# Using Automatic Speech Recognition to Evaluate Arabic to English Transliteration 

## GHADEER KHALIL

A thesis submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements of Nottingham Trent University for the degree of Doctor of

Philosophy

July 2013

## Abstract

Increased travel and international communication has led to an increased need for transliteration of Arabic proper names for people, places, technical terms and organisations.

There are a variety of available Arabic to English transliteration systems such as Unicode, the Buckwalter Arabic transliteration, and ArabTeX. The transliteration tables have been developed and used by researchers for many years, but there are only limited attempts to evaluate and compare different transliteration systems.

This thesis investigates whether or not speech recognition technology could be used to evaluate different Arabic-English transliteration systems. In order to do so there were 5 main objectives: firstly, to investigate the possibility of using English speech recognition engines to recognize Arabic words; secondly, to establish the possibility of automatic transliteration of diacritised Arabic words for the purpose of creating a vocabulary for the speech recognition engine; thirdly, to explore the possibility of automatically generating transliterations of non diacritised Arabic words; fourthly to construct a general method to compare and evaluate different transliteration; and finally, to test the system and use it to experiment with new transliterations ideas.

A novel testing method was found to evaluate transliteration rules and an automatic application system has been developed. This method was used to compare five existing transliteration tables: UN, Qalam, Buckwalter, ArabTeX and Alghamdi tables. From the results of these comparisons, new rules were developed in order to improve transliteration performance; these rules achieved of score $37.9 \%$ transliteration performance which is higher than the $19.1 \%$ score achieved using Alghamdi's table which was the best performing of the existing transliteration tables tested. Most of the improvement was obtained by changing letter(s) for letter(s) transliterations, further improvements were made by more sophisticated rules based on combinations of letters and diacritics.

Speech recognition performance is not a direct test of transliteration acceptability, but does correlate well with human judgement, and offers consistency and repeatability. The issues surrounding the user of English ASR for this application are discussed, as are proposals to further improve transliteration systems.
"This work is the intellectual property of the author. You may copy up to $5 \%$ of this work for private study, or personal, non-commercial research. Any re-use of the information contained within this document should be fully referenced, quoting the author, title, university, degree level and pagination. Queries or requests for any other use, or if a more substantial copy is required, should be directed in the owner of the Intellectual Property Rights."

## Acknowledgements

This Ph.D. thesis is the outcome of collective efforts from all those contributed to it directly or indirectly. Therefore, I would like to acknowledge them all for their love and support. Praise be to Allah (God), the most gracious and the most merciful, without his blessing and guidance my accomplishments would never have been possible.

I would like to express acknowledgement to Dr. Graham Tranfield, for accepting me as a Ph.D. student and introducing me to this ever challenging field of transliteration and speech recognition and for his patience, constant support from the beginning of my PhD studies, especially the understanding shown during my first year and his guidance throughout my research program at Nottingham Trent University. I also would like to express my appreciation to Dr. Taha Osman and Dr Tony Allen, for their guidance and support.

Subsequently, I would like to dedicate this to my husband Bashar and my son Abdulrahman.
The unconditional love and encouragement provided by my family served as a secure anchor during the hard and easy times; thank you Dad (Ismail), Mum (Fatima) and my loving grandmother (Haya), may her soul rest in peace!

I also would like to thank my sisters (Khairya, Haya, Shahad, and Zain), brother (Mohammed) and auntie (Huda) who are always there for me. I cannot thank you enough for all you have done.

Finally, I wish to express my gratitude to the University of Bahrain for its support and sponsorship during my post-graduate studies which greatly contributed to the successful completion of this study.

Thank you all, for everything!

## Table of Contents

Table of Contents ..... IV
List of Figures ..... VII
List of Tables ..... VIII
CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION
1.1 Overview and contribution of this work ..... 3
1.2 Outline of the thesis ..... 7
CHAPTER 2: LITERATURE REVIEW
2.1 Introduction to Transliteration ..... 10
2.1.1 Transliteration Schemes ..... 15
2.1.2 Problems with the available schemes and proposed solution. ..... 18
2.1.3 Difference between Arabic and English ..... 19
2.1.4 The state of the art of computer transliteration ..... 21
2.1.5 Transliteration Evaluation ..... 26
2.2 Speech Recognition ..... 27
2.2.1 The evaluation of speech recognition ..... 29
2.2.2 Arabic speech recognition ..... 35
2.2.3 Summary ..... 36
2.3 Discussion ..... 37
2.4 Chapter Summary. ..... 39
CHAPTER 3: RECOGNISING ARABIC WORDS USING AN ENGLISH SPEECH RECOGNITION ENGINE
3.1 Introduction ..... 40
3.2 Initial Word Selection ..... 44
3.3 Manual Transliteration ..... 46
3.4 Selection of Words ..... 47
3.4.1 Refining the selection ..... 52
3.5 Evaluation ..... 53
3.6 Conclusion \& Discussion ..... 62
CHAPTER 4: AUTOMATICALLY TRANSLITERATING AND GENERATING WORDS FROM DIACRITISED ARABIC
4.1 The use of voice recordings instead of live voices ..... 68
4.2 Automatic transliteration of Diacritised Words ..... 71
4.3 Testing of words transliterated automatically ..... 73
4.4 Discussion \& Conclusion ..... 76
CHAPTER 5: TRANSLITERATION OF UNDIACRITISED WORDS
5.1 Automatic transliteration of undiacritised Words ..... 78
5.1.1 Three letter words. ..... 84
5.1.2 Longer words ..... 85
5.1.3 Limitation ..... 86
5.1.4 Evaluation test ..... 88
5.2 Discussion \& Conclusion ..... 90
CHAPTER 6: SYSTEM FOR TESTING TRANSLITERATION RULES
6.1 Introduction. ..... 91
6.2 Preparation of data ..... 91
6.2.1 Selection of vocabulary words ..... 92
6.3 Recording of voices ..... 93
6.4 Selection of transliteration tables ..... 96
6.5 Results ..... 99
6.6 Overall recognition rates ..... 99
6.7 Analysis of individual letters ..... 101
6.8 Summary ..... 103

## CHAPTER 7 IMPROVEMENTS TO ALGHAMDI'S TRANSLITERATION TABLE

7.1 Introduction ..... 104
7.2 Finding improvements in the transliteration rules ..... 104
7.3 Improvements to single letter transliteration ..... 104
7.3.1 The method used to identify how to improve the transliteration of single letter ..... 105
7.3.2 The new transliteration rule based on single letter ..... 106
7.3.3 Recognition results using the new single letter transliterations ..... 109
7.4 Improvements using letter diacritic pairs ..... 109
7.4.1 The method used to identify how improve the transliteration of letter and diacritic pair ..... 115
7.4.2 Recognition results using the new rules based on letter diacritic pair ..... 117
7.5 Improvements using diacritems ..... 117
7.5.1 The method used to identify how to improve the transliteration of diacritem ..... 118
7.5.2 Recognition results using the new rules based on Diacritem ..... 121
7.6 Evaluating the system for testing and improving transliterations ..... 122
7.6.1 The method used to evaluate the system for improving transliterations ..... 122
7.7Comparison of Alghamdi's and the improved diacritem transliteration tables ..... 126
7.8 Conclusion ..... 128
CHAPTER 8 DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION
8.1 Achievements ..... 132
8.1.1 Using English speech recognition technology for the recognition of Arabic ..... 132
8.1.2 Automatically generating transliterations of diacritised Arabic words ..... 134
8.1.3 Constructing a novel method to test and compare transliteration tables ..... 135
8.1.4 Experimenting with new novel transliterations ideas to find improvements in the transliteration rules ..... 138
8.2 Overall contributions of this work ..... 139
8.3 Future work. ..... 140
8.3.1 Automating the transliteration testing process ..... 141
8.3.2 Testing the application using more complex vocabularies and generating guidelines ..... 141
8.3.3 Covering other languages and accents ..... 142
References ..... R-1
Appendix A- The International Phonetic Alphabetic Alphabet Chart ..... A-1
Appendix B- Survey on developing an Arabic voice Spelling alphabet ..... B-1
Appendix C- Voice speller application code ..... C-1
Appendix D- Transliteration application code and process diagrams ..... D-1
Appendix E- Diacritical Rules ..... E-1
Appendix F- The possibilities of the word (Nawal) after applying ..... F-1 diacritical rules to the transliteration application
Appendix G- The 499 words analysis ..... G-1
Appendix H- The 499 chosen words ..... H-1
Appendix I- The transliterations of the 499 words using the ..... I-1 Buckwalter, Arabtex, Alghamdi, Qalam, United Nations, and the two improved tables (SLT \& LDPT).
Appendix J- Alghamdi's recognition analysis ..... J-1
Appendix K- Letter or diacritic alternatives to create an ..... K-1 improvement to Alghamdi's transliterations
Appendix L- Improved SLT recognition analysis ..... L-1
Appendix M- Letter Diacritic pair analysis ..... M-1
Appendix N- Further analysis of the odd pairs cases ..... $\mathrm{N}-1$
Appendix O- Problematic letter/diacritic pair alternatives ..... O-1
Appendix P- Improved LDPT recognition analysis ..... P-1
Appendix Q- Diacritem analysis ..... Q-1
Appendix R- Diacritem alternatives ..... R-1
Appendix S- The transliteration comparison survey ..... S-1
Appendix T- New list of (kha) words ..... T-1
Appendix U- Alghamdi and improved DT table comparison ..... U-1
Accuracy evaluation by the two experts
Appendix V- Published Papers ..... V-1

## List of Figures

Figure 2.1 The speech recognition system parts. (Kemble, 2011). 29
Figure 3.1 Transliteration evaluation process 41
Figure 3.2 Recognising Arabic words using an English Speech engine 43
Figure 3.3 Diagram of the experimental methodology 49
Figure 3.4 The Accuracy Rates of Words Recognition 55
Figure $3.5 \quad$ The Accuracy Rates of Words Recognition (Test 2) 58
Figure 4.1 The design of evaluating transliteration tables' process 67
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Figure } 4.2 & \begin{array}{l}\text { Diagram of the use of voice recordings to aid transliteration } \\ \text { experiment methodology }\end{array} & 69\end{array}$
Figure $4.3 \quad$ Diagram of automatic transliteration methodology 73
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Figure 4.4 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Testing methodology using recordings and automatically } \\ \text { transliterated vocabulary }\end{array} & 74\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Figure 5.1 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Diagram of the process of diacritising and transliterating } \\ \text { Arabic undiacritsed words and using speech recognition } \\ \text { engine to test the accuracy of the transliterations. }\end{array} & 79\end{array}$
Figure 5.2 Diagram of automatically generating all the transliterated 83 diacritised possibilities of the undiacritised Arabic word experiment methodology.
Figure 5.3 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Line chart for the number of possibilities for the } 28 \text { Arabic } 87 \\ & \text { alphabet words. }\end{aligned}$ alphabet words.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Figure 6.1 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { UN, Qalam, Buckwalter, ArabTeX and Alghamdi's } \\ \text { transliteration table's comparison results }\end{array} & 100\end{array}$
Figure 7.1 Comparison of the recognition rates of Alghamdi's, single 122 letter, letter/diacritic pair and diacritem transliteration tables.

Figure 7.2 Alghamdi and improved DT table comparison usability 127 evaluation

Figure 7.3 Alghamdi and improved DT table comparison Accuracy 127 evaluation by expert 1

## List of Tables

Table 2.1 Statistics of the occurrence of the Arabic name "Mohammed" ..... 11 with different diacritics on the Internet using the Google search engine.
Table 2.2 Habash et al's (2007) transliteration and transcription scheme. ..... 16
Table 2.3 ISO 233 transliteration scheme. ..... 17
Table 2.4 Buckwalter's (2002) transliteration scheme. ..... 17
Table 2.5 Statistics of the occurrence of the Arabic word "with ..... 23different diacritics on the Internet using the Google searchengine (Alghamdi et al., 2010).
Table 3.1 Initial Code Word Selection45
Table 3.2 Recognition rates for candidate words ..... 51
Table 3.3 Set of Chosen words ..... 52
Table $3.4 \quad$ Evaluation results. ..... 54
Table 3.5 Misrecognition of words ..... 55
Table 3.6 New set of Words ..... 57
Table 3.7 Noisy vs. quiet environment recognition rates comparison ..... 58
Table 3.8 Evaluation results (Test 2) ..... 59
Table 3.9 Final set of Words ..... 60
Table 3.10 Evaluation results 3 ..... 61
Table 3.11 The words that got changed to create the new table ..... 62
Table 3.12 The effect of transliterations on recognition rates. ..... 64
Table 4.1 Using recorded voices evaluation results ..... 70
Table 4.2 Arabic Diacritics ..... 71
Table 4.3 United Nations Educational, Scientific and cultural ..... 72Organization, Transliteration table
Table 4.4 IPA diacritics transliteration table ..... 72
Table 4.5 Evaluation results of Testing of the 28 words generated ..... 75 automatically using recorded voices
Table 5.1 The possibilities of adding diacritics to the word Huda ..... 80
Table 5.2 Number of possibilities for each of the 28 chosen words ..... 88
Table 5.3 Evaluation results for a subset of the 28 chosen words that ..... 89 produce 480 or less possibilities
Table 6.1 Recognition rates of the recordings using the application from ..... 96 CITE compared to the recordings by Gaudio
Table 6.2 UN, Qalam, Buckwalter, ArabTeX and Alghamdi's ..... 98 Transliteration Tables
Table 6.3 IPA diacritics transliteration table ..... 99
Table 6.4 UN, Qalam, Buckwalter, ArabTeX and Alghamdi's ..... 99 Transliteration Tables comparison tests results
Table 6.5 Alghamdi's transliteration table recognition results ..... 100
Table 6.6 Alghamdi's single letter or diacritic recognition rates analysis ..... 102
Table 7.1 Differences between Alghamdi's table and the improved ..... 107 transliteration table (SLT)
Table 7.2 The improved SLT transliteration table ..... 108
Table 7.3 Overall test results for the new rule based on single letter ..... 109 transliteration
Table 7.4 Differences between the SLT table and the LDPT table ..... 116
Table 7.5 The improved LDPT table overall test results ..... 117
Table 7.6 'Fat ha' diacritems that got changed ..... 119
Table $7.7 \quad$ Dhamma diacritems that got changed ..... 120
Table $7.8 \quad$ kasra diacritems that got changed ..... 120
Table 7.9 The improved DT table overall test results ..... 121
Table 7.10 Alternatives for the letter kha comparison ..... 124
Table 7.11 Analysis of the recognition of the 4 recordings by Groups 1 and ..... 1252 reading (kha represented as kh) words.

## CHAPTER1

## Introduction

This research proposes a novel systematic approach to evaluating Arabic to English transliteration systems with the aid of speech recognition technology.

Mubarak et al., (2005) define transliteration as "transcribing a word or text written in one writing system into another writing system".

Transliteration retains the original sound of the word, so when a person attempts to pronounce the transliterated word, they make the same sound as the native speaker pronouncing the word written in the original language.

A lot of words like proper names for people, places, technical terms and organisations are rarely translated because they don't have a meaning. Instead they are transliterated. For example a name like "Shaheen", would be spelled in a French influenced country as "Chahine". Also the name Antonio could have an English equivalent e.g. Anthony, but that is not really his name, so it should be transliterated as Antonio to preserve the pronunciation of the phrase (Knight and Graehl, 1998).

It is common for language pairs that use the same script like Spanish -English to use the original spelling , For example Antonio gets transliterated as Antonio and Paris is used in English and in French. Nevertheless, "for language pairs that use different alphabets and sound systems, such as Japanese/English and Arabic/English the situation is more complicated" as stated by Knight and Graehl (1998).

The history of transliteration goes back to ancient times. Ancient maps and documents show names of cities written in Latin script which is clearly not the native
way of writing of the inhabitants; also early transliteration of Hebrew occurred with the contact between the Romans and the Jews.

As for the history of rules for transliteration, in 1885 the American Library Association (ALA) created a system for representing Cyrillic characters (Slavic information literacy, 2012). No diacritics were used and reverse transliteration was not considered. Diacritics are marks, or glyphs, sometimes called accesnt. They can appear above or below a letter, or sometimes in other positions such as within the letter or between two letters. The effect of diacritical marks is to change the sound of the letter to which they are attached. In very general terms, linguistic oriented publications tend toward systems with diacritics, while literature and cultural publications tend toward systems without diacritics; hence there was a need to develop a system that would incorporate both with and without diacritics. In 1905 the Library of Congress created their system for representing Cyrillic, which is almost identical to what is used today (Slavic information literacy, 2012). The British Academy created their own system in 1917 after appointing a committee to consider and draw up a practical scheme for transliteration into English of words and names belonging to Russian and other Slavonic languages and the languages of the Nearer East (UOAL, 2010; The British Academy, 1917).

The need for Arabic transliteration technology is increasing and this is derived from the major role it is playing in many applications, for example cross language information retrieval, airline, tickets, medical records, and a range of security applications such as terrorist watch lists, named entity recognition for instance the passport, as the principle information (name and place of birth) cannot be translated.

The biggest complication for Arabic transliteration seems to be that some sounds in Arabic may not exist in the target language. An obvious example is the problem for Arabic to English transliteration; Only eight out of 28 Arabic letters have an obvious equivalent in the Roman alphabet: $B, F, K, L, M, N, R$, and $Z$. Moreover Arabic has two
distinct consonants that are close to the sound of S . The same applies to $\mathrm{D}, \mathrm{H}$ and T . Also, there are two glottal sounds that do not obviously correspond to any Roman letter (Al-bab, 2009).

The Deutsche Morgenländische Gesellschaft scheme was most likely the earliest attempt at standardization of Arabic- English data; in 1936 the system was approved by the International Convention of Orientalist Scholars (Whitaker, 2002). It is also used in the Hans Wehr Arabic dictionary. In 1971 another Arabic-English transliteration standard was adopted at a conference of Arab experts in Beirut (see Albab, 2009).

Two international symposiums were held in 2003 and 2006 by the Saudi academia and authority. The purpose was to customize the transliteration of Arabic names into the English Alphabet (Alghamdi, 2009). Both symposiums ended by developing a standardized Romanization table and algorithms.

### 1.1 Overview and contribution of this work

Nowadays, the increased demand for travel has led to an increased need for transliteration, for example the passport and ID; as the principle information (name and place of birth) cannot be translated. Similar issues arise for birth certificates, driving license and airline tickets. Increased travel means more requirements for transliteration of place names and addresses; increased world trade prompts similar demands (need to translate shipping locations, etc. and also the names of companies and people involved in transactions).

If documents such as those mentioned are used in a country that speaks a different language and the lettering system is different, problems can arise. For example when an Arabic traveller visits a foreign country, entering the data from the Arabic person's passport into the foreign country's system is impossible unless an appropriate transliteration system is available.

Even though there are spelling principles, there isn't one "correct" spelling for an English-Arabic transliteration as declared by AbdulJaleel and Larkey, (2003). For example Whitaker (2008) classifies about 32 different English spellings for the name of the Libyan leader Muammar Al-Gaddafi. The name of the Indian capital was at one time transliterated as "Bombay" in English; at present the official transliteration "Mumbai" is used. Another example is the Chinese capital Beijing which was formerly transliterated as Peking.

If someone needs to do a search for flights to Mumbai in a database, then any information that has been entered about Bombay will be missed as it is different data but means the same thing. There is therefore a need for a consistent method of transliteration.

The Arabic language is represented in 28 letters, which differs from the 26 letters of the Roman alphabet in which English is written. A word in Arabic may appear in different forms in English as there is no standard way of transliterating the letters from Arabic to English. For example, the name "غدير" can be transliterated: Ghadeer, Ghadir, Ghader... This can create a misunderstanding for officials and employees. The main reason for this is was the absence of standards as stated by Alghamdi (2009).

For Arabic/English transliteration there are a variety of schemes, such as The Buckwalter Arabic transliteration (Habash et al., 2007), SATTS, ISO 233 , Qalam (Becker, 1987), and ArabTeX (Lagally, 2004). These have been developed for the Arabic language. Transliteration systems have been developed for many other languages, such as Serbian and Russian (UNESCO, 2006a, 2006b).

However, there is still the question of how effective any particular transliteration system is. Alghamdi (2009) stated that "the used Arabic-English transliteration systems are inconsistent, inappropriate, or unsystematic. These difficulties caused concerns for the security and legal authorities." (p1). The systems are available but the question of how to evaluate them still remains. While there has been a developing interest in transliteration, the technology of speech recognition has also
been developing. Speech recognition systems deal with ways of representing and recognising sounds.

In recent years significant advances have been made in the field of speech recognition. It is now well established that accurate systems have been developed (Doe, 1998).

According to Wadhwani et al. (2011) "speech recognition is the ability to listen to (input in audio format) spoken words and classifying various sounds present in it, and recognizing them as words of some known language". For transliteration, when an Arabic name is converted into English script, the resulting transliteration is a word which should produce a close match of the original sound when spoken in the foreign language. This basically means choosing the best letters in the foreign language to represent the sound of the word in its original language (Sherif and Kondrak, 2007). When a word is spoken in a microphone, the voice analog signal gets converted into digital chunks of data that the computer must analyze. It is from this data that the computer must extract enough information to guess the spoken word (Haque et al., 2010).

A word consists of sounds or linguistic units known as phonemes. The speech recognition engine can match the segments to phonemes in the appropriate language. Many factors can affect how phonemes are converted into words like the speaker accent and age and the surrounding phonemes.

According to Deb et al., (2010) "English uses about 40 phonemes to convey the 500,000 or so words it contains, making them a relatively good data item for speech engines to work with". Transliteration tables are basically representations of every letter in the chosen language and the phonetic representation for this letter (how this letter should be pronounced).

That is why phonemes are studied in this research to allow the use of English engines to recognize Arabic words, for the purpose of comparing and testing transliteration tables.

There are several commercially available speech recognition systems such as Dragon Naturally Speaking (Nuance, 2006) and IBM ViaVoice (IBM, 2006). Peissner, (2002) states that the majority have been developed for the English language although there are several speech engines that have been developed for other languages.

Research into English speech recognition is becoming more intensive, and work on other languages, such as Farsi (Saleem, 2008; Srinivasamurthy and Narayanan, 2003), Vietnamese (Viet-Bac, 2007), and Arabic (Alghamdi, 2003) is steadily catching up.

The main aim of the research is to demonstrate a novel systematic way for evaluating currently published transliteration systems and to identify ways for improving these systems with the aid of speech recognition technology.

The quality of the transliterations could be tested using English speech recognition engine by matching the transliterated English words with their original Arabic words. If the recognised word matches the spoken word, this means that the transliterated word matches the original word and therefore the transliterated word is a good representation of the original word.

Automating the testing process ensures the repeatability and consistency of measuring the accuracy of the transliterations which contributes to the field and complements the existing evaluation methods of relying on subjective judgments.

## Research Question and Hypothesis

Research Question
What is the relationship between transliteration and speech recognition technology?

## Hypothesis

Comprehensive transliterated vocabulary and speech recognition technology could be used to implement an application to construct a novel general method to test different ways of performing transliteration; this could be used to evaluate currently published tables.

The initial objectives of this work can be summarized as follows:

1. Determine whether it is possible, for English speech recognition engines to recognize Arabic words with aid of Arabic transliteration.
2. Establish whether it is possible to automatically transliterate diacritised words for the purpose of creating a vocabulary for the speech recognition engine that could be used to evaluate transliteration tables.
3. Explore the possibility of automatically generating transliterations of non diacritised Arabic words (words without short vowel marks that provide a phonetic guide) and using speech recognition technology to evaluate transliteration tables.
4. Determine whether it is possible to construct a novel method to test and compare transliteration rules.
5. Establish whether it is possible to experiment with new novel transliteration ideas to find improvements in the transliteration rules.

### 1.2 Outline of the thesis

This thesis consists of 8 chapters which are as follows:

Chapter 1 provides a general introduction to the subject area within which this project is set in addition to discussing the motivation and contribution of this work.

Chapter 2 presents a literature survey of previous and recent work in the field of transliteration including Arabic transliteration and speech recognition technology. The problems associated with transliteration are also introduced in this chapter.

Chapter 3 provides a detailed discussion regarding the feasibility of using English speech engines to recognize Arabic transliterated words. This was achieved by manually finding a set of words which could be used to represent the 28 characters of the Arabic language. The English speech engine tries to match the English sounds that it believes that the Arabic speaker made against the transliterated vocabulary. The expected output is a string of English letters that would be pronounced like the input, these English letters represent the transliterations of the original words.

The possibility of using an American or British engine and the difference between them will also be covered. Issues surrounding the design and implementation of a letter identifier application that recognizes Arabic manually transliterated words will be provided. Finally experimental results are given.

Chapter 4 explores the idea that appropriate English vocabularies could be produced by automatically transliterating and generating words from diacritised Arabic for the purpose of creating a vocabulary for the speech recognition engine that could be used to evaluate transliteration tables. Moreover, the methodology and the effect of automating the process on recognition rates will be discussed. And finally the results for the automatic process based on diacritised Arabic will be mentioned.

Chapter 5 considers the possibility of generating transliterations of non diacritised Arabic words; the proof that this is impractical is clearly stated.

Chapter 6 presents a detailed description of the structure, development and implementation of a novel proposed system to test and compare transliteration tables. This involves identifying a comprehensive Arabic vocabulary as a research infrastructure which would also be available for Arabic researchers to stimulate further research in this field and its application.

Chapter 7 reports on using the proposed system to compare and improve currently published transliteration tables using new novel transliteration ideas like changing the letter for letter transliterations, then more sophisticated rules where different transliterations for letters depending on whether they are adjacent to specific diacritics also the use of more complex rules based on the novel concept of the diacritem has been explored.

Chapter 8 concludes the work by summarizing the major achievements and weaknesses of this study as well as discussing the contribution of the work and the potential avenues for further work.

## CHAPTER 2 Literature review

In this chapter, detailed discussions of transliteration, the differences between Arabic and English, and speech recognition are presented.

### 2.1 Introduction to Transliteration

The increased need for Arabic transliteration technology is derived from the major role it is playing in a variety of applications, for example machine translation, cross language information retrieval, a range of security applications such as anti-money laundering and terrorist watch lists, named entity recognition (for instance the passport, as the principle information (name and place of birth) cannot be translated; airline tickets, medical, financial, and educational records). Moreover increased travel means more requirements for transliteration of place names and addresses, similarly for increased world trade (need to translate shipping locations, etc. and also the names of companies and people involved in the transactions).

Many words like proper names for people, places, technical terms and organisations are hardly ever translated because they don't have a meaning. Instead they are transliterated.For example; Arabic proper names such as Fatima are generally transliterated into the English script. There is enormous unpredictability in the Arabic representation of foreign words, in particular named entities. Even though there are spelling principles, there isn't one approved spelling for Arabic (AbdulJaleel and Larkey, 2003).

Alghamdi (2005) searched for the name "Mohammed" using the Google search engine and summarised the results in Table 2.1. Similar results were obtained when searching for other Arabic names.

| No. | Transliteration | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Muhammad | 2.280 .000 |
| 2 | Mohammed | 2.000 .000 |
| 3 | Mohamed | 1.600 .000 |
| 4 | Mohammad | 1.150 .000 |
| 5 | Muhammed | 388.000 |
| 6 | Mohamad | 264.000 |
| 7 | Muhamed | 69.100 |
| 8 | Muhamad | 44.600 |

Table 2.1: Statistics of the occurrence of the Arabic name "Mohammed" with different diacritics on the Internet using the Google search engine.

Although Mohammed is one of the most common Arabic names, it is clear from the above table that people transliterate it differently because there is no commonly accepted scheme for transliteration that everyone agrees on.

Moreover, the absence of standards leads to difficulty in transliterating names for officials, employees and name carriers. An Arabic letter may appear in different forms. For example, "عبدالرحمن" can be transliterated: Abdulrahman, Abdalrahman, Abdelrahman... This creates confusion for officials, employees and name carriers (Alghamdi et al., 2006).

Transliteration can generally be defined as changing (letters, words, etc.) into the equivalent characters of another language or alphabet, a good example is transliterating the Greek X as Ch (dictionary.com, 2010).

Other definitions for transliteration exist like "the process of obtaining the phonetic translation of names across languages. A source language word can have more than one valid transliteration in the target language" (Shishtla et al., 2009, p.40).

It can also be described as "The process of converting a word from one orthography into another" according to AbdulJaleel and Larkey, (2003, p.1). Additionally Mubarak, Al Sharqawy, and AI Masry (2005) identify transliteration as "transcribing a word or text written in one writing system into another writing system". Best candidates for transliteration include people names, locations and organizations in addition to words borrowed into the language.

The process of transliterating Arabic to a Roman script representation is called transliteration; it is also called Romanization, due to the fact that the target language uses the Roman alphabet. The opposite operation of transliterating non Arabic script into Arabic is called Arabization according to Halpern (2007).

Transcribing spoken language phonetically is very straightforward as stated by Atkielski (2005), when a word is spoken, the phonetic symbols that correspond to the sounds of the spoken word are written. It is easier to recognize the sound if you understand the language but it isn't necessary, as long as you can recognize sounds and transcribe them.

According to Dobrovolsky and Katamba (2008) phonetic transcription is a system for transcribing sounds that occur in a language. It attempts to represent each sound of speech with a single symbol. These symbols are enclosed in brackets [ ] to indicate that the transcription is phonetic and does not represent the spelling system of a particular language. For example, the sound spelled th in English this is transcribed as [ $ð]$ (pronounced eth, as in weather).

Two types of transcription exist, broad transcription that gives only a basic idea of the sounds of a language; in some cases this may be equivalent to a phonemic transcription. A close transcription, representing specific details of the sounds, is called a narrow transcription (Du Bois et al., 1993).

A number of systems have been developed for writing the sounds of the world's languages such as Alexander Melville Bell's Visible Speech (Duchan, 2006) and IPA (IPA, 2005). Many of the early workers made their own systems because there was no agreed standard or knowledge of the complete speech sound inventory (Hieronymus, 1993).

The most widely known system of phonetic transcription, the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA) has hundreds of symbols, but only about fifty corresponding to the number of sounds used in English (Atkielski, 2005). IPA was developed in 1888 and revised several times to its present form. It represents putting a symbol to each sound in all of the known languages in the world; it is an exact one to one correspondence between written symbols and spoken sounds (Hieronymus, 1993). Refer to appendix A for the IPA full chart.

The main drawback of using Phonetic transcription is that it requires the user to be familiar with whatever system of transcription is used.

AbdulJaleel and Larkey (2003) argue that a lot of mystery surrounds the terms transliteration and transcription, with the first frequently used misleadingly in the sense of the second even in academic papers.

According to them, "Transliteration is a representation of the script of a source language by using the characters of another script. Ideally, it unambiguously represents the graphemes (spelling), rather than the phonemes (sounds), of the source language, whereas, Transcription is a representation of the source script of a language in the target script in a manner that reflects the pronunciation of the original, often ignoring graphemic correspondence" (p.1).

Additionally, Zhang and Li, (2012), indicated that "a transliteration may be almost the same as a transcription if the relations between letters and sounds are similar in both languages. Also some mixed transliteration/transcription systems exist. In a broader sense, the word transliteration may be used to include both transliteration in the
narrow sense and transcription" (p.1). This research will look into transliteration as it attempts to transcribe from one orthography to another, so that the word, when read, sounds the same.

