

Animal Science Papers and Reports vol. 38 (2020) no. 1, 5-19 Institute of Genetics and Animal Breeding, Jastrzębiec, Poland

# Berberine, a popular dietary supplement for human and animal health: Quantitative research literature analysis – a review\*

Andy Wai Kan Yeung<sup>1\*\*</sup>, Ilkay Erdogan Orhan<sup>2</sup>, Bharat Bhushan Aggarwal<sup>3</sup>, Maurizio Battino<sup>4</sup>, Tarun Belwal<sup>5</sup>, Anupam Bishayee<sup>6</sup>, Maria Daglia<sup>7</sup>, Hari Prasad Devkota<sup>8</sup>, Amr El-Demerdash<sup>9,10</sup>, Aneliya A. Balacheva<sup>11</sup>, Maya G. Georgieva<sup>11</sup>, Vijai Kumar Gupta<sup>12</sup>, Jaroslaw Olav Horbańczuk<sup>13</sup>, Artur Jóźwik<sup>13</sup>, Ioana Mozos<sup>14</sup>, Seyed Mohammad Nabavi<sup>15</sup>, Valeria Pittala<sup>16</sup>, Joanna Feder-Kubis<sup>17</sup>, Ana Sanches Silva<sup>18,19</sup>, Helen Sheridan<sup>20</sup>, Antoni Sureda<sup>21</sup>, Dongdong Wang<sup>13</sup>, Volkmar Weissig<sup>22</sup>, Yang Yang<sup>13</sup>, Gökhan Zengin<sup>23</sup>, Karuna Shanker<sup>24</sup>, Mohammad Amin Moosavi<sup>25</sup>, Muhammad Ajmal Shah<sup>26</sup>, Fuad Al-Rimawi<sup>27</sup>, Alessandra Durazzo<sup>28</sup>, Massimo Lucarini<sup>28</sup>, Eliana B Souto<sup>29,30</sup>, Antonello Santini<sup>31</sup>, Dimitar Djilianov<sup>32</sup>, Niranjan Das<sup>33</sup>, Efstathia P. Skotti<sup>34</sup>, Anna Wieczorek<sup>35</sup>, Malgorzata Lysek-Gladysinska<sup>35</sup>, Monika Michalczuk<sup>36</sup>, Dominik Sieroń<sup>37</sup>, Olaf K., Horbanczuk<sup>38</sup>, Nikolay T. Tzvetkov<sup>11,39</sup>, Atanas G. Atanasov<sup>13,40,41,42</sup>\*\*

<sup>1</sup> Oral and Maxillofacial Radiology, Applied Oral Sciences and Community Dental Care, Faculty of Dentistry, The University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong S.A.R., China

5

<sup>\*</sup>Atanas G. Atanasov and Dongdong Wang acknowledge the support by the Polish KNOW (Leading National Research Centre) Scientific Consortium "Healthy Animal-Safe Food," decision of Ministry of Science and Higher Education No. 05-1/KNOW2/2015 and the European Union under the European Regional Development Fund (Homing/2017-4/41). Antoni Sureda has been supported by the Institute of Health Carlos

III (Project CIBEROBN CB12/03/30038). Joanna Feder-Kubis was financed by the Polish Ministry of Science and Higher Education for the Faculty of Chemistry of Wrocław University of Science and Technology.

 $<sup>**</sup> Corresponding \ authors: \ ndyeung@hku.hk; \ a. at an asov.mailbox@gmail.$ 

- <sup>2</sup> Department of Pharmacognosy, Faculty of Pharmacy, Gazi University, 06330 Ankara, Turkey
- <sup>3</sup> Inflammation Research Center, San Diego, CA, United States
- <sup>4</sup> Nutrition and Food Science Group, Department of Analytical and Food Chemistry, CITACA, CACTI, University of Vigo, Vigo Campus, Vigo, Spain
- <sup>5</sup> Centre of Biodiversity Conservation and Management, G. B. Pant National Institute of Himalayan Environment and Sustainable Development, Kosi-Katarmal, Almora, Uttarakhand, India
- <sup>6</sup> Lake Erie College of Osteopathic Medicine, 5000 Lakewood Ranch Boulevard, Bradenton, FL 34211, USA
- <sup>7</sup> Department of Drug Sciences, Medicinal Chemistry and Pharmaceutical Technology Section, University of Pavia, Pavia, Italy
- <sup>8</sup> Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Kumamoto University, Kumamoto, Japan
- <sup>9</sup> Centre National de La recherché Scientifique, Muséum National d'Histoire Naturelle, Molécules de Communication et Adaptation des Micro-organismes, UMR 7245 CNRS/MNHN, Sorbonne Universités, France
- <sup>10</sup> Organic Chemistry Division, Chemistry Department, Faculty of Science, Mansoura University, Mansoura 35516, Egypt
- Department of Biochemical Pharmacology and Drug Design, Institute of Molecular Biology "Roumen Tsanev", Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia, Bulgaria
- <sup>12</sup> ERA Chair of Green Chemistry, Department of Chemistry and Biotechnology, Tallinn University of Technology, Tallinn, Estonia
- <sup>13</sup> Institute of Genetics and Animal Breeding, Polish Academy of Sciences, Jastrzębiec, 05-552 Magdalenka, Poland
- <sup>14</sup> Discipline of Pathophysiology, Victor Babes University of Medicine and Pharmacy of Timisoara, Timisoara, Romania
- <sup>15</sup> Applied Biotechnology Research Center, Baqiyatallah University of Medical Sciences, P.O. Box 19395-5487, Tehran, Iran
- <sup>16</sup> Department of Drug Science, University of Catania, Viale A. Doria 6, 95125 – Catania, Italy
- Wrocław University of Science and Technology, Faculty of Chemistry, Wybrzeże Wyspiańskiego 27, 50-370 Wrocław, Poland
- <sup>18</sup> National Institute for Agricultural and Veterinary Research (INIAV), Vairão, Vila do Conde, Portugal
- <sup>19</sup> Center for Study in Animal Science (CECA), ICETA, University of Porto, Oporto, Portugal
- <sup>20</sup> School of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences, Trinity College Dublin, Ireland
- <sup>21</sup> Research Group on Community Nutrition and Oxidative Stress (NUCOX), Health Research Institute of the Balearic Islands (IdISBa) and CIBEROBN (Physiopathology of Obesity and Nutrition CB12/03/30038), University of Balearic Islands, Palma de Mallorca E-07122, Balearic Islands, Spain
- <sup>22</sup> Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Midwestern University, Glendale, AZ, USA
- <sup>23</sup> Department of Biology, Selcuk University, Konya, Turkey
- <sup>24</sup> Analytical Chemistry Department, CSIR-Central Institute of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants, Lucknow, 226015, India

