® = F, White Polyester = M-/W, Black Polyester = M-/B, and Black Teflon® = N

Temperature Suffix (°F/°C): 135°/57° = A, 155°/68° = B, 175°/79° = D, 200°/93° = E, and 286°/141° = G

For example, sprinkler VK300 with a 1/2" thread, Brass finish and a 155 °F/68 °C temperature rating = Part No. 06661BAB

**Available Finishes And Temperature Ratings:**

Refer to Table 1

**Accessories:** (Also refer to the "Sprinkler Accessories" section of the Viking data book.)

**Sprinkler Wrenches:**

Standard Wrench: Part No. 10896W/B (available since 2000)

**Sprinkler Cabinets:**

A. Six-head capacity: Part No. 01724A (available since 1971)

B. Twelve-head capacity: Part No. 01725A (available since 1971)

**4. INSTALLATION**

Refer to appropriate NFPA Installation Standards.

**5. OPERATION**

During fire conditions, the heat-sensitive liquid in the glass bulb expands, causing the glass to shatter, releasing the pip cap and sealing spring assembly. Water flowing through the sprinkler orifice strikes the sprinkler deflector, forming a uniform spray pattern to extinguish or control the fire.

**6. INSPECTIONS, TESTS AND MAINTENANCE**

Refer to NFPA 25 for Inspection, Testing and Maintenance requirements.

**7. AVAILABILITY**

The Viking Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Upright and Conventional Sprinklers are available through a network of domestic and international distributors. See The Viking Corporation web site for the closest distributor or contact The Viking Corporation.

**8. GUARANTEE**

For details of warranty, refer to Viking's current list price schedule or contact Viking directly.



TECHNICAL DATA

**MICROFAST® AND  
MicrofastHP® QUICK  
RESPONSE UPRIGHT AND  
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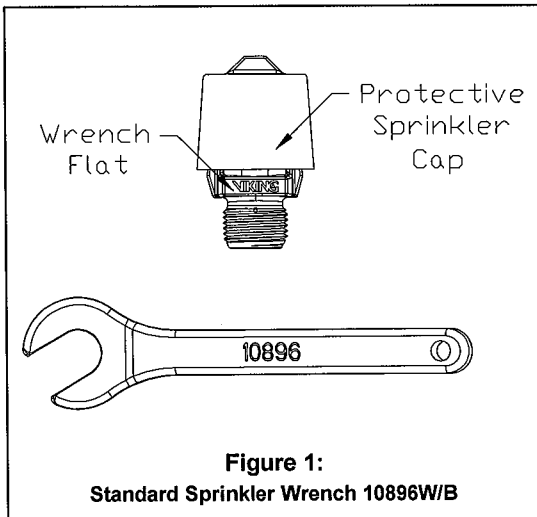
**TABLE 1: AVAILABLE SPRINKLER TEMPERATURE RATINGS AND FINISHES**

Sprinkler Temperature Classification	Sprinkler Nominal Temperature Rating <sup>1</sup>	Maximum Ambient Ceiling Temperature <sup>2</sup>	Bulb Color
Ordinary	135 °F (57 °C)	100 °F (38 °C)	Orange
Ordinary	155 °F (68 °C)	100 °F (38 °C)	Red
Intermediate	175 °F (79 °C)	150 °F (65 °C)	Yellow
Intermediate	200 °F (93 °C)	150 °F (65 °C)	Green
High	286 °F (141 °C)	225 °F (107 °C)	Blue

**Sprinkler Finishes:** Brass, Chrome-Enloy®, White Polyester, Black Polyester, and Black Teflon®  
**Corrosion-Resistant Coatings<sup>4</sup>:** White Polyester, Black Polyester, and Black Teflon®

**Footnotes**

- <sup>1</sup> The sprinkler temperature rating is stamped on the deflector.
- <sup>2</sup> Based on NFPA-13. Other limits may apply, depending on fire loading, sprinkler location, and other requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction. Refer to specific installation standards.
- <sup>3</sup> The corrosion-resistant coatings have passed the standard corrosion test required by the approving agencies indicated on pages 51d. These tests cannot and do not represent all possible corrosive environments. Prior to installation, verify through the end-user that the coatings are compatible with or suitable for the proposed environment. For automatic sprinklers, the coatings indicated are applied to the exposed exterior surfaces only. Note that the spring is exposed on sprinklers with Polyester and Teflon® coatings.





TECHNICAL DATA

**MICROFAST® AND  
MicrofastHP® QUICK  
RESPONSE UPRIGHT AND  
CONVENTIONAL SPRINKLERS**

The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058

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Approval Chart

Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response  
Upright and Conventional Sprinklers  
Maximum 250 PSI (17 bar) WWP



Base Part Number <sup>1</sup>	SIN	Thread Size		Nominal K-Factor		Overall Length		Listings and Approvals <sup>3</sup> (Refer also to Design Criteria on page 51e.)						
		NPT	BSP	U.S.	metric <sup>2</sup>	Inches	mm	cULus <sup>4</sup>	FM <sup>7</sup>	NYC <sup>8</sup>	VdS	LPCB	CE	⊗
<b>Upright-Standard Orifice</b>														
06661B	VK300	1/2"	15 mm	5.6	80.6	2-3/16	56	A2	A3	A2	--	--	--	--
07060	VK345	--	15 mm	5.6	80.6	2-3/16	56	--	A3	--	A3	A3	B3 <sup>12</sup>	B3 <sup>14</sup>
<b>Conventional-Standard Orifice</b>														
06766B	VK310	1/2"	15 mm	5.6	80.6	2-3/16	56	A3	--	A3	--	A3	B3 <sup>12</sup>	B3 <sup>14</sup>
<b>Upright-Large Orifice</b>														
06665B	VK350	3/4"	--	8.0	115.2	2-5/16	59	A2	A3	A2	--	A3	B3 <sup>12</sup>	--
14817	VK350	--	20 mm	8.0	115.2	2-5/16	59	A2	A3	A2	--	A3	B3 <sup>12</sup>	--
06764B	VK350	1/2"	15 mm	8.0	115.2	2-5/16	59	A2	--	A2	--	--	--	--
<b>Conventional-Large Orifice</b>														
06768B	VK354	3/4"	20 mm	8.0	115.2	2-5/16	59	A2	--	A3	--	A3	B3 <sup>12</sup>	--
<b>Upright-Small Orifice<sup>10</sup></b>														
06717B <sup>11</sup>	VK325	1/2"	15 mm	2.8	40.3	2-3/16	56	A2	A1	A2	--	--	--	--
06719B <sup>11</sup>	VK327	1/2"	15 mm	4.2	60.0	2-3/16	56	A2	--	A2	--	--	--	--
06931B <sup>11</sup>	VK327	--	10 mm	4.2	60.0	2-3/16	56	--	--	--	A3	--	E1 <sup>13</sup>	--

Maximum 250 PSI (17 bar) WWP

Upright-Standard Orifice

Base Part Number <sup>1</sup>	SIN	Thread Size		Nominal K-Factor		Overall Length		Listings and Approvals <sup>3</sup> (Refer also to Design Criteria on page 51e.)						
		NPT	BSP	U.S.	metric <sup>2</sup>	Inches	mm	cULus <sup>4</sup>	FM	NYC <sup>8</sup>	VdS	LPCB	CE	⊗
12281	VK315	1/2"	15 mm	5.6	80.6	2-3/16	56	A2	--	A2	--	--	--	--
<b>Upright-Small Orifice<sup>10</sup></b>														
12286 <sup>11</sup>	VK340	1/2"	15 mm	2.8	40.3	2-3/16	56	A2	--	A2	--	--	--	--

Approved Temperature Ratings

- A - 135 °F (57 °C), 155 °F (68 °C), 175 °F (79 °C), 200 °F (93 °C), and 286 °F (141 °C)
- B - 155 °F (68 °C), 175 °F (79 °C), 200 °F (93 °C), and 286 °F (141 °C)
- C - 135 °F (57 °C), 155 °F (68 °C), 175 °F (79 °C), and 286 °F (141 °C)
- D - 135 °F (57 °C), 155 °F (68 °C), and 175 °F (79 °C)
- E - 155 °F (68 °C)

Approved Finishes

- 1 - Brass and Chrome-Enloy®
- 2 - Brass, Chrome-Enloy®, White Polyester<sup>5,6</sup>, Black Polyester<sup>5,6</sup>, and Black Teflon<sup>5,6</sup>
- 3 - Brass, Chrome-Enloy®, White Polyester<sup>5,6</sup>, and Black Polyester<sup>5,6</sup>

Footnotes

- <sup>1</sup> Base part number is shown. For complete part number, refer to Viking's current price schedule.
- <sup>2</sup> Metric K-factor measurement shown is when pressure is measured in Bar. When pressure is measured in kPa, divide the metric K-factor shown by 10.0.
- <sup>3</sup> This table shows the listings and approvals available at the time of printing. Check with the manufacturer for any additional approvals.
- <sup>4</sup> Listed by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. for use in the U.S. and Canada.
- <sup>5</sup> cULus Listed as corrosion resistant.
- <sup>6</sup> Other colors are available on request with the same Listings and Approvals as the standard colors.
- <sup>7</sup> For installation in accordance with the latest applicable FM Loss Prevention Data Sheets and Technical Advisory Bulletins.
- <sup>8</sup> Accepted for use, City of New York Board of Standards and Appeals, Calendar Number 219-76-SA.
- <sup>9</sup> Accepted for use, City of New York Department of Buildings, MEA 89-92-E, Vol. 16.
- <sup>10</sup> Listings and Approvals limited to Light Hazard Occupancies where allowed by the installation standards being applied, with hydraulically calculated wet systems only. **Exception:** 4.2K sprinklers may be installed on hydraulically calculated dry pipe systems where piping is corrosion resistant or internally galvanized.
- <sup>11</sup> The sprinkler orifice is bushed.
- <sup>12</sup> CE Certified, Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0832-CPD-2001 and 0832-CPD-2003.
- <sup>13</sup> CE Certified, Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0786-CPD-40131.
- <sup>14</sup> ⊗ MED Certified, Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0832-MED-1003 and 0832-MED-1008.

	<p>TECHNICAL DATA</p>	<p><b>MICROFAST® AND MicrofastHP® QUICK RESPONSE UPRIGHT AND CONVENTIONAL SPRINKLERS</b></p>
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**DESIGN CRITERIA**  
*(New refer to the Approval Chart on page 51d)*

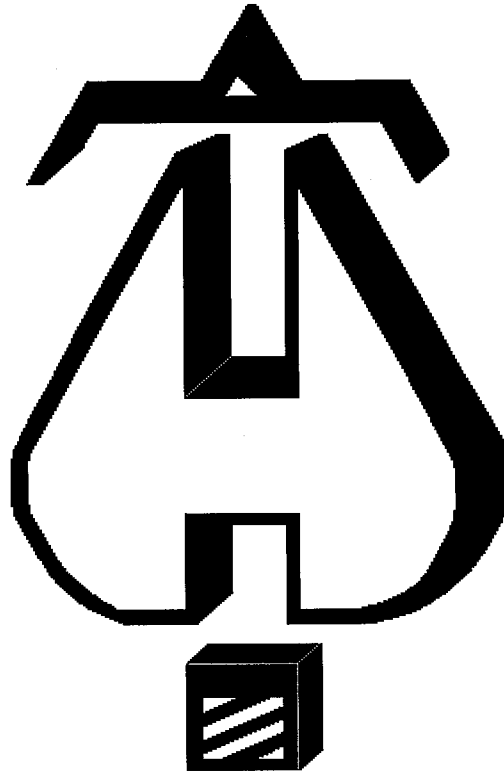
**cULus Listing Requirements:**  
 Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Upright and Conventional Sprinklers are cULus Listed as indicated in the Approval Chart for installation in accordance with the latest edition of NFPA 13 for standard spray sprinklers, or old style (conventional) sprinklers.

- Designed for use in Light and Ordinary Hazard occupancies (*exception: small orifice sprinklers are limited to Light Hazard where allowed by the installation standards being applied, with hydraulically calculated wet systems only*).
- The sprinkler installation rules contained in NFPA 13 for standard spray upright sprinklers must be followed. For conventional sprinklers, refer to the installation guidelines for old style (conventional) sprinklers.

**FM Approval Requirements:**  
 For installation in accordance with the latest applicable FM Loss Prevention Data Sheets (including 2-8N) and Technical Advisory Bulletins. FM Global Loss Prevention Data Sheets and Technical Advisory Bulletins contain guidelines relating to, but not limited to: minimum water supply requirements, hydraulic design, ceiling slope and obstructions, minimum and maximum allowable spacing, and deflector distance below the ceiling.  
**NOTE: The FM installation guidelines may differ from cULus and/or NFPA criteria.**

**IMPORTANT: Always refer to Bulletin Form No. F\_091699 - Care and Handling of Sprinklers. Also refer to page QR1-3 for general care, installation, and maintenance information. Viking sprinklers are to be installed in accordance with the latest edition of Viking technical data, the appropriate standards of NFPA, FM Global, LPCB, APSAD, VdS or other similar organizations, and also with the provisions of governmental codes, ordinances, and standards, whenever applicable.**





... Fire Protection by Computer Design

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
4233 W. SIERRA MADRE AVE.  
SUITE #108  
FRESNO, CA. 93722  
(559) 275-3795



Job Name : CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407  
Building : EXIST GYM, HIGH ROOF, REMOTE AREA E2  
Location : RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION  
System : E-HIGH  
Contract : FD-1075  
Data File : CALPOLY-E2HIGHROOF.WXF

Hydraulic Design Information Sheet

Name - CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407 Date - 11-04-2010  
 Location - RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION  
 Building - EXIST GYM, HIGH ROOF, REMOTE AREA E2 System No. - E-HIGH  
 Contractor - COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC. Contract No. - FD-1075  
 Calculated By - KO Drawing No. - FP-E2 PIPE  
 Construction: ( ) Combustible (X) Non-Combustible Ceiling Height - 78'  
 Occupancy - LIGHT HAZARD

S (X) NFPA 13 (X) Lt. Haz. Ord.Haz.Gp. ( ) 1 ( ) 2 ( ) 3 ( ) Ex.Haz.  
 Y ( ) NFPA 231 ( ) NFPA 231C ( ) Figure Curve

S	Other			
T	Specific Ruling	Made By		Date
M	Area of Sprinkler Operation - 1500	System Type	Sprinkler/Nozzle	
	Density - .10	(X) Wet	Make VIKING	
D	Area Per Sprinkler - 163	( ) Dry	Model UPRIGHT	
E	Elevation at Highest Outlet - 78'	( ) Deluge	Size 1/2"	
S	Hose Allowance - Inside - 100	( ) Preaction	K-Factor 5.6	
I	Rack Sprinkler Allowance - NA	( ) Other	Temp.Rat.155	
G	Hose Allowance - Outside - 0			

Note NFPA #13 2002, 11.2.3.2

Calculation Flow Required - 296.40 Press Required - 69.33 BOR  
 Summary C-Factor Used: 120 Overhead 140 Underground

W	Water Flow Test:	Pump Data:	Tank or Reservoir:
A	Date of Test - 3-8-2010		Cap. -
T	Time of Test - 3 PM	Rated Cap.-	Elev.-
E	Static Press - 140	@ Press -	
R	Residual Press - 132	Elev. -	Well
	Flow - 1186		Proof Flow
S	Elevation - 0		

U  
 P Location - FIRE HYDRANT #47 & #51 ON SITE  
 P  
 L Source of Information - FLOW TEST PERFORMED ON SITE 3-8-2010  
 Y BY CANNON ENGINEERING , RESULTS ATTACHED TO CALCS.

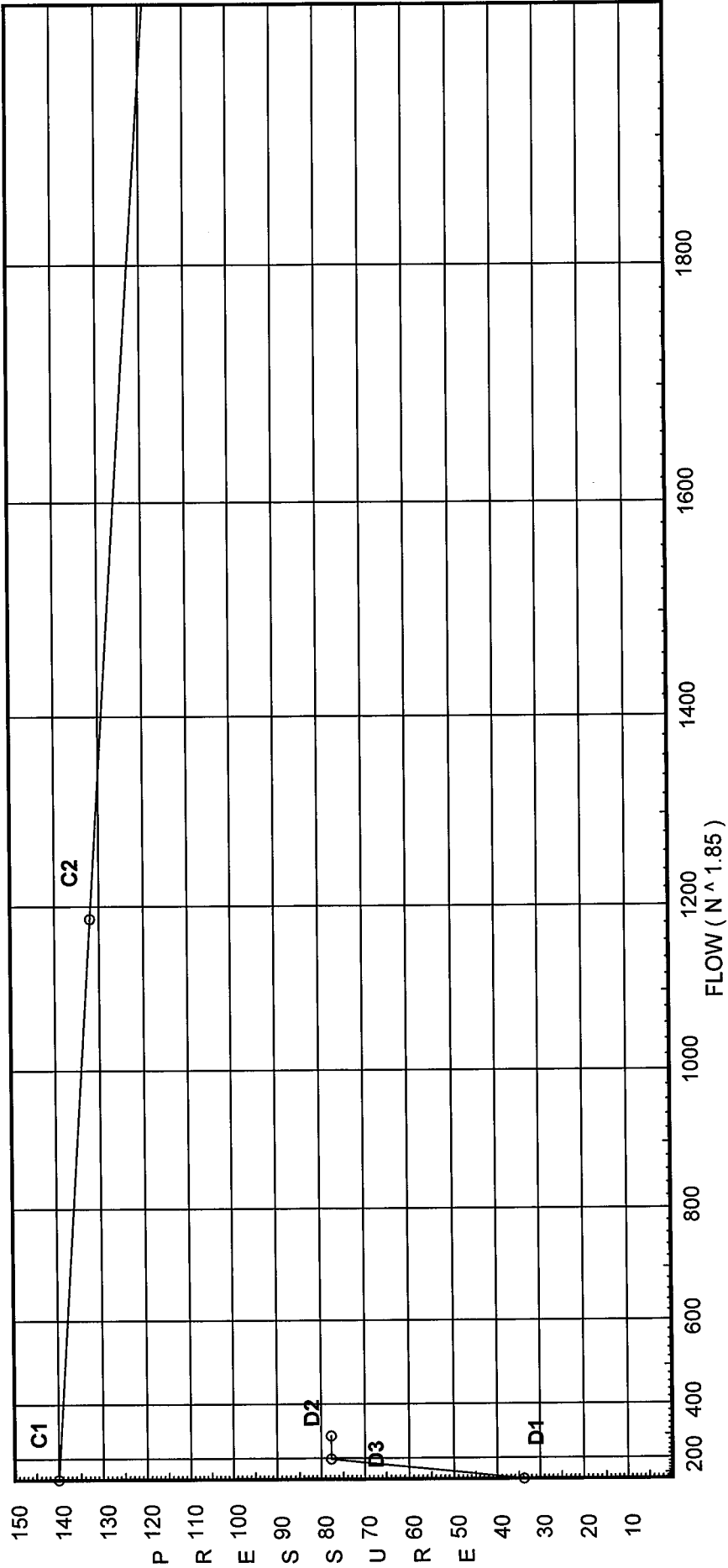
C	Commodity	Class	Location
O	Storage Ht.	Area	Aisle W.
M	Storage Method:	%	Palletized % Rack
	( ) Single Row	( ) Conven. Pallet	( ) Auto. Storage ( ) Encap.
S	( ) Double Row	( ) Slave Pallet	( ) Solid Shelf ( ) Non
T	( ) Mult. Row		( ) Open Shelf
O			
R	Flue Spacing	Clearance:Storage to Ceiling	
A	Longitudinal	Transverse	
G			
E	Horizontal Barriers Provided:		

# Water Supply Curve (C)

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

City Water Supply:  
 C1 - Static Pressure : 140  
 C2 - Residual Pressure: 132  
 C2 - Residual Flow : 1186

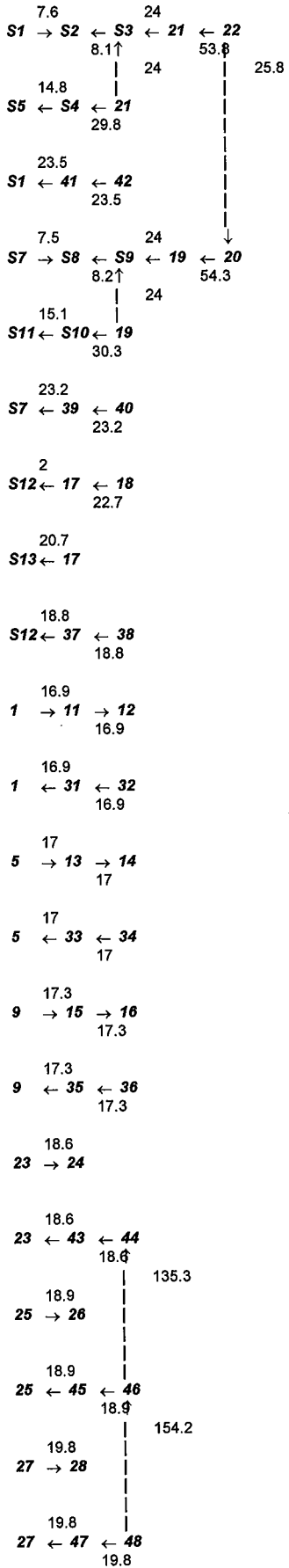
Demand:  
 D1 - Elevation : 33.782  
 D2 - System Flow : 196.403  
 D2 - System Pressure : 77.663  
 Hose ( Adj City ) : 100  
 Hose ( Demand ) : 296.403  
 D3 - System Demand : 61.722  
 Safety Margin



# Flow Diagram

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 3  
Date 11-04-2010



# Flow Diagram

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 4  
Date 11-04-2010

22.4  
29 → 30

22.4  
29 ← 49 ← 50  
22.4

16.9      51.2      25.8      61.1      22.4  
12 → 14 → 16 → 18 → 20 ← 22 ← 24 ← 26 ← 28 ← 30  
33.9      28.5      79.6      42.2

16.9      51.2      93.3      135.3      174  
32 ← 34 ← 36 ← 38 ← 40 ← 42 ← 44 ← 46 ← 48 ← 51  
33.9      70.1      116.8      154.2

22.4      196.4      196.4      196.4      296.4      296.4      296.4  
50 ← 51 ← 52 ← 53 ← 54 ← 55 ← 56 ← TOR ← BOR ← 100 ← 101 ← 102 ← 103 ← 104 ← 105  
196.4      196.4      196.4      196.4      296.4      296.4      296.4

# Fittings Used Summary

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Fitting Legend Abbrev.	Name	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	2 1/2	3	3 1/2	4	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	24	
Avk	Alarm Viking J1																					
E	NFPA 13 90' Standard Elbow	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	12	14	18	22	27	35	40	45	50	61	
Fsp	Flow Switch Potter VSR	Fitting generates a Fixed Loss Based on Flow																				
G	NFPA 13 Gate Valve	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	11	13	
L	NFPA 13 Long Turn Elbow	0.5	1	2	2	2	3	4	5	5	6	8	9	13	16	18	24	27	30	34	40	
T	NFPA 13 90' Flow thru Tee	3	4	5	6	8	10	12	15	17	20	25	30	35	50	60	71	81	91	101	121	

## Units Summary

- Diameter Units Inches
- Length Units Feet
- Flow Units US Gallons per Minute
- Pressure Units Pounds per Square Inch

# Pressure / Flow Summary - STANDARD

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 6  
 Date 11-04-2010

Node No.	Elevation	K-Fact	Pt Actual	Pn	Flow Actual	Density	Area	Press Req.
S1	78.0	5.6	8.03	na	15.87	0.1	91	7.0
S2	78.0	5.6	7.95	na	15.79	0.1	91	7.0
S3	78.0	5.6	8.04	na	15.88	0.1	91	7.0
21	78.0		8.42	na				
S5	78.0	5.6	7.0	na	14.82	0.1	91	7.0
S4	78.0	5.6	7.12	na	14.94	0.1	91	7.0
41	78.0		16.61	na				
S7	78.0	5.6	7.91	na	15.75	0.1	91	7.0
S8	78.0	5.6	7.83	na	15.67	0.1	91	7.0
S9	78.0	5.6	7.93	na	15.77	0.1	91	7.0
19	78.0		8.31	na				
S11	78.0	5.6	7.28	na	15.11	0.1	91	7.0
S10	78.0	5.6	7.4	na	15.23	0.1	91	7.0
39	78.0		16.29	na				
S12	69.0	5.6	13.91	na	20.88	0.1	163	7.0
17	69.0		13.91	na				
S13	69.0	5.6	13.66	na	20.7	0.1	163	7.0
37	69.0		20.35	na				
1	51.0		23.44	na				
11	51.0		22.42	na				
31	51.0		28.01	na				
5	59.5		19.73	na				
13	59.5		18.7	na				
33	59.5		24.35	na				
9	65.5		16.29	na				
15	65.5		15.98	na				
35	65.5		21.79	na				
23	69.0		14.56	na				
43	69.0		21.01	na				
25	65.5		16.43	na				
45	65.5		23.1	na				
27	59.5		19.23	na				
47	59.5		26.48	na				
29	51.0		23.02	na				
49	51.0		32.17	na				
12	50.0		22.75	na				
14	58.5		19.03	na				
16	64.5		16.3	na				
18	68.0		14.53	na				
20	70.0		13.62	na				
22	70.0		13.7	na				
24	68.0		14.87	na				
26	64.5		16.74	na				
28	58.5		19.53	na				
32	58.5		24.87	na				
34	64.5		22.29	na				
36	68.0		20.82	na				
38	70.0		20.05	na				
40	70.0		20.14	na				
42	68.0		21.34	na				
44	64.5		23.08	na				
46	58.5		26.26	na				
48	58.5		27.05	na				
50	53.0		31.48	na				
51	53.0		31.52	na				
52	53.0		34.48	na				
53	50.0		38.03	na				
54	8.3		58.26	na				
55	8.3		59.46	na				
56	7.2		60.87	na				
TOR	11.2		60.37	na				
BOR	0.0		69.33	na	100.0			



# Flow Summary - Standard

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 7  
Date 11-04-2010

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Node No.	Elevation	K-Fact	Pt Actual	Pn	Flow Actual	Density	Area	Press Req.
100	0.0		69.62	na				
101	0.0		69.78	na				
102	0.0		70.05	na				
103	0.0		77.17	na				
104	0.0		77.44	na				
105	0.0		77.66	na				

The maximum velocity is 11.55 and it occurs in the pipe between nodes 51 and 52

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 8  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
S1	-7.64	1.38		0.0	14.000	8.029			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
S2	-7.64	-0.0057		0.0	14.000	-0.080			Vel = 1.64	
S2	15.79	1.38		0.0	14.000	7.949			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
S3	8.15	0.0065		0.0	14.000	0.091			Vel = 1.75	
S3	15.88	1.38	1T	6.0	2.000	8.040			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
21	24.03	0.0480		0.0	8.000	0.384			Vel = 5.15	
21	29.75	1.61	1T	8.0	10.000	8.424				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	3.465				
22	53.78	0.1007		0.0	18.000	1.813			Vel = 8.48	
	0.0									
	53.78					13.702			K Factor = 14.53	
S5	14.82	1.38		0.0	6.000	7.000			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
S4	14.82	0.0197		0.0	6.000	0.118			Vel = 3.18	
S4	14.94	1.38	1T	6.0	12.300	7.118			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
21	29.76	0.0714		0.0	18.300	1.306			Vel = 6.38	
	0.0									
	29.76					8.424			K Factor = 10.25	
S1	23.51	1.38	1T	6.0	180.000	8.029				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
41	23.51	0.0462		0.0	186.000	8.585			Vel = 5.04	
41	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	10.000	16.614				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	4.331				
42	23.51	0.0218		0.0	18.000	0.392			Vel = 3.71	
	0.0									
	23.51					21.337			K Factor = 5.09	
S7	-7.46	1.38		0.0	14.000	7.911			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
S8	-7.46	-0.0055		0.0	14.000	-0.077			Vel = 1.60	
S8	15.68	1.38		0.0	14.000	7.834			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
S9	8.22	0.0066		0.0	14.000	0.092			Vel = 1.76	
S9	15.76	1.38	1T	6.0	2.000	7.926			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
19	23.98	0.0479		0.0	8.000	0.383			Vel = 5.14	
19	30.34	1.61	1T	8.0	10.000	8.309				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	3.465				
20	54.32	0.1026		0.0	18.000	1.847			Vel = 8.56	
	0.0									
	54.32					13.621			K Factor = 14.72	
S11	15.11	1.38		0.0	6.000	7.277			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
S10	15.11	0.0203		0.0	6.000	0.122			Vel = 3.24	
S10	15.23	1.38		0.0	12.300	7.399			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
19	30.34	0.0740		0.0	12.300	0.910			Vel = 6.51	

