Constructing a digital museum with a large-scale archive for endangered languages

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Goals of the Museum

- To design a prototype of the web-based museum for endangered languages and cultures that is easily updatable, and serves as a basis of collaborative research.
- To provide a forum in which the local people can exhibit their language products.
- To encourage the local people to have a wider access to language resources and help them to preserve the language and culture of the local community.

Design of the Museum

- Four layered web-based museum
 - Open space:
 - The exhibit space
 - Library and references
 - Closed space:
 - Closed library and archives
 - Data storage space

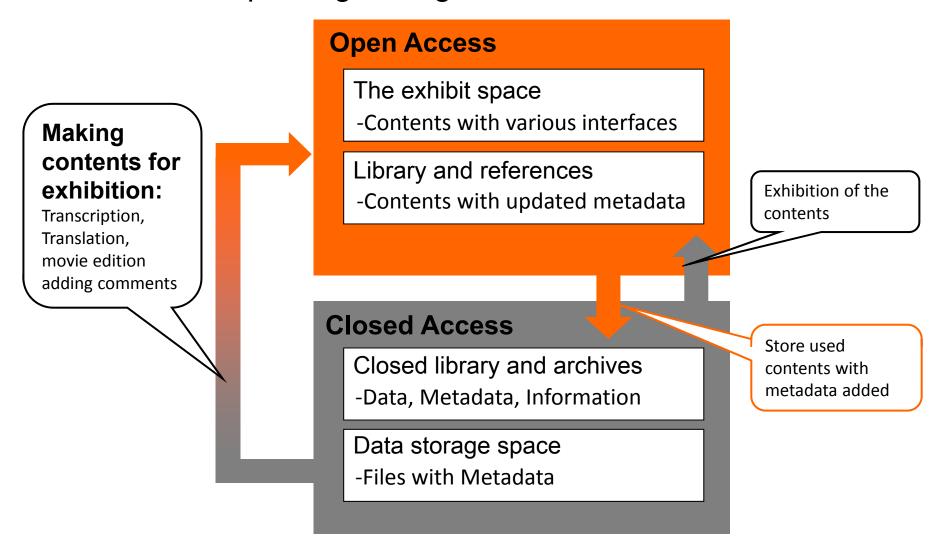
Spaces with closed access

- Closed library and archives:
 - Accessed only by closed members.
 - Files with transcription and other updated archiving information are stored here.
- Data Storage Space:
 - Accessed only by our research group.
 - Raw data files with basic meta-data are stored here.

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Why 'museum'?

Metadata updating through exhibition at the Museum



Our previous work

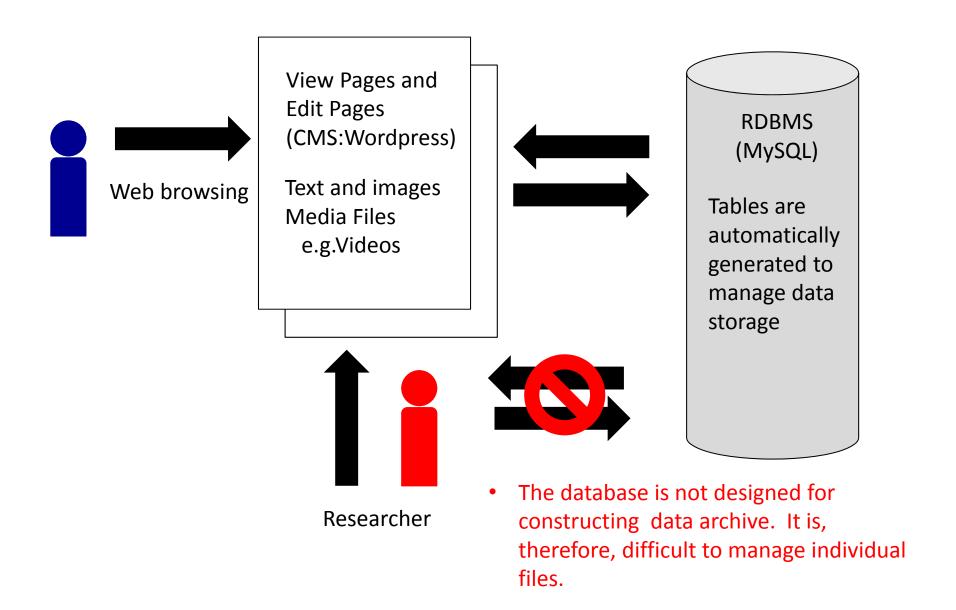
- Prototype of our Digital Museum: Ikema-Nishihara
 - Metadata updating through exhibition
 - Movie contents with subtitles

