# Edge:Lands Drawings and paintings by Paul Gough



Front cover: Twin Ribbon Tree Chalks, conte and crayon on paper 2005-06 48 x 52 cm



Near Nuclear Plant ii Chalks, conte and crayon on paper 2010 56 x 75.5 cms

# Edge: Lands

Paul Gough is interested in drawing inbetween places, liminal zones, waste grounds, empty places that were once something and now have been allowed to lapse back into their habitual shape. Look at his drawings of the former airbase at Greenham Common, or the ash-heaps of the old north Somerset coalfield, the abandoned village of Tyneham or the forlorn gullies on the Gallipoli Peninsula. They are powerful evocations of absence and embedded memory. Writer Marion Shoard coined these unloved, unseen and often unexplored spaces as the 'edge land', a mysterious hinterland of brick piles and rubbish tips, derelict industrial plant and ragged landfill, forlorn filling stations and scruffy allotments, abandoned ordnance lying amidst roque plants.

Thirty years ago, the naturalist Richard Mabey in his book 'The Unofficial Countryside ', had also opened our eyes to the vitality of these unkempt places. He, however, found little to cherish and celebrate in these wasted hinterlands. Instead he marvelled at the resilience of nature in such abject conditions, its refusal to be ground down by toxic contagion.

Mabey's astonishment at the hardiness of nature is a reminder of another astute observer of the English scene, the painter Paul Nash. Before the Great War a modest painter of fluffy elms and vapid sunsets, Nash was transformed by his experiences while serving as a British officer on the Western Front in 1916.

In 1916, in a letter home he wrote of walking through a wood (or at least what remained of it after recent shelling) when it was little more than 'a place with an evil name, pitted and pocked with shells, the trees torn to shreds, often reeking with poison gas'. A few days later, to his great surprise, that 'most desolate ruinous place' was drastically changed. It was now 'a vivid green', bristling with buds and fresh leaf growth: 'The most broken trees even had sprouted somewhere and in the midst, from the depth of the wood's bruised heart poured out the throbbing song of a nightingale. Ridiculous mad incongruity! One can't think which is the more absurd, the War or Nature...'

Nash's ecstatic vision permeates Gough's recent oeuvre. Over the past decade his drawings and paintings have reflected a dread fascination with poetic dereliction and the quasi-industrial sublime, borne of long sojourns in and around many such No-Man's-Lands.

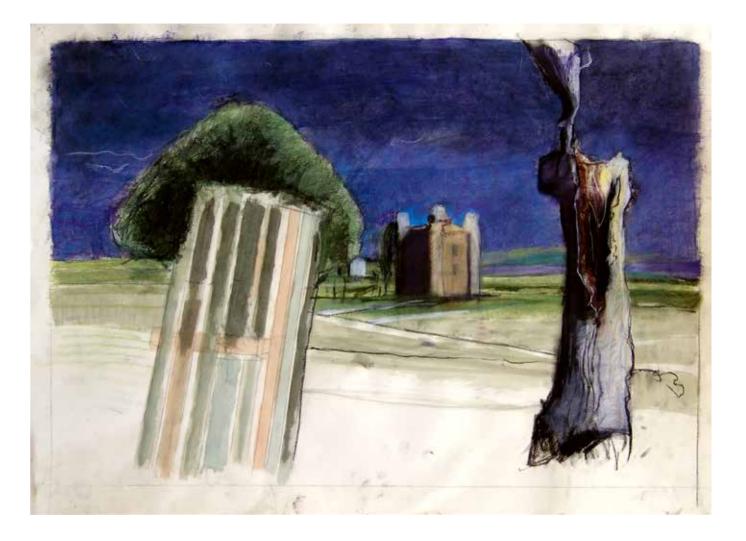
More recently, two young British poets have also In his drawings, created over decades of measured wandered in [and wondered of] the hinterlands that practice, Gough has laid vision to his own make up the British banlieue. To Paul Farley and complicated, unkempt and previously unexamined Michael Symmons Roberts the wilderness is much edgeland. He has made tangible those places that closer than any of us think. They describe the have long thrived on disregard. In his work he English edgeland as a set of familiar yet ignored meets the challenge that we should 'put aside our spaces, 'passed through, negotiated, unnamed, nostalgia for places we've never really known and unacknowledged', which are now the new wild see them afresh'. places on our very own doorsteps. Theirs is a M.R.H. compelling vision, shared in Gough's many images

of former sites of battle, abandoned workings and ancient slagheaps, a land riddled with trenches and troughs, adits and mineholes, ivoried elm and wild buddleia.