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 9  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa  Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv. Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
	0.0 30.34					8.309		K Factor = 10.53	
S7 to 39	23.21 23.21	1.38 120.0 0.0451	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	180.000 6.000 186.000	7.911 0.0 8.383		Vel = 4.98	
39 to 40	0.0 23.21	1.61 120.0 0.0212	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	10.000 8.000 18.000	16.294 3.465 0.382		Vel = 3.66	
	0.0 23.21					20.141		K Factor = 5.17	
S12 to 17	2.05 2.05	1.38 120.0 0.0005	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	6.000 6.000 12.000	13.908 0.0 0.006		K Factor = 5.60 Vel = 0.44	
17 to 18	20.69 22.74	1.61 120.0 0.0206	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	13.914 0.433 0.185		Vel = 3.58	
	0.0 22.74					14.532		K Factor = 5.97	
S13 to 17	20.70 20.7	1.38 120.0 0.0364	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 6.000 7.000	13.659 0.0 0.255		K Factor = 5.60 Vel = 4.44	
	0.0 20.70					13.914		K Factor = 5.55	
S12 to 37	18.84 18.84	1.38 120.0 0.0306	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	204.400 6.000 210.400	13.908 0.0 6.447		Vel = 4.04	
37 to 38	0.0 18.84	1.61 120.0 0.0144	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	20.355 -0.433 0.130		Vel = 2.97	
	0.0 18.84					20.052		K Factor = 4.21	
1 to 11	-16.93 -16.93	1.38 120.0 -0.0251	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	34.400 6.000 40.400	23.439 0.0 -1.016		Vel = 3.63	
11 to 12	0.0 -16.93	1.61 120.0 -0.0118	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	22.423 0.433 -0.106		Vel = 2.67	
	0.0 -16.93					22.750		K Factor = -3.55	
1 to 31	16.93 16.93	1.38 120.0 0.0251	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	176.000 6.000 182.000	23.439 0.0 4.576		Vel = 3.63	
31 to 32	0.0 16.93	1.61 120.0 0.0118	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	28.015 -3.248 0.106		Vel = 2.67	
	0.0 16.93					24.873		K Factor = 3.39	

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 10  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
5	-17.02	1.38	1T	6.0	34.400	19.728				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
13	-17.02	-0.0254		0.0	40.400	-1.025		Vel = 3.65		
13	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	18.703				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.433				
14	-17.02	-0.0120		0.0	9.000	-0.108		Vel = 2.68		
	0.0									
	-17.02					19.028		K Factor = -3.90		
5	17.02	1.38	1T	6.0	176.000	19.728				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
33	17.02	0.0254		0.0	182.000	4.620		Vel = 3.65		
33	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	24.348				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	-2.166				
34	17.02	0.0120		0.0	9.000	0.108		Vel = 2.68		
	0.0									
	17.02					22.290		K Factor = 3.60		
9	-17.29	1.38	1T	6.0	6.000	16.294				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
15	-17.29	-0.0262		0.0	12.000	-0.314		Vel = 3.71		
15	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	15.980				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.433				
16	-17.29	-0.0123		0.0	9.000	-0.111		Vel = 2.72		
	0.0									
	-17.29					16.302		K Factor = -4.28		
9	17.29	1.38	1T	6.0	204.400	16.294				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
35	17.29	0.0261		0.0	210.400	5.500		Vel = 3.71		
35	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	21.794				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	-1.083				
36	17.29	0.0123		0.0	9.000	0.111		Vel = 2.72		
	0.0									
	17.29					20.822		K Factor = 3.79		
23	-18.55	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	14.562				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.433				
24	-18.55	-0.0140		0.0	9.000	-0.126		Vel = 2.92		
	0.0									
	-18.55					14.869		K Factor = -4.81		
23	18.55	1.38	1T	6.0	210.400	14.562				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
43	18.55	0.0298		0.0	216.400	6.446		Vel = 3.98		
43	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	21.008				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	1.949				
44	18.55	0.0140		0.0	9.000	0.126		Vel = 2.92		
	0.0									
	18.55					23.083		K Factor = 3.86		
25	-18.89	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	16.435				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.433				
26	-18.89	-0.0146		0.0	9.000	-0.131		Vel = 2.98		

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 11  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
	0.0 -18.89					16.737			K Factor = -4.62	
25 to 45	18.89	1.38 120.0 0.0308	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	210.400 6.000 216.400	16.435 0.0 6.664			Vel = 4.05	
45 to 46	0.0 18.89	1.61 120.0 0.0144	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	23.099 3.032 0.130			Vel = 2.98	
	0.0 18.89					26.261			K Factor = 3.69	
27 to 28	-19.76	1.61 120.0 -0.0158	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	19.235 0.433 -0.142			Vel = 3.11	
	0.0 -19.76					19.526			K Factor = -4.47	
27 to 47	19.76	1.38 120.0 0.0335	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	210.400 6.000 216.400	19.235 0.0 7.241			Vel = 4.24	
47 to 48	0.0 19.76	1.61 120.0 0.0158	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	26.476 0.433 0.142			Vel = 3.11	
	0.0 19.76					27.051			K Factor = 3.80	
29 to 30	-22.42	1.61 120.0 -0.0200	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	23.021 13.426 -0.180			Vel = 3.53	
	0.0 -22.42					36.267			K Factor = -3.72	
29 to 49	22.42	1.38 120.0 0.0423	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	210.400 6.000 216.400	23.021 0.0 9.145			Vel = 4.81	
49 to 50	0.0 22.42	1.61 120.0 0.0199	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	32.166 -0.866 0.179			Vel = 3.53	
	0.0 22.42					31.479			K Factor = 4.00	
12 to 14	-16.93	2.157 120.0 -0.0029		0.0 0.0 0.0	14.000 0.0 14.000	22.750 -3.681 -0.041			Vel = 1.49	
14 to 16	-17.01	2.157 120.0 -0.0103		0.0 0.0 0.0	12.300 0.0 12.300	19.028 -2.599 -0.127			Vel = 2.98	
16 to 18	-17.29	2.157 120.0 -0.0221		0.0 0.0 0.0	11.500 0.0 11.500	16.302 -1.516 -0.254			Vel = 4.50	
18 to 20	22.74	2.157 120.0 -0.0075		0.0 0.0 0.0	6.000 0.0 6.000	14.532 -0.866 -0.045			Vel = 2.50	

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 12  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa  Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
20	54.32	2.157		0.0	13.000	13.621				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
22	25.83	0.0062		0.0	13.000	0.081		Vel = 2.27		
22	53.79	2.157		0.0	6.000	13.702				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.866				
24	79.62	0.0502		0.0	6.000	0.301		Vel = 6.99		
24	-18.56	2.157		0.0	11.500	14.869				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	1.516				
26	61.06	0.0306		0.0	11.500	0.352		Vel = 5.36		
26	-18.89	2.157		0.0	12.300	16.737				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	2.599				
28	42.17	0.0154		0.0	12.300	0.190		Vel = 3.70		
28	-19.75	2.157		0.0	14.000	19.526				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	16.674				
30	22.42	0.0048		0.0	14.000	0.067		Vel = 1.97		
	0.0									
	22.42					36.267		K Factor = 3.72		
32	16.93	2.635		0.0	14.000	24.873				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	-2.599				
34	16.93	0.0011		0.0	14.000	0.016		Vel = 1.00		
34	17.01	2.635		0.0	12.300	22.290				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	-1.516				
36	33.94	0.0039		0.0	12.300	0.048		Vel = 2.00		
36	17.29	2.635		0.0	11.500	20.822				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	-0.866				
38	51.23	0.0083		0.0	11.500	0.096		Vel = 3.01		
38	18.84	2.635		0.0	6.000	20.052				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
40	70.07	0.0148		0.0	6.000	0.089		Vel = 4.12		
40	23.21	2.635		0.0	13.000	20.141				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.866				
42	93.28	0.0254		0.0	13.000	0.330		Vel = 5.49		
42	23.51	2.635		0.0	6.000	21.337				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	1.516				
44	116.79	0.0383		0.0	6.000	0.230		Vel = 6.87		
44	18.55	2.635		0.0	11.500	23.083				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	2.599				
46	135.34	0.0503		0.0	11.500	0.579		Vel = 7.96		
46	18.89	2.635		0.0	12.300	26.261				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
48	154.23	0.0642		0.0	12.300	0.790		Vel = 9.07		
48	19.76	2.635	1T	16.474	9.500	27.051				
to		120.0		0.0	16.474	2.382				
51	173.99	0.0802		0.0	25.974	2.084		Vel = 10.24		
	0.0									
	173.99					31.517		K Factor = 30.99		
50	22.42	2.635	1T	16.474	4.500	31.479				
to		120.0		0.0	16.474	0.0				
51	22.42	0.0018		0.0	20.974	0.038		Vel = 1.32		

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 13  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa  Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv. Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
51	173.98	2.635	2E 16.474	13.000	31.517				
to		120.0	0.0	16.474	0.0				
52	196.4	0.1004	0.0	29.474	2.960		Vel = 11.55		
52	0.0	2.635	2E 16.474	6.000	34.477				
to		120.0	0.0	16.474	1.299				
53	196.4	0.1004	0.0	22.474	2.257		Vel = 11.55		
53	0.0	3.26	2E 18.815	42.000	38.033				
to		120.0	0.0	18.815	18.060				
54	196.4	0.0356	0.0	60.815	2.166		Vel = 7.55		
54	0.0	3.26	2E 18.815	15.000	58.259				
to		120.0	0.0	18.815	0.0				
55	196.4	0.0356	0.0	33.815	1.204		Vel = 7.55		
55	0.0	3.26	1T 20.159	6.000	59.463				
to		120.0	0.0	20.159	0.476				
56	196.4	0.0356	0.0	26.159	0.932		Vel = 7.55		
56	0.0	3.26	1T 20.159	5.000	60.871				
to		120.0	1E 9.408	29.567	-1.732				
TOR	196.4	0.0356	0.0	34.567	1.231		Vel = 7.55		
TOR	0.0	3.26	1E 9.408	7.000	60.370				
to		120.0	1Fsp 0.0	24.192	7.851		* Fixed loss = 3		
BOR	196.4	0.0356	1G 1.344	31.192	1.110		Vel = 7.55		
			1Avk 13.44						
BOR	100.00	6.357	3E 52.808	6.000	69.331		Qa = 100		
to		120.0	1T 37.72	90.528	0.0				
100	296.4	0.0030	0.0	96.528	0.285		Vel = 3.00		
100	0.0	6.16	4L 51.645	10.000	69.616				
to		140.0	0.0	51.645	0.0				
101	296.4	0.0026	0.0	61.645	0.159		Vel = 3.19		
101	0.0	6.16	6L 77.467	30.000	69.775				
to		140.0	0.0	77.467	0.0				
102	296.4	0.0026	0.0	107.467	0.278		Vel = 3.19		
102	0.0	6.16	2E 40.168	6.000	70.053				
to		140.0	0.0	40.168	7.000		* Fixed loss = 7		
103	296.4	0.0026	0.0	46.168	0.120		Vel = 3.19		
103	0.0	6.16	1G 4.304	30.000	77.173				
to		140.0	2L 25.822	73.163	0.0				
104	296.4	0.0026	1T 43.037	103.163	0.266		Vel = 3.19		
104	0.0	8.27	2L 41.12	260.000	77.439				
to		140.0	1G 6.326	102.800	0.0				
105	296.4	0.0006	1T 55.354	362.800	0.224		Vel = 1.77		
	0.0								
	296.40				77.663		K Factor = 33.63		



## Fire Hydrant Flow & Pressure Test

Date of test: 3/8/2010  
 Hydrant Site ID#: 47  
 Street Address Adjacent to Hydrant: Campus Way  
 Number of ports flowed: 1

Time of test: 4:40 PM  
 Elev. @ Hydrant: 330.57  
 Class \_\_\_\_\_

Static:  
 Residual:  
 Pitot:  
 Nozzle Coefficient:  
 Diameter:  
 This hydrant is flowing:  
 Projected available hydrant flow @ 20psi:  
 2nd Static: ( with handheld pitot gauge )  
 2nd Residual:  
 The main can be expected to flow about:

150	<i>psi before flowing</i>
	<i>psi while flowing</i>
50	<i>pitot gauge reading</i>
0.9	<i>(Note 3)</i>
2.5	<i>size of opening tested</i>
1186.48	<i>GPM from the test outlet</i>
	<i>GPM (Note 1)</i>
	<i>secondary psi before flowing</i>
	<i>secondary psi while flowing</i>
	<i>GPM</i>

Number of Tanks in System: 2  
 Tank No. 1: N/A  
 Tank No. 2: N/A  
 Water Main Size: 12"

Pumps:

**Notes:**

1. Projected available flows calculated at 20 psi residual, or 1/2 the static pressure for low pressure hydrants having static pressures of less than 40 psi.
2. This calculator is based on established Hazen-Williams formulas and is provided for convenience and estimation purposes only. The author and Cannon express no warranty for its suitability for any particular purpose.
3. Since hydrant nozzles typically don't produce perfect discharge columns, this is a correction factor which is often used to compensate for errant pitot readings. Hydrant manufacturers should be able to provide coefficients for their products. For hydrants where the coefficient is unknown, we use .95 or .9 depending upon how uniform the discharge stream looks when the hydrant is opened.

**Field Notes:**







## Fire Hydrant Flow & Pressure Test

Date of test: 3/8/2010

Hydrant Site ID#: 51

Street Address Adjacent to Hydrant: Adjacent to new pool

Number of ports flowed: 1

Time of test: 5:00 PM

Elev. @ Hydrant: 346.00

Class \_\_\_\_\_

Static:

Residual:

Pitot:

Nozzle Coefficient:

Diameter:

This hydrant is flowing:

Projected available hydrant flow @ 20psi:

2nd Static: ( with handheld pitot gauge )

2nd Residual:

The main can be expected to flow about:

140	psi before flowing
132	psi while flowing
	pitot gauge reading
0.9	(Note 3)
2.5	size of opening tested
0.00	GPM from the test outlet
	GPM (Note 1)
	secondary psi before flowing
	secondary psi while flowing
	GPM

# of Tanks in System: 2

Tank No. 1: N/A

Tank No. 2: N/A

Water Main Size: 12"

Pumps:

### Notes:

1. Projected available flows calculated at 20 psi residual, or 1/2 the static pressure for low pressure hydrants having static pressures of less than 40 psi.

2. This calculator is based on established Hazen-Williams formulas and is provided for convenience and estimation purposes only. The author and Cannon express no warranty for its suitability for any particular purpose.

3. Since hydrant nozzles typically don't produce perfect discharge columns, this is a correction factor which is often used to compensate for errant pitot readings. Hydrant manufacturers should be able to provide coefficients for their products. For hydrants where the coefficient is unknown, we use .95 or .9 depending upon how uniform the discharge stream looks when the hydrant is

### Field Notes:



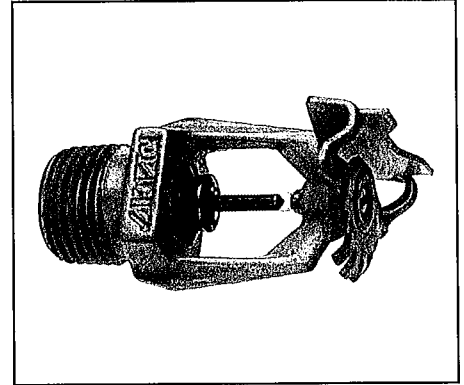
**VIKING****TECHNICAL DATA****MICROFAST® AND  
MICROFASTHP® QUICK  
RESPONSE HORIZONTAL  
SIDEWALL SPRINKLERS**

The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058

Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-818-1680 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com

**1. DESCRIPTION**

Viking Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Horizontal Sidewall Sprinklers are small thermosensitive glass bulb spray sprinklers available with various finishes and temperature ratings to meet design requirements. The special Polyester and Teflon® coatings can be used in decorative applications where colors are desired. In addition, these coatings have been investigated for installation in corrosive atmospheres and are cULus listed as corrosion resistant as indicated in the Approval Chart. (Note: FM Global has no approval classification for Teflon® and Polyester coatings as corrosion resistant.)

**2. LISTINGS AND APPROVALS**

cULus Listed: Category VNIV

FM Approved: Class 2020

Refer to the Approval Chart on page 52d and Design Criteria on page 52e for cULus and FM approval requirements that must be followed.

**3. TECHNICAL DATA****Specifications:**

Available since 1987.

Minimum Operating Pressure: 7 psi (0.5 bar)

**Maximum Working Pressure: Sprinkler VK344 is rated for use with water working pressures ranging from the minimum 7 psi (0.5 bar) up to 250 psi (17 bar) for high-pressure systems. High-pressure (HP) sprinklers can be identified by locating "250" stamped on the deflector. Sprinklers VK304, VK333, and VK335 are rated to a maximum 175 psi (12 bar) wwp.**

Factory tested hydrostatically to 500 psi (34.5 bar)

Testing: U.S.A. Patent No. 4,831,870

Nominal K-Factor: Refer to the Approval Chart

Glass-bulb fluid temperature rated to -65 °F (-55 °C)

Overall Length: Refer to the Approval Chart

**Material Standards:**

Frame Casting: Brass UNS-C84400

Deflector: Copper UNS-C19500

Bushing (for sprinklers VK333 and VK344): Brass UNS-C36000

Bulb: Glass, nominal 3 mm diameter

Belleville Spring Sealing Assembly: Nickel Alloy, coated on both sides with Teflon Tape

Screw: Brass UNS-C36000

Pip Cap and Insert Assembly: Copper UNS-C11000 and Stainless Steel UNS-S30400

Pip Cap Attachment (for sprinklers VK333 and VK344): Brass UNS-C36000

For Teflon® Coated Sprinklers: Belleville Spring-Exposed, Screw-Nickel Plated, Pip Cap-Teflon® CoatedFor Polyester Coated Sprinklers: Belleville Spring-Exposed**Ordering Information:** (Also refer to the current Viking price list.)

Order Quick Response Horizontal Sidewall Sprinklers by first adding the appropriate suffix for the sprinkler finish and then the appropriate suffix for the temperature rating to the sprinkler base part number.

Finish Suffix: Brass = A, Chrome-Enloy® = F, White Polyester = M-/W, Black Polyester = M-/B, and Black Teflon® = N

Temperature Suffix (°F/°C): 135°/68° = A, 155°/68° = B, 175°/79° = D, 200°/93° = E, and 286°/141° = G

For example, sprinkler VK304 with a Brass finish and a 155 °F/68 °C temperature rating = Part No. 06725BAB

Viking Technical Data may be found on  
The Viking Corporation's Web site at  
<http://www.vikinggroupinc.com>.  
The Web site may include a more recent  
edition of this Technical Data Page.



The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058

Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-945-4495 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com

**Available Finishes And Temperature Ratings:**

Refer to Table 1

**Accessories:** (Also refer to the "Sprinkler Accessories" section of the Viking data book.)

**Sprinkler Wrenches:**

A. Standard Wrench: Part No. 10896W/B (available since 2000).

B. Wrench for recessed sprinklers with protective shields: Part No. 13655W/B\*\* (available since 2003)

\*\*A ½" ratchet is required (not available from Viking).

**Sprinkler Cabinets:**

A. Six-head capacity: Part No. 01724A (available since 1971)

B. Twelve-head capacity: Part No. 01725A (available since 1971)

**4. INSTALLATION**

Refer to appropriate NFPA Installation Standards.

**5. OPERATION**

During fire conditions, the heat-sensitive liquid in the glass bulb expands, causing the glass to shatter, releasing the pip cap and sealing spring assembly. Water flowing through the sprinkler orifice strikes the sprinkler deflector, forming a uniform spray pattern to extinguish or control the fire.

**6. INSPECTIONS, TESTS AND MAINTENANCE**

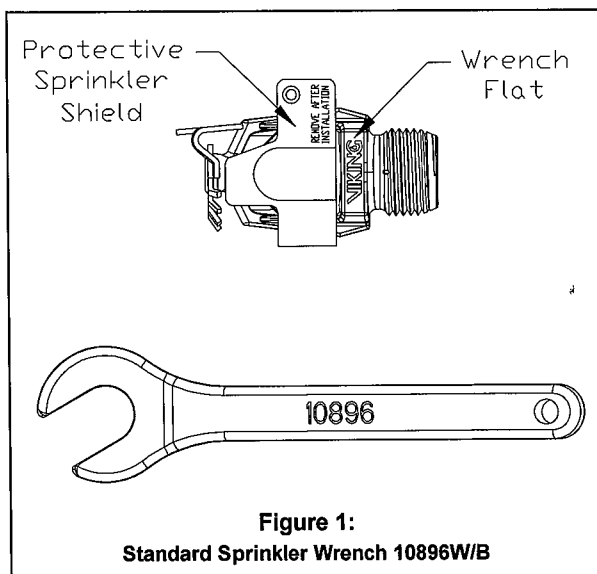
Refer to NFPA 25 for Inspection, Testing and Maintenance requirements.

**7. AVAILABILITY**

Viking Quick Response Horizontal Sidewall Sprinklers are available through a network of domestic and international distributors. See The Viking Corporation web site for the closest distributor or contact The Viking Corporation.

**8. GUARANTEE**

For details of warranty, refer to Viking's current list price schedule or contact Viking directly.





TECHNICAL DATA

**MICROFAST® AND  
MICROFASTHP® QUICK  
RESPONSE HORIZONTAL  
SIDEWALL SPRINKLERS**

The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058

Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-945-4495 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com

TABLE 1: AVAILABLE SPRINKLER TEMPERATURE RATINGS AND FINISHES

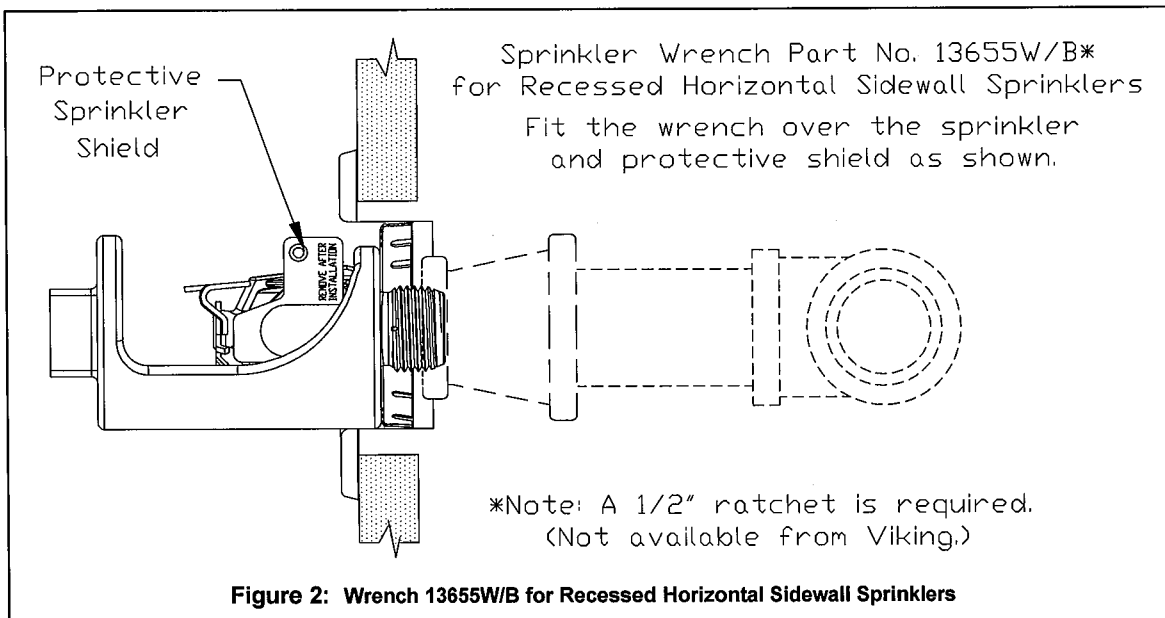
Sprinkler Temperature Classification	Sprinkler Nominal Temperature Rating	Maximum Ambient Air Temperature	Finish Color
Ordinary	135 °F (57 °C)	100 °F (38 °C)	Orange
Ordinary	155 °F (68 °C)	100 °F (38 °C)	Red
Intermediate	175 °F (79 °C)	150 °F (65 °C)	Yellow
Intermediate	200 °F (93 °C)	150 °F (65 °C)	Green
High	286 °F (141 °C)	225 °F (107 °C)	Blue

**Sprinkler Finishes:** Brass, Chrome-Enloy®, White Polyester, Black Polyester, and Black Teflon®

**Corrosion-Resistant Coatings<sup>3</sup>:** White Polyester, Black Polyester, and Black Teflon®

**Footnotes**

- <sup>1</sup> The sprinkler temperature rating is stamped on the deflector.
- <sup>2</sup> Based on NFPA-13. Other limits may apply, depending on fire loading, sprinkler location, and other requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction. Refer to specific installation standards.
- <sup>3</sup> The corrosion-resistant coatings have passed the standard corrosion test required by the approving agencies indicated in the Approval Chart. These tests cannot and do not represent all possible corrosive environments. Prior to installation, verify through the end-user that the coatings are compatible with or suitable for the proposed environment. For automatic sprinklers, the coatings indicated are applied to the exposed exterior surfaces only. Note that the spring is exposed on sprinklers with Polyester and Teflon® coatings. For Teflon® coated open sprinklers only, the waterway is coated.




	<b>TECHNICAL DATA</b>	<b>MICROFAST® AND MICROFASTHP® QUICK RESPONSE HORIZONTAL SIDEWALL SPRINKLERS</b>
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The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058  
 Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-945-4495 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com

<b>Approval Chart</b> Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Horizontal Sidewall Sprinklers for Light Hazard Occupancies Only	<table border="1" style="font-size: small;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">—</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Temperature</td> <td style="text-align: center;">KEY</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">*</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Finish</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">A1X</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Escutcheon (if applicable)</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	—	Temperature	KEY	*	Finish		A1X	Escutcheon (if applicable)	
—	Temperature	KEY								
*	Finish									
A1X	Escutcheon (if applicable)									


**Maximum 175 PSI (12 Bar) WWP**  
 Standard Orifice, Deflector must be located 4" to 6" (102 mm to 152 mm) below the ceiling.

Base Part Number <sup>1</sup>	SIN	Maximum Pressure	Thread Size		Nominal K-Factor		Overall Length		Listings and Approvals <sup>3</sup> (Refer also to Design Criteria on pg 52e.)						
			NPT	BSP	U.S.	metric <sup>2</sup>	Inches	mm	cULus <sup>4</sup>	FM <sup>5</sup>	NYC <sup>6</sup>	LPCB	CE		
06725B	VK304	175 psi	1/2"	15 mm	5.6	80.6	2-1/2	64	A1X, B1W	A2X, B2Z	A1X, B1Y	--	--	--	--

**Standard Orifice, Deflector must be located 6" to 12" (152 mm to 304 mm) below the ceiling.**

06725B	VK304	175 psi	1/2"	15 mm	5.6	80.6	2-1/2	64	A1X	--	A1X	--	--	--
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**Small Orifice<sup>9</sup>, Deflector must be located 4" to 6" (102 mm to 152 mm) below the ceiling.**

Base Part Number <sup>1</sup>	SIN	Maximum Pressure	Thread Size		Nominal K-Factor		Overall Length		Listings and Approvals <sup>3</sup> (Refer also to Design Criteria on pg 52e.)					
			NPT	BSP	U.S.	metric <sup>2</sup>	Inches	mm	cULus <sup>4</sup>	FM	NYC <sup>7</sup>	LPCB	CE	
10035 <sup>9</sup>	VK333	175 psi	1/2"	15 mm	2.8	40.3	2-1/2	64	A1X, B1W	--	A1X	--	--	--
08983	VK335	175 psi	3/8"	10 mm	4.2	60.5	2-1/2	64	--	--	--	--	--	--

**Maximum 250 PSI WWP**  
 Small Orifice<sup>9</sup>, Deflector must be located 4" to 6" (102 mm to 152 mm) below the ceiling.