But

- No online database. External hard disk drives were used to store data.
- Sharing of data was done offline.

<u>Cf. Takubo, Yukinori (forthcoming), Takubo, Y and T. Motoki</u> <u>http://Kikigengo.jp</u>

Our previous work



New feature: Adding a large scale online database

Open Access Exhibit Spaces

Exhibit space

-Contents with various links, stories

Library and references

-Contents with updated metadata

Store contents with metadata added

Creating contents for exhibition:

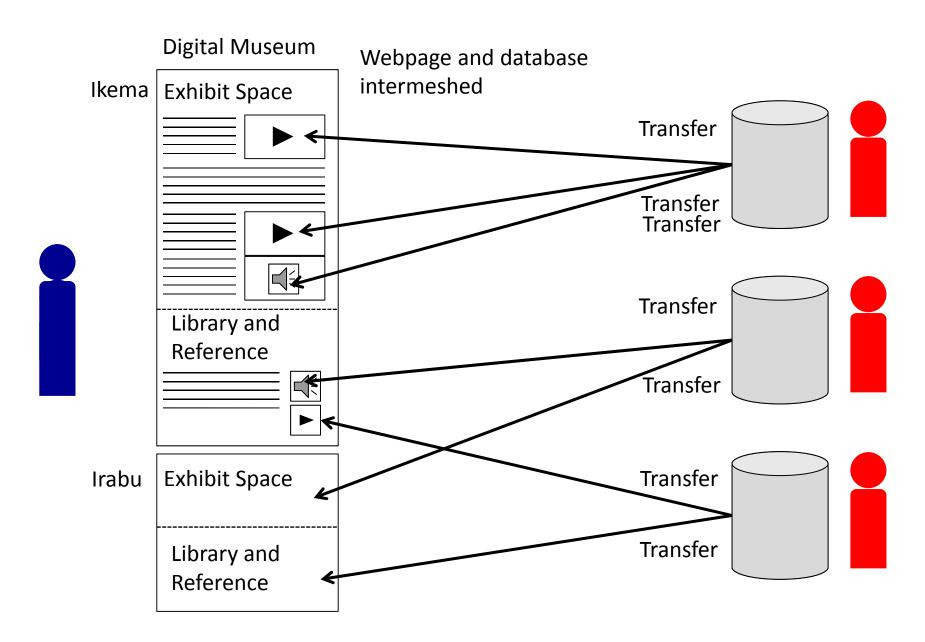
Transcription,
Translation,
Movie editions
Adding linguistic or
cultural comments