Gough's drawings are not representations of any one particular scene. Instead they are accretions of places, spaces, times and seasons brought together on to a single surface; they are sites of both legend and anonymity, places emptied and yet full of emptiness, dis-membered topographies that have had their constituent parts re-membered through the act of drawing.







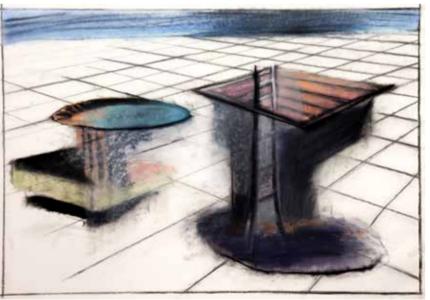
**Tree Tunnel** 2012 Chalks, acrylic and conte on paper 56 x 74 cm

## **Near-Nuclear Plant iii** 2010 chalks, ink and crayon on paper 56 x 75.5 cms

**Near Nuclear Plant I (after Paul Nash)** 2010 Chalks, acrylic and conte on paper 54 x 74.5 cms



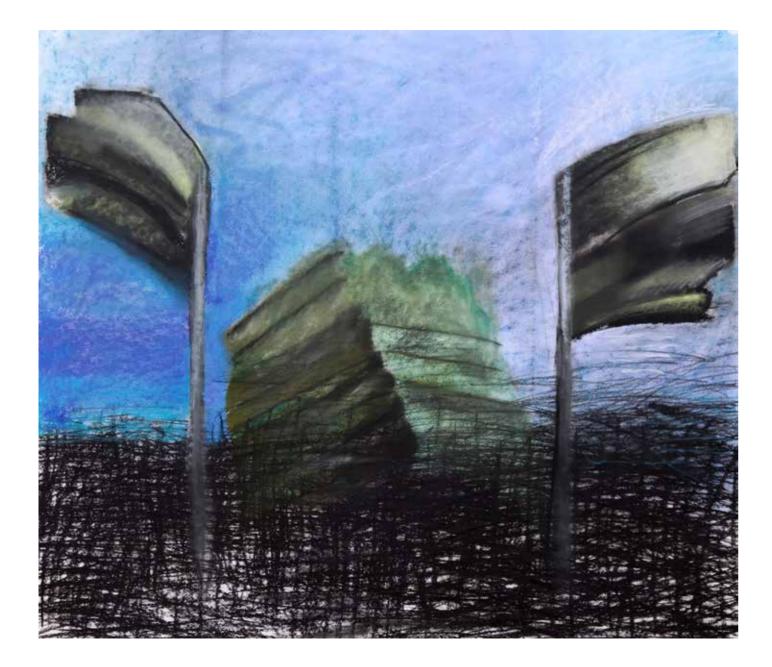
**Chimney, stump, sump: Penwith** 2011 Chalks, acrylic and conte on paper 55 x 74.5 cms



**Sump and Adit** 2011 Chalk, acrylic and conte on paper 55 x 73.5 cms



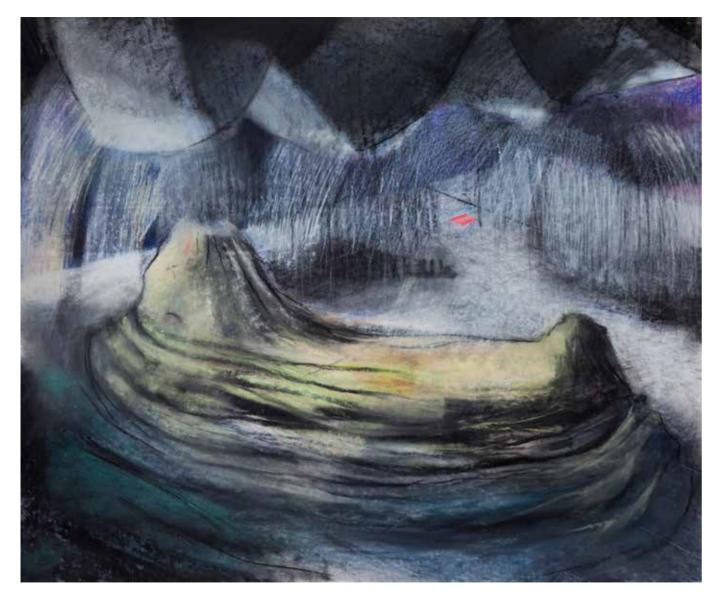
**Ariege: plank bridge** 2005 Conte on paper 54 x 74.5 cms