- <sup>25</sup> Department of Molecular Medicine, National Institute of Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology, P.O Box:14965/161, Tehran, Iran
- <sup>26</sup> Department of Pharmacognosy, Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Government College University, Faisalabad 38000, Pakistan
- <sup>27</sup> Department of Chemistry and Chemical Technology, Faculty of Science and Technology, Al-Quds University, Jerusalem, Palestine
- <sup>28</sup> CREA-Research Centre for Food and Nutrition, Via Ardeatina 546, 00178 Rome, Italy
- <sup>29</sup> University of Coimbra, Department of Pharmaceutical Technology, Faculty of Pharmacy (FFUC), Polo das Ciências da Saúde, Azinhaga de Santa Comba, 3000-548 Coimbra, Portugal
- <sup>30</sup> CEB-Centre of Biological Engineering, University of Minho, Campus de Gualtar,4710-057 Braga, Portugal
- <sup>31</sup> Department of Pharmacy, University of Napoli Federico II, Via D. Montesano 49, 80131 Napoli, Italy
- <sup>32</sup> Abiotic Stress Group, Agrobioinstitute, Agricultural Academy, 1164 Sofia, Bulgaria
- 33 Department of Chemistry, Netaji Subhas Mahavidyalaya, Udaipur-799 114, Gomati Tripura, India
- <sup>34</sup> Department of Food Science and Technology, Faculty of Environment, Ionian University, Terma Leoforou Vergoti, GR28100 Argostoli, Cephalonia, Greece
- <sup>35</sup> Department of Cell Biology and Electron Microscopy, Institute of Biology, University of Jan Kochanowski, Kielce, Poland
- <sup>36</sup> Department of Animal Breeding and Production, University of Life Sciences, Warsaw, Poland
- <sup>37</sup> Institute of Radiology, Tiefenau Hospital, INSELGROUP, University of Bern, Switzerland
- <sup>38</sup> Department of Technique and Food Product Development, Warsaw University of Life Sciences (WULS-SGGW) 159c Nowoursynowska, 02-776 Warsaw, Poland
- <sup>39</sup> Pharmaceutical Institute, University of Bonn, Bonn, Germany
- <sup>40</sup> Institute of Neurobiology, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, 23 Acad. G. Bonchev str., 1113 Sofia, Bulgaria
- <sup>41</sup> Department of Pharmacognosy, University of Vienna, Vienna, Austria
- <sup>42</sup> Ludwig Boltzmann Institute for Digital Health and Patient Safety, Medical University of Vienna, Spitalgasse 23, 1090 Vienna, Austria

(Accepted December 9, 2019)

Berberine is an alkaloid with a wide range of reported beneficial health effects. The current work provides an extensive literature analysis on berberine. Bibliometric data were identified by means of the search string TOPIC=("berberin\*" OR "umbellatine\*"), which yielded 5,547 publications indexed in the Web of Science Core Collection electronic database. The VOSviewer software generated bubble maps to visualize semantic terms with citation results. The ratio of original articles to reviews was 13.6:1. The literature has been growing more quickly since the 2010s. Major contributing countries were China, the United States, India, Japan, and South Korea. Most of the publications appeared in journals specialized in pharmacology pharmacy, biochemistry molecular biology, chemistry, and plant science. Some of the frequently mentioned chemicals/chemical classes were alkaloid, palmatine, jatrorrhizine, coptisine, isoquinoline, and sanguinarine. The prevalent medical conditions under investigation included Alzheimer's disease, cancer, diabetes, and obesity.

KEY WORDS: alkaloid / Alzheimer's disease / berberine / citation analysis / bibliometrics / diabetes / obesity / Web of Science /VOSviewer

# Introduction

Berberine (systematically named 5,6-dihydro-9,10-dimethoxybenzo[g]-1,3benzodioxolo[5,6-a]quinolizinium chloride) is an isoquinoline alkaloid found in many Berberidaceae plant species such as Hydrastis canadensis L., Berberis vulgaris, Mahonia aquifolium, Xanthorhiza simplicissima, and Phellodendron amurense [Imenshahidi and Hosseinzadeh 2016, Sarraf et al. 2019], known and widely used in traditional medicine [Jin et al. 2016] and for nutraceutical uses [Santini et al. 2017, Daliu et al. 2018, Durazzo et al. 2018]. Many potential health benefits of berberine have been reported in the earlier studies [Cicero and Baggioni 2016, Zou et al. 2017, Fan et al. 2019, Feng et al. 2019, Liang et al. 2019, Mohammadinejad et al. 2019, Rabiei et al. 2019]. For example, the oral intake of berberine may lower serum cholesterol levels via a post-transcriptional mechanism that is different from the mechanism of statins and red yeast rice, overall recommending it as one of the promising nutraceuticals that can be used in statin intolerant patients [Kong et al. 2004, Banach et al. 2018]. Berberine is also suitable for treating diabetes and obesity via the stimulation of adenosine monophosphate-activated protein kinase (AMPK) activity [Lee et al. 2006]. It also has anti-inflammatory effects [Kuo et al. 2004], and is studied in the context of cancer counteraction [Mondal et al. 2019]. Human serum albumin was identified as a potential drug binding site for berberine [Hu et al. 2009]. At the same time, berberine shows synergism with other chemical compounds. For instance, together with 5'-methoxyhydnocarpin, it shows a strong antimicrobial activity against Staphylococcus aureus [Stermitz et al. 2000]. In case of animals, berberine's anti-inflammatory activity was observed through down regulation of inflammatory cytokines in ducks infected by Riemerella anatipestifer, which is affecting the duck industry [Fernandez et al. 2017]. It was also noticed enhancement of juvenal health status of mice Mus musculus as expressed by the significant reductions of apoptotic cells and improvement of antioxidant biomarkers [Dkhil et al. 2017]. Additionally, the compound confirmed its effectiveness against ductal and invasive carcinoma in rats [Karnam et al. 2017] and also as a co-active agent in treatment of chicken coccidiosis [Malik et al. 2016]. It was also found to significantly inhibit the progress of oxidative stress, reducing apoptosis and enhancing the immunity when tested as a functional feed additive of blunt snout bream fed with high-fat diet [Chen et al. 2016, Huminiecki et al. 2017, Tewari et al. 2017ab, Tewari et al. 2018, Huminiecki and Horbańczuk 2018, Mozos et al. 2018, Wang et al. 2018]. All the above-mentioned examples illustrate the versatility of berberine in bringing health benefits, and hence, the growing literature that investigates its effects.