Online Data Archives

Data storage spaces

- -Data files with metadata
- -Various levels of access control

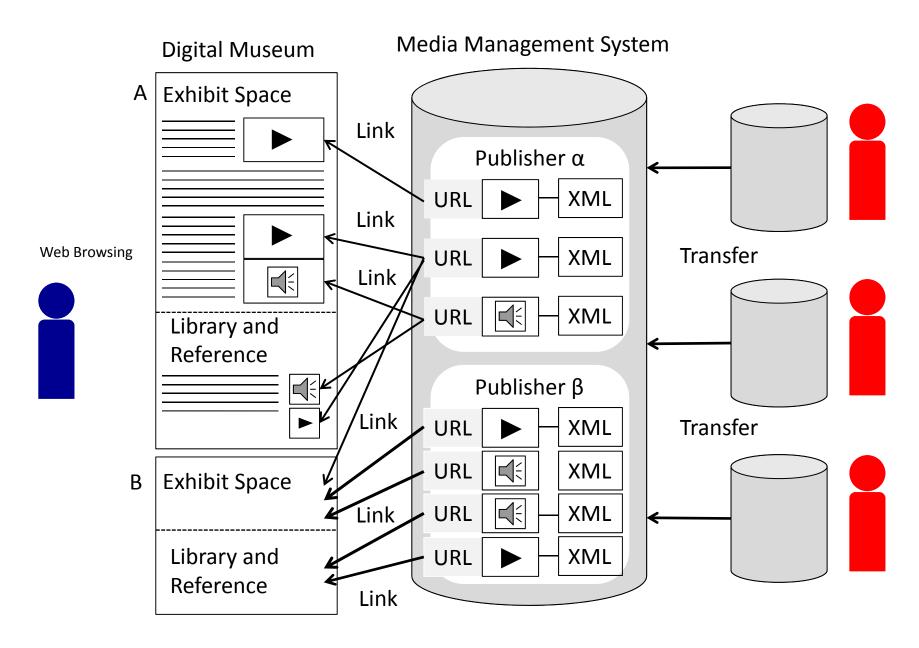
Implementation before



Kaltura: An open source online media management system

- Publishers
 - can create channels for various purposes, e.g. languages, research groups, etc.
- Media management platform
 - account management, e.g. role restriction
 - Fine-grained access control
 - Media management, media players, streaming
 - Allows various search: descriptions, tags, categories, references

Implementation after



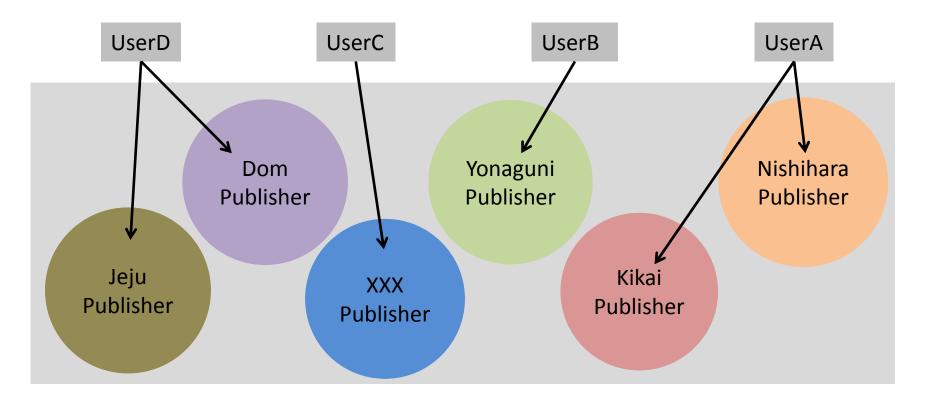
Kaltura:

