# College accounting testing program bulletin no. 7; Results of achievement tests and orientation tests administered in schools of business of one hundred and fifty-nine colleges and universities, spring, 1949 

American Institute of Accountants. Committee on Selection of Personnel

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# THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF ACCOUNTANTS COLLEGE ACCOUNTING TESTING PROGRAM 

Bulletin No. 7

# RESULTS OF <br> ACHIEVEMENT TESTS AND ORIENTATION TESTS ADMINISTERED IN SCHOOLS OF BUSINESS OF ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-NINE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES 

Spring, 1949

Prepared by

# THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF ACCOUNTANTS COLLEGE ACCOUNTING TESTING PROGRAM 

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Spring, 1949

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Northwestern State College
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Pennsylvania State University
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Rice Institute
Pider College
Roanoke College

Robert Morris School
University of Rochester
Putgers University
Salmon P. Chase Jr. College
St. Edward's University
St. John's College
St. Joseph Business School
St. Joseph's College
St. Louis University
University of San Francisco
University of Santa Clara
Sawyer University of Commerce
University of Scranton
University of South Carolina
University of South Dakota
Southern Illinois University
Southwestern Louisiana Institute
Spring Hill College
Suffolk University
Susquehanna University
Tabbutt-Hubbard School
Temple University
University of Tennessee
University of Tennessee - Extension
University of Texas
$A$ and $M$ College of Texas
Texas Christian University
Texas Technological Institute
Triple Cities College
Union Junior College
University of Vermont
University of Virginia
Virginia Polytechnic Institute
Walla Walla College
Washington and Lee University
Washington State College
Wayne University
Waynesburg Uniontown Center
Western Reserve University
Wheaton College
Wilkes College
Woodbury College
Worcester Junior College
Worcester School of Business Science

The third spring College Accounting Testing Program, under the direction of the Cormittee on Selection of Personnel of the American Institute of Accountants, was carried on between February 15, and June 30, 1949. During this period, colleges and universities administered a total of approximately 20,000 tests to students of accounting.

Three types of tests - achievement, orientation, and interest tests - are being used in the fall and spring accounting testing programs in the colleges. The Orientation Test is stressed in the fall, and the Achievement Tests are emphasized in the spring, while the interest test, the Strong Vocational Interest Blank, may be given at any time.

The Achievement Test, Level $I$, was the most extensively used test this spring. The largest use of this test was with first-year students, although, as will be seen from Table I, a considerable number of second-year students and a few students in their third year of study also took it. Norms are available on this test for the different levels of study. It was taken by approximately 7,800 students this spring.

In order to meet requests from colleges for a form of the Achievement Test, Level II, that would require less than four hours of administration time, a two-hour form, known as Level II, Form C, was prepared and was recommended for use with accounting seniors in the latter part of February and in March. About sixty colleges administered this test to a total of more than 2,600 seniors. In addition, more than l,600 seniors took one of the long forms of the Level II test which was recormended for use after April 1.

Although naturally the greater use of the Orientation Test, or aptitude test, is in the fall shortly after the beginning of the college year, fifty-six colleges gave this test to approximately 4,600 students this spring. Form $C$ of this test was available for the first time, and spring norms were established for it. The Orientation Test is used at all levels of study, and different norms are set up for each level.

The Strong blank was given in twenty-seven colleges to a total of 1,769 students. The results of this test are not presented in the present bulletin.

There was a marked increase in the use of project office scoring this spring. Whereas in the spring of 1948, the tests scored locally exceeded those scored centrally, approximately four times as much project office scoring as local scoring was done in the spring of 1949. Scoring services in the project office, at ten cents a student, include not only the scoring of the papers, but also the computation of medians, quartiles, and percentiles, and the preparation of typed distributions and lists showing the scores and percentile ranks of individual students.

The results of the Achievement Tests and Orientation Tests in all the participating colleges taken together are shown in the second section of this bulletin. The distributions of scores for the individual colleges are indicated by code numbers in the comparative charts in the third section.

Attention is called especially to the last section of the bulletin, which consists of an article by Vice-Dean T. A. Budd, presenting some results of a study of the value of the Orientation Test when used with students in the pharton School of Finance and Cormerce, University of Pennsylvania.

Scores obtained on the various tests used in the spring, 1949, testing program by accounting students in the participating institutions are show in Tables I through VII. The total number of students included in each distribution is indicated at the bottom of the distribution columns, together with the range of raw scores, the medians and the Q1 and Q3 scores. The medians and interquartile ranges are shown graphically by heavy black lines drawn adjacent to the distributions.

Achievement Tests. Table I shows the distributions of total scores on the Achievement Test, Level I, Form A. The scores are distributed separately by year of study. As has been the case in previous programs, wide ranges of achievement are evident. There are 120 possible points of score for this test. Scores for the first-year accounting students range from zero to 113 and, although the range lessens somewhat with increasing amounts of study, the median scores increase noticeably. Nevertheless, there is much overlapping of the distributions.