With many publications on the topic of berberine, a systematic bibliometric analysis can provide a summary of the research literature, so that readers and researchers can quickly grasp the essence and know the directions. Bibliometric analysis is a versatile approach, which can be used in different ways to yield diverse information ranging from, *e.g.*, characterization of the overall landscape of a given research field [Yeung *et al.* 2019c], through examining effectiveness of manuscript features such as graphical

abstracts on visibility and citations [Pferschy-Wenzig et al. 2016], to the analysis of the most cited manuscripts in a specified research area [Yeung et al. 2019d]. The current report is aimed at evaluating research publications on berberine from a bibliometric perspective. The detailed objectives of the present work are to (1) identify the major contributing institutions, countries/regions, and journals; (2) reveal the major research themes; (3) unveil the potential health benefits of berberine to animals and humans reported by the studies; and (4) report the chemicals/chemical classes that were frequently under investigation in the berberine-linked research literature.

## Material and methods

In June 2019, a literature search was performed *via* the Web of Science (WoS) electronic platform (Clarivate Analytics, Philadelphia, PA, USA), with its Core Collection database chosen as the source of bibliometric data. The authors' subscription to the database allowed a search of papers published since 1956. Publications containing the word "berberine" or its derivatives in the title, abstract, or keywords were identified using the following search string: TOPIC=("berberin\*" OR "umbellatine\*"). We did not place additional filters to the search.

#### **Data extraction**

The publications resulting from the search have been evaluated for the following criteria: (i) publication year, (ii) institution, (iii) country/region of the institution, (iv) journal title, (v) WoS category, (vi) publication type, (vii) language, and (viii) citation count. The "Analyze" function of the WoS platform identified the most productive entities in terms of institution, country/region, journal, and WoS category. The VOSviewer software further extracted and analyzed the full records and cited references, which enables users to relate the publication and citation data to the words in the titles, abstracts, and keywords of the analyzed publications [van Eck and Waltman 2009]. A bubble map with default parameters visualizes the outcome of our work. The bubble size, proximity, and color correspond to the frequency of appearance, co-appearance, as well as averaged citations respectively. Multiple mentioning of a particular word in a publication was counted as a single appearance. Words that appeared in at least 1.0% (n = 56) of the publications have been analyzed and visualized.

## Results and discussion

The literature search resulted in 5,547 publications to be analyzed, with a total number of citations of 111,999 by 54,127 citing publications, which meant that each publication received 20.2 citations *per* publication (CPP) on average. The earliest berberine publications indexed in WoS were published in 1970, and these investigated the effects of berberine on the central nervous [Shanbhag *et al.* 1970] and cardiovascular systems [Fukuda *et al.* 1970]. The literature on the topic accrued more quickly in the

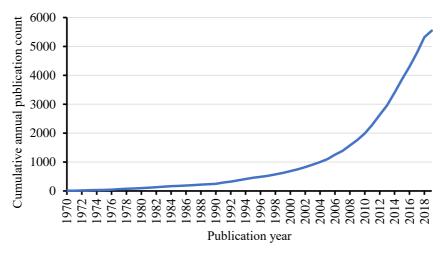


Fig. 1. Cumulative annual publication count of berberine publications.

**Table 1.** Top five contributing institutions, countries/regions, journals, and Web of Science categories of the berberine publications

Contributor	Publication count (% of total)	Citation per publication
Institution		
Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (India)	193 (3.5)	25.0
Chinese Academy of Sciences	177 (3.2)	22.2
Indian Institute of Chemical Biology	131 (2.4)	29.6
China Pharmaceutical University	124 (2.2)	15.8
Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences Peking Union Medical College	114 (2.1)	24.5
Country / Territory		
China	2,431 (43.8)	16.7
United States	645 (11.6)	31.9
India	483 (8.7)	19.3
Japan	408 (7.4)	27.1
South Korea	348 (6.3)	21.9
Journal		
PLOS One	95 (1.7)	26.3
Journal of Ethnopharmacology	84 (1.5)	33.4
Evidence-based Complementary and Alternative Medicine	75 (1.4)	7.9
Planta Medica	68 (1.2)	25.6
European Journal of Pharmacology	65 (1.2)	31.2
WoS category		
Pharmacology pharmacy	1,408 (25.4)	21.8
Biochemistry molecular biology	761 (13.7)	26.8
Chemistry medicinal	715 (12.9)	23.5
Chemistry analytical	571 (10.3)	16.1
Plant sciences	514 (9.3)	30.7

2010s as compared to the 1990s and 2000s (Fig. 1). The ratio of original articles (n = 4,735) to reviews (n = 348) was 13.6:1, which was much higher than the literature on curcumin (10.4:1) [Yeung *et al.* 2019b], resveratrol (9.5:1) [Yeung *et al.* 2019a], or dietary natural products (1.5:1) [Yeung *et al.* 2018]. English was the mainstream written language of the berberine publications (n = 5,378, 97.0%). The publications were contributed by over 3,400 institutions located in 101 countries/regions and published in over 1,400 journals. The top five contributors with regard to institution, country/region, journal, and WoS category are listed in Table 1. The most productive institutions were all based in China and India, the 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> most productive countries, respectively. China contributed to nearly half of the berberine publications (43.8%). Most of these publications did not involve international collaborations (2,089/2,431, 85.9%). PLOS One was the most productive journal, and many publications were published in journals dealing with pharmacology pharmacy, biochemistry molecular biology, and chemistry.

