

RAFFLES BULLETIN OF ZOOLOGY 68: 448–451

Date of publication: 5 June 2020

DOI: 10.26107/RBZ-2020-0061

<http://zoobank.org/urn:lsid:zoobank.org:pub:A6D5A0AF-C338-4902-BEB7-A6D9DAE75AB5>

A new species of *Coptocheilus* Gould, 1862 (formerly *Schistoloma* Kobelt, 1902) from Vietnam (Caenogastropoda: Cyclophoroidea: Pupinidae)

Chinh Thi Bui¹ & Barna Páll-Gergely^{2*}

Abstract. *Coptocheilus maunautim*, new species, is described from Vietnam's Thua Thien-Hue Province. The closest relative of the new species is probably *Coptocheilus maydelineae* (Páll-Gergely, P.K. Nguyen & Y. Chen, 2019), which also has a “double suture”, but differs in its much stronger shell sculpture. *Coptocheilus* Gould, 1862, is reinstated for this genus group. The widely used *Schistoloma* Kobelt, 1902, is an unnecessary replacement name and cannot be conserved. An updated checklist of the members of this genus is appended.

Key words. taxonomy, systematics, *Coptocheilus*, *Schistoloma*, new species

INTRODUCTION

Schistoloma Kobelt, 1902, is a genus of the Pupinidae, ranging from the southern Himalaya region to the Philippines (Benson, 1838, 1852; Bartsch, 1916; Egorov, 2013). A newly collected species from Thua Thien-Hue Province does not correspond to any of the four *Schistoloma* species known from Vietnam in the recent review of the genus by Páll-Gergely et al. (2019). It is therefore described as new to science. In addition, we restore the genus *Coptocheilus* Gould, 1862, and relegate the unnecessary replacement name *Schistoloma* to its synonymy (see Remarks under genus).

MATERIAL AND METHODS

The counting of the shell whorls (to the closest 0.25 whorl) follows Kerney & Cameron (1979: 13).

Abbreviations.

AH: aperture height

AW: aperture width

H: shell height

HA: Collection András Hunyadi (Budapest, Hungary)

HNHM: Hungarian Natural History Museum (Budapest, Hungary)

LZ–HUE: Laboratory of Zoology, Hue University of Education (Hue city, Vietnam)

MNHN: Muséum National d'Histoire Naturelle (Paris, France)

SMF: Senckenberg Forschungsinstitut und Naturmuseum (Frankfurt am Main, Germany)

VNMN_IZ: National Museum of Nature (Hanoi, Vietnam)

W: shell width

ZRC: Zoological Reference Collection, Lee Kong Chian Natural History Museum (NUS, Singapore)

TAXONOMY AND SYSTEMATICS

Family Pupinidae L. Pfeiffer, 1853

Coptocheilus Gould, 1862

Coptocheilus Gould, 1862: 282.

Schistoloma Kobelt, 1902: 298 (nom. nov. pro *Coptocheilus* Gould, 1862).

Pinteria Varga, 1972: 134 (type species: *Pinteria croesus* Varga, 1972, by original designation).

Type species. *Cyclostoma altum* G.B. Sowerby I, 1842, by original designation.

Remarks. Kobelt (1902) established *Schistoloma* as a nom. nov. for *Coptocheilus* Gould, 1862, claiming that it is a junior homonym of *Coptochilus* Amyot & Serville, 1843 (Insecta: Hemiptera). However, *Coptocheilus* Gould, 1862, is not a junior homonym of *Coptochilus* Amyot & Serville, 1843, based on the one letter difference (see Article 56.2 of the International Code of the Zoological Nomenclature, hereafter the Code [ICZN, 1999]), thus Kobelt's replacement name is unnecessary. *Coptochilus* F. Sandberger, 1871, is also considered to be an unjustified emendation of *Coptocheilus* Gould, 1862. A reversal of precedence (Article 23.9 of the Code) cannot be used to conserve the widely used *Schistoloma* because *Coptocheilus* has been used as valid after 1899 (e.g., Fulton, 1903; Bartsch, 1909).