Several colleges, instead of using Form A of the Achievement Test, Level I, preferred to continue using Form B. Table II shows the distribution of total scores for first-year students to whom this form was administered. The number of second- and third-year students taking this form of the test was so small that no distributions have been prepared.

This testing program was the occasion for the innovation of the two-hour Level II Achievement Test, Form C, for seniors. The distribution of total scores for this test is shown in Table III. The project office recommended the use of this test during late February and the month of March with the thought in mind than an early administration of this achievement test would provide graduating seniors with their results early enough in the spring to be helpful in pre-graduation employment interviews. Although there was some use of this test later than March, only testings during that month are included in Table III and in the percentiles.

Form C of the Level II Achievement Test has a total possible score of 57. As will be seen in the distribution, one student achieved a score of 56 while no one made a perfect score.

The four hour Achievement Test, Level II, Forms A and B, was again recommended for use after April list with seniors. The distributions of scores for these two tests are shown in Table IV. For the first time this spring, these two forms were administered with special answer sheets instead of using the test booklets for recording the responses. Approximately the same difference appears as did last year - that is, Form B evidently is considerably more difficult than Form A. The highest score achieved on Form $A$ is 146 while the highest score achieved on Form B is 135, or fifteen points less than a perfect score.

Orientation Test. About 4,600 students took the Orientation Test this spring and the majority of these took Form $C$ which was used for the first time during this program. However, 1602 first-year students took Form $A$ of the Orientation Test.

Orientation Test, Form C, results are distributed in Tables V and VI. The verbal and quantitative scores are distributed separately by year of study in Table V, and total scores are distributed by year of study in Table VI.

Possible ranges of scores on the Orientation Test are from zero to 100 on the verbal and from zero to 30 on the quantitative section, and from zero to 130 on total score. The median scores on the Orientation Test are quite widely separated for the first- and second-year students of accounting, while the difference between the distributions of the second-year and seniors is quite small. On the whole, Form C of the Orientation Test appears to be a great deal more difficult than either Form A or. Form B of this test. For instance, the range for first-year students in verbal score on Form A (as shown in Table VII) is from 4 to 92 with a median of 36.7 , while the range for first-year students on Form C in verbal score is from 2 to 65 with a median score of 28.9. Similar differences appear in both quantitative and total score.

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TABLE I
DISTRIBUTIONS OF TOTAL SCORES ON ACHIEVEMENT TEST, LEVEL I, FORM A

| Score | 1st year | 2nd year | 3rd year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 120 |  |  |  |
| 117 |  |  |  |
| 114 |  | 2 | 1 |
| 111 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| 108 | 6 | 7 | 2 |
| 105 | 3 | 12 | 5 |
| 102 | 14 | 18 | 1 |
| 99 | 19 | 26 | 5 |
| 96 | 27 | 42 | 6 |
| 93 | 53 | 37 | 10 |
| 90 | 60 | 45 | 8 |
| 87 | 83 | 63 | 10 |
| 84 | 78 | 69 | 8 |
| 81 | 124 | 67 | $9-$ |
| 78 | 134 | 84 | 5 |
| 75 | 173 | 77 | 10 |
| 72 | 184 | 86 | 8 |
| 69 | 234 | $82-$ | 6 |
| 66 | 268 | 81 | 10 |
| 63 | 332 | 70 | 4 |
| 60 | 308 | 75 | 3 |
| 57 | 346 | 64 | 4 |
| 54 | 364 | 65 |  |
| 51 | 349 - | 59 | 5 |
| 48 | 365 | 60 |  |
| 45 | 335 | 43 |  |
| 42 | 323 | 35 | 3 |
| 39 | 315 | 30 | 3 |
| 36 | 295 | 23 |  |
| 33 | 263 | 22 | 1 |
| 30 | 264 | 20 |  |
| 27 | 200 | 6 |  |
| 24 | 172 | 5 | 1 |
| 21 | 172 | 4 | 1 |
| 18 | 134 | 3 |  |
| 15 | 99 | 5 |  |
| 12 | 65 | 1 |  |
| 9 | 47 | 1 |  |
| 6 | 35 | 1 |  |
| 3 | 16 |  |  |
| 0-2 | 14 |  |  |
| Total | 6275 | 1391 | 131 |
| 23 | 65.0 | 82.8 | 92.7 |
| Md | 51.2 | 69.8 | 81.5 |
| Q1 | 36.9 | 55.4 | 68.3 |
| Range | 0-113 | 7-116 | 23-115 |
| 10\%ile 90\%ile | 24.8 77.6 | 43.6 93.5 | 53.5 100.8 |