Around 420 terms appeared in at least 1.0% (n = 56) of the analyzed publications' titles and abstracts (Fig. 2). Some major themes were related to treatment (n = 1,339, CPP = 22.3), mechanism (n = 1,092, CPP = 24.1), expression (n = 974, CPP = 24.1), and pathway (n = 797, CPP = 24.1). There were red bubbles of terms concerning diabetes and obesity at the lower left of the map, and terms concerning DNA-binding at the upper right. Some frequently mentioned chemicals/chemical classes were alkaloid (n = 878, CPP = 23.4), palmatine (n = 513, CPP = 21.8), jatrorrhizine (n = 261, CPP = 18.2), coptisine (n = 257, CPP = 17.8), isoquinoline (n = 257, CPP = 23.0), and sanguinarine (n = 152, CPP = 34.7) (Fig. 3). Interestingly, all these structures are closely related, strongly suggesting their implication in berberine structure-function research and discussion.

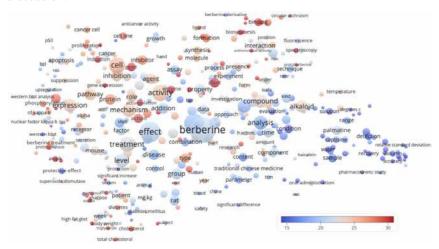


Fig. 2. Bubble map visualizing words from titles and abstracts of the 5,547 berberine publications. There were 420 terms that appeared in at least 1.0% (n = 56) of the publications' titles and abstracts and hence visualized. The bubble size, proximity, and color indicate the frequency of appearance, co-appearance, and averaged citations respectively.

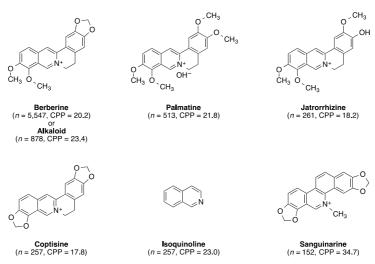


Fig. 3. Chemical structures of key single chemicals or chemical classes associated with them that were often discussed in the analyzed berberine-related publications.

There were 105 keywords appeared in at least 1.0% of the publications (Fig. 4). The keyword *in vitro* (n = 540, CPP = 22.3) was listed more frequently than *in vivo* (n = 85, CPP = 22.5), and the animal models were usually rats (n = 256, CPP = 19.4), and mice (n = 216, CPP = 20.5). Medical conditions under investigation included

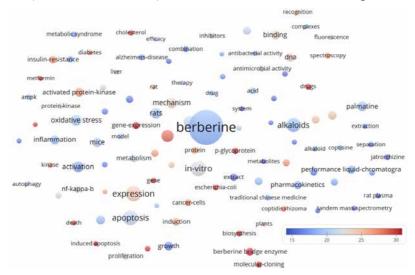


Fig. 4. Bubble map visualizing keywords of the 5,547 berberine publications. There were 105 keywords (author keywords and Web of Science KeyWords Plus) that appeared in at least 1.0% (n = 56) of the publications and hence visualized. The bubble size, proximity, and color indicate the frequency of appearance, co-appearance, and averaged citations respectively.

**Table 2**. Top 20 keywords listed by berberine publications

Keyword	Publication count	Citation <i>per</i> publication
In vitro	540	22.3
Expression	534	24.2
Apoptosis	515	21.1
Alkaloids	448	18.9
Cells	346	21.3
Inhibition	341	28.6
Oxidative stress	276	19.9
Activation	269	17.6
Mechanism	258	23.5
Rats	256	19.4
Palmatine	224	19.3
Mice	216	20.5
Binding	192	23.3
Inflammation	191	19.2
Activated protein kinase	186	26.7
Growth	184	16.6
Pathway	178	18.8
DNA	173	23.7
Protoberberine alkaloids	172	24.5
Pharmacokinetics	157	17.9

The word "berberine", being the most common keyword, was excluded from the list.

Alzheimer's disease (AD) (n = 78, CPP = 16.9), cancer (n = 125, CPP = 26.5), diabetes (n = 70, CPP = 27.0), and obesity (n = 94, CPP = 17.4). The 20 commonest keywords are listed in Table 2. Some of the commonest themes were apoptosis, oxidative stress, inflammation, and pharmacokinetics.

*In vivo* studies provided much of evidence on the potential beneficial effects of berberine on animal health. For instance, intraperitoneal injection of berberine was shown to reduce body weight and improve glucose tolerance in mice, whereas its oral administration could similarly reduce body weight and plasma triglycerides, and improve insulin action in rats [Lee *et al.* 2006, Zhang *et al.* 2009]. Oral administration of berberine also reduced blood cholesterol level in hamsters [Dong *et al.* 2010].

It was investigated that the antioxidant and anti-inflammatory effects of berberine in diabetic animals can be attributed to its modulatory effects on numerous pathways, involving adenosine monophosphate-activated protein kinase (AMPK), mitogenactivated protein kinases (MAPKs), nuclear factor erythroid 2-related factor 2 (Nrf2), and nuclear factor kappa B (NF-κB) [Li *et al.* 2014]. Also, the berberine-related prevention of weight gain in rats by berberine was associated with the changes in the expression of genes that control energy expenditure [Hu *et al.* 2014]. Besides diabetes and obesity, rats and mice studies also presented promising results that showed the nephroprotective [Domitrović *et al.* 2013], hepatoprotective [Janbaz and Gilani 2000], antidepressant [Kulkarni and Dhir 2007], and anti-cancer effects [Anis *et al.* 2001] of berberine.

Besides, berberine was also shown to improve endothelial function and arterial stiffness in healthy subjects and hypertensive rats [Zhang *et al.* 2019]. The vascular benefits of berberine were related to direct vasorelaxation and suppression of transient receptor potential vanilloid 4 channel [Wang *et al.* 2015]. Considering the effects on cardiovascular risk factors and arterial stiffness, further studies are needed to evaluate the cardiovascular benefits of berberine.