As described in Al-Onaizan and Knight, (2002), two types of transliteration exist, forward transliteration and backward transliteration. Forward Transliteration is the transliteration of a foreign name into English or another language. Typically, there are several acceptable transliteration candidates.

Backward Transliteration is the reverse transliteration process used to obtain the original form of an English name that has already been transliterated into the foreign language. In this case, only one transliteration is retained, for example Graham is the original transliteration for غراهام, and جراهام, other transliterations like Garaham, and Jraham are acceptable but not correct.

This research will concentrate on forward transliteration only, since this is what is needed for testing and comparing transliteration systems.

According to Whitaker (2008), "Transcribing Arabic into the Roman alphabet is fraught with difficulty. And in an age of electronic text, search engines and databases, the problem is only going to get worse".

When transliterating between two languages with many phonemic incompatibilities, such as English and Arabic, this is particularly true.

All of the previously mentioned definitions of transliteration and transcription are vague. The problem is that the various definitions are not the same and this could cause confusion when these terms are used interchangebly.

The word transliteration will be used in this research as it describes an attempt to transcribe from one orthography to another, so that the word, when read, sounds the same.

### 2.1.1 Transliteration Schemes

Habash et al., (2007) referred to transliteration as a way of using English letters and other symbols to represent Arabic letters in a one-to-one way by using letters and phonetic symbols. Their scheme highlighted the transliteration and transcription of Arabic letters to English.

Although this scheme defined transliteration more specifically, it cannot be used by officials for writing peoples' names for example, because of the usage of phonetic symbols like $\theta$ and $\delta$. The Habash et al., scheme is based on the Buckwalter transliteration scheme. The main advantages of the Buckwalter transliteration is that it is written in ASCII characters. However, the Buckwalter transliteration is not easy to read. Hence, the Habash et al., scheme avoided this problem by extending the Buckwalter transliteration scheme to include non-ASCII characters of which the pronunciation is easier to remember.

Table 2.2 below illustrates Habash et al.,'s transliteration and transcription scheme.

| Arabic | (Habash et al., 2007) <br> Transliteration | Pronunciation <br> As in | Arabic | (Habash et al., 2007) <br> Transliteration | Pronunciation <br> As in |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ب | B | Ball | b | T | Emphatic t |
| ت | T | Tree | ظ | Ď | Emphatic D |
| ث | $\Theta$ | Three | $\varepsilon$ | ¢. | Sounds like a sharp a |
| ج | J | Jordan | غ | Y | Parisian <br> French r |
| ح | H | Sounds like a sharp h | ف | f | Film |
| $\dot{\text { خ }}$ | X | Scottish Loch | ق | q | Sounds like a deep $k$ |
| د | D | Door | ك | k | Kite |
| ذ | Đ | The | J | I | Cool |
| 」 | R | Road | P | m | Man |
| j | Z | Zoo | $\dot{\cup}$ | n | New |
| س | S | Sue | هـ | h | Hot |
| ش | Š | Shoe | و | w | Would |
| ص | S | Emphatic s | ي | y | Yoke |
| ضט | D | Emphatic d |  |  |  |

Table 2.2 Habash et al's (2007) transliteration and transcription scheme.

Other schemes exist like the ISO 233 code, which is an established system for Arabic transliteration Romanization that was completed in 1984.

Table 2.3 below presents the ISO 233 scheme (Pedersen, 2008).

| Arabic alphabet |  |  |  |  | \% |  | - | $\bigcirc$ | ) |  |  | $\sim$ |  |  |  |  | غ |  |  | 5 | $\bigcirc$ | ? |  |  | , | ي |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ISO 233 |  |  |  |  | h |  | d d |  |  | S |  | S |  |  | t | ? | g | $f$ |  | k |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 2.3 ISO 233 transliteration scheme.
The ISO 233 scheme contains some symbols (punctuation marks and Latin letters with a caron) like ', ' and ǧ; this is why it cannot be used for the transliteration of names by officials.

Buckwalter (2002) developed the Buckwalter Arabic transliteration system which follows the standard encoding preferences prepared for representing Arabic characters for computers. The key advantages of this transliteration system are that it is written in ASCII characters and is a strict one to one transliteration. Nevertheless, the Buckwalter transliteration is not necessarily easy to read. Habash et al., (2007) mentioned that The Buckwalter transliteration has been used in a lot of natural language processing publications and at the Linguistic Data Consortium (LDC) resources.


Table 2.4 Buckwalter's (2002) transliteration scheme.

Like ISO233 and Habash et al., (2007) transliteration schemes, symbols are found in the Buckwalter scheme like \$ and * which makes it not suitable for use by people.

SATTS is another transliteration standard which is one to one mapping to Latin Morse equivalents (Arabic Transliteration wiki, 2012).

In Morse code the signals are sequences of short and long pulses (dots and dashes) and the significates are the 26 letters of the English alphabet, the digits 0-9, and certain punctuation marks (Krauss, 2002).

### 2.1.2 Problems with the available schemes and proposed solution

All of the previous standards contain some nonstandard English letters (symbols) such as $\$$, *, $\Theta$ and '; these standards use these symbols to represent the equivalent letters with one character only. Hence, Alghamdi et al., (2006) indicated that due to the lack of standard English letters transliteration, transliterating Arabic names is difficult for officials, employees, etc... Thus Saudi academia and authority held two international symposiums in 2003 and 2006 to try and solve this problem of standardising the transliteration of Arabic proper names into the English alphabet and the transliteration of foreign proper names into Arabic. Experts were invited to participate in the two events.

The first symposium was titled "Standardizing Arabic Names Transliteration: Security Dimensions". Topics including writing Arabic names in the Arabic alphabet, existing Romanization systems of Arabic names and the problems of the existing Romanization methods were covered. The symposium ended by developing a standardized Romanization table. This table didn't solve the problem completely as some problems remain, such as parsing and compound names.

Three years later, another symposium was held under the name: "Transliteration between Languages: Romanization of Arabic Proper Names". The outcomes of the symposium were a transliteration table and algorithms. This table solved the problems in the first table, like No difference between capital and small letters; for example not using the capital A for The letter $\varepsilon$ and the small a for the letter ${ }^{1}$, parsing should not be included in the transliteration; Muhammad not Muhammadan and compound names to be treated as one; Abdulrahman not Abdul Rahman (Alghamdi, 2009).

Based on these outcomes the door was opened for software engineers and phoneticians to implement systems that can aid in areas like health records, security, immigration, travel agencies and educational institutions.

Alghamdi et al., (2006) introduced a transliteration table that uses only plain Roman Alphabets that can be processed and printed easily, so that ordinary people can read the transliterations. His transliteration scheme differs from the previously mentioned schemes in that his scheme uses only plain letters (no symbols are used), and he uses more than one character to represent some letters whereas the previous schemes used only one character to represent each letter.

King Abdulaziz City for Science and Technology (KACST) supported a project in 2006 to develop a software system that can transliterate any name in Arabic into English based on the standards from the outcome of the two symposiums. The software system plus a collection of more than 70,000 Arabic proper names were developed. The system has been available and used since then (Alghamdi et al., 2006). However the look up system is only capable of transliterating Arabic names that are part of the 70,000 names in the system, it is not capable of transliterating anything else.

A lot of transliteration schemes are available and continue to emerge (Habash et al., 2007), and (Wikipedia, 2010e). However, Halpern (2007) believes that, in spite of the importance of Arabic transliteration, it has not been the subject of sufficient studies.

### 2.1.3 Difference between Arabic and English

"Arabic language faces some challenges like dialects, contrast between written and spoken language, gender differences in speech and vowelling" (Tomokiyo et al., 2003, p.1).

According to Frankfurt International School, (2012) the main differences between Arabic and English can be summarized as, 28 letters represent Arabic language, 10 of
these do not exist in the English language. The letters P, V, X, Ch, G do not exist in Arabic (except in certain dialects) and are replaced by the Arabic sounds B, F, and KS. Arabic is written from right to left, the opposite of the English writing system, which is written from left to right. Arabic is written cursively, and the letter appearance changes when occurring in the beginning, middle, or end of a word or when written alone. Additionally, there are major differences between male and female in pronouns, verbs, words, and sentence structure. Conjugation in Arabic is not the same as English. All verbs stem from a root verb and conjugate depending on number and gender. The root verbs conjugate to make different meanings as well, if you know the root word you can almost always guess what the conjugated verb means. The grammar structures are very complex, but systematic and contain few exceptions. It is an orthographically regular language, unlike English, which is irregular. There aren't really any silent letters except in a few rare cases (Frankfurt International School, 2012).

There are many different Arabic dialects, which vary according to the speaker's city, district or country. There are three main classes of Arabic dialects: the Eastern dialects of Egypt and Sudan, the Middle East and the Western dialects of North Africa. All dialects are commonly understood among all Arabs, with the exception of the Western dialects of Tunisia, Algeria, and Morocco (Tomokiyo et al., 2003). Major phonological differences are apparent between these groups of dialects (Gulf, Levantine, Egyptian/Sudanese, and Maghrebi); the main differences are in the pronunciation of specific phonemes, such as the qaf, the jim, and the tha and dha. In the eighth century AD, Sibawayh recognized and approved the scheme and place of pronunciation of each Arabic sound, in his famous book "Al-Kitaab" (Abdilmun'im, 1993). Alghamdi (2006) continued Sibawayh's work by fully analysing, clarifying and describing Arabic sounds.

King Abdulaziz City for Science and Technology (Alghamdi, 2003) has published a detailed and comprehensive database called KACST Arabic Phonetics Database
(KAPD). KAPD contains more than 46000 files, and gives almost all the details of the articulatory mechanism of Arabic sounds. This database is very rich and is considered an important resource for all researchers in the field.

Arabic differs from English as it faces some challenges like Arabic dialects are essentially spoken varieties; also gender differences in speech and vowelling and the contrast between written and spoken language. These differences should be taken into account prior to transliteration.

### 2.1.4 The state of the art of computer transliteration

Noeman (2009) states that "Most prior work in Arabic-related transliteration has been for the purpose of machine translation and for Arabic/English transliteration" (p200).

Many transliteration systems appear to be included along with online translation (Ajeeb, 2010). Transliteration for many language pairs like English and Arabic (AlOnaizan et al., 2002) and English and Korean (Lee and Choi, 1998) has been the focus of many research projects.

A simple Arabic/English transliteration system has been implemented by Al-Onaizan and Knight, (2002); they have also evaluated the reasonableness of their transliterations according to human judges. They report the overall accuracy of their transliteration algorithm using a phonetic- based model is $37.16 \%$ whereas the spelling-based model achieved 56.88\%.

Arbabi et al., (1994) developed an algorithm at IBM for automatic forward transliteration of Arabic personal names into their Roman equivalent by vowelizing the given Arabic name by inserting the appropriate short vowels. Then the vowelized Arabic name is converted into its phonetic Roman representation using parser and table look up. The phonetic representation is then used in a table look up to produce
the spelling. This method applies only to Arabic names that follow strict morphololigical rules which limit the applicability of this approach since many organization and person names do not conform to these rules.

Ben Sassi, Braham, and Balghith, (2001) implemented a system where letters to sound rules are specified in a neural network based diaphone system manually.

The traditional methods like synthesis by rule and synthesis by concatenation of prerecorded sounds used for this haven't given good results. Hence, neural networks were used because they have the potential to give better results thanks to their property of interpolation and their capacity of generalisation.

Tomokiyo et al., (2003) described a synthesis system for Modern Standard Arabic (MSA) that uses diaphones and definite subsyllable units. They automatically produce vowels. Their general-domain Arabic synthesizer runs 7 times faster than real time with a 9MB footprint and has an accuracy of 84.7 for sentences. The only limitation is that this system was designed for handheld devices only.

In modern Arabic text, there are no diacritics, which make it very difficult for the computer to process it, because the pronunciation of Arabic words cannot be fully determined by their spelling characters only. It could happen that two different words have identical spelling whereas their pronunciations and meanings are totally different. To remove this ambiguity, diacritics should be applied to determine the correct pronunciation. If a non diacritised word was to be used as a part of the vocabulary for a speech recognition engine, all the possible diacritics would be applied to all letters in different places and thus more possibilities would be generated to ensure that all words with identical spelling but different meaning are covered. The more words the vocabulary contains, the more load is placed on the system to attempt to recognise the spoken word.

Providing the computer with algorithms to copy the human ability in identifying the proper diacritics of the text is crucial. This tool can form the basis for text to speech
applications, Automatic Translation (Trost, 1991) and Arabic data mining applications (Hussein, 1998).

As an example of how frequent an Arabic word is diacritised in modern writing, Alghamdi et al., (2010) searched for the word "ورق" with different diacritics using the Google search engine and summarised the results in Table 2.5. Similar results were obtained when searching for other Arabic words. The frequency of the occurrence of the Arabic undiacritised version of the words is always higher than the occurrence of the diacritised words. This proves that in modern Arabic diacritics aren't always included.

| Arabic <br> Word | English Meaning | Frequency | Percentage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ورق |  | 1,380,000 | 99.91 |
| وَرَقِ | Paper | 962 | 00.07 |
| وَرِق | Silver | 258 | 00.02 |
| وَرَّق | coming out <br> Leaves | 1 | 00.00 |
| Total |  | 1,381,221 | 100 |

Table 2.5: Statistics of the occurrence of the Arabic word "ورق" with different diacritics on the Internet using the Google search engine (Alghamdi et al., 2010).

Diacritisation can be defined as the process of adding the correct diacritics to an unmarked text. According to Tomokiyo et al., (2003) "Diacritics representing the correct Classical Arabic vowels appear in religious texts and children's literature, and are identified as the vowelling or the vocalization"(p.2).

On the other hand Elshafei et al., (2002) insists on using the term diacritization instead of vowelling for the reason that, the missing symbols do not represent vowels only but also, shaddah (consonant doubling), lack of vowels sukoon (written as a small circle as in ${ }^{-}$) and Tanween (the doubled case ending diacritics are vowels used at the end of the words to mark case distinction, which can be considered as a double short vowels) (Zitouni et al., 2006) which make it more comprehensive, and that is why the term diacritisation will be used in this thesis.

This dilemma of Arabic diacritization in general has been addressed by El-Imam, (2003), Zitouni et al., (2006), Habash and Rambow, (2007), and Elshafei et al., (2006); all trying to handle this problem using statistical approaches but they tend to handle the case ending diacritic mark in the same way they used to handle the internal (any letter but the last) diacritics. This is a problem according to Shaalan et al. (2009), because they believe that the detection of case-ending diacritics is a syntactic based problem whereas detecting the internal diacritics is a morphological-based problem so the two should be dealt with differently.

Obviously, determining the correct diacritics is a major consideration for Arabic recognition systems. Kirchhoff et al., (2003) describes an approach to automatic romanization for natural speech recognition that achieves $80 \%$ accuracy in generating the correct diacritisation as predicted by comparing it with manual diacritisation. This is an enormous improvement over the 50\% accuracy measured for commerciallyavailable diacritisers, which are targeted toward Modern Standard Arabic.

There are a few systems for diacritisation that are available in the market like that of Sakhr (2011), and RDI (AI Badrashiny, 2009). However, they are not open source and usually are integrated with other systems. Researchers who are interested in this area have tried their own technique and different methods have been applied for the diacritisation of Arabic text, for example AbdulJaleel and Larkey, (2003) managed to develop an n-gram based statistical system for romanising Arabic. Their system
achieved an error rate of $10 \%$-20\%. Automatic Diacritisers using Hidden Markov Models were developed by Elshafei et al., (2006), Ananthakrishnan et al., (2005), Kirchhoff et al., (2004) and Nelken and Shieber (2005), in addition to rule-based automatic diacritisers (El-Imam, 2004), example-based, hierarchical (Emam and Fischer, 2005), morphological and contextual-based were also developed by Kirchhoff et al., (2004). El-Sadany and Hashish, (1989) treated diacritisation as a machine translation problem.

The main disadvantage of these systems is the difficulty to keep the rules consistent, up-to-date and extend them to other Arabic dialects. All of the previous methods managed to score high accuracy rates (70-90\%) but the most successful seems to be using the HMM approach to solve the problem of automatic generation of the diacritical marks of the Arabic text, the use of a preprocessing stage and trigrams for selected number of words and articles may improve the performance to about 2.5\% error rate. Further improvement may require some knowledge-based tools involving morphology-syntax analysis (Elshafei b et al., 2006).

A number of the transliteration systems and diacritisers have been developed and used by researchers and users (Habash et al., 2007). Although human judges have been used to evaluate transliteration systems, the question of finding other ways to evaluate these systems remains as depending on human judges to evaluate transliteration systems is not reliable nor consistent.

The readily available transliteration systems still cause some concerns for security and legal authorities because they are inconsistent, and inappropriate as stated by Alghamdi (2009).

### 2.1.5 Transliteration Evaluation

Lawson (2008) evaluated 6 famous transliteration schemes, ISO 233-2, Qalam, SATTS, Arabic chat alphabet, Buckwalter, and ALA-LC/UNGENG based on phonetic and spelling accuracy and usability.

Lawson's definition of accuracy examines how close the pronunciation is to the original Arabic letter, this could be very tricky because there are some letters in Arabic that have no direct English equivalent like the letter ض.

The usability part of the evaluation investigated each tables' adherence to ASCII standards i.e. non use of symbols (non letters). Usability measures how accurate the representation of the transliterated word is. According to Bevan et al., (1995) usability is defined as "the effectiveness, efficiency and satisfaction with which specified users can achieve specified goals in a particular environment" (p.2). Hence in this part Lawson tried to measure how usable people found the representation of the transliterated word, and whether they found it effective, efficient and whether they were satisfied with it.

On the other hand accuracy assesses how close the pronunciation of the word is to the original Arabic word and does it match with the transliteration. "Accuracy is a faithful measurement or representation of the truth; correctness; precision" (Collins English Dictionary, 2003). Thus Lawson used accuracy to assess the pronunciation of the words and how close they were to the original Arabic word.

Lawson scored each system from 0 to 120 , with 60 points allotted to phonetic accuracy and 60 points allotted to usability. Of the latter 60, 30 points come from ASCII compatibility and 30 points come from maintaining non-use of diacritics native to Arabic (Lawson, 2008).

The results of his evaluation method were that Qalam transliteration scheme emerged as the winner scoring 110 out of the possible 120 points, and ALA-LC claimed
a very respectable second scoring 107 points. ISO 233-2 and SATTS both scored 94 points which makes them the lowest.

This is a good method to evaluate transliteration tables as there are clear criteria to measure and test different letters and tables, using usability and accuracy measures.

Karimi et al., (2007) stated that the accuracy of the results of transliteration experiments are evaluated using a metric called word accuracy which quantifies the proportion of transliterations that are correct based on the available test corpus:

$$
A=\frac{\text { number of correct transliterations }}{\text { number of test words }}
$$

Since Arabic transliteration is playing a gradually more important role in a variety of practical applications, it is necessary to pursue efforts to research this field more.

At the same time as the interest in transliteration has been developing, the technology of speech recognition has been developing as well, which is concerned with ways of representing and recognising sounds.

### 2.2 Speech recognition

Over the last two decades, speech technology has witnessed a steady improvement. Today, speech technologies are commercially available for an unlimited and interesting range of tasks (Vimala and Radha, 2012).

Speech recognition can be defined as "the process of extracting the message information in a voice signal in order to write the spoken text or control the machine actions in response to spoken commands" (Doe, 1998, p.7).

It can also be described as the method by which a computer identifies spoken words as stated by Cook, (2002).

Speech recognition systems have numerous applications; for example, they provide a helpful tool to learn a new language known as computer aided learning system, also they provide aid to handicapped people (Medical Disabilities) like users with carpel tunnel syndrome and people with visual impairment, in addition to their use in Talking books and toys and Telecommunication services plus multimedia.

Users nowadays can easily input text and data into a computer or smart phone orally.

This modern technology allows users to speak commands so as to carry out tasks. Speech recognition software can be used together with a PC or Mac and with the aid of a microphone headset (Doe, 1998).

Determining whether the spoken words are interpreted as dictated text or commands is one of the most basic distinctions in speech recognition. Commands are easier than dictated text to implement for the reason that the number of recognizable words is limited. In contrast, dictation tends to recognize any spoken words.

In the past years speech recognition has made significant advancement. Systems continue to emerge with remarkable accuracy.

According to Vimala and Radha, (2012) most systems try to overcome restrictions such as 1) small vocabulary 2) isolated words (discrete speech), and 3) speaker dependence. The most difficult constraint for systems to overcome has been found to be speaker independence.

There are two types of automatic speech recognition, continuous or discrete. In the continuous type words are spoken in a natural manner whereas the discrete type requires the user to speak with a pause between each word. For example the words "recognize speech" can easily be confused as "wreck a nice beach".

Speech recognition systems can also be categorised as speaker dependent and speaker independent systems.

Speaker dependent systems require the speaker to train the system before reasonable performance can be anticipated. On the other hand speaker independent systems do not require any former training by the users as stated by Kemble, (2001).

### 2.2.1 The evolution of speech recognition

The evolution of speech recognition goes back to the 1857 when Frenchman Léon Scott invented the phonoautograph which is the earliest known device for recording sound (Cho, 2005). In 1952, a system that could recognize digits 0 to 9 from a single speaker was developed in Bell laboratories. This system had an accuracy of 97\%-99\%. (Jurafsky and Martin 2009). In the 1970s, most speaker dependent systems required the user to train the system for long hours, besides the system limitation of handling small vocabularies. Currently, speech recognition systems are able to deal with continuous dictation and to handle large vocabularies.

Research is being conducted and systems continue to emerge in order to equip speech recognition systems to recognize natural language even in difficult conditions (e.g. recognize speech with eliminating noise in noisy environment).

The diagram in figure 2.1 shows the speech recognition system parts.


Figure 2.1 The speech recognition system parts (Kemble, 2011).

Speech recognition systems consist of five main components (the Speech Recognition Engine, Audio Input, Grammar(s), Acoustic Model and Recognized text).

In order for the speech recognition engine to take raw audio input and translate it to recognized text, "it utilizes all sorts of data, statistics, and software algorithms. Its first job is to process the incoming audio signal and convert it into a format best suited for further analysis" as declared by Kemble, (2001, p.5).

Then the engine takes into consideration its knowledge of the environment in which it is operating e.g. telephony environment etc. (provided in an acoustic model form) in conjunction with the words it knows about the (vocabulary) and tries to find the best match, when the speech data is in the proper format. When a match is found it gets returned as a string.

Speech recognition engines require two types of files to recognize speech. An acoustic model, which is created by taking audio recordings of speech and their transcriptions (taken from a speech corpus), and 'compiling' them into statistical representations of the sounds that make up each word and describe the sound of language. They also require a language model or grammar file which describes how words are distributed in spoken language. A language model is a file containing the probabilities of sequences of words. The speech engine's language model and acoustic model enable it to process spoken variations of the pronunciations specified in its lexicon, as well as new words (Mansikkaniemi, 2010).

A pronunciation lexicon is a collection of words or phrases together with their pronunciations, which consist of letters and characters from a supported phonetic alphabet.

Speech recognition engines have an internal lexicon that identifies which word in a language can be recognized. The lexicon indicates how the engine expects a word to be pronounced using characters from a single phonetic alphabet (MSDN, 2012).

According to MSDN (2012) phones make up a phonetic alphabet that contains combinations of letters, numbers and characters. Phones describe the spoken sounds of one or more human languages, and characterize the valid set of tokens that can be used to define the pronunciations of words using phonetic spellings. Similar to those used in dictionaries, phonetic spellings in lexicons describe how words should be pronounced for speech recognition. Hence, the speech recognition engine listens for pronunciations of words that correspond to phonetic spellings that are specified in its internal lexicon.
"A speech recognition engine can also create pronunciations on-the-fly for words it encounters that are not included its lexicon" (MSDN, 2012). To improve the accuracy of speech recognition engine, the default lexicon can be supplemented by creating an application specific lexicon. Though it is often not necessary because a speech engine can find and create pronunciations for both common and uncommon words in a language.

Although some promising solutions are available for speech recognition, most of them are tuned to English. The acoustic and language models for these systems are for the English language. If new words or words that are not included in the default lexicon like Arabic names (names and business names, or words that are specific to specialized areas of business, education, or medicine) were to be guessed this will be challenging for the speech engine because some of the letter in Arabic have no equivalent in English for example the letter (خ). For these cases a custom pronunciation must be specified, that may improve the recognition accuracy for the specialized vocabulary in the application also specifying a new pronunciation that replaces the predefined pronunciations; for example adding pronunciations to cover dialects and slang, also specifying multiple phonetic pronunciations (spellings) for a word.

For this research a new transliteration table containing each letter of the Arabic alphabet and its English equivalent will be specified and this can solve the problem of
the difference between Arabic and English. In the cases of Arabic letters that have no equivalent in English, an equivalent will be chosen for each of these letters, the chosen representations will be similar to the pointed sounds, but are not the same. It is easy to distinguish among a small set of words, but error rates naturally increase as the vocabulary size grows (Tebelskis, 1995). Thus these letters will be included in a pre-defined, distinguishable, and small sized vocabulary, since even a small vocabulary can be hard to recognize if it contains confusable words.

Vibrations are created when a person speaks, then an analog to digital converter (ADC) converts analog signals into digital form. Digitization of sound takes place by measuring it at regular intervals. The sound then is filtered into different frequency bands and normalized; so that it attains a constant volume level. The sound is then checked whether it matches the stored sound templates. After that analog signals gets divided into segments that range from a few hundredths to thousands of a second. This helps in identifying plosive consonant sounds like " t " and it can be matched to phonemes that are already stored in the system (Vollmann et al, 2000).

The statistical modeling systems, which use mathematical systems and probability, are used to determine or predict the outcome after a particular phoneme. It becomes easier to guess where a specific word begins and ends.

Hidden Markov Models are the most commonly used speech recognition algorithms and are commonly used in speech applications (Roe and Wilpon, 1993). This is due to their ability to characterize the speech signal in a mathematically tractable way. Rabiner and Juang,(1986) refer to HMM as "a doubly stochastic process with an underlying stochastic process that is hidden, but can only be observed through another set of stochastic processes that produce the sequence of observed symbols" (p.2) which means that using HMMs requires using random modeling to decode a sequence of symbols.
"Hidden Markov model is the simplest model that can be used to model sequential data, specifically data samples that are not independent from each other" (Edward et al., 2007) (p.3). Other options are rule based, neural networks and template matchers.

There are some difficulties that can be expected in spontaneous speech for example, out of vocabulary words, false starts, disfluency and lip smacks.

In order for the speech recognition system to work effectively it is supposed to identify the meaningful keywords embedded in fluent speech and ignore all the other speech events according to Lin et al., (2002).

Other issues that can influence the performance of a speech recognition system include the format for talking (isolated or connected inputs and continuous speech), the speaking environment and transmission conditions, type and amount of semantic and syntactic information and finally whether the system is speaker independent or speaker trained.

Vocabulary size can vary from 2 words to more than 40,000 words. Small vocabularies can force restrictions like out of vocabulary error on the naturalness of communication, however large vocabularies have more errors in speech recognition accuracy, as stated by Bazzi, (2000).

Grammar rules that classify how words can be spoken in context, often limit the vocabulary (Peacocke, 1990).

Large vocabulary can create some problems and limitations. As a system's vocabulary increases, the number of confusable words (i.e., the words that the system might mistake for others because they have the same pronunciation) increases (Doe, 1998).

According to Franz, (2002) a speaker-independent system was deployed by Google Labs as a demo of a telephone interface for its popular search engine. Nevertheless, their system is limited. The user can only say a word, but not a full question.

Together Carnegie Mellon University and Sun Microsystems developed a speakerindependent speech recognizer: Sphinx (Walker, 2004). Continuous speech using a large vocabulary can be recognised. The complication of the grammatical structure in the sentences can affect recognition results; SPHINX achieves speaker independent word recognition accuracies of about 71-96\% on a vocabulary of over 21,000 words, depending on the complexity of the grammatical structure in the sentences (Agaram et al., 2001).

There has been a lot of research that highlights that some systems use information from the context to identify words, but that is not what this research is intending to cover.

There are systems that rely on learning the user's voice like the desktop dictation systems. These systems are speaker-dependent (i.e. IBM Via Voice (IBM, 2006), Philips Dictation Systems (Philips, 2005)). Since they operate using very large vocabularies, dictation systems perform much better when the speaker has spent the time to train the system to his/her voice. Generally speaker-dependent systems are reasonably accurate for the trained speaker, but much less accurate for other speakers. They also assume the speaker will speak in a steady voice and tempo. This is not what this research is focusing on.

Systems that comprehend isolated word recognition have been in existence for many years. Continuous speech research thrives because only through continuous speech can desired speed and naturalness of man machines communications be achieved as stated by Lee, (1990), Lewin et al., (1993), Glass and Hazen, (1998), Seneff, (2002) and Baumgarten, (2000).

Words spoken in a natural pace can be recognized by continuous speech systems rather than isolated words. On the other hand non-continuous speech systems require a calculated pause between each word. Grasso, (2005) states that even though continuous systems are more attractive, continuous speech is harder to
process, because of the complexity in identifying word boundaries. Such continuous systems are to be used for people who are intending to recognize dictation, but this is not the case for this research as it is aimed at recognizing isolated words.

Research work and developed systems on English speech recognition is becoming more intensive than before and other lagging languages like, Farsi (Saleem, 2008) and (Srinivasamurthy and Narayanan, 2003), Vietnamese (Viet-Bac, 2007), Indonesian (Sakti, 2007), Spanish (Niculescu, 2008), Estonian (Alumae, 2004) and Arabic (Alghamdi, 2003) are steadily catching up.

### 2.2.2 Arabic speech recognition

Kirchhoff, (2003), and Kirchhoff et al., (2004) state that although Arabic is currently one of the most extensively spoken language in the world, there has been fairly little speech recognition research on Arabic compared to the other Languages.

Although lagging behind other languages, research work on Arabic speech recognition is becoming more thorough than before, and a number of papers on the topic have been published (Ismail and bin Ahmad, 2004).

As stated by AbuZeina and Elshafei (2012) the development of an Arabic speech recognition is a multidisciplinary effort, which requires integration of Arabic phonetic (Algamdi, 2003), Arabic speech processing techniques (Elshafei et al., 2007) and natural language processing (Elshafei et al. 2006). Development of an Arabic speech recognition system has recently been addressed by a number of researchers.

A speech dataset for (MSA) Modern Standard Arabic that can be used as a main resource for researchers in the speech recognition field has been provided by AlOtaibi, (2001). As well as offering a new technique for labeling Arabic speech, it achieved a recognition rate for speaker dependent ASR of 93.78\%. Alotaibi (2003) also reported achieving high performance Arabic digits recognition using recurrent networks.

Sagheer et al. (2005) presented a novel visual speech features representation system. They used it to comprise a complete lip-reading system.

Research issues for Arabic speech recognition and the problems of indexing of Arabic news broadcast were addressed by Billa et al., (2002).

The problem of parsing transcribed spoken Arabic was addressed by Rambow et al. (2006). They examined three different approaches: sentence transduction, treebank transduction, and grammar transduction. Overall, grammar transduction outperformed the other two approaches. Parsing can be used to check the speech recognizer n-best hypothesis to rescore them according to most syntactically accurate choice (AbuZeina and Elshafei, 2012).

When developing an Arabic Speech recognition application, Modern Standard Arabic (MSA) must be taken into consideration, which is a formal linguistic standard used throughout the Arabic speaking world and is employed in the media.

