Research-in-progress - altmetrics18

A climate of sharing: Who are the users engaging with climate research on Twitter?

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Introduction

As Twitter is used by a wide variety of users — many of whom outside the scientific community — it is presumed to broaden the spectrum of public engagement with research. Apart from serving as a platform for science communication, Twitter has been considered in the context of developing new metrics which aim to measure the societal impact of research, so called altmetrics. However, the conceptualization and application of altmetrics prove to be a challenge so far, mainly due to a lack of understanding of the heterogeneous acts and different levels of engagement as well as the diverse user base on social media (Haustein, Bowman, & Costas, 2016a).

The identification of users engaging with research on Twitter—particularly those that are considered non-academic—has been a key issue in defining scholarly Twitter metrics, as personal information is mostly limited to Twitter bios of 160 characters. Studies have applied codebooks to classify accounts maintained by institutions (e.g., universities, media, publishers, non-profits), individuals (e.g., researchers, students, professionals, science communicators) or automated profiles (i.e., bots) based on information provided in the Twitter bio (Haustein et al., 2016b; Holmberg et al., 2014; Tsou et al., 2015). However, it must be noted that the boundaries between categories are blurred as users may fall into more than one, making overlapping classification essential. The identification of non-academic (or lay) users has been particularly challenging, since their Twitter bios do not contain specific keywords identifying them as such, or they might not tweet links to scientific papers when communicating about science on Twitter (Bowman, 2015; Haustein & Costas, 2015).

This study focuses on climate change to identify who is engaging with research on Twitter. It aims to contribute to the discussion about *who* tweets about scientific research and the definition of user categories. More specifically, we aim to identify non-academic actors to understand the practices and context in which the public engages with scientific papers on social media. As climate change is a—or *the*—issue that involves a variety of stakeholders—researchers, governmental institutions, science communicators, NGOs— and is highly relevant to society as a whole, we assume a particularly high engagement by the public (IPCC, 2014). Climate change research therefore is a suitable topic to analyze non-academic users involved in the communication of research on Twitter.

Data and methods

Investigating how climate change research is communicated on Twitter, we built a dataset including 2015 and 2016 papers indexed in the Web of Science (WoS) that contained the keywords "climate change", "global warming" or "IPCC" in the title or abstract. Though this basic query does not retrieve all publications related to climate change, it provides a significant corpus of papers that are directly related to climate research. Our aim was to increase precision by accepting lower recall. The publication years were chosen because they cover the period before and after the Paris Agreement¹, a crucial moment for the public understanding of climate change issues. A total of 19 546 publications were identified.

The title is the essential metadata to determine a paper's relevance and since it also frequently appears in the tweet linking to it (Thelwall et al., 2013), it is highly visible to Twitter users. We therefore assume that articles, whose titles contain the above mentioned keywords, are both more relevant to climate change research and highly shared in tweets discussing climate change. The subset of articles containing "climate change", "global warming" or "IPCC" in the title amounts to 4 719 documents.

Twitter activity and user metrics were compared for both the larger dataset - keywords in title or abstract - and the subset of articles containing them in titles only. Tweets were collected for each of the 19 546 articles by cross-referencing the information gathered from WoS with the Altmetric database via the digital object identifier (DOI). The Twitter dataset amounts to a total of 134 212 tweets and 71 166 retweets sent by and 54 229 unique users linking to 10 032 papers about climate research. Metadata about tweeted papers, tweets and user data including Twitter handle, user name, URL and Twitter bio, country information and number of followers were collected from Altmetric. Computed metrics include the number of papers tweeted, number of tweets, Twitter coverage, Twitter density (i.e., number of tweets per paper) and intensity (i.e., number of tweets per tweeted paper), number of users, user density (i.e., number of users per document) and intensity (i.e., number of users per tweeted document), number of papers retweeted, retweet coverage, share of retweets, retweet density (i.e., number of retweets per paper), retweet intensity (i.e. number of retweets per tweeted document) as well as the timespan between first and last tweet, date of first and last tweet (Haustein, 2018).