Regarding cancer, *in vitro* studies have shown that the inhibitory effects of berberine on NF-kB signaling potentiate apoptosis of cancer cells [Pandey *et al.* 2008, Muralimanoharan *et al.* 2009, Gupta *et al.* 2010]. In addition, anti-cancer effects of berberine are mediated by induction of autophagic cell death through alternating AMPK/mTOR signaling or GRP78 levels in different cancer cells [Yu *et al.* 2014, La *et al.* 2017, Moosavi *et al.* 2018].

A number of meta-analyses were published to evaluate the efficacy of berberine in improving human health. For example, a meta-analysis reported no significant difference between berberine and metformin on improving insulin resistance, glycolipid metabolism, or reproductive endocrine condition, whereas the combination of the two did not outperform metformin [Li et al. 2018]. Meanwhile, berberine significantly reduced the levels of total cholesterol, low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, and triglycerides, and increased the level of high-density lipoprotein cholesterol, without severe adverse effects [Dong et al. 2013, Ju et al. 2018]. In a meta-analyses of type-2 diabetic patients, berberine was shown to have better antidyslipidemic effect than other oral hypoglycaemics, while the combination of berberine with oral hypoglycaemics resulted in a better glycaemic control [Dong et al. 2012, Lan et al. 2015]. In the same line, Koppen et al. [2017], by summarizing clinical trials of studies using berberine for the treatment of hyperlipidemia and other dyslipidemias, concluded that berberine could serve as an alternative for patients who are intolerant to statins, patients resistant to starting statin therapy but who are open to alternative treatments, and for lowrisk patients not indicated for statin therapy [Koppen et al. 2017]. Furthermore, berberine could significantly reduce the fasting plasma glucose, postprandial plasma glucose, and glycated hemoglobin levels relative to controls, though such effects became insignificant if the treatment lasted more than 90 days and for patients aged over 60 years [Liang et al. 2019]. Berberine also enhances cell survival and reduces cardiac ischemia/reperfusion injury. The beneficial effect of berberine is mediated by inhibiting excessive autophagy in both in vitro and in vivo models [Huang et al. 2015]. Recently, Xu et al. [2019] carried out systematic review and meta-analysis on anticancer effect of berberine based on experimental animal models of various cancers; the authors concluded that berberine exerted anti-tumor effects in a variety of tumors in vivo, especially breast cancer and lung cancer, whereas the evidences are insufficient for colorectal cancer and gastric cancer [Xu et al. 2019]. Readers should notice that the conclusions of these meta-analyses often urged for more randomized control trials to be conducted in the future due to the small sample size, small number of trials, questionable methodological quality, and unidentified risks of bias. There was no meta-analysis on the compound's impact on other medical conditions, such as AD and cancer.

# **Conclusions**

The publications on berberine were – apart from the United States – predominantly contributed by Asian countries, such as China, India, Japan, and South Korea. Many of the publications focused on the areas of pharmacology pharmacy, biochemistry molecular biology, chemistry, and plant science. Frequently mentioned chemicals/chemical classes were alkaloid, palmatine, jatrorrhizine, coptisine, isoquinoline, and sanguinarine. Medical conditions under investigation included AD, cancer, diabetes, and obesity. The relevant literature underlines that berberine has multiple potential health benefits to both animals and humans. This bibliometric review gives a brief total-scale overview of the existing berberine literature and can open new horizons for designing further studies examining its bioeffects.

Conflict of interest: The authors declare no conflict of interest.

#### REFERENCES

- ANIS, K., RAJESHKUMAR, N., KUTTAN, R., 2001 Inhibition of chemical carcinogenesis by berberine in rats and mice. *Journal of Pharmacy and Pharmacology* 53, 763-768.
- 2. BANACH, M., PATTI, A. M., GIGLIO, R. V., CICERO, A. F., ATANASOV, A. G., BAJRAKTARI, G., BRUCKERT, E., DESCAMPS, O., DJURIC, D. M., EZHOV, M., FRAS, Z., VON HAEHLING, S., KATSIKI, N., LANGLOIS, M., LATKOVSKIS, G., MANCINI, G. B. J., MIKHAILIDIS, D. P., MITCHENKO, O., MORIARTY, P. M., MUNTNER, P., NIKOLIC, D., PANAGIOTAKOS, D. B., PARAGH, G., PAULWEBER, B., PELLA, D., PITSAVOS, C., REINER, Ž., ROSANO, G. M. C., ROSENSON, R. S., RYSZ, J., SAHEBKAR, A., SERBAN, M. C., VINEREANU, D., VRABLÍK, M., WATTS, G. F., WONG, N. D., RIZZO, M., INTERNATIONAL LIPID EXPERT PANEL (ILEP), 2018 The role of nutraceuticals in statin intolerant patients. *Journal of the American College of Cardiology* 72, 96-118.
- 3. CHEN, Q.-Q., LIU, W.-B., ZHOU, M., DAI, Y.-J., XU, C., TIAN, H.-Y., XU, W.-N., 2016 Effects of berberine on the growth and immune performance in response to ammonia stress and high-fat dietary in blunt snout bream *Megalobrama amblycephala*. *Fish and Shellfish Immunology* 55, 165-172.
- CICERO, A. F., BAGGIONI, A., 2016 Berberine and its role in chronic disease. Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology 928, 27-45.
- DALIU, P., SANTINI, A., NOVELLINO, E., 2018 A decade of nutraceutical patents: where are we now in 2018? Expert Opinion on Therapeutic Patents 28, 875-882.
- DKHIL, M. A., METWALY, M. S., AL-QURAISHY, S., 2017 Berberine improves the intestinal antioxidant status of laboratory mice, *Mus musculus*. Saudi Journal of Biological Sciences 24, 1567-1573.
- DOMITROVIĆ, R., CVIJANOVIĆ, O., PERNJAK-PUGEL, E., ŠKODA, M., MIKELIĆ, L., CRNČEVIĆ-ORLIĆ, Ž., 2013 – Berberine exerts nephroprotective effect against cisplatin-induced kidney damage through inhibition of oxidative/nitrosative stress, inflammation, autophagy and apoptosis. *Food and Chemical Toxicology* 62, 397-406.