### 2.2.3 Summary

Even though speech recognition technology is one of the most complex areas, this technology for English language has basically reached the point of technical maturity. It is commonplace to be able to create systems to recognise specific words in a list.

There are several commercially available voice recognition systems such as Dragon Naturally Speaking (Nuance, 2006) and IBM Via Voice (IBM, 2006). These systems are fast and aid in creating or editing documents and emailing them without typing and have a recognition rate of $99 \%$, which makes them nearly perfect (Petrie, 2003).

Voice dialing applications like Call Home are the most developed and widely used. Peissner (2002) states that the majority have been developed for the English language although there are several speech engines that have been developed for other languages.

Research showed the availability of well-developed systems that are capable of recognising English words that may be part of the language or proper names and these proper names may have their origins in English or any other language

### 2.3 Discussion

Referring to the previous definitions of transliteration, this can be summarized as basically finding the right orthography in another language to represent an original pattern so that it would be pronounced correctly. This is done by developing a transliteration scheme; which is basically using letters and phonetic symbols to represent letters of a specific language. These representations should sound the same as the original letter.

The simplest way to test a transliteration scheme is to let an English person read transliterated words and ask an Arabic native speaker evaluate the test. This could be time consuming and it may be very inconsistent and difficult to repeat the results. Hence using an Arabic speech recognition engine to test Arabic transliterated words could be an alternative.

Speech recognition systems try to listen to an input in audio format, classify various sounds present in it and finally recognise them as words of some language according to Gupta, (2005). In the transliteration case, when an Arabic name is converted into English script, the resulting transliteration is hopefully a close match of the original sound produced in the foreign language. This basically means choosing the best sounds to represent the word (Pouliquen et al., 2005).

Speech recognition technology which is now well developed could be used to evaluate transliterations because both technologies are concerned with the sounds of words.

According to Sugumaran (2013) when we speak the sound comes out in phonemes, each phoneme resonates at a fundamental frequency and harmonics of it and
therefore have high energy at those frequencies. The first three harmonics are known as formant frequencies and have significantly high energy levels. Each phoneme has a unique fundamental frequency and hence unique formant frequencies and it is this feature that enables the identification of each phoneme at the recognition stage.

Reference templates of phonemes or words with which input speech is compared and the closest word or phoneme is given out are stored in the speech recognition systems.

When the user reads the transliterated words; the spoken phonemes or sounds should match the phonemes stored in the speech recognition system. Both transliterated words and reference template of phonemes are based on the same transliteration scheme, and hence speech recognition systems are ideal to test transliteration schemes. When the speech recognition engine recognises a word correctly this could indicate that this word is transliterated correctly and hence the transliteration scheme is good.

The recent Arabic speech technology is not as well developed as the more mature English speech technology also Arabic speech engines weren't available to the researcher. Therefore this research will concentrate on using an English speech engine as an alternative to recognize Arabic transliterated words for the purpose of evaluating transliteration schemes.

The English speech engine tries to match the English sounds that it believes that the English speaker made against the sounds it hears from native speakers. The recognition accuracy depends on the accuracy of rules of what sound should represent (Grammar rules). If the rules are good the sound would be equivalent and vice versa.

The only problem with Arabic is that some sounds in Arabic don't exist in English or any other language like the letter (ظ) which is unique to Arabic.

In this case a good transliteration means that the English text generates sounds that are generated as close as possible to the original Arabic sound and they should be part of a distinguishable vocabulary.

### 2.4 Chapter Summary

This section presents an overview of transliteration and also highlights the speech recognition problem.

Speech recognition technology which is now well developed could be used to evaluate transliterations because both technologies are concerned with the sounds of words (phonemes).

This research intends to investigate the possibility for using a well-developed speech recognition technology like English speech recognition technology to help test transliteration rules. Also the option of using the English speech recognition engine to recognize Arabic words will be studied.

## CHAPTER 3

## Recognising Arabic words using an English speech recognition Engine

This chapter discusses using English speech recognition technology to aid transliteration of Arabic vocabularies; this is identified in Chapter 1 as the first step that is required in this research.

A second motivation for this work was to see if this provided a practical alternative to the development of Arabic speech recognition engines.

### 3.1 Introduction

The quality of transliteration could be simply tested by transliterating a small text and evaluating the result.

If Arabic to English transliteration was to be tested, a word in Arabic for example (أرنب) would be transliterated into English as (Arnab), and an English native speaker would be asked to read the word, both the transliteration and testing process should be done by a linguist specialized in both languages. The main goal of the transliteration is to provide nonnative speakers with the correct pronunciation of the word, so that when an English native speaker reads the word (Arnab) it should be close to how the Arabic native speaker pronounces it, the matching of the two sounds determines the quality of the transliteration, in this case judged by the human expert.


Figure 3.1 Transliteration evaluation process

Evaluating Arabic to English transliteration manually is time consuming and may be inconsistent and difficult to repeat the results; it also requires the presence of the human expert. Hence using an Arabic speech recognition engine to test Arabic transliterated words could be an alternative. An Arabic speech engine wasn't available to the researcher and therefore an English Speech engine will be used, taking into account the problems that might accompany using an English engine to recognize Arabic speech, such as recognizing accents and sounds that are unique to the Arabic language and don't exist in English or any other language, like the letter (ظ). For these cases identifying a custom pronunciation might help improve recognition accuracy. A good transliteration means that the English text generates sounds that are as close as possible to the original Arabic sound and they should be part of a distinguishable vocabulary.

For this research the human testers will be replaced with an English speech recognition engine to save time and ensure the consistency of the results. Using an English Engine to recognize Arabic transliterated words for the purpose of evaluating transliteration tables has potential since it has the ability to give information about the accuracy or quality of transliteration. For example, as previously mentioned if the word (Arnab) is used in the lexicon of the English speech engine, the engine ought to
match the sound that is internally created for this word with the spoken word (أرنب) pronounced in Arabic. If the sounds match, this could indicate that the transliteration is good, and vice versa poor transliteration could lead to misrecognition of sounds and words.

In other words speech engines compare spoken sounds with sounds created internally from the text of words stored in their lexicon. Refer to figure 3.1.

When a word is spoken the Speech engine selects the closest matching word from a list of words that match the spoken word to some degree, nevertheless this doesn't exactly give a direct evaluation of the match between the spoken and written word. In a sense the accuracy of the similarity of the spoken and written word can be verified by selecting the correct word from the list.

How good the recognition rate is does however depend to some extent on the number and nature of other words in the lexicon - if there are a lot of words, and if there is a high degree of similarity amongst the words, recognition rates will be lower.

The transliterated word's recognition rate contrasted with the spoken words in the original language could provide an easy and effective way to measure the accuracy of transliteration schemes. While there are limitations to this approach, as already mentioned, it does provide a more efficient indication of transliteration accuracy than that of using human judges.

In order to explore this proposal an initial simple application was created and tested which was to recognise the 28 names of the letters of the Arabic Alphabet in a similar way to that used in the Civil Aviation Organisation code to identify letters of the English alphabet (Alpha, Bravo.....Zulu).

Actually, no such similar code exists for Arabic letters (except for a names code that was used by the Iraqi Army which was not available to the author), so it was first necessary to create a code by choosing words that would be familiar to Arabic
speakers, but that would be sufficiently different from one another to be easily distinguished by the application in the recognition stage. Work was then undertaken to identify the best English spelling to represent the phonetic structure of these Arabic words.

The methodology for this work is shown in Fig 3.2.


Figure 3.2: Recognising Arabic words using an English Speech engine

### 3.2 Initial Word Selection

The initial selection of words was made by publishing a web-based survey. Friends, family and first year computing students at the University of Bahrain were invited to fill in the questionnaire and 100 people took part.

A version of FreeOnlineSurveys.com was used to construct a Web-based survey for the evaluation. The survey simply provided a space by each letter of the alphabet (arranged vertically on the page in Arabic alphabetical order), with instructions appropriate for the specific experiment (to provide any Arabic word that starts with each Arabic alphabet).

After receiving the e-mailed invitation, participants clicked a link in the message that brought up the page containing the survey that the participant was to take. The participants read an introduction explaining the purpose of the survey, then completed and submitted the form. Refer to appendix B for a copy of the survey and a summary of the results.

| Word | FCW\% | Word | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FCW } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Word | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { FCW } \\ \% \end{array}$ | Word | FCW \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arnab* <br> Asad | $\begin{aligned} & 59 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | Dob <br> Deek* | $\begin{array}{\|l} 52 \\ 39 \end{array}$ | ض <br> Dhifdaaa <br> Dha baaab <br> Dhameer* | $\begin{aligned} & 90 \\ & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\leftrightarrows$ <br> Kalb <br> Korrssay* | $\begin{aligned} & 75 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ |
| ب <br> Batta <br> Boostan* <br> Baab | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \\ & 28 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | j <br> Thora <br> The a bab * | $\begin{array}{\|l} 63 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | b <br> Taawela <br> Taa era <br> Teen* | $\begin{aligned} & 62 \\ & 27 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | $J$ <br> Laimoon <br> Lail <br> Lee bas* | $\begin{aligned} & 63 \\ & 23 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ |
| Toofah* <br> Toot <br> Tem sah | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \\ & 9 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | Roomaaan <br> Reeesh* | $\begin{aligned} & 47 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | ظ <br> The laam* <br> Tharf | $\begin{array}{\|l} 47 \\ 42 \end{array}$ | Maawz <br> Madrasa* | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ |
| Thaalab <br> Thoor <br> Thoom* | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \\ & 21 \\ & 8 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | j <br> Zahraa <br> Zarafa <br> Zak kaah* | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \\ & 16 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\varepsilon$ Ayn Asal Aali* | $\begin{aligned} & 84 \\ & 10 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 51 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ |
| ج <br> Jamal <br> Jazar <br> Jowz* | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \\ & 21 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | Samaaka Samak Sakan* | $\begin{array}{\|l} 56 \\ 34 \\ 5 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | Hood <br> hood* <br> Herra | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\tau$ <br> Hemar <br> Ham <br> mama* <br> Hessan | $\begin{aligned} & 44 \\ & 14 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} 87 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | ง <br> Wa rdda <br> Wadi* <br> Wet waat | $\begin{aligned} & 77 \\ & 9 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\dot{\tau}$ <br> Khaa roof <br> Khawkh <br> Kho soof* | $\begin{aligned} & 78 \\ & 7 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | ص <br> Sagor <br> Soorah* <br> Sadeeq | $\begin{array}{\|l} 72 \\ 18 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | ق <br> Galam <br> Galb <br> Gassi* | $\begin{aligned} & 44 \\ & 41 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | ي <br> Yas <br> meen* <br> Yad <br> Yam <br> mama | $\begin{aligned} & 83 \\ & 10 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |

Table 3.1 Initial Code Word Selection
FCW= frequency of the chosen words.
*=The words with the best recognition rate i.e. chosen words. (Refer to section 3.5)

Table 3.1 shows the 3 most frequently suggested words for each letter of the alphabet as chosen by the participants. Also included in the table are the approximate number of people who chose each of the words (unsuitable words and blank spaces were omitted from the results).

### 3.3 Manual Transliteration

The next task was to find the most effective spelling for each of the words that were being considered. Being Arabic words, there is no 'correct' English spelling to be used in the vocabulary for the speech recognition application. For example the Arabic word جوز can be spelt in many different ways but the spelling that sounds closer to the Arabic pronunciation is jows as judged by the author and the Arabic expert.

A variety of potential English Spellings were considered and these were then typed into a text to speech program called Free Natural Reader. This software comes with natural sounding voices and is easy to use.

Other text to speech software exist like ReadPlease, ispeech, eSpeak, and Dspeak, most of these software have the same features and work in the same way, but Free Natural Reader was found easier to use and it was recommended by some of the websites like dyslexia (2011). Most file formats can be read directly, including Microsoft Word, PPT, Outlook, PDF and images and the interface is very easy to use, it comes with a toolbar that that can be inserted in the browser, it also provides both male and female voices in a range of accents and languages that work with the software like Spanish, French, English (with US or British voices), German and Arabic, etc (Natural Reader, 2012). The Arabic version is able to work with Arabic script and comes with the voices of Youssef and Salma.

Two or more different spellings for each word were tried, where different alternatives for each letter where possible were tested. Words were then chosen on the basis of how close each spelling sounded, when read by the text to speech program, compared to Modern Standard Arabic pronunciation as judged by the author and an expert in Arabic literature from the University of Bahrain.

The best transliterations of the chosen words as chosen by the author and an Assistant Professor of Arabic Language and linguistics from the University of Bahrain and compared with the original Arabic words sounds are shown in Table 3.1.

The next phase was then to select the most appropriate word to represent each letter of the alphabet.

### 3.4 Selection of Words

It is crucial at this stage to check if English speech engines could be used to recognise Arabic words, hence a simple speech recognition application has been developed in Microsoft Visual Basic (VB) and uses the Microsoft Speech SDK V5.1 to create an interface to the Microsoft English (U.S.) V6.1 Recognizer speech recognition engine.

There are many different regional accents in both Britain and American. According to Qiu (2011) the most important differences between 'standard' American and 'standard' British speech are as follows:

1. Stressed vowels are often lengthened more in American English than in British.
2. Vowels are often nasalized in American English; that is to say, air comes out through the nose and mouth at the same time. Vowels are not nasalized in most British pronunciations, so this makes the two accents sound very different.
3. Most vowels are pronounced a little differently in British and American English.
> - The vowel / $\mathrm{p} /($ as in pot) is pronounced in American words without liprounding, and sounds like the vowel /a:/ (as in palm).
> - Many British people pronounce /a:/ (a back vowel) in some words where Americans pronounce /æ/ (a front vowel). Examples: can't, castle, fast, glass, class, staff, after, pass, example.
4. The most obvious difference that the average English speaker or learner might notice between the two dialects is that American English is what is known as
rhotic, a voicing of words that pronounces hard R's, while British English is generally non-rhotic and rolls over R's silently (Citizendium, 2012). In standard British English, $r$ is only pronounced before a vowel. In American English, $r$ is pronounced in all positions in a word, and it changes the quality of a vowel that comes before it. So words like car, turn, offer sound very different in British and American speech. Non-rhoticity, meaning the $r$ at the ends of words isn't pronounced (mother sounds like "muhthuh") in British English (Dialect Blog, 2012).

An Arabic word like (أرنب) is transliterated from Arabic to English as (Arnab); an American would pronounce it (arnab) which is nearly how Arabic native speakers pronounce it because in standard American English, $r$ is pronounced in all positions, whereas a British speaker would pronounce it as (Aanab) because in British English, r is only pronounced before a vowel.

American standard accent pronunciation of some letters is similar to Arabic when compared to British English. This is the main reason for choosing an American English speech engine.

Most importantly, any engine can be chosen because they can be altered by changing the transliterations (to create the lexicon) to match the chosen accent or language through choosing the closest pronunciation to Arabic, and if the chosen language does not have some of the letters of Arabic the closest letters will be chosen to match the pronunciation. For example, the letter (خ) which is pronounced like Scottish Lo(ch) can be transliterated as (kh) which is not an exact match but close enough.


Figure 3.3 Diagram of the experimental methodology

The 72 manually transliterated words in table 3.1 are fed in to the VB application (as part of the code) to form the vocabulary (or lexicon) of the speech recognition engine and then when a user speaks in a microphone as he/she tries to read the list of Arabic diacritised vocabulary and the English transliterated versions were also presented. All readers read and spoke English. The recognized words get recorded into a log file (written file). The user was informed to wait for a nod from the examiner as he/she reads each Arabic diacritised word from the list clearly using a microphone, the English transliterated version is also available to the reader (the examiner nods after the recognised word gets displayed on screen), one after the other, and the recognised words are displayed on screen in Arabic (diacritised) and English, and the recognised words (in both diacritised Arabic and English) for each user are saved into a log file, the recognised words saved in the log file are then compared with the words the users read from the list, and recognition rates are calculated. The log file is a spread sheet that allows subsequent analysis. It consists of 3 columns, the original 28 words, the recognised words and yes/no column to check whether the two columns match. Refer to figure 3.3.
(Refer to appendix C for the application code).

The recognition rates are used to determine the most appropriate words to represent the 28 words.

For the purpose of testing the transliterated words, ten Arabic speaking students living in Nottingham (5 males and 5 females) participated in the experiment, the reason for choosing Arabic speakers is to ensure correct pronunciation for the words.

The results are shown in table 3.2 below

Word accuracy recognition or word accuracy percentage rates were defined using the formula:

$$
\text { Word Accuracy }=\frac{\text { Number of words correctly recognized }}{\text { Total number of words tested }} \times 100
$$

| Word | Accuracy rate \% | Word | Accuracy rate \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arnab* <br> Asad |  | Dhifdaaa <br> Dha baaab <br> Dhameer* | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ |
| Batta <br> Boostan* <br> Baab | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 90 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 0 \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & 50 \\ & 60 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | The laam* <br> Tharf | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 30 \\ & 100 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Ayn* Asal Aali | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 50 \\ & 40 \\ & 90 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Jamal <br> Jazar <br> Jowz* | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 40 \\ & 70 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | Gazal* Ghoraab | $\begin{aligned} & 90 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ |
| Hemar <br> Ham mama* <br> Hessan | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 90 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | Feeel Fanoos* | $\begin{aligned} & 70 \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ |
| Khaa roof Khawkh Kho soof* | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 10 \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ | Galam <br> Galb <br> Gassi* | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 40 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dob } \\ & \text { Deek* } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 50 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | Kalb <br> Korrssay* | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ 90 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Thora <br> The a bab* | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | Laimoon <br> Lail <br> Lee bas* | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 30 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ |
| Roomaaan Reeesh* | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 20 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | Maawz <br> Madrasa* | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 30 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ |
| Zahraa <br> Zarafa <br> Zak kaah* | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 10 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Nasr* } \\ & \text { Naml } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ |
| Samaaka <br> Samak <br> Sakan* | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 50 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | Hood hood* Herra | $\begin{aligned} & 90 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ |
| Shams* Shabaka | $\begin{aligned} & 90 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | Wa rdda Wadi* Wet waat | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 90 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ |
| Sagor <br> Soorah* <br> Sadeeq | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 90 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | Yas meen* Yad Yam mama | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 40 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ |

Table 3.2 Recognition rates for candidate words
*=The words with the best recognition rate i.e. chosen words

### 3.4.1 Refining the selection

From tables 3.2 \& 3.3 it can be seen that if the most popular words in each section were to be selected as the vocabulary (if words were listed by popularity and the top words chosen) then the average recognition rate would only be $46 \%$. However, if the vocabulary were to be chosen based on the words with the best recognition rate (indicated by ${ }^{*}$, and shown in table 3.3) in each section then the average recognition rate would be $85 \%$. The following set therefore shows the set of best recognised words which were selected for further evaluation.

| Arnab | $\tau$ <br> Ham mama | j <br> Zak kaah | b Teen | ق Gassi | هـ Hood hood |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ب | $\dot{\tau}$ | س | ظ | $\leftrightarrows$ | و |
| Boostan | Kho soof | Sakan | The laam | Korrssay | Wadi |
| $\because$ | 」 | ش | $\varepsilon$ | $J$ | ي |
| Toofah | Deek | Shams | Aali | Lee bas | Yas meen |
| $\star$ | j | ص | $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | P |  |
| Thoom | The a bab | Soorah | Gazal | Madrasa |  |
| ج | J | ض | ف | ن |  |
| Jowz | Reeesh | Dhameer | Fanoos | Nasr |  |

Table 3.3 Set of Chosen words

### 3.5 Evaluation

A new list that contained only the chosen words was then tested more systematically with a range of different Arabic speakers including the 10 that were part of the first experiment. Of the thirty subjects, 16 were females and 14 males. They included a marketing specialist, 23 students (4 school students and 19 university students), two managers, and 4 teachers participated in the study.

The experiment took place in the gathering room at the University of Bahrain over 2 days, the 30 subjects were dealt with in the same room, each person was asked to come at a different time, 15 minutes between each test and the next. The first 15 subjects conducted the experiment on one day and the other 15 came next day.

The Arabic diacritised and English transliterated versions of the 28 chosen words were presented to the subjects (all users read and spoke English) and each person was asked to read each word clearly using a microphone. The recognised words were saved into a log file and recognition rates were calculated.

| Letter being presented | Word representing the letter | No. Times correctly recognized/ 30 | \% <br> recognition | \% recognition in table 3.2 | Number completely unrecognized | List of words misrecognised as |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| i | Arnab | 27 | 93 | 90 | 3 |  |
| ب | Boostan | 24 | 82 | 90 | 6 |  |
| $\because$ | Toofah | 24 | 82 | 80 | 6 |  |
| $ث$ | Thoom | 29 | 97 | 100 | 1 |  |
| ج | Jowz | 26 | 87 | 100 | 4 |  |
| $\tau$ | Ham mama | 19 | 64 | 90 | 11 |  |
| $\dot{\text { خ }}$ | Kho soof | 18 | 61 | 90 | 4 | Gazal (27\%) |
| د | Deek | 21 | 70 | 100 | 0 | Teen (30\%) |
| ذ | The a bab | 15 | 50 | 60 | 6 | Reeesh (33\%) |
| J | Reeesh | 21 | 71 | 100 | 9 |  |
| j | Zak kaah | 8 | 28 | 80 | 22 |  |
| U | Sakan | 15 | 50 | 80 | 15 |  |
| ش | Shams | 29 | 97 | 90 | 1 |  |
| ص | Soorah | 27 | 90 | 90 | 3 |  |
| ض | Dhameer | 4 | 14 | 20 | 26 |  |
| b | Teen | 15 | 53 | 90 | 15 |  |
| ظ | The laam | 5 | 18 | 50 | 25 |  |
| $\varepsilon$ | Aali | 15 | 50 | 90 | 1 | Gassi (5\%) <br> Wadi (45\%) |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | Gazal | 20 | 68 | 90 | 10 |  |
| ف | Fanoos | 27 | 93 | 90 | 3 |  |
| ق | Gassi | 26 | 87 | 100 | 4 |  |
| 5 | Korrssay | 21 | 73 | 90 | 2 | Gassi (25\%) |
| J | Lee bas | 15 | 50 | 80 | 15 |  |
| م | Madrasa | 19 | 64 | 80 | 11 |  |
| ن | Nasr | 21 | 71 | 80 | 9 |  |
| - | Hood hood | 17 | 57 | 90 | 13 |  |
| و | Wadi | 29 | 97 | 90 | 1 |  |
| ي | Yas meen | 27 | 90 | 100 | 3 |  |

Table 3.4 Evaluation results.

It was noticed that from time to time background noise would increase due to students gathering and talking outside the gathering room and also computers and air conditioning systems were on which added to the background noise.

The overall results gave an average recognition rate of $68 \%$.


Figure 3.4 The Accuracy Rates of Words Recognition

Figure 3.4 shows that the words Dhameer, The Laam and Zak Kaah had very poor recognition rates, which was due to the application failing to make a match at all when these words were spoken. In other cases words were wrongly identified as shown in Table 3.5.

| Word | Misrecognised as |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Kho soof | Gazal (27\%) |  |
| Deek | Teen (30\%) |  |
| Aaali | Gassi (5\%) | Wadi (45\%) |
| Korrssay | Reeessi (25\%) |  |
| The a bab |  |  |

Table 3.5 Misrecognition of words

A first attempt was conducted to change some words or select different words that can be more easily distinguished by the application to obtain better recognition rates,
an Arabic/Arabic dictionary Almawrid was used to ensure that all the words used are proper Arabic words. The steps for choosing the spellings for the words followed in section 3.2 were conducted again to replace the poorly recognised words.

Some of the misrecognised words shown in table 3.5 will be replaced in the hope that the new words would be recognised more reliably; hence (Kho soof) is changed to (khoorfa kaan). The word kho soof contains the letter (س) seen which can be easily confused as the letter (ص) saad and (j) zain, therefore the new replaced word contains easy to pronounce letters even for non-native speakers like ( $\boldsymbol{\prime}$ ) raa, (ف) faa, (ك) kaaf and (ن) noon and the word can easily be distinguished.
(The a bab) is changed to (Thee kkraa) for the same reason as kho soof, the letters ( $J$ ) raa, and ( 5 ) kaaf in thee kkraa are easy to pronounce and easily distinguished, and (Gassi) to (Ghaa noon). Most of the misrecognised words got recognised as Gassi which makes changing it a must, thus it was changed to ghaa noon.

The option of changing the words to the second highest recognised words in the table 3.2 was considered but by looking at the recognition rates of these words it appeared that these words might not be the best words to replace the current misrecognised words, thus new words were chosen.

The following table shows the new set of chosen words:

| Arnab | $\tau$ | j | b | ق | Hood hood |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ham mama | Zak kaah | Teen | Ghaa noon |  |
| ب | $\dot{\text { خ }}$ | س | ظ | 5 | و |
| Boostan | Khoorfa kaan | Sakan | The laam | Korrssay | Wadi |
| $\because$ | د | ش | $\varepsilon$ | $J$ | ي |
| Toofah | Deek | Shams | Aaali | Lee bas | Yas meen |
| $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{ }$ | j | ص | $\dot{غ}$ | ค |  |
| Thoom | Thee kkraa | Soorah | Gazal | Madrasa |  |
| ج | J | ض | ف | $\dot{ن}$ |  |
| Jowz | Reeesh | Dhameer | Fanoos | Nasr |  |

Table 3.6 New set of Words

This vocabulary was then tested two weeks later on a range of different Arabic speakers (the subjects are a sub-set of the 30 speakers used in the main experiment) in two different environments, a quiet and a noisy environment during the experiment. Of the twenty subjects, 10 were females and 10 males.

Then the recognition rates were calculated. First the experiment was conducted in the same gathering room but it was noticed that the background noise was very high so, all experiments were conducted again in a quiet office near the library. The presentation conditions were exactly the same as in the previous experiment. The subjects were presented with a diacritised Arabic and English transliterated versions of the vocabulary and they all read and spoke English. Each person was asked to read each word clearly using a microphone. The recognised words were saved into a log file and recognition rates were calculated.


Figure 3.5 The Accuracy Rates of Words Recognition (Test 2)

| Environment | Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| Noisy | $84 \%$ |
| Quiet | $85 \%$ |

Table 3.7 Noisy vs. quiet environment recognition rates comparison

The accuracy results in a noisy environment gave an average recognition rate of 84\% vaguely lower than the rate in a quiet environment $85 \%$.

The overall accuracy results have improved and an average recognition rate of $85 \%$ was achieved.

| Letter being presented | Word representing the letter | No. Times correctly recognized | \% recognition | word used in previous attempt | \% recognition in the previous attempt | Number completely unrecognized | List of words misrecognied as |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| i | Arnab | 19 | 95 |  | 93 | 1 |  |
| ب | Boostan | 19 | 95 |  | 82 | 1 |  |
| - | Toofah | 18 | 90 |  | 82 | 2 |  |
| ث | Thoom | 16 | 80 |  | 97 | 1 | Lee bas (15\%) |
| ج | Jowz | 19 | 95 |  | 87 | 1 |  |
| $\tau$ | Ham mama | 16 | 80 |  | 64 | 4 |  |
| $\dot{\text { i }}$ | khoorfa kaan | 19 | 95 | Kho soof | 61 | 1 |  |
| 2 | Deek | 16 | 80 |  | 70 | 4 |  |
| j | Thee kkraa | 15 | 75 | The a bab | 50 | 5 |  |
| J | Reeesh | 15 | 75 |  | 71 | 5 |  |
| j | Zak kaah | 13 | 65 |  | 28 | 7 |  |
| س | Sakan | 15 | 75 |  | 50 | 5 |  |
| ش | Shams | 20 | 100 |  | 97 | 0 |  |
| ص | Soorah | 19 | 95 |  | 90 | 1 |  |
| ض | Dhameer | 3 | 15 |  | 14 | 27 |  |
| b | Teen | 16 | 80 |  | 53 | 4 |  |
| ظ | The laam | 13 | 65 |  | 18 | 7 |  |
| $\varepsilon$ | Aali | 13 | 65 |  | 50 | 7 |  |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | Gazal | 13 | 65 |  | 68 | 1 | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { The } \\ (30 \%) \end{array} & \text { laam } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| ف | Fanoos | 16 | 80 |  | 93 | 2 | Shams $(10 \%)$ |
| ق | Ghaa noon | 19 | 95 | Gassi | 87 | 1 |  |
| 5 | Korrssay | 16 | 80 |  | 73 | 4 |  |
| $J$ | Lee bas | 16 | 80 |  | 50 | 4 |  |
| P | Madrasa | 16 | 80 |  | 64 | 5 |  |
| ن | Nasr | 15 | 75 |  | 71 | 5 |  |
| - | Hood hood | 16 | 80 |  | 57 | 4 |  |
| 9 | Wadi | 16 | 80 |  | 97 | 0 | Thoom (20\%) |
| ي | Yas meen | 19 | 95 |  | 90 | 1 |  |

Table 3.8 Evaluation results (Test 2)
However, despite taking care to choose an appropriate set of words, and although speech is assumed to be the most natural input method, the recognition rates are still limited.

Changing and replacing some words helped to increase the recognition rates. A final attempt is conducted to change some words to obtain better recognition rates.

Following the same procedure as changing words in the first test, the misrecognised words will be replaced, so (Gazal) got changed to (Ghaanna) because the letter (j) zain can be confused with the letters (س) seen or (ص) saad by the application, (Wadi) to (Waseela) because it ends in a unique way and hence can be easily distinguished by the application and (Thoom) to (Thamer) for the same reason as the word waseela. The only one word that got recognised only five times in both tests above was the word Dhameer, the letter (Thad) is unique to Arabic language and even if other words were chosen the problem will remain, hence a final try to change the spelling of the word to Dhameeer, and if doesn't work another word will be picked to represent the letter (ض) dhaa.

Final set of chosen words is shown in the following table:

| i | $\tau$ | j | b | ق | هـ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arnab | Ham mama | Zak kaah | Teen | Ghaa noon | Hood hood |
| ب | $\dot{\text { c }}$ | س | ظ | 5 | و |
| Boostan | Khoorfa kaan | Sakan | The laam | Korrssay | Waseela |
| $\because$ | د | ش | $\varepsilon$ | $J$ | ي |
| Toofah | Deek | Shams | Aaali | Lee bas | Yas meen |
| $\star$ | j | $ص$ | $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | P |  |
| Thamer | Thee kkraa | Soorah | Ghaanna | Madrasa |  |
| ج | J | ض | ف | $\dot{ن}$ |  |
| Jowz | Reeesh | Dhameeer | Fanoos | Nasr |  |

Table 3.9 Final set of Words

Two weeks later, this final vocabulary was then tested on a sub-set of the 30 subjects used in the main experiment. Of the 10 subjects, 5 were males and 5 females. This time users were asked to repeat each word with a short pause between every word and the other, the test was conducted in the meeting room at the library to ensure that no background noise would affect the results.

