

PNAEQ - 13 YEARS OF POST-ANALYTICAL EQAS IN PORTUGAL



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Methodology

Introduction and Aim

In the last 13 years, PNAEQ provided a on post-analytical specific program phase. In order to raise the offer of like Thrombosis/ schemes in areas Haemostasis, PNAEQ has established a with ECAT Foundation consortium distributing two more schemes: Post-Analytical Platelet Function and Pre- and Post-Analytical in Haemostasis.

Furthermore, five of the analytical schemes organized by PNAEQ include a post-analytical interpretation, such as **Reports - patient identification** Lab Technician • Case simulation Blood Morphology, Hemoglobinopathies, **Reports - personnel competences** • Audit Case-study **Reports - reference values** Hydatidose, Rubella and Toxoplasmosis. Receptionist • Doc evaluation Case-study **Reports - referral laboratories** • Quality indicators • Quality indicators The main objective of implementing Audit **Reports - release of results** Case simulation • Questionnaires specific and integrated programs on **Reports - retention time** • Quality indicators **Reports - SI units** post-analytical phase is to evaluate the **Reports - significant values** performance of laboratories on these **Reports - turnaround time** Figure 1 – Representation of type of surveys used to **Results - confidentiality** evaluate laboratory staff involved in the post-analytical matters in order to improve their quality **Results - criteria for confirmation** process, during the period 2007-2019. service. **Results - traceability measurement Results - transcription errors**

The specific program on post-analytical phase provided by PNAEQ comprises 6 types of surveys: audits (vertical and presential), case simulation, case-study, document evaluation, quality indicators and questionnaires. Each survey represents a different tool to evaluate several items of the post-analytical process (Table 1), as well as the laboratory collaborators involved in each task (Figure 1). The items in evaluation are annually selected in the PNAEQ Working Group on Pre- and Post-Analytical Phase (created in 2015) and in compliance with the Portuguese Legislation and the ISO 15189:2012(E).

Item evaluated / Tool used	Audit	Case Simulation	Case-Study	Document Evaluation	Quality Indicators	Questionnaire	Table 1 – Distribution of items evaluated per tool / type of survey in the last 13 years, on PNAEQ Post-Analytical
Biological samples - retention time	✓						program.
Critical values - notification to clinician					\checkmark		
EQA - evaluation of performance		\checkmark		\checkmark			
Laboratory - time schedule		\checkmark					
Reference values - criteria for selection						\checkmark	
Reports - corrections after release					\checkmark		
Reports - lab identification				\checkmark			Lab Manager
Reports - method	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark			• Audit

Results

In 13 years were enrolled 113 laboratories. Of these, 51% signed up only once and 7% maintained their registration in 5 or more years. The average of registrations/year is 22 participants (Max=64 in 2007 and min=7 in 2013), corresponding to an annual average of 9% of the total inscriptions in clinical schemes. From 2007 to 2019, the average participation rate is 53%. The survey with the highest percentage of answers received was in case simulation 2017 (94%) and the survey with the lowest participation rate was in quality indicators in 2012 (18%) (Graphic 1). In this work are presented the results of the last five years, when applicable (Graphics 2, 3 and 4).



200	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
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Graphic 1 – Distribution of the number of participants (annual average) and the participation rate (in percentage) for each survey performed on PNAEQ Post-Analytical program, in the last 13 years.

Audits

The checklist has been updated and adapted to different areas over the years.

In the 1st round of 2019, 10 items registered 100% of answers in accordance with the legal and normative requisites. In 4 items, there were reported 50% or less answers with no compliance with the legal and normative requisites. The 2nd round will be performed during October in order to evaluate the actions implemented by participants (Graphic 2).



Case Simulation

In 2015, 2017 and 2018 were performed a mystery client survey, simulating a patient with some questions on the phone (2 phone calls were made in different date/time). The average of different answers obtained for the total questions has been increasing over the 3 years (11% in 2015, 33% in 2017 and 46% in 2018). The information given to the patient concerning *reports turnaround time* is consistently the most critical item with the highest discrepancy between the answers given by the two laboratory collaborators. This survey will be performed in the 4th quarter of 2019 (Graphic 3).



Turnaround Delivery of Requisites Time Possibility of Global time of reports to a for delivery schedule of emailing Average reports third party of reports laboratory reports

Quality Indicators

In the last 3 years, the quality indicator *1-Non-compliance of turnaround time of non-urgent results* is consistently the most reported error (0.95-1.03%). The quality indicator *3-Reports corrected after release* is constantly the lowest reported error (0,06-0,15%) (Graphic 4). The 2019 results will be evaluated after the last 2 quarters.





Conclusion

- Since 2007 PNAEQ has distributed 6 types of tools in the Post-Analytical Phase EQA, stabilizing in 3 of them in the last five years: Audits, Case Simulation and Quality Indicators.
- The participation rate has been increasing since 2015, which can be due to the multiple actions performed by PNAEQ Working Group on Pre- and Post-Analytical Phase. In addition, the Case Simulation surveys are the most participated (74% average) since the participation depends on PNAEQ.
 For the future, PNAEQ and the Working Group will work on the continuous update of the tools content distributed in each survey according to international references and the experience of other EQA organizers.

References

- Despacho nº 8835/01. D. R. IIª Série. 98 (27-04-2001) 7383-7396 Aprova o Manual de Boas Práticas Laboratoriais (Approves the Manual of Good Laboratory Practices).
- Portaria n°166/2014. D. R. I^a Série. 160 (21-08-2014) 4372-4382 Estabelece os requisitos mínimos relativos à organização e funcionamento, recursos humano e instalações técnicas dos laboratórios de patologia clínica/análises clínicas e, bem assim, dos respetivos postos de colheitas (*Establishes the minimum requirements regarding the organization and operation, human resources and technical facilities of clinical pathology laboratories and their specimen collection sites*).
- ISO 15189:2012. Medical laboratories Particular requirements for quality and competence.

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