12287 <sup>9</sup>	VK344	250 psi	1/2"	15 mm	2.8	40.3	2-1/2	64	A1X, B1W	--	A1X	--	--	--
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<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Approved Temperature Ratings</b></p> <p>A - 135 °F (57 °C), 155 °F (68 °C), 175 °F (79 °C), 200 °F (93 °C), and 286 °F (141 °C)                  B - 135 °F (57 °C), 155 °F (68 °C), 175 °F (79 °C), and 200 °F (93 °C)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Approved Finishes</b></p> <p>1 - Brass, Chrome-Enloy<sup>®</sup>, White Polyester<sup>10</sup>, Black Polyester<sup>10</sup>, and Black Teflon<sup>®10</sup>                  2 - Brass and Chrome-Enloy<sup>®</sup></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Approved Escutcheons</b></p> <p>W - Installed with standard surface-mounted escutcheons or the Viking Microfast<sup>®</sup> Model F-1 Adjustable Escutcheon<sup>11</sup>, or recessed with the Viking Micromatic<sup>®</sup> Model E-1, E-2, or G-1 Recessed Escutcheon                  X - Installed with standard surface-mounted escutcheons or the Viking Microfast<sup>®</sup> Model F-1 Adjustable Escutcheon<sup>11</sup>                  Y - Installed with standard surface-mounted escutcheons or the Viking Microfast<sup>®</sup> Model F-1 Adjustable Escutcheon<sup>11</sup>, or recessed with the Viking Micromatic<sup>®</sup> Model E-1 or E-2 Recessed Escutcheon                  Z - Installed with the Viking Model G-1 Recessed Escutcheon</p>
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**Footnotes**

- <sup>1</sup> Base part number shown. For complete part number, refer to Viking's current price schedule.
- <sup>2</sup> Metric K-factor measurement shown is when pressure is measured in Bar. When pressure is measured in kPa, divide the metric K-factor shown by 10.0.
- <sup>3</sup> This table shows the listings and approvals available at the time of printing. Other approvals may be in process.
- <sup>4</sup> Listed by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. for use in the U.S. and Canada.
- <sup>5</sup> FM Approved for installation in accordance with the latest applicable FM Loss Prevention Data Sheets and Technical Advisory Bulletins.
- <sup>6</sup> Accepted for use, City of New York Board of Standards and Appeals, Calendar Number 219-76-SA.
- <sup>7</sup> Accepted for use, City of New York Department of Buildings, MEA 89-92-E, Vol. 16.
- <sup>8</sup> Listings are limited to Light Hazard Occupancies, with hydraulically calculated wet systems. **Exception:** 4.2K sprinklers may be installed on hydraulically calculated dry pipe systems where piping is corrosion resistant or internally galvanized.
- <sup>9</sup> The sprinkler orifice is bushed.
- <sup>10</sup> cULus Listed as corrosion-resistant.
- <sup>11</sup> The Viking Microfast<sup>®</sup> Model F-1 Adjustable Escutcheon is considered a surface-mounted escutcheon because it does not allow the fusible element of the sprinkler to be recessed behind the face of the wall or ceiling.



TECHNICAL DATA

**MICROFAST® AND  
MICROFASTHP® QUICK  
RESPONSE HORIZONTAL  
SIDEWALL SPRINKLERS**

The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058

Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-945-4495 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com

**DESIGN CRITERIA**

(Also refer to the Approval Chart on page 52e)

**cULus Listing Requirements:**

Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Horizontal Sidewall Sprinklers are cULus Listed as indicated in the Approval Chart for installation in accordance with the latest edition of NFPA 13 for sidewall standard spray sprinklers.

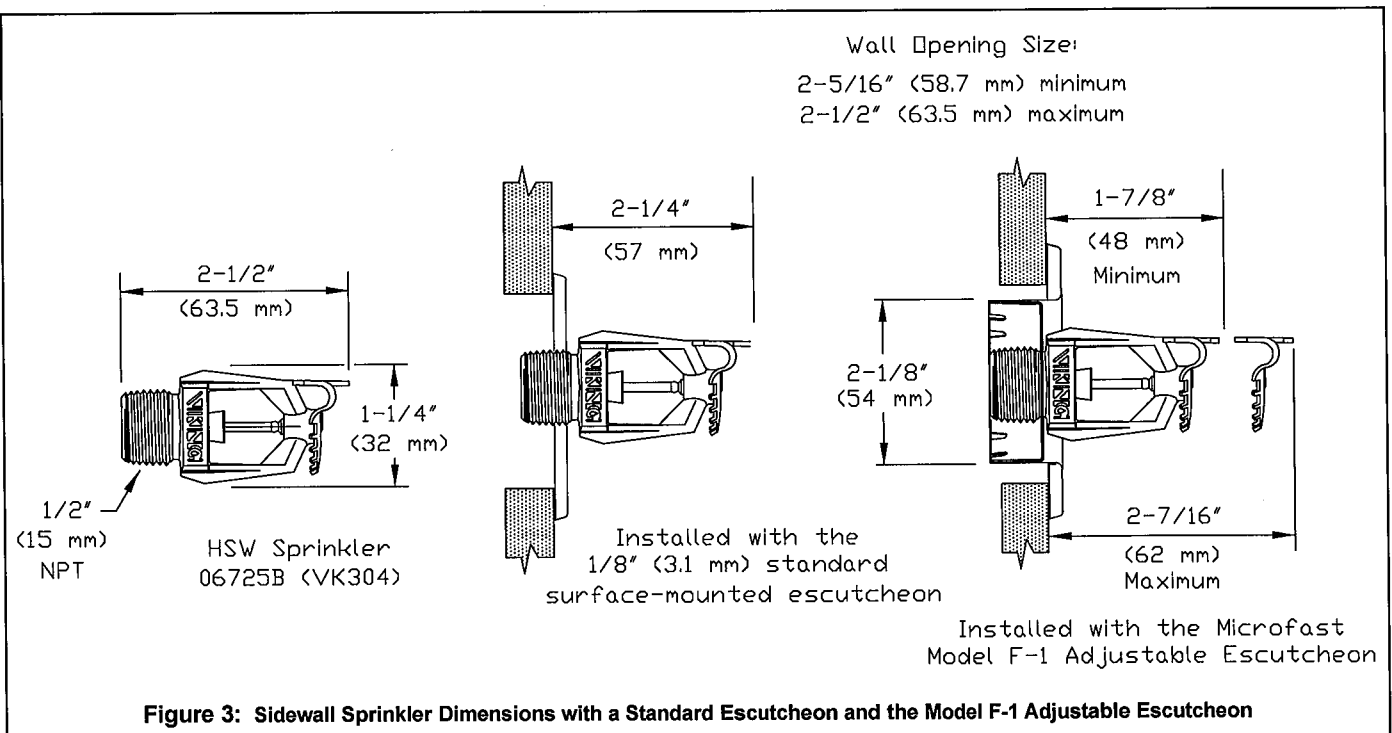
- Limited to Light Hazard occupancies only (*Small orifice sprinklers are limited to Light Hazard where allowed by the installation standards being applied, with hydraulically calculated wet systems only. Exception: 4.2K sprinklers may be installed on hydraulically calculated dry pipe systems where piping is corrosion resistant or internally galvanized.*)
- Protection areas and maximum spacing shall be in accordance with the tables provided in NFPA 13. Minimum spacing allowed is 6 ft. (1.8 m).
- Refer to the Approval Chart for allowable deflector distance below the ceiling. Align with the leading edge of the deflector parallel to the ceiling.
- Maximum distance from end walls shall be no more than one-half of the allowable distance between sprinklers. The distance shall be measured perpendicular to the wall. Minimum distance from end walls is 4 in. (102 mm).
- The sprinkler installation and obstruction rules contained in NFPA 13 for sidewall standard spray sprinklers must be followed.

**FM Approval Requirements:**

For installation in accordance with the latest applicable FM Loss Prevention Data Sheets and Technical Advisory Bulletins. FM Global Loss Prevention Data Sheets (including 2-8N) and Technical Advisory Bulletins contain guidelines relating to, but not limited to: minimum water supply requirements, hydraulic design, ceiling slope and obstructions, minimum and maximum allowable spacing, and deflector distance below the ceiling.

**NOTE: The FM installation guidelines may differ from cULus and/or NFPA criteria.**

**IMPORTANT: Always refer to Bulletin Form No. F\_091699 - Care and Handling of Sprinklers. Also refer to page QR1-3 for general care, installation, and maintenance information. Viking sprinklers are to be installed in accordance with the latest edition of Viking technical data, the appropriate standards of NFPA, FM Global, LPCB, APSAD, VdS or other similar organizations, and also with the provisions of governmental codes, ordinances, and standards, whenever applicable.**



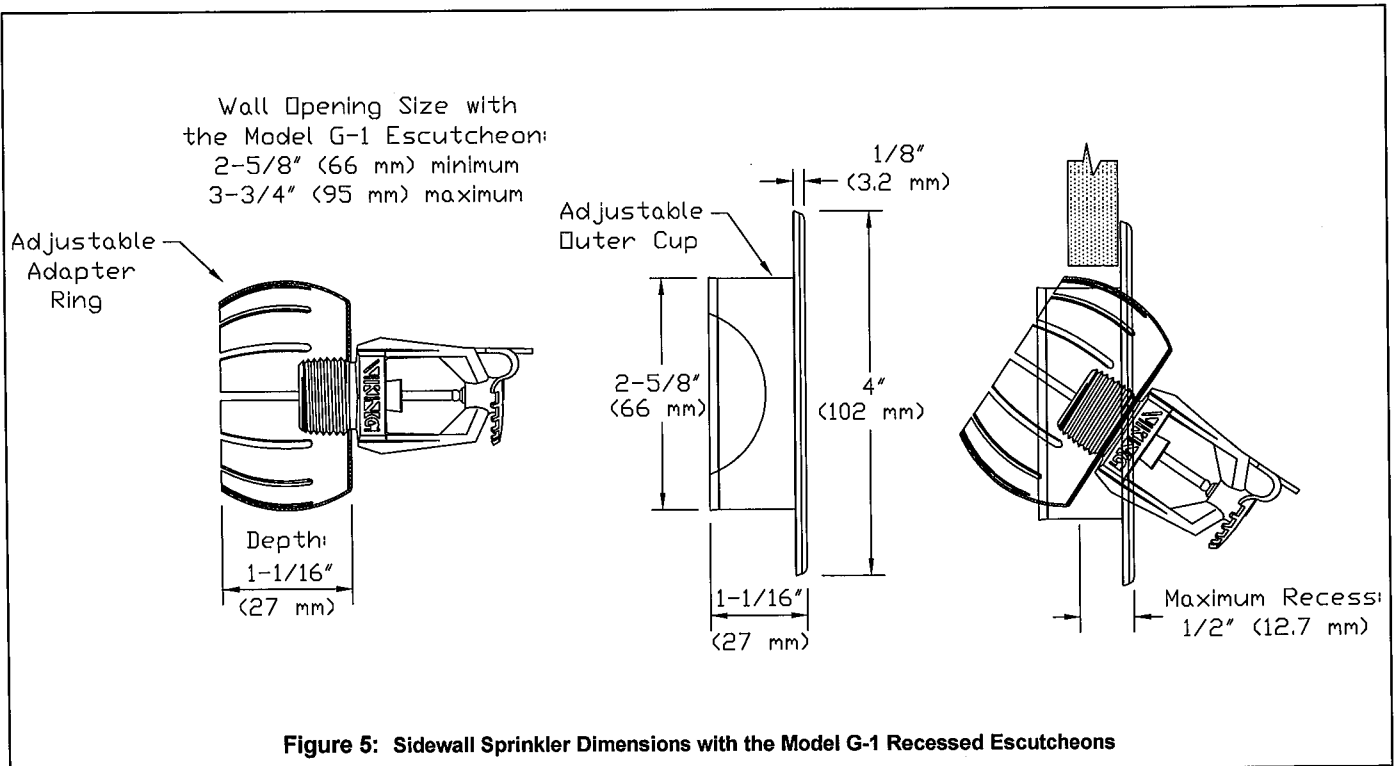
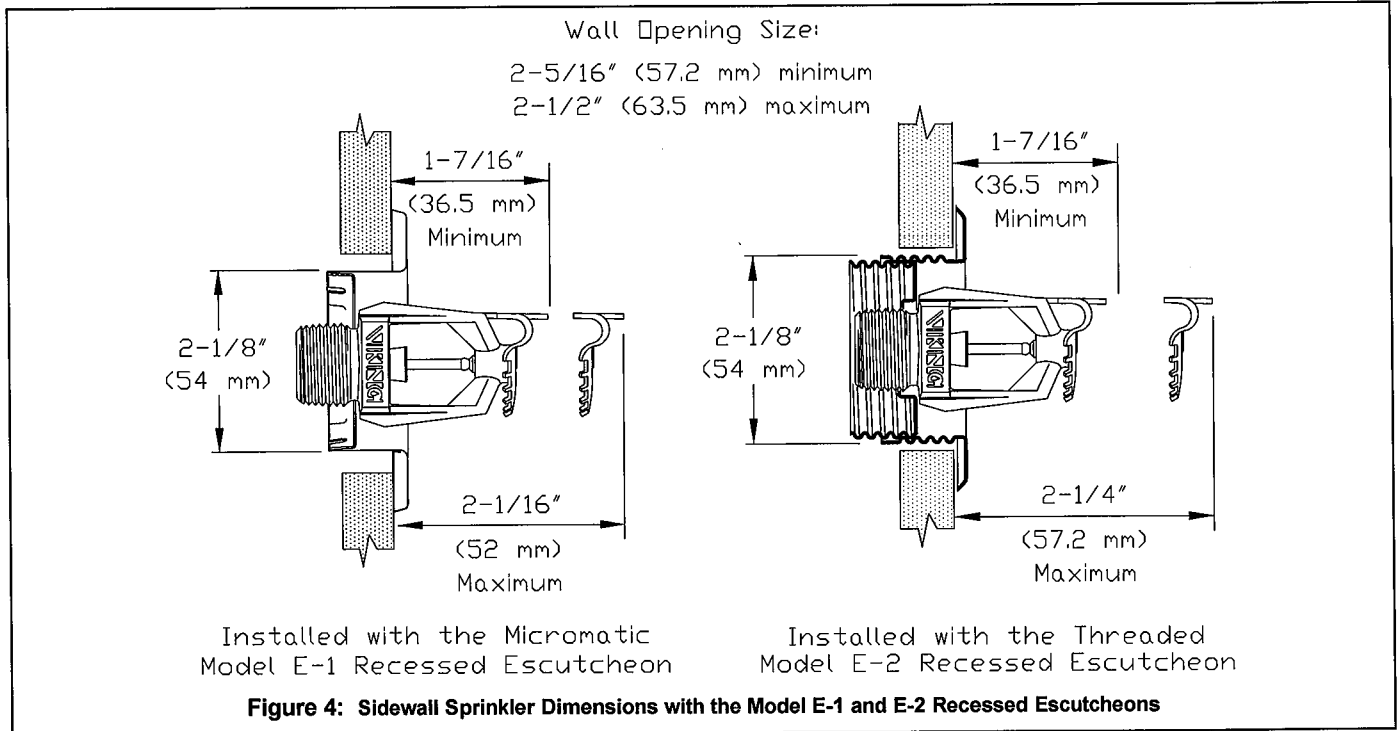


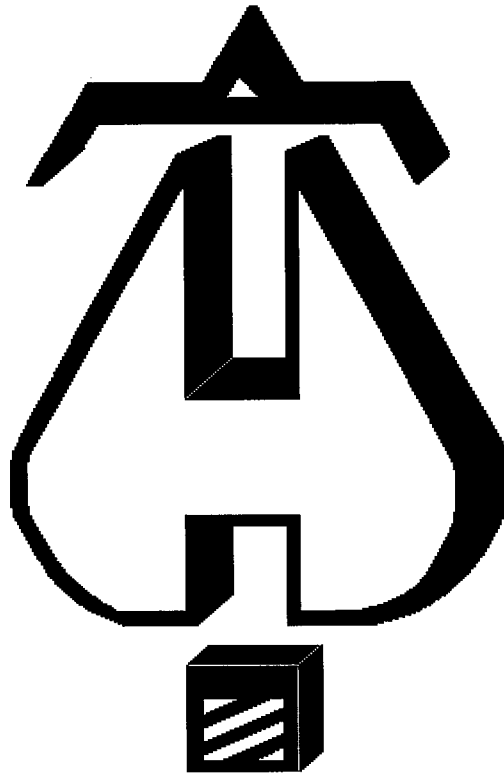
TECHNICAL DATA

**MICROFAST® AND  
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RESPONSE HORIZONTAL  
SIDEWALL SPRINKLERS**

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... Fire Protection by Computer Design

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
4233 W. SIERRA MADRE AVE.  
SUITE #108  
FRESNO, CA. 93722  
(559) 275-3795



Job Name : CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407  
Building : EXIST GYM, WRESTLING RM, REMOTE AREA E3  
Location : RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION  
System : E-WRESTLE  
Contract : FD-1075  
Data File : CALPOLY-E3WRESTLING.WXF



Hydraulic Design Information Sheet

Name - CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407 Date - 11-04-2010  
 Location - RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION  
 Building - EXIST GYM, WRESTLING RM, REMOTE AREA E3 System No. - E-WRESTLE  
 Contractor - COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC. Contract No. - FD-1075  
 Calculated By - KO Drawing No. - FP-E1 PIPE  
 Construction: ( ) Combustible (X) Non-Combustible Ceiling Height - 13'-4"  
 Occupancy - LIGHT HAZARD

S (X) NFPA 13 (X) Lt. Haz. Ord.Haz.Gp. ( ) 1 ( ) 2 ( ) 3 ( ) Ex.Haz.  
 Y ( ) NFPA 231 ( ) NFPA 231C ( ) Figure Curve

S Other

T Specific Ruling Made By Date

M	Area of Sprinkler Operation - 1500	System Type	Sprinkler/Nozzle
	Density - .10	(X) Wet	Make VIKING
D	Area Per Sprinkler - 120	( ) Dry	Model UPRIGHT
E	Elevation at Highest Outlet - 13'-4"	( ) Deluge	Size 1/2"
S	Hose Allowance - Inside - 100	( ) Preaction	K-Factor 5.6
I	Rack Sprinkler Allowance - NA	( ) Other	Temp.Rat.155
G	Hose Allowance - Outside - 0		

N

Note NFPA #13 2002, 11.2.3.2

Calculation Flow Required - 312.40 Press Required - 94.10 BOR  
 Summary C-Factor Used: 120 Overhead 140 Underground

W	Water Flow Test:	Pump Data:	Tank or Reservoir:
A	Date of Test - 3-8-2010		Cap. -
T	Time of Test - 3 PM	Rated Cap.-	Elev.-
E	Static Press - 140	@ Press -	
R	Residual Press - 132	Elev. -	Well
	Flow - 1186		Proof Flow
S	Elevation - 0		

U

P Location - FIRE HYDRANT #47 & #51 ON SITE

P

L Source of Information - FLOW TEST PERFORMED ON SITE 3-8-2010  
 Y BY CANNON ENGINEERING , RESULTS ATTACHED TO CALCS.

C	Commodity	Class	Location
O	Storage Ht.	Area	Aisle W.
M	Storage Method: Solid Piled	% Palletized	% Rack
M	( ) Single Row	( ) Conven. Pallet	( ) Auto. Storage ( ) Encap.
S	( ) Double Row	( ) Slave Pallet	( ) Solid Shelf ( ) Non
T	( ) Mult. Row		( ) Open Shelf

O

R K Flue Spacing Clearance:Storage to Ceiling  
 A Longitudinal Transverse

G

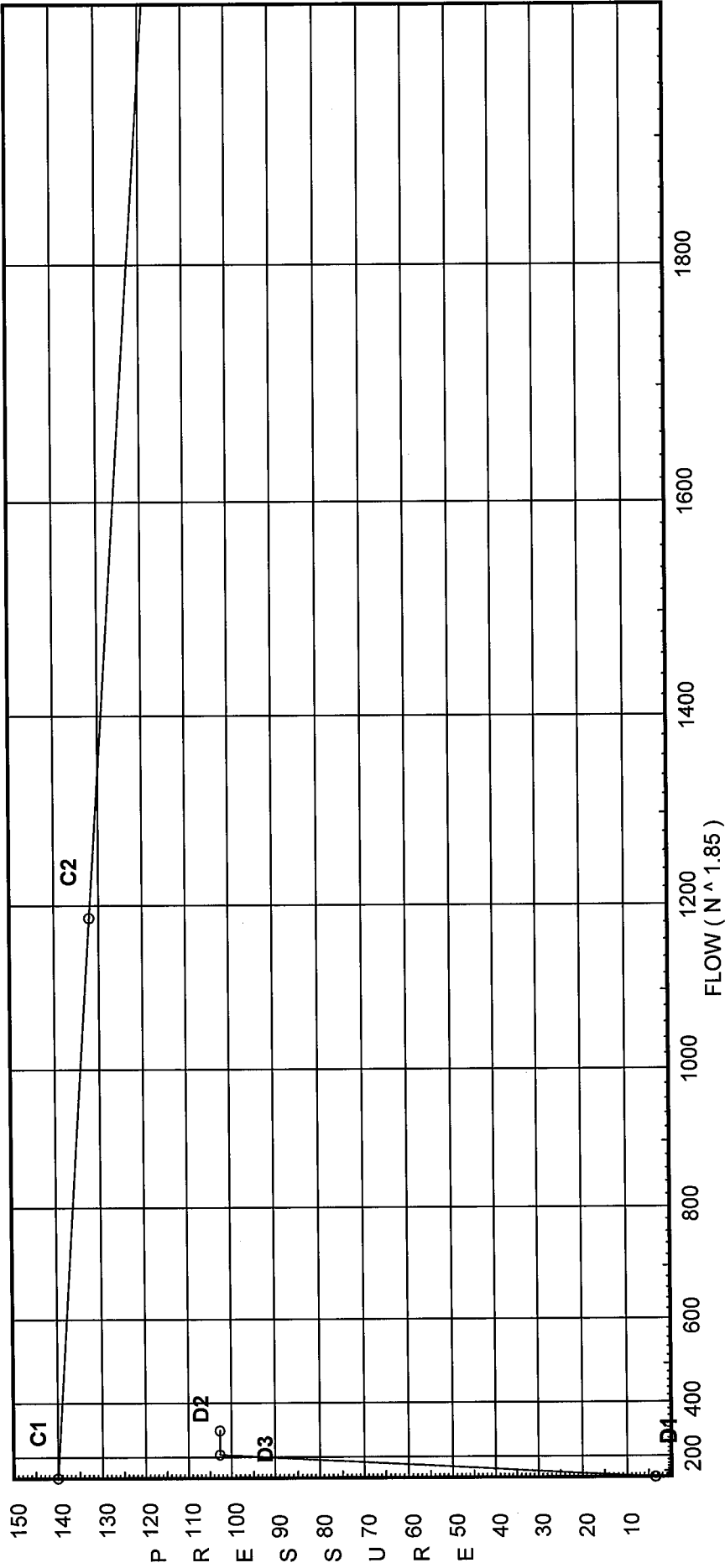
E Horizontal Barriers Provided:

# Water Supply Curve (C)

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

City Water Supply:  
 C1 - Static Pressure : 140  
 C2 - Residual Pressure: 132  
 C2 - Residual Flow : 1186

Demand:  
 D1 - Elevation : 3.465  
 D2 - System Flow : 212.397  
 D2 - System Pressure : 102.577  
 Hose ( Adj City ) : 100  
 Hose ( Demand ) : 312.397  
 D3 - System Demand : 36.745  
 Safety Margin

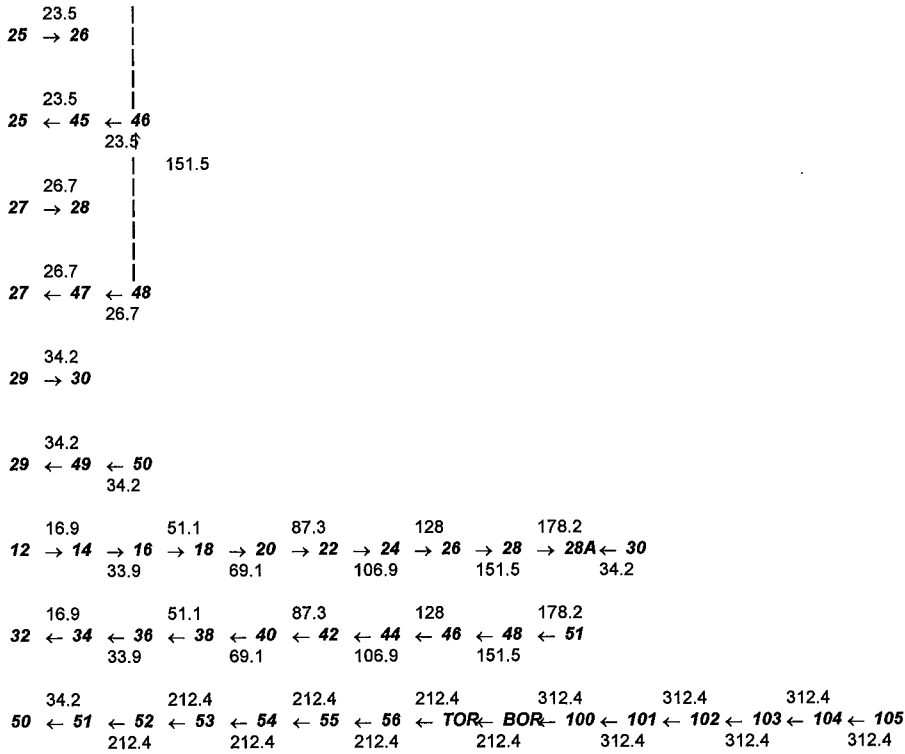




# Flow Diagram

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 4  
Date 11-04-2010



# Fittings Used Summary

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Fitting Legend Abbrev. Name	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	2 1/2	3	3 1/2	4	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	24	
Avk Alarm Viking J1																					
E NFPA 13 90' Standard Elbow	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	12	14	18	22	27	35	40	45	50	61	
Fsp Flow Switch Potter VSR	Fitting generates a Fixed Loss Based on Flow																				
G NFPA 13 Gate Valve	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	11	13	
L NFPA 13 Long Turn Elbow	0.5	1	2	2	2	3	4	5	5	6	8	9	13	16	18	24	27	30	34	40	
T NFPA 13 90' Flow thru Tee	3	4	5	6	8	10	12	15	17	20	25	30	35	50	60	71	81	91	101	121	

## Units Summary

- Diameter Units Inches
- Length Units Feet
- Flow Units US Gallons per Minute
- Pressure Units Pounds per Square Inch

# Pressure / Flow Summary - STANDARD

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 6  
 Date 11-04-2010

Node No.	Elevation	K-Fact	Pt Actual	Pn	Flow Actual	Density	Area	Press Req.
1S	8.0	5.6	9.45	na	17.21	0.1	100	7.0
1A	13.4		7.8	na				
2A	13.4	5.6	8.32	na	16.15	0.1	120	7.0
3A	13.4	5.6	9.33	na	17.11	0.1	120	7.0
4A	13.4	5.6	11.42	na	18.92	0.1	120	7.0
5A	13.4		13.35	na				
6A	13.4		16.82	na				
8S	8.0	5.6	9.74	na	17.48	0.1	168	7.0
8A	13.4		8.11	na				
9A	13.4	5.6	8.49	na	16.31	0.1	120	7.0
10A	13.4	5.6	9.52	na	17.28	0.1	120	7.0
11A	13.4	5.6	11.66	na	19.12	0.1	120	7.0
12A	13.4		13.64	na				
14A	13.4		17.18	na				
16S	8.0	5.6	10.33	na	18.0	0.1	180	7.0
16A	13.4		8.74	na				
17A	13.4	5.6	9.19	na	16.98	0.1	120	7.0
18A	13.4	5.6	10.3	na	17.97	0.1	120	7.0
19A	13.4	5.6	12.58	na	19.86	0.1	120	7.0
20A	13.4		14.7	na				
21A	13.4		18.49	na				
7A	12.8		18.53	na				
15A	12.8		18.92	na				
22A	12.8		20.34	na				
23A	12.8		33.35	na				
24A	12.8		39.21	na				
25A	12.8		41.7	na				
26A	51.0		30.99	na				
1	51.0		46.46	na				
2	51.0		46.1	na				
3	51.0		45.75	na				
11	51.0		45.45	na				
4	51.0		45.45	na				
31	51.0		51.01	na				
5	59.5		42.75	na				
6	59.5		42.39	na				
7	59.5		42.03	na				
13	59.5		41.73	na				
8	59.5		41.73	na				
33	59.5		47.34	na				
9	65.5		39.32	na				
15	65.5		39.0	na				
10	65.5		39.0	na				
35	65.5		44.79	na				
17	69.0		37.24	na				
37	69.0		43.36	na				
19	78.0		33.24	na				
39	78.0		39.43	na				
21	78.0		32.51	na				
41	78.0		39.68	na				
23	69.0		35.76	na				
43	69.0		43.89	na				
25	65.5		35.93	na				
45	65.5		45.9	na				
27	59.5		36.56	na				
47	59.5		49.21	na				
29	51.0		34.82	na				
49	51.0		54.84	na				
12	50.0		45.77	na				
14	58.5		42.05	na				
16	64.5		39.33	na				
18	68.0		37.56	na				

# Flow Summary - Standard

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 7  
 Date 11-04-2010

Node No.	Elevation	K-Fact	Pt Actual	Pn	Flow Actual	Density	Area	Press Req.
20	70.0		36.46	na				
22	70.0		35.69	na				
24	68.0		36.04	na				
26	64.5		36.17	na				
28	58.5		36.74	na				
28A	53.0		33.54	na				
32	58.5		47.87	na				
34	64.5		45.28	na				
36	68.0		43.82	na				
38	70.0		43.05	na				
40	70.0		43.13	na				
42	68.0		44.29	na				
44	64.5		46.0	na				
46	58.5		49.12	na				
48	58.5		49.89	na				
50	53.0		54.36	na				
51	53.0		54.45	na				
52	53.0		57.87	na				
53	50.0		61.78	na				
54	8.3		82.34	na				
55	8.3		83.73	na				
56	7.2		85.28	na				
TOR	11.2		84.97	na				
BOR	0.0		94.11	na	100.0			
100	0.0		94.42	na				
101	0.0		94.6	na				
102	0.0		94.9	na				
103	0.0		102.04	na				
104	0.0		102.33	na				
105	0.0		102.58	na				