The following table shows the number of times each word was correctly recognised and the recognition rates of each of the chosen words.

| Letter being presented | Word representing the letter | No. Times correctly recognized | \% <br> recogniti <br> on | word used in previous attempt | \% recognition in the previous attempt |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| i | Arnab | 10 | 100 |  | 95 |
| ب | Boostan | 10 | 100 |  | 95 |
| $\because$ | Toofah | 10 | 100 |  | 90 |
| ث | Thamer | 10 | 100 | Thoom | 80 |
| ج | Jowz | 10 | 100 |  | 95 |
| $\tau$ | Ham mama | 10 | 100 |  | 80 |
| خ | khoorfa kaan | 10 | 100 |  | 95 |
| 2 | Deek | 10 | 100 |  | 80 |
| j | Thee kkraa | 10 | 100 |  | 75 |
| J | Reeesh | 10 | 100 |  | 75 |
| j | Zak kaah | 10 | 100 |  | 65 |
| ~ | Sakan | 10 | 100 |  | 75 |
| ش | Shams | 10 | 100 |  | 100 |
| $ص$ | Soorah | 10 | 100 |  | 95 |
| ض | Dhameeer | 10 | 100 | Dhameer | 15 |
| b | Teen | 10 | 100 |  | 80 |
| ظ | The laam | 10 | 100 |  | 65 |
| $\varepsilon$ | Aali | 10 | 100 |  | 65 |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | Ghaanna | 10 | 100 | Gazal | 65 |
| e | Fanoos | 10 | 100 |  | 80 |
| ق | Ghaa noon | 10 | 100 |  | 95 |
| 5 | Korrssay | 10 | 100 |  | 80 |
| $J$ | Lee bas | 10 | 100 |  | 80 |
| + | Madrasa | 10 | 100 |  | 80 |
| ن | Nasr | 10 | 100 |  | 75 |
| - | Hood hood | 10 | 100 |  | 80 |
| 9 | Waseela | 10 | 100 | Wadi | 80 |
| ي | Yas meen | 10 | 100 |  | 95 |

Table 3.10 Evaluation results 3

A final average recognition rate of $100 \%$ was achieved. Every word got recognized every time. This is a significant improvement. But it can be due to the small vocabulary used and the particular transliterations used. A larger vocabulary would definitely decrease the recognition rates.

| Arnab | $\tau$ <br> Ham mama | j <br> Zak kaah | b <br> Teen | ق <br> Gassi <br> Ghaa noon | Hood hood |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Kho soof khoorfa kaan | Sakan | ظ The laam | $\leftrightarrows$ Korrssay | 9 <br> Wadi <br> Waseela |
|  | Deek |  | $\varepsilon$ <br> Aali | J <br> Lee bas | ي <br> Yas meen |
| Thoom <br> Thamer | j <br> The a bab <br> Thee kkraa |  | $\dot{\varepsilon}$ Gazal Ghaanna | Madrasa |  |
| ج Jowz | Reeesh | Dhameer <br> Dhameeer | Fanoos |  |  |

Table 3.11 The words that got changed to create the new table
Highlighted in yellow are the words that got changed in the first test.
Highlighted in green are the words that got changed in the second test.

### 3.6 Discussion \& Conclusion

The results and the feedback show that it is possible to create an application for the purpose of recognizing Arabic words using a Standard English speech recognition engine.

Achieving 100\% recognition rate is possible for a limited vocabulary generated manually, and, although this is entirely appropriate for a single application of 28 words, this could be very limiting for larger and more volatile vocabularies.

There are two factors that could affect the recognition rates: the transliteration of words and the choice of words i.e. choosing a set of words that are different enough from each other makes the speech recognizer's job easier to tell the words apart, but choosing easily distinguishable words can also limit the use of the application to
evaluate transliterations, this is more of an issue if the vocabulary has limited number of words like the 28 previously tested words.

The fact that the recognition results changed as the words were transliterated differently for example the word (dhameeer) transliterated and used in the lexicon of the speech engine, the engine must find a match to the sound that is internally created for this word with the spoken word (ضمير) pronounced in Arabic. If other transliterations for the same word were found, that are very similar in pronunciation but have only slightly difference, each word will be part of the lexicon and also phonetic representations and sounds will be created internally by the engine for every saved version of these words, and when a word is spoken the speech engine selects the closest matching spelling from the list of words that match the speakers pronunciation for this word. The recognized word would be displayed in Arabic and the transliterated version will also be shown in order to distinguish the accuracy rates for the different transliterations for the same word.

There are differences in the recognition rates for the same word transliterated differently. For a word to be recognized, the spoken input is matched to the phonetic representations of the words in the lexicon of the speech recognizer. If the internal representations are good, they will give good matches, so that recognition rate can be an indicator of how good a transliteration is. However, recognition rate is also influenced by other factors (e.g., vocabulary size and content; matching method), and it is not a direct evaluation of the quality of transliteration. The recognition rate for the recognised transliterated word matched with the original spoken Arabic word offers a way to measure the accuracy of transliterations automatically, with some degree of consistency and repeatability. One way of evaluating transliterations is through human expert judges (see chapter 7); but there would be some variability even in this case, since, because there is not a simple one-to-one mapping between Arabic and English orthographies, transliterations will, to some degree, be a matter of opinion.

A short experiment was done to examine which transliteration of the word ضمير (dhameer; transliterated in 3 different ways: dhameer, dhameeer and dhamir) resulted in the better recognition performance. The three versions are pronounced similarly as spoken by the text-to-speech application and judged by the author, there was only slight and not easy to hear difference in the pronunciation. The phonetic representation for these words produced by the ASR will be slightly different. The three words formed the vocabulary for the speech recognizer and the same test was done to measure the accuracy rates by 10 users. The results were as follows:

| Word | Recognition rate average \% |
| :--- | :--- |
| dameer | 30 |
| dhameeer | 70 |
| dhamir | 0 |

Table 3.12 The effect of transliterations on recognition rates.

Note that (dhameeer) wasn't considered as one of the transliterations when the best transliteration for each of the 28 words were found by the author and the expert, as adding three Es to a word is not acceptable in English text. This transliteration was proposed at a later stage of the experiments, in an attempt to increase the recognition rates.

Different transliterations for the same word can affect the recognition rates. The word (ضمير) as an example was transliterated and approved by an expert as (dhameer), but the recognition rate for this word was very low which is normal and expected as the letter (ض) is unique to Arabic and finding an exact equivalent is impossible. But it was worth investigating whether an improvement could be made and if finding other transliterations for the word would improve the recognition. For the word (ضمير) changing the transliteration gave better results, and given that this Arabic word contains a letter unique to Arabic, this may be a better transliteration.

The results from table 3.12 suggest that high recognition rates don't always mean that the transliterations used are the best. The transliteration for the word (dhameer) as chosen by both the author and the expert achieved lower recognition rate than (dhameeer) which achieved the highest recognition rates.

Transliteration of Arabic words can often be a matter of judgment, and recognition rate is not a perfect method of judgment of the transliteration since other factors can influence the recognition, such as accent or the way people pronounce different letters, if the way they speak matches the phonetic representation or the sound made internally by the speech engine for this word or letters it will be likely to be recognized correctly.

Also background noise can affect the results slightly, since the recognition results increased when the tests were conducted in a quiet environment.

Using the ASR to evaluate transliterations has the advantage of providing tests that are repeatable and the recognition results will always be consistent, if recorded voices were used. In comparison with if humans were to judge the evaluation, different results might be obtained every time even if the voices used were recorded.

In addition, although some care has been taken to get a range of Arabic speakers, they mainly came from or lived in Bahrain. It is likely that the recognition rates would be lower for the full Arabic speaking population. To overcome these difficulties it was necessary to improve the application by testing it on wider range of people and/or using a bigger vocabulary.

Another problem that occurred while conducting the tests is that it was very difficult to find the same people for each experiment and also external factors can corrupt the results like background noise, which meant that it was necessary to change to recorded voices, to allow the creation of exact replica to ensure repeatability and consistency.

Future work will therefore concentrate on looking at automatic methods of transliteration because transliteration is complex, critical and time consuming, as it was established that in order to get good results it was necessary to select the right transliterations of the words that would form the vocabulary. Also the next stage will look into investigating whether it is possible to computerize the process in order to save time and effort and to examine the transliteration process with the objective of creating a transliteration program that could be used in conjunction with an English speech recognition engine in order to evaluate transliteration tables.

## CHAPTER 4

## Automatically transliterating and generating

## words from diacritised Arabic

The design of systematic evaluation of recognition consists of three different stages represented by three separate applications: the transliteration application (refer to section 4.2), the speech recognition application and the analysis process application.

Figure 4.1 shows the design of the Evaluation process.


Figure 4.1: The design of evaluating transliteration tables' process

The transliteration stage (see figure 4.1) prepares the list of words for the speech recognition process by transliterating the Arabic words into their English equivalent. After that, the speech recognition engine with the aid of the pre-recorded audio files tries to recognise the words and then sends them to an external file for the last stage
which is analysing the recognition rates and other data like what words got misrecognised as others.

### 4.1 The use of voice recordings instead of live voices

As discussed in the previous chapter, although manual transliteration and live voices can be successful for a limited vocabulary, the results could be very inconsistent and finding the same people to repeat the experiments would require a lot of time and effort. Thus it is essential to consider the use of recordings to ensure consistency and repeatability of experiments rather than using live voices.

The first problem that was looked into was recording the 28 words shown in table 3.9. Ten Arabic speakers were presented with the 28 Arabic manually diacritised and English transliterated words. Window's sound recorder was used to record one word at a time and store the files separately. The recording of each word is stored in a separate file and is called the (word's name) for example the recording of the word Arnab is called "Arnab", etc. The files are saved as wav files (PCM 44, 100 KHz , and 16 bit sample rate, stereo); with an average file length of 2 seconds. The length of wav files range from 0.8 seconds to 2.4 seconds, Additionally, a 0.2 second silence period is added to the beginning and end of each file. The files are recorded in a quiet environment (air-conditioning systems and computers were off) the sets of recordings are kept in different folders for different speakers each titled with the speaker's first names. The voices of the same 10 subjects used in the main experiment in 3.4 were recorded reading the 28 chosen words.

The quality of the recording was checked by listening to the recording to ensure that they were clear and sounded right. If the quality wasn't good enough, the subjects were asked to repeat the recordings.


Figure 4.2 Diagram of the use of voice recordings to aid transliteration experiment methodology

The recordings of the list of words shown in table 3.9 were played (the sound data fed directly into the program) and recognition results calculated. The control application creates an interface to the speech engine and also controls feeding the recorded files into the speech engine and logging the results. Each word was played one after the other, the recognised words were displayed on screen in Arabic and English and the results for each user saved into a log file. Then the recognised words saved in the log file were compared with the words the testers read from the list, and recognition rates were calculated.

The results are shown in table 4.1 below

| Letter being presented | Word representing the letter | No. Times <br> correctly <br> recognized/10 | \% recognition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| i | Arnab | 10 | 100 |
| ب | Boostan | 10 | 100 |
| - | Toofah | 10 | 100 |
| $\star$ | Thamer | 9 | 90 |
| ج | Jowz | 10 | 100 |
| $ح$ | Ham mama | 10 | 100 |
| $\dot{\text { خ }}$ | khoorfa kaan | 10 | 100 |
| د | Deek | 10 | 100 |
| ذ | Thee kkraa | 10 | 100 |
| J | Reeesh | 10 | 100 |
| j | Zak kaah | 10 | 100 |
| س | Sakan | 10 | 100 |
| ش | Shams | 10 | 100 |
| ص | Soorah | 10 | 100 |
| ض | Dhameeer | 9 | 90 |
| b | Teen | 10 | 100 |
| ظ | The laam | 10 | 100 |
| $\varepsilon$ | Aali | 10 | 100 |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | Ghaanna | 9 | 90 |
| ف | Fanoos | 10 | 100 |
| ق | Ghaa noon | 10 | 100 |
| 5 | Korrssay | 10 | 100 |
| J | Lee bas | 9 | 90 |
| - | Madrasa | 10 | 100 |
| ن | Nasr | 10 | 100 |
| - | Hood hood | 10 | 100 |
| و | Waseela | 10 | 100 |
| ي | Yas meen | 10 | 100 |

Table 4.1 Using recorded voices evaluation results

The experiment was conducted twice to ensure consistency. The results were exactly the same each time.

The overall results gave an average recognition rate of 98.6\%. This demonstrates that it is possible to use recorded voices instead of using live voices to ensure consistency, repeatability and to save time and effort.

### 4.2 Automatic transliteration of diacritised Words

Arabic letters are pronounced differently when diacritised.
There are 6 vowels in Arabic, 3 short and 3 long and there are 2 semi-vowels.
Long vowels written in the middle of a word of unvocalized text are treated like consonants with a sukūn. Arabic short vowels are written with diacritics placed above or below the consonant that precedes them, the diacritics are shown in table 4.2.


Table 4.2 Arabic Diacritics

It is essential to create an application that would allow applying diacritics; hence the next phase is diacritising and testing the words manually then checking whether diacritising affects the results.

So the next phase was then to design and implement an application that would generate an English vocabulary by transliterating each Arabic diacritised word into its English equivalent.

The letters were transliterated according to the United Nations Educational, Scientific and cultural Organization Transliteration table (UNESCO, 2006c). The UNESCO table offered transliterations for the 28 Arabic letters only, but didn't mention the diacritics that's why the diacritics were transliterated to their equivalent according to (IPA) the International Phonetic Alphabet (Alghamdi, 2003).

| Arabic letter | UNESCO <br> Transliteration | Arabic letter | UNESCO Transliteration |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | A | ظ | Z |
| ب | B | $\varepsilon$ | ' |
| ت | T | غ | Gh |
| ث | Th | ف | F |
| ج | J | ق | Q |
| 2 | H | ك | K |
| خ | Kh | 」 | L |
| 2 | D | ค | M |
| ذ | Dh | $\cup$ | N |
| 」 | R | هـ | H |
| j | Z | 9 | W |
| س | S | ي | Y |
| ش | Sh |  |  |
| ص | S |  |  |
| ض | D |  |  |
| b | T |  |  |

Table 4.3 United Nations Educational, Scientific and cultural Organization, Transliteration table

| IPA | Diacritic |
| :--- | :--- |
| U | - |
| I | - |
| A | - |
| xx | - |
| $x$ | - |
| An | - |
| Un | - |
| In | - |

Table 4.4 IPA diacritics transliteration table
*xx =duplicated letter, e.g. ${ }^{\text {لّ }}=$ LL

The short vowels or diacritics have associated sounds and when placed above or below the consonant that precedes them they add to the vowel sound. For example the Arabic word for "school" without short vowels is مدرسة. If the letters were transliterated we would end up with <mdrsa> - the two short "a"-sounds are merely
implied. The reader needs to know already that the word means "school" and that school is madrasa and not something else like mudarisa or midarusa.

The word (مَدْرَسَة) there is a small sign above the first letter from the right م (meem) that indicates a short <a>-sound. This little stroke is called "fatHa". The next letter د (daal) bears a symbol indicating that there is no short vowel at this point. This small circle is called "sukoon". There is no sign above the fourth letter m (seen), because it is followed by a \% (taa' marbooTa) that is pronounced as an "a"sound in any case.


Figure 4.3 Diagram of automatic transliteration methodology

### 4.3 Testing of words transliterated automatically.

The previous 28 set of words was diacritised and transliterated using the UNESCO and IPA transliteration tables. The application was tested using the same recordings used in section 4.1. The use of the same recordings provides the opportunity to check whether the changes in recognition are due to transliterations or changes in voices.


Figure 4.4 Testing methodology using recordings and automatically transliterated vocabulary

This experiment is similar to the previous one. The same set of 28 words was used, but in this case they were diacritised and then transliterated automatically using the UNESCO and IPA transliteration tables. An application was developed to automatically transliterate the 28 diacritised (diacritised by the author) words to form the vocabulary for the speech recognition engine. The application provided a form that contains a text box and a button, the Arabic diacritised word should be entered in the text box field and when the button is clicked the English transliterated version is displayed and it could be used to form the lexicon.

The control application helped to control testing recordings of the same ten Arabic speakers from Bahrain used in the previous experiment (refer to figure 4.2).

The 10 recordings were played one after the other with the control application managing the process and the recognition rates were saved into the log file and calculated. The purpose for automating the transliterations and the use of recordings instead of live voices is to speed up the process and ensure repeatability and consistency.

| Arabic Word | English word obtained from manual transliteration | \% correct recognition (from table 4.1) | Words misrecognised as | English word obtained from automatic transliteration | \% correct recognition | Words misrecognised as |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| أرنب | Arnab | 100 | - | arNab | 100 |  |
| بستان | Boostan | 100 | - | bustaN | 80 | tiYN, YasmiYN |
| تفاح | Toofah | 100 | - | tuFah | 70 | Thee kkraa, MadrasaH |
| ثامر | Thamer | 90 | - | thaMir | 60 | Nasr |
| جوز | Jowz | 100 | - | jaWz | 90 |  |
| حمامن | Ham mama | 100 | - | haMaMaH | 70 | WasiyLa |
| خورفكان | Khoorfa kaan | 100 | - | khurFaKaN | 50 | bustaN |
| دبك | Deek | 100 | - | diYK | 40 | riYsh |
| ذكرى | Thee kkraa | 100 | - | dhiKra | 20 | thMir |
| ريش | Reeesh | 100 | - | riYsh | 60 | Shams |
| زكاة | Zak kaah | 100 | - | zakaH | 50 | suWraH |
| سكن | Sakan | 100 | - | saKaN | 100 |  |
| شمس | Shams | 100 | - | Shams | 100 |  |
| صورة | Soorah | 100 | - | suWraH | 10 | tuFah |
| ضمبر | Dhameer | 90 | - | daMiYr | 0 |  |
| طبن | Teen | 100 | - | tiYN | 20 | saKaN |
| ظلام | The laam | 100 | - | ZaLaM | 0 |  |
| عالـي | Aaali | 100 | - | 'aLY | 0 |  |
| غانا | Ghaanna | 90 | Lee bas | GhaNa | 10 | dhiKra |
| فانوس | Fanoos | 100 | - | FaNuWs | 20 | Libas, Shams |
| قانون | Ghaa noon | 100 | - | QaNuwN | 10 | saKaN |
| كرسي | Korrssay | 100 | - | KursY | 20 | khurFaKaN |
| لباس | Lee bas | 90 | Aali | Libas | 50 | ZaLaM |
| مدرسة | Madrasa | 100 | - | MadrasaH | 60 | suWraH |
| نسر | Nasr | 100 | - | Nasr | 90 | Shams |
| هدهد | Hood hood | 100 | - | HudHud | 30 | saKaN |
| وسيلة | Waseela | 100 | - | WasiyLa | 20 | dhiKra, |
| باسمين | Yas meen | 100 | - | YasmiYN | 70 | QaNuwN |

Table 4.5 Evaluation results of testing of the 28 words generated automatically using recorded voices.

The accuracy results of testing the 28 words generated automatically using recorded voices gave an average recognition rate of $46.4 \%$ noticeably lower than the results of testing the same words generated manually using the same recorded voices, where an accuracy of $98.6 \%$ was achieved. Table 4.5 compares the recognition of the 28 words using the same 10 recorded voices. The only difference is that the 28 words were transliterated differently in both experiments, automatically using the UNESCO and IPA transliteration tables and manually. Words that are the same when transliterated using both methods (automatically and manually) like سكن sakan and فانوس shams scored the same recognition rate of $100 \%$. Whereas words like شمس
which when transliterated manually as fanoos scored a recognition rate of $100 \%$ and when transliterated automatically as FaNuWs the recognition rate was only a disappointing $20 \%$. The reason for the lower recognition rate achieved using the automatically transliterated words is because of the different transliterations produced. For example, when transliterated automatically the letter $(\mathrm{g})$ in the words is always transliterated as (W) and the (') diacritic is always transliterated as $(\mathrm{U})$, whereas in manual transliteration the author chooses the appropriate transliteration for each letter, hence the letter (و) is transliterated as (0) in فانوس, but transliterated as (W) in وردة.

### 4.4 Discussion \& Conclusion

Manual transliteration can be very successful for a limited vocabulary; as the number of words increases the need to consider automating the process increases. The use of automatic transliteration to generate a good set of words without manual adjustment also proved to be possible but the recognition rates were not very good compared to the results from manual transliteration which are almost perfect, also the transliterations are not as perfect as manual transliteration and a lot of unreal words are included. When a word is transliterated manually only one equivalent is generated whereas using the transliteration application to transliterate an undiacritised word would generate more than one possibility which increases the vocabulary and hence places more load on the speech engine. According to (AbdulJaleel and Larkey, 2003) even though some transliteration systems are provided with online translation, little is published about them and there is no information concerning how effective they are or how they generate transliterations.

AbdulJaleel and Larkey (2003) established a statistical transliteration technique which uses English to Arabic transliteration model from pairs of names. They used a selected n-gram model which is a two stage training procedure and managed to get accuracy rates of around 50-80\%.

These rates are consistent with the $46.4 \%$ accuracy rates achieved in section 4.3 using the automatic transliteration with the aid of transliteration rules which involved using words in a list, which makes them more difficult to transliterate than words in context.

Although introducing automatic transliteration can save time and effort, the recognition rates depended heavily on the transliteration rules because of the inaccurate transliterations produced, which did not correspond to the input. If automatic transliteration is to be used in the coming experiments more attention should be paid to the transliteration rules.

The use of voice recordings instead of live voices in both methods ensured consistency and repeatability of the experiments and saved time and effort. Hence it is ideal to use voice recordings in the coming experiments.

The results and the feedback confirm that using an English engine to recognise an Arabic word is very sensitive to the transliteration and hence the efficiency of the recognition can be measured to assess the quality of transliteration. Nevertheless this doesn't exactly give a direct evaluation of the quality of transliteration. The quality of transliteration can be established by recognizing the correct word from the list. The transliterated word's recognition rate compared with the original word provides an effective way to measure the accuracy of transliteration schemes.

The subsequent chapters will focus on examining the efficiency of this as a measurement.

## CHAPTER 5

## Transliteration of undiacritised words

As mentioned in chapter 2, almost all of modern Arabic text is written without diacritics. Readers of Arabic normally use the context to work out which of the possible words it actually is. However, if the word was in a list, there is no context, but there is the possibility to generate all the possible words for the undiacritised word. This is considered next.

### 5.1 Automatic transliteration of undiacritised Words

Diacritising manually is time and effort consuming thus it is essential to improve it by developing a transliteration application that can apply diacritics automatically.

One approach to dealing with the diacritisation problem is for the transliteration program to start by generating all possible diacritised versions of an undiacritised Arabic word and constructing an English vocabulary incorporating all of these automatically. So if the 28 words were to be recognized, the 28 undiacritised words would be diacritised and transliterated, by generating all the possible diacritised versions of each word of the 28 words list. Each one of these possibilities then links back to the original Arabic word, so that if any of them is recognised by the speech engine, the originating word is identified (refer to figure 5.1)


Figure 5.1 Diagram of the process of diacritising and transliterating Arabic undiacritised words and using speech recognition engine to test the accuracy of the transliterations.

When an Arabic diacritised word is transliterated and the transliteration is used in the lexicon of the English speech engine, the engine tries to match the sound that is internally created for this word with the spoken word pronounced in Arabic.

If the sounds match, this could indicate that the transliteration is good, and vice versa poor transliteration could lead to misrecognition of sounds and words.

The engine chooses the closest matching word from a list of words to match the spoken word. If the word is not diacritised, then an application that would apply diacritics to all words and generate all possible transliterations should be implemented and used. The generated diacritised transliterations for a word are then used in the lexicon of the English speech engine, and the engine compares the spoken word with the sound created internally from the text of words stored in the lexicon.

This is not a direct evaluation of the match between written and spoken words. By selecting the correct word from the list, the accuracy of the similarity of the spoken and written word is verified.

A word that consists of 3 letters like (هیى) Huda, can have up to 37 different possibilities when diacritised.

| Transliteration | Arabic <br> Diacritised word | Transliteration | Arabic <br> Diacritised <br> Word |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Haddana | هَّأىى | hadana | هَأى |
| Haddaa | هَلَّى | hadaa | هَهَى |
| Haddua | هَهُى | hadua | هَهُى |
| Haddia | هَلِّى | hadia | هَهِى |
| huddana | هُّكّى | huda | هُهى |
| huddaa | هُّكّى | hudana | هُهُى |
| huddua | هُهُى | hudaa | هُهُى |
| huddia | هُّكّى | hudua | هُكُى |
| hiddana | هِلًّى | hudia |  |
| hiddaa | هِدِّى | hida | هِهِ |
| hiddua | هِهُى | hidana | هِدِّى |
| hiddia | هِلِّى | hidaa | هِدَى |
| hddana | هالًّى | hidua | هِدُى |
| hddaa | هلًّى | hidia | هِدِى |
| hddua | هأىى | hdana | هاءى |
| hddia | هلّى | hdaa | هآى |
| hda | هاى | hdua | هاهُى |
| hada | (1) | hdia | ه10 |

Table 5.1: The possibilities of adding diacritics to the word Huda

The word Huda consists of the letters (ه)), (د), and ( $(\mathcal{)}$, and by setting the rules so that all diacritics should be applied to every letter in every position, for example the letter (هـ) at the beginning of the word Huda, will have all the diacritics added to it ( هـ ), (هِ) ,
(هِ) , (هً) (ه) , etc and the same applies to the other two letters. Only 5 of the 37 possibilities have meaning, whereas most of the possibilities have no meaning. This process can be successful if the word consists of few letters, and if the word has vowels as the generated possibilities are fewer than words that contain consonants only. If the word consists of 4 or more letters and contains consonants and no vowels, this can be challenging as the number of possibilities rises and some of the possibilities can even be unrealistic and can't be pronounced, which can add load to the transliteration application.

Building a sensible vocabulary by generating all the possibilities for each word can be problematic, as duplication of words might occur (i.e. the possibility of generating the same English words if the words were spelled the same in Arabic when not diacritised for example the word (وَرَقَ) meaning paper and the word (وَرِق) meaning silver, both of these words would be spelled as (ورق) when not diacritised and in a list, and the generated possibilities would be exactly the same. This might be confusing and can lead to recognizing the wrong word.

Also the generated number of possibilities might be large which means more work for the speech recognition engine to look for the right word from all these possibilities as it would be difficult to filter these words if the number of possibilities was large. This is not a problem for the current 28 chosen words, as every word is unique and the vocabulary doesn't contain two Arabic words spelled the same when not diacritised.

Calculating the number of possibilities for each word can vary. It depends on the number of letters in each word, and if it contains vowels or just consonants.

In order to generate an application that would diacritise and generate all the possibilities of a word, the following application has been developed in Microsoft Visual Basic and uses SQL queries and statements.

The application consists of 3 forms. The first form allows the user to enter a diacritised Arabic word and clicks a button to get the transliterated version of the word displayed. The diacritised words are entered and transliterated automatically
using the UNESCO and IPA transliteration tables. These automatically transliterated diacritised (diacritised by the author) words form the vocabulary for the speech recognition engine. A text to speech facility has been added to this form to aid with the pronunciation of the transliterated words

The second form permits the user to enter an undiacritised word and with a click of a button it displays all the diacritised transliterated possibilities and saves them to an external file. With the aid of a table that has a listing of all the Arabic letters and the diacritics in the 3 positions start, middle and end and states the rules if this letter could accompany a specific diacritic in a specific position. This table allows the user to set some rules for diacritisation. Also using the UNESCO and IPA transliteration tables to transliterate the generated possibilities.

A text to speech facility has been added to this form to aid with the pronunciation of the transliterated diacritised words. Refer to appendix D, for more details about the forms and the code. The generated list contains lots of unreal words. These words could be pointed out and removed with human interference and with providing a vocabulary of acceptable words to check them against.

The third form contains a button that transliterates a list of diacritised names or words in a text file, and generates an xml file, so that it can be used for the speech recognition process. The generated xml file works with the VB code in the speech recognition application. Refer to appendix D, for more details about the third form.


Figure 5.2 Diagram of automatically generating all the transliterated diacritised possibilities of the undiacritised Arabic word experiment methodology.

The development was undertaken in the following steps:

1. A 3 letter diacritisation and transliteration application was developed.
2. The 3 letter diacritisation and transliteration application was upgraded to process 4 letter words.
3. The application was then tested on words spoken by a sample of Arabic speaking population.
4. A 5 letter diacritisation and transliteration application was then developed.

The diacritisation and transliteration application takes the Arabic undiacritised word and generates all diacritised possibilities for this Arabic transliterated word by checking each letter in the word and its position with Table 1 in appendix E, as it has a list of all the letters in every position (beginning, middle and end) and a list of which diacritics it can accommodate at this specific position.

Then all the diacritised words that were generated and transliterated according to the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization Transliteration table (UNESCO, 2006c), and the diacritics to their equivalent according to The International

Phonetic Alphabet (IPA, Alghamdi, 2003) and becomes the vocabulary of the speech recognition engine including the non-words. When the voice recordings are played, the speech recognition engine searches for the closest match and displays the recognised word, this word gets saved in a log file for further analysis.

### 5.1.1 Three letter words

An initial application was created in visual basic that processed up to 3 letter Arabic words. It generated a vocabulary of English transliterations based on all possible diacritised versions of the original word and then transliterated them according to published rules. Researchers from different academic and research institutions were invited to participate in building a system that would be able to diacritize Arabic text automatically.

The team investigated different approaches for diacritizing Arabic Automatic Diacritizer of Arabic Text Using Hidden Markov Model, Automatic Diacritizer of Arabic Text Using Viterbi and an Independent Diacritizer of Arabic. The Independent System is considered an achievement for several reasons. It is independent and its performance is higher and faster than the other systems (Alghamdi et al, 2006). Hence the diacritical rules used in this system were also used in the 3 letter application.

The 3 letter application was successful, diacritics were applied to words consisting of 3 letters automatically and then transliterations were produced for these diacritised words and words were recognised even though an individual word generated as many as 482 diacritised versions of words. Unreal words are also included as it is difficult to filter these out without human interference.

A recognition test for a subset of the 28 chosen words, words that consist of 3 or less letters were used in the test. All diacritised possibilities for each of these words were transliterated and included as vocabulary ( xml file) for the speech recognition engine. After that the recordings of these words were played and results calculated. Each
word was played one after the other, and the recognised words got displayed on screen and the results for each user were saved into the log file (written file).

The overall results gave a recognition rate of $100 \%$. 2 of the 7 words (سكن, شمس) generated 482 diacritised possibilities, and the other 5 (جوز, ديك, ريش, طين, نسر) produced 478.

Three letter words consisting of only consonants generate more possibilities as the rules for adding diacritics to all the letters in all positions (first, middle, last) states that it is possible to add most diacritics to all letters in any position. But when it comes to words that contain vowels, vowels can have specific diacritics in specific position which limit the number of possibilities.

### 5.1.2 Longer words

The 28 chosen words and Arabic words in general contain words of more than 3 letters hence upgrading the application to diacritise and transliterate words of 4 letters and less is essential. The application works by looking at the letter in the middle and then checks the letters before and after before applying the diacritics and then transliterating the word, so the code was upgraded to work with longer words (more than 3 letters).

Unfortunately a typical 4 letter word would produce about 24000 possibilities, and most of the possibilities would be unrealistic and diacritised wrongly, so the application was then further developed to filter out meaningless words by adding more diacritical rules, (UIUC linguistics, 2007), (Algamdi and Zeeshan, 2007), and (Alghamdi et al., 2006a).

If we assume that a four letter word is represented as, $Z^{d} Y^{c} X^{b}, W^{a}$ where $W$ is the first letter, $X$ the second letter, $Y$ the third and $Z$ the fourth letter. $A, b, c$ and $d$ are the diacritics following each of the four letters.