Access control by Publishers

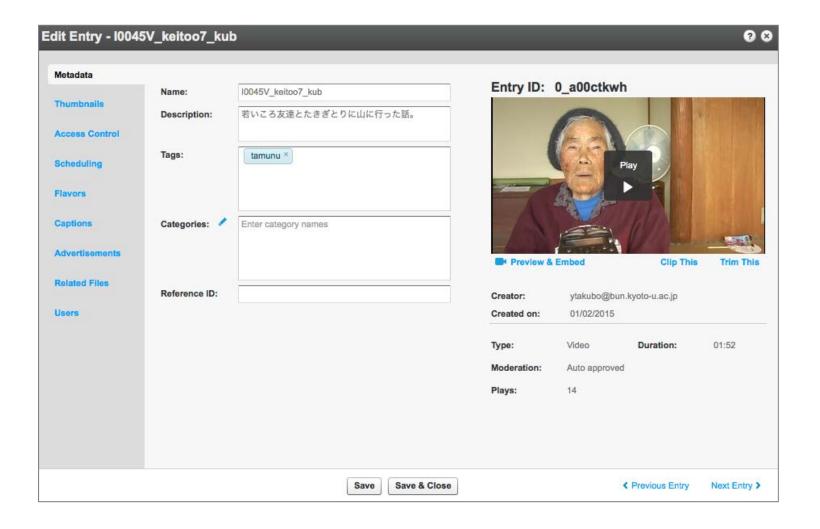
 A registered member of a publisher A can have access to the media files and the meta data in A, depending on the assigned role of the membership

e.g. can upload, edit, or only view and get a link URL of a media file

Non-members cannot access the contents of a publisher

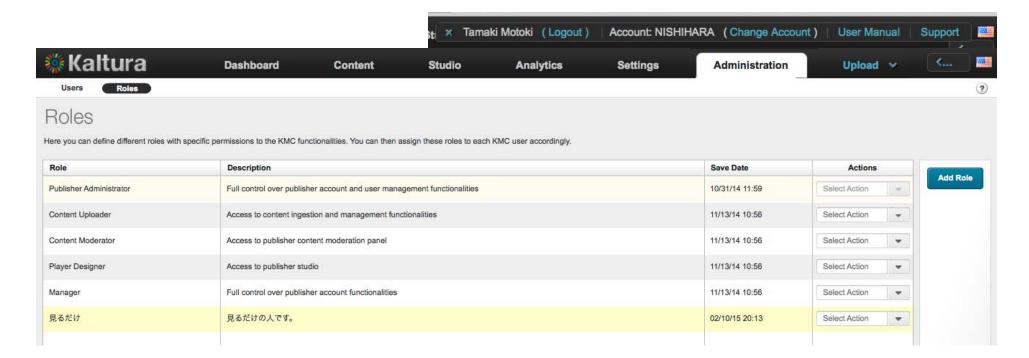


Kaltura: Entries



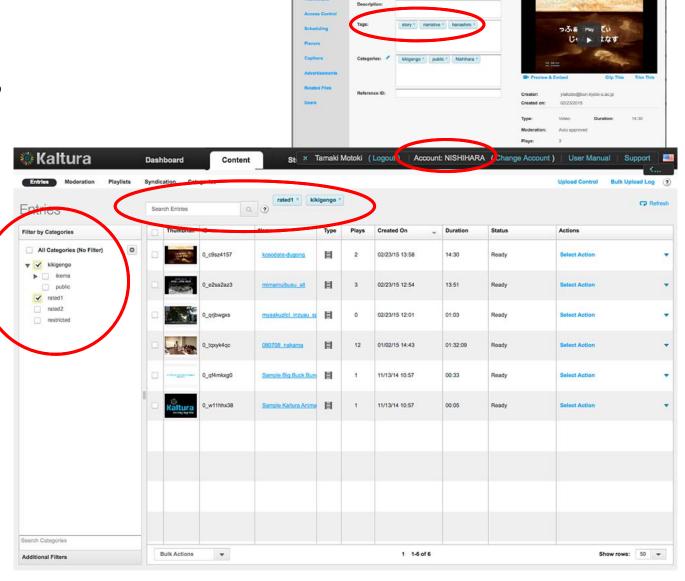
Access control

- Closed access by signing into a Kaltura publisher
 - Access control for/over
 - -membership (admin, editor, viewer etc.)
 - -individual media files or categories over files



Kaltura: File Search

- IDs
- Categories
- Key words
- Tags



Entry ID: 0_c9sz4157

Current system of the Museum

Media files stored at the data archive are embedded (via web links) at a dokuwiki page