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TABLE II
distribution of total scores on achievement test, LEVEL I, FORM P

| Score | 1st year |
| :---: | :---: |
| 177-178 |  |
| 176 |  |
| 172 |  |
| 168 |  |
| 164 |  |
| 160 |  |
| 156 | 1 |
| 152 |  |
| 148 | 2 |
| 14.4 | 3 |
| 140 |  |
| 136 | 6 |
| 132 | 1 |
| 128 | 11 |
| 124 | 13 |
| 120 | 7 |
| 1176 | 15 |
| 112 | 11 |
| 108 | 19 |
| 104 | 25 |
| 100 | 25 |
| 96 | 25 |
| 92 | 22 |
| 88 | 19 |
| 84 | $34-$ |
| 80 | 23 |
| 76 | - - - - - - 21-- - - |
| 72 | 21 |
| 68 | 18 |
| 64 | 26 |
| 60 | 14 |
| 56 | 13 |
| 52 | 16 |
| 48 | 15 |
| 44 | 11 |
| 40 | 11 |
| 36 | 7 |
| 32 | 9 |
| 28 | 7 |
| 24 | 6 |
| 20 | 5 |
| 16 |  |
| 12 |  |
| 8 | 1 |
| 0-3 | 1 |
| Total | 465 |
| 83 | 103.6 |
| Md | 84.8 |
| Q1 | 63.8 |
| Range | 0-159 |
| 10\%ile | 43.5 119.3 |
| dian, Spr | ing, 1948 |

TABLE III
DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL SCORES ON ACHIEVEMENT TEST, LEVEL II, FORM C

| Score | Seniors |
| :---: | :---: |
| 56 | 1 |
| 54 |  |
| 52 | 1 |
| 50 | 1 |
| 48 | 3 |
| 46 | 13 |
| 44 | 12 |
| 42 | 27 |
| 40 | 43 |
| 38 | 40 |
| 36 | 54 |
| 34 | 61 |
| 32 | 107 |
| 30 | 119 |
| 28 | 106 |
| 26 | 172 |
| 24 | 147 |
| 22 | 143 |
| 20 | 173 |
| 18 | 116 |
| 16 | 146 |
| 14 | 109 |
| 12 | 127 |
| 10 | 120 |
| 8 | 62 |
| 6 | 85 |
| 4 | 45 |
| 2 | 42 |
| $0-1$ | 33 |
| Total | 2108 |
| Q3 | 29.2 |
| Md | 22.0 |
| Q1 | 14.2 |
| Range | $0-56$ |
| $10 \% 11$ | 80.2 |
| $90 \%$ ile | 35.5 |
|  |  |

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table IV
DISTRIBUTIONS OF TOTAL SCORES ON ACHIEVEMENT TESTS,
LEVEL II, FORM A, AND LEVEL II, FORM B (SENIORS)

| Score | II-A | II-B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 150 |  |  |
| 147 |  |  |
| 214 | 1 |  |
| 141 | 6 |  |
| 138 | 3 |  |
| 135 |  | 1 |
| 132 | 18 |  |
| 129 | 17 | 1 |
| 126 | 22 | 3 |
| 123 | 25 | 2 |
| 120 | 29 | 2 |
| 127 | 45 | 8 |
| 1174 | 42 | 10 |
| 111 | 41 | 17 |
| 108 | 32 | 8 |
| 105 | 48 | 14 |
| 102 | 40 | 13 |
| 99 | 43 | 12 |
| 96 | 52 | 9 |
| 93 | 51 | 30 |
| 90 | 40 | 26 |
| 87 | 54 | 14 |
| 84 | 51 | 33 |
| 81 | 45 | 26 |
| 78 | 40 | 31 |
| 75 | 29 | 25 |
| 72 | 30 | 17 |
| 69 | 32 | 28 |
| 66 | 22 | 17 |
| 63 | 28 | 17 |
| 60 | 26 | 12 |
| 57 | 22 | 14 |
| 54 | 29 | 14 |
| 51 | 15 | 22 |
| 48 | 20 | 10 |
| 45 | 19 | 6 |
| 42 39 | $\frac{17}{8}$ | 8 |
| 36 | 10 | 3 |
| 33 | 6 | 3 |
| 30 | 9 | 3 |
| 27 | 6 | 1 |
| 24 | 1 |  |
| 21 |  | 1 |
| 18 |  | 1 |
| 12 | 1 |  |
| 9 |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 0-2 |  |  |
| Total | 1071 | 462 |
| Q3 | 109.4 | 93.9 |
| Md | 91.6 | 80.2 |
| Q | 72.3 | 65.0 |
| Range | 14-146 | 20-135 |
| 10z̧ile | 54.1 | 51.6 |
| 90file | 121.6 | 108.0 |