**Crater Hill** 2008-09 Chalks, acrylic and conte on paper 56 x 74.5 cms

**Stockade** 2008 Chalks, conte, wax crayon on paper 49 x 49 cms 48 x 70 cms **Rectangular pool** 2005 Chalks and conte on paper 48 x 72.5 cms





**Banana Island** 2008-09 Chalks, acrylic and conte on paper 48 x 70.5 cm



**Obelisk: looking west from Portland** 2006 Chalks, acrylic and conte on paper 58 x 74.5 cms

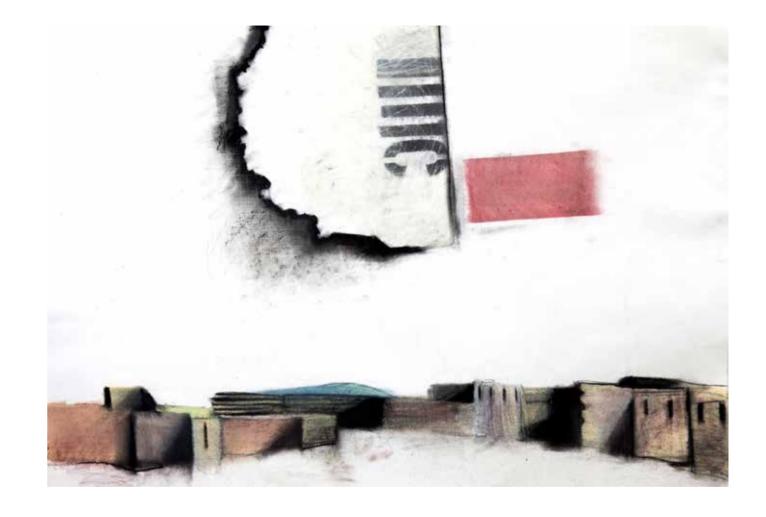




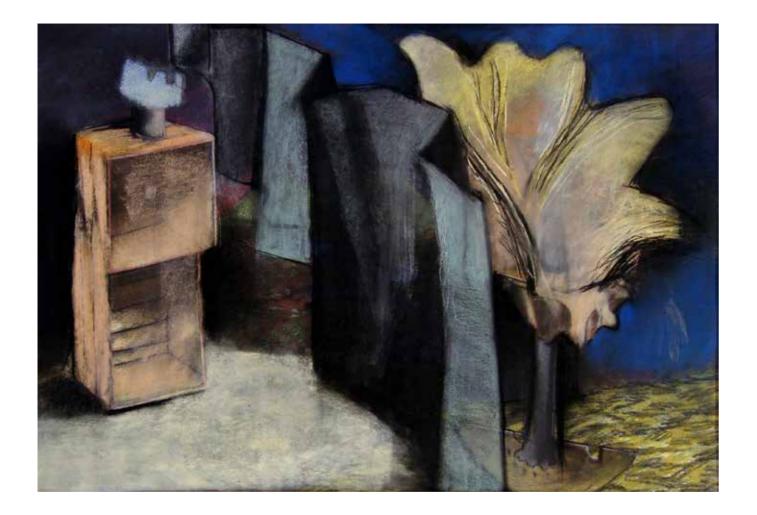
2004 Chalks, stencil and conte on paper 48 x 72.5 cms