The maximum velocity is 18.65 and it occurs in the pipe between nodes 22A and 23A

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 8  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa  Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
1S	17.21	1.049	1E	2.0	5.000	9.447			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	2.000	-2.339				
1A	17.21	0.0986		0.0	7.000	0.690			Vel = 6.39	
1A	0.0	1.38	1E	3.0	11.000	7.798				
to		120.0	1T	6.0	9.000	0.0				
2A	17.21	0.0259		0.0	20.000	0.518			Vel = 3.69	
2A	16.15	1.38		0.0	11.500	8.316			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
3A	33.36	0.0883		0.0	11.500	1.015			Vel = 7.16	
3A	17.11	1.38		0.0	11.000	9.331			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
4A	50.47	0.1896		0.0	11.000	2.086			Vel = 10.83	
4A	18.92	1.61		0.0	12.000	11.417			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
5A	69.39	0.1613		0.0	12.000	1.936			Vel = 10.94	
5A	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	13.500	13.353				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.0				
6A	69.39	0.1613		0.0	21.500	3.469			Vel = 10.94	
6A	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	16.822				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.260				
7A	69.39	0.1614		0.0	9.000	1.453			Vel = 10.94	
	0.0									
	69.39					18.535			K Factor = 16.12	
8S	17.48	1.049	1E	2.0	5.000	9.741			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	2.000	-2.339				
8A	17.48	0.1014		0.0	7.000	0.710			Vel = 6.49	
8A	0.0	1.38	1E	3.0	11.000	8.112				
to		120.0		0.0	3.000	0.0				
9A	17.48	0.0267		0.0	14.000	0.374			Vel = 3.75	
9A	16.31	1.38		0.0	11.500	8.486			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
10A	33.79	0.0903		0.0	11.500	1.038			Vel = 7.25	
10A	17.28	1.38		0.0	11.000	9.524			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
11A	51.07	0.1939		0.0	11.000	2.133			Vel = 10.95	
11A	19.12	1.61		0.0	12.000	11.657			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
12A	70.19	0.1648		0.0	12.000	1.978			Vel = 11.06	
12A	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	13.500	13.635				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.0				
14A	70.19	0.1649		0.0	21.500	3.545			Vel = 11.06	
14A	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	17.180				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.260				
15A	70.19	0.1648		0.0	9.000	1.483			Vel = 11.06	
	0.0									
	70.19					18.923			K Factor = 16.14	
16S	18.00	1.049	1E	2.0	5.000	10.332			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	2.000	-2.339				
16A	18.0	0.1070		0.0	7.000	0.749			Vel = 6.68	



# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 9  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
16A	0.0	1.38	1E	3.0	13.000	8.742				
to		120.0		0.0	3.000	0.0				
17A	18.0	0.0282		0.0	16.000	0.451			Vel = 3.86	
17A	16.98	1.38		0.0	11.500	9.193			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
18A	34.98	0.0963		0.0	11.500	1.107			Vel = 7.50	
18A	17.97	1.38		0.0	11.000	10.300			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
19A	52.95	0.2074		0.0	11.000	2.281			Vel = 11.36	
19A	19.86	1.61		0.0	12.000	12.581			K Factor = 5.60	
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
20A	72.81	0.1764		0.0	12.000	2.117			Vel = 11.47	
20A	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	13.500	14.698				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.0				
21A	72.81	0.1764		0.0	21.500	3.792			Vel = 11.47	
21A	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	18.490				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.260				
22A	72.81	0.1764		0.0	9.000	1.588			Vel = 11.47	
	0.0									
	72.81					20.338			K Factor = 16.14	
7A	69.39	2.157		0.0	10.000	18.535				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
15A	69.39	0.0388		0.0	10.000	0.388			Vel = 6.09	
15A	70.19	2.157		0.0	10.000	18.923				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
22A	139.58	0.1415		0.0	10.000	1.415			Vel = 12.25	
22A	72.82	2.157	1T	12.307	30.000	20.338				
to		120.0		0.0	12.307	0.0				
23A	212.4	0.3076		0.0	42.307	13.015			Vel = 18.65	
23A	0.0	2.635	2E	16.474	34.000	33.353				
to		120.0		0.0	16.474	0.0				
24A	212.4	0.1161		0.0	50.474	5.858			Vel = 12.50	
24A	0.0	2.635	2E	16.474	5.000	39.211				
to		120.0		0.0	16.474	0.0				
25A	212.4	0.1160		0.0	21.474	2.492			Vel = 12.50	
25A	0.0	2.635	1E	8.237	42.000	41.703				
to		120.0		0.0	8.237	-16.544				
26A	212.4	0.1160		0.0	50.237	5.830			Vel = 12.50	
26A	0.0	2.635	1T	16.474	13.000	30.989				
to		120.0		0.0	16.474	-0.866				
28A	212.4	0.1160		0.0	29.474	3.420			Vel = 12.50	
	0.0									
	212.40					33.543			K Factor = 36.67	
1	-16.88	1.38		0.0	14.200	46.457				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
2	-16.88	-0.0250		0.0	14.200	-0.355			Vel = 3.62	
2	0.0	1.38		0.0	14.200	46.102				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
3	-16.88	-0.0250		0.0	14.200	-0.355			Vel = 3.62	

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 10  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa  Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv. Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
3 to 11	0.0 -16.88	1.38 120.0 -0.0250	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	6.000 6.000 12.000	45.747 0.0 -0.300		Vel = 3.62	
11 to 12	0.0 -16.88	1.61 120.0 -0.0119	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	45.447 0.433 -0.107		Vel = 2.66	
	0.0 -16.88					45.773		K Factor = -2.49	
4 to 11	0.0 0.0	1.38 120.0 0.0	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	9.000 6.000 15.000	45.447 0.0 0.0		Vel = 0	
	0.0 0.0					45.447		K Factor = 0	
1 to 31	16.88 16.88	1.38 120.0 0.0250	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	176.000 6.000 182.000	46.457 0.0 4.554		Vel = 3.62	
31 to 32	0.0 16.88	1.61 120.0 0.0118	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	51.011 -3.248 0.106		Vel = 2.66	
	0.0 16.88					47.869		K Factor = 2.44	
5 to 6	-16.97 -16.97	1.38 120.0 -0.0253		0.0 0.0 0.0	14.200 0.0 14.200	42.747 0.0 -0.359		Vel = 3.64	
6 to 7	0.0 -16.97	1.38 120.0 -0.0252		0.0 0.0 0.0	14.200 0.0 14.200	42.388 0.0 -0.358		Vel = 3.64	
7 to 13	0.0 -16.97	1.38 120.0 -0.0253	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	6.000 6.000 12.000	42.030 0.0 -0.304		Vel = 3.64	
13 to 14	0.0 -16.97	1.61 120.0 -0.0119	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	41.726 0.433 -0.107		Vel = 2.67	
	0.0 -16.97					42.052		K Factor = -2.62	
8 to 13	0.0 0.0	1.38 120.0 0.0	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	9.000 6.000 15.000	41.726 0.0 0.0		Vel = 0	
	0.0 0.0					41.726		K Factor = 0	
5 to 33	16.97 16.97	1.38 120.0 0.0253	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	176.000 6.000 182.000	42.747 0.0 4.596		Vel = 3.64	
33 to 34	0.0 16.97	1.61 120.0 0.0120	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	47.343 -2.166 0.108		Vel = 2.67	
	0.0								

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 11  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa  Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
	16.97					45.285			K Factor = 2.52	
9 to 15	-17.24	1.38 120.0	1T	6.0 0.0	6.000 6.000	39.317 0.0				
	-17.24	-0.0261		0.0	12.000	-0.313			Vel = 3.70	
15 to 16	0.0	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0	1.000 8.000	39.004 0.433				
	-17.24	-0.0122		0.0	9.000	-0.110			Vel = 2.72	
	0.0									
	-17.24					39.327			K Factor = -2.75	
10 to 15	0.0	1.38 120.0	1T	6.0 0.0	9.000 6.000	39.004 0.0				
	0.0	0.0		0.0	15.000	0.0			Vel = 0	
	0.0									
	0.0					39.004			K Factor = 0	
9 to 35	17.24	1.38 120.0	1T	6.0 0.0	204.400 6.000	39.317 0.0				
	17.24	0.0260		0.0	210.400	5.472			Vel = 3.70	
35 to 36	0.0	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0	1.000 8.000	44.789 -1.083				
	17.24	0.0123		0.0	9.000	0.111			Vel = 2.72	
	0.0									
	17.24					43.817			K Factor = 2.60	
17 to 18	-18.03	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0	1.000 8.000	37.245 0.433				
	-18.03	-0.0133		0.0	9.000	-0.120			Vel = 2.84	
	0.0									
	-18.03					37.558			K Factor = -2.94	
17 to 37	18.03	1.38 120.0	1T	6.0 0.0	210.400 6.000	37.245 0.0				
	18.03	0.0283		0.0	216.400	6.115			Vel = 3.87	
37 to 38	0.0	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0	1.000 8.000	43.360 -0.433				
	18.03	0.0132		0.0	9.000	0.119			Vel = 2.84	
	0.0									
	18.03					43.046			K Factor = 2.75	
19 to 20	-18.15	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0	10.000 8.000	33.238 3.465				
	-18.15	-0.0135		0.0	18.000	-0.243			Vel = 2.86	
	0.0									
	-18.15					36.460			K Factor = -3.01	
19 to 39	18.15	1.38 120.0	1T	6.0 0.0	210.400 6.000	33.238 0.0				
	18.15	0.0286		0.0	216.400	6.188			Vel = 3.89	
39 to 40	0.0	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0	10.000 8.000	39.426 3.465				
	18.15	0.0135		0.0	18.000	0.243			Vel = 2.86	
	0.0									

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 12  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
	18.15					43.134			K Factor = 2.76	
21 to 22	-19.66	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0	10.000 8.000	32.505 3.465				Vel = 3.10
	-19.66	-0.0157		0.0	18.000	-0.282				
	0.0									
	-19.66					35.688			K Factor = -3.29	
21 to 41	19.66	1.38 120.0	1T	6.0 0.0	210.400 6.000	32.505 0.0				Vel = 4.22
	19.66	0.0331		0.0	216.400	7.173				
41 to 42	0.0	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0	10.000 8.000	39.678 4.331				Vel = 3.10
	19.66	0.0157		0.0	18.000	0.282				
	0.0									
	19.66					44.291			K Factor = 2.95	
23 to 24	-21.04	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0	1.000 8.000	35.763 0.433				Vel = 3.32
	-21.04	-0.0178		0.0	9.000	-0.160				
	0.0									
	-21.04					36.036			K Factor = -3.50	
23 to 43	21.04	1.38 120.0	1T	6.0 0.0	210.400 6.000	35.763 0.0				Vel = 4.51
	21.04	0.0376		0.0	216.400	8.131				
43 to 44	0.0	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0	1.000 8.000	43.894 1.949				Vel = 3.32
	21.04	0.0177		0.0	9.000	0.159				
	0.0									
	21.04					46.002			K Factor = 3.10	
25 to 26	-23.48	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0	1.000 8.000	35.929 0.433				Vel = 3.70
	-23.48	-0.0218		0.0	9.000	-0.196				
	0.0									
	-23.48					36.166			K Factor = -3.90	
25 to 45	23.48	1.38 120.0	1T	6.0 0.0	210.400 6.000	35.929 0.0				Vel = 5.04
	23.48	0.0461		0.0	216.400	9.967				
45 to 46	0.0	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0	1.000 8.000	45.896 3.032				Vel = 3.70
	23.48	0.0218		0.0	9.000	0.196				
	0.0									
	23.48					49.124			K Factor = 3.35	
27 to 28	-26.71	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0	1.000 8.000	36.556 0.433				Vel = 4.21
	-26.71	-0.0276		0.0	9.000	-0.248				
	0.0									
	-26.71					36.741			K Factor = -4.41	
27 to 47	26.71	1.38 120.0	1T	6.0 0.0	210.400 6.000	36.556 0.0				Vel = 5.73
	26.71	0.0585		0.0	216.400	12.650				

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 13  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
47	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	49.206				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.433				
48	26.71	0.0276		0.0	9.000	0.248		Vel = 4.21		
	0.0									
	26.71					49.887		K Factor = 3.78		
29	-34.23	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	34.818				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	13.426				
30	-34.23	-0.0437		0.0	9.000	-0.393		Vel = 5.39		
	0.0									
	-34.23					47.851		K Factor = -4.95		
29	34.23	1.38	1T	6.0	210.400	34.818				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
49	34.23	0.0925		0.0	216.400	20.019		Vel = 7.34		
49	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	54.837				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	-0.866				
50	34.23	0.0437		0.0	9.000	0.393		Vel = 5.39		
	0.0									
	34.23					54.364		K Factor = 4.64		
12	-16.88	2.157		0.0	14.000	45.773				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	-3.681				
14	-16.88	-0.0029		0.0	14.000	-0.040		Vel = 1.48		
14	-16.97	2.157		0.0	12.300	42.052				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	-2.599				
16	-33.85	-0.0102		0.0	12.300	-0.126		Vel = 2.97		
16	-17.25	2.157		0.0	11.500	39.327				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	-1.516				
18	-51.1	-0.0220		0.0	11.500	-0.253		Vel = 4.49		
18	-18.03	2.157		0.0	6.000	37.558				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	-0.866				
20	-69.13	-0.0387		0.0	6.000	-0.232		Vel = 6.07		
20	-18.15	2.157		0.0	13.000	36.460				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
22	-87.28	-0.0594		0.0	13.000	-0.772		Vel = 7.66		
22	-19.65	2.157		0.0	6.000	35.688				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.866				
24	-106.93	-0.0863		0.0	6.000	-0.518		Vel = 9.39		
24	-21.04	2.157		0.0	11.500	36.036				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	1.516				
26	-127.97	-0.1205		0.0	11.500	-1.386		Vel = 11.24		
26	-23.48	2.157		0.0	12.300	36.166				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	2.599				
28	-151.45	-0.1646		0.0	12.300	-2.024		Vel = 13.30		
28	-26.71	2.157	1T	12.307	12.800	36.741				
to		120.0		0.0	12.307	2.382				
28A	-178.16	-0.2222		0.0	25.107	-5.580		Vel = 15.64		
28A	212.39	2.157		0.0	1.500	33.543				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	14.292				
30	34.23	0.0107		0.0	1.500	0.016		Vel = 3.01		

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 14  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftnng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
	0.0 34.23					47.851			K Factor = 4.95	
32 to 34	16.88	2.635 120.0		0.0	14.000	47.869 -2.599			Vel = 0.99	
34 to 36	16.88	0.0011		0.0	14.000	0.015			Vel = 1.99	
36 to 38	16.97	2.635 120.0		0.0	12.300	45.285 -1.516			Vel = 3.01	
38 to 40	33.85	0.0039		0.0	12.300	0.048			Vel = 4.07	
40 to 42	17.25	2.635 120.0		0.0	11.500	43.817 -0.866			Vel = 5.14	
42 to 44	51.1	0.0083		0.0	11.500	0.095			Vel = 6.29	
44 to 46	18.03	2.635 120.0		0.0	6.000	43.046 0.0			Vel = 7.53	
46 to 48	69.13	0.0147		0.0	6.000	0.088			Vel = 8.91	
48 to 51	18.15	2.635 120.0		0.0	13.000	43.134 0.866			Vel = 10.48	
51 to 55	87.28	0.0224		0.0	13.000	0.291			Vel = 24.14	
55 to 56	19.65	2.635 120.0		0.0	6.000	44.291 1.516			Vel = 2.01	
56 to 57	106.93	0.0325		0.0	6.000	0.195			Vel = 12.50	
57 to 58	21.04	2.635 120.0		0.0	11.500	46.002 2.599			Vel = 12.50	
58 to 59	127.97	0.0455		0.0	11.500	0.523			Vel = 8.16	
59 to 60	23.48	2.635 120.0		0.0	12.300	49.124 0.0			Vel = 8.16	
60 to 61	151.45	0.0620		0.0	12.300	0.763			Vel = 8.16	
61 to 62	26.71	2.635 120.0	1T	16.474	9.500	49.887 2.382			Vel = 8.16	
62 to 63	178.16	0.0839		0.0	25.974	2.178			Vel = 8.16	
63 to 64	0.0 178.16					54.447			K Factor = 24.14	
64 to 65	34.23	2.635 120.0	1T	16.474	4.500	54.364 0.0			Vel = 2.01	
65 to 66	34.23	0.0040		0.0	20.974	0.083			Vel = 12.50	
66 to 67	178.17	2.635 120.0	2E	16.474	13.000	54.447 0.0			Vel = 12.50	
67 to 68	212.4	0.1161		0.0	29.474	3.421			Vel = 8.16	
68 to 69	0.0	2.635 120.0	2E	16.474	6.000	57.868 1.299			Vel = 8.16	
69 to 70	212.4	0.1161		0.0	22.474	2.609			Vel = 8.16	
70 to 71	0.0	3.26 120.0	2E	18.815	42.000	61.776 18.060			Vel = 8.16	
71 to 72	212.4	0.0412		0.0	60.815	2.503			Vel = 8.16	
72 to 73	0.0	3.26 120.0	2E	18.815	15.000	82.339 0.0			Vel = 8.16	
73 to 74	212.4	0.0412		0.0	33.815	1.392			Vel = 8.16	
74 to 75	0.0	3.26 120.0	1T	20.159	6.000	83.731 0.476			Vel = 8.16	
75 to 76	212.4	0.0412		0.0	26.159	1.077			Vel = 8.16	

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 15  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv. Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
56 to TOR	0.0 212.4	3.26 120.0 0.0412	1T 20.159 1E 9.408 0.0	5.000 29.567 34.567	85.284 -1.732 1.423		Vel = 8.16		
TOR to BOR	0.0 212.4	3.26 120.0 0.0411	1E 9.408 1Fsp 0.0 1G 1.344 1Avk 13.44	7.000 24.192 31.192	84.975 7.851 1.283		* Fixed loss = 3 Vel = 8.16		
BOR to 100	100.0 312.4	6.357 120.0 0.0033	3E 52.808 1T 37.72 0.0	6.000 90.528 96.528	94.109 0.0 0.314		Qa = 100 Vel = 3.16		
100 to 101	0.0 312.4	6.16 140.0 0.0029	4L 51.645 0.0 0.0	10.000 51.645 61.645	94.423 0.0 0.176		Vel = 3.36		
101 to 102	0.0 312.4	6.16 140.0 0.0028	6L 77.467 0.0 0.0	30.000 77.467 107.467	94.599 0.0 0.306		Vel = 3.36		
102 to 103	0.0 312.4	6.16 140.0 0.0029	2E 40.168 0.0 0.0	6.000 40.168 46.168	94.905 7.000 0.132		* Fixed loss = 7 Vel = 3.36		
103 to 104	0.0 312.4	6.16 140.0 0.0028	1G 4.304 2L 25.822 1T 43.037	30.000 73.163 103.163	102.037 0.0 0.294		Vel = 3.36		
104 to 105	0.0 312.4	8.27 140.0 0.0007	2L 41.12 1G 6.326 1T 55.354	260.000 102.800 362.800	102.331 0.0 0.246		Vel = 1.87		
	0.0 312.40				102.577		K Factor = 30.85		

## Fire Hydrant Flow & Pressure Test

Date of test: 3/8/2010

Hydrant Site ID#: 47

Street Address Adjacent to Hydrant: Campus Way

Number of ports flowed: 1

Time of test: 4:40 PM

Class \_\_\_\_\_

Elev. @ Hydrant: 330.57

Static:

Residual:

Pitot:

Nozzle Coefficient:

Diameter:

This hydrant is flowing:

Projected available hydrant flow @ 20psi:

2nd Static: ( with handheld pitot gauge )

2nd Residual:

The main can be expected to flow about:

150	<i>psi before flowing</i>
	<i>psi while flowing</i>
50	<i>pitot gauge reading</i>
0.9	<i>(Note 3)</i>
2.5	<i>size of opening tested</i>
1186.48	<i>GPM from the test outlet</i>
	<i>GPM (Note 1)</i>
	<i>secondary psi before flowing</i>
	<i>secondary psi while flowing</i>
	<i>GPM</i>

Number of Tanks in System: 2

Tank No. 1: N/A

Tank No. 2: N/A

Water Main Size: 12"

Pumps:

**Notes:**

1. Projected available flows calculated at 20 psi residual, or 1/2 the static pressure for low pressure hydrants having static pressures of less than 40 psi.
2. This calculator is based on established Hazen-Williams formulas and is provided for convenience and estimation purposes only. The author and Cannon express no warranty for its suitability for any particular purpose.
3. Since hydrant nozzles typically don't produce perfect discharge columns, this is a correction factor which is often used to compensate for errant pitot readings. Hydrant manufacturers should be able to provide coefficients for their products. For hydrants where the coefficient is unknown, we use .95 or .9 depending upon how uniform the discharge stream looks when the hydrant is opened.

**Field Notes:**







## Fire Hydrant Flow & Pressure Test

Date of test: 3/8/2010

Hydrant Site ID#: 51

Street Address Adjacent to Hydrant: Adjacent to new pool

Number of ports flowed: 1

Time of test: 5:00 PM

Elev. @ Hydrant: 346.00

Class \_\_\_\_\_

Static:

Residual:

Pitot:

Nozzle Coefficient:

Diameter:

This hydrant is flowing:

Projected available hydrant flow @ 20psi:

2nd Static: ( with handheld pitot gauge )

2nd Residual:

The main can be expected to flow about:

140	psi before flowing
132	psi while flowing
	pitot gauge reading
0.9	(Note 3)
2.5	size of opening tested
0.00	GPM from the test outlet
	GPM (Note 1)
	secondary psi before flowing
	secondary psi while flowing
	GPM

# of Tanks in System: 2

Tank No. 1: N/A

Tank No. 2: N/A

Water Main Size: 12"

Pumps:

### Notes:

1. Projected available flows calculated at 20 psi residual, or 1/2 the static pressure for low pressure hydrants having static pressures of less than 40 psi.
2. This calculator is based on established Hazen-Williams formulas and is provided for convenience and estimation purposes only. The author and Cannon express no warranty for its suitability for any particular purpose.
3. Since hydrant nozzles typically don't produce perfect discharge columns, this is a correction factor which is often used to compensate for errant pitot readings. Hydrant manufacturers should be able to provide coefficients for their products. For hydrants where the coefficient is unknown, we use .95 or .9 depending upon how uniform the discharge stream looks when the hydrant is

### Field Notes:



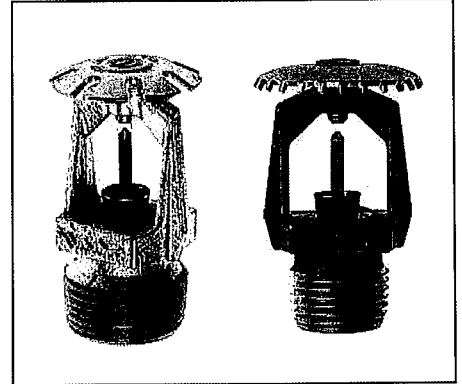


The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058

Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services: 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-818-1680 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com

## 1. DESCRIPTION

Viking Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Upright and Conventional (Old Style) Sprinklers are small, thermosensitive, glass-bulb spray sprinklers available in several different finishes, temperature ratings, and K-Factors to meet design requirements. The special Polyester and Teflon® coatings can be used in decorative applications where colors are desired. In addition, these coatings have been investigated for installation in corrosive atmospheres and are cULus listed as corrosion resistant as indicated in the Approval Chart. (Note: FM Global has no approval classification for Teflon® and Polyester coatings as corrosion resistant.)



## 2. LISTINGS AND APPROVALS

**cULus Listed:** Category VNIV

**FM Approved:** Class 2020

**NYC Approved:** Calendar Number 219-76-SA and MEA 89-92-E, Volume 16

**ABS Certified:** Certificate 04-HS407984B-PDA

**VdS Approved:** Certificate G4060054, G4060056, G4880046, G4930039, and G4980020

**LPC Approved:** Ref. No. 096e/03, TE30401, and TE30872

**CE Certified:** Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0832-CPD-2001, 0832-CPD-2003, 0786-CPD-40131, and 0786-CPD-40171

**MED Certified:** Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0832-MED-1003 and 0832-MED-1008

**NOTE:** Other International approval certificates are available upon request.

Refer to the Approval Chart on page 51d and Design Criteria on page 51e for cULus and FM approval requirements that must be followed.

## 3. TECHNICAL DATA

### Specifications:

Available since 1987.

Minimum Operating Pressure: 7 psi (0.5 bar)\*

**Maximum Working Pressure: Sprinklers VK315 and VK340 are rated for use with water working pressures ranging from the minimum 7 psi (0.5 bar) up to 250 psi (17 bar) for high-pressure systems. High-pressure (HP) sprinklers can be identified by locating "250" stamped on the deflector. All other Part Nos. not mentioned above are rated to a maximum 175 psi (12 bar) wwp.**

Factory tested hydrostatically to 500 psi (34.5 bar)

Testing: U.S.A. Patent No. 4,831,870

Thread size: Refer to the Approval Chart

Nominal K-Factor: Refer to the Approval Chart

Glass-bulb fluid temperature rated to -65 °F (-55 °C)

Overall Length: Refer to the Approval Chart

\*cULus Listing, FM Approval, and NFPA 13 installs require a minimum of 7 psi (0.5 bar). The minimum operating pressure for LPCB and CE Approvals ONLY is 5 psi (0.35 bar).

### Material Standards:

Frame Casting: Brass UNS-C84400 or QM Brass for Sprinklers 06661B, 06766B, 07060, and 12281. Brass UNS-C84400 for all other sprinklers.

Deflector: Brass UNS-C23000 or Copper UNS-C19500 for Sprinklers 06661B and 12281. Copper UNS-C19500 for Sprinklers 06665B, 06764B, and 07060. Brass UNS-C26000 for all other Sprinklers.

Bushing (for Sprinklers 06719B, 06717B, and 12286): Brass UNS-C36000

Bulb: Glass, nominal 3 mm diameter

Belleville Spring Sealing Assembly: Nickel Alloy, coated on both sides with Teflon Tape

Screw: Brass UNS-C36000

Viking Technical Data may be found on  
The Viking Corporation's Web site at  
<http://www.vikinggroupinc.com>.  
The Web site may include a more recent  
edition of this Technical Data Page.



The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058

Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services: 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-818-1680 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com

Pip Cap and Insert Assembly: Copper UNS-C11000 and Stainless Steel UNS-S30400

Pip Cap Attachment (for Sprinklers VK300 and VK325): Brass UNS-C36000

For Teflon® Coated Sprinklers: Belleville Spring-Exposed, Screw-Nickel Plated, Pip Cap-Teflon® Coated

For Polyester Coated Sprinklers: Belleville Spring-Exposed

**Ordering Information:** (Also refer to the current Viking price list.)

Order Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Upright and Conventional Sprinklers by first adding the appropriate suffix for the sprinkler finish and then the appropriate suffix for the temperature rating to the sprinkler base part number.

Finish Suffix: Brass = A, Chrome-Enloy® = F, White Polyester = M-/W, Black Polyester = M-/B, and Black Teflon® = N

Temperature Suffix (°F/°C): 135°/57° = A, 155°/68° = B, 175°/79° = D, 200°/93° = E, and 286°/141° = G

For example, sprinkler VK300 with a 1/2" thread, Brass finish and a 155 °F/68 °C temperature rating = Part No. 06661BAB

**Available Finishes And Temperature Ratings:**

Refer to Table 1

**Accessories:** (Also refer to the "Sprinkler Accessories" section of the Viking data book.)

**Sprinkler Wrenches:**

Standard Wrench: Part No. 10896W/B (available since 2000)

**Sprinkler Cabinets:**

A. Six-head capacity: Part No. 01724A (available since 1971)

B. Twelve-head capacity: Part No. 01725A (available since 1971)

#### 4. INSTALLATION

Refer to appropriate NFPA Installation Standards.

#### 5. OPERATION

During fire conditions, the heat-sensitive liquid in the glass bulb expands, causing the glass to shatter, releasing the pip cap and sealing spring assembly. Water flowing through the sprinkler orifice strikes the sprinkler deflector, forming a uniform spray pattern to extinguish or control the fire.

#### 6. INSPECTIONS, TESTS AND MAINTENANCE

Refer to NFPA 25 for Inspection, Testing and Maintenance requirements.