TABLE $\nabla$
DISTRIBUTIONS OF SCORES ON PART I, VERBAL, AND PART II, QUANTITATIVE, ON ORIENTATION TEST, FORA C

| Score | VERBAL |  |  | Score | QUANTITATIVE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | list yr. | 2nd yr . | Senior |  | 1st yr . | 2nd yr. | Senior |
| 99-100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 93 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 90 |  |  |  | 30 | 1 |  |  |
| 87 |  |  |  | 29 | 1 | 2 |  |
| 84 |  |  |  | 28 | 2 |  | 1 |
| 81 |  |  |  | 27 |  |  | 1 |
| 78 |  |  |  | 26 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 75 |  | 4 |  | 25 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 72 |  | 3 |  | 24 | 8 | 8 | 9 |
| 69 |  | 4 |  | 23 | 20 | 10 | 6 |
| 66 |  | 8 |  | 22 | 10 | 10 | 13 |
| 63 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 21 | 24 | 10 | 10 |
| 60 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 20 | 30 | 22 | 12 |
| 57 | 6 | 9 | 8 | 19 | 46 | 40 | 14 |
| 54 | 8 | 11 | 15 | 18 | 66 | 16 | 27 |
| 51 | 18 | 14 | 10 | 17 | 49 | 37 | 16 |
| 48 | 23 | 18 | 13 | 16 | 74 | 37 | 22 |
| 45 | 51 | 35 | 27 | 15 | 90 | 31 | 29 |
| 42 | 56 | 471 | 21 | 14 | 83 | $37-$ | 28 |
| 39 | 67 | 46 | 33 | 13 | 93 | 4 | 22 |
| 36 | 99 | $65-$ | $40-$ | 12 | $91-$ | 43 | 22 |
| 33 | 123 | 50 | 34 | 11 | 80 | 25 | 21 |
| 30 | 129 | 54 | 33 | 10 | 73 | 31 | 15 |
| 27 | 144 | 60 | 19 | 9 | 68 | 24 | 4 |
| 24 | 140 | 24 | 14 | 8 | 78 | 18 | 8 |
| 21 | 127 | 16 | 13 | 7 | 59 | 16 | 6 |
| 18 | 107 | 8 | 4 | 6 | 61 | 17 |  |
| 15 | 71 | 8 |  | 5 | 54 | 3 |  |
| 12 | 50 | 1 |  | 4 | 41 | 5 | 3 |
| 9 | 25 |  |  | 3 | 29 | 1 |  |
| 6 | 17 |  |  | 2 | 16 | 1 |  |
| 3 | 7 |  |  | 1 | 12 | 1 |  |
| 0-2 | 2 |  |  | 0 | 11 | 2 |  |
| Total | 1276 | 490 | 289 | Total | 1276 | 490 | 289 |
| Q3 | 36.5 | 44.6 | 45.8 | Q3 | 16.2 | 18.0 | 18.9 |
| Mid | 28.9 | 37.1 | 38.1 | Mid | 12.6 | 14.5 | 15.5 |
| Q1 | 21.9 | 30.3 | 32.0 | Q1 | 8.5 | 11.4 | 12.6 |
| Range | 2-65 | 12-93 | 18-65 | Range | 0-30 | 0-29 | 4-28 |
| 10\%ile | 16.1 | 26.0 | 26.6 | 10\%ile | 5.3 | 8.5 | 10.5 |
| 90\%ile | 44.2 | 54.3 | 54.0 | 90\%ile | 19.4 | 20.8 | 22.5 |

TABLE VI
DISTRIBUTIONS OF TOTAL SCORES ON ORIENTATION TEST, FORM C

| Score | 1st year | 2nd year | Senior |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 128-130 |  |  |  |
| 124 |  |  |  |
| 120 |  |  |  |
| 116 |  |  |  |
| 112 |  | 1 |  |
| 108 |  |  |  |
| 104 |  |  |  |
| 100 |  |  |  |
| 96 |  | 2 |  |
| 92 |  | 5 |  |
| 88 | 2 | 3 |  |
| 84 | 1 | 6 | 4 |
| 80 | 4 | 8 | 7 |
| 76 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| 72 | 8 | 13 | 15 |
| 68 | 20 | 24 | 13 |
| 64 | 41 | 32 | 20 |
| 60 | 47 | 36 | 20 |
| 56 | 62 | 35 | 33 |
| 52 | 112 | 57 | $36-$ |
| 48 | 115 | 57 | 33 |
| 4.4 | 123 | 59 | 38 |
| 40 | 129 - | 61 | 30 |
| 36 | 125 | 39 | 17 |
| 32 | 137 | 26 | 11 |
| 28 | 123 | 9 | 5 |
| 24 | 83 | 6 |  |
| 20 | 67 | 4 |  |
| 16 | 36 |  |  |
| 12 | 20 |  |  |
| 8 | 8 |  |  |
| 4 | 5 |  |  |
| 0-3 | 1 |  |  |
| Total | 1276 | 490 | 289 |
| Q3 | 51.5 | 61.6 | 62.8 |
| M ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 41.0 | 50.9 | 53.2 |
| Q1 | 31.2 | 42.5 | 45.0 |
| Range | 2-89 | 20-115 | 28-86 |
| 10\%ile | 23.4 | 36.4 | 39.0 |
| 90\%ile | 60.2 | 71.3 | 73.1 |