Accepted by: Tan Siong Kiat

¹Faculty of Biology, College of Education, Hue University, 34 Le Loi, Hue, Vietnam; Email: buihochinhhdsp@hue.edu.vn

²Plant Protection Institute, Centre for Agricultural Research, Herman Ottó Street 15, Budapest, H-1022, Hungary; Email: pallgergely2@gmail.com (*corresponding author)

© National University of Singapore
ISSN 2345-7600 (electronic) | ISSN 0217-2445 (print)

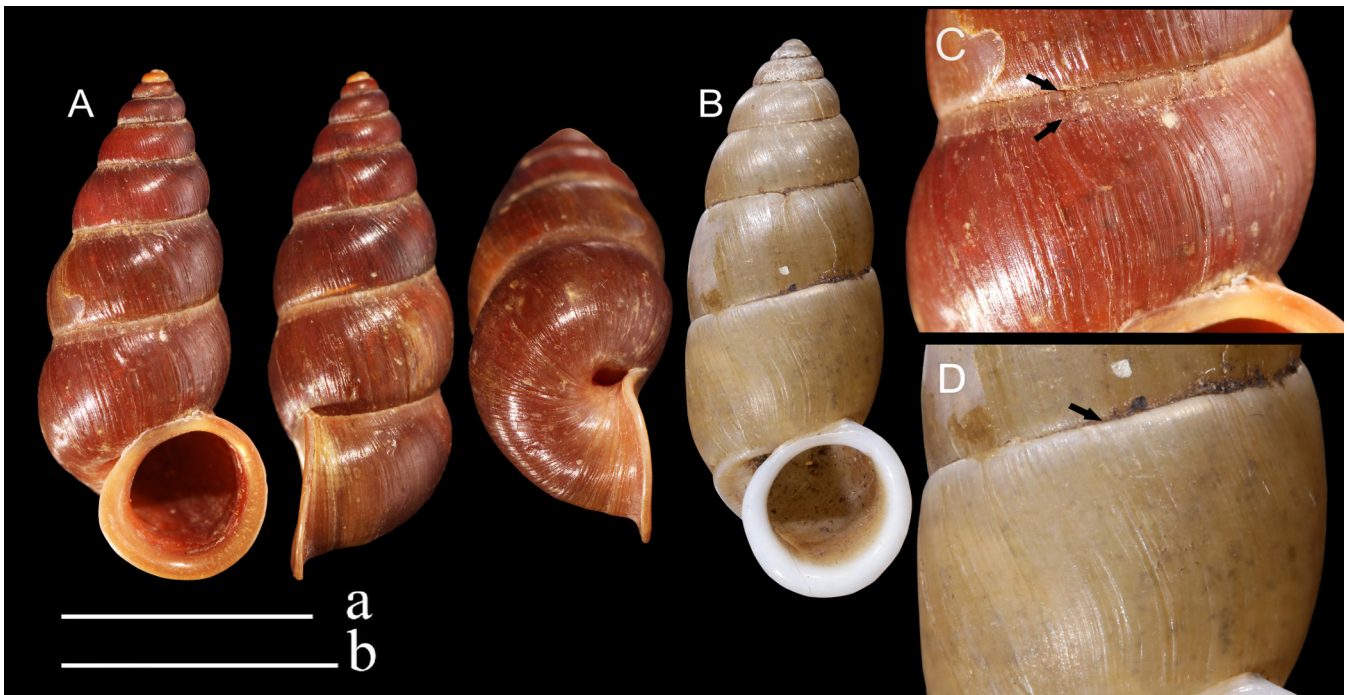


Fig. 1. A, C, holotype of *Coptocheilus maunautim*, new species (MNHN-IM-2000-35697), with “double suture” indicated by arrows; B, D, *Coptocheilus messengeri* (SMF 192263) with simple suture indicated with an arrow. Scale a represents 10 mm and refers to fig. A and B, scale b represents 5 mm and refers to fig. C and D.

***Coptocheilus maunautim*, new species**
(Fig. 1A, C)

Material examined. Holotype (H: 21.7 mm, W: 9.2 mm) (MNHN-IM-2000-35697), Vietnam, Thua Thien-Hue Province, Nam Dong District, limestone mountain (16°06'56"N, 107°38'32"E, 220 m), coll. T.C. Bui, 10 June 2018. Paratypes: 1 ex. (HNHM 104870), 1 ex. (coll. HA), 1 ex. (VNMN_IZ 000.000.178), 17 exx. (LZ-HUE 5601), all same data as holotype, coll. T.C. Bui, N.T.N. Dang and N.T. Duong, 01 October 2017 and 10 June 2018; 2 exx. (ZRC.MOL.16453), same data as holotype, coll. T.C. Bui, 10 June 2018; 7 exx. (LZ-HUE 5602), Vietnam, Thua Thien-Hue Province, Nam Dong District, limestone mountain (16°08'16"N, 107°36'51"E, 270 m), coll. T.C. Bui and H.C. Nguyen, 07 July 2018.

Diagnosis. A middle-sized *Coptocheilus* species with a brownish purple shell colour, rather glossy, almost smooth shell surface, and a “double suture”.