#### 7. AVAILABILITY

The Viking Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Upright and Conventional Sprinklers are available through a network of domestic and international distributors. See The Viking Corporation web site for the closest distributor or contact The Viking Corporation.

#### 8. GUARANTEE

For details of warranty, refer to Viking's current list price schedule or contact Viking directly.

	<b>TECHNICAL DATA</b>	<b>MICROFAST® AND MicrofastHP® QUICK RESPONSE UPRIGHT AND CONVENTIONAL SPRINKLERS</b>
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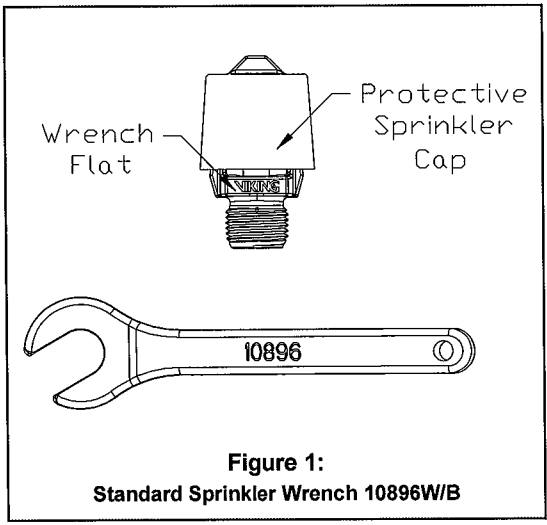
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 Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services: 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-818-1680 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com

TABLE 1: AVAILABLE SPRINKLER TEMPERATURE RATINGS AND FINISHES			
Sprinkler Temperature Classification	Sprinkler Nominal Temperature Rating	Maximum Ambient Ceiling Temperature <sup>2</sup>	Paint Color
Ordinary	135 °F (57 °C)	100 °F (38 °C)	Orange
Ordinary	155 °F (68 °C)	100 °F (38 °C)	Red
Intermediate	175 °F (79 °C)	150 °F (65 °C)	Yellow
Intermediate	200 °F (93 °C)	150 °F (65 °C)	Green
High	286 °F (141 °C)	225 °F (107 °C)	Blue

**Sprinkler Finishes:** Brass, Chrome-Enloy®, White Polyester, Black Polyester, and Black Teflon®  
**Corrosion-Resistant Coatings<sup>4</sup>:** White Polyester, Black Polyester, and Black Teflon®

**Footnotes**

<sup>1</sup> The sprinkler temperature rating is stamped on the deflector.  
<sup>2</sup> Based on NFPA-13. Other limits may apply, depending on fire loading, sprinkler location, and other requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction. Refer to specific installation standards.  
<sup>3</sup> The corrosion-resistant coatings have passed the standard corrosion test required by the approving agencies indicated on pages 51d. These tests cannot and do not represent all possible corrosive environments. Prior to installation, verify through the end-user that the coatings are compatible with or suitable for the proposed environment. For automatic sprinklers, the coatings indicated are applied to the exposed exterior surfaces only. Note that the spring is exposed on sprinklers with Polyester and Teflon® coatings.



	<b>TECHNICAL DATA</b>	<b>MICROFAST® AND MicrofastHP® QUICK RESPONSE UPRIGHT AND CONVENTIONAL SPRINKLERS</b>
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The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058  
 Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services: 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-818-1680 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com

Approved Chart														
Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Upright and Conventional Sprinklers Maximum 250 PSI (17 bar) WWP														
Base Part Number <sup>1</sup>	SIN	Thread Size		Nominal K-Factor		Overall Length		Listings and Approvals <sup>3</sup> (Refer also to Design Criteria on page 51e.)						
		NPT	BSP	U.S.	metric <sup>2</sup>	Inches	mm	cULus <sup>4</sup>	FM <sup>7</sup>	NYC <sup>8</sup>	VdS	LPCB	CE	⊗
<b>Upright-Standard Orifice</b>														
06661B	VK300	1/2"	15 mm	5.6	80.6	2-3/16	56	A2	A3	A2	--	--	--	--
07060	VK345	--	15 mm	5.6	80.6	2-3/16	56	--	A3	--	A3	A3	B3 <sup>12</sup>	B3 <sup>14</sup>
<b>Conventional-Standard Orifice</b>														
06766B	VK310	1/2"	15 mm	5.6	80.6	2-3/16	56	A3	--	A3	--	A3	B3 <sup>12</sup>	B3 <sup>14</sup>
<b>Upright-Large Orifice</b>														
06665B	VK350	3/4"	--	8.0	115.2	2-5/16	59	A2	A3	A2	--	A3	B3 <sup>12</sup>	--
14817	VK350	--	20 mm	8.0	115.2	2-5/16	59	A2	A3	A2	--	A3	B3 <sup>12</sup>	--
06764B	VK350	1/2"	15 mm	8.0	115.2	2-5/16	59	A2	--	A2	--	--	--	--
<b>Conventional-Large Orifice</b>														
06768B	VK354	3/4"	20 mm	8.0	115.2	2-5/16	59	A2	--	A3	--	A3	B3 <sup>12</sup>	--
<b>Upright-Small Orifice<sup>10</sup></b>														
06717B <sup>11</sup>	VK325	1/2"	15 mm	2.8	40.3	2-3/16	56	A2	A1	A2	--	--	--	--
06719B <sup>11</sup>	VK327	1/2"	15 mm	4.2	60.0	2-3/16	56	A2	--	A2	--	--	--	--
06931B <sup>11</sup>	VK327	--	10 mm	4.2	60.0	2-3/16	56	--	--	--	A3	--	E1 <sup>13</sup>	--
<b>Maximum 250 PSI (17 bar) WWP</b>														
<b>Upright-Standard Orifice</b>														
Base Part Number <sup>1</sup>	SIN	Thread Size		Nominal K-Factor		Overall Length		Listings and Approvals <sup>3</sup> (Refer also to Design Criteria on page 51e.)						
		NPT	BSP	U.S.	metric <sup>2</sup>	Inches	mm	cULus <sup>4</sup>	FM	NYC <sup>8</sup>	VdS	LPCB	CE	⊗
12281	VK315	1/2"	15 mm	5.6	80.6	2-3/16	56	A2	--	A2	--	--	--	--
<b>Upright-Small Orifice<sup>10</sup></b>														
12286 <sup>11</sup>	VK340	1/2"	15 mm	2.8	40.3	2-3/16	56	A2	--	A2	--	--	--	--
<b>Approved Temperature Ratings</b>							<b>Approved Finishes</b>							
A - 135 °F (57 °C), 155 °F (68 °C), 175 °F (79 °C), 200 °F (93 °C), and 286 °F (141°C) B - 155 °F (68 °C), 175 °F (79 °C), 200 °F (93 °C), and 286 °F (141°C) C - 135 °F (57 °C), 155 °F (68 °C), 175 °F (79 °C), and 286 °F (141°C) D - 135 °F (57 °C), 155 °F (68 °C), and 175 °F (79 °C) E - 155 °F (68 °C)							1 - Brass and Chrome-Enloy® 2 - Brass, Chrome-Enloy®, White Polyester <sup>5,6</sup> , Black Polyester <sup>5,6</sup> , and Black Teflon <sup>9,5</sup> 3 - Brass, Chrome-Enloy®, White Polyester <sup>5,6</sup> , and Black Polyester <sup>5,6</sup>							
<b>Footnotes</b>														
<sup>1</sup> Base part number is shown. For complete part number, refer to Viking's current price schedule. <sup>2</sup> Metric K-factor measurement shown is when pressure is measured in Bar. When pressure is measured in kPa, divide the metric K-factor shown by 10.0. <sup>3</sup> This table shows the listings and approvals available at the time of printing. Check with the manufacturer for any additional approvals. <sup>4</sup> Listed by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. for use in the U.S. and Canada. <sup>5</sup> cULus Listed as corrosion resistant. <sup>6</sup> Other colors are available on request with the same Listings and Approvals as the standard colors. <sup>7</sup> For installation in accordance with the latest applicable FM Loss Prevention Data Sheets and Technical Advisory Bulletins. <sup>8</sup> Accepted for use, City of New York Board of Standards and Appeals, Calendar Number 219-76-SA. <sup>9</sup> Accepted for use, City of New York Department of Buildings, MEA 89-92-E, Vol. 16. <sup>10</sup> Listings and Approvals limited to Light Hazard Occupancies where allowed by the installation standards being applied, with hydraulically calculated wet systems only. <b>Exception:</b> 4.2K sprinklers may be installed on hydraulically calculated dry pipe systems where piping is corrosion resistant or internally galvanized. <sup>11</sup> The sprinkler orifice is bushed. <sup>12</sup> CE Certified, Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0832-CPD-2001 and 0832-CPD-2003. <sup>13</sup> CE Certified, Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0786-CPD-40131. <sup>14</sup> ⊗ MED Certified, Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0832-MED-1003 and 0832-MED-1008.														



## TECHNICAL DATA

## MICROFAST® AND MicrofastHP® QUICK RESPONSE UPRIGHT AND CONVENTIONAL SPRINKLERS

The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058

Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services: 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-818-1680 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com

### DESIGN CRITERIA

(Also refer to the Approval Chart on page 51d)

#### **cULus Listing Requirements:**

Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Upright and Conventional Sprinklers are cULus Listed as indicated in the Approval Chart for installation in accordance with the latest edition of NFPA 13 for standard spray sprinklers, or old style (conventional) sprinklers.

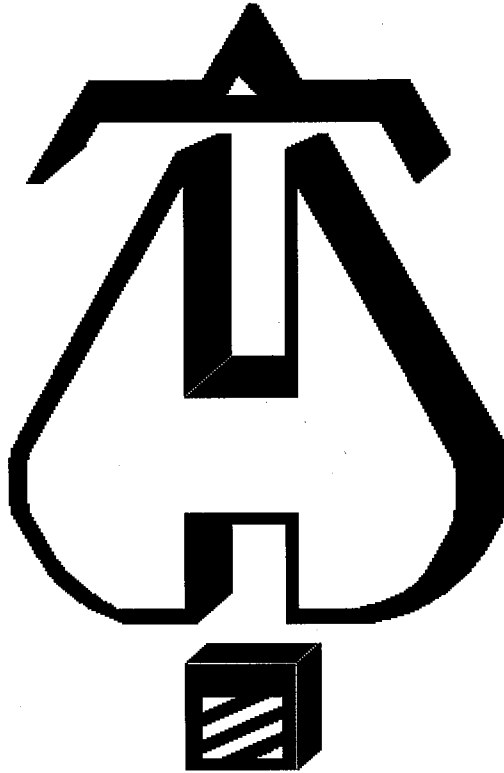
- Designed for use in Light and Ordinary Hazard occupancies (*exception: small orifice sprinklers are limited to Light Hazard where allowed by the installation standards being applied, with hydraulically calculated wet systems only*).
- The sprinkler installation rules contained in NFPA 13 for standard spray upright sprinklers must be followed. For conventional sprinklers, refer to the installation guidelines for old style (conventional) sprinklers.

#### **FM Approval Requirements:**

For installation in accordance with the latest applicable FM Loss Prevention Data Sheets (including 2-8N) and Technical Advisory Bulletins. FM Global Loss Prevention Data Sheets and Technical Advisory Bulletins contain guidelines relating to, but not limited to: minimum water supply requirements, hydraulic design, ceiling slope and obstructions, minimum and maximum allowable spacing, and deflector distance below the ceiling.

**NOTE:** The FM installation guidelines may differ from cULus and/or NFPA criteria.

**IMPORTANT:** Always refer to Bulletin Form No. F\_091699 - Care and Handling of Sprinklers. Also refer to page QR1-3 for general care, installation, and maintenance information. Viking sprinklers are to be installed in accordance with the latest edition of Viking technical data, the appropriate standards of NFPA, FM Global, LPCB, APSAD, VdS or other similar organizations, and also with the provisions of governmental codes, ordinances, and standards, whenever applicable.



... Fire Protection by Computer Design

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
4233 W. SIERRA MADRE AVE.  
SUITE #108  
FRESNO, CA. 93722  
(559) 275-3795



Job Name : CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407  
Building : EXIST GYM, OFFICES, REMOTE AREA E4  
Location : RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION  
System : E-OFFICE  
Contract : FD-1075  
Data File : CALPOLY-E4OFFICES.WXF

Hydraulic Design Information Sheet

Name - CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407 Date - 11-04-2010  
 Location - RECREATION CENTER EXPANSION  
 Building - EXIST GYM, OFFICES, REMOTE AREA E4 System No. - E-OFFICE  
 Contractor - COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC. Contract No. - FD-1075  
 Calculated By - KO Drawing No. - FP-E1 PIPE  
 Construction: ( ) Combustible (X) Non-Combustible Ceiling Height - 10'  
 Occupancy - LIGHT HAZARD, but Calced at higher ORD. HZD. 1

S (X) NFPA 13 ( ) Lt. Haz. Ord.Haz.Gp. (x) 1 ( ) 2 ( ) 3 ( ) Ex.Haz.  
 Y ( ) NFPA 231 ( ) NFPA 231C ( ) Figure Curve  
 S Other Quick Response reduction utilized per NFPA#13-2002, 11.2.3.2.3.1  
 T Specific Ruling Made By Date

M	Area of Sprinkler Operation - 900	System Type	Sprinkler/Nozzle
	Density - .15	(X) Wet	Make VIKING
D	Area Per Sprinkler - 100	( ) Dry	Model PENDANT
E	Elevation at Highest Outlet - 10'	( ) Deluge	Size 1/2"
S	Hose Allowance - Inside - 100	( ) Preaction	K-Factor 5.6
I	Rack Sprinkler Allowance - NA	( ) Other	Temp.Rat.155
G	Hose Allowance - Outside - 150		

Note Offices are light hazard, but calced at higher Ord. Hzd.1 occupancy.

Calculation Flow Required - 337.57 Press Required - 45.23 BOR  
 Summary C-Factor Used: 120 Overhead 140 Underground

W	Water Flow Test:	Pump Data:	Tank or Reservoir:
A	Date of Test - 3-8-2010	Rated Cap.-	Cap. -
T	Time of Test - 3 PM	@ Press -	Elev.-
E	Static Press - 140	Elev. -	Well
R	Residual Press - 132		Proof Flow
	Flow - 1186		
S	Elevation - 0		

U  
 P Location - FIRE HYDRANT #47 & #51 ON SITE  
 P  
 L Source of Information - FLOW TEST PERFORMED ON SITE 3-8-2010  
 Y BY CANNON ENGINEERING , RESULTS ATTACHED TO CALCS.

C	Commodity	Class	Location
O	Storage Ht.	Area	Aisle W.
M	Storage Method: Solid Piled	% Palletized	% Rack
M	( ) Single Row	( ) Conven. Pallet	( ) Auto. Storage
S	( ) Double Row	( ) Slave Pallet	( ) Encap.
R	( ) Mult. Row	( ) Open Shelf	( ) Non

O C  
 R K Flue Spacing Clearance:Storage to Ceiling  
 A Longitudinal Transverse

G  
 E Horizontal Barriers Provided:

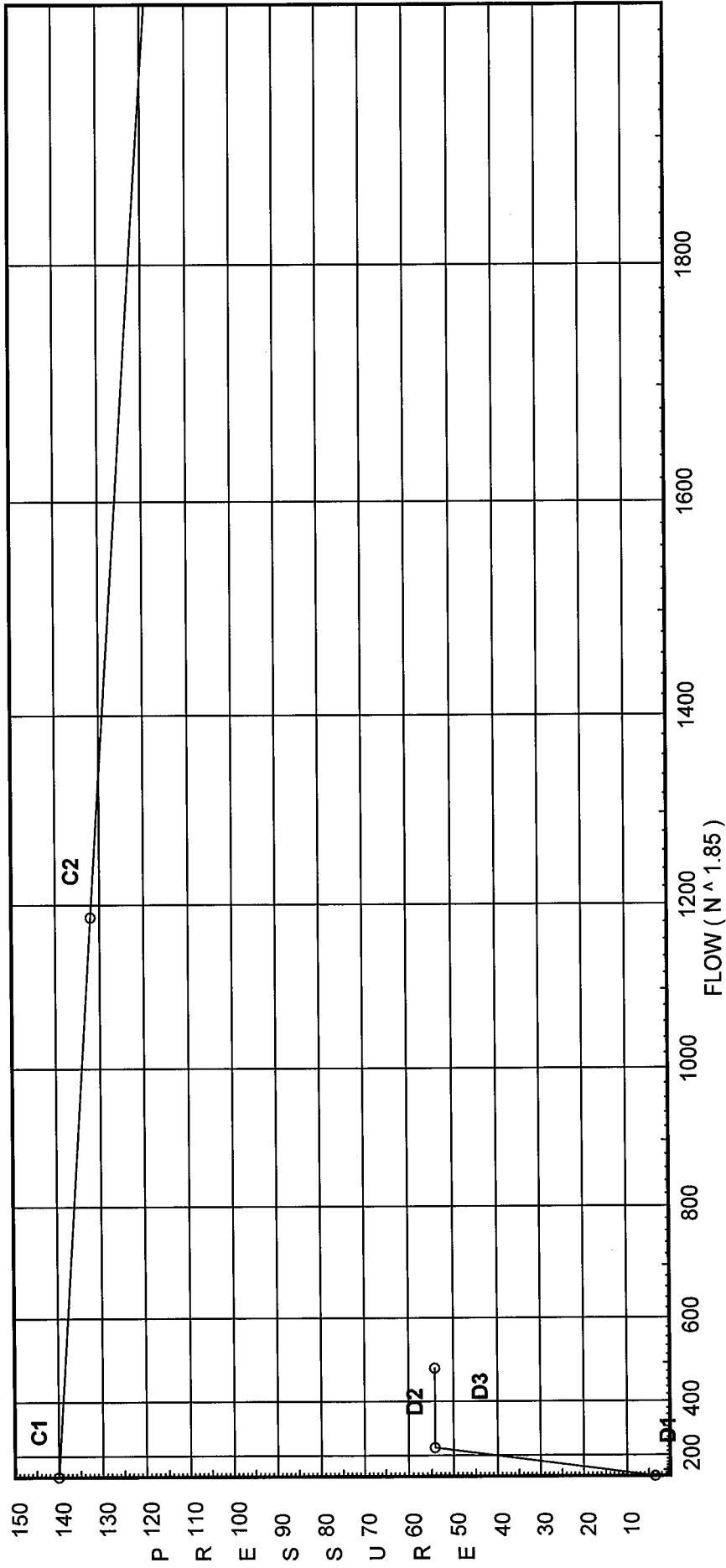


# Water Supply Curve (C)

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

City Water Supply:  
 C1 - Static Pressure : 140  
 C2 - Residual Pressure: 132  
 C2 - Residual Flow : 1186

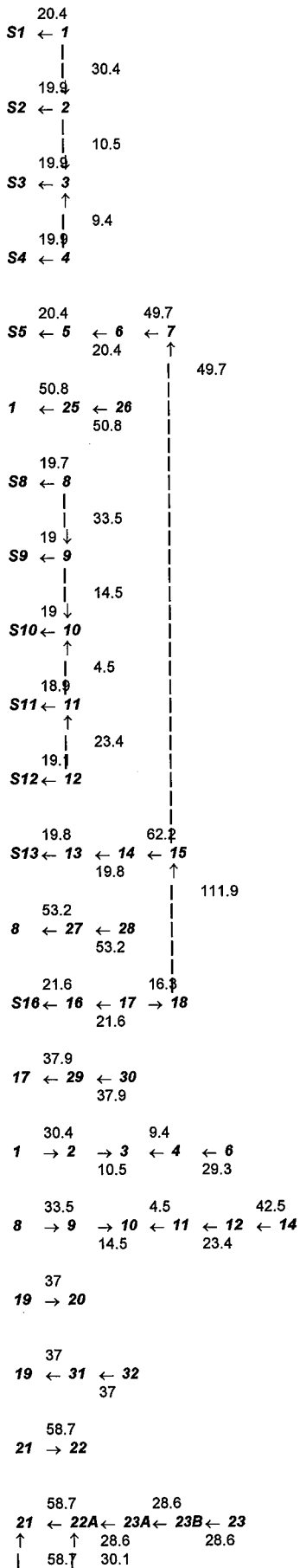
Demand:  
 D1 - Elevation : 3.465  
 D2 - System Flow : 237.572  
 D2 - System Pressure : 54.199  
 Hose ( Adj City ) : 250  
 Hose ( Demand ) : 487.572  
 D3 - System Demand : 84.256  
 Safety Margin :



# Flow Diagram

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

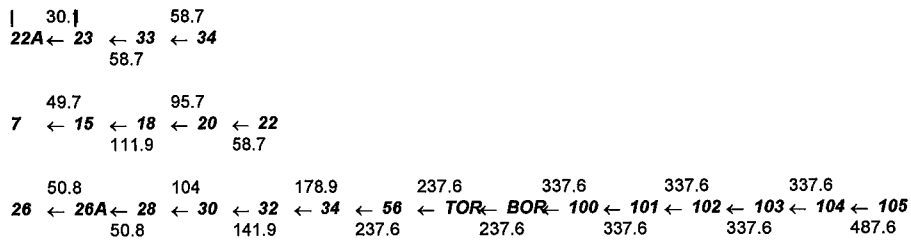
Page 3  
 Date 11-04-2010



# Flow Diagram

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 4  
Date 11-04-2010



# Fittings Used Summary

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Fitting Legend Abbrev. Name	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	2 1/2	3	3 1/2	4	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	24	
AVK Alarm Viking J1																					
E NFPA 13 90' Standard Elbow	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	12	14	18	22	27	35	40	45	50	61	
Fsp Flow Switch Potter VSR	Fitting generates a Fixed Loss Based on Flow																				
G NFPA 13 Gate Valve	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	11	13	
L NFPA 13 Long Turn Elbow	0.5	1	2	2	2	3	4	5	5	6	8	9	13	16	18	24	27	30	34	40	
T NFPA 13 90' Flow thru Tee	3	4	5	6	8	10	12	15	17	20	25	30	35	50	60	71	81	91	101	121	

## Units Summary

Diameter Units Inches  
 Length Units Feet  
 Flow Units US Gallons per Minute  
 Pressure Units Pounds per Square Inch

# Pressure / Flow Summary - STANDARD

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 6  
 Date 11-04-2010

Node No.	Elevation	K-Fact	Pt Actual	Pn	Flow Actual	Density	Area	Press Req.
S1	8.0	5.6	13.32	na	20.44	0.15	100	7.0
S2	8.0	5.6	12.64	na	19.91	0.15	100	7.0
S3	8.0	5.6	12.59	na	19.87	0.15	100	7.0
S4	8.0	5.6	12.66	na	19.92	0.15	100	7.0
S5	8.0	5.6	13.23	na	20.37	0.15	100	7.0
5	9.8		14.07	na				
6	9.8		14.32	na				
1	9.8		13.9	na				
25	9.8		26.96	na				
S8	8.0	5.6	12.38	na	19.7	0.15	100	7.0
S9	8.0	5.6	11.57	na	19.05	0.15	100	7.0
S10	8.0	5.6	11.46	na	18.96	0.15	100	7.0
S11	8.0	5.6	11.37	na	18.88	0.15	100	7.0
S12	8.0	5.6	11.65	na	19.12	0.15	100	7.0
S13	8.0	5.6	12.44	na	19.75	0.15	100	7.0
13	9.8		13.89	na				
14	9.8		14.12	na				
8	9.8		12.87	na				
27	9.8		27.1	na				
S16	8.0	5.6	14.88	na	21.6	0.15	144	7.0
16	9.8		15.97	na				
17	9.8		16.35	na				
29	9.8		27.83	na				
2	9.8		13.16	na				
3	9.8		13.09	na				
4	9.8		13.17	na				
9	9.8		11.98	na				
10	9.8		11.86	na				
11	9.8		11.87	na				
12	9.8		12.19	na				
19	9.8		17.41	na				
31	9.8		28.4	na				
21	9.8		18.3	na				
22A	9.8		22.09	na				
23A	9.8		22.72	na				
23B	9.8		28.22	na				
23	9.8		28.79	na				
33	9.8		29.31	na				
7	9.0		15.45	na				
15	9.0		15.66	na				
18	9.0		16.6	na				
20	9.0		17.3	na				
26	9.0		28.12	na				
26A	9.0		28.27	na				
28	9.0		28.34	na				
30	9.0		28.65	na				
32	9.0		29.2	na				
34	9.0		30.04	na				
56	7.2		35.78	na				
TOR	11.2		35.8	na				
BOR	0.0		45.23	na	100.0			
100	0.0		45.59	na				
101	0.0		45.79	na				
102	0.0		46.15	na				
103	0.0		53.3	na				
104	0.0		53.64	na	150.0			
105	0.0		54.2	na				

The maximum velocity is 13.98 and it occurs in the pipe between nodes 34 and 56

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 7  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
S1 to 1	20.44	1.049 120.0	1E 1T	2.0 5.0 0.0	3.000 7.000 10.000	13.321 -0.780 1.355			K Factor = 5.60	
	0.0 20.44						13.896		K Factor = 5.48	
S2 to 2	19.91	1.049 120.0	1E 1T	2.0 5.0 0.0	3.000 7.000 10.000	12.644 -0.780 1.291			K Factor = 5.60	
	0.0 19.91						13.155		K Factor = 5.49	
S3 to 3	19.87	1.049 120.0	1E 1T	2.0 5.0 0.0	3.000 7.000 10.000	12.587 -0.780 1.286			K Factor = 5.60	
	0.0 19.87						13.093		K Factor = 5.49	
S4 to 4	19.92	1.049 120.0	1E 1T	2.0 5.0 0.0	3.000 7.000 10.000	12.657 -0.780 1.292			K Factor = 5.60	
	0.0 19.92						13.169		K Factor = 5.49	
S5 to 5	20.37	1.049 120.0	2E 1T	4.0 5.0 0.0	3.000 9.000 12.000	13.232 -0.780 1.616			K Factor = 5.60	
5 to 6	0.0	1.38 120.0	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 6.000 7.000	14.068 0.0 0.248				Vel = 4.37
6 to 7	29.33	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	14.316 0.346 0.784				Vel = 7.83
	0.0 49.70						15.446		K Factor = 12.65	
1 to 25	50.81	1.38 120.0	1T	6.0 0.0 0.0	62.000 6.000 68.000	13.896 0.0 13.062				Vel = 10.90
25 to 26	0.0	1.61 120.0	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	26.958 0.346 0.817				Vel = 8.01
	0.0 50.81						28.121		K Factor = 9.58	
S8 to 8	19.70	1.049 120.0	1E 1T	2.0 5.0 0.0	3.000 7.000 10.000	12.380 -0.780 1.266			K Factor = 5.60	
	0.0 19.70						12.866		K Factor = 5.49	
S9 to 9	19.05	1.049 120.0	1E 1T	2.0 5.0 0.0	3.000 7.000 10.000	11.567 -0.780 1.189			K Factor = 5.60	
	0.0 19.05									Vel = 7.07

Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 8  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
	0.0 19.05									
S10	18.96	1.049	1E	2.0	3.000	11.464			K Factor = 5.50	
to		120.0	1T	5.0	7.000	-0.780			K Factor = 5.60	
10	18.96	0.1179		0.0	10.000	1.179			Vel = 7.04	
	0.0 18.96									
S11	18.88	1.049	1E	2.0	4.000	11.366			K Factor = 5.50	
to		120.0	1T	5.0	7.000	-0.780			K Factor = 5.60	
11	18.88	0.1169		0.0	11.000	1.286			Vel = 7.01	
	0.0 18.88									
S12	19.12	1.049	1E	2.0	4.000	11.654			K Factor = 5.48	
to		120.0	1T	5.0	7.000	-0.780			K Factor = 5.60	
12	19.12	0.1198		0.0	11.000	1.318			Vel = 7.10	
	0.0 19.12									
S13	19.75	1.049	2E	4.0	8.500	12.442			K Factor = 5.48	
to		120.0	1T	5.0	9.000	-0.780			K Factor = 5.60	
13	19.75	0.1272		0.0	17.500	2.226			Vel = 7.33	
13	0.0	1.38	1T	6.0	1.000	13.888				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
14	19.75	0.0334		0.0	7.000	0.234			Vel = 4.24	
14	42.47	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	14.122				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.346				
15	62.22	0.1319		0.0	9.000	1.187			Vel = 9.81	
	0.0 62.22									
8	53.23	1.38	1T	6.0	62.000	12.866			K Factor = 15.73	
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
27	53.23	0.2094		0.0	68.000	14.237			Vel = 11.42	
27	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	27.103				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.346				
28	53.23	0.0989		0.0	9.000	0.890			Vel = 8.39	
	0.0 53.23									
S16	21.60	1.049	2E	4.0	8.500	14.878			K Factor = 10.00	
to		120.0		0.0	4.000	-0.780			K Factor = 5.60	
16	21.6	0.1501		0.0	12.500	1.876			Vel = 8.02	
16	0.0	1.38	1T	6.0	3.500	15.974				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
17	21.6	0.0394		0.0	9.500	0.374			Vel = 4.63	
17	-37.86	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	16.348				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.346				
18	-16.26	-0.0109		0.0	9.000	-0.098			Vel = 2.56	
	0.0 -16.26									
									K Factor = -3.99	