TABLE VII
DISTRIBUTIONS OF SCORES ON PART I, VERBAL, AND PART II, QUANTITATIVE AND TOTAL OF ORIENTATION TEST, FORM A (FIRST YEAR)

| Score | Verbal | Score | Quantitative | Score | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 99-100 \\ 96 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | 128-130 |  |
| 93 |  |  |  | 124 |  |
| 90 | 2 | 30 | 1 | 120 | 1 |
| 87 | 1 | 29 | 2 | 116 |  |
| 84 | 5 | 28 |  | 112 | 1 |
| 81 | 3 | 27 | 9 | 108 | 4 |
| 78 | 10 | 26 | 15 | 104 | 2 |
| 75 | 7 | 25 | 19 | 100 | 7 |
| 72 | 20 | 24 | 19 | 96 | 14 |
| 69 | 16 | 23 | 41 | 92 | 18 |
| 66 | 25 | 22 | 26 | 88 | 17 |
| 63 | 34 | 21 | 39 | 84 | 24 |
| 60 | 49 | 20 | 54 | 80 | 36 |
| 57 | 50 | 19 | 43 | 76 | 50 |
| 54 | 76 | 18 | 74 | 72 | 82 |
| 51 | 86 | 17 | 84 | 68 | 85 |
| 48 | 87 | 16 | 95 | 64 | 101 |
| 45 | 89 | 15 | 108 | 60 | 95 |
| 42 | 107 | 14 | 174 | 56 | 124 |
| 39 | 119 | 13 | 121 | 52 | 137 |
| 36 | 135 | 12 | 127 | 48 | 135 |
| 33 | 148 | 11 | 106 | 44 | 166 |
| 30 | 124 | 10 | 118 | 40 | 140 |
| 27 | 111 | 9 | 88 | 36 | 116 |
| 24 | 100 | 8 | 69 | 32 | 95 |
| 21 | 84 | 7 | 67 | 28 | 52 |
| 18 | 47 | 6 | 48 | 24 | 42 |
| 15 | 33 | 5 | 37 | 20 | 32 |
| 12 | 21 | 4 | 28 | 16 | 16 |
| 9 | 14 | 3 | 20 | 12 | 9 |
| 6 | 4 | 2 | 8 | 8 | 1 |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 12 | 4 |  |
| 0-2 |  | 0 | 10 | 0-3 |  |
| Total | 1602 | Total | 1602 | Total | 1602 |
| Q3 | 50.4 | Q3 | 17.3 | Q3 | 65.6 |
| M/d | 38.7 | Md | 13.5 | Md | 51.9 |
| Q1 | 29.8 | Q1 | 10.1 | Q1 | 41.1 |
| Range | 4-92 | Range | 0-30 | Range | 9-121 |
| $10 \%$ ile $90 \%$ ile | 22.7 60.7 | 10\%ile 90\%ile | $\begin{array}{r}6.9 \\ 21.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10,\%ile 90,6ile | 32.3 77.1 |

## RESULTS OF ACHIEVEMENT TESTS AND ORIENTATION TESTS

 IN INDIVIDUAL COLLEGESTables VIII through XVII show the scores of the students in the participating institutions on the Achievement Tests and the Orientation Tests, distributed separately by college. As with previous bulletins, the distributions are identified by code numbers at the top and each college has been informed of its own code number. The same code number applies throughout all the tables in which the college appears.

As with the summary distributions, the individual college distributions are in terms of raw scores listed near the margins of each chart. The medians and the upper and lower limits of the middle 50 per cent of the distribution of scores for the entire group of students at each tabular division are shown by broken horizontal lines across the table. The median and interquartile range for each individual distribution can be compared readily with these "national" norms. As in the summary distribution tables, the short solid horizontal line adjacent to the distribution locates the median, while the vertical solid line marks the range of scores for the middle 50 per cent. The total number of students included in each distribution, the range of raw scores, the median, the Q1 and the Q3 scores are listed under each distribution.

Individual distributions of scores on the Achievement Test, Level I, Form A are shown in Tables VIII and IX for first- and second-year students, respectively. Distributions of scores for first-year students on Achievement Test, Level I, Form B are shown in Table X. Tables XI, XII, and XIII show results for seniors on Achievement Test, Level II, Forms C, A and B, respectively. The distributions of total scores for the Orientation Tests are shown in Tables XIV through XVII. Tables XIV, XV, and XVI present distributions for first-year, second-year, and seniors on Orientation Test, Form C. Distributions for first-year students on Orientation Test, Form A are shown in Table XVII.