Some of the rules include the following:

1. The first diacritic a can only be represented as $\bar{\circ}$ and
2. b can be represented by all diacritics but $\overline{\bar{\rho}}, \stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ and
3. c can be represented by all diacritics but $\overline{\bar{\circ}}$, and
4. d the fourth diacritic can be presented by all diacritics.
5. If one of the three vowel diacritics is doubled, it may only appear at the end of a word.
6. Alif maqsourah is always undiacritised and the madda can only appear on top of an Alif

Refer to Appendix E for a table containing the rules applicable for each letter and its position.

This reduced the number of diacritised version of a word tremendously. For example, the word "نوال" Nawal, consists of 4 letters, and before applying the rules to the transliteration application, it had about 24000 possibilities; however after applying the rules, there were only 200. Most of the possibilities have no meaning (non-words) but filtering them out is difficult without human interference and it is also time consuming (Appendix F shows all the diacritised possibilities of the word Nawal after applying the rules). Table 1 in appendix E presents all the letters in all position (beginning, middle and end) and a list of all the diacritics. So if a letter in a specific position can accommodate a specific diacritic, a tick $(\checkmark)$ is shown in the cell. This table formed the basis to the (tbIDiacritics) table, which is the table used by the application to apply diacritics to words automatically.

Refer to (appendix D) for the application code and process diagrams.

### 5.1.3 Limitation

Unfortunately, even applying these rules, resulted in an unacceptable number of possibilities for 5 letter words. A 5 letter word took about 40 minutes to be processed and produced about 10000 filtered possibilities. In some cases the word could be recognized because these possibilities are linked to the original word, so if
any transliteration possibility is recognized the original word is displayed. In many cases errors occurred.

When diacritised using the transliteration application, each word that represents the letters of the Arabic alphabet used in the previous experiment, had different number of possibilities, this depends on the number of letters, and whether the word contains vowels and consonants or just consonants. The code was upgraded to accommodate words that contain 5 letters, so it starts by looking at the letter in the middle ( $3^{\text {rd }}$ letter) and then checks the two letters before and after and follows the rules in table 1 appendix E for applying the diacritics and then transliterates the possibilities.

The number of possibilities for each of the 28 words is as follows:


Figure 5.3 Line chart for the number of possibilities for the 28 Arabic alphabet words.

| Arnab | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { بستان } \\ \text { Boostan } \end{array}$ | تفاح <br> Toofah | ثُامر <br> Thamer | جوز Jows | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Deek } \\ \hline \text { De } \end{array}$ | ذكرى <br> Thee kkraa | ريش Reeesh |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3596 | 4796 | 482 | 482 | 478 | 478 | 396 | 478 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { زكاة } \\ & \text { Zak kaah } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { سكن Sakan } \end{aligned}$ | شمس <br> Shams | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { صورة } \\ & \text { Soorah } \end{aligned}$ | ضمير Dhameeer | طين Teen | ظلام The laam | عالي <br> Aaali |
| 277 | 482 | 482 | 2805 | 4796 | 478 | 480 | 480 |
| غانا Ghaanna | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { فانوس } \\ \text { Fanoos } \end{array}$ | قانون <br> Ghaa noon | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { كرسي } \\ & \text { Korrssay } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Lee bas } \\ \hline \text { Le } \end{array}$ | Madrasa | Nasr | Hood hood |
| 39 | 4804 | 4804 | 4796 | 478 | 27998 | 478 | 4804 |
| وسيلة <br> Waseela <br> 27998 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 5.2 Number of possibilities for each of the 28 chosen words.

Consonants generate more possibilities as the rules for adding diacritics to all the letters in all positions (first, middle, last) states that it is possible to add most diacritics to all letters in any position. But when it comes to words that contain vowels, vowels can have specific diacritics in specific positions which limit the number of possibilities. Refer to Table 1 in the appendix E. Words like (ريش) Reeesh and (جوز) Jows both have the same number of possibilities because they both consist of three letters, a vowel in the middle surrounded by two consonants, etc.

### 5.1.4 Evaluation test

A recognition test for a subset of the 28 chosen words, words that produce 480 or less possibilities were used in the test. All the diacritised possibilities for each of these words were transliterated and included as vocabulary (xml file) for the speech recognition engine. After that the recordings of these words were played and recognition results calculated. Each word was played one after the other, and the recognised words got displayed on screen and the results for each user were saved into the log file (written file). The results are shown in table 5.3.

| Arabic word | English Word | Number of possibilities | No. Times correctly recognized | \% recognition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| تفاح | Toofah | 482 | 10 | 100 |
| ثامر | Thamer | 482 | 10 | 100 |
| جوز | Jowz | 478 | 10 | 100 |
| ديك | Deek | 478 | 10 | 100 |
| ذكرى | Thee kkraa | 396 | 10 | 100 |
| ريش | Reeesh | 478 | 10 | 100 |
| زكاة | Zak kaah | 277 | 10 | 100 |
| سكن | Sakan | 482 | 10 | 100 |
| شمس | Shams | 482 | 10 | 100 |
| طين | Teen | 478 | 10 | 100 |
| ظلام | The laam | 480 | 9 | 90 |
| عاللي | Aali | 480 | 10 | 100 |
| غانا | Ghaanna | 39 | 10 | 100 |
| لباس | Lee bas | 478 | 10 | 100 |
| نسر | Nasr | 478 | 10 | 100 |

Table 5.3 Evaluation results for a subset of the 28 chosen words that produce 480 or less possibilities

The overall results gave an average recognition rate of 99.3\%. This demonstrates that including more than one transliterated possibility for each word can be successful and can increase the recognition rate, as recognising any of the possibilities means recognising the original word that is linked to it. This can only be successful if the displayed recognised word was an undiacritised Arabic word. But this is not useful when using the speech engine to evaluate transliteration tables as only one word can be correct to measure the accuracy of the transliteration and there is a need to concentrate on studying specific letters and the accompanying diacritics in specific position increases.

### 5.2 Discussion \& Conclusion

Automatic diacritisation, transliteration and producing all the possibilities for each word can be successful to an extent but the huge number of possibilities means more time for the speech engine to recognize the correct match.

Using undiacritised words for transliteration can only be used in very limited cases (i.e. a few small words in the vocabulary) and there is a potential for automatic transliteration but it critically depends on the transliteration and the rules used.

Also this approach to the first stage in the transliteration process can succeed in specific cases, especially where the vocabulary consists of shorter words. There is also the logical problem that it would be impossible for a speech recognition system to distinguish between two different words that were spelt with identical Arabic letters without some form of additional intervention (diacritics).

It is only sensible to proceed with diacritised words and the experiment is very limited with just 28 words so there is a need to develop a more comprehensive system for testing. Also different and more sophisticated transliteration rules should be explored.

It is clear that the success of the recognition depends on the quality of the transliteration rules that are used for automatic transliteration. Consequently, it means that this system could be used to test transliteration rules. Using the same vocabulary and voice recordings, different transliteration tables can be tested and compared by comparing recognition results recorded.

## CHAPTER 6

## System for Testing Transliteration Rules

### 6.1 Introduction

The research so far showed that the English speech engines could be used to recognise Arabic words. As the recognition of lists of words using this method was very sensitive to the transliteration rules used it was a motivation for this work to see whether this method could be used to test and compare transliteration rules. This chapter describes a proposed novel system for testing transliteration rules.

### 6.2 Preparation of data

In order to test transliteration rules, it was necessary to choose a suitable vocabulary and record a selection of voices. The same evaluation process introduced in chapter 4 was used to test transliteration rules (refer to figure 4.1) so the transliteration stage prepares the list of words for the speech recognition process by transliterating the Arabic words into their English equivalent and the speech recognition engine with the aid of the pre-recorded audio files tries to recognise the words and then sends the results to an external file for analysis.

There are only 28 letters in the Arabic alphabet, but their sound can depend on their position in a word (start, middle or end) and they can be further altered by the use of additional symbols called diacritics. The term diacritem was defined to mean a particular letter in a particular word position with a particular diacritic. This letter/diacritic relationship can affect transliterations, as breaking the words into letters and diacritics in the three positions and studying the recognition for each to highlight the weaknesses and try to come up with better transliterations sounds promising. Hence the need to have a vocabulary that includes all of these possibilities arises.

The methodology of testing transliteration rules includes comparing different existing transliteration tables, and the attempt to try to find a better transliteration table than the best by changing the letter for letter transliterations, then more sophisticated rules where different transliterations for letters depending on whether they are adjacent to specific diacritics will be studied. Finally different transliterations of letter diacritic pairs should be considered depending on where their position is in the word. This process of improvement is described in Chapter 7.

This research is concerned with speech recognition from lists of words not from written texts; hence large chunks of established text will not be used in testing. The context of words will not be considered that's why attempting to use big texts is not useful for this research. Also any ordinary block of text will, by coincidence, contain lots of examples of some letters, or letter combinations, but very few examples of others, so it is not going to be efficient for testing this idea.

### 6.2.1 Selection of vocabulary words

The selection of words was made with the aid of Almawrid Arabic/ Arabic dictionary (Ba'Albaki, 1998), and then the list was presented to and approved by three experts in the Arabic linguistics field. The list of chosen words was presented to each expert and was asked to check whether all letters and diacritics were included in the three positions of the chosen words. The need for the experts is because some of the words contain only 1 or 2 shown diacritic, hence there is a need to determine the other diacritic(s).

In fact, no such similar comprehensive vocabulary exists for the Arabic language, so it was essential to carefully choose 3 letter words that would be familiar to Arabic speakers, but would cover all the Arabic 28 letters, in the 3 different positions beginning, middle, and end with the main diacritics ('Fat ha', Dhamma and kasra).

A vocabulary of 499, 3 letter words was found that contained all of the diacritems (in all positions) that are used in Arabic.

For example, the words حلبَ Halaba, قلب qalbii, and نابُ naabu, end with the letter "ب" baa, but it is diacritised differently in each word, in the first word, it is diacritised with a 'fat ha', in the second word the diacritem is bi which is a kasra, and the third word ends with damma. The letter "ب" in the end of these three words is pronounced differently.

The vocabulary was constructed with the following principles in mind:

1. All words were selected from Al Mawrid Arabic/Arabic dictionary
2. The vocabulary contains every letter in the Arabic alphabet
3. The vocabulary contains every letter in combination with every possible diacritic
4. Every letter and diacritic should be in the three different positions, start, middle and end. For example the letter raa ( $\lrcorner), \operatorname{start}(* * \jmath),(* * \jmath),(* * \jmath)$, middle (* $\left.{ }^{*}\right),\left(*^{\prime}{ }^{*}\right),\left({ }^{*} \jmath^{*}\right)$, and end ( $\jmath^{* *}$ ), ( $\left.\jmath^{* *}\right),\left(\jmath^{* *}\right)$.

The table in Appendix $G$ shows that all of the diacritems exist in the chosen vocabulary. Along the top, the complete list of possible diacritics is listed, and a list of all alphabet in three positions (start, middle, and End) listed down the side. The 499 words are listed in the correct cells according to their diacritems. Refer to Appendix H for a list of the 499 chosen words.

### 6.3 Recording of voices

The first problem that was looked into was the quality of the recordings. Because recording 499 words is time consuming, a couple of methods were tried to help in recording one word at a time and storing them in a separate files.

A simple audio recording application was implemented (Gaudio) using visual basic, this application allows the recording of a new set of words semi automatically and manually and then saves them in a predefined location. The application also displays a list of Arabic predefined words. Hence the user reads each Arabic word and they are recorded.

The user is asked to locate a folder or create a new location for saving the audio files. The user has the option of choosing the time interval ( 2,3 , or 4 seconds) between each word in the semi-automatic recording option.

Four subjects from the main experiment in 3.4 recorded their voices reading the 499 chosen words, one word at a time.

An initial test, playing the files and listening to the words proved that the quality of the recordings made using this application needed to be enhanced as they contained noise and were not clear enough.

Therefore another method was used to record a new set of recordings and thus increase the quality. The speech acquisition tool was provided by the Centre for Innovation and Technology Exploitation (CITE) at Nottingham Trent University. CITE provided a python tool, developed, using the snack library, to record user utterances (snack, 2006).

This application allows the recording of a new set of words manually by displaying a list of predefined words. Hence the user reads the word and records it by clicking the record icon, then clicks on the play icon to hear the word.

The best feature about this application is that it shows the distortion or noise, so that the user can tell if the word or part of it is not clear by looking at the distortion or noise level, if any part of the word was above or below the noise level, and if there
were more red dots than the yellow or blue then this part is distorted or noisy, so they had to re-record.

Two days later the same 4 subjects recorded the same 499 words using this application, it took about an hour to complete each set, roughly the same time it took them to record using Gaudio application with a 10 minutes break every half an hour.

The new recordings of each word are stored in a separate file and are called w1, w2, (word 1, word 2 etc.), the files are saved as wav files ( 705 kbps , 8 bit sample rate, stereo, CCITT U-law). U-law or MU law is used in America and Japan for digital telecommunication.

The file has an average length of 2 seconds. The length of wave files range from 0.8 seconds to 2.4 seconds, Additionally, a 0.2 second silence period is added to the beginning and end of each file. The files are recorded in a quiet environment (ac's and computers off) the sets of recordings are kept in different folders for different speakers each titled with the speaker's first names.

Some of the files have background noise: although this kind of noise was deliberately avoided while recording, some files might have faint noise at the beginning.

The quality of the recording was checked by the author by looking at the waveform, and by listening to the recording to see if they were clear and sounded right.

If the quality wasn't good enough, the subjects were asked to repeat the recordings.

The application was used to record 4 new sets of high quality recordings, and then tested them automatically, using the same method used in chapter 4 where the 28 diacritised words were transliterated automatically using the same method introduced in chapter 4, using the UNESCO and IPA transliteration tables and the voice recordings were played and using the speech recognition engine, results were recorded.

The experiment was conducted using the Gaudio recordings to find the recognition rates and then repeated using the recordings by the application from CITE to compare recognition rates and use the recordings with the highest recognition rates in the upcoming experiments.

Refer to the appendix and attached CD for each set of the recordings (recorded using the CITE application).

| Recording | Recordings using Gaudio <br> recognition rate \% | Recordings Using application <br> from CITE recognition rate\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 13 | 16 |
| 2 | 11 | 14 |
| 3 | 9 | 13 |
| 4 | 7.2 | 12 |

Table 6.1 Recognition rates of the recordings using the application from CITE compared to the recordings by Gaudio.

The recordings using the application from CITE recognition rate results show an improvement, but are similar to the results by Gaudio, both in the range of 0-20\%. Although that the results are low they still serve their purpose by ensuring repeatability and consistency of the experiment results. This makes them more useful than using live voices.

### 6.4 Selection of transliteration tables

This section starts with a comparison of different transliteration tables' rules, to find the best transliteration table that can be constructed that is basically capable of transliterating one letter at a time.

The next stage is to explore different transliteration tables, hence five commonly used transliteration tables were tested and the results were compared, UN, Qalam, Buckwalter, ArabTeX and a table introduced in a paper by Alghamdi (Alghamdi et al., 2006).

The United Nations recommended romanization system was approved in (1972) (resolution II/8), based on the system adopted by Arabic experts at the conference held at Beirut in 1971 with the practical amendment carried out and agreed upon by the representatives of the Arabic-speaking countries at their conference. (UNESCO, 2006c)

According to Becker, (1987): Qalam (1985) is an Arabic-Latin-Arabic transliteration system between the Arabic script and the Latin script embodied in the ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) character set. The goal of the Qalam system is to transliterate Arabic script for computer communication by those literate in the language, it is a system that focuses upon preserving the spelling, rather than the pronunciation, and uses mixed case.

Buckwalter Transliteration (1990s) was developed at Xerox by Tim Buckwalter; and doesn't require unusual diacritics. (Habash et al., 2007b), (Lagally, 2004), (Micher and Voss, 2008), (Buckwalter, 2004) and (Buckwalter, 2002).

ArabTeX (since 1992) its "native" input is 7-bit ASCII: "has been modelled closely after the transliteration standards ISO/R 233 and DIN 31635"(Lagally, 2004).

Alghamdi's table Alghamdi et al., (2006) introduced a transliteration table that uses only plain Roman alphabets that can be processed and printed easily, so that ordinary people can read the transliterations.

All previous tests depended on UNESCO, (2006). A comparison between transliteration tables is shown in table 6.2

| Letter | Letter name | Qalam | Buckwalter | ArabTeX | Alghamdi | UN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| i | Alef | aa | A | a | a | a |
| ب | Baa | b | B | b | b | b |
| $\because$ | Taa | t | T | t | t | t |
| ث | Thaa | th | V | _t | th | th |
| ج | Jeem | j | J | $\wedge \mathrm{g}$ | j | j |
| $\tau$ | Haa | H | H | .h | h | h |
| $\dot{\text { خ }}$ | Khaa | kh | X | _h | kh | kh |
| د | Dal | d | D | d | d | d |
| ذ | Thal | dh | * | _d | th | dh |
| J | Raa | $r$ | R | r | r | r |
| j | Zain | z | Z | z | z | z |
| س | Seen | s | S | s | s | s |
| ش | Sheen | sh | \$ | $\wedge_{s}$ | sh | sh |
| ص | Saad | S | S | .s | s | s |
| ض | Dhad | D | D | .d | dh | d |
| b | Ta | T | T | .t | t | t |
| ظ | THa | Z | Z | . 2 | th | z |
| $\varepsilon$ | Ain |  | E |  | A | ' |
| $\dot{\text { غ }}$ | Ghain | gh | G | .g | gh | gh |
| ف | Faa | f | F | f | f | f |
| ق | Qaaf | q | Q | q | q | q |
| 5 | Kaaf | k | K | k | k | k |
| J | Lam | 1 | L | 1 | I | 1 |
| م | Meem | m | M | m | m | m |
| $\dot{\text { ن }}$ | Noon | n | N | n | n | n |
| $\bigcirc$ | haa | h | H | h | h | h |
| و | waw | w | W | w | w | w |
| ي | Yaa | y | Y | y | y | Y |
|  | 'Fat ha' | a | A | a | a | a |
|  | dhamma | o | U | U oro | u | u |
| - | kasra | e | 1 | i ore | i | 1 |

Table 6.2 UN, Qalam, Buckwalter, ArabTeX and Alghamdi's Transliteration Tables
For the transliteration of the rest of the diacritics, which were not available to the author for the above tables, the (IPA) International Phonetic Alphabet diacritics transliteration table will be used (Algamdi, 2003).

| IPA | Diacritic |
| :--- | :--- |
| Xx | - |
| X | $=$ |
| An | $=$ |
| Un | $=$ |
| In | $=$ |

Table 6.3 IPA diacritics transliteration table
*Xx= letter doubled
*X=letter

### 6.5 Results

To compare and find out the recognition rates for the previously mentioned transliteration tables, the automated application described in chapter 4 was used.

In each test, the transliteration table letters were fed into the application and the results were saved in the database, the application treats upper and lower cases the same.

The recordings by the application from CITE were played and fed into the speech recognition engine and finally the results were recorded.

### 6.6 Overall recognition rates

The following results were obtained:

| Transliteration | Recognition <br> Rate |
| :--- | :--- |
| UN | $17.9 \%$ |
| Qalam | $14.6 \%$ |
| Backwalter | $13.2 \%$ |
| Arabtext | $10 \%$ |
| Alghamdi | $19.1 \%$ |

Table 6.4 UN, Qalam, Buckwalter, ArabTeX and Alghamdi's transliteration tables' comparison tests results

| Recording | Results |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | $20.2 \%$ |
| 2 | $23 \%$ |
| 3 | $18.4 \%$ |
| 4 | $14.8 \%$ |

Table 6.5 Alghamdi's transliteration table recognition results

The results clearly highlight that Alghamdi's transliteration table achieved 19.1\% using the previous method. This makes this transliteration table the best compared to the other 4 transliteration tables using this method of testing.


Figure 6.1 UN, Qalam, Buckwalter, ArabTeX and Alghamdi's transliteration table's comparison results

The next stage of the research was to identify if further improvements to Alghamdi's table could be made.

Refer to appendix I for a list of the transliterated words using different transliteration tables.

### 6.7 Analysis of individual letters

The letters that make up each word of the 499 words were highlighted for example the word (باد) was analysed to (ب), (1), and (د) and the words were categorised according to the letters that it contained, so the same word (باد) can be in the letters (ب), (1), and (د) categories. Then the total numbers of words that contain that specific letter were calculated. This provided an opportunity to calculate the recognition rate for each letter and therefore analyse this specific letter.

Using the transliteration table provided by Alghamdi, the recognition rate for each word averaged across all speakers is shown in table 1 (refer to appendix J). A further average was then taken of the recognition rates of all words that contained each letter and diacritic individual of the Arabic alphabet (only the main three diacritics will be studied, 'fat ha', dhamma, and kasra). This is presented in table 6.6

| Arabic letter | Name of letter | English letter | TNOW | RR of test 1 | RR of test 2 | RR of test 3 | RR of test 4 | ARR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| i | alef | a | 19 | 5.3\% | 10.5\% | 5.3\% | 5.3\% | 6.6\% |
| ب | baa | b | 71 | 15.5\% | 18.3\% | 17\% | 18.3\% | 17.3\% |
| $\because$ | taa | t | 31 | 12.9\% | 12.9\% | 12.9\% | 12.9\% | 12.9\% |
| ث | thaa | th | 34 | 11.8\% | 23.5\% | 17.6\% | 11.8\% | 16.2\% |
| ج | jeem | j | 51 | 15.7\% | 23.5\% | 25.5\% | 13.7\% | 19.6\% |
| $\tau$ | Haa | h | 43 | 18.6\% | 34.9\% | 25.6\% | 18.6\% | 24.4\% |
| $\dot{\text { c }}$ | khaa | kh | 28 | 10.7\% | 10.7\% | 7.1\% | 17.9\% | 11.6\% |
| $\pm$ | daal | d | 58 | 17.2\% | 22.4\% | 22.4\% | 19\% | 20.3\% |
| j | thaal | th | 33 | 12.1\% | 15.2\% | 24.2\% | 24.2\% | 18.9\% |
| J | raa | r | 126 | 12.7\% | 15.9\% | 15.1\% | 14.3\% | 14.5\% |
| j | zain | z | 28 | 32.1\% | 32.1\% | 32.1\% | 32.1\% | 32.1\% |
| س | seen | S | 64 | 20.3\% | 23.4\% | 26.6\% | 18.8\% | 22.3\% |
| ش | sheen | sh | 34 | 38.2\% | 44.1\% | 50\% | 47.1\% | 44.9\% |
| ص | Saad | S | 39 | 20.5\% | 23.1\% | 20.5\% | 23.1\% | 21.8\% |
| ض | DHad | dh | 30 | 6.7\% | 6.7\% | 6.7\% | 6.7\% | 6.7\% |
| b | Ta | T | 36 | 8.3\% | 11.1\% | 11.1\% | 11.1\% | 10.4\% |
| ظ | THa | th | 22 | 13.6\% | 13.6\% | 9.1\% | 13.6\% | 12.5\% |
| $\varepsilon$ | ain | A | 75 | 12\% | 16\% | 18.7\% | 17.3\% | 16\% |
| $\dot{\text { غ }}$ | ghain | gh | 34 | 0\% | 17.6\% | 17.6\% | 2.9\% | 9.5\% |
| فـ | faa | f | 57 | 17.5\% | 33.3\% | 17.5\% | 14\% | 20.6\% |
| ق | qaaf | q | 51 | 11.8\% | 11.8\% | 11.8\% | 13.7\% | 12.3\% |
| 5 | kaaf | k | 43 | 20.9\% | 20.9\% | 20.9\% | 20.9\% | 20.9\% |
| $J$ | laam | I | 77 | 6.5\% | 11.7\% | 10.4\% | 11.7\% | 10.1\% |
| م | meem | m | 62 | 25.8\% | 27.4\% | 27.4\% | 27.4\% | 27\% |
| $\dot{\sim}$ | noon | n | 61 | 23\% | 47.5\% | 37.7\% | 39.3\% | 36.9\% |
| 0 | haa | h | 45 | 15.6\% | 24.4\% | 28.9\% | 26.7\% | 23.9\% |
| و | waaw | w | 71 | 18.3\% | 18.3\% | 18.3\% | 18.3\% | 18.3\% |
| ي | yaa | y | 50 | 22\% | 22\% | 22\% | 22\% | 22\% |
|  | 'Fat ha' | a | 672 | 15.9\% | 24.1\% | 23.4\% | 22.6\% | 21.5\% |
| * | dhamma | u | 150 | 8.7\% | 22.7\% | 14.7\% | 13.3\% | 14.9\% |
| - | kasra | i | 118 | 12.7\% | 25.4\% | 21.2\% | 17.8\% | 19.3\% |

Table 6.6 Alghamdi's single letter or diacritic recognition rates analysis
*TNOW=Total number of words: Total Number of words that contain that specific letter

* RR of tests 1, 2, 3, and 4=Recognition rate of tests 1, 2, 3, and 4 recognition rate of each test for a specific letter (test 1=recording 1, test $2=$ recording 2 , etc)
*ARR=Average recognition rate: average of the 4 recognition rate for a specific letter In the diacritics case ('fat ha', dhamma and kasra), they can appear more than once in a word.


### 6.8 Summary

Table 6.6 presented the recognition rates for each letter and diacritic as transliterated according to Alghamdi's transliteration table. The results are low especially for the letter (Thad), which is expected because it is unique to the Arabic language and there is no equivalent to this letter in any other language; the letter (Thad) achieved a disappointing 6.7\%.

A 499 word vocabulary that was designed to cover all common sounds in the Arabic language was found. This vocabulary was used to test currently published transliteration tables. The term Diacritem was defined to mean a combination of a letter and a diacritic at a specific location in a word. This vocabulary contained all possible Arabic diacritems.

Alghamdi's transliteration table achieved better recognition rates than the other transliteration tables. The author met Professor Alghamdi in Riyadh, he explained that his table is newer than the other 4 transliteration tables and when he was trying to come up with this table he studied nearly all of the published transliteration tables and tried to come up with a better table, he looked at their weakness and avoided them.

Hence the next step is trying to analyse Alghamdi's table and come up with a better transliteration table.

## CHAPTER 7

## Improvements to Alghamdi's transliteration table

### 7.1 Introduction

The previous chapter described a proposed system for testing transliteration rules, and the methodology for testing transliteration rules which includes comparing different existing transliteration tables was introduced. The results demonstrated that it is possible to test transliteration rules with the aid of speech recognition.

### 7.2 Finding improvements in the transliteration

 rulesIn this chapter an attempt to try to find a better transliteration table than Alghamdi's table is described. Although Alghamdi's transliteration table achieved better recognition results than the other transliteration systems considered, the results are still somewhat limited and could be improved. Therefore an attempt to improve this table by changing letter for letter transliterations, then more sophisticated rules where different transliterations for letters depending on whether they are adjacent to specific diacritics were studied. Finally different transliterations of letter diacritic pairs were considered depending on where their position is in the word.

### 7.3 Improvements to single letter transliteration

In this section a method is described for improving the transliteration of each individual letter.

Using the transliteration table provided by Alghamdi, the recognition rate for each letter of the 499 words averaged across the four recordings are shown in table 1 (see appendix J). A further average was then taken of the recognition rates of all words that contained each letter and diacritic individual of the Arabic alphabet (only the
main three diacritics will be studied, 'fat ha', dhamma, and kasra). This is presented in table 6.6 which shows Alghamdi's single letter or diacritic recognition rate analysis.

### 7.3.1 The method used to identify how to improve the transliteration of single letter

Each letter or diacritic was studied and all words containing that specific letter or diacritic were analysed, and alternatives for each letter or diacritic were presented based on different transliteration tables like ALA-LC/UNGEGN and online transliteration applications and using the experimental method described in chapter 4, where the transliterations of the letters were fed into the application and the results were saved in the database, and the recordings were played and finally the results were recorded and the best results were chosen to form an improved table.

1. All the words that contain that specific letter or diacritic were found.
2. For each letter of the alphabet alternatives i.e. different possibilities were found with the help of different transliteration tables like ALA-LC/UNGEGN and the use of online transliteration applications also based on the author's knowledge of the language.
3. All the words were transliterated
4. The application was run, and the tests were done manually.

For example the letter baa, out of the 499 word vocabulary, the words that contain the letter baa were chosen and saved on a piece of paper. They were written as w1, w154 (word 1, word 154) then three alternatives were found (bb, p, and pp) and the fourth alternative (b) is Alghamdi's choice. (Using a text to speech facility, to make sure that the alternatives sound the same as Arabic). Next, all the words were transliterated so the baa was changed to be represented as bb, p and pp. Finally the application was run. Choosing a specific word number and running this word then
testing it is an option in this application, hence, only the words that contain the baa were chosen and run and the results were recorded. The experimental method is the same as the method described in chapter 4. The new transliterations of the letters were fed into the application to form the speech recognition lexicon but in this test only the recordings of the words containing the evaluated letter were run manually. And the results were saved in the log file

The (bb)'s recognition rate is 15.2 \%, the (p) 10.9 \% and the (pp) $10.2 \%$. Whereas Alghamdi's other alternative (b) got $17.3 \%$ which is the highest, so in this case the best alternative is chosen which is Alghamdi's (b), after that all the best alternatives were gathered to create a new table.

Another example is the letter (khaa), the (kh) which is Alghamdi's choice recognition rate is $11.6 \%$, the $(\mathrm{k}) 16.1 \%$, the ( kk ) $8 \%$ and ( x ) $8 \%$ and hence the ( kh ) will be replaced with (k). For the rest of the letters (see table 1 - appendix $k$ )

### 7.3.2 The new transliteration rule based on single

## letter

The transliterations of letters or diacritics that got the best recognition rates and were different from those in Alghamdi's table, and were used to form the improved single letter transliteration table (SLT) are:

| Arabic <br> letter | Name of letter | Alghamdi's <br> English <br> letter | SLT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ج | Jeem | J | Jj |
| $\dot{\text { خ }}$ | Khaa | Kh | K |
| J | Raa | R | Rr |
| j | Zain | Z | Zz |
| b | Ta | T | Tt |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | Ghain | Gh | G |
| ق | Qaaf | Q | K |
| $\checkmark$ | Kaaf | K | Kk |
| 」 | Laam | L | LI |
|  | 'Fat ha' | A | Aa |

Table 7.1 Differences between Alghamdi's table and the improved transliteration table (SLT)
*SLT= Single letter transliteration

For a comparison between Algahmdi's and the SLT table refer to Appendix S.

The improved (SLT) table is as follows:

| Arabic <br> letter | Name of letter | English <br> letter | Arabic <br> letter | Name of letter | English <br> letter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| i | Alef | a | ظ | tha | th |
| ب | Baa | b | $\varepsilon$ | ain | a |
| $\because$ | Taa | t | $\dot{غ}$ | ghain | g |
| ث | Thaa | th | ف | faa | f |
| ج | Jeem | jj | ق | qaaf | k |
| $\tau$ | Haa | h | ك | kaaf | kk |
| $\dot{\text { خ }}$ | Khaa | k | $J$ | laam | II |
| د | Daal | d | P | meem | m |
| j | Thaal | dh | $\dot{\cup}$ | noon | n |
| $J$ | Raa | rr | - | haa | h |
| j | Zain | zz | و | waaw | W |
| س | Seen | S | ي | yaa | y |
| ش | Sheen | sh |  | 'Fat ha' | aa |
| $ص$ | Saad | s |  | dhamma | u |
| ض | Dhad | dh | - | kasra | I |
| b | Ta | tt |  |  |  |

Table 7.2 The improved SLT table

Another test was conducted using the improved single letter transliteration table, so these alternatives were fed into the application and the 499 were transliterated according to this new table, and the 4 recordings were run and the results were analysed.