¹ https://unfccc.int/process-and-meetings/the-paris-agreement/the-paris-agreement

Preliminary results

Slightly more than half of the 19 546 climate change articles were shared on Twitter (Table 1), which exceeds the Twitter coverage of all disciplines (36%; Haustein, 2018) as well as Biology (37%), Earth and Space Science (29%) and Social Sciences (39%), but is comparable for the percentage found in Health sciences (59%). Although Twitter coverage was only slightly higher for papers with climate change keywords in the title (Table 1), their Twitter and user density, and thus the average number of tweets and users, was higher than for all climate change publications. Twitter density and intensity were also considerably higher for climate change papers than all WoS articles published in 2015 (Haustein, 2018). This supports our hypothesis that climate change research is particularly relevant and receives larger attention on Twitter than other fields of research.

All journals (titles and abstracts)	Papers	Twitter coverage	Tweets	Twitter density	Twitter intensity	Users	User density	User intensity
	19 546	51.33%	134 212	6.87	13.38	54 923	2.81	5.47
	Papers tweeted	Papers w RTs	RT Coverage	Number of RTs	Share of RTs	RT Density	RT Intensity	RT Users
	10 032	5 851	58.32%	77 116	57.50%	3.95	7.69	39 882
All journals (titles)	Papers	Twitter coverage	Tweets	Twitter density	Twitter intensity	Users	User density	User intensity
	4 719	55.52%	41 019	8.69	15.66	21 963	4.65	8.38
	4 719 Papers tweeted	55.52% Papers w RTs	41 019 RT Coverage	8.69 Number of RTs	15.66 Share of RTs	21 963 RT Density	4.65 RT Intensity	8.38 RT Users

Table 1. Overview of metrics for papers, tweets and users for papers published in 2015 and 2016 for both datasets – Top : keywords in titles or abstracts ; Bottom : keywords only in titles.

Table 2 lists user information for the five accounts sharing the largest number of climate change research articles on Twitter. These users have all been sharing at least 148 climate change articles in 149 tweets during a period of almost 2.5 years. The top 5 includes two users, who can be identified as individuals (@geschichtenpost, AGWobserver), two bots (@Climate_Papers, @geomatlab) and a university (@Kings_Cambridge). As captured by Altmetrics at the time of tweeting, users had between 132 and 967 followers. On average, each user seems to tweet each paper once, as indicated by a Twitter intensity close to 1.

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Twitter handle	User name	Twitter bio	Followers	Tweeted papers	Tweets	Tweet span (in days)
geschichtenpost	Oliver Bothe ($-$;)	#OcAt #pages2k #Hydro #Palmod @hzg_de Dad-in-training since 9/16. Sarcasm, Cynicism, views. @eclatmag. Also @OlBothe. Welcomes new challenges. Aaaaaaahhhhhhhh	967	322	338	1,172
Kings_Cambridge	Climate Change	King's College #ClimateChange Resources & Bibliography. *The views expressed on this site do not necessarily reflect those of King's College, Cambridge*	751	231	289	1,043
Climate_Papers	Climate Sci Papers	Automated climate science papers	132	238	237	879
geomatlab	POPapers	PhysicalOceanography Papers auto-shared: ARMS NPG JC JPO GRL JGR PO JMS OD CSR DSR1 DSR2 JFM DAO OM OS TA Powered by RSS2Twitter@IFTTT. Contact @chouj	353	155	160	910
AGWobserver	Ari Jokimäki	Climate science hobbyist tweeting mostly on new research papers.	821	148	149	1,245

Table 2. Examples of Twitter user data for the five users with the most tweets linking to a climate change paper.

Outlook and future research

We propose to analyze the Twitter bios applying a codebook allowing for the identification of non-exclusive (i.e., overlapping) categories of users. Our challenge is to extract keywords (e.g., "Dad-in-training", "hobbyist") and create a codebook which helps to classify users outside the scientific community. Building on previous work by Haustein et al. (2016c) and Haustein (2018), the codebook will focus on the identification of accounts maintained by researchers, journals and publishers, universities, NGOs, bots and lay users by accounting for the fact that an account may fall into more than one of these categories.

We expect that this classification will help to distinguish academic tweets from those involving the general public. This will help to improve scholarly Twitter metrics by distinguishing between different types of users and levels of engagement.

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