- DONG, B., WU, M., LI, H., KRAEMER, F. B., ADELI, K., SEIDAH, N. G., PARK, S. W., LIU, J., 2010 – Strong induction of PCSK9 gene expression through HNF1α and SREBP2: mechanism for the resistance to LDL-cholesterol lowering effect of statins in dyslipidemic hamsters. *Journal of Lipid Research* 51, 1486-1495.
- DONG, H., WANG, N., ZHAO, L., LU, F., 2012 Berberine in the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus: a systemic review and meta-analysis. *Evidence-Based Complementary and Alternative Medicine* 2012, 591654.
- DONG, H., ZHAO, Y., ZHAO, L., LU, F., 2013 The effects of berberine on blood lipids: a systemic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. *Planta Medica* 79, 437-446.
- DURAZZO, A., D'ADDEZIO, L., CAMILLI, E., PICCINELLI, R., TURRINI, A., MARLETTA, L., MARCONI, S., LUCARINI, M., LISCIANI, S., GABRIELLI, P., 2018 – From plant compounds to botanicals and back: A current snapshot. *Molecules* 23, 1844.
- FAN, J., ZHANG, K., JIN, Y., LI, B., GAO, S., ZHU, J., CUI, R., 2019 Pharmacological effects of berberine on mood disorders. *Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine* 23, 21-28.
- FENG, X., SUREDA, A., JAFARI, S., MEMARIANI, Z., TEWARI, D., ANNUNZIATA, G., BARREA, L., HASSAN, S. T., ŠMEJKAL, K., MALANIK, M., 2019 – Berberine in cardiovascular and metabolic diseases: from mechanisms to therapeutic. *Theranostics* 9, 1923-1951.
- FERNANDEZ, C. P., AFRIN, F., FLORES, R. A., KIM, W. H., JEONG, J., KIM, S., CHANG, H. H., LILLEHOJ, H. S., MIN, W., 2017 – Downregulation of inflammatory cytokines by berberine attenuates *Riemerella anatipestifer* infection in ducks. *Developmental and Comparative Immunology* 77, 121-127.
- FUKUDA, H., WATANABE, K., KUDO, Y., 1970 Some observations on the cardiovascular effects of 9-substituted berberines. *Chemical and Pharmaceutical Bulletin* 18, 1299-1304.
- 16. GUPTA, S. C., KIM, J. H., PRASAD, S., AGGARWAL, B. B., 2010 Regulation of survival, proliferation, invasion, angiogenesis, and metastasis of tumor cells through modulation of inflammatory pathways by nutraceuticals. *Cancer and Metastasis Reviews* 29, 405-434.
- 17. HU, Y., YOUNG, A. J., EHLI, E. A., NOWOTNY, D., DAVIES, P. S., DROKE, E. A., SOUNDY, T. J., DAVIES, G. E., 2014 Metformin and berberine prevent olanzapine-induced weight gain in rats. *PloS One* 9, e93310.
- 18. HU, Y.-J., LIU, Y., XIAO, X.-H., 2009 Investigation of the interaction between berberine and human serum albumin. *Biomacromolecules* 10, 517-521.
- HUANG, Z., HAN, Z., YE, B., DAI, Z., SHAN, P., LU, Z., DAI, K., WANG, C., HUANG, W., 2015 – Berberine alleviates cardiac ischemia/reperfusion injury by inhibiting excessive autophagy in cardiomyocytes. *European Journal of Pharmacology* 762, 1-10.
- 20. HUMINIECKI L., HORBAŃCZUK J., ATANASOV A.G., 2017 The functional genomic studies of curcumin. *Seminar Cancer In Biology* doi.Org/10.1016/J.Semcancer.2017.04.002.
- HUMINIECKI L, HORBANCZUK J., 2018 The functional genomic studies of resveratrol in respect to its anti-cancer effects. *Biotechnology Advances* doi: 10.1016/J.Biotechadv.2018.02.011.
- 22. IMENSHAHIDI, M., HOSSEINZADEH, H., 2016 *Berberis vulgaris* and berberine: an update review. *Phytotherapy Research* 30, 1745-1764.
- 23. JANBAZ, K., GILANI, A., 2000 Studies on preventive and curative effects of berberine on chemical-induced hepatotoxicity in rodents. *Fitoterapia* 71, 25-33.
- 24. JIN, Y., KHADKA, D. B., CHO, W.-J., 2016 Pharmacological effects of berberine and its derivatives: a patent update. *Expert Opinion on Therapeutic Patents* 26, 229-243.
- 25. JU, J., LI, J., LIN, Q., XU, H., 2018 Efficacy and safety of berberine for dyslipidaemias: A systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized clinical trials. *Phytomedicine* 50, 25-34.