### 7.3.3 Recognition results using the new single letter transliterations

The SLT table's recognition rate is $34.3 \%$, clearly higher than rates achieved using Alghamdi's table. (See table 6.5).

|  | Letter overall test |  |  | SLT |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | R 1 | R 2 | R 3 | R 4 | Table | Alghamdi's |
| Average | Average |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rate | $39.1 \%$ | $34.9 \%$ | $28.9 \%$ | $34.5 \%$ | $34.3 \%$ | $19.1 \%$ |
| Number of <br> recognized <br> words | 195 | 174 | 144 | 172 |  | - |
| Words Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 7.3 overall test results for the new rule based on single letter transliteration *R1, R2, R3, R4 = Recording1, Recording 2, Recording 3, and Recording 4. *SLT Table Average= Single letter transliteration table average

### 7.4 Improvements using letter diacritic pairs

In this section a method is described for improving the transliteration of diacritic/letter pairs.

The recognition rate for each word averaged across all speakers is shown in table 1 (see appendix L). Using the improved SLT table a further average was then taken of the recognition rates of all words that contained each letter/diacritic pair of the Arabic alphabet. Only the main three diacritics will be studied ('Fat ha', dhamma and kasra). The analysis is presented in table 1- (appendix M).

Table 1 (appendix M) presents the letter and diacritic pair analysis, in alphabetical order according to the overall recognition rates. The table clearly shows that some of the recognition rates were odd for some of the pairs (highlighted). For example: for the letter ta, the overall recognition rate is $43.1 \%$ but when it is paired with dhamma diacritic, the recognition rate is only $8.3 \%$, which is very low Also the letter baa, the overall recognition rate is $40.1 \%$, but when it paired with kasra diacritic, the recognition rate is a disappointing $12.5 \%$.

Hence a further analysis of these cases was performed.

## Alef dhamma analysis

Refer to table 1-(appendix N) Aukht, baarraaa, and mudhi are words that contain the alef dhamma case. The word aukht consists of the letters alef, khaa and taa and the recognition rates for each is ( $18.4 \%, 27.7 \%$ and $29 \%$ ). The dhamma diacritic's recognition rate is $33.4 \%$, therefore in this case the low recognition rate cannot be from the letters or the diacritic because their recognition rates are higher than the alef, and thus the transliteration of the alef and dhamma pair might have caused the low recognition. Also the combination of English letters alef (au) and khaa (kh) makes an odd sound aukh. Another thing is that the letter khaa is one of the letters that appears only in the Arabic alphabet but has no equivalent in English.

Baarraau consists of baa (40.1\%), raa (28.4\%) and alef (18.4\%), and the dhamma's recognition is (33.4\%), same as above, the misrecognition is from the pair alef and dhamma also from the odd sound (au).

The same applies to the word mudhi, as the misrecognition is from the pair alef dhamma.

## Baa kasra analysis

Refer to table 2-(appendix N ).
The baa kasra case contains 4 words, bishrr, jjubillaa, kaallbi and birraakku.
The word bishrr consists of the following letters and diacritic, baa (40.1\%), sheen (57.4\%), raa (28.4\%) and kasra (34.5\%). The letter raa's recognition rate is close but lower than the baa, so this is one reason for the misrecognition also the poor transliteration of the pair baa kasra.

In Jjubillaa case, the letters jeem and laam recognition rates are lower than the baa, so this lowered the recognition rates, as well as the kasra diacritic which is lower than the baa and the pair baa kasra.

The same applies for the words kaallbi and birraakku. But in kaalbi's case, the letter gaaf which appears only in Arabic is the reason for the misrecognition.

## Taa 'fat ha' Analysis

Refer to table 3-(appendix N). In the Taa 'fat ha' case, the word thaabaataa letters and diacritic recognition rates are as follows: thaa $25 \%$, baa $40.1 \%$, taa $29 \%$ and the kasra diacritic 37.3\%, the misrecognition is caused by the letter thaa which has a lower recognition rate than the taa, in addition to the pair taa 'fat ha'.

Taaht, the reason for the misrecognition is from the transliteration of the taa 'fat ha' pair, as the recognition rates for the other letters and diacritic are higher than the letter taa, also the letter haa, as it is one of the letters that appear only in Arabic and has no equivalent in English, so the combination of the taa and haa, which makes an odd sound in English.

Taathill, the misrecognition is from the letters tha or laam, or the transliteration of the pair taa 'fat ha' and the combination of the taa and tha, (taath), which makes an odd sound in English.

Taaky, the recognition rates for the other letters and diacritics are higher than the letter taa, so the misrecognition is from transliterating the pair taa 'fat ha' as well as the combination of the taa and gaaf, which makes an odd sound in English.

Taamrr, the misrecognition is from the letter raa or the pair taa 'fat ha'.

Kaataallaa, the reason for the misrecognition is the letter laam and the transliteration of the pair taa 'fat ha' also the combination of the gaaf and taa (kaataa) which is an odd sound in English.

Naahaataa, the misrecognition is caused by the transliteration of the pair taa 'fat ha', plus the combination of the letters noon and haa.

## Taa dhamma analysis

In table 4-(appendix N) Twt, the misrecognition is from transliterating the pair taa dhamma as the recognition rate of the letter waaw and the diacritic dhamma, is higher than the letter taa.

Atumaa, the misrecognition is caused by the transliteration of the letter ain, and transliterating the pair taa dhamma in addition to the combination of the ain and taa, which forms an odd sound in English.

Yumitu, the cause for the misrecognition is the transliteration of the pair taa dhamma.

## Thaa dhamma analysis

In table 5-(appendix $N$ ) the misrecognition of the word thullth is caused by the transliteration of the pair thaa dhamma.

Thullaat, the misrecognition is from transliterating the pair thaa and dhamma.

The misrecognition of the word jjuthw is caused by the transliteration of the pair thaa and dhamma.

Baathu is misrecognised, because of the transliteration of the pair thaa and dhamma.

Thulluthin, thuluthun, and thulluthan, the misrecognition of these words is caused by transliterating the pair thaa dhamma.

## Khaa kasra analysis

Refer to table 6-(appendix N). The misrecognition of the words khidrr and mukhi is caused by the transliteration of the pair khaa kasra, and the combination of khaa and daal in khidrr's case and the combination of meem and khaa in mukhi's case.

Baakhillaa, the misrecognition is caused by the transliteration of the letter laam and the pair khaa kasra as well as the combination of the letter khaa and other letters, like baa and laam, as it is one of the letters that distinguish Arabic language.

## Thaal kasra analysis

In table 7-(appendix N) the misrecognition of the words, dhiib and mudhi, is caused by the transliteration of the letter alef, and the pair thaal kasra.

Kkaadhibaa and dhihni, the misrecognition is from transliterating the pair thaal kasra.

## Ta dhamma analysis

Table 8-(Appendix N ) the misrecognition of the word ttaak is caused by the letter gaaf, and the diacritic dhamma, as well as the transliteration of the pair ta dhamma and the combination of the letter ta and gaaf which is an odd sound to English.

Ottuf, the misrecognition is from the letter ain, and the diacritic dhamma, also the pair ta dhamma and the combination of the letter ain ta, in addition to the ta and faa, both pairs make unusual sounds to English.

The word kirrttu is misrecognised because of the letter gaaf, and the letter raa also the diacritic dhamma, besides the pair ta dhamma and the odd sound (kirr) which is a combination of the letters gaaf and raa and the odd sound rrttuu, a combination of raa and taa both strange sounds to English.

## Tha dhamma analysis

Table 9-(Appendix N), the misrecognition of the words kkaathi, thul, naathufaa and haathu is caused by the transliteration of the pair tha dhamma and the combination of the letter tha and other letters (kaa, laam, noon, faa and haa) as the letter tha appears only in Arabic language.

The word ghaaythu is misrecognised because of the letter ghain and the pair tha dhamma in addition to the combination of the letters yaa and tha (yth) or letters ghain and yaa (ghaay).

## Tha kasra analysis

Table 10-(Appendix N), the misrecognition of the words taathill, thifrr and kaaythi is caused by the transliteration of the pair tha kasra.

Aaathin is misrecognised because of the letter alef and the pair tha kasra. The misrecognition of the word Athimaa is caused by the letter ain, besides the pair tha kasra.

The misrecognition of all the above words is from the combination of the letter tha and other letters.

## Ain dhamma analysis

Table 11-(Appendix N), the misrecognition of the words, otw, othirraa, orrsan, orrsun, orrsin, ottuf, omrr, naaomaa, and olluw is caused by the transliteration of the pair ain dhamma.

Saao's misrecognition is from the letter alef and the transliteration of the pair ain dhamma. The letter ain is unusual to English and appears only in Arabic so the combination of the letter ain and other letters produce an odd sound in English.

## Ghain kasra analysis

Table 12-(Appendix N), the misrecognition of the words ghill, ttaaghiyaa, and saamghi is caused by the misrecognition of the pair ghain kasra plus the combination of the letter ghain and other letters, as the letter ghain, is one of the letters that differentiate Arabic from other languages.

Tables ( 1 to 12 in appendix $N$ ) show that the letters with different diacritics affect the recognition rates, so it is worth investigating whether or not changing the transliteration of the letter/diacritics pair can improve the recognition rates.

### 7.4.1 The method used to identify how to improve the transliteration of letter and diacritic <br> pair

Every letter/diacritic pair was studied and all words containing that specific letter/diacritic pair were analysed, and alternatives for each pair were presented (using a text to speech facility, to ensure that the alternatives sound the same as the Arabic pair) and using the experimental method described in section 4.3, where the transliterations of the pair were fed into the application and the results were saved in the database, and the recordings were played and finally the results were recorded and the best results were chosen to form a new table.

1. All the words that contain that specific letter/diacritic pair were found.
2. For each pair alternatives were found.
3. All the words were transliterated.
4. Then the application was run, and the tests were done manually.

For example the pair taa 'fat ha', out of the 499 words vocabulary, the words that contain the pair taa 'fat ha' were distinguished and saved on a piece of paper. They were written as w1, w154 (word 1, word 154), in the taa 'fat ha' case, three alternatives were found (tta, ttaa, taa, and ta). Choosing a specific word number and running this word then testing it is an option in this application, hence, only the words that contain the taa 'fat ha' were chosen and run and the results were recorded.

The (ta)'s recognition rate is $7.1 \%$, the (ttaa) $0 \%$, the (tta) $3.6 \%$, and the (taa) got $3.6 \%$, so in this case the best alternative is the (ta), then all the best alternatives were gathered to create a new table. For the rest of the problematic pairs refer to table 1(appendix O).

The letters or diacritics that got changed from the single letter transliteration table to form the improved transliteration of letter and diacritic pair table are as follows:

|  |  | SLT Table |  |  | LDPT Table |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arabic letter | Name of letter | SLT <br> Table <br> English <br> letter | SLT <br> Table <br> English <br> diacritic | SLT <br> Table <br> letter- <br> diacritic <br> pair | LDPT <br> Table <br> English <br> letter | LDPT <br> Table <br> English <br> diacritic | LDPT <br> Table <br> English letterdiacritic pair |
| ب | Baa | b | 1 | Bi | B | e | be |
| $\stackrel{\square}{\bullet}$ | Taa | t | Aa | Taa | T | a | ta |
| 会 | Thaa | th | U | Thu | Th | 0 | tho |
| $\dot{\text { c }}$ | Khaa | k | 1 | Ki | Kh | i | khi |
| b | Ta | tt | U | Ttu | T | u | tu |
| ظ | Tha | th | U | Thu | Th | 0 | tho |
| ظ | Tha | th | I | Thi | Th | e | the |

Table 7.4 Differences between the SLT table and the LDPT table.
*SLT Table = Single letter transliteration table.
*LDPT Table = Letter and diacritic pair table transliteration.

Another test was conducted using the improved LDPT table alternatives, so these alternatives were fed into the application and the 499 were transliterated according to this improved LDPT table, and the 4 recordings were run and the results were analysed (Refer to table 1, appendix P).

The improved LDPT table recognition rates and the improved SLT table recognition rates are both near the middle of the $30-40 \%$ range. (See table 7.5).

### 7.4.2 Recognition results using the new rules based on

 letter diacritic pair|  | Letter/Diacritic overall test |  |  |  |  | SLT <br>  <br> Recording <br> $\mathbf{1}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Recording <br> $\mathbf{2}$ | Recording <br> $\mathbf{3}$ | Recording <br> $\mathbf{4}$ | Average <br> Table |  |  |  |
| Recogn. <br> Rate (\%) | $42.7 \%$ | $36.7 \%$ | $31.7 \%$ | $31.3 \%$ | $35.6 \%$ | $34.3 \%$ |
| No. of <br> recog. <br> Words | 213 | 183 | 158 | 156 |  | - |
| Total <br> words |  | 499 |  |  |  |  |

Table 7.5 The improved LDPT table overall test results
*Recogn. Rate = Recognition Rate
*No. of recog. words= Number of recognised words

### 7.5 Improvements using diacritems

There is a potential for further analysis of the improved LDPT table to prove that the diacritem (letter/diacritic/position) can affect the recognition rates.

The letter with different diacritics in different positions (start, middle and end) can affect the recognition rates, so it is worth investigating, whether changing diacritem (letter/diacritics/position) can improve the recognition rates.

In this section a method is described for improving the transliteration of diacritem.
The method used is basically the same process as in the last section, however in this section diacritem combinations were considered.

The recognition rate for each word averaged across all speakers is shown in table 1 (see appendix L) using the improved SLT table transliteration. A further average was then taken of the recognition rates of all words that contained each letter/diacritic in a specific position (start, middle and end) of the Arabic alphabet. Only the main three diacritics will be studied ('Fat ha', dhamma and kasra). The analysis is presented in tables 1-3 - (appendix Q).

Tables 1, 2 and $3-(\operatorname{appendix} Q)$ present the diacritem analysis, in alphabetical order according to the overall recognition rates. The table clearly shows that some of the recognition rates were low for some of the diacritems (highlighted in grey). For example: for the letter alef 'fat ha', the overall recognition rate is $29.2 \%$ but when it is positioned in the middle, the recognition rate is 0 which is very low.

Hence a further analysis of these cases was performed.

### 7.5.1 The method used to identify how to improve the transliteration of diacritem

Each letter/diacritic pair in a specific position (start, middle, and end) were studied and all words containing that specific letter/diacritic pair were analysed, and alternatives for each diacritem were presented (using a text to speech facility, to make sure that the alternatives sound the same as Arabic) and using the experimental method described in section 4.3, where the transliterations of the pair were fed into the application and the results were saved in the database, and the recordings were played and finally the results were recorded and the best results were chosen to form a new table.

1. All the words that contain that specific diacritem were found.
2. For each diacritem alternatives were found.
3. All the words were transliterated.
4. The application was run, and the tests were done manually.

For example the pair taa 'fat ha' in the middle, out of the 499 words vocabulary, the words that contain the letter taa 'fat ha' in the middle were distinguished and saved on a piece of paper. They were written as w1, w154 (word 1, word 154), and in the taa 'fat ha' middle case, three alternatives were found (taa, tta, and ttaa). So the taa 'fat ha' in the middle was changed to be represented as taa, tta, and ttaa.

Choosing a specific word number and running this word then testing it is an option in this application, hence, only the words that contain the taa 'fat ha' in the middle were chosen and run and the results were recorded.

The (ta)'s 'fat ha' middle recognition rate is $0 \%$, the (taa) $0 \%$, the (tta) $6.3 \%$, and the (ttaa) got $0 \%$, so in this case the best alternative is the (tta), then all the best alternatives were gathered to create a new table. For the rest of the problematic pairs (see tables 1, 2, and 3-Appendix R).

The diacritems that got changed from the improved LDPT table to form the improved DT (Diacritem transliteration) table are:

## 'Fat ha'

| Arabic letter | Name of letter | Position | From | To |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\dot{\dot{I}}$ | alef | Middle | aaa | aa |
| $\ddot{\dot{\varphi}}$ | taa | Middle | ta | tta |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | dhad | Middle | dhaa | dha |
|  | ghain | End | ghaa | gaa |

Table 7.6 'Fat ha' diacritems that got changed

## Dhamma

| Arabic letter | Name of letter | Position | from | to |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\dot{\text { خ }}$ | khaa | End | khu | khoo |
| ذ | thal | Start | dhu | thu |
| 」 | raa | Middle | ru | rro |
| ض | dhad | End | dhu | dho |
| b | ta | Start | ttu | tto |
| b | ta | End | ttu | ttou |
| ظ | tha | Start | tho | thu |
| ظ | tha | End | tho | thu |
| $\varepsilon$ | ain | End | 0 | au |
| $\dot{\text { غ }}$ | ghain | Middle | ghu | gu |
| J | laam | Middle | Ilu | lu |
| $\dot{ن}$ | noon | Middle | nu | no |
| $\bigcirc$ | haa | Start | hu | ho |

Table 7.7 Dhamma diacritems that got changed

Kasra

| Arabic letter | Name of letter | position | From | to |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ث | thaa | Start | Thi | the |
| ج | jeem | Start | Jji | jje |
| 1 | daal | End | Di | ddi |
| J | raa | End | Rri | ri |
| س | seen | End | Si | ssi |
| ض | dhad | End | Dhi | dhe |
| $\varepsilon$ | ain | End | Ee | ai |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | ghain | Middle | Ghi | ghe |
| ق | qaaf | Start | Ki | kki |
| ค | meem | Middle | mi | me |
| - | haa | End | Hi | hhi |

Table 7.8 kasra diacritems that got changed

Another test was conducted using tables 7.6, 7.7 and 7.8 alternatives, so these alternatives were fed into the application and the 499 were transliterated according to this new DT table, and the 4 recordings were run and the results were analysed.

### 7.5.2 Recognition results using the new rules based on Diacritem.

|  | Diacritem overall test |  |  |  | Average | LDPT <br> Table average | SLT <br> Table average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | R 1 | R 2 | R 3 | R 4 |  |  |  |
| Recognition Rate | 44.9\% | 40.3\% | 32.3\% | 34.3\% | 37.9\% | 35.6\% | 34.3\% |
| Number of recognized words | 244 | 201 | 161 | 171 |  | - |  |
| Total words |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 7.9 The improved DT table overall test results

Although the above method is complex, and time consuming, the new table's recognition rate is $37.9 \%$. This is higher than single letter and letter/diacritic pair methods.


Figure 7.1 comparison of the recognition rates of Alghamdi's, single letter, letter/diacritic pair and diacritem transliteration tables.

### 7.6 Evaluating the system for testing and improving transliterations

The methods applied above helped to improve recognition rates over those achieved using Alghamdi's transliteration table, but there is still the question whether the improved results are due to this particular set of words or voices. Hence, there is still the need to evaluate whether the system for testing and improving transliteration is really an effective way to do this.

### 7.6.1 The method used to evaluate the system for improving transliterations

Two sets of words were compared. The two sets of similar words that contain the letter kha in the three positions accompanied with all diacritics, they both have 28 words, and each word consists of three letters.

All the words containing that specific letter from the list of 499 words were chosen, and alternatives were presented (using a text to speech facility, to make sure that the alternatives sound the same as the Arabic pronunciation) and using the experimental method described in section 4.3, where the transliterations of the letter were fed into the application and the results were saved in the database, and the recordings were played and finally the results were recorded. Another similar kha list was found, and the same experimental method applied. Finally the results of both experiments were compared.

1. All the words that contain that specific letter were found.
2. For the specific letter alternatives were found.
3. All the words were transliterated
4. Then the application was run, and the tests were done manually.
5. Another similar list of words was found.
6. For the specific letter alternatives were found.
7. All the words were transliterated
8. Then the application was run, and the tests were done manually.
9. The results of both groups were compared.

For example the letter kha was chosen, out of the 499 words vocabulary, the 28 words that contain the letter kha were distinguished and saved on a piece of paper. They were written as $w 1, \mathrm{w} 154$ (word 1 , word 154), and alternatives were found (kk, $\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{kkh}$, kha and kh). Choosing a specific word number and running this word then testing it is an option in this application, hence, only the words that contain the letter kha were chosen and run and the results were recorded.

Another list that consists of 28 words, containing the letter kha in the three positions was found using Almawrid Arabic/Arabic dictionary and the same testing procedure was followed and results compared, refer to table 1- (appendix $T$ ) for the new list of words.

The alternatives are as follows:

|  | Alternatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 3 |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  |
|  | Op. <br> 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RR } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Op. <br> 2 | RR <br> \% | Op. <br> 3 | RR <br> \% | Op. <br> 4 | RR \% | Op. 5 | RR \% | Op. <br> 6 | RR <br> \% |
| 1 | K | 64.2 | kh | 75 | kk | 14.2 | Khh | 53.5 | kha | 21.4 | Q | 60.7 |
| 2 | K | 67.8 | kh | 75 | kk | 17.8 | Khh | 42.8 | kha | 28.5 | Q | 57.1 |

Table 7.10 Alternatives for the letter kha comparison
*Op. 1= Option 1, Op. 2 Option 2, etc.
*RR\%=Recognition Rate\%

The above table shows that the alternative kh should be chosen to represent the transliteration of the letter kha, and the similarity of results between the two groups proved that even if different words in the list were used then the best way of transliterating certain specific letters remains the same. This eliminates the specific set of words factor. There is still the need to establish whether the quality of recordings has any influence on the recognition rates.

Hence, further analysis of the results of the 4 recordings, reading the two sets of words, as the letter kha was represented as ' $k h^{\prime}$ ' is necessary to eliminate the quality of recordings factor.

The analysis of the results is as follows:

|  | Recordings <br> 1 |  | Recordings <br> 2 |  | Recordings 3 |  | Recordings 4 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | G1 | G2 | G1 | G2 | G1 | G2 | G1 | G2 |
| No. of recognised words | 24 | 18 | 20 | 24 | 22 | 22 | 19 | 19 |
| Average all | 85.7 | 62.2 | 71.4 | 85.7 | 78.6 | 78.6 | 67.8 | 67.8 |
| Average 'fat ha' | 93.3 | 86.6 | 66.6 | 100 | 86.6 | 80 | 60 | 60 |
| Average 'fat ha' Start | 91.6 | 83.3 | 75 | 100 | 83.3 | 75 | 58.3 | 66.6 |
| Average 'fat ha' Middle | 100 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 50 |
| Average <br> 'fat ha' End | 100 | 100 | 0 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| Average Dhamma | 66.66 | 0 | 100 | 66.6 | 66.6 | 66.6 | 33.3 | 100 |
| Average Dhamma S | 100 | 0 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 0 | 100 |
| Average Dhamma M | 100 | 0 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 0 | 100 | 100 |
| Average <br> Dhamma E | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 100 |
| Average kasra | 100 | 75 | 50 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 100 | 75 |
| Average kasra S | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Average kasra M | 100 | 50 | 0 | 100 | 50 | 50 | 100 | 50 |
| Average kasra E | 100 | 100 | 100 | 0 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Table 7.11 Analysis of the recognition of the 4 recordings by Groups 1 and 2 reading (kha represented as kh) words.
*G1, G2, G3, and G4=Group1, Group2, Group3, and Group 4.

The previous table demonstrated that the quality of the recordings did not affect the recognition rates as the results of both groups were quite similar across the 4 recordings. This eliminates the recordings quality factor.

### 7.7 Comparison of Alghamdi's and the improved diacritem transliteration tables

Alghamdi's and the improved DT tables were compared.
The 499 words were transliterated according to the two tables and presented to two Arabic language experts working at the University of Bahrain. The four recordings were also presented to the experts. They were asked to play the recordings and check them against the transliterations.

Both transliteration tables were evaluated based on the phonetic and spelling accuracy and usability, as well as how accurate the word is transliterated to match the recordings.

Accuracy for the purpose of this research is similar to Lawson's (2008) definition which examines how close the pronunciation is to the original Arabic letter, this could be very tricky because there are some letters in Arabic that have no direct English equivalent like the letter ض.

The usability part of the evaluation will investigate each table's adherence to ASCII standards i.e. non use of symbols (non letters).

Each table receives a score from 0 to 100; these points are allotted for spelling and phonetic accuracy for the 4 recordings. They were asked to play the recordings and compare each word with the transliterated version transliterated using both tables and rate them from 0-100.

Usability according to Lawson (2008) measures how accurate is the representation of the transliterated word (spelling).

Accuracy assesses how close the pronunciation of the word is to the original Arabic word and whether it matches the transliteration (phonetics).

The evaluation results were as follows.


Figure 7.2 Alghamdi and improved DT table comparison usability evaluation

Figure 7.2 clearly shows that both experts thought that the representation of the transliterated words by both table is in the range of 50-60. The improved DT table results were slightly higher.


Figure 7.3 Alghamdi and improved DT table comparison Accuracy evaluation by expert 1


Figure 7.4 Alghamdi and improved DT table comparison Accuracy evaluation by expert 2

Both experts evaluated the accuracy of how close the pronunciation of each word by the four subjects is to the original Arabic word and does it match with the transliteration (phonetics).

Both experts gave both tables an average that ranges between (50-60). But both agreed that the improved DT table's transliterations are closer to the pronunciation of the original word.

Refer to table 1 appendix $U$ for the original evaluation results table by the two experts.

### 7.8 Conclusion

This section presented an attempt to improve Alghamdi's transliteration table. Methods include changing letter for letter transliterations, then more sophisticated rules where different transliterations for letters depending on whether they are adjacent to specific diacritics were studied. Finally different transliterations of letter diacritic pairs were considered depending on where their position is in the word.

Although the diacritem method is more complex than the other two methods, it achieved the highest recognition rate.

The experts' evaluation results measuring the accuracy and usability for both Alghamdi and the improved diacritem transliteration tables were similar and ranges between (50-60). The original results achieved by automating the transliteration and speech recognition processes were a disappointing $19.1 \%$ for Alghamdi's transliteration table and 37.9 \% using the diacritem transliteration table.

Both experts agreed that the improved DT table's transliterations are closer to the pronunciation of the original word. In both tests the automated transliteration and recognition and the evaluation by the two experts showed that the improved diacritem transliteration table gave better results than Alghamdi's transliteration table in both cases.

The results demonstrated that the new transliteration rules (diacritem) can improve the recognition rates, but it cannot be established whether these results are statistically significant, or whether they are just randomly based on the chosen words. Also previous chapters showed that high recognition rates do not always indicate that the transliterations used are the best.

These issues will be discussed in the next chapter.

## CHAPTER 8 Discussion and Conclusion

This concluding chapter summarizes the results that were presented in this thesis. Furthermore, some open problems are pointed out, giving possible research directions for the future.

This thesis illustrates the development of a novel approach to systematically evaluating transliteration systems with the aid of speech recognition technology. In order to achieve this there were 5 main objectives, first to establish the possibility, for English speech recognition engines to recognize Arabic words with the aid of Arabic transliteration. This research is concerned with speech recognition from lists of words not from written texts; hence large chunks of established text were not used in testing. The context of words will not be considered which is why attempting to use big texts is not useful for this research. Another reason is any ordinary block of text will, by coincidence, contain lots of examples of some letters, or letter combinations, but very few examples of others, so it is not going to be an efficient for testing this idea.

The second objective is to establish the possibility of automatic transliteration of diacritised Arabic words for the purpose of creating a vocabulary for the speech recognition engine, thirdly, to explore the possibility of automatically generating transliterations of non diacritised Arabic words. Also to find the means to construct a general method to test different ways of performing transliteration. Last of all, testing the system and using it to experiment with new transliteration ideas.

Transliteration schemes can be evaluated by humans manually but repeating the results is inconsistent, time consuming and difficult and the results will always be a matter of opinion because there is not a simple one-to-one mapping between Arabic and English orthographies. Hence using a speech recognition engine to test Arabic transliterated words could be an alternative.

Speech recognition technology could be used to evaluate transliterations because both technologies are concerned with the sounds of words.

When the user speaks the transliterated words; the spoken phonemes or sounds should match the phonemes stored internally in the speech recognition system.

The spoken input is matched to the phonetic representations of the words in the lexicon of the speech recognizer in order for a word to be recognised. If the internal versions are good, they will provide good matches, so that recognition rate can be an indicator of how good a transliteration is. Nevertheless, other factors can influence the recognition rate like the vocabulary size and content, and it is not a direct evaluation of the quality of transliteration. The recognition rate for the recognised transliterated word matched with the original spoken Arabic word offers a way to measure the accuracy of transliterations automatically, with some degree of consistency and repeatability especially if recoded voices were used.

The experimental results also propose that high recognition rates don't always signify that the transliterations used are the best.

Transliteration of Arabic words can often be a matter of judgment, and recognition rate is not an ideal technique of judgment of the transliteration since other factors can influence the recognition, such as accents or pronunciation of different letters, if the way they speak matches the phonetic representation or the sound made internally by the speech engine for this word or letters it will be likely to be recognized correctly.

Another finding, is that although transliteration acceptability cannot be measured directly using the speech recognition performance, it does correlate well with human judgment and as well as offering consistency and repeatability.

### 8.1 Achievements

This section will highlight the achievements of this work and its contribution to transliteration research communities.

### 8.1.1 Using English speech recognition technology for the recognition of Arabic.

The use of the more developed English speech recognition technology with the aid of transliteration, for the recognition of Arabic vocabularies as an alternative may offer a route to creating practical Arabic language speech engines.

A simple application was created and tested which was to recognise the 28 words of the Arabic Alphabet in a similar way to that used in the Civil Aviation Organisation code to identify letters of the English alphabet (Alpha, Bravo.....Zulu). The next stage looked into investigating whether it is possible to computerize the process in order to save time and effort and to examine the transliteration process with the objective of creating a transliteration program that could be used in conjunction with an English speech recognition engine in order to evaluate transliteration tables. Based on the results and the feedback it is possible to create an application for the purpose of transliterating Arabic into English and then recognizing the words using a Standard English speech recognition engine manually.

In this research, the simple speech recognition application has been developed in Microsoft Visual Basic and uses the Microsoft Speech SDK V5.1 to create an interface to the Microsoft English (U.S.) V6.1 Recognizer speech recognition engine.

Any engine can be chosen as long as the engine has all of the letters to cover the Arabic alphabet. Hence, it is possible to use a UK English Engine, as long as the letter to letter alternatives are altered to match the pronunciation accurately. The UK English is similar to American English and they both have the same alphabet.

Using a Persian engine for example is possible, as the transliterations can be altered so that the pronunciation can be close to Arabic using the Persian letters and phonemes, keeping in mind that any transliteration is considered correct as long as it sounds close Arabic pronunciation because there is no real answer. And any transliteration rules will only be appropriate for a specific accent.

Any transliteration scheme can be thought of as a compromise between the original language and the speaker's accent. At the very best, every transliteration seeks an average accent. For example Modern Standard Arabic is the accent spoken nearly the same by all Arabic speakers, but the transliteration needed for Egyptians is different from the transliteration needed for Bahrainis to pronounce words transliterated in Modern Standard Arabic correctly.

With this finding, it is confirmed that one of the main objectives of this work is achieved.

In addition, although some care has been taken to get a range of Arabic speakers, they mainly came from or lived in Bahrain. It is likely that the recognition rates would be even lower for the full Arabic speaking population.