Shackleton's Dream (ii) 2004 Chalks and conte on paper 57 x 73.5 cms



# Remembering Grenada 2007 Chalks, stencil and conte on paper 57 x 73.5 cms





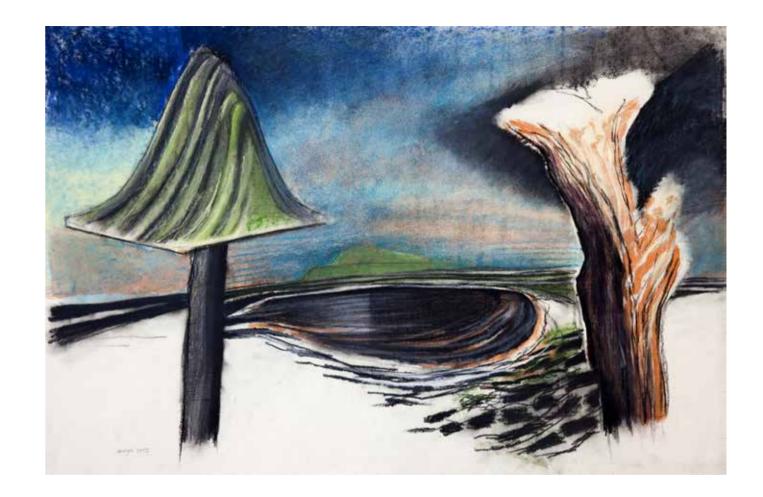
# Partition

2004 Acrylic, chalks and conte on paper 47 x 71.5 cms

**Encounter (in green)** 2006 Chalks and conte on paper 57 x 73.5 cms







**Adit near the Batch** 2005 Chalks and conte on paper 56 x 73.5 cms

# Upas (double)

2009-10 Chalks, stencil and conte on paper 56 x 72 cms

# **Phantasmagoric Landscape** 2005 Chalks, stencil and conte on paper 53 x 73.5 cms





**Remembering Grenada** 2007 Chalks, stencil and conte on paper 57 x 73.5 cms

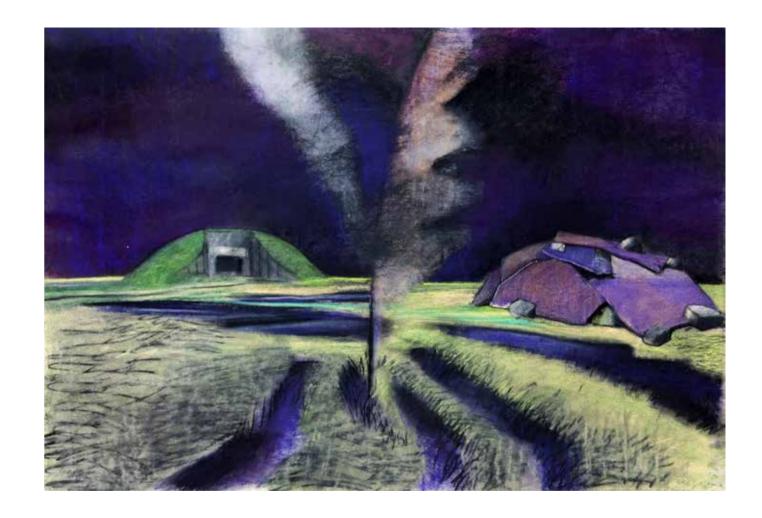
**Airstrip Series i** 2005 Chalks and conte on paper 46 x 74 cms



**Airstrip Series iii** 2005 Chalks and conte on paper 54 x 74 cms







Shelter Series iv 2007-08 Chalks and conte on paper 50 cx 76 cms

# Airstrip Series iii

2005 Chalks and conte on paper 54 x 74 cms

# **Airstrip Series ii** 2005 Chalks and conte on paper 54 x 74 cms





# From the 'Running on Empty' Suite,

A series of drawings made in response to [un]occupied military landscapes -Tyneham in Dorset; Mynydd Epynt in South Wales; the former Mustard Gas Filling Station, Avonmouth, near Bristol.