Description. Shell high conical, widest around base, brownish purple (dead collected shells lighter); protoconch 2.75 whorls, smooth, glossy, orange to purple; teleoconch glossy, nearly smooth, with very fine growth lines; suture “double” (a “pseudosuture” visible as slight groove just below the suture), with a conspicuous pale subsutural band; outer lip slightly opisthocline; peristome continuous, expanded, very slightly reflected, especially at basal part; peristome slender, sharp in lateral view, boundary between inner and outer peristomes hardly visible; umbilicus open, slit-like, without periumbilical keel. Operculum unknown.

Measurements (mm). H: 19.2–23.3, W: 8.5–9.2, AH: 6.6–7.3, AW: 6.4–7.1 (n = 25).

Differential diagnosis. *Coptocheilus maunautim*, new species, differs from all congeners by its “double suture” (see comparison with *C. messengeri*, Fig. 1B, D), except for *Coptocheilus maydelineae* (Páll-Gergely, P.K. Nguyen & Y. Chen, 2019), which clearly differs by having a strongly ribbed shell. *Coptocheilus sectilabris* (A. Gould, 1844), which was also reported from Vietnam (Thach, 2016), is larger, with a more corpulent shell and wider body whorl.

Etymology. The specific epithet ‘maunautim’ (to be used as a noun in apposition) derives from “màu nâu tím”, meaning “a mixture of brown and purple” in Vietnamese, referring to the colour of the shell.

Distribution. This new species is only known from the type locality so far (Fig. 2).

Checklist of *Coptocheilus* species

The most recent review by Páll-Gergely et al. (2019) erroneously used the generic name *Schistoloma* (grammatical gender: neutral). Here we provide an updated checklist of the species, now included in *Coptocheilus* (grammatical gender: masculine), to reflect changes in parentheses around authors’ names in changed combinations and agreement in gender of species names.

- Coptocheilus altus* (Sowerby I, 1842)
- Coptocheilus anostomus* (Benson, 1852)
- Coptocheilus cochinchinensis* (Rochebrune, 1882)
- Coptocheilus doriae* (Issel, 1874)
- Coptocheilus funiculalus* (Benson, 1838)



Fig. 2. Distribution of *Coptocheilus* species in Vietnam. 1, *C. messageri* (Bavay & Dautzenberg, 1909); 2, *C. inermis* (Bavay & Dautzenberg, 1909) (type locality of *Pinteria croesus* Varga, 1972); 3, *C. maunautim*, new species; 4, *C. sectilabrum* (A. Gould, 1844); 5, *C. maydelineae* (Páll-Gergely, P.K. Nguyen & Y. Chen, 2019); 6, *C. cochinchinense* (Rochebrune, 1882) (based on Thach, 2016 and Páll-Gergely et al., 2019).

Coptocheilus inermis Bavay & Dautzenberg, 1909
Coptocheilus leferi (Morelet, 1861)
Coptocheilus longyanensis (Zhou, Zhang & Chen, 2009)
Coptocheilus maydelineae (Páll-Gergely, P.K. Nguyen & Y. Chen, 2019)
Coptocheilus mcgregori (Bartsch, 1916)
Coptocheilus messengeri Bavay & Dautzenberg, 1909
Coptocheilus pauperculus (Sowerby I, 1850)
Coptocheilus quadrasi (Hidalgo, 1889)
Coptocheilus sectilabris (A. Gould, 1844)
Coptocheilus sumatranus Dohrn, 1881
Coptocheilus tanychilus (Godwin-Austen, 1876)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We are grateful to Philippe Bouchet (MNHN) for his information on the nomenclature of *Coptocheilus*, to Ronald Jansen and Sigrid Hof for granting access to the collection of the Senckenberg Museum, and to Duong Ngoc Tuong, Dang Ngoc Thanh Nhan, and Nguyen Huu Chuyen, for their help on the field. This work was supported by the Domestic PhD Scholarship Programme of Vingroup Innovation Foundation for Bui Thi Chinh and the MTA (Hungarian Academy of Sciences) Premium Post Doctorate Research Program for Barna Páll-Gergely.

