Innovation for Mother and Child Health in Africa Moving MNCH Evidence into Policy in West Africa (MEP)

Lessons Learned

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Innovation service delivery and organization

Novel set of behaviors, routines, and ways of working that are directed at improving health outcomes, administrative efficiency, cost effectiveness, or users' experience and that are implemented by planned and coordinated actions

Implementation Research = Knowledge Translation Research

- Conducted within routine systems and real life settings, removed from the controlled settings in order to improve health care and service delivery
- Critical factors
 - Identifying system bottlenecks
 - Involving key stakeholders
 - Asking appropriate research questions
 - Planning to implement research findings

Knowledge needed for EIHP

Know-about problems: e.g. the current policy efforts directed at social inclusion reflect a considerable knowledge base on health, wealth and social inequalities.

Know-what works: i.e. what policies, strategies or specific interventions will bring about desired outcomes.

Know-how to put into practice: knowing what should be done is not the same as being able to do it effectively.

Know-who to involve: such knowledge covers estimates of client needs as well as information on key stakeholders necessary for potential solutions.

Know-why: knowledge about why action is required, e.g. relationship to values.

Health Systems as the foundation that supports programs & interventions

PROGRAMS & INTERVENTIONS

HEALTH
SYSTEM
VALUES
Responsiveness

HEALTH
SYSTEM
VALUES
Equity
/Fairness/Justice

VALUES
Rights and responsibilities

HEALTH SYSTEMS HARD WARE (BUILDING BLOCKS)

 Resources: Human, Medicines and technology, Infrastructure tools and supplies, information systems, financing

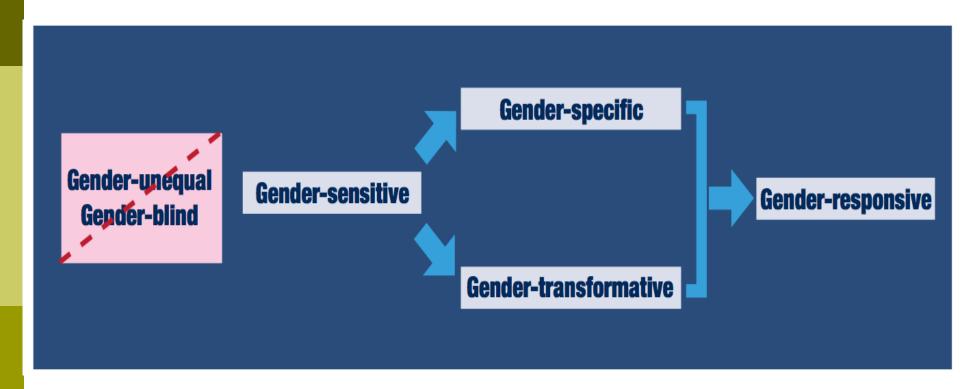
HEALTH SYSTEMS SOFTWARE

• People, power, interests, trust, networks and processes and the related complexity and adaptability

Analyzing Governance in Health Systems

Strategic Vision	Participation & Consensus Orientation
Rule of Law	Transparency
Responsiveness	Equity & Inclusiveness
Effectiveness & Efficiency	Accountability
Intelligence & Information	Ethics