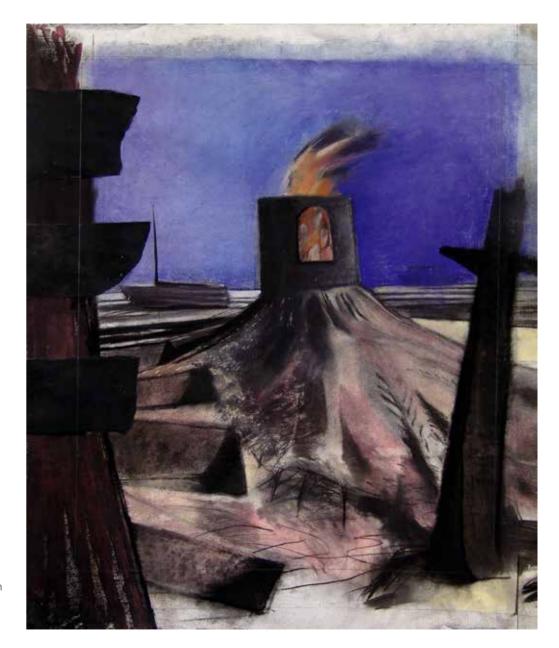
2006 Chalks, wax crayon and conte on paper 50 x 76 cms

From the 'Running on Empty' Suite. Tyneham

2006 Chalks, wax crayon and conte on paper 55 x 76 cms

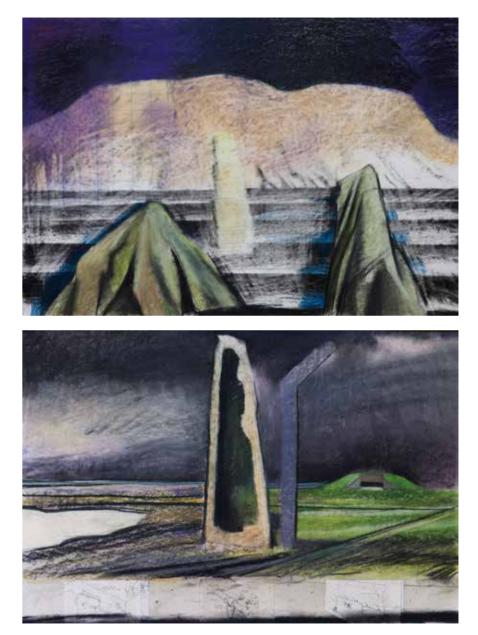
# Remembering Fire Land

2001 Acrylic, chalks and conte on paper 52 x 44 cms



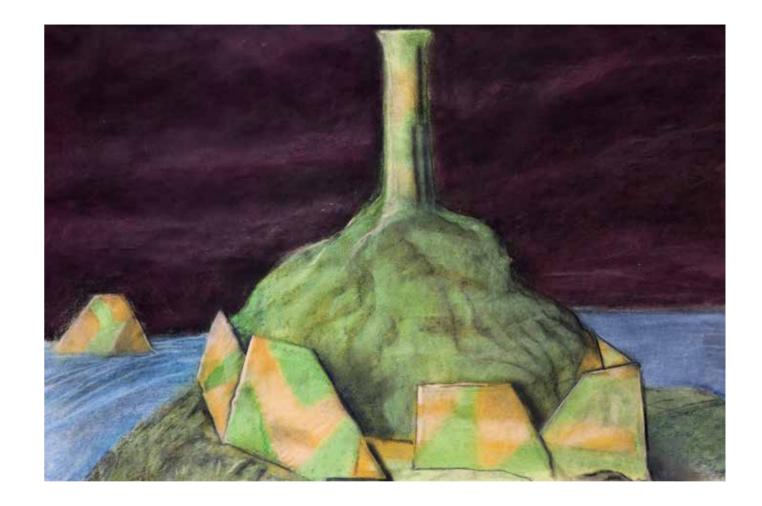


**Upas Trees, with pool** 2005 Watercolour, pencil and conte on paper 44 x 72 cms **Halki Tower** 2009 Chalks, wax crayon, conte on paper 53 x 77 cms



MOD-Land with concrete post 2008-09 Chalks, collage, and conte on paper 53.5 x 77.5 cms