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 9  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
17	37.86	1.38	1T	6.0	97.000	16.348				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
29	37.86	0.1115		0.0	103.000	11.481		Vel =	8.12	
29	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	27.829				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.346				
30	37.86	0.0527		0.0	9.000	0.474		Vel =	5.97	
	0.0									
	37.86					28.649		K Factor =	7.07	
1	-30.37	1.38		0.0	10.000	13.896				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
2	-30.37	-0.0741		0.0	10.000	-0.741		Vel =	6.51	
2	19.91	1.38		0.0	6.000	13.155				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
3	-10.46	-0.0103		0.0	6.000	-0.062		Vel =	2.24	
3	19.87	1.38		0.0	9.000	13.093				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
4	9.41	0.0084		0.0	9.000	0.076		Vel =	2.02	
4	19.92	1.38	1T	6.0	10.500	13.169				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
6	29.33	0.0695		0.0	16.500	1.147		Vel =	6.29	
	0.0									
	29.33					14.316		K Factor =	7.75	
8	-33.53	1.38		0.0	10.000	12.866				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
9	-33.53	-0.0890		0.0	10.000	-0.890		Vel =	7.19	
9	19.04	1.38		0.0	6.000	11.976				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
10	-14.49	-0.0188		0.0	6.000	-0.113		Vel =	3.11	
10	18.97	1.38		0.0	4.500	11.863				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
11	4.48	0.0020		0.0	4.500	0.009		Vel =	0.96	
11	18.87	1.38		0.0	7.000	11.872				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
12	23.35	0.0457		0.0	7.000	0.320		Vel =	5.01	
12	19.12	1.38	1T	6.0	8.000	12.192				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
14	42.47	0.1379		0.0	14.000	1.930		Vel =	9.11	
	0.0									
	42.47					14.122		K Factor =	11.30	
19	-36.98	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	17.406				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.346				
20	-36.98	-0.0503		0.0	9.000	-0.453		Vel =	5.83	
	0.0									
	-36.98					17.299		K Factor =	-8.89	
19	36.98	1.38	1T	6.0	97.000	17.406				
to		120.0		0.0	6.000	0.0				
31	36.98	0.1067		0.0	103.000	10.993		Vel =	7.93	
31	0.0	1.61	1T	8.0	1.000	28.399				
to		120.0		0.0	8.000	0.346				
32	36.98	0.0504		0.0	9.000	0.454		Vel =	5.83	



Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 10  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
	0.0 36.98					29.199			K Factor = 6.84	
21 to 22	-58.68 -58.68	1.61 120.0 -0.1182	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 8.000 9.000	18.302 -4.418 -1.064			Vel = 9.25	
	0.0 -58.68					12.820			K Factor = -16.39	
21 to 22A	58.68 58.68	1.61 120.0 0.1183	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	24.000 8.000 32.000	18.302 0.0 3.787			Vel = 9.25	
22A to 23A	-30.08 28.6	1.61 120.0 0.0313	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	12.000 8.000 20.000	22.089 0.0 0.626			Vel = 4.51	
23A to 23B	0.0 28.6	1.38 120.0 0.0663	4E 1T	12.0 6.0 0.0	65.000 18.000 83.000	22.715 0.0 5.507			Vel = 6.13	
23B to 23	0.0 28.6	1.61 120.0 0.0313	1T	8.0 0.0 0.0	10.000 8.000 18.000	28.222 0.0 0.564			Vel = 4.51	
	0.0 28.60					28.786			K Factor = 5.33	
22A to 23	30.07 30.07	1.38 120.0 0.0728	6E 1T	18.0 6.0 0.0	68.000 24.000 92.000	22.089 0.0 6.697			Vel = 6.45	
23 to 33	28.61 58.68	2.067 120.0 0.0351	1E	5.0 0.0 0.0	10.000 5.000 15.000	28.786 0.0 0.526			Vel = 5.61	
33 to 34	0.0 58.68	2.067 120.0 0.0351	1T	10.0 0.0 0.0	1.000 10.000 11.000	29.312 0.346 0.386			Vel = 5.61	
	0.0 58.68					30.044			K Factor = 10.71	
7 to 15	49.70 49.7	2.157 120.0 0.0209		0.0 0.0 0.0	10.000 0.0 10.000	15.446 0.0 0.209			Vel = 4.36	
15 to 18	62.22 111.92	2.157 120.0 0.0941		0.0 0.0 0.0	10.000 0.0 10.000	15.655 0.0 0.941			Vel = 9.83	
18 to 20	-16.26 95.66	2.157 120.0 0.0703		0.0 0.0 0.0	10.000 0.0 10.000	16.596 0.0 0.703			Vel = 8.40	
20 to 22	-36.98 58.68	2.157 120.0 0.0285		0.0 0.0 0.0	10.000 0.0 10.000	17.299 -4.764 0.285			Vel = 5.15	
	0.0 58.68					12.820			K Factor = 16.39	
26 to 26A	50.81 50.81	2.635 120.0 0.0082	1T	16.474 0.0 0.0	2.000 16.474 18.474	28.121 0.0 0.152			Vel = 2.99	

# Final Calculations - Hazen-Williams

COSCO FIRE PROTECTION INC.  
 CAL-POLY UNIVERSITY, SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA. 93407

Page 11  
 Date 11-04-2010

Hyd. Ref. Point	Qa  Qt	Dia. "C" Pf/Ft	Fitting or Eqv.	Ln.	Pipe Ftng's Total	Pt Pe Pf	Pt Pv Pn	*****	Notes	*****
26A	0.0	2.635		0.0	8.000	28.273				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
28	50.81	0.0082		0.0	8.000	0.066		Vel = 2.99		
28	53.24	2.635		0.0	10.000	28.339				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
30	104.05	0.0310		0.0	10.000	0.310		Vel = 6.12		
30	37.86	2.635		0.0	10.000	28.649				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
32	141.91	0.0550		0.0	10.000	0.550		Vel = 8.35		
32	36.98	2.635		0.0	10.000	29.199				
to		120.0		0.0	0.0	0.0				
34	178.89	0.0845		0.0	10.000	0.845		Vel = 10.52		
34	58.68	2.635	1E	8.237	10.000	30.044				
to		120.0	1T	16.474	24.711	0.780				
56	237.57	0.1428		0.0	34.711	4.956		Vel = 13.98		
56	0.0	3.26	1T	20.159	5.000	35.780				
to		120.0	1E	9.408	29.567	-1.732				
TOR	237.57	0.0506		0.0	34.567	1.750		Vel = 9.13		
TOR	0.0	3.26	1E	9.408	7.000	35.798				
to		120.0	1Fsp	0.0	24.192	7.851		* Fixed loss = 3		
BOR	237.57	0.0506	1G	1.344	31.192	1.579		Vel = 9.13		
			1Avk	13.44						
BOR	100.00	6.357	3E	52.808	6.000	45.228		Qa = 100		
to		120.0	1T	37.72	90.528	0.0				
100	337.57	0.0038		0.0	96.528	0.362		Vel = 3.41		
100	0.0	6.16	4L	51.645	10.000	45.590				
to		140.0		0.0	51.645	0.0				
101	337.57	0.0033		0.0	61.645	0.203		Vel = 3.63		
101	0.0	6.16	6L	77.467	30.000	45.793				
to		140.0		0.0	77.467	0.0				
102	337.57	0.0033		0.0	107.467	0.353		Vel = 3.63		
102	0.0	6.16	2E	40.168	6.000	46.146				
to		140.0		0.0	40.168	7.000		* Fixed loss = 7		
103	337.57	0.0033		0.0	46.168	0.152		Vel = 3.63		
103	0.0	6.16	1G	4.304	30.000	53.298				
to		140.0	2L	25.822	73.163	0.0				
104	337.57	0.0033	1T	43.037	103.163	0.339		Vel = 3.63		
104	150.00	8.27	2L	41.12	260.000	53.637		Qa = 150		
to		140.0	1G	6.326	102.800	0.0				
105	487.57	0.0015	1T	55.354	362.800	0.562		Vel = 2.91		
	0.0									
	487.57					54.199		K Factor = 66.23		



# Fire Hydrant Flow & Pressure Test

Date of test: 3/8/2010

Hydrant Site ID#: 47

Street Address Adjacent to Hydrant: Campus Way

Number of ports flowed: 1

Time of test: 4:40 PM

Elev. @ Hydrant: 330.57

Class \_\_\_\_\_

Static:  
 Residual:  
 Pitot:  
 Nozzle Coefficient:  
 Diameter:  
 This hydrant is flowing:  
 Projected available hydrant flow @ 20psi:  
 2nd Static: ( with handheld pitot gauge )  
 2nd Residual:  
 The main can be expected to flow about:

150	psi before flowing
	psi while flowing
50	pitot gauge reading
0.9	(Note 3)
2.5	size of opening tested
1186.48	GPM from the test outlet
	GPM (Note 1)
	secondary psi before flowing
	secondary psi while flowing
	GPM

Number of Tanks in System: 2

Tank No. 1: N/A

Tank No. 2: N/A

Water Main Size: 12"

Pumps:

### Notes:

1. Projected available flows calculated at 20 psi residual, or 1/2 the static pressure for low pressure hydrants having static pressures of less than 40 psi.
2. This calculator is based on established Hazen-Williams formulas and is provided for convenience and estimation purposes only. The author and Cannon express no warranty for its suitability for any particular purpose.
3. Since hydrant nozzles typically don't produce perfect discharge columns, this is a correction factor which is often used to compensate for errant pitot readings. Hydrant manufacturers should be able to provide coefficients for their products. For hydrants where the coefficient is unknown, we use .95 or .9 depending upon how uniform the discharge stream looks when the hydrant is opened.

### Field Notes:





## Fire Hydrant Flow & Pressure Test

Date of test: 3/8/2010

Hydrant Site ID#: 51

Street Address Adjacent to Hydrant: Adjacent to new pool

Number of ports flowed: 1

Time of test: 5:00 PM

Elev. @ Hydrant: 346.00

Class \_\_\_\_\_

Static:

Residual:

Pitot:

Nozzle Coefficient:

Diameter:

This hydrant is flowing:

Projected available hydrant flow @ 20psi:

2nd Static: ( with handheld pitot gauge )

2nd Residual:

The main can be expected to flow about:

140	<i>psi before flowing</i>
132	<i>psi while flowing</i>
	<i>pitot gauge reading</i>
0.9	<i>(Note 3)</i>
2.5	<i>size of opening tested</i>
0.00	<i>GPM from the test outlet</i>
	<i>GPM (Note 1)</i>
	<i>secondary psi before flowing</i>
	<i>secondary psi while flowing</i>
	<i>GPM</i>

# of Tanks in System: 2

Tank No. 1: N/A

Tank No. 2: N/A

Water Main Size: 12"

Pumps:

**Notes:**

1. Projected available flows calculated at 20 psi residual, or 1/2 the static pressure for low pressure hydrants having static pressures of less than 40 psi.

2. This calculator is based on established Hazen-Williams formulas and is provided for convenience and estimation purposes only. The author and Cannon express no warranty for its suitability for any particular purpose.

3. Since hydrant nozzles typically don't produce perfect discharge columns, this is a correction factor which is often used to compensate for errant pitot readings. Hydrant manufacturers should be able to provide coefficients for their products. For hydrants where the coefficient is unknown, we use .95 or .9 depending upon how uniform the discharge stream looks when the hydrant is

**Field Notes:**





## TECHNICAL DATA

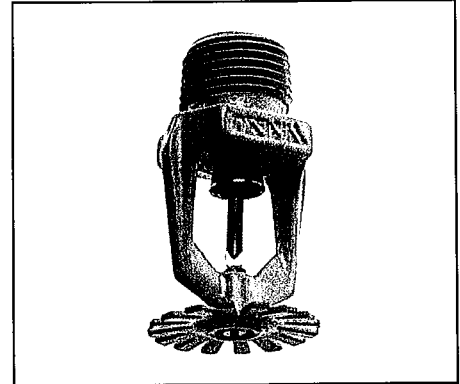
### MICROFAST® AND MicrofastHP® QUICK RESPONSE PENDENT SPRINKLERS

The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058

Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-818-1680 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com

#### 1. DESCRIPTION

Viking Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Pendent Sprinklers are small, thermosensitive, glass-bulb spray sprinklers available in several different finishes and temperature ratings and K-Factors to meet design requirements. The special Polyester and Teflon® coatings can be used in decorative applications where colors are desired. In addition, these coatings have been investigated for installation in corrosive atmospheres and are cULus listed as corrosion resistant as indicated in the Approval Chart. (Note: FM Global has no approval classification for Teflon® and Polyester coatings as corrosion resistant.)



#### 2. LISTINGS AND APPROVALS

**cULus Listed:** Category VNIV

**FM Approved:** Class 2020

**NYC Approved:** Calendar Number 219-76-SA and MEA 89-92-E, Volume 16

**ABS Certified:** Certificate 04-HS407984C-PDA

**VdS Approved:** Certificate G4040095, G4040097, G4060056, G4060057, G4880045, G4930038, and G4980021

**LPC Approved:** Ref. No. 096e/03 and 096e/04

**CE Certified:** Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0832-CPD-2001, 0832-CPD-2003, 0786-CPD-40130, and 0786-CPD-40170

**MED Certified:** Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0832-MED-1003 and 0832-MED-1008

**NOTE:** Other International approval certificates are available upon request.

Refer to the Approval Chart on page 41d and Design Criteria on page 41e for cULus and FM approval requirements that must be followed.

#### 3. TECHNICAL DATA

##### Specifications:

Available since 1987.

Minimum Operating Pressure: 7 psi (0.5 bar)

**Maximum Working Pressure: Sprinklers 12282 and 12290 are rated for use with water working pressures ranging from the minimum 7 psi (0.5 bar) up to 250 psi (17 bar) for high-pressure systems. High-pressure (HP) sprinklers can be identified by locating "250" stamped on the deflector. All other Part Nos. not mentioned above are rated to a maximum 175 psi (12 bar) wwp.**

Factory tested hydrostatically to 500 psi (34.5 bar)

Testing: U.S.A. Patent No. 4,831,870

Thread size: Refer to the Approval Chart

Nominal K-Factor: Refer to the Approval Chart

Glass-bulb fluid temperature rated to -65 °F (-55 °C)

Overall Length: Refer to the Approval Chart

##### Material Standards:

Frame Casting: Brass UNS-C84400

Deflector: Phosphor Bronze UNS-C51000 or Copper UNS-C19500 for Sprinklers 06662B, 06666B, 06765B, and 12104. Copper UNS-C19500 for Sprinkler 12282. Brass UNS-C26000 for all other Sprinklers.

Bushing (for Sprinklers 06718B, 06720B, and 12290): Brass UNS-C36000

Bulb: Glass, nominal 3 mm diameter

Belleville Spring Sealing Assembly: Nickel Alloy, coated on both sides with Teflon Tape

Screw: Brass UNS-C36000

Pip Cap and Insert Assembly: Copper UNS-C11000 and Stainless Steel UNS-S30400

Pip Cap Attachment: Brass UNS-C36000

Ejector Spring (for Sprinkler 12104): Stainless Steel

Viking Technical Data may be found on  
The Viking Corporation's Web site at  
<http://www.vikinggroupinc.com>.  
The Web site may include a more recent  
edition of this Technical Data Page.

**VIKING****TECHNICAL DATA****MICROFAST® AND  
MicrofastHP® QUICK  
RESPONSE PENDENT  
SPRINKLERS****The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058****Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-945-4495 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com**For Teflon® Coated Sprinklers: Belleville Spring-Exposed, Screw-Nickel Plated, Pip Cap-Teflon® CoatedFor Polyester Coated Sprinklers: Belleville Spring-Exposed**Ordering Information:** (Also refer to the current Viking price list.)

Order Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Pendent Sprinklers by first adding the appropriate suffix for the sprinkler finish and then the appropriate suffix for the temperature rating to the sprinkler base part number.

Finish Suffix: Brass = A, Chrome-Enloy® = F, White Polyester = M-W, Black Polyester = M-B, and Black Teflon® = N

Temperature Suffix (°F/°C): 135°/68° = A, 155°/68° = B, 175°/79° = D, 200°/93° = E, and 286°/141° = G

For example, sprinkler VK302 with a 1/2" thread, Brass finish and a 155 °F/68 °C temperature rating = Part No. 06662BAB

**Available Finishes And Temperature Ratings:**

Refer to Table 1

**Accessories:** (Also refer to the "Sprinkler Accessories" section of the Viking data book.)**Sprinkler Wrenches:**

A. Standard Wrench: Part No. 10896W/B (available since 2000).

B. Wrench for coated and/or recessed sprinklers: Part No. 12144W/B\*\* (available since 2003)

**NOTE: RECESSED PENDENT SPRINKLERS WITH PROTECTIVE CAPS MUST USE WRENCH 12144W/B.**

\*\*A 1/2" ratchet is required (not available from Viking).

**Sprinkler Cabinets:**

A. Six-head capacity: Part No. 01724A (available since 1971)

B. Twelve-head capacity: Part No. 01725A (available since 1971)

**4. INSTALLATION**

Refer to appropriate NFPA Installation Standards.

**5. OPERATION**

During fire conditions, the heat-sensitive liquid in the glass bulb expands, causing the glass to shatter, releasing the pip cap and sealing spring assembly. Water flowing through the sprinkler orifice strikes the sprinkler deflector, forming a uniform spray pattern to extinguish or control the fire.

**6. INSPECTIONS, TESTS AND MAINTENANCE**

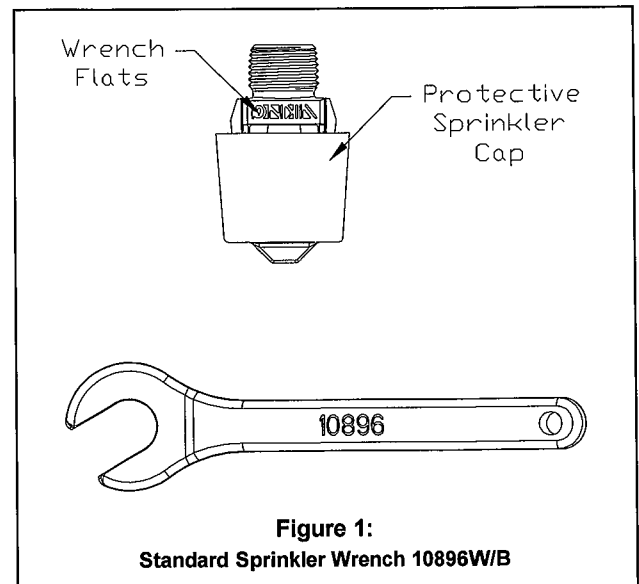
Refer to NFPA 25 for Inspection, Testing and Maintenance requirements.

**7. AVAILABILITY**

The Viking Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Pendent Sprinklers are available through a network of domestic and international distributors. See The Viking Corporation web site for the closest distributor or contact The Viking Corporation.

**8. GUARANTEE**

For details of warranty, refer to Viking's current list price schedule or contact Viking directly.





TECHNICAL DATA

**MICROFAST® AND  
MicrofastHP® QUICK  
RESPONSE PENDENT  
SPRINKLERS**

The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058

Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-945-4495 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com

TABLE 1: AVAILABLE SPRINKLER TEMPERATURE RATINGS AND FINISHES

Available Temperature Classification	Sprinkler Nominal Temperature Rating <sup>1</sup>	Approved Corrosion-Resistant Coating Temperature <sup>2</sup>	Diffuser Color
Ordinary	135 °F (57 °C)	100 °F (38 °C)	Orange
Ordinary	155 °F (68 °C)	100 °F (38 °C)	Red
Intermediate	175 °F (79 °C)	150 °F (65 °C)	Yellow
Intermediate	200 °F (93 °C)	150 °F (65 °C)	Green
High	286 °F (141 °C)	225 °F (107 °C)	Blue

**Sprinkler Finishes:** Brass, Chrome-Enloy®, White Polyester, Black Polyester, and Black Teflon®

**Corrosion-Resistant Coatings<sup>4</sup>:** White Polyester, Black Polyester, and Black Teflon®

**Footnotes**

- <sup>1</sup> The sprinkler temperature rating is stamped on the deflector.
- <sup>2</sup> Based on NFPA-13. Other limits may apply, depending on fire loading, sprinkler location, and other requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction. Refer to specific installation standards.
- <sup>3</sup> The corrosion-resistant coatings have passed the standard corrosion test required by the approving agencies indicated on pages 41d. These tests cannot and do not represent all possible corrosive environments. Prior to installation, verify through the end-user that the coatings are compatible with or suitable for the proposed environment. For automatic sprinklers, the coatings indicated are applied to the exposed exterior surfaces only. Note that the spring is exposed on sprinklers with Polyester and Teflon® coatings.

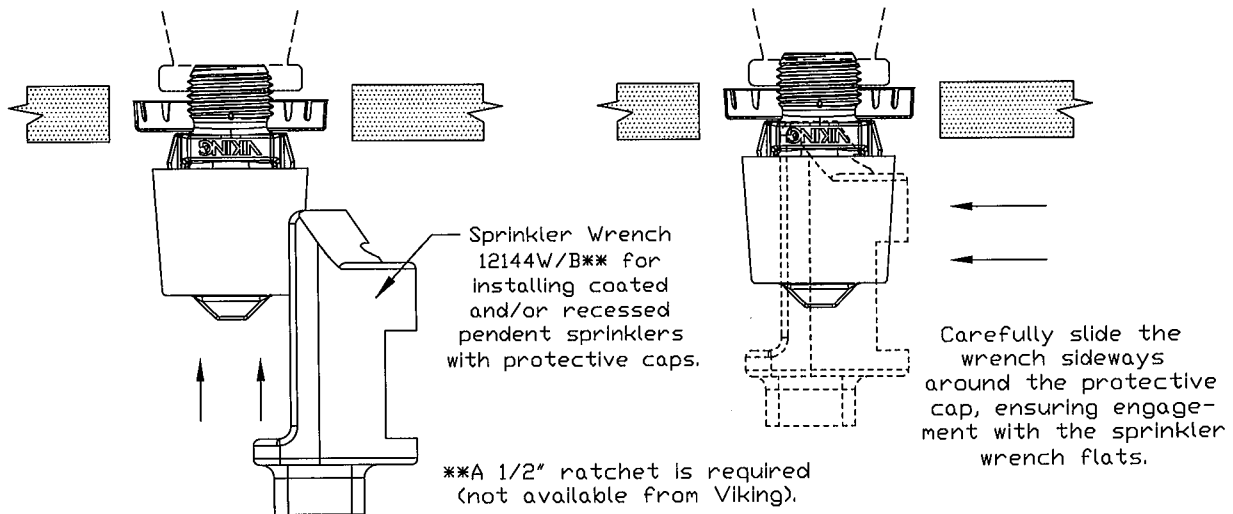



Figure 2: Wrench 12144W/B for Coated and/or Recessed Pendent Sprinklers


	<b>TECHNICAL DATA</b>	<b>MICROFAST® AND MicrofastHP® QUICK RESPONSE PENDENT SPRINKLERS</b>
---	-----------------------	--

The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058  
 Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-945-4495 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com

Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Pendent Sprinklers  
 Technical Data (2008) WWP

Temperature	KEY
Finish	
Escutcheon (if applicable)	

Sprinkler Base Part No. <sup>1</sup>	SIN	Thread Size		Nominal K-Factor		Overall Length		Listings and Approvals <sup>3</sup> (Refer also to Design Criteria on page 41e.)							
		NPT	BSP	U.S.	metric <sup>2</sup>	Inches	mm	cULus <sup>4</sup>	FM <sup>5</sup>	NYC <sup>6</sup>	VdS	LPCB	CE		
<b>Standard Orifice</b>															
06662B	VK302	1/2"	15 mm	5.6	80.6	2-1/4"	58	A1X, B1Y	A3X, B3Y	A1X, B1Y	A3	A3X, B3Y	C3X, E3Y <sup>13</sup>	C3X, E3Y <sup>15</sup>	
<b>Large Orifice</b>															
06666B	VK352	3/4"	20 mm	8.0	115.2	2-3/8"	60	A1X, B1Y	A2X, B2Y	A1X, B1Y	--	A3X	C3 <sup>13</sup>	--	
12104	VK352	3/4"	20 mm	8.0	115.2	2-1/4"	58	--	--	--	G3	--	--	--	
06765B	VK352	1/2"	15 mm	8.0	115.2	2-3/8"	60	A1X, B1Y	--	A1X, B1Y	A3	--	--	--	
<b>Small Orifice<sup>9</sup></b>															
06718B <sup>10</sup>	VK329	1/2"	15 mm	2.8	40.3	2-3/16"	56	A1X, B1Y	A2X	A1X, B1Y	--	--	--	--	
06720B <sup>10</sup>	VK331	1/2"	15 mm	4.2	60.5	2-1/4"	58	A1X, B1Y	--	A1X, B1Y	--	--	--	--	
06932B	VK331	--	10 mm	4.2	60.5	2-3/8"	60	--	--	--	A3	--	G2 <sup>14</sup>	--	

<b>Maximum 250 PSI (17 bar) WWP Standard Orifice</b>															
Sprinkler Base Part No. <sup>1</sup>	SIN	Thread Size		Nominal K-Factor		Overall Length		Listings and Approvals <sup>3</sup> (Refer also to Design Criteria on page 41e.)							
		NPT	BSP	U.S.	metric <sup>2</sup>	Inches	mm	cULus <sup>4</sup>	FM	NYC <sup>11</sup>	VdS	LPCB	CE		
12282	VK317	1/2"	15 mm	5.6	80.6	2-1/4"	58	A1X, B1Y	--	A1X	--	--	--	--	
<b>Maximum 250 PSI (17 bar) WWP Small Orifice<sup>9</sup></b>															
12290 <sup>10</sup>	VK342	1/2"	15 mm	2.8	40.3	2-3/16"	56	A1X, B1Y	--	A1X	--	--	--	--	

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Approved Temperature Ratings</b></p> <p>A - 135 °F (57 °C), 155 °F (68 °C), 175 °F (79 °C), 200 °F (93 °C), and 286 °F (141 °C)              B - 135 °F (57 °C), 155 °F (68 °C), 175 °F (79 °C), and 200 °F (93 °C)              C - 155 °F (68 °C), 175 °F (79 °C), 200 °F (93 °C), and 286 °F (141 °C)              D - 135 °F (57 °C), 155 °F (68 °C), 175 °F (79 °C), and 286 °F (141 °C)              E - 155 °F (68 °C), 175 °F (79 °C), and 200 °F (93 °C)              F - 155 °F (68 °C), 175 °F (79 °C), and 286 °F (141 °C)              G - 155 °F (68 °C)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Approved Finishes</b></p> <p>1 - Brass, Chrome-Enloy®, White Polyester<sup>7,8</sup>, Black Polyester<sup>7,8</sup>, and Black Teflon<sup>97</sup>              2 - Brass and Chrome-Enloy®              3 - Brass, Chrome-Enloy®, White Polyester<sup>8</sup>, and Black Polyester<sup>8</sup></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Approved Escutcheons</b></p> <p>X - Standard surface-mounted escutcheon or the Viking Microfast® Model F-1 Adjustable Escutcheon<sup>12</sup>              Y - Standard surface-mounted escutcheon or the Viking Microfast® Model F-1 Adjustable Escutcheon<sup>12</sup> or recessed with the Viking Micromatic® Model E-1 or E-2 Recessed Escutcheon</p>
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**Footnotes**

<sup>1</sup> Base part number is shown. For complete part number, refer to Viking's current price schedule.  
<sup>2</sup> Metric K-factor measurement shown is when pressure is measured in Bar. When pressure is measured in kPa, divide the metric K-factor shown by 10.0.  
<sup>3</sup> This table shows the listings and approvals available at the time of printing. Check with the manufacturer for any additional approvals.  
<sup>4</sup> Listed by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. for use in the U.S. and Canada.  
<sup>5</sup> FM Approved for use only in wet-pipe sprinkler systems (or preaction systems qualifying as wet systems) for protection of occupancies described in the Factory Mutual Engineering and Research Loss Prevention Data Sheets and Technical Advisory Bulletins.  
<sup>6</sup> Accepted for use, City of New York Board of Standards and Appeals, Calendar Number 219-76-SA.  
<sup>7</sup> cULus Listed as corrosion resistant.  
<sup>8</sup> Other colors are available on request with the same Listings and Approvals as the standard colors.  
<sup>9</sup> Listings and Approvals limited to Light Hazard Occupancies where allowed by the installation standards being applied, with hydraulically calculated wet systems only. **Exception:** 4.2K sprinklers may be installed on hydraulically calculated dry pipe systems where piping is corrosion resistant or internally galvanized.  
<sup>10</sup> The sprinkler orifice is bushed.  
<sup>11</sup> Accepted for use, City of New York Department of Buildings, MEA Number 89-92-E, Vol. 16.  
<sup>12</sup> The Viking Microfast® Model F-1 Adjustable Escutcheon is considered a surface-mounted escutcheon because it does not allow the fusible element of the sprinkler to be recessed behind the face of the wall or ceiling.  
<sup>13</sup> CE Certified, Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0832-CPD-2001 and 0832-CPD-2003.  
<sup>14</sup> CE Certified, Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0786-CPD-40130 and 0786-CPD-40170.  
<sup>15</sup> MED Certified, Standard EN 12259-1, EC-certificate of conformity 0832-MED-1003 and 0832-MED-1008.