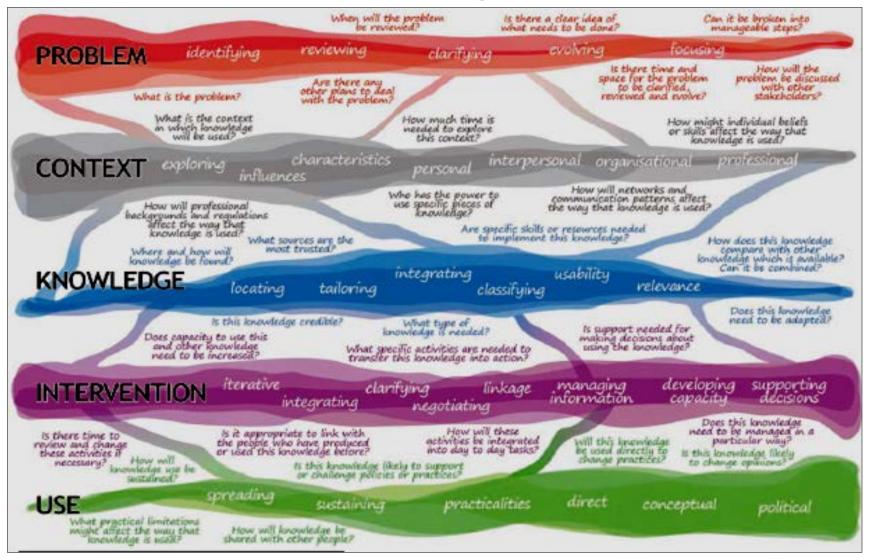
Gender and Health

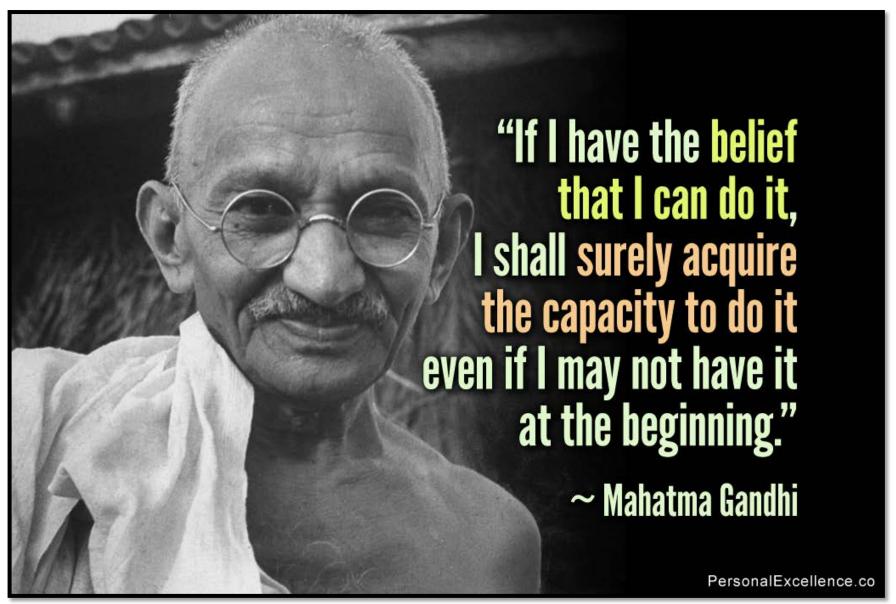


Health Equity

- "Absence of unfair and avoidable health differences among social groups" WHO, 2010
- Place of Residence
- Occupation/Employment
- □ Gender
- □ Race Ethnicity
- Education
- Economic and Social Status

Researcher Journey to KTE ward, 2010











Getting started

Prioritising topics for policy briefs

www.who.int/evidence/sure/





How to prepare a policy brief

Background

...

Clarifying the problem

Deciding on and describing policy options

Identifying and addressing barriers to implementing policy options

Clarifying uncertainties and needs for monitoring and evaluation

> Organising and running policy dialogues

How to use a policy brief

Informing and engaging stakeholders

Knowledge Translation Platform

Partnership between policymakers, researchers, stakeholders (including civil society), in order to facilitate both policy development and policy implementation through the use of the best available scientific research evidence—which can ultimately improve population health and reduce inequities



COMMENTARY

Open Access

Creating a Knowledge Translation Platform: nine lessons from the Zambia Forum for Health Research

Berman et al. Health Research Policy and Systems (2015) 13:73 DOI 10.1186/s12961-015-0061-4

Health Research Policy and Systems

COMMENTARY

Open Access

Building a knowledge translation platform in Malawi to support evidence-informed health policy





RESEARCH ARTICLE

Open Access

Initiatives supporting evidence informed health system policymaking in Cameroon and Uganda: a comparative historical case study

Mijumbi et al. Implementation Science 2014, **9**:114 http://www.implementationscience.com/content/9/1/114



RESEARCH

Open Access

Feasibility of a rapid response mechanism to meet policymakers' urgent needs for research evidence about health systems in a low income country: a case study



RESEARCH

Open Access

Capturing lessons learned from evidence-to-policy initiatives through structured reflection

Fadi El-Jardali 1,2,3,4*, John Lavis 4,5,6,7, Kaelan Moat 5,8, Tomas Pantoja and Nour Ataya 1

Neves et al. Health Research Policy and Systems 2014, 12:14 http://www.health-policy-systems.com/content/12/1/14



RESEARCH

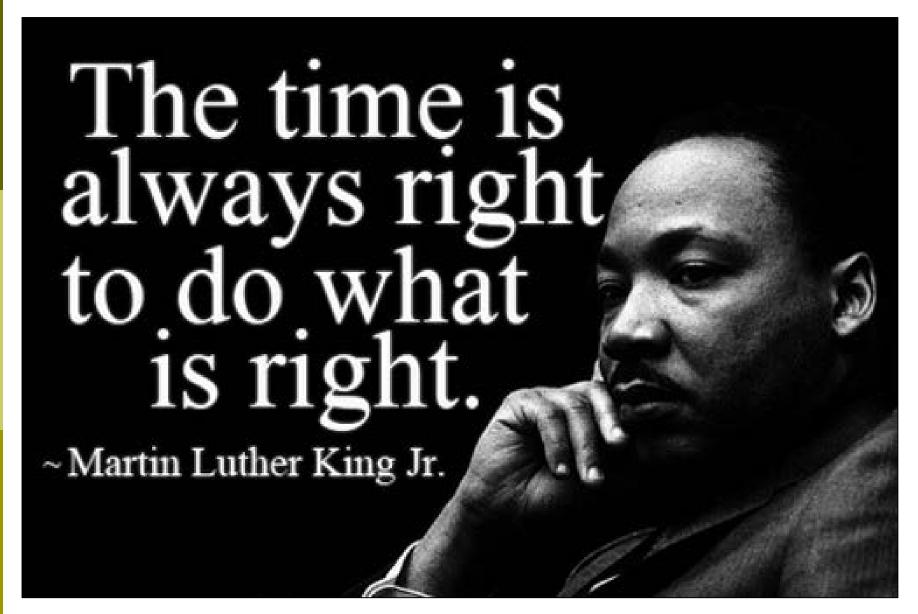
Open Access

Evaluation of the international forum on evidence informed health policymaking: Addis Ababa, Ethiopia – 27 to 31 August 2012

Justin Neves¹, John N Lavis^{2*}, Ulysses Panisset³ and Markus Hultstrand Klint⁴

Key Steps for KTE Praxis

- 1. Identifying actors: "The main users are policy-makers, health professionals, researchers, the public, civil society, patients, health system managers, and health insurers"
- 2. Engaging stakeholders
- 3. Summarizing research evidence in user-friendly format – tailoring and targeting messages
- 4. Stimulating interest in and receptivity to research findings
- 5. Designing a thoughtful dissemination strategy



Merci!

Jërë Jëf!

Thanks!