In the future, further evaluation still needs to be carried out on a larger population of users from other Arabic speaking countries.

More representative groups of voices should be arranged like covering all 6 Gulf countries or all Arabic speaking countries. Evaluating the statistical variation of similar sets of voices can be a solution.

Using different transliteration rules for different geographical areas is another idea, so that a telephone application in Bahrain would have different vocabulary from the one in Morocco. This might be good for telephone systems, but this method is not practical for an agreed global approach to transliteration.

### 8.1.2 Automatically generating transliterations of diacritised Arabic words

An application that generated an English vocabulary by transliterating each Arabic diacritised word into its English equivalent was designed and implemented.

Automatic diacritisation and transliteration and producing all the possibilities for each word can be successful to an extent but the huge number of possibilities means more time for the speech engine to recognize the correct match.

Automatic transliterations of diacritised words save time and effort also aid to decrease the number of possibilities.

Using undiacritised words for transliteration can only be used in very limited cases (i.e. a few, short words in the vocabulary) and there is a potential for automatic transliteration but it critically depends on the transliteration and the rules used. Trying to automatically diacritise and transliterate undiacritised words means generating a large number of possibilities, and some of these possibilities might be irrelevant and in order to filter these, they should be compared with a list of real words or with human interference.

The findings demonstrated that it is possible to automatically transliterate diacritised words for the purpose of providing vocabulary for the speech recognition engine. This is used for testing transliteration tables.

It is only sensible to proceed with diacritised words and the experiment is very limited with just 28 words so there is a need to develop a more comprehensive system for testing. Also more sophisticated transliteration rules should be explored. This system could be used to test transliteration rules. Using the same vocabulary and voice recordings, different transliteration tables can be tested and compared by comparing recognition results recorded.

In addition to the huge number of possibilities problem, the logical problem exists, as it would be impossible for a speech recognition system to distinguish between two different words that were spelt with identical Arabic letters without some form of additional intervention (diacritics).

A simple test was done to establish whether the quality of recordings has any influence on the recognition rates.

Thus, further analysis of the results of the 4 recordings, reading two different sets of words is necessary to eliminate the quality of recordings factor. And the results proved that the quality of the recordings did not affect the recognition rates as the results of both groups were quite similar across the 4 recordings. This eliminates the recordings quality factor. As time was a limitation for this research, future work should concentrate on conducting further tests to ensure the accuracy of results covering the whole set of 499 words and a different list that consists of similar size of words created using the same original criteria. As testing different sets of voices and words and a statistical analysis of the variation of the results would help to create guidelines about how efficient the testing system is.

### 8.1.3 Constructing a novel method to test and compare transliteration tables.

The research results proved that the English speech engines could be used to identify Arabic words but there is a need for effective transliteration of the Arabic words in order to create an appropriate English vocabulary (lexicon). As the recognition of lists of words using this method was very sensitive to the transliteration rules used it was a motivation for this work to see whether this method could be used to test and compare transliteration rules.

A novel procedure for systematically testing transliteration rules has been created and software to support this procedure has been produced. The testing system used a

499 word vocabulary that was designed to cover all common sounds in the Arabic language. In order to do this the term Diacritem was defined to mean a combination of a letter and a diacritic at a specific location in a words (start, middle or end). This vocabulary contained all possible Arabic diacritems.

Then different transliteration tables' rules were compared, to find the best transliteration table that can be constructed that is basically capable of transliterating one letter at a time.

The developed system achieved the main objective of the work which makes it an effective transliteration rules testing process.

Although the limitations appear to be that the experiments were only tested on a limited number of voices which only come from one region, the percentages obtained in this work serves as a quantitative indication that the test method and application presented in chapter 4,5,6 and 7 is indeed feasible.

A specific vocabulary of 499 words was used to test the transliterations rules. A disadvantage of using this specific vocabulary is that results are bound to be influenced by the chosen 499 words. A simple test was done to check whether the choice of 499 words had a significant effect on the results and a different set of words to test the recognition rate of one particular letter (letter Kha) was chosen. The 28 words, containing the letter kha in the three positions were found using Almawrid Arabic/Arabic dictionary and the same testing procedure was followed and results compared. Choosing a new set of words to represent the same letter did not alter the results; time was a limitation for this research and hence future work should concentrate on conducting further tests to ensure the accuracy of results covering all letters of the alphabet. And a different list that consists of similar size of words and creating using the same original criteria should be found. As the comparison of the two lists and testing complete sets of different voices and words and a statistical
analysis of the variation of the results would provide an opportunity to create guidelines about how effective the testing system is.

For example producing additional complete sets of the 499 words and finding the recognition rates of each of the transliteration tables that were used for each set of words, then analysing the variation of the recognition rate for each table and using a statistical significance test to see if the differences between tables are statistically significant, or whether they are just randomly based on the words that were chosen.

Further testing will determine whether the process used to select the words could have in any way skewed the results. For example, if the words were systematically chosen from the beginning of a dictionary until enough words were found. The chosen words would have been picked from the words that are found early in the alphabet and perhaps a completely different result would be obtained if the chosen words were selected from the end and worked to the beginning.

In addition to doing a statistical analysis on the different voices, this would provide a range of recognition rates for the different voices and there will be a standard deviation between these results. This could be used to evaluate the statistical significance of the overall recognition rates. Obviously, this only measures the statistical variation of the chosen voices and there may of course be other non statistical factors e.g. they all come from Bahrain.

It would also be possible to do a similar sort of test, to see if the decisions about improvements were statistically significant.

Alghamdi's and the improved Diacritem transliteration tables were also manually compared.

The 499 chosen words were transliterated according to the two tables and presented to two Arabic language experts. The four recordings were also presented to the experts. They were asked to play the recordings and check them against the
transliterations. Both transliteration tables were evaluated based on the phonetic and spelling accuracy and usability, as well as how accurate the word is transliterated to match the recordings.

Both experts thought that the improved Diacritem table is more usable and more accurate than Alghamdi's table.

The original results by automating the process also showed that the improved diacritem transliteration table gave better results than Alghamdi's transliteration table.

Both results confirmed that the new transliteration rules (diacritem) can improve the recognition rates, but it cannot be verified whether these results are statistically significant, or whether they are just randomly based on the chosen words and hence the importance of re-testing on a new set of 499 words to determine whether the results were statistically significant arises.

### 8.1.4 Experimenting with new novel transliterations ideas to find improvements in the transliteration rules

The methodology of testing transliteration rules includes comparing different existing transliteration tables, and the attempt to try to find a better transliteration table than the best by changing the letter for letter transliterations, then more sophisticated rules where different transliterations for letters depending on whether they are adjacent to specific diacritics, and diacritems were studied.

The results demonstrated that the diacritem transliteration achieved higher recognition than the other two methods although it is time and effort consuming. Changing the letter and diacritic pair achieved a similar recognition rate result as changing letter for letter transliterations.

The only limitation is that time was not enough to identify more imaginative ways to perform transliteration. Examples may be to take more account of the anomalies in the way English words are pronounced when certain word combinations are produced. Taking account of the anomaly in English could lead to better transliteration. E.g. ' $T$ ' followed by ' H ' would not sound ' TH ' but (THE).

### 8.2 Overall contributions of this work

The increased international communication has led to an increased need for transliteration of many things that cannot be translated like many proper names.

Numerous transliteration systems have been developed and used by researchers for many years; however there is still the question of how effective these systems are.

This research demonstrates the development of a novel approach to systematically evaluating transliteration systems.

This testing method could help researchers to compare existing systems and come up with the best transliteration table that could cover all the languages of the world.

Overall the contributions of this work to the related research community are as follows:

1) Identifying that in principle diacritised Arabic words can be identified by English speech engines provided suitable rules for transliteration are available
2) Constructed a novel general method to test different ways of performing transliteration by implementing an application to support this procedure and building an Arabic comprehensive vocabulary as a research infrastructure and have it available for Arabic researchers to stimulate further research in this field and its application.
3) Improvements to currently published transliteration tables were explored and significant improvements were made.
4) The use of more complex rules based on the novel concept of the diacritem and letter and diacritic pair has been explored.

The novel methodology created to test different ways of performing transliteration and to compare existing transliteration rules using novel and more complex rules based on the diacritem concept is not sensitive to the changes of words, i.e. choosing a different set of words of the same creating would achieve the same recognition results as proved by testing the (kha) set of words. However it is not possible generate the perfect rule or the perfect testing method as there is no real answer and any transliteration rule will only be appropriate for a specific accent. Actually the transliteration that would make an American make the same sound as an Egyptian will be different from the transliteration needed to make a Scots man sound like a Bahraini. This is both because the Egyptian and Bahraini will make different sounds when they see the same Arabic word, but also because the Scotsman and the American will make different sounds when they see the same English words. Every transliteration is a compromise. At best, transliteration can aim for a sort of 'average accent'. Although there is no perfect rule or testing method, the methodology found has the advantage over purely subjective methods of being repeatable and consistent and also it is easy to apply that the program is implemented.

Findings from experiments carried out in this work will contribute to the transliteration research community in the area of transliteration rules comparison where much more investigation is necessary as it has not been covered.

### 8.3 FUTURE WORK

The obtained results from this work have been encouraging and showed many possibilities for future work. The following section will provide some extensions of this work.

Future work aims on developing the testing capabilities for example automating the transliteration testing process and conducting more thorough testing and statistically based analysis of this method, also testing more complex vocabularies like Arabic full names, list of street names, etc and finding a different 499 words list that consists of similar size of words and creating using the same original criteria to compare it with the current 499 words list.

In addition to exploring the possibility of using English speech engines to recognise Arabic words and establishing guidelines about how effective using English based engines to recognise Arabic speech is.

### 8.3.1 Automating the transliteration testing process

Through the lessons learned from this work it is possible that the testing method could be further improved by automating the whole process. What really happens in the current application is when two tables to be compared are chosen the author inserts the transliterations into the specified tables and then runs the application after choosing the recordings that will test this vocabulary. The same process is repeated for the second table or set of transliteration rules. And finally the two results get compared. This work could be cut short by introducing a method that accepts inserting two tables at the same time and running two applications to conduct the test only once.

### 8.3.2 Testing the application using more complex Vocabularies and generating guidelines

Testing the application using a more complex vocabulary like full Arabic names is a must because it is more realistic and can be more useful for e.g. like using it by doctors to enter patient names.

After converting the Arabic names into their Roman (English) equivalent using automatic transliteration and diacritisation, the names will form a database or a list of common Arabic names, then they can be tested using the speech recognition application.

Another 499 words list should be found, this list should consist of similar size of words and creating using the same original criteria to ensure the accuracy of results also more recordings should be used. As the comparison of the original and new list would and the recordings provide an opportunity to create guidelines about how effective the testing system is.

Further testing is necessary to establish whether the process used to select the words had any effect on the results.

In addition to conducting more thorough testing and statistically based analysis of this method. After analyzing the results, it will be possible to create guidelines about how effective using English based engines to recognise Arabic speech.

### 8.3.3 Covering other languages and accents.

Another area of improvement is the scope of the transliteration covered. While Arabic script has been adopted by some other languages, such as Urdu and Persian, this research supports only Arabic.

Characters representing non-Arabic consonants and scheme of transliteration can be considered in future works.

## References

## References

AbdulJaleel, N., and Larkey, L.S., 2003. English to Arabic Transliteration for Information Retrieval: A Statistical Approach [Online], November 3-8, Louisiana: USA. Available at: http://ciir.cs.umass.edu/pubfiles/ir-261.pdf [Accessed: 16 January 2007]

Abdulmun'im, N., 1993. Sibawayh the Phonologist: A Critical Study of the Phonetic and Phonological Theory of Sibawayh As Presented in His Treatise Al-Kitab, Kegan Paul Intl.

AbuZeina, D., and Elshafei, M., 2012. Cross-Word Modeling for Arabic Speech Recognition. New York: Springer.

Agaram, K.K., Keckler, S.W., Burger, D., 2001.Characterizing the SPHINX Speech Recognition System, [online] University of Texas at Austin, Technical Report TR2001-18. Available at: http://www.research.ibm.com/acas/projects/00agaram.pdf [Accessed: 16 January 2010]

Ajeeb, 2010. Tarjim Dictionary. [Online] Ajeeb. Available at: http://tarjim.ajeeb.com/ajeeb/ [Accessed: 24 July 2007].

Al-bab, 2009. Arabic words and the Roman alphabet [Online] Al-bab. Available at: http://www.al-bab.com/arab/language/roman1.htm [Accessed: October 2010].

Al Badrashiny, M., 2009. Automatic Diacritizer for Arabic Texts [online]. M.Sc. thesis, Cairo University Available at:
http://www.rdi-eg.com/Downloads/ArabicNLP/Mohamed-Badashiny_MSc-
Thesis_June2009.pdf [Accessed: October 2010].

Alghamdi, M., Muzaffar, Z., and Alhakami, H., 2010. Automatic Restoration of Arabic Diacritics: A Simple, Purely Statistical Approach. The Arabian Journal for Science and Engineering, Volume 35, Number 2C.

Alghamdi, M., 2009. Romanizing Arabic Proper Names: Saudi Arabia Experience. Symposium Towards a Translation Standard of Arabic: Challenges and Solutions. Abu Dhabi. 15-16 December 2009.

Alghamdi, M., and Zeeshan, M., 2007. KACST Arabic Diacritizer[Online]. The First International Symposium on Computers and Arabic Language. Available at: http://www.mghamdi.com/KAD.pdf [Accessed: 7 January 2008]

Alghamdi, M., Alsalman, A., Alshamsan, A., Almuhanna, F., Salih, M., Alwayili, M., Alhuqayl, K., Alsubai, S., 2006. Romanization System for Arabic Names: Final Repot [Online]. Available at: http://www.mghamdi.com/ANRS.pdf [Accessed: 6 June 2007]

Alghamdi, M., Khursheed, M., Elshafei, M., Alhargan, F., Alkanhal, M., Alshamsan, A., Alqahtani, S., Muzaffar, S., Altowim, Y., Yusuf, A., and Al-Muhtaseb, H. 2006 Automatic Arabic Text Diacritizer (Final Report) KACST, 2006. (In Arabic)

Alghamdi, M., 2005. Algorithms for Romanizing Arabic names. Journal of King Saud University, Computer Sciences and Information, pp.17, 1-27.

Algamdi, M., 2003. KACST Arabic Phonetics Database. The Fifteenth International Congress of Phonetics Science. Barcelona, 3109-3112, 2003.

Al-Onaizan, Y., and Knight, K., 2002. Machine Transliteration of Names in Arabic Text. ACL Workshop on Computational Approaches to Semitic Languages. [Online]. Available at: http://acl.ldc.upenn.edu/W/W02/W02-0505.pdf [Accessed: 9 June 2008]

Alotaibi, Y.A., 2003. High performance Arabic digits recognizer using neural networks, Proceedings of the International Joint Conference on Neural Networks (24 July), pp. 670674 vol.1.

Al-Otaibi, F., 2001. Speaker-Dependant Continuous Arabic Speech Recognition, M.Sc. Thesis, King Saud University.

Alshamsan, I., 2004. Arabic Text Diacritization [online], Diacritization Rules. Available at: http://www.mghamdi.com/AATD.pdf [Accessed: November 2007]

Alumäe, T. and Võhandu, L., 2004. Limited-Vocabulary Estonian Continuous Speech Recognition System using Hidden Markov Models. INFORMATICA, 2004, Vol. 15, No. 3, pp. 303-314.

Ananthakrishnan, S., Narayanan, S. and Bangalore, S., 2005. Automatic Diacritization of Arabic Transcripts for Automatic Speech Recognition. In Proceedings of International Conference on Natural Language Processing, Kanpur, India.

Arabic Transliteration Wiki, 2012. Arabic Transliteration [website]. Available at: http://arabic-transliteration.software.informer.com/wiki/ [Accessed: February 2012]

Arbabi, M., Fischthal, S., Cheng, V., and Bart, E., 1994. Algorithms for Arabic name transliteration. IBM Journal of Research and Development, 38(2):183-193.

Atkielski, A., 2005. Using Phonetic Transcription in Class [online]. Available at: http://www.atkielski.com/ESLPublic/Phonetics\ \ Using\ Phonetic\ Transcripti on\%20in\%20Class.pdf [Accessed: February 2013]

Bazzi, I. and Glass, J., 2000. Modeling Out-Of-Vocabulary Words for Robust Speech Recognition. Proceedings of International Conference on Spoken Language Processing (ICSLP 2000), Beijing, China, pp.401-404.

Baumgarten, J. A., Barksdale, K., Rutter, M. and Barksdale, K., 2000. IBM ViaVoice Recognition Software: Quicktorial. South-Western Educational Publishing.

Ba'Albaki, R., 1998. Al-Mawrid: A Modern Arabic-English Dictionary. Dar Ilm Lil Malayin.

Becker, J., 1987. Arabic word processing. Communications of the ACM, 30 (7), PP 600611.

Ben Sassi, S., Braham, R., Belghith, A., 2001. Neural speech synthesis system for Arabic language using CELP algorithm. ACS/IEEE international conference on computer systems and applications (AICCSA'01), pp 119-121, Lebanon.

Bevana, N., Kirakowskib, J., and Maissel, J., 1991. What is Usability?. Proceedings of the 4th International Conference on HCI, Stuttgart.

Billa, J., Noamany, M., Srivastava, A., Liu, D., Stone, R., Xu, J., Makhoul, J., Kubala, F., 2002. Audio indexing of Arabic broadcast news. Proceedings. (ICASSP '02) IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech, and Signal Processing, pp.I-5 - I-8 vol. 1

Buckwalter, T., 2004. Buckwalter Arabic Morphological Analyzer (BAMA), Version 2.0, LDC Catalog number LDC2004L02 [Online], Available at: www.ldc.upenn.edu/Catalog [Accessed: 5 June 2007].

Buckwalter, T., 2002. Buckwalter Arabic Morphological Analyzer Version 1.0. Linguistic Data Consortium, University of Pennsylvania, LDC Catalog No.: LDC2002L49.

Cho, P., 2005. Takeluma: An Exploration of Sound, Meaning, and Writing [online]. MFA Thesis, UCLA Available at:
http://www.pcho.net/takeluma/takelumapaper.pdf [Accessed: April 2013]

Citizendium. 2011. American English [website]. Available at:
http://en.citizendium.org/wiki/American_English [Accessed: November 2012]
Collins English Dictionary, 2003. Accuracy [online]. Available at:
http://www.thefreedictionary.com/accuracy [Accessed: 24 July 2012].
Cook, S., 2002. Speech Recognition [online]. How To. Available at: http://tldp.org/HOWTO/pdf/Speech-Recognition-HOWTO.pdf [Accessed: 24 July 2008]

Deb, P., Singh, N., Kumar, S., Rai, N., 2010. Offline Navigation System for Mobile Devices [Online]. International Journal of Software Engineering \& Applications (IJSEA), Vol.1, No.2, April 2010 . Available at:
http://www.airccse.org/journal/ijsea/papers/0410ijsea3.pdf [Accessed: 23 January 2013]
Dictionary.com, 2010. Transliteration [Online]. Dictionary.com. Available at: http://dictionary.reference.com/browse/transliterate?qsrc=2446 [Accessed 23 July 2007]

Dialect Blog. 2012 American Accents [online blog]. Available at:
http://dialectblog.com/northamerican-accents/ [Accessed: December 2012]
Dobrovolsky, M., Katamba, F., 2008. Phonetics: The Sounds of Language[online]. Available at:
http://catalogue.pearsoned.co.uk/assets/hip/gb/uploads/Katamba9781405899307_Ch2.pdf [Accessed: February 2013]

Doe, H., 1998. Evaluating the Effects of Automatic Speech Recognition Word Accuracy. [Online] M.Sc. thesis. Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University Available at: http://scholar.lib.vt.edu/theses/available/etd-7598-165040/unrestricted/thesis1.pdf [Accessed: 21 August 2007]

Du Bois, J., Schuetze-Coburn, S., Cumming, S., Paolino, D., 1993. Outline of Discourse Transcription [Online]. Available at: http://anthro.ucsd.edu/~jhaviland/AudVid/AudVidReadings/DuBoisDiscourseTrs.pdf [Accessed: April 2013]

Duchan F., 2006. The Phonetic Notation System of Melville Bell and its Role in the History of Phonetics. Journal of Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology. [Online] Spring 2006, Vol. 30, No. 1. . Available at:
http://www.caslpa.ca/PDF/monthly_featured_articles/Spring_JSLPA_2006.pdf [Accessed: April 2012]

Dyslexia, 2011. Dyslexia [website], dyslexia, Available at: http://www.dyslexia.com [Accessed: 7 June 2007].

Edward, H., Jones, A., Zhang, Q., Rijmen, F., 2007. Mixed-effects Hidden Markov Model [Online]. Available at: http://www.phs.wfubmc.edu/public/downloads/MHMM_Ip.pdf [Accessed: 24 July 2008]

El-Imam, Y., 2004. Phonetization of Arabic: Rules and Algorithms. Computer Speech and Language, 18(4).

El-Sadany, T. and M. Hashish (1989). An Arabic morphological system. IBM System Journal, 28/4.

Elshafei, M., Ali, M., Al-Muhtaseb, H., and Al-Ghamdi, M. 2007. Automatic segmentation of Arabic speech. Workshop on information technology and Islamic sciences, Imam Mohammad Ben Saud University, Riyadh, March 2007.

Elshafei , M., Almuhtasib, H., and Alghamdi, M., 2006. Statistical Methods for Automatic Diacritization of Arabic text, Proceedings of the 18th National computer Conference NCC' 18 , Riyadh.

Elshafei, M., Almuhtasib, H., and Alghamdi, M., 2002. Techniques for High Quality Text-to-speech, Information Science, 140 (3-4) 255-267.

Emam, O. and Volker, F., 2005. Hierarchical Approach for the Statistical Vowelization of Arabic Text. Technical report, IBM Corporation Intellectual Property Law, Austin, TX, US.

Frankfurt International School, 2012. The differences between English and Arabic [website] FIS. Available at: http://esl.fis.edu/grammar/langdiff/arabic.htm [Accessed: April 2013]

Franz, A., and Milch, B., 2002. Searching the Web by Voice. Proceedings of 19th International Conference on Computational Linguistics, Taipei, Taiwan, China, (2), pp.1213-1217.

Glass, R. and Hazen, T J., 1998. Telephone-Based Conversational Speech Recognition in the JUPITER Domain, In Proceedings of the Fifth International Conference on Spoken Language Processing, pp. 1327-1330, December 1998.

Grasso, M., 2005. Speech Input in Multimodal Environments: Effects of Perceptual Structure on Speed, Accuracy, and Acceptance. PhD Thesis, University of Maryland, Baltimore, USA, Available at: http://ebiquity.umbc.edu/_file_directory_/papers/192.pdf [Accessed 12 November 2006].

Gupta, R., 2005. Speech Recognition for Hindi. [online]. M.Tech thesis, The Centre for Development of Advanced Computing, Mumbai Available at: http://www.cdacmumbai.in/design/corporate_site/override/pdfdoc/Speech_Recognition_fo r_Hindi.pdf [accessed: February 2013]

Habash, N., and Rambow, O., 2007a. Arabic Diacritization through Full Morphological Tagging. Proceedings of NAACL HLT 2007, [online]. Companion Volume, pages 53-56, Rochester, NY, April 2007. Available at:
http://acl.ldc.upenn.edu/N/N07/N07-2014.pdf [accessed: November 2012]
Habash, N, Soudi, A., and Buckwalter, T., 2007b. On Arabic Transliteration, In Arabic Computational Morphology: Knowledge-based and Empirical Methods. Soudi, Abdelhadi; van den Bosch, Antal; Neumann, Günter (Eds.), 2007.

Halpern, J., 2007. The Challenges and Pitfalls of Arabic Romanization and Arabization.[Online]. Available at: http://www.cjk.org/cjk/arabic/arannana.pdf [Accessed: 15 June 2008].

Haque, M., Azad, M., Mahabubuzzaman, A., 2010. Designing and Manufacturing a Voice Control Switching System of Electrical Devices [Online]. ISSN-1997-2571 J. Innov. Dev.Strategy 4(2):23-27(December2010). Available at:
http://ggfagro.com/books/JIDS/JIDS\ Vol4\ Issue2/MIN-173\ \(23-27\).pdf [Accessed: 12 February 2013].

Hieronymus, J.,1993. ASCII Phonetic Symbols for the World's Languages [Online]. Available at:
http://www.stanford.edu/class/cs224s/worldbet.pdf [Accessed: May 2010].
Hussein, M., 1998. Arabic string searching in the context of character code standards and orthographic variations. Computer Standards \& Interfaces, (20,1), 16 November, pp. 3151

IBM, 2006. Embedded ViaVoice Multiplatform Edition [Online]. IBM. Available at: http://www306.ibm.com/software/pervasive/embedded_viavoice_multiplatform/ [Accessed 12 July 2007]

IPA The, 2003. International Phonetic Association [website] IPA. Available at: http://www.langsci.ucl.ac.uk/ipa/ [Accessed: May 2008]

Ismail, S., and Ahmad, A., 2004. Recurrent Neural Network with Back propagation through Time Algorithm for Arabic Recognition. Proceedings of the 18th European Simulation Multiconference, SCS Europe.

Jurafsky, D., and Martin, J., 2009. Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Speech Recognition, and Computational Linguistics. 2nd edition. Prentice-Hall.

Karimi, S., Scholer, F., and Turpin, A., 2007. Collapsed consonant and vowel models: New approaches for English-Persian transliteration and back-transliteration. In Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Association of Computational Linguistics (ACL2007), pages 648-655.

Kemble, K. A., 2001. An Introduction to Speech Recognition. [Online] Voice System Middleware Education - IBM Corporation. Available at:
ftp://ftp.software.ibm.com/software/pervasive/info/products/Introduction_to_Speech_Reco gnition.pdf [Accessed: 24 July 2007].

Kirchhoff, K., Vergyri, D., Bilmes, J., Duh, K., and Stolcke, A., 2004. Morphology-based language modeling for Arabic speech recognition. Proceedings of ICSLP 2004, Jeju, South Korea.

Kirchhoff, K., Bilmes, J., Das, S., Duta, N., Egan, M., Ji, G., He, F., Henderson, J., Liu, D., Noamany, M., Schoner, P., Schwartz, R., and Vergyri, D., 2003. Novel Approaches to Arabic Speech Recognition. Report from the 2002 John-Hopkins Summer Workshop", ICASSP 2003, pp. I-344-I347.

Knight, K. and Graehl, J., 1998. Machine Transliteration. Computational Linguistics. 24(4):599-612

Krauss, R., 2002. The Psychology of Verbal Communication [online]. The International Encyclopedia of the Social and Behavioral. Available at:
http://www.columbia.edu/~rmk7/PDF/IESBS.pdf [Accessed: May 2011].
Lagally, K., 2004. ArabTEX, Typesetting Arabic and Hebrew, User Manual Version 4.00. (11 March) Report Nr. 2004/03, [online] University at Stuttgart, Fakult at Informatik. Available at: http://www.scribd.com/doc/47494374/Arabtex-Typesetting-Arabic-andHebrew [Accessed April 2007]

Lawson David R., 2008. An Evaluation of Arabic Transliteration Methods, [online] M.Sc. thesis, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. Available at: http://dc.lib.unc.edu/cdm/singleitem/collection/s_papers/id/1061 [Accessed February 2013].

Lee, J., and Choi, K., 1998. English to Korean Statistical transliteration for information retrieval. Computer Processing of Oriental Languages [Online]. 12(1):17-37. Available at: http://dev.swrc.kaist.ac.kr/paper/15.pdf [Accessed: 24 August 2008]

Lee, K., Hon, H., and Reddy, R., 1990. An overview of the sphinx speech recognition system. IEEE Transactions of Acoustics, Speech, and Signal Processing, Vol. 38 (1), 3545.

Lewin, I., Russell, M., Carter, D., Browning, S., Ponting, K., and Pulman, S., 1993. A speech-based route enquiry system built from general purpose components, in proceedings of the $3^{\text {rd }}$ European Conference on Speech Communication and Technology, Berlin, Germany, September 1993.

Lin, B., Chen, B., Wang, H., and Lee, L., 2002. A hierarchical tag-graph search scheme with layered grammar rules for spontaneous speech understanding [Online]. Pattern Recognition Letters 23 (2002) 819-831. Available at: http://ntur.lib.ntu.edu.tw/bitstream/246246/142095/1/12.pdf [Accessed: 6 June 2007].

Mansikkaniemi, A., 2010. Acoustic Model and Language Model Adaptation for a Mobile Dictation Service. [Online] M.Sc. thesis, Available at:
http://lib.tkk.fi/Dipl/2010/urn100143.pdf [Accessed: November 2012].
Micher, J., and Voss, C., 2008. Buckwalter-based Lookup Tool as Language Resource for Arabic Language Learners, Software Engineering, Testing, and Quality Assurance for Natural Language Processing, Association for Computational Linguistics, pages 66-67. Columbus, Ohio, USA, June 2008.

Mubarak, H., Al Sharqawy, M., Al Masry, E., 2005. Diacritization and Transliteration of Proper Nouns from Arabic to English. [Online] Sakhr Software. Cairo, Egypt. Available at: http://www.mt-archive.info/MEDAR-2009-Mubarak.pdf [Accessed: 23 April 2008]

MSDN, 2012. About Lexicons and Phonetic Alphabets (Microsoft. Speech) [Online] MSDN.
Available at: http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh378451(v=office.14).aspx
[Accessed: 23 April 2013].

Natural Reader, 2012. Natural reader [website]. Available at:
http://www.naturalreaders.com/index.php [Accessed: June 2008].

Nelken, R., and Shieber, S., 2005. Arabic diacritization using weighted finite-state transducers. In Proceedings of the 2005 ACL Workshop on Computational Approaches to Semitic Languages, pages 79-86, Ann Arbor, Michigan, June 2005

Niculescu, A., and De Jong, F., 2008. Development of a Speech Recognition System for Spanish Broadcast News, CTIT-technical Report, version 1.0, January 2008.

Noeman, S., 2009. Language Independent Transliteration system using phrase based SMT approach on substrings. In Proceedings of the 2009 Named Entities Workshop, ACLIJCNLP 2009, pages 112-115.

Nuance, 2006. Dragon NaturallySpeaking. [Online]. Nuance. Available at: http://www.nuance.com/naturallyspeaking/ [Accessed: 7 July 2007].

Peacocke, R., and Graf, D., 1990. An Introduction to Speech and Speaker Recognition. Journal of IEEE Computer, 23(8), pp.26-33.

Pedersen, T., 2008. Transliteration of Arabic [online]. Available at: http://transliteration.eki.ee/pdf/Arabic_2.2.pdf [Accessed: July 2011].

Petrie, G., 2003. SPEECH RECOGNITION SOFTWARE: ITS POSSIBLE IMPACT ON THE LANGUAGE LEARNING CLASSROOM [online]. Teaching English with Technology, vol. 3, no. 3, pp. 40-48. Available at: http://www.iatefl.org.pl/call/callnl.htm [Accessed: February 2012]

Peissner, M., 2002. What the Relationship between Correct Recognition Rates and Usability Measures Can Tell Us about the Quality of a Speech Application. Proceedings of 6th International Scientific Conference on Work with Display Units, Berchtesgaden, Germany, PP. 296-298.