The question of extent of participation - that is, whether testings are made on a voluntary or a required basis - is one which has been raised periodically, both by the project office and various examiners. In an effort to determine to what extent this factor influences the total distributions and norms, each examiner receiving a report was asked to return a postcard indicating whether or not the testing was required, and if not, the per cent of the eligible group tested. Information on this question is available for schools using the Achievement Test, Level II, Form C. Of the forty-six colleges administering this test, twenty-six gave it on a required basis and in sixteen colleges it was administered on a voluntary basis. 1451 students took it on a required basis and the distribution of their scores alone resulted in a median of 21.7. Of the voluntary testings, there were 657 students taking the test and the median for their distribution of scores was 22.6. As expected, the voluntary testing shows a slightly higher trend, yet because considerably more than half of the participating colleges made the test a requirement, and because the difference noted above was not any larger than it was, the project office felt justified in combining the two groups. The resultant distribution shows a total of 2108 cases and a median of 22.0. Although a similar breakdown for the other testings is not yet available, it can be stated that, on the whole, participating colleges are making the tests a requirement.
taile ix


## table $X$

DISTRIBUTIONS OF SCORES MADE ON AGHIEVETENT TEST, LEVEL I, YORM B, BY FIRST-TEAR STUDENTS OF ACCOUNTING IN ELEVEN COLLSGES

|  | 120 | 215 | 127 | 37 | 90 | 56 | 128 | 129 | 103 | 130 | 62 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 177-178 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 177-178 |
| 176 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 176 |
| 172 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 172 |
| 168 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 168 |
| 164 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 164 |
| 160 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 160 |
| 156 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 156 |
| 152 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 152 |
| 148 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 148 |
| 114 |  | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14.4 |
| 140 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 140 |
| 136 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 136 |
| 132 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 132 |
| 128 | 3 | 3 |  | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 128 |
| 124 | 7 | 2 |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 124 |
| 120 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 120 |
| 116 | 7 | 1 |  |  | 4 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 116 |
| 112 | 6 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 112 |
| 108 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 108 |
| 104 _ | - - 6 | - - - 5 | - - | - - 1 | - - 9 | --1 | - - 1 | --- | 1 | -1 | - - | - _ _104 |
| $100^{-}$ | --3 |  |  | --6 | - - 91 |  |  |  |  | --1 | - - | - - 100 |
| 96 | 3 | 2 |  | 3 | 9 |  | 1 |  | 4 | 1 | 1 | 96 |
| 92 |  | 1 |  |  | 7 | 3 |  |  | 3 | 1 | 1 | 92 |
| 88 |  | 1 |  |  | 9 | 2 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 1 | 88 |
| 84 | - - - 3 | - - 2 | ---3 | - - - 3 | ---10 | ---3 | ---1 | ---1 | -- 5 | -- - | - $-3-$ | - - - 84 |
| 80 | 3 | 1 |  | 1 | 6 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  | 1 | 80 |
| 76 | 2 | 5 |  |  | 5 | 3 |  |  | 3 | 1 | 2 | 76 |
| 72 | 1 | 1 |  | 2 | 5 |  | 3 |  | 6 | 1 | 2 | 72 |
| 68 | 2 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 1 |  | 2 | - 4 | - 2 |  | 168 |
| 64. | - 1 | - 1 | - | $-1$ | $-3$ | - 2 | - - 4 |  | - - - 9 | - - - 1 | - - - 4 | - |
| 60 | 1 | 2 |  | 1 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 5 | ---2 | ---1 | - - - 60 |
| 56 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |  | 3 | 56 |
| 52 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 5 | 3 | 6 | 52 |
| 48 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 48 |
| 44 |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  | 2 | 1 |  | 4 | 44 |
| 40 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 2 | 1 | 6 | 40 |
| 36 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 3 |  | 2 | 36 |
| 32 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  | 3 | 32 |
| 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 4 | 28 |
| 24 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 4 | 24 |
| 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 3 |  | 1 | 20 |
| 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16 |
| 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 8 |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 4 |
| 0-3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0-3 |
| Total | 65 | 36 | 10 | 29 | 99 | 31 | 21. | 14 | 81 | 21 | 58 | Total |
| Q3 | 119.3 | 120.0 |  | 103.8 | 105.4 | 97.0 | 91.0 |  | 82.4 | 95.0 | 68.7 | Q3 |
| \%d | 108.4 | 104.8 | 98.0 | 98.0 | 94.0 | 84.7 | 74.0 | 70.0 | 66.9 | 66.0 | 52.0 | yd |
| Q1 | 93.0 | 79.2 |  | 72.5 | 82.5 | 63.0 | 64.3 |  | 50.8 | 53.7 | 37.0 | Q1 |
| Range | 58-136 | 33-159 | 84-120 | 32-138 | 49-155 | 26-137 | 42-118 | 23-748 | 20-102 | 6-130 | 0-100 | Range |

