Innovative Lighting Concept for Next Generation Train

Ivan Windemut German Aerospace Center (DLR) - Institute of Vehicle Concepts 4th November 2015, Prague





Knowledge for Tomorrow

Next Generation Train 2035 Hamburg Dammtor ready for departure



streamlined double deck cab car; single wheels; electric drive 18 MW; 400 km/h; aerodynamic + magnetic braking, distance 8 km; performance 100.000 km/month



Next Generation Train Topics and Goals

- 1. Increasing the certified train speed to 400 km/h
- 2. Halving the specific energy consumption (compared to ICE-3¹ at 300 km/h)
- 3. Noise reduction
- 4. Increase of passenger comfort
- 5. Improvement of driving safety
- 6. Reduction of wear and life cycle costs
- 7. Cost-efficient design: by modularization and system integration
- 8. Increasing efficiency of development and permission processes





¹ ICE – InterCity Express



Lighting: systematic investigation





Light sources

OLED = <u>Organic Light Emitting D</u>iode

series of thin nm-layers:

- substrate (plastic, glass, foil)
- transparent <u>Indium Tin Oxide</u> (ITO) – anode
- amorphous layers of organic semiconductor
- Metal cathode

OLED - layers can be spread over very large areas, making them ideal as two-dimensional light sources



Light sources

OLEDs

- Homogeneous, non-glare and area light
- Dimmable neutral white light (4 000 K)
- Excellent colour rendering (CRI¹ up to 90)
- Efficient OLED modules (> 50 lm/W)
- Slim form factor (< 2.5 mm) and low weight
- Low surface heating (typ. $T = 40^{\circ}C$)
- Limited in size (max. 145 x 145 mm)
- Service life only 15 000 h (ca. 2 years in trains)
- Still expensive (ca. 60 €/module = 600 €/klm)

	Tridonic®

NGT lighting concept

 an energy-efficient, compact, comfortable and low-maintenance lighting system had to be developed within the NGT project

Calculation method: DIALux

- well-established software for light planning in buildings and outdoor spaces
- free software
- import of CAD¹ data
- import of OLED specifications
- photorealistic visualizations

the model of NGT was developed and validated within the project

¹ CAD – <u>C</u>omputer -<u>a</u>ided <u>D</u>esign

Model validation Experiment Design

 Measuring points according to EN 13272 – standard in model and in full-size mock-up

- 136 measuring points
 - on lower deck
- 54 measuring points
 - on upper deck

Model validation Experiment results

• average difference of 4.5% on lower deck (LD)

Model validation Experiment results

• average difference of only 0.5% on upper deck (UD)

Lighting concept for NGT Lower deck (second class)

 302 Tridonic[®] 'Lureon REP 20w5-40 DC' modules

- 634 Watt total
- → 12.2 W/passenger
 (ICE¹ 23.2 W/passenger)
- → 48% power saving

Lighting concept for NGT Upper deck (first class)

- 349 Tridonic[®] 'Lureon REP 20w5-40 DC' modules
- 733 Watt total \rightarrow 15.6 W/passenger (ICE¹ 33.5 W/passenger) \rightarrow 47% power saving

¹ ICE – InterCity Express

Summary

- innovative passenger area lighting for double-decker cars has been developed within the Next Generation Train project
- technical, economical and comfort aspects of the lighting were investigated
- due to the use of innovative illuminants (OLEDs) energy-efficient, compact, comfortable and low-maintenance lighting according to EN 13272- Standard is possible
- modular system allows realizing a lot of design ideas and smart lighting control

Outlook

- combined control (centrally + individually)
- lighting control using <u>Railway</u> <u>Customer</u> <u>Card</u> (RCC)

DLR.de • Chart 15 > Railway Interiors EXPO 2015 > Ivan Windemut • Presentation > 04.11.2015

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

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