- KARNAM, K. C., ELLUTLA, M., BODDULURU, L. N., KASALA, E. R., UPPULAPU, S. K., KALYANKUMARRAJU, M., LAHKAR, M., 2017 – Preventive effect of berberine against DMBAinduced breast cancer in female Sprague Dawley rats. *Biomedicine and Pharmacotherapy* 92, 207-214.
- 27. KONG, W., WEI, J., ABIDI, P., LIN, M., INABA, S., LI, C., WANG, Y., WANG, Z., SI, S., PAN, H., 2004 Berberine is a novel cholesterol-lowering drug working through a unique mechanism distinct from statins. *Nature Medicine* 10, 1344-1351.
- KOPPEN, L. M., WHITAKER, A., ROSENE, A., BECKETT, R. D., 2017 Efficacy of berberine alone and in combination for the treatment of hyperlipidemia: a systematic review. *Journal of Evidence-based Complementary and Alternative Medicine* 22, 956-968.
- 29. KULKARNI, S. K., DHIR, A., 2007 Possible involvement of L-arginine-nitric oxide (NO)-cyclic guanosine monophosphate (cGMP) signaling pathway in the antidepressant activity of berberine chloride. *European Journal of Pharmacology* 569, 77-83.
- 30. KUO, C.-L., CHI, C.-W., LIU, T.-Y., 2004 The anti-inflammatory potential of berberine *in vitro* and *in vivo*. *Cancer Letters* 203, 127-137.
- 31. LA, X., ZHANG, L., LI, Z., YANG, P., WANG, Y., 2017 Berberine-induced autophagic cell death by elevating GRP78 levels in cancer cells. *Oncotarget* 8, 20909.
- 32. LAN, J., ZHAO, Y., DONG, F., YAN, Z., ZHENG, W., FAN, J., SUN, G., 2015 Meta-analysis of the effect and safety of berberine in the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus, hyperlipemia and hypertension. *Journal of Ethnopharmacology* 161, 69-81.
- 33. LEE, Y. S., KIM, W. S., KIM, K. H., YOON, M. J., CHO, H. J., SHEN, Y., YE, J.-M., LEE, C. H., OH, W. K., KIM, C. T., 2006 Berberine, a natural plant product, activates AMP-activated protein kinase with beneficial metabolic effects in diabetic and insulin-resistant states. *Diabetes* 55, 2256-2264.
- 34. LI, M.-F., ZHOU, X.-M., LI, X.-L., 2018 The Effect of Berberine on Polycystic Ovary Syndrome Patients with Insulin Resistance (PCOS-IR): a Meta-Analysis and Systematic Review. *Evidence-Based Complementary and Alternative Medicine* 2018, 2532935.
- 35. LI, Z., GENG, Y.-N., JIANG, J.-D., KONG, W.-J., 2014 Antioxidant and anti-inflammatory activities of berberine in the treatment of diabetes mellitus. *Evidence-Based Complementary and Alternative Medicine* 2014, 289264.
- 36. LIANG, Y., XU, X., YIN, M., ZHANG, Y., HUANG, L., CHEN, R., NI, J., 2019 Effects of berberine on blood glucose in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus: a systematic literature review and a meta-analysis. *Endocrine Journal* 66, 51-63.
- MALIK, T. A., KAMILI, A. N., CHISHTI, M., TANVEER, S., AHAD, S., JOHRI, R., 2016 Synergistic approach for treatment of chicken coccidiosis using berberine–A plant natural product. *Microbial Pathogenesis* 93, 56-62.
- 38. MOHAMMADINEJAD, R., AHMADI, Z., TAVAKOL, S., ASHRAFIZADEH, M., 2019 Berberine as a potential autophagy modulator. *Journal of Cellular Physiology* 234, 14914-14926.
- 39. MONDAL, A., GANDHI, A., FIMOGNARI, C., ATANASOV, A. G., BISHAYEE, A., 2019 Alkaloids for cancer prevention and therapy: Current progress and future perspectives. *European Journal of Pharmacology* [Epub ahead of print], doi: 10.1016/j.ejphar.2019.172472.
- MOOSAVI, M. A., HAGHI, A., RAHMATI, M., TANIGUCHI, H., MOCAN, A., ECHEVERRÍA, J., GUPTA, V. K., TZVETKOV, N. T., ATANASOV, A. G., 2018 – Phytochemicals as potent modulators of autophagy for cancer therapy. *Cancer Letters* 424, 46-69.
- MOZOS I., STOIAN D., CARABA A., MALAINER C., HORBANCZUK J., ATANASOV A., 2018 – Lycopene And Vascular Health. *Frontiers In Pharmacology* 9, 521, Doi: 10.3389/ Fphar.2018.00521.

- 42. MURALIMANOHARAN, S. B., KUNNUMAKKARA, A., SHYLESH, B., KULKARNI, K. H., HAIYAN, X., MING, H., AGGARWAL, B. B., RITA, G., KUMAR, A. P., 2009 Butanol fraction containing berberine or related compound from Nexrutine® inhibits NFκB signaling and induces apoptosis in prostate cancer cells. *The Prostate* 69, 494-504.
- 43. PANDEY, M. K., SUNG, B., KUNNUMAKKARA, A. B., SETHI, G., CHATURVEDI, M. M., AGGARWAL, B. B., 2008 – Berberine modifies cysteine 179 of IκBα kinase, suppresses nuclear factor-κB–regulated antiapoptotic gene products, and potentiates apoptosis. *Cancer Research* 68, 5370-5379.
- 44. PFERSCHY-WENZIG E.-M., PFERSCHY U., WANG D., MOCAN A., ATANASOV A. G., 2016 Does a Graphical Abstract Bring More Visibility to Your Paper? *Molecules* 21, 1247.
- 45. RABIEI Z., SOLATI K., AMINI-KHOEI H., 2019 Phytotherapy in treatment of Parkinson's disease: a review. *Pharmaceutical Biology* 57, 355-362.
- 46. SANTINI A., TENORE G. C., NOVELLINO E., 2017 Nutraceuticals: A paradigm of proactive medicine. *European Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences* 96, 53-61.
- SARRAF M., BEIG-BABAEI A., NAJI-TABASI S., 2019 Investigating functional properties of Barberry species: an overview. *Journal of the Science of Food and Agriculture* [Epub ahead of print], doi: 10.1002/jsfa.9804.
- 48. SHANBHAG S., KULKARNI H. J., GAITONDE B., 1970 Pharmacological actions of berberine on the central nervous system. *Japanese Journal of Pharmacology* 20, 482-487.
- 49. STERMITZ F. R., LORENZ P., TAWARA J. N., ZENEWICZ L. A., LEWIS K., 2000 Synergy in a medicinal plant: antimicrobial action of berberine potentiated by 5'-methoxyhydnocarpin, a multidrug pump inhibitor. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America 97, 1433-1437.
- 50. TEWARI D., MOCAN A, PARVANOV E.D., SAH A.N., NABAVI S.N., HUMINIECKI L., MA Z.F., LEE Y.Y., HORBAŃCZUK J.O., ATANASOV A.G., 2017a – Etnopharmacological approaches for theraphy of jaundice - Part I. *Frontiers in Pharmacology* Doi.Org/10.3389/ Fphar.2017.00518.
- 51. TEWARI D., MOCAN A., PARVANOV E.D., SAH A.N., NABAVI S.N., HUMINIECKI L., MA Z.F., LEE Y.Y., HORBAŃCZUK J.O, ATANASOV A.G., 2017b Ethnopharmacological approaches for therapy ff jaundice: Part II. Highly used plant species from Acanthaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Asteraceae, Combretaceae, and Fabaceae families. Frontiers in Pharmacology Doi: 10.3389/Fphar.2017.00519
- 52. TEWARI D., STANKIEWICZ A., MOCAN A., SAH A., HUMINIECKI L., HORBAŃCZUK J.O. ATANASOV A.G. 2018 Ethnopharmacological approaches for management of dementia and The therapeutic significance of natural products and herbal drugs. *Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience*. Doi:10.3389/Fnagi.2018.00003
- VAN ECK, N. J., WALTMAN, L., 2009 Software survey: VOSviewer, a computer program for bibliometric mapping. *Scientometrics* 84, 523-538.
- 54. WANG J., GUO T., PENG Q. S., YUE S. W., WANG S. X., 2015 Berberine via suppression of transient receptor potential vanilloid 4 channel improves vascular stiffness in mice. *Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine* 19, 2607-2616.
- 55. WANG D., ÖZEN C., ABU-REIDAH I.M., CHGURUPATI S., PATRA J.K., HORBAŃCZUK J.O., JÓŹWIK A., TZVETKOV N.T., UHRIN P., ATANASOV A.G., 2018 Vasculoprotective Effects Of Pomegranate (Punica Granatum L.). *Frontiers In Pharmacology* 9, 544. Doi: 10.3389/Fphar.2018.00544.
- XU J., LONG Y., NI L., YUAN X., YU N., WU R., TAO J., ZHANG Y., 2019 Anticancer effect of berberine based on experimental animal models of various cancers: a systematic review and metaanalysis. *BMC Cancer* 19, 589.