## "mes




## taine ili




## table IIII

distributions of scores uade on achievenent test, level it, fora b, by semiors in accounting in thirieg coluboes

|  | 121 | 120 | 123 | 37 | 42 | 126 | 122 | 68 | 115 | 125 | 78 | 124 | 34 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 150 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 150 |
| 147 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14.7 |
| 1.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 174 |
| 142 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14.1 |
| 138 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 138 |
| 135 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 135 |
| 132 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 132 |
| 129 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 129 |
| 126 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 126 |
| 123 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 123 |
| 120 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 120 |
| 117 |  | 1 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 117 |
| 174 | 2 |  | 4 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 174 |
| 111 | 2 |  | 3 | 1 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 171 |
| 108 |  |  | 3 |  |  | 4 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 108 |
| 105 | 1 |  | 5 |  |  | 6 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 105 |
| 102 | 1 |  | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  | 2 | 2 |  | 2 |  | 102 |
| 99 |  | 1 | 5 | 1 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 99 |
| 90 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 96 |
|  | --3 | - 2 | --6 | $=--1$ | --1 | --8 | - - - | --2 | --2 | ---- | ---5 | --2 | - - - | - - -93 |
| 90 | 1 |  | 12 | I | 1 | - 8 |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3}$ |  |  | 90 87 |
| 87 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{8}^{87}$ |
| 84 |  | 1 | 3 6 |  |  | 13 | -1 |  |  | 1 | 3 1 | $1 \quad 3$ | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | 84 81 |
| $78$ |  |  |  |  |  | $--13$ | $---1$ | - - | --7 | --- - | --- ${ }^{2}$ | --- ${ }^{2}$ | - - | ---78 |
| 75 |  |  | $3$ |  |  | $10$ | - |  | 2 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 75 |
| 72 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 6 |  | 1 | 3 |  | 1 | 4 | I | 72 |
| 69 |  | 1 | 2 |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  | - 3 | 2 | 2 | $\begin{array}{r}69 \\ \hline 66\end{array}$ |
| 66 |  |  | -1 |  |  | --3 | --2 |  | --3 |  | - - - ${ }^{5}$ | - $-3^{3}$ | - | - $\begin{array}{r}66 \\ \hline-63\end{array}$ |
| 63 60 |  |  | $\cdots$ | - - | —— |  |  |  | --3 | --- | --3 3 | ---3 $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 3\end{array}$ | ---1 | F--63 |
| 57 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 5 | 1 | 1 | 57 |
| 54 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 3 | 1 |  | 4 |  | 2 | 2 |  | 54 |
| 51 |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 5 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 51 |
| 48 |  |  | 4 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 2 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 48 |
| 45 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  | 2 | 1 |  | 45 |
| 42 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 3 |  | 2 | 2 |  | 42 |
| 39 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 3 | 1 | 39 |
| 36 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |  |  | 36 |
| 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 33 |
| 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 30 |
| 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 27 |
| 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24 |
| 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 18 |
| 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0-2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0-2 |
| Total | 13 | 7 | 81 | 8 | 7 | 123 | 7 | 8 | 71 |  | 57 |  | 17 | Total |
| 83 |  |  | 107.3 |  |  | 94.2 |  |  | 83.7 | 100.5 | 84.8 | 78.6 | 83.3 | Q3 |
| Md | 100.5 | 93.8 | 92.6 | 91.5 | 97.5 | 81.8 | 79.5 | 78.0 | 71.8 | 69.0 | 67.5 | 67.5 | 61.5 | \% |
| Q1 |  |  | 82.2 |  |  | 71.9 |  |  | 56.8 | 51.0 | 55.9 | 53.1 | 51.3 | Q 1 , |
| Range | 54-126 | 70-117 | 48-129 | 79-134 | 63-104 | 41-126 | 56-125 | 35-135 | 36-128 | 38-119 | 20-115 | 34-103 | 23-112 | Range |

Distributions of less than five cases were excluded.

TABLE XIV
distributions of scorbs uade on orientation test, foru c, by first-rear students of accoonting in twenty-one colueges


Distributions of five or less cases were excluded.

## TABLE XV

DISTRIBUTIONS OF SCORES MADE ON ORIENTATION TEST, FORM C BI SECOND-YEAR STUDENTS OF ACCOUNTING IN EIGHT COLLEGES


## TABIE ITI

distrabutions of scobres hade an orizetation test, foran c, bi smiors in accountimg in eleven collegis


Distributions of five or less cases vere excluded.

## TABLE XVII

distributions of scores made on oriewtation test, form a, bi first-iear students of accounting in twelve cotisgers


Distributions of five or less cases were excluded.

# OBSERVATIONS CONCERNING THE ACCOUNTING ORIENTATION TEST AT THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA 

by Thomas A. Budd, University of Pennsylvania

For some years the American Institute of Accountants has made available to a considerable number of universities and colleges its Accounting Orientation Test and has from time to time published the results. In the earlier years the proportion of veterans in the entering classes was so high that the personnel of these classes varied considerably from the normal. Many of the students were beyond the usual age and a considerable number had past experience either in education of collegiate grade in business activity. The fall of 1948 marked the first definite approach to that which might be considered the normal for Freshman classes. The prom portion of veterans decreased considerably and the average age and experience more nearly approached that which may be expected in future classes. An appraisal of the efficiency of the Orientation Test under these more normal conditions is therefore in order.