Open Access Exhibit Spaces

Dokuwiki

- -open source wiki
- -well maintained
- -various plug-ins provided
- -simple language and friendly interface

Online Data Archives

Kaltura

- -media databases
- -media players
- -streaming

Comparison with YouTube

 Can maintain the copy rights of the contents for

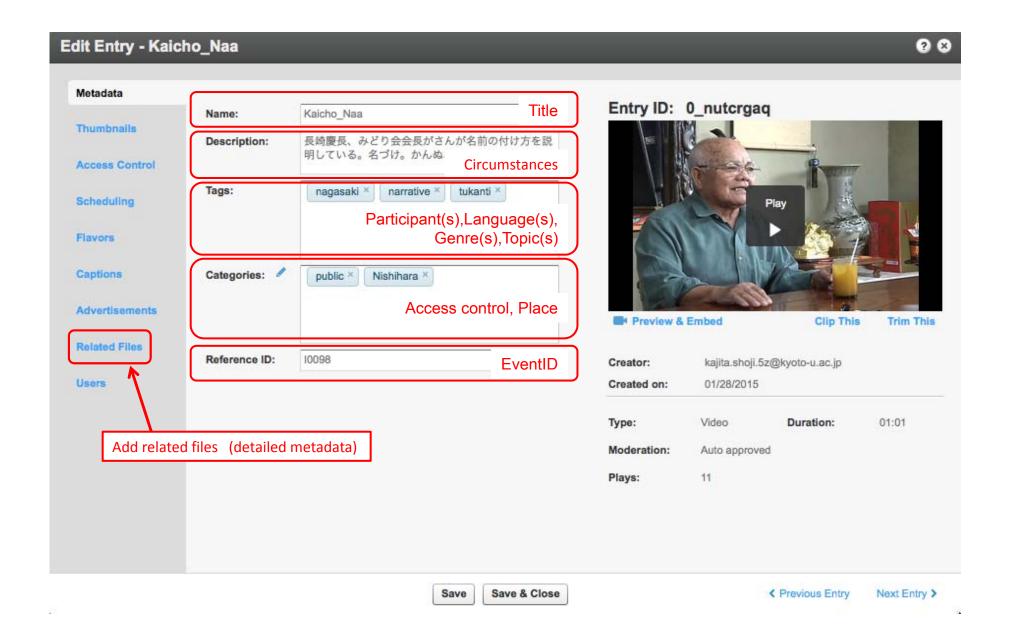
:privacy protection,

:limiting access to sensitive contents such religious rituals.

:unwanted editing

Fine-grained and fine-tuned access control.

Metadata



Some Limitations

- No workshops: editing of media files must be done offline
- Search is by exact match only
- Still at an experimental stage
- Cannot replace real database (at least for the time being)

Some applications

- Yonaguni Project: linguists train local people to record and transcribe their speech, or speech by older people
- Miyako High School Project: High school students interview their grant parents and upload the files to a publisher.
- Miyako Project: native speakers of various Miyako dialects make recordings of their own speech and upload the files themselves.

Summary

Large scale online archive:

- Easy to install and set up
- Separate from the exhibition website
- Fine-grained access control
- Useful for the documentation and preservation of endangered languages

References

- Kaltura
 http://corp.kaltura.com/
- Kikigengo.jp
 https://www.facebook.com/kikigengojp
- Takubo, Y. and T. Motoki. The Digital Museum Project for the Languages and Cultures of Ryukyu: The Case of Ikema Ryukyuan. World Oral Literature Occasional Lecture Series. University of Cambridge, Cambridge, UK.http://www.dspace.cam.ac.uk/handle/1810/226634
 Link downloadable from academia.edu
- Takubo, Yukinori (forthcoming) The Digital Museum project for the documentation of endangered languages: The case of Ikema Ryukyuan. Festschrift for John Whitman (forthcoming).

Demonstrations

- Kikigengo.jp
 wordpress
 dokuwiki
- Database page