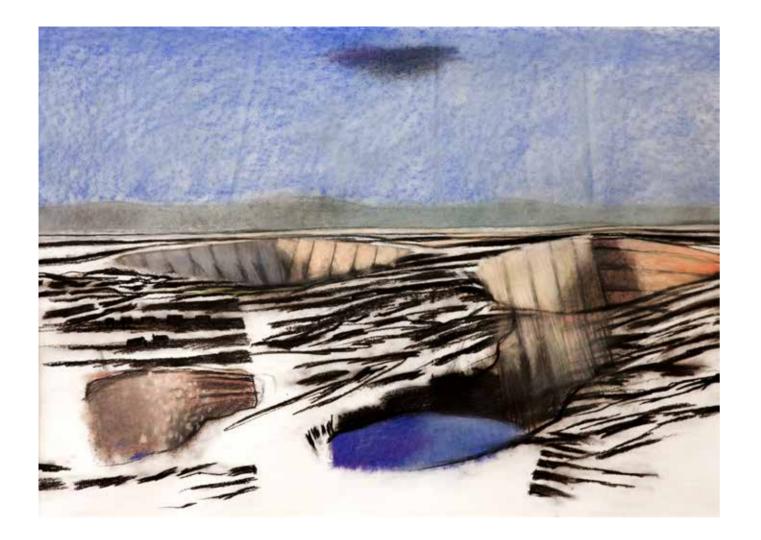




# Detritus

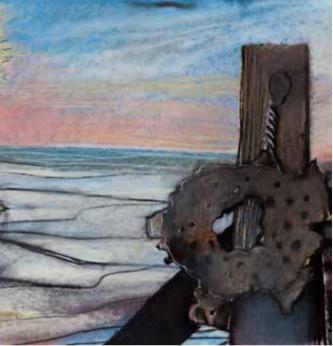
2006 Chalks, collage, and conte on paper 53 x 74.5 cms

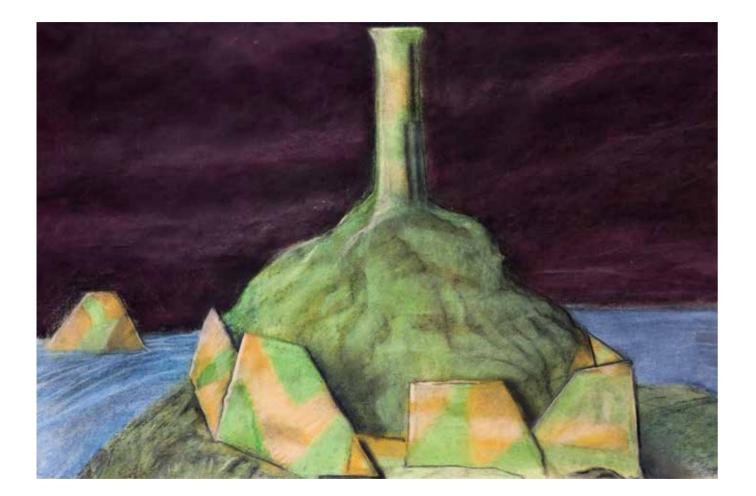
**Hill 57 (To the Cape)** 2004 Chalks and conte on paper 40 x 70 cms



**From Cape to Cape** 2004-05 Chalks and conte on paper 52.5 x 76 cms

**From 'The Shelter' series** 2005 Chalks and conte on paper 48 x 72 cms





**Hill 57 (To the Cape)** 2004 Chalks and conte on paper 40 x 70 cms

# Paul Gough

Professor Paul Gough studied his masters degree and doctorate at the Royal College of Art, London. He lives in Bristol and works at the University of the West of England where he is Deputy Vice Chancellor, and formerly Executive Dean in the Faculty of Creative Arts. He is also an occasional broadcaster and a writer, and has exhibited widely in the UK and abroad. He is represented in several art collections, including the permanent collection of the Imperial War Museum, London, the Canadian War Museum, Ottawa, the National War Memorial, New Zealand.

His most recent exhibitions have been in Melbourne, London, and Wellington, New Zealand.

Amongst his recent publications is a monograph on the British artist Stanley Spencer (2006) and A Terrible Beauty (2010) an extensive study of British art of the Great War. An edited volume of correspondence between Stanley Spencer and Desmond Chute was published in 2011, and a book on the street artist Banksy, Banksy: A Bristol Legacy, came out in April 2012. References mentioned in The Introduction

Paul Farley and Michael Symmonds Roberts, Edgelands: Journeys into England's True Wilderness, 2011.

Richard Mabey, The Unofficial Countryside, 1973.

Marion Shoard, Edgelands: an essay, 2002.