LITERATURE CITED

- Amyot C-J-B & Serville A (1843) Histoire naturelle des insectes, Hémiptères. Roret, Paris, 681 pp., LXXVI pls.
- Bartsch P (1909) Four new land shells from the Philippine Islands. Proceedings of the United States National Museum, 37(1705): 295–299.
- Bartsch P (1916) The Philippine land shells of the genus *Schistoloma*. Proceedings of the United States National Museum, 49(2104): 195–204.
- Bavay A & Dautzenberg P (1909) Description de coquilles nouvelles de l'Indo-Chine. Journal de Conchyliologie, 57: 81–105, 163–206, 279–288.
- Benson WH (1838) On the land and fresh-water shells of the Western Himálaya. Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 7(75): 211–218.
- Benson WH (1852) Notes on the genus *Cyclostoma*; and characters of some new species from India, Borneo, and Natal. Annals and Magazine of Natural History, Series 2, 10: 268–272.
- Dohrn H (1881) Mittheilungen aus dem Gebiete der Malakozoologie; Neue ostasiatische Landconchylien. Nachrichtenblatt der Deutschen Malakozoologischen Gesellschaft, 13: 65–67.
- Egorov R (2013) A review of the genera of the terrestrial pectinibranch molluscs (synopsis mainly based on published data). Littoriniiformes: Liareidae, Pupinidae, Diplommatinidae, Alycaecidae, Cochlostomidae. Treasure of Russian Shells, Supplement 3 (Part 3): 1–62.
- Fulton H (1903) Figures and descriptions of supposed new species and varieties of *Ennea*, *Macrochlamys*, *Cochlostyla*, *Strophocheilus* (*Borus*), *Odontostomus* (*Moricandia*), *Leptopoma*, *Cataulus*, *Coptocheilus* and *Tropidophora*. Journal of Malacology, 10: 100–103.
- Godwin-Austen HH (1876) On the Cyclostomacea of the Daffa Hills, Assam. Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 45(2): 171–184.
- Gould AA (1844) Descriptions of land shells from the province of Tavoy, in British Burmah. Boston Journal of Natural History, 4: 452–459.
- Gould AA (1862) Descriptions of new genera and species of shells. Proceedings of the Boston Society of Natural History, 8: 280–284.
- Hidalgo JG (1889) Espèces nouvelles ou peu connues de Coquilles terrestres des îles Philippines. Journal de Conchyliologie, 37: 296–306.
- International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature (1999) International Code of Zoological Nomenclature. Fourth Edition. International Trust for Zoological Nomenclature, London, xxix + 306 pp.
- Issel A (1874) Molluschi Borneensi. Illustrazione delle specie terrestri e d'acqua dolce raccolte nell'isola di Borneo. Dai Signori G. Doria e O. Beccari. Memoria di Arturo Issel. Annali del Museo Civico di Storia Naturale di Genova, 6: 366–486.
- Kerney MP & Cameron RAD (1979) A Field Guide to the Land Snails of Britain and North-west Europe. Collins, London, 288 pp.
- Kobelt W (1902) Das Tierreich. Eine Zusammenstellung und Kennzeichnung der rezenten Tierformen. In: Kobelt W (ed.) Verbindung mit der Deutschen Zoologischen Gesellschaft herausgegeben von der Königlich Preussischen Akademie der Wissenschaften zu Berlin. Mollusca: Cyclophoridae. R. Friedländer und Sohn, Berlin, 662 pp.
- Morelet MA (1861) Diagnoses de trois Cyclostomes nouveaux. Journal de Conchyliologie, 9: 176–177.
- Páll-Gergely B, Nguyen PK & Chen Y (2019) A review of Vietnamese *Schistoloma* Kobelt, 1902 with a list of all known species of the genus (Caenogastropoda: Cyclophoroidea: Pupinidae). Raffles Bulletin of Zoology, 67: 322–327.
- Pfeiffer L (1853) Catalogue of Phaneropneumona or Terrestrial Operculated Mollusca in the Collection of the British Museum. Woodfall & Kinder, London, 324 pp.
- Rochebrune T (1882) Documents sur la faune malacologique de la Cochinchine et du Cambodge. Bulletin de la Société Philomathique, 7(6): 35–74.
- Sandberger CLF (1870–1875) Die Land- und Süßwasser-Conchylien der Vorwelt. C.W. Kreidel, Wiesbaden, 1000 pp., 36 pls.
- Sowerby GB I (1842) Descriptions of new species of shells belonging to the genus *Cyclostoma*, collected by Mr. H. Cuming in the Philippine Islands. Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London, 1842: 80–84.
- Sowerby GB I (1850) Descriptions of some additional species of the genus *Cyclostoma*. Thesaurus Conchyliorum, 1(1): 157–168.
- Thach NN (2016) Vietnamese New Mollusks. Seashells – Land snails – Cephalopods, with 59 new species. 48HrBooks Company, Akron, Ohio, 205 pp.
- Varga A (1972) Neue Schnecken-Arten aus Vietnam (Gastropoda, Cyclophoridae). Annales Historico-Naturales Musei Nationalis Hungarici, 64: 133–137.
- Zhou W-C, Zhang W-H & Chen D-N (2009) A new species of the genus *Schistoloma* from China (Prosobranchia, Mesogastropoda, Pupinidae). Acta Zootaxonomica Sinica, 34(1): 122–124.