TECHNICAL DATA

**MICROFAST® AND  
MicrofastHP® QUICK  
RESPONSE PENDENT  
SPRINKLERS**

The Viking Corporation, 210 N Industrial Park Drive, Hastings MI 49058

Telephone: 269-945-9501 Technical Services 877-384-5464 Fax: 269-945-4495 Email: techsvcs@vikingcorp.com

**DESIGN CRITERIA**

(Also refer to the Approval Chart on page 41d)

**cULus Listing Requirements:**

Microfast® and MicrofastHP® Quick Response Pendent Sprinklers are cULus Listed as indicated in the Approval Chart for installation in accordance with the latest edition of NFPA 13 for standard spray sprinklers.

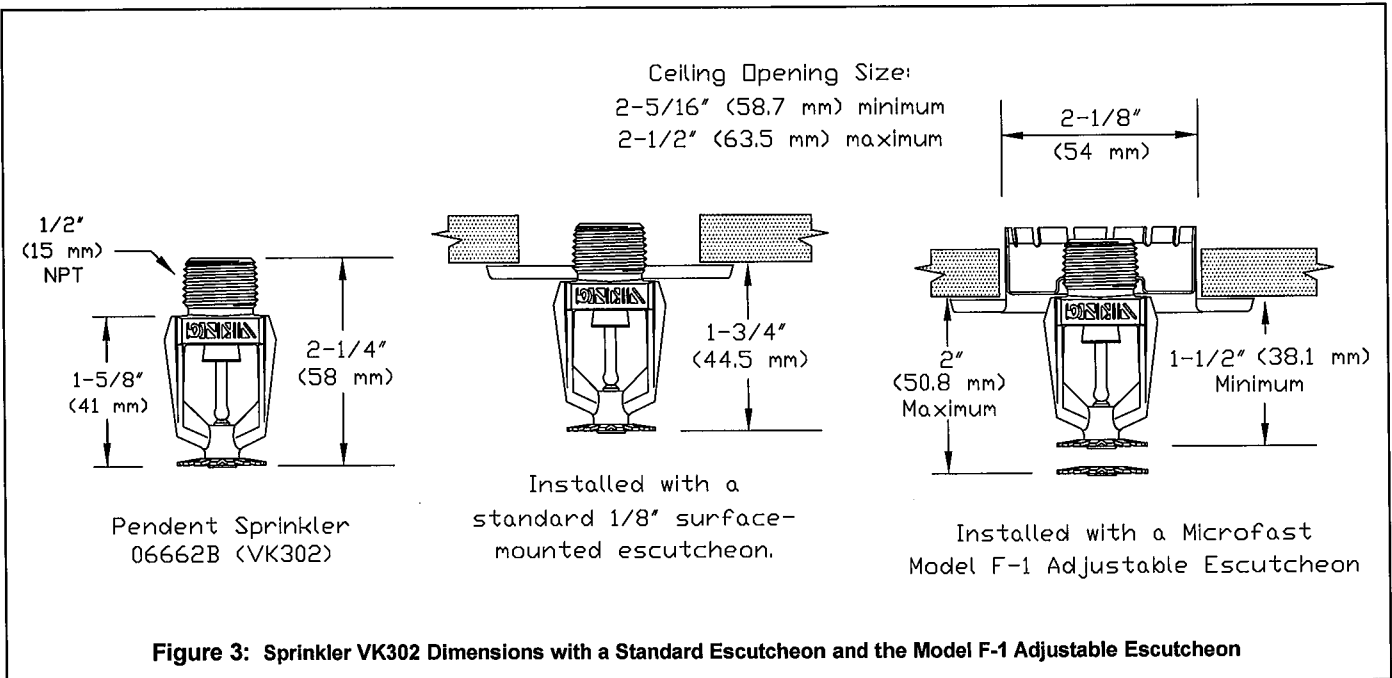
- Designed for use in Light and Ordinary Hazard occupancies (exception: small orifice sprinklers are limited to Light Hazard where allowed by the installation standards being applied, with hydraulically calculated wet systems only).
- The sprinkler installation rules contained in NFPA 13 for standard spray pendent sprinklers must be followed.

**FM Approval Requirements:**

For installation in accordance with the latest applicable FM Loss Prevention Data Sheets (including 2-8N) and Technical Advisory Bulletins. FM Global Loss Prevention Data Sheets and Technical Advisory Bulletins contain guidelines relating to, but not limited to: minimum water supply requirements, hydraulic design, ceiling slope and obstructions, minimum and maximum allowable spacing, and deflector distance below the ceiling.

**NOTE:** The FM installation guidelines may differ from cULus and/or NFPA criteria.

**IMPORTANT:** Always refer to Bulletin Form No. F\_091699 - Care and Handling of Sprinklers. Also refer to page QR1-3 for general care, installation, and maintenance information. Viking sprinklers are to be installed in accordance with the latest edition of Viking technical data, the appropriate standards of NFPA, FM Global, LPCB, APSAD, VdS or other similar organizations, and also with the provisions of governmental codes, ordinances, and standards, whenever applicable.



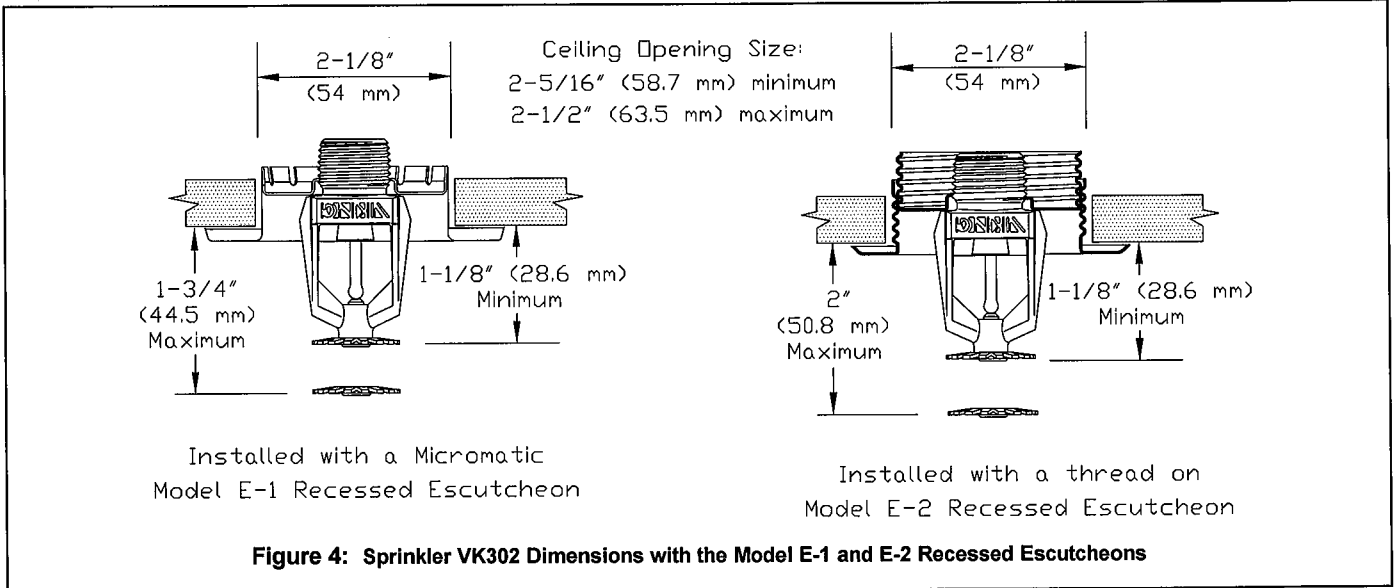


TECHNICAL DATA

**MICROFAST® AND  
MicrofastHP® QUICK  
RESPONSE PENDENT  
SPRINKLERS**

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## **APPENDIX E**

### **RECREATION CENTER – SPRINKLER PIPING ARRANGEMENT**









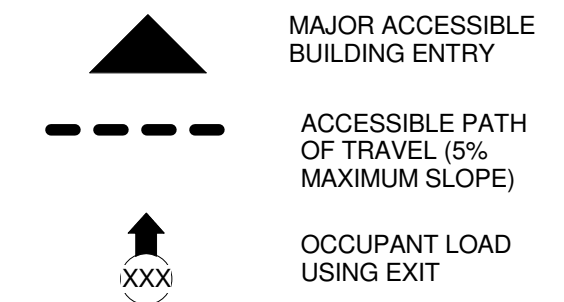






## **APPENDIX F**

### **RECREATION CENTER – LIFE SAFETY DRAWINGS**



NOTES:  
 1. PATH OF TRAVEL (P.O.T.) INDICATED IS BARRIER-FREE ACCESS.  
 2. PATH OF TRAVEL INDICATED IS 48" WIDE MINIMUM WITHOUT ANY ABRUPT CHANGES EXCEEDING 1/2" AT 12" MAXIMUM SLOPE EXCEPT THAT LEVEL CHANGES DO NOT EXCEED 1/4" VERTICAL.  
 3. MAXIMUM CROSS-SLOPE 2% TYPICAL.

**CAL POLY**

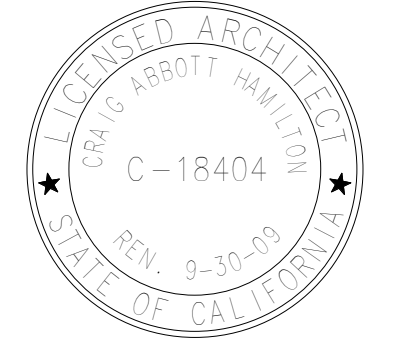
CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY SAN LUIS OBISPO

CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA

**CANNONDESIGN**

1901 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 175  
 Los Angeles, California 90067 310.229.2700

Boston • New York • Baltimore • Washington DC • Jacksonville • Albany • Buffalo • Toronto  
 Hamilton • Chicago • St. Louis • Vancouver • Victoria • San Francisco • Los Angeles



100%  
 CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS (CD)

**CERTIFIED NOTE:**  
 THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT, TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE, ALL PATHS OF TRAVEL (P.O.T.) INDICATED ARE IN COMPLIANCE WITH COR. TITLE 24 AS DEFINED BY THE 2001 CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE (CBC), INCLUDING ALL WALKS, CURB RAMPS, LIFT(S) AND ELEVATORS (AS APPLY).

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE INDICATED PATH OF TRAVEL HAS BEEN CONSTRUCTED WITHOUT BARRIERS, AND SHALL TAKE SUCH STEPS AS REQUIRED TO CORRECT ANY DEFICIENCIES FOUND.

THIS MAY RESULT IN CONSTRUCTION CHANGE ORDERS AS NECESSARY TO MITIGATE THESE NON-COMPLYING CONDITIONS.

PROJECT ARCHITECT  
 DATE  
 (AT TIME OF DOCUMENT APPROVAL)

CONSTRUCTION SUPERVISOR  
 DATE  
 (AFTER CHECKING THE SITE)

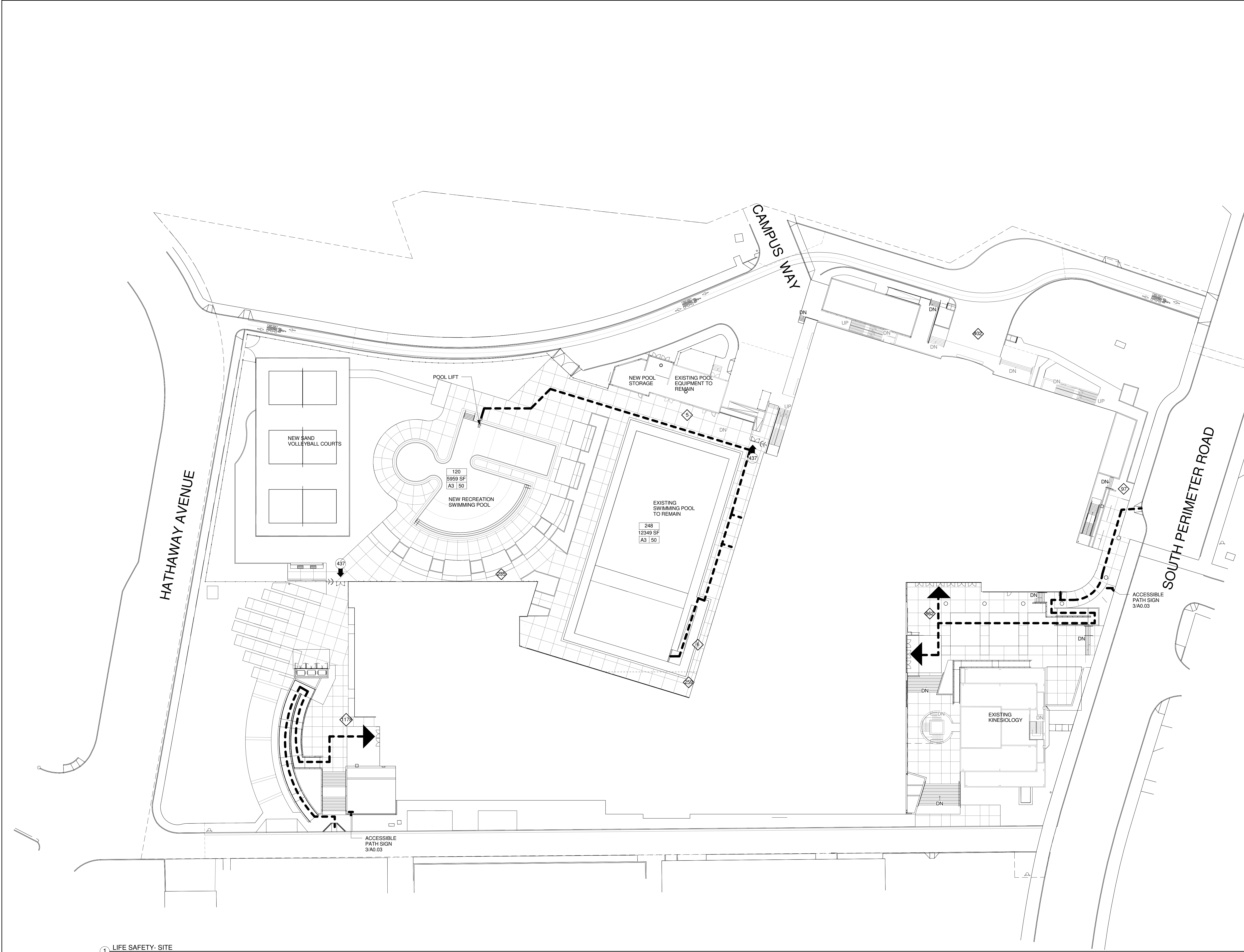
No.	Description	Date
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**BID SET**

Drawing Title:  
 LIFE SAFETY PLAN - SITE

Issue Date: 07.24.09  
 Drawn by: Author      Checked by: Checker  
 Project No.: 03053.00      Scale: As indicated

**LS1.10**



1 LIFE SAFETY - SITE  
 1" = 30'-0"









## **APPENDIX G**

### **RECREATION CENTER – FIRE SAFETY MANAGEMENT PLAN**

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

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<i>Introduction</i>	2
<i>Part I: Applicable IFC Provisions:</i>	
<i>Fire Safety Plans during Construction</i>	3
A. <i>Precautions against Fire</i> .....	3
B. <i>Flammable and Combustible Liquids</i> .....	3
C. <i>Owner’s Responsibility for fire</i> .....	3
D. <i>Fire Reporting</i> .....	4
E. <i>Access for Fire Fighting</i> .....	4
F. <i>Means of Egress</i> .....	4
G. <i>Water Supply for Fire Protection</i> .....	4
H. <i>Stand pipes</i> .....	5
I. <i>Automatic Sprinkler Systems</i> .....	5
J. <i>Portable Fire Extinguishers</i> .....	5
K. <i>Motorized Equipment</i> .....	5
L. <i>Safeguarding Roofing Operations</i> .....	6
<i>Part II</i>	
<i>Fire Safety Plan for Calpoly Recreation Center</i>	7
1. <i>Building Information</i> .....	7
2. <i>List of Fire Safety Equipment</i> .....	7
3. <i>Proposed Maintenance Schedule</i> .....	8
4. <i>Fire and Evacuation Plans</i> .....	10
5. <i>Employee Training on Fire Response</i> .....	14
6. <i>Fire Drills</i> .....	15
7. <i>Control of Fire Hazards</i> .....	16
<b>APPENDICES</b>	
<i>Appendix 1:</i>	<i>Recreation Center Perspective Diagrams</i>
<i>Appendix 2:</i>	<i>Life Safety Site plans</i>
<i>Appendix 3:</i>	<i>List of Fire Safety Equipment</i>

## INTRODUCTION

---

The Recreation Center opened in 1993 as the first comprehensive facility of its kind in the CSU system. In January 2012, the renovated Recreation Center opened its doors after major expanding works, which some old sections were to be demolished, re-modeled and re-built.

The Center is a welcoming destination for Cal Poly community to relax, recreate and socialize. The renovated Recreation Center is a two-story building of 165 000 square feet recreation space that includes three separate exercise areas filled with state of the art weight and cardio equipment, three fitness studios for group exercise classes, an indoor track, a lounge area, a leisure pool, locker rooms with individual showers, a martial arts training room and much more variety of fitness and recreation programs that promote lifelong healthy habits.

The report covers the Fire Safety management plan for the recreation center building in two aspects:

- Part I: The section covers applicable IFC provisions during construction of the recreation center
- Part II: The section covers the fire safety management plan during occupancy

The applicable IFC provisions are summarized in part 1 to illustrate what code provisions need to be observed in order to comply with IFC code regulations with regards to fire safety during construction and occupancy.

The fire safety plan is developed to provide occupant safety in the event of a fire, to provide effective utilization of the fire safety features of the building or to minimize the possibility of fires.

## **PART I: APPLICABLE IFC PROVISIONS**

### **FIRE SAFETY PLANS DURING CONSTRUCTION**

---

The fire safety management plan for the recreation center applicable during construction is essentially based on IFC, chapter 14 provisions.

The following provisions are included in the fire safety management to be applied during the construction of the recreation center:

#### **A. PRECAUTIONS AGAINST FIRE**

- Smoking shall be prohibited except in approved areas. Signs shall be posted in approved areas where smoking is permitted and approved ashtrays shall be provided.
- Combustible debris shall not be accumulated within buildings. Combustible debris, rubbish and waste material shall be removed from buildings at the end of each shift of work. Combustible debris, rubbish and waste material shall not be disposed of by burning on the site unless approved.
- Materials susceptible to spontaneous ignition, such as oily rags, shall be stored in a listed disposal container.
- Operations involving the use of cutting and welding shall be done in accordance with Chapter 26.
- Temporary wiring for electrical power and lighting installations used in connection with the construction, alteration or demolition of buildings, structures, equipment or similar activities shall comply with NFPA 70.
- Open burning that is offensive or objectionable because of smoke emissions or when atmospheric conditions or local circumstances make such fire hazardous shall be prohibited.

#### **B. FLAMMABLE AND COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS**

- Storage of flammable and combustible liquids shall be in accordance with section 3404
- The storage, use and handling of flammable and combustible liquids at construction sites shall be in accordance with section 3406.2. Ventilation shall be provided for operations involving the application of materials containing flammable solvents.
- Sources of ignition and smoking shall be prohibited in flammable and combustible liquid storage areas. Sign shall be posted in accordance with section 310.
- Class I and II liquids shall be kept in approved safety containers.
- Leaking vessels shall be immediately repaired or taken out of service and spills shall be cleaned up and disposed of property.

#### **C. OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FIRE**

- CalPoly University, as owner, shall designate a person to be the fire prevention program superintendent who shall have authority and be responsible for the fire prevention program and ensure that it is carried out through completion of the construction project. Where guard service is provided, the superintendent shall be responsible for the guard service.
- Training of responsible personnel in the use of fire protection equipment shall be the responsibility of the fire prevention program superintendent.

- The fire prevention program superintendent shall develop and maintain an approved pre-fire plan in cooperation with the fire chief. The fire chief and the fire code official shall be notified of changes affecting the utilization of information contained in such pre-fire plans.
- The fire prevention program superintendent shall determine that all fire protection equipment is maintained and serviced in accordance with the IFC code. The quantity and type of fire protection equipment shall be approved.
- The fire prevention program superintendent shall be responsible for supervising the permit system for hot work operations in accordance with chapter 26
- Coverings placed on or over fire protection devices to protect them from damage during construction processes shall be immediately removed upon the completion of the construction processes in the room or area in which the devices are installed.

#### **D. FIRE REPORTING**

- Readily accessible emergency telephone facilities shall be provided in approved location at the construction site. The street address of the construction site and the emergency telephone number of the fire department shall be posted adjacent of the telephone.

#### **E. ACCESS FOR FIRE FIGHTING**

- Approved vehicle access for firefighting shall be provided to all construction. Vehicle access shall be provided to within 100 feet (30480 mm) of temporary or permanent fire department connections. Vehicle access shall be provided by either temporary or permanent roads, capable of supporting vehicle loading under all weather conditions. Vehicle access shall be maintained until permanent fire apparatus access roads are available.

#### **F. MEANS OF EGRESS**

- Where a building has been constructed to a building height of 50 feet (15240 mm) or four stories, or where an existing building exceeding 50 feet (15240mm) in building heights altered, at least one temporary lighted stairway shall be provided unless one or more of the permanent stairways are erected as the construction progresses.
- Required means of egress shall be maintained during construction, remodeling or alterations and additions to any building.  
The recreation center project will not meet this provision during construction due to its limited height.

#### **G. WATER SUPPLY FOR FIRE PROTECTION**

- An approved water supply for fire protection, either temporary or permanent, shall be made available as soon as combustible material arrives on the site.

## **H. STANDPIPES**

- The recreation center shall be equipped with not less than one standpipe during construction. Such standpipes shall be installed when the progress of construction is not more than 40 feet in height above the lowest level of fire department vehicle access. Such standpipe shall be provided with fire department hose connections at accessible locations adjacent to usable stairs. Such standpipes shall be extended as construction progresses to within one floor of the highest point of construction having secured decking or flooring.
- For the old sections of the recreation center that will be demolished, if a standpipe is existing within such a building, such standpipe shall be maintained in an operable condition so as to be available for use by the fire department. Such standpipe shall be demolished with the building but shall not be demolished more than one floor below the floor being demolished.
- Standpipes shall be installed in accordance with the provision of Section 905. Standpipes shall be either temporary or permanent in nature, and with or without a water supply, provided that such standpipes comply with the requirements of Section 905 as to capacity, outlets and materials.

## **I. AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEM**

- It shall be unlawful to occupy a portion of the recreation center until the automatic sprinkler system installation has been tested and approved.
- Operation of sprinkler valve shall be allowed only by property authorized personnel and shall be accompanied by notification of duty designated parties. When the sprinkler protection is being regularly turned off and on to facilitate connection of newly completed segments, the sprinkler control valves shall be checked at the end of each work period to ascertain that protection is in service.

## **J. PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS**

- The recreation center construction site shall be provided with not less than one approved portable fire extinguisher in accordance with Section 906 and sized for not less than ordinary hazard as follows:
  - Each stairway, on all floor levels where combustible materials have accumulated
  - Every storage and construction shed
  - Where special hazards exist such, not limited to, storage and use of flammable and combustible liquids

## **K. MOTORIZED EQUIPMENT**

- Internal-combustion powered construction equipment shall be used in accordance with all of the following conditions:
  - Equipment shall be located so that exhausts do not discharge against combustible material
  - Exhausts shall be piped to the outside of the building
  - Equipment shall not be refueled while in operation
  - Fuel for equipment shall be stored in an approved area



#### **L. SAFEGUARDING ROOFING OPERATIONS**

- Roofing operations utilizing heat-producing systems or other ignition sources shall be conducted in accordance with Sections 1417.2 and 1417.3 and Chapter 26.
- Asphalt and tar kettles, if used, shall be operated in accordance with Section 303.
- They shall be not less than one multipurpose portable fire extinguisher with a minimum 3-A 40-B:C rating on the roof being covered or repaired.

## PART II: FIRE SAFETY PLAN FOR CALPOLY RECREATION CENTER

---

This Fire Safety Plan is required in accordance with IFC Section 404.2: *“An approved fire safety and evacuation plan shall be prepared and maintained for the following occupancies and buildings. Group A, other than Group A occupancies used exclusively for purposes of religious worship that have an occupant load less than 2000”.*

This Fire Safety plan is designed to provide center’s occupants safety in the event of a fire, to provide effective utilization of the fire safety features of the building or to minimize the possibility of fires.

The plan discusses what occupants need to do in the event of a fire, fire safety, supervisory shift or related duties, and other related issues.

This Fire Safety Plan will also assist fire-fighters in the performance of their duties by providing floor plans and office staffs and users information if an emergency ever occurs.

### 1 BUILDING INFORMATION

---

<b>Building Name</b>	Cal Poly Rec Center
<b>Building Location</b>	1 Grand Avenue, San Luis Obispo. Calpoly main campus
<b>Building Owner</b>	CalPoly University
<b>Building Manager</b>	Hossein Sedghi
<b>Building Deputy Manager</b>	TBC
<b>Building Floor Area</b>	a) Number of stories: 2 plus basement b) Height: 49 ft (average height of highest roof) c) Total area: 165 715 Square ft

### 2 LIST OF FIRE SAFETY EQUIPMENT

---

Refer to Appendix 3 for more details

### 3 PROPOSED MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

Installation	Tests and Frequency	Competent Person
Fire Detection and Smoke Alarm Systems	As per NFPA 72 and IFC chapter 9 requirements	Calpoly Electrical Department
Fire Sprinkler Systems	As per NFPA 25 and IFC chapter 9 requirements	Licensed Fire Sprinkler Contractor
Portable Fire Extinguishers	As per NFPA 10 and IFC chapter 9 requirements	Licensed Fire Appliance Contractor
Exit Signs and Emergency Lighting	As NFPA 70 and IFC chapter 9 requirements	Licensed Fire Contractor
Manual Fire boxes	As per NFPA 72 and IFC chapter 9 requirements	Licensed Fire Appliance Contractor
Exit Door Hardware	Ensure correct operation all the times	Manager's appointed personnel

Table 3-1: *Proposed Maintenance Schedule*



Figure 3.1: *Fire sprinkler maintenance works*



Figure 3.2: Fire alarm system maintenance works



Figure 3.3: Fire extinguisher maintenance works



Figure 3.4: Exit signs and emergency lighting

## 4 FIRE AND EVACUATION PLAN

---

This section includes emergency evacuation procedures for all recreation center’s personnel and center’s users, and their visitors. The procedures describe what to do when discovering a fire or smoke; and hearing the fire alarm.

### EMERGENCY PROCEDURE CHECKLIST FOR CENTER’S USERS

In an **emergency**, phone **911**. Building Manager – **Hoss Sedghi**

**Smoke Alarms Sounding or Evidence of Fire Occurring**

**Evacuate to assembly area, closing doors and windows, if possible**

**Contact the Calpoly Campus UPD (Fire Service) on 911**

### **FIRE**

**Assist people to evacuate to assembly point area without endangering yourself**

**Fight fire if safe & you are trained**

**Remain in assembly area until everyone is accounted for and the manager has arrived**

**Await arrival of fire service**

**Do not re-enter building until advised by the fire service**

### **NO FIRE**

**If the fire service has already been called, notify them of the situation**

**Help to reassure residents of situation**

**Allow fire service to enter building on their arrival to investigate the situation**

**Manager will attend to deal with the situation and rectify any problems or system faults**

## FIRE ALARM PROCEDURES

### **A. IN FIRE EMERGENCIES:**

When the smoke alarms activate, students using the center and building staff shall leave the building immediately, in orderly manner and gather at a predetermined assembly point area.

The following actions shall be performed (unless otherwise instructed by the Fire Service) by the building manager or his/her appointed assistant in attendance:

- Investigate the fire situation. Go to fire alarm annunciator panel behind the reception desk. Look for red light on annunciator panel zones. Should there be red light, that light will tell you what location to go look at, and verify you have a fire or smoke.
- If there is a fire, ensure the Fire Department has been called. If there is any doubt regarding whether there is a fire situation, the Fire Department should still be notified by the dispatcher from the University Central Control room.
- Ensure the safe evacuation of all building personnel and students using the center from the building.
- Ensure the Fire Department has been notified and provided with information regarding the incident.
- Account for all occupants at the assembly area following the entrance registry.
- If required and safe to do, conduct a search for any missing persons.
- Meet the first fire respondents and advise them of any information relevant to the emergency.