- 57. YEUNG A.W.K., AGGARWAL B.B., BARRECA D., BATTINO M., BELWAL T., HORBAŃCZUK O.K. BERINDAN-NEAGOE I., BISHAYEE A., DAGLIA M., DEVKOTA H.P., ECHEVERRÍA J., EL-DEMERDASH A., ORHAN I.E., GODFREY K.M., GUPTA V., HORBAŃCZUK J.O., MODLIŃSKI J.A., HUBER L.A., HUMINIECKI L., JÓŹWIK A., MARCHEWKA J., MILLER M.J.S., MOCAN A., MOZOS I., NABAVI S.F., NABAVI S. M., PIECZYNSKA M.D., PITTALÀ V., RENGASAMY K.R.R., SILVA A.S., SHERIDAN H., STANKIEWICZ A.M., STRZAŁKOWSKA N., SUREDA A., TEWARI D., WEISSIG V., ZENGIN G., ATANASOV A.G., 2018 Dietary natural products and their potential to influence health and disease including animal model studies. *Animal Science Papers and Reports* 36, 345-358.
- 58. YEUNG A.W.K., AGGARWAL B.B., ORHAN I.E., HORBAŃCZUK O.K., BARRECA D., BATTINO M., BELWAL T., BISHAYEE A., DAGLIA M., DEVKOTA H. P., ECHEVERRÍA J., EL-DEMERDASH A., BALACHEVA A., GEORGIEVA M., GODFREY K., GUPTA V., HORBAŃCZUK, J.O., HUMINIECKI, L., JÓŹWIK, A., STRZAŁKOWSKA, N., MOCAN, A., MOZOS I., NABAVI S.M., PAJPANOVA T., PITTALA V., FEDER-KUBIS J., SAMPINO S., SILVA A.S., SHERIDAN H., SUREDA A., TEWARI, D., WANG, D., WEISSIG, V., YANG, Y., ZENGIN, G., SHANKER, K., MOOSAVI, M. A., SHAH, M. A., KOZUHAROVA, E., AL-RIMAWI, F., DURAZZO, A., LUCARINI, M., SOUTO, E. B., SANTINI, A., MALAINER, C., DJILIANOV, D., TANCHEVA, L. P., LI, H. B., GAN, R.Y., TZVETKOV, N. T., ATANASOV, A. G., 2019a Resveratrol, a popular dietary supplement for human and animal health: Quantitative research literature analysis a review. *Animal Science Papers and Reports* 37, 103-118.
- YEUNG A.W.K., HORBAŃCZUK M., TZVETKOV N.T., MOCAN A., CARRADORI S., MAGGI F., MARCHEWKA J., SUT S., DALL'ACQUA S., GAN R.-Y., 2019b – Curcumin: total-scale analysis of the scientific literature. *Molecules* 24, 1393.
- 60. YEUNG A.W.K., TZVETKOV N.T., EL-TAWIL O. S., BUNGĂU S.G., ABDEL-DAIM M. M., ATANASOV A.G., 2019c – Antioxidants: scientific literature landscape analysis. Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity 2019, 8278454.
- 61. YEUNG A. W. K., TZVETKOV N. T., ZENGIN G., WANG D., XU S., MITROVIĆ G., BRNČIĆ M., DALL'ACQUA S., PIRGOZLIEV V., KIJJOA A., GEORGIEV M.I., ATANASOV A.G., 2019d The berries on the top. *Journal of Berry Research* 9, 125-139.
- YU R., ZHANG Z.-Q., WANG B., JIANG H.-X., CHENG L., SHEN L.-M., 2014 Berberineinduced apoptotic and autophagic death of HepG2 cells requires AMPK activation. *Cancer Cell International* 14, 49.
- ZHANG G., LIN X., SHAO Y., SU C., TAO J., LIU X., 2019 Berberine reduces endothelial injury and arterial stiffness in spontaneously hypertensive rats. *Clinical and Experimental Hypertension* 20, 1-9.
- 64. ZHANG M., LV X.-Y., LI J., XU Z.-G., CHEN L., 2009 The characterization of high-fat diet and multiple low-dose streptozotocin induced type 2 diabetes rat model. *Experimental Diabetes Research* 2008, 704045.
- 65. ZOU K., LI, Z., ZHANG Y., ZHANG H.-Y., LI B., ZHU W.-L., SHI J.-Y., JIA Q., LI Y.-M., 2017 Advances in the study of berberine and its derivatives: a focus on anti-inflammatory and anti-tumor effects in the digestive system. *Acta Pharmacologica Sinica* 38, 157-167.