At the Wharton School of Finance and Commerce of the University of Pennsylvania the Orientation Test was given in September, 1948, to 840 entering students. Of these 100 were admissions at the graduate level and approximately 120 had previous college experience. The remaining 620 were close to the following standard: they were approximately 18 years of age, they came directly from secondary schools, and they had no extended business experience. Of these 620, one-half, or 310 , were assigned to the course in elementary accounting during the fall term. In the Wharton School, the course in elementary accounting is given during five hours each week for one term. The results of the Orientation Test plus the students' achievement in their first course in accounting are therefore now available for this group. Data for the remaining 310 will be available in June when the other one-half of the class has completed its elementary course. Since the students were assigned to the two groups at random by the Registrar's office a sample of 310 would seem to be a fair cross-section of the class. Furthermore, it may be stated that both the Orientation Test and the course in elementary accounting are required of all entering students.

The grading system at the Wharton School includes six letter grades; $A, B, C$, and $D$ which are passing grades; $E$, conditional which may be removed by a re-examination; and F, failure. For the guidance of the Faculty, percentages are assigned to the various grades as follows: "A", 100-93; "B", 92-85; "C", 84-77; "D", 76-70. Although there is no official specification as to percentages for grades of "E" and "F", the Accounting Department gives a grade of "E" for an average between 60 and 69 ; and a grade of "F" for one below 60.

For purposes of comparison with the scores on the Orientation Test, the grades made by the students in the elementary accounting course were divided into three groups: "A" and "B", indicating more than average achievement; "E" and "F", indicating unsatisfactory work; with "C" and "D" constituting a neutral or "twilight" zone. These three groups of grades were then applied to the scores of the students on the Orientation Test with the following result:

Orientation Test

| I | Quartile | 46 | (64\%) | 24 | (33\%) | 2 | ( 3\%) | 72 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| II | Quartile | 33 | (47\%) | 39 | (48\%) | 9 | (11\%) | 81 |
| III | Quartile | 24 | (30\%) | 48 | (59\%) | 9 | (11\%) | 81 |
| IV | Quartile | 11 | ( $11 \%$ \% | 36 | (47\%) | 29 | (39\%) | 76 |
|  |  | 174 |  | 147 |  | 49 |  | 310 |

To meet the possible objection that a grade of "C" (between 77 and 84) might indicate satisfactory achievement, the results were also subdivided into two groups with "A", "B", and "C" in the one group and "D", "E", and "F" in the other group. This grouping resulted in the following:

| Orientation Test |  | Achievement in Elementary Accounting |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | "A", "B | and $\mathrm{nc}{ }^{\text {n }}$ | "D", "E | and "F" | Total |
| I | Quartile | 61 | (85\%) | 11 | (15\%) | 72 |
| II | Quartile | 60 | (74\%) | 21 | (26\%) | 81 |
| III | Quartile | 44 | (54\%) | 37 | (46\%) | 81 |
| IV | Quartile |  | (32\%) | 52 | (68\%) | 76 |
|  |  | 189 |  | 121 |  | 310 |

It seems quite evident from the above figures that there is a high correlation between Orientation Test scores and the later achievement of the students in the top and lowest quartiles. There are exceptions, however, and they need further study. In the top quartile of the orientation Test there were 11 students who received grades of "D" and "E" in accounting.

An analysis of the records of these students reveals that in five cases the quantitative part of the Orientation Test score was abnormally low; in two cases the students had a very poor scholastic record in all subjects; and in one case there was evidence of long illness. The remaining three cases showed no apparent cause for the inadequate grade in accounting. Since application as well as aptitude is necessary for good scholastic grades, lack of this essential may well have been the cause.

In the second quartile of the Orientation Test, there were 21 students who received grades of "D", "E" or "F". An analysis of the records of these men shows that six received abnormally low scores in the quantitative section of the Orientation Test; twelve were deficient in courses other than accounting, and one was ill during part of the term. No causes were found for the other two men.

In the lowest quartile of the Orientation Test, 11 men were able to make grades of " $\mathrm{B}^{\prime \prime}$ in their accounting course. The reason for this is more difficult to find. It would seem that seven of these men should have been re-tested for aptitude inasmuch as their quantitative scores were entirely too low when compared with their previous quantitative scores on the Scholastic Achievement Test.

From the above data it seems fair to come to the conclusion that the Orientation Test is reasonable, accurate and is a valuable tool particularly in segregating men who have high aptitude and those whose aptitude is definitely low. It is probable that somewhat more attention should be given to the quantitative score. It is suggested that, if possible, a method be devised which would place a student whose mathematical aptitude is unusually low in a lower position than that occasioned by his total score.