### **B. IN REAL FIRE EMERGENCIES (when a fire event has been confirmed):**

The building manager or his/her appointed assistance in attendance will:

- Ensure the evacuation of the building – manually activate voice evacuation system if not automatically activated yet; in order to alert all building attendants without further delay that can compromise life
- Attempt to extinguish the fire if safe to do so – If the fire is small enough, use a nearby fire extinguisher to control and extinguish the fire. However no attempt to extinguish the fire in any of the following conditions:
  - ❖ You have not been trained or instructed in using a fire extinguisher
  - ❖ You do not know what's burning
  - ❖ The fire is spreading rapidly
  - ❖ You don't have the proper equipment
  - ❖ You cannot do so with your back to an exit
  - ❖ The fire might block your means of escape
  - ❖ You might inhale toxic smoke
  - ❖ Your instincts tell you not to do so
  - ❖ If the first attempts to put out the fire do not succeed, evacuate the building immediately.
- Meet the Fire Service on arrival and inform them of the situation; regardless whether the fire has been extinguished or not

**C. IN NO FIRE SITUATION (in event fire was not found after a nuisance alarm):**

The building manager or his/her appointed deputy in attendance should:

- Inform building attendants of the situation
- Meet the Fire Service on arrival and inform them of the situation
- Authorize recreation center's personnel and users to re-enter the building after the Fire Department has confirmed that it is safe to do so.

**D. RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CENTER'S MANAGER: The manager is responsible for:**

- All personnel and procedures until the arrival of the Fire Department
- Maintaining of an up-to date registry of personnel and students using the Center
- Appointing a person to assume the emergency duties of the Manager in his/her absence
- Logging accurately any problems encountered, performance of fire alerting and extinguishing systems, the egress performance of building attendants, the conduct of a debriefing with everyone involved in the event, and the continual improvement of the effectiveness of the evacuation plan

**E. OCCUPANT FIRE PROCEDURE SIGNAGE**

**IN CASE OF FIRE**

**UPON DISCOVERY OF FIRE**

LEAVE FIRE AREA IMMEDIATELY  
CLOSE DOORS BEHIND YOU  
ACTIVATE THE FIRE ALARM SYSTEM – USE MANUAL PULL STATION  
LEAVE CENTER VIA NEAREST EXIT  
CALL CAMPUS UPD AT 911 (FROM A SAFE LOCATION)

**DO NOT USE ELEVATORS**

UPON HEARING FIRE ALARM  
LEAVE BUILDING VIA NEAREST EXIT  
CLOSE DOORS BEHIND YOU

**CAUTION**

IF SMOKE IS HEAVY IN THE CORRIDOR OR STAIRWAY IT MAY BE SAFER  
TO STAY IN YOUR AREA, CLOSE DOOR AND PLACE WET TOWEL AT BACK  
OF DOOR; OR USE ALTERNATE EXIT; OR FIND NEAREST REFUGE

IN ALL CASES:

**REMAIN CALM**

The above emergency procedure shall be posted by each manual pull station, within elevator lobbies and places agreed upon with fire official.

The following emergency evacuation plan will be posted along with a pictogram showing assembly point. See Attachment 3 for details of emergency assembly areas

#### EMERGENCY EVACUATION PLAN

# In case of

# **FIRE**

## Leave through the nearest



- If you see **SMOKE, FLAMES** or hear the **FIRE ALARM**, **leave** the building **immediately**
- If safe, close any windows and doors to confine the fire.
- Follow the **EXIT** signs to locate and leave through the nearest emergency exit and proceed to the assembly point.
- **TELEPHONE THE CALPOLY UPD at 911**
- If unable to safely evacuate, stay in your room, close the door, and signal your presence at a window.
- Calmly follow instructions given by staff or the attending fire fighters.
- **Do not re-enter the building** until you are **told to do so** by the building manager or his/her deputy in charge or by the fire fighter in command.
- The building manager or his appointed assistant in attendance will account for all occupants and report persons missing to the fire fighters.

#### F. PERSONS REQUIRING ASSISTANCE

Staff members who will require assistance in emergency situations shall fill out a form to be handed to the building manager. The building manager will make readily available to the fire service upon their arrival, a list of all those members with conditions requiring assistance.





Figure 4.1: *Fire evacuation of assisted employee*

## 5 EMPLOYEE TRAINING ON FIRE RESPONSE

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- The frequency of fire drills are set in IFC code section 405; the recreation center shall conduct fire drills at least quarterly or with cooperation with the fire code official.
- The building manager shall appoint fire safety assistants to be trained to assist with fire drills.
- The building staff members shall be trained in the fire emergency procedures described in the fire evacuation and fire safety plans. Records of staff members shall be kept updated and available to the fire code official upon. The training will include:
  - The procedure to follow in an emergency
  - The location of emergency exits
  - The paths of travel to exits
  - The location of firefighting equipment
  - The method of raising the alarm if the smoke alarms do not activate
  - The location of the assembly area
- Personnel assigned fire-fighting duties shall be trained to know the locations and proper use of portable fire extinguishers or other manual fire-fighting equipment and the protective clothing or equipment required for its safe and proper use.
- Permanent Employees of the recreation center shall receive instruction within 1 month of commencing work, and repeated at intervals of no more than 12 months.
- The instructions given are the procedure to be followed in the event of fire, means of escape from the building in the event of fire and the location and method of operation of firefighting equipment and fire alarms or equipment for warning of fire.
- A record of worker instruction will be retained with the original Fire Safety Management Plan and kept by the building manager.



Figure 5.1: *Employee training on fire emergency response*

## 6 FIRE DRILLS

- The fire drills shall be conducted on a date decided in cooperation with the campus UPD, which exact time shall not be revealed to the building fire safety assistants or students using the facility in order to simulate real emergency event.
- The building manager will manually activate the evacuation alarm system; no fire alarms shall be utilized during drills that automatically notifies fire service of potential fire.
- Staff members and students using the center shall leave the center immediately and in orderly manner upon hearing the alarm.
- The fire safety assistants shall guide building occupants as they leave and gather in assembly points allocated in specific areas around the center
- The fire safety manager will time the egress of building occupants, and encourage people to leave the building in orderly manner and as fast as they could.
- Fire safety assistants shall observe that staff members and students take the fire drill seriously.
- When a fire drill is conducted, all emergency procedures for an actual fire shall be followed with the exception of the notification of actual emergency to fire department.
- Records shall be maintained of required emergency evacuation drills and include the following information:
  - Identify of the person conducting the drill
  - Date and time of the drill
  - Notification method used
  - Staff members on duty and participating
  - Number of occupants evacuated
  - Special conditions simulated
  - Problems encountered
  - Weather conditions when occupants were evacuated
  - Time spent to accomplish complete evacuation



Figure 6.1: *Fire drills*

## 7 CONTROL OF FIRE HAZARDS

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- Staff members shall be trained to identify the fire hazards of materials to which they are exposed to.
- The building manager shall make readily available Material safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous materials stored or used in the recreation center. The MSDS shall be available on on the premise as a paper copy, or where approved shall be permitted to be ready retrievable by electronic access.
- Staff members shall be encouraged to practice basic measures to avoid any potential fire hazards and hence they should assist center's users to practice best practice for the disposal of any combustible materials.
- Building workers shall use appropriate individual containers of hazardous materials, cartons or packages clearly labeled in accordance with applicable federal regulations.
- Staff members responsible for the operation of areas in which hazardous materials are stored, dispensed, handled or used shall be familiar with the chemical nature of the materials and the appropriate mitigating actions necessary in the event of fire, leak or spill. Responsible persons shall be designated and trained to be liaison personnel for the fire department.



Figure 7.1: *Control of fire hazard materials*

## APPENDICES

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**APPENDIX 1:** RECREATION CENTER PERSPECTIVE DIAGRAMS

**APPENDIX 2:** LIFE SAFETY SITE PLANS:

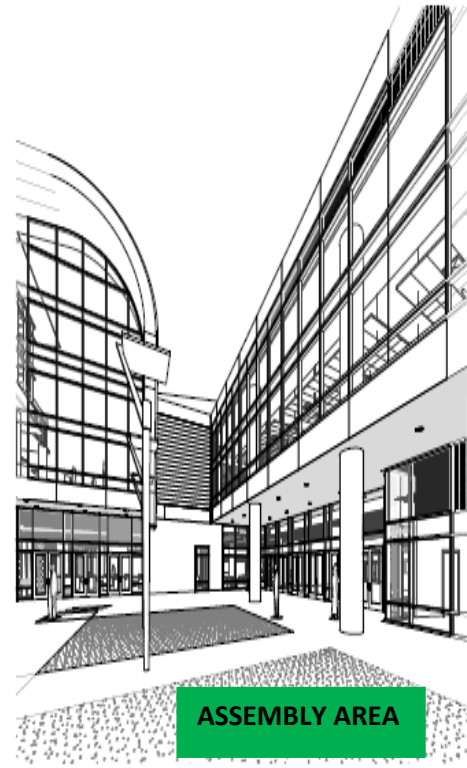
- Fire Department Access Routes
- Fire Evacuation Plans

**APPENDIX 3:** LIST OF FIRE SAFETY EQUIPMENT

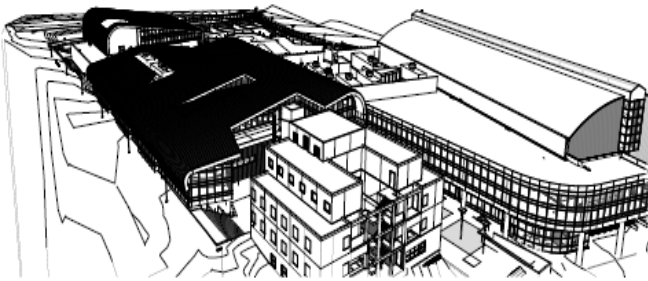
# APPENDIX 1: RECREATION CENTER PERSPECTIVE DIAGRAMS



01 Perspective - FITNESS ROOM



02 Perspective - ENTRY PLAZA



ASSEMBLY AREA

# APPENDIX 2: LIFE SAFETY SITE PLAN: FIRE DEPARTMENT ACCESS

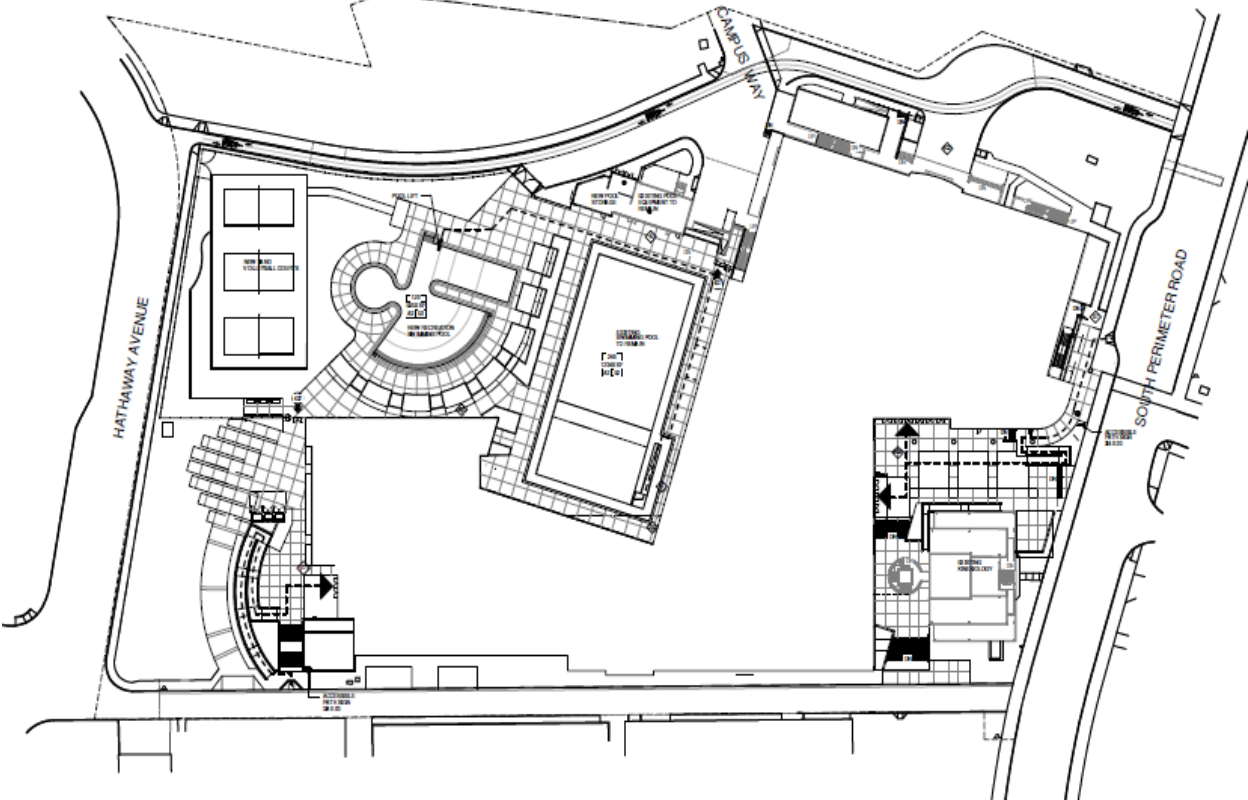


Figure A-2.1: *Fire Department Access Routes*



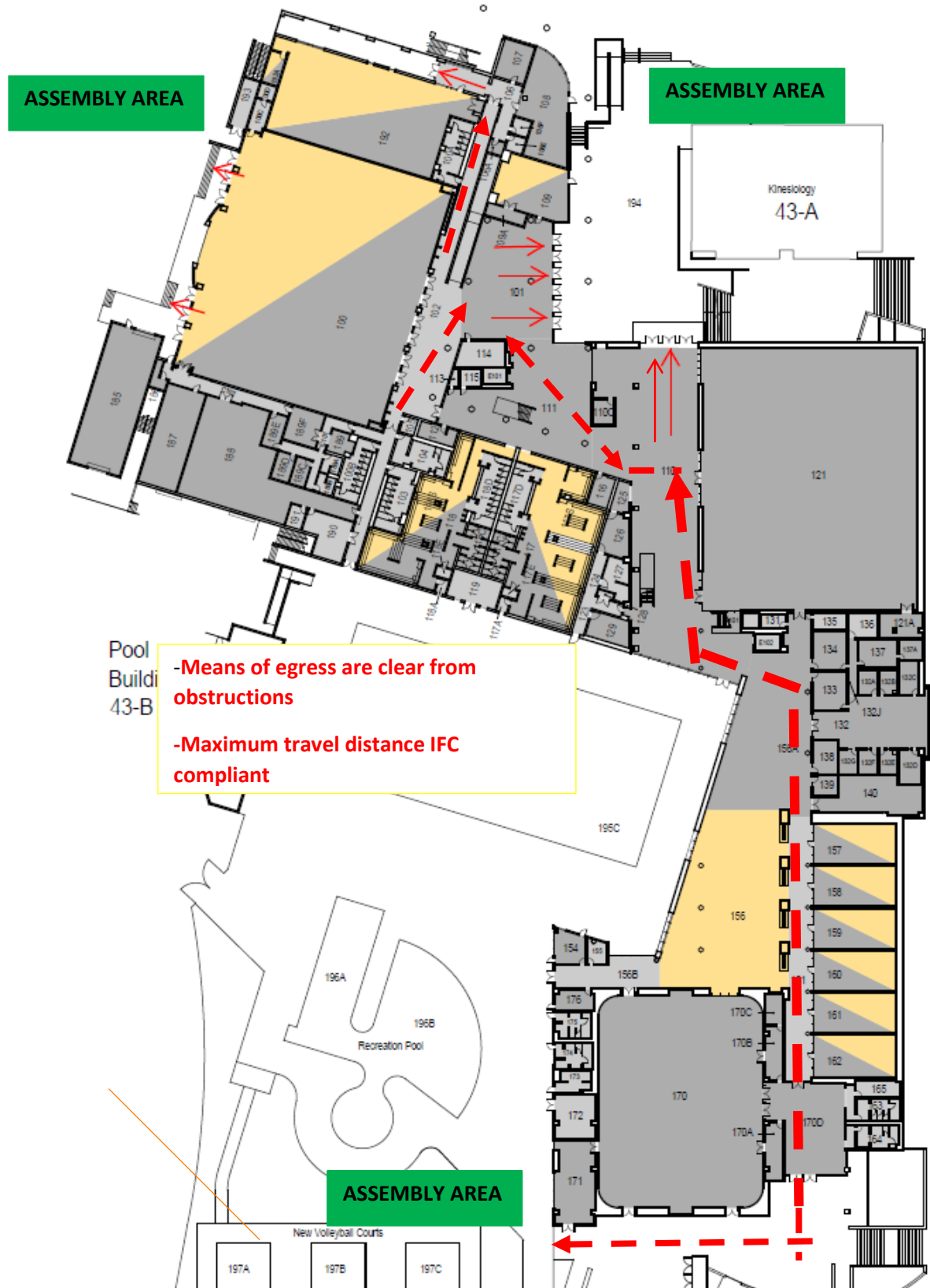


Figure A-2.2: 1<sup>st</sup> floor fire evacuation plan

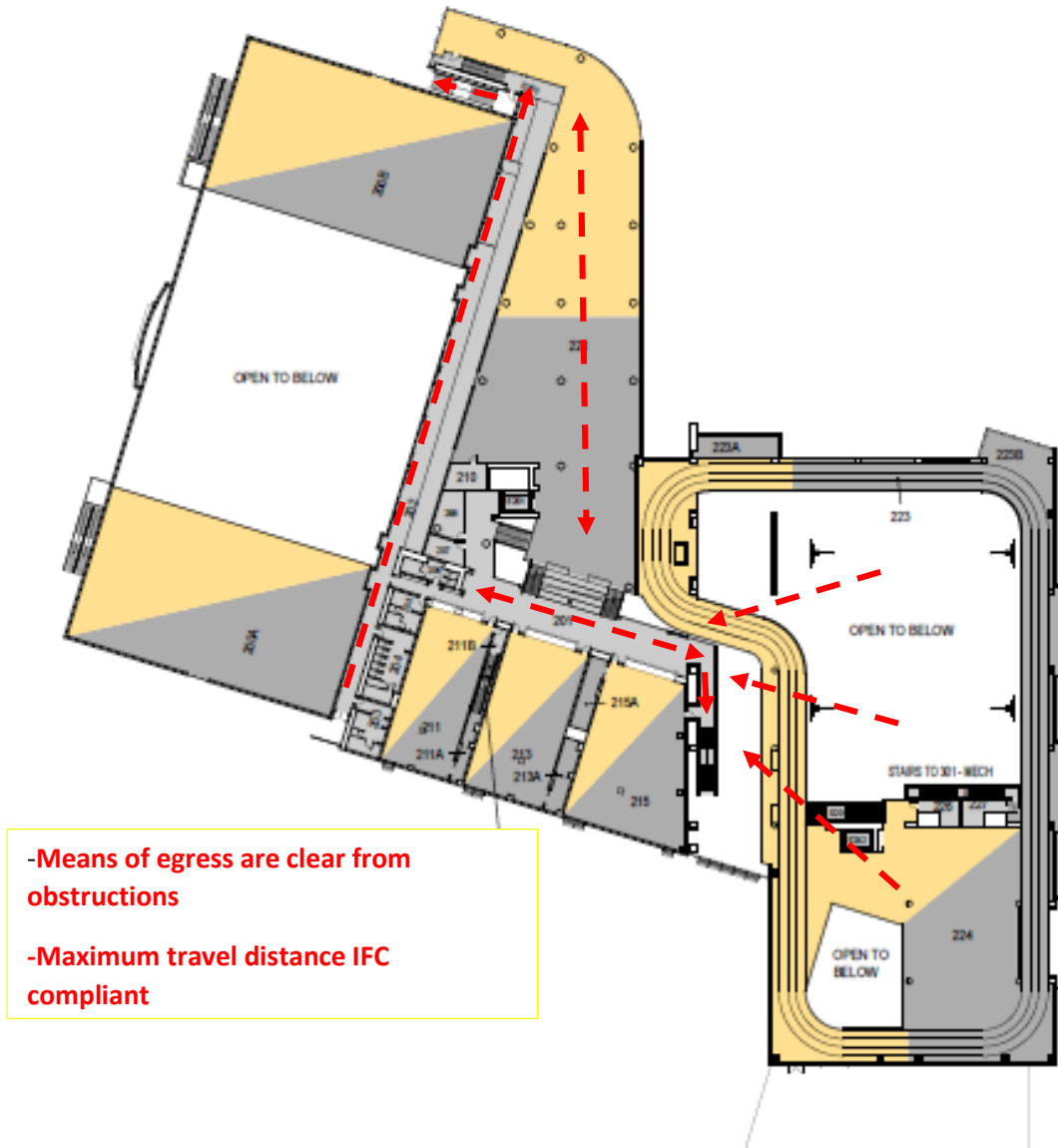


Figure A-2.3: 2<sup>nd</sup> floor fire evacuation plan



## APPENDIX 3: LIST OF FIRE SAFETY EQUIPMENT

The following tables summarize the different types and locations of fire safety equipment installed in the recreation center.

The entire recreation center is fully protected by fire sprinkler systems

**1. Table 3.1: LIST OF EQUIPMENT**

Device Type	Numbers of devices				
	Zone A	Zone B	Zone C	Zone D	Zone E
<b>First Floor</b>					
Area smoke detectors	0	6	15	1	6
Duct-type air smoke detectors	0	0	1	0	1
Heat detectors	0	1	2	0	0
Manual fire alarm box (manual pull station)	6	3	4	4	1
Flow switches and Tamper switches	0	2 and 2	0	0	1 and 1
Fire extinguishers	8	4	6	6	4
<b>Second Floor</b>	<b>Zone A</b>	<b>Zone B</b>	<b>Zone C</b>		<b>Zone E</b>
Area smoke detectors	4	6	7		0
Duct-type air smoke detectors	0	0	0		0
Heat detectors	0	0	0		0
Manual fire alarm box (manual pull station)	1	2	1		1
Flow switches and Tamper switches	0	0	0		0
Fire extinguishers	2	4	4		4
<b>Roof</b>	<b>Common Zone</b>				
Duct-type air smoke detectors	8				
Manual fire alarm box (manual pull station)	4				

**2. Table 3.2: EQUIPMENT LOCATION**

Location	Placement and Spacing
<b>First Floor</b>	
<b>Fire Alarm Smoke Detectors</b>	
<b>Zone B</b>	
Elevator 2 lobby room 130: L1D016	Located on flat smooth ceiling just above elevator door
Elevator 2 machine room: L1D017	Located on flat smooth ceiling
Intramurals office room 134: L1D019	In-duct smoke detector
Electrical room 136: L1D020 and L1D023	One area smoke detector on ceiling(D020), one in-duct detector
Work room: DSD022	In-duct smoke detector
<b>Zone C</b>	
Electric room 113: L1D001	Located on flat smooth ceiling
Elevator 1 machine room 115: L1D002	Located on level ceiling
Elevator 1 lobby room 111: L1D004	Located on smooth ceiling just above elevator 1 door
Telecom room 114: L1D005, L1D006, L1D007 & L1D008	In-duct smoke detectors
Control room 110C: L1D010	Located on flat smooth ceiling
Men's locker room 117: L1D011, L1D012 & L1D013	In-duct smoke detectors
Building power supply room 190: L1D014	Above the fire alarm control panel, mounted on flat smooth ceiling
Mechanical room 191: L1D025 and L1D102	One air handling unit smoke detector (D025) and the other area smoke detector located on flat smooth ceiling
1 <sup>st</sup> floor storage room 111: L1D103 and L1D104	Room served by zones (C and E), each zone has two area air smoke detectors
<b>Zone D</b>	
Electrical room 172: L1D021	Located on flat smooth ceiling
<b>Zone E</b>	
1 <sup>st</sup> floor storage room 111: L1D105 and L1D106	Room served by zones (C and E), each zone has two area air smoke detectors
Equipment room 187: L1D107	Mounted on flat smooth ceiling
Corridor C102: L1D108	Mounted on flat smooth ceiling
Wrestling room (electrical compartment) 100C and 100D: L1D110, L1D109 and L1D114	Area smoke detectors on flat smooth ceiling (D109 and D110) and one air handling unit smoke detector
Main gym room 100: L1D113	Air handling unit smoke detector

<b>Location</b>	<b>Placement and Spacing</b>
<b>Second Floor</b>	
<b>Zone A</b>	
Telecom and data room 210: L1D136, L1D137, L1D138, L1D139 and L1D140	In-duct smoke detectors
<b>Zone B</b>	
Telecom room 226: L1D044 and L1D045	In-duct detectors
Electrical room 227: L1D046, L1D047 and L1D048	One area smoke detector on flat smooth ceiling (D046) and two in-duct air smoke detectors
Stretching area 224A: L1D159	Area smoke detector on flat smooth ceiling above elevator door
<b>Zone C</b>	
Women's restroom room 206: L1D031	In-duct air smoke detector
Electrical room 208: L1D032	Smoke detector located on flat smooth ceiling
Elevator 1 lobby areas: L1D033 and L1D034	Smoke detectors on flat smooth ceiling in passage areas above both East and West elevator doors
Storage room 213A: L1D041	In-duct air smoke detector
Jogging track 2: L1D042	In-duct air smoke detector
<b>Roof</b>	
Roof electrical room: L1D158	Area smoke detector on flat smooth ceiling
Air Handling Unit 1: L1D117	Duct-type smoke detector
Air Handling Unit 2: L1D118	Duct-type smoke detector
Air Handling Unit 3: L1D119	Duct-type smoke detector
Air Handling Unit 4: L1D120	Duct-type smoke detector
Air Handling Unit 5: L1D121	Duct-type smoke detector
Air Handling Unit 6: L1D122	Duct-type smoke detector
Air Handling Unit 7: L1D123	Duct-type smoke detector
Air Handling Unit 8: L1D124	Duct-type smoke detector
Air Handling Unit 9: L1D125	Duct-type smoke detector
Air Handling Unit 10: L1D126	Duct-type smoke detector
<b>Location</b>	<b>Placement and Spacing</b>
Elevator 1 machine room: L1D003 and L1D024	Located on level ceiling
Elevator 2 machine room: L1D018	Located on level ceiling

Location	Placement
<b>First Floor</b>	
<b>Zone A</b>	
Vestibule area 106: L1M001 and L1M098	Located next to West and East exit doors
Wellness reception area 108: L1M002	Located next to East exit door
Training room 109: L1M03	Located next to East exit door
Pre-function room 101: L1M04	Located next to East exit door
Main Gym room 100: L1M097	Located next to East exit door
<b>Zone B</b>	
Lobby room 110: L1M06 and L1M07	Located next to both North exit doors
Circulation (lobby south) area 130: L1M08	Located next to South exit door
<b>Zone C</b>	
Hallway area 123: L1M09	Located next to South exit door
Men's vestibule room 117A: L1M010	Located next to South exit door
Women's vestibule room 118A: L1M011	Located next to South exit door
Passageway area 102: L1M012	Located next to South exit door
<b>Zone D</b>	
Circulation area 156B: L1M013	Located next to exit West door
MAC room 170: L1M014 and L1M015	Located next to both South exit doors
MAC lobby area 170D: L1M016	Located next to exit South door
<b>Zone E</b>	
Event storage room 185: L1M05	Located next to North exit door
Pool pump room 180: L1M017 and L1M018	Located next to both West and East exit doors
Pool equipment room 184: L1M019	Located next to East exit door
Main Gym room 100: L1M096	Located next to West exit door
<b>Second Floor</b>	
<b>Zone A</b>	
North stairwell: L1M041	Located at exit door connecting to vestibule 106
<b>Zone B</b>	
Passage stair 201: L1M042	Located next to stairs leading to first floor
Cardio fittingness 2 room 224: L1M023	Located next to stairs leading to first floor
<b>Zone C</b>	
Passage 202: L1M102	Located next South exit door
<b>Zone E</b>	
North Gym 200B: L1M160	Located next to West exit door
<b>Roof</b>	
Roof West: L1M131	Located next to stairs
Roof East: L1M132	Located next to stairs
Roof North-East: L1M133	Located next to AHU 3
Roof South: L1M134	Located next AHU 2
<b>Location</b>	<b>Placement</b>
East sprinkler connection: L1M023 and L1M026	Each connected to 2" wet-pipe riser manifolds
West sprinkler valve connection: L1M028	Connected to 2" wet-pipe riser manifold

Location	Placement
Main fire water connection: L1M095	Tamper switch connected to main water supply gate valves
East sprinkler valve connection: L1M024 and L1M027	Tamper switch covers of flow switches L1M023 and L1M026 respectively
West sprinkler valve connection: L1M029	Tamper switch encased in flow switch L1M028