Philips, 2005. Philips Dictation Systems [Online]. Philips. Available at: http://www.dictation.philips.com/index.php?id=start [Accessed: 12 November 2005].

Phonemic Chart, 2013. English Club [website]. Available at:
http://www.englishclub.com/pronunciation/phonemic-chart.htm [Accessed: February 2012]

Pouliquen, B., Steinberger, R., Ignat, C., Temnikova, I., Widiger, A., Zaghouani, W., and Žižka, J., 2005. Multilingual person name recognition and transliteration.[online] Available at: http://arxiv.org/ftp/cs/papers/0609/0609051.pdf [Accessed: 12 April 2013]

Qiu, L., 2011. British English vs. American English [website]. Available at: http://www.scribd.com/doc/95548934/British-and-American-English-Lingyu [Accessed: February 2012]

Rabiner, L. and Juang, B., 1986. An Introduction to Hidden Markov Models. IEEE ASSP Magazine, pp. 4-16.

Rambow, O., Chiang, D., Diab, M., Habash, N., Hwa, R., Sima'an, K., Lacey, V., Levy, R., Nichols, C., Shareef, S., 2006. Parsing Arabic Dialects, Final Report [online]. Version 1,
January 18, 2006. Available at:
http://old-site.clsp.jhu.edu/ws05/groups/arabic/documents/finalreport.pdf [Accessed: July 2008]

Roe, D.B., and Wilpon, J. G., 1993. Whither Speech Recognition: The Next 25 Years, IEEE Communications Magazine, Nov, pp.54-62.

Sagheer, A., Tsuruta, N., Ichiro, R., \& Maeda, S., 2005. Visual speech features representation for automatic lip reading. In IEEE International conference on acoustics, speech and signal processing (Vol. 2, pp. 781-784).

Sakhr, 2011, [online] diacritization. Available at:
http://demo.sakhr.com/technology_a/diacritization/default.aspx?sec=Technology\&item=Di acritization Accessed: January 2011]

Sakti, S., Kelana, E. Riza, H., Sakai, S. Markov, K. and Nakamura, S., 2007. Development of Indonesian Large Vocabulary Continuous Speech Recognition System within A-STAR Project.[online] Available at: http://aclweb.org/anthology/I/I08/I088004.pdf [Accessed: July 2010]

Saleem, S., Kao, C., Prasad, R., Choi, F., Natarajan, P., Stallard, D., Krstovski, K., Kamali, M., 2008. Rapid Development of an English/Farsi Speech-to-Speech Translation System. Proceedings of IWSLT 2008, Hawaii, USA.

Seneff, S., 2002. Response Planning and Generation in the MERCURY Flight Reservation System. Computer Speech and Language, (16), pp.283-312.

Shaalan, K., Abo Bakr, I., 2009. A Hybrid Approach for Building Arabic Diacritizer. Proceedings of the EACL 2009 Workshop on Computational Approaches to Semitic Languages, pages 27-35, Athens, Greece, 31 March, 2009.

Sherif, T., and Kondrak, G., 2007. Bootstrapping a Stochastic Transducer for ArabicEnglish Transliteration Extraction [Online]. Proceedings of the 45th Annual Meeting of the Association of Computational Linguistics, pages 864-871, Prague, Czech Republic, June 2007. Available at: http://www.aclweb.org/anthology-new/P/P07/P07-1109.pdf [Accessed: 23 April 2008]

Shishtla, P., Ganesh, S., Subramaniam, S., Varma, V., 2009. A Language-Independent Transliteration Schema Using Character Aligned Models [Online]. NEWS 2009. Available at: http://www.mt-archive.info/NEWS-2009-Shishtla.pdf [Accessed: 23 July 2010]

Slavic information literacy, 2012. Transliteration history [Online], UOAL, Available at: http://intranet.library.arizona.edu/users/brewerm/sil/lib/transhist.html [Accessed: 6 December 2013].

Snack, 2006. The Snack Sound Toolkit [Online], KTH, Available at: http://www.speech.kth.se/snack/ [Accessed: 6 December 2005].

Srinivasamurthy, N., and Narayanan, S., 2003. Language adaptive Persian speech recognition. [online]In proceedings of Eurospeech 2003. Available at: http://iranianlinguistics.org/papers/LAAM.pdf [Accessed: July 2008]

Sugumaran, K., 2013. Speech recognition systems [online]. Available at: http://www.doc.ic.ac.uk/~nd/surprise_95/journal/vol1/ks4/article1.html [Accessed: April 2013 ]

Tebelskis, J., 1995. Speech Recognition using Neural Networks [online]. Ph.D. Thesis, Carnegie Mellon University. Available at: http://isl.anthropomatik.kit.edu/cmukit/english/2168_2309.php [Accessed: 21 April 2013]

The British Academy, 1917. The British Academy Transliteration Of Arabic And Persian. From the Proceedings of the British Academy, Vol, VIII] London.

Tomokiyo, M., Black, A., and Lenzo, K., 2003. Arabic in my Hand: Small-footprint Synthesis of Egyptian Arabic. Eurospeech 2003, Geneva, Switzerland.

Trost, H., 1991. Recognition and generation of word forms for natural language understanding systems. Integrating two-level morphology and feature unification, Applied Artificial Intelligence, v 5, n 4, October, pp. 411-457.

UIUC linguistics, 2007. Arabic Online: Diacritics [Online], UIUC, Available at: http://www.linguistics.uiuc.edu/ngurevic/ciber/samples/diacritics/index.html [Accessed: 6 June 2007].

UNESCO, 2006a. Serbian- transliteration table [Online], UNESCO, Available at: http://portal.unesco.org/culture/en/files/32321/11625496373serbian_en.pdf/serbian_en.pdf [Accessed: 6 July 2007]

UNESCO, 2006b. Russian - transliteration table [Online], UNESCO, Available at: http://portal.unesco.org/culture/en/files/32320/11625495633russian_en.pdf/russian_en.pdf [Accessed: 6 July 2007]

UNESCO, 2006c. Arabic - transliteration table [Online], UNESCO, Available at: http://portal.unesco.org/culture/en/ev.php-URL_ID=32265\& URL_DO=DO _TOPIC\& URL_SECTION=201.html [Accessed: 6 July 2007]

UOAL, 2010. Transliteration history [Online], UOAL, Available at: http://intranet.library.arizona.edu/users/brewerm/sil/lib/transhist.html [Accessed: 6 July 2007].

Viet-Bac, L., Besacier, L., Seng, S., Bigi, B., Do, T., 2007. Recent Advances in Automatic Speech Recognition for Vietnamese, [Online]. Grenoble Cedex 9, FRANCE. Available at: http://www-clips.imag.fr/geod/User/laurent.besacier/Publis/sltu08-vn.pdf [Accessed: 24 June 2007]

Vimala, C., and Radha, V., 2012. A Review on Speech Recognition Challenges and Approaches. World of Computer Science and Information Technology Journal (WCSIT) ISSN: 2221-0741 Vol. 2, No. 1, 1-7, 2012.

Vollmann, R., Deutsch, W., Koechert, A., Moosmuller, S., Noll, A., Pribbenow, S., Schalhofer, J., Some Aspects of Annotation of Sound Data within the Framework of the "Multimedia Language Documentation and Language Research Laboratory (MLL)" [online]. Available at: http://www.mpi.nl/ISLE/documents/papers/Vollmann_paper.pdf [Accessed: 12 April 2013]

Wadhwani, O., KolheSanjay, A., Dekate, S., 2011. Recognition of Vernacular Language Speech for Discrete Words using Linear Predictive Coding Technique. International Journal of Soft Computing and Engineering (IJSCE) ISSN: 2231-2307, Volume-1, Issue-5, November 2011. [Online], Available at: http://ijsce.org/attachments/File/Vol-1_Issue5/E0187091511.pdf [Accessed: 2 February 2013].

Walker, W., Lamere, P., Kwok, P., Raj, B., Singh, R., Gouvea, E., Wolf, P.,and Woelfel, J., 2004. Sphinx-4: A Flexible Open Source Framework for Speech Recognition. Technical report, Sun Microsystems Inc, Technical Report TR-2004-139

Whitaker, B., 2008. Arabic words and the Roman alphabet. [Online], al-bab, Available at: http://www.al bab.com/arab/language/roman1.htm [Accessed: 7 May 2007]

Whitaker, B., 2002. Lost in translation [Online] The guardian, Available at: http://www.guardian.co.uk/world/2002/jun/10/israel1[Accessed: 6 December 2012].

Wikipedia, 2010e. Romanization [Online] Wikipedia. Available at: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Romanization [Accessed: 7 October 2010]

Zhang, Z., and Li, L., 2012. Effects of Cultural Differences on Advertising Translation. 2012 International Conference on Education Technology and Management Engineering Lecture Notes in Information Technology, Vols.16-17.

Zitouni, I., Sorensen, J., and Sarikaya, R., 2006. Maximum Entropy Based Restoration of Arabic Diacritics [online]. Proceedings of the 21st International Conference on Computational Linguistics and 44th Annual Meeting of the ACL, pages 577-584, Sydney, July 2006. Available at: http://www.aclweb.org/anthology-new/P/P06/P06-1073.pdf [Accessed: June 2012]

## Appendices

$\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$

## Appendix $\mathbf{A}$

The International Phonetic Alphabet Chart

THE INTERNATIONAL PHONETIC ALPHABET (revised to 2005)
CONSONANTS (PULMONIC)
(c) 2005 IPA

|  | Biabial | Labiodental | Dental | Alveolar | Postalveola | Retroflex | Palatal | Velar | Uuwlar | Pharyngeal | Glotal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plosive | p b |  |  | t d |  | t d | C J | k g | q G |  | ? |
| Nasal | m | m |  | n |  | $\eta$ | n | $1]$ | N |  |  |
| Trill | B |  |  | r |  |  |  |  | R |  |  |
| Tap or Flap |  | $\checkmark$ |  | r |  | r |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fricative | ¢ $\beta$ | f v | $\theta$ ठ | S Z | ¢ 3 | s Z | ç j | x f | $\chi$ в | ¢ $¢$ | h 1 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|crcrl} \substack{\text { ficative }} \end{array}$ |  |  |  | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approximant |  | $v$ |  | I |  | - | j | U |  |  |  |
| Lateral approximant |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | $\Lambda$ | L |  |  |  |

Where symbols appear in pairs, the one to the right represents a voiced consonant. Shaded areas denote articulations judged impossible.

CONSONANTS (NON-PULMONIC)

| Clicks |  | Voiced implosives |  |  | Ejectives |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (-) Bilabial |  | b Bilabial  <br> d Dental/alveolar |  | , | Examples: |
|  |  | $\mathrm{p}^{\prime}$ | Bilabial |
| ! | (Post)alveolar |  |  | $f$ | Palatal | $t^{\prime}$ | Dental/alveolar |
| $\pm$ | Palatoalveolar |  | Velar | $\mathbf{k}^{\prime}$ | Velar |
| \\| | Alveolar lateral | $G$ | Uvular | S' | Alveolar fricative |

OTHER SYMBOLS


DIACRITICS Diacritics may be placed above a symbol with a descender, e.g. $1 \circ$

|  | Voiceless | 11 d | .. | Breathy voiced b a | $\square$ Dental $\square_{\square}^{d}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Voiced | S t | $\sim$ | Creaky voiced b ${ }_{\sim}^{\text {a }}$ | $\sim$ Apical $\quad t \mathrm{~d}$ |
| h | Aspirated | $\mathrm{t}^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{d}^{\mathrm{h}}$ | $\sim$ | Linguolabial t d | $\square$ Laminal $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{a}}^{\mathrm{d}}$ |
| 3 | More rounded | $\bigcirc$ | W | Labialized $t^{W} \mathrm{~d}^{\mathrm{W}}$ | $\sim$ Nasalized |
| c | Less rounded | $\bigcirc$ | j | Palatalized $\quad \mathrm{f}^{\mathrm{j}} \mathrm{dj}$ | ${ }^{n}$ Nasal release $\mathrm{d}^{\text {n }}$ |
| $+$ | Advanced | $\underline{+}$ | V | Velarized $t^{\text {V }} \mathrm{d}^{\mathrm{V}}$ | 1 Lateral release $\mathrm{Cl}^{1}$ |
| $+$ | Retracted | e | I | Pharyngealized $t^{\text {i }} \quad d^{\text {i }}$ | ${ }^{7}$ No audible release $\mathrm{dl}^{7}$ |
| * | Centralized | 关 | $\sim$ | Velarized or pharyngealized 1 |  |
| ${ }^{\times}$ | Mid-centralized |  | 1 | Raised e (I = voiced alveolar fricative) |  |
| 1 | Syllabic | 11 | T | Lowered $\quad{\underset{T}{e}}_{e}^{\left({\underset{T}{T}}^{\beta}=\text { voiced bilabial approximant) }\right.}$ |  |
|  | Non-syllabic | e | 4 | Advanced Tongue Root |  |
| $\tau$ | Rhoticity | $\partial^{2} a^{2}$ |  | Retracted Tongue Root $e_{r}^{e}$ |  |

VOWELS


Where symbols appear in pairs, the onel
to the right represents a rounded vowel

SUPRASEGMENTALS
1 Primary stress

- Secondary stress ,founə'tifən
: Long $e$ :
* Half-long $e^{\prime}$
$\checkmark$ Extra-short $\breve{e}$
$\mid$ Minor (foot) group
|| Major (intonation) group
- Syllable break .ii.ækt
- Linking (absence of a break)

TONES AND WORD ACCENTS

| LEVEL | Contour |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\widehat{E}_{\text {or }} 7 \underset{\text { high }}{\text { Extra }}$ | е.or $\$ Rising  \hline é 1 High & e $V$ Falling |
| $\overline{\mathrm{e}} \quad-\mathrm{Mid}$ | $\text { é } 1 \begin{aligned} & \text { High } \\ & \text { rising } \end{aligned}$ |
| è $\dagger$ Low | $\sum \sum^{\sum}{ }_{\text {L }}^{\text {Low }}$ rising |
| $\text { è } \quad \int_{\substack{\text { Extra } \\ \text { low }}}^{\text {an }}$ | $\underset{e}{\Uparrow} \begin{aligned} & \text { Rising } \\ & \text { falling } \end{aligned}$ |
| Downstep | $\nearrow$ Global rise |
| Upstep | $\searrow$ Global fall |

Figure 1 The International Phonetic Alphabet (Adapted from the official IPA chart) (IPA, 2003)

| $\stackrel{\infty}{\sum_{0}^{\mu}}$ | monophthongs |  |  |  | diphthongs |  | Phonemic Chart voiced unvoiced |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | sheep | I <br> ship | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{U} \\ \text { good } \end{gathered}$ | u: <br> shoot | Iə <br> here | eI <br> wait |  |  |
|  | e <br> bed | teacher | 3: <br> bird | О: <br> door | ひӘ <br> tourist | OI <br> boy | Əひ <br> show |  |
|  | æ <br> cat | $\wedge$ up | a: <br> far |  | еə <br> hair | aI <br> my | av <br> COW |  |
| $\infty$ <br>  <br>  <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 | $\underset{\text { pea }}{p}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} t \\ \text { tea } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { dog }}{\mathrm{d}}$ |  | June |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{g} \\ & \mathrm{go} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | fly |  | think | ð <br> this | S <br> see | $\underset{\text { zoo }}{\mathbf{Z}}$ | $\int$ <br> shall |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | W <br> wet | $\underset{\text { yes }}{j}$ |

Figure 2 Phonemic Chart (English Club, 2013)

## Appendix <br> B

## Survey on developing an Arabic voice spelling alphabet

## SURVEY

From:
Ghadeer Khalil (N0007771@ntu.ac.uk)
Sent: 20 November 2005 21:21:45
To:
I am conducting a survey on "Developing an Arabic voice spelling alphabet"

I would really appreciate it if you would complete this very simple and short questionnaire which would contribute tremendously to my research. You can find the questionnaire by following this link:
http://FreeOnlineSurveys.com/rendersurvey.asp?id=129635
Much Appreciated

Ghadeer Khalil

## Sample of the survey results

Simply type the first word that comes into your mind, which starts with the following letters.

| No. | Response ID | Data |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | ب | $\because$ | $\star$ | ج | $\tau$ |
| 1 | 814784 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 814791 | اسد | بطة | تفاحة | ثعلب | جمل | حصان |
| 3 | 814948 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 814954 | أسد | بطة | تفاحة | ثعلب | جمل | حصان |
| 5 | 814986 | أرقام | بر | تفاح | ثمرة | جاسم | حمد |
| 6 | 814991 | أحمد | بطة | تفاحة | ثعلب | جمل | حصان |
| 7 | 815106 | احمد | بر | تامر | ثعلب | جمل | حسام |
| 8 | 815147 | ارنب | برتقال | تمساح | ثعلب | جمل | حمامة |
| 9 | 815926 | أرنب | بطة | تفاحة | ثور | جمل | حصان |
| 10 | 816047 |  | بطة |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | 816155 | اله | بطة | تفاحة | ثمرة | جمل | حب |
| 12 | 817131 | أرنب | بط | تفاحة | ثور | جمل | حمار |
| 13 | 817852 | أرنب | بط | تفاحة | ثعلب | جمل | حمار |
| 14 | 826145 | أسد | بطة | تمساح | ثعلب | جدار | حمار |
| 15 | 828725 |  | بطة |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | 830307 | أرنب | بطة | تمر | ثلج | جبل | حليب |
| 17 | 830399 | اسنان | بطة | تفاحه | ثمود | جزر | حبل |
| 18 | 830414 | أسد | بطة | تفاحه | ثعلب | جمل | حاوة |
| 19 | 830425 | الوان | بطة | تلفون | ثلاجه | جبس | حرام |
| 20 | 834302 | ارنب | بطة | تفاحة | ثعلب | جام | $ح$ |
| 21 | 834305 | ارنب | بطة | تاج | ثلج | جمل | حليب |
| 22 | 834306 | ارنب | بطة | تمر | ثعلب | جمل | حمار |
| 23 | 834309 | ارنب | بطة | تفاحة | ثوب | جبن | حوت |
| 24 | 834310 | احمد | بطة | تفاحة | ثعلب | جوز | حد |
| 25 | 834315 | احمد | بطة | توت | ثعلب | جمل | حوت |
| 26 | 834320 | ازهار | بطة | تفاحة | ثربّب | جمل | حورية |
| 27 | 834322 | امل | بطة | تمر | ثريا | جميل | حيدر |
| 28 | 834326 | ارنب | بطة | تلفون | ثوب | جمل | حلم |
| 29 | 834337 | احمد | بطة | تي شيرت | ثوب | جمل | حمار |
| 30 | 834340 | ارنب | بطة | توت | ثوب | حليد | حداد |
| 31 | 836746 | أرنب | بطة | تفاحة | ثلاجة | جزرة | حوت |
| 32 | 838093 | أنف | بطة | توت | ثعلب | جزر | حوت |
| 33 | 838232 | ارنب | بطة | تاريخ | ثور | حمل | حمار |
| 34 | 842583 | أرنب | بطة | توت | ثوب | جمل | حليب |
| 35 | 843142 | اسد | بطة | تفاحة | ثعلب | جمل | حامل |


| $\dot{\text { خ }}$ | د | j | J | j | س | ش | $ص$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| خروف | دب | ذرة | رمان | زهرة | سكه | شبكة | صقر |
| خروف | دب | ذرة | رمانه | زهرة | ساعة | شمس | صقر |
| خيال | داهية | ذمة | رمية | زهرة | ساعة | شراب | صيف |
| خبز | دب | ذئب | رمان | زرافة | سيارة | شبل | صبي |
| خلود | دودة | ذروة | رمان | زهرة | سككة | شريف | صلى |
| خروف | دمعهد | ذئب | ريشنة | زرافة | سكك | شنطة | صديق |
| خروف | دلة | ذرة | رمان | زهرة | سكه | شٌ | صرصور |
| خائن | درس | ذهب | رحطن | زهرة | سفر | شمال | صديق |
| خاروف | دال | ذبابة | رمان | زهرة | سمك | شمس | صنوبر |
| خبز | دب | ذبانة | روبة | زبالة | سمجة | شوربة | صلعة |
| خنزير | دب | ذبابه | رمل | زوراق | ساعه | شاثثه | صندوق |
| خروف | دندله | ذره | رمل | زيتون | سنافر | شمس | صرصور |
| خوخ | دكان | ذره | رسمه | زعفران | سم سم | شجره | صاروخ |
| خوخ | دلفين | ذيل | روب | زرافة | سمك | شامبانزي | صرصور |
| خلف | داله | ذره | ريش | زهرة | سهم | شعر | صدف |
| خوخة | دونت | ذبابة | رز | زمبابوي | سارة | شمس | صالح |
| خوخ | دم | ذيل | ربيع | زر | سككة | شمس | صدفة |
| خل | دجاجة | ذرة | راديو | زهرة | سيارة | شيطان | صالون |
| خروف | دبوس | ذيل | رمال | زرافة | سحب | شرار | صالون |
| خروف | ديك | ذرة | رزان | زرافة | سنجاب | شجرة | صياد |
| خوخ | دلفين | ذرة | رمان | زيد | سرير | شمس | صوم |
| خديجة | دلال | ذيب | رزان | زينب | سالم | شيرين | صدقة |
| خليل | دمعة | ذيب | راشد | زهرة | سارة | شجون | صفاء |
| خليل | دلال | ذيب | رنا | زهاري | سيما | شذى | صدى |
| خنفساء | دب | ذيل | ريم | زهرة | سيارة | شمام | صديق |
| خاللا | دعاء | ذهول | راس | زاد | سؤ ال | شمس | صباح |
| خرتيت | دمام | ذبابة | ريش | زرافة | سلمان | شرير | صنوبر |
| خالل | دائرة | ذيل | رأس | زرافة | سراب | شتاء | صياد |
| خيرية | دال | ذيب | روب | زرافة | سلطة | شوربة | صاروخ |
| خوخ | درج | ذرة | رياض | زهور | سمكة | شراع | صوت |
| خوخة | دودة | ذرة | رسالة | زرافة | سيارة | شبح | صرصور |


| ض | b | ظ | $\varepsilon$ | $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | فـ | ق | s |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ضفدع | طائرة | ظرف | عين | غراب | فيل | قط | كلب |
| ضفدع | طائرة | ظرف | عنب | غزال | فيل | قلم | كتاب |
| ضفـفـ | طالب | ظلام | عالم | غابة | فانورة | قلم | كف |
| ضفدع | طبل | ظرف | عين | غدير | فيل | قمر | كاب |
| ضرس | طاولة | ظب | عمر | غبي | فأس | قملة | كلب |
| ضبع | طائرة | ظبي | عين | غزال | فلفل | قلب | كلب |
| ضفـ | طائرة | ظرف | عنب | غزال | فيل | فلم | كلب |
| ضتيف | طيب | ظبي | عقل | غيم | فرح | قديس | كون |
| ضفدع | طاولة | ظهر | عسل | غزال | فرس | قلم | كرسي |
| ضفدع | طبل | ظب | عسل | غراب | فراولة | قنبلة | كلب |
| ضباب | طاوله |  | عين | غزال | فراش | فتبله | كف |
| ضفدع | طابور | ظرف | عيون | غدير | فطر | قلم | كلبه |
| ضفدع | ط طاوس | ظفر | عنب | غيمه | فلفل | قفل | كرت |
| ضفدع | طاولة |  | عيون | غراب | فهر | قطه | كراميل |
| ضفـ | طاوله | ظفر | عين | غزال | فانوس | قلم | كرتون |
| ضب | طلا | ظلام | عبداله | غنم | فؤاد | قمر | كلب |
| ضفدع | طبل | ظلام | عنب | غراب | فاطمة | قلب | كرسي |
| ضاري | طيارة | ظبية | عنب | غباء | فراولة | قمر | كرسي |
| ضب | طاولة | ظفر | عسل | غنم | فراولة | قوس | كاب |
| ضفدع | طراد | ظفيرة | علم | غزال | فه* | قطار | كهف |
| ضفـوع | طاولة | ظرف | عيون | غزال | فراولة | قصبية | كاب |
| ضروري | ط طلد | ظبي | علي | غراب | فاطمة | قارورة | كاب |
| ضفـوع | طاهرة | ظابط | عيون | غيم | فاطمة | قمر | كنافة |
| ضب | طلب | ظمأ | علياء | غالية | فرس | قهر | كنافة |
| ضب | طماطم | ظفر | عجوز | غنم | فأر | قمر | كويت |
| ضد | طب | ظهور | عكس | غامق | فاضي | قمر | كائن |
| ضربة | طبل | ظهر | عنبر | غدير | فراولة | قتبلة | كنغر |
| ضباب | طيارة | ظل | عمارة | غاز | فيل | قاموس | كنز |
| ضرس | طيارة | ظرف | عين | غدير | فراولة | قسم | كاب |
| ضياء | طاقة | ظرف | عنب | غزال | فهر | قلم | كتاب |
| ضفدع | طاووس | ظابط | عروس | غراب | فيل | قطار | كلب |


| $J$ | ค | $\dot{\sim}$ | - | 9 | ي |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ليل | موز | نسر | هدهد | وردة | ياسمين |
| ليمون | موز | نسر | هدهد | وردة | بد |
| لعبة | محمد | نمل | هادئ | وادي | يكتب |
| ليمون | مدرسة | نمر | هدهد | وفت | يمامة |
| ليمون | منذر | نمر | همزة | واحد | يأكل |
| ليمون | موز | نور | هدهد | وزة | يد |
| لمبه | موز | نسر | هدهد | ورده | يد |
| لون | منزل | نجاح | هوس | وحدة | يتيم |
| ليمون | مسرح | نسر | هدهد | وزة | بد |
| ليت | منقة | نمر | هدهد | وردة | يرادة |
| ليمون | مدرسه | نحله | هواء | ورده | ياسمين |
| لومينا | منقا | نسوان | هاوء | ورده | ياسمين |
| ليمون | منجا | نور الدنيا | هدهد | ورل | يدرس |
| لوح | مها | نورس | هده2 | وطوراط | ياربي |
| ليت | محايه | نعال | هريس | ورده | يحه |
| ليمون | مريم | نهر | همبرغر | وليد | ياسمين |
| ليمون | مريم | نار | هواء | وادي | يمامة |
| لولوة | مريم | نعامة | هدهد | وردة | يويو |
| ليمون | مجنون | نورس | هدهد | وسواس | يمامة |
| لاما | منصور | نور | هيثّ | وداد | ياسمين |
| ليمون | محمد | نايف | هواء | وردة | بإسمين |
| لميس | مريم | نور | هاشٌ | وردة | يارا |
| لوسي | مها | نسر | هدى | وداد | ياسمين |
| لمى | موز | ندى | همس | وزن | ياسر |
| لولوة | موز | نرجس | هوز | وردة | ياسمين |
| لولوة | مزاج | نمر | هاى | ولد | ياسر |
| ليمون | مكة | نادي | هندي | وردة | ياسمين |
| ليل | منزل | نبات | هواء | وكر | يمين |
| ليمون | مشروم | نورس | هيا | وطواط | يمامة |
| لؤلؤ | مركب | نجمة | هدهد | ورد | ياسمين |
| لعبة | موزة | نمل | هدهد | وطواط | يمامة |

Table 1-Sample of survey results

## Appendix

Voice speller application code


Figure 1-Snapshot of the Development application.

The voice speller application code is as follows:
Private Sub Command1_Click()
Dim DesktopDrive As String
Dim HomePath As String
Dim DesktopPath As String

' /* First, Get The Drive That The Profile Is On */
DesktopDrive = Environ("HOMEDRIVE")
' /* Then, Get The Path To Where The Profile Is Saved At */
HomePath = Environ("HOMEPATH")
' /* Now Make The DesktopPath Variable Equal The Drive, The Path To The Profile, And \Desktop */
DesktopPath = DesktopDrive \& HomePath \& "\Desktop"

' /* First, Open The File For APPEND (Add Stuff To It, Don't Over-write It) */
Open DesktopPath \& "\logfile.txt" For Append As \#1
' /* Then, Actually Write The Stuff In The Textbox, To The File */
'/* when command1 is clicked write to log file
' /* Anything That Is Opened, Must Be Closed */
Close \#1

```
'/* *******************************************/
'/* Close The Program */
'/* ******************************************/
' /* For All The Forms That Are In Our Project */
For Each XFrm In Forms
    ' /* Unload The Form */
    Unload XFrm
Next XFrm
' /* Code Should Never Reach Here, But Just In Case */
End
End Sub
```

Private Sub Data1_Validate(Action As Integer, Save As Integer)
End Sub
' /* When the form is loaded
Private Sub Form_Load()
st\$ = "[Grammar]" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "type=cfg" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "[<start>]" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=arrnab" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=boo staan" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=tofah" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=thoom" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=jowz" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=ham mama" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=khaadim" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=deek" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=thee kkraa" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=reeesh" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=Zak kaah" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=sakan" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=shams" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=soora" + vbNewLine
st\$ = st\$ + "<start>=dhameeer" + vbNewLine

```
st$ = st$ + "<start>=teen" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=The laam" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=aaali" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=ghazal" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=fa noos" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=ghaa noon" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=korrssay" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=lee bas" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=madrasa" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=nasr" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=hood hood" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=waseela" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=yas meen" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=hamza" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=space" + vbNewLine
st$ = st$ + "<start>=back space" + vbNewLine
```

' /* Hear1 is basically DirectSR which is represented by the ear icon.
' /* This is the procedure that will be called by DirectSR when it has finish processing a '/* voice command.
' /* this is the parameter string that will contain the recognized word that was processed '/* by the DirectSR engine.
hear1.GrammarFromString st\$
hear1.Activate
End Sub

Public Function GetSupportedThresholdValues() As Single()
GetSupportedThresholdValues $=$ threshvalues
Text3.Text = threshvalues
End Function

Private Sub Hear1_PhraseFinish(ByVal flags As Long, ByVal beginhi As Long, ByVal beginlo As Long, ByVal endhi As Long, ByVal endlo As Long, ByVal Phrase As String, ByVal parsed As String, ByVal results As Long)
'/* One of the bad things about DirectSR is when the DirectSR recognizes a sound; it will
'/* process the sound into a word that may closely match the one you provided.
'/* If it matches, the Phrase variable will contain the matched word.
'/* Select Case code is used just for the Phrase variable for the words we fed in the engine in the load '/* function.

Select Case Phrase
Case "arrnab"

Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(199)
Case "boo staan"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(200)
Case "tofah"
Text1.Text = Text1. Text \& Chr\$(202)
Case "thoom"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(203)
Case "jowz"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(204)
Case "ham mama"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(205)
Case "khaadim"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(206)
Case "deek"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(207)
Case "thee kkraa"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(208)
Case "reeesh"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(209)
Case "Zak kaah"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(210)
Case "sakan"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(211)
Case "shams"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(212)
Case "soora"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(213)
Case "dhameeer"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(214)
Case "teen"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(216)
Case "The laam"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(217)
Case "aaali"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(218)
Case "ghazal"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(219)
Case "fa noos"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(221)
Case "ghaa noon"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(222)
Case "korrssay"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(223)
Case "lee bas"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(225)
Case "madrasa"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(227)
Case "nasr"
Text1.Text = Text1.Text \& Chr\$(228)
Case "hood hood"

```
    Text1.Text = Text1.Text & Chr$(229)
    Case "waseela"
    Text1.Text = Text1.Text & Chr$(230)
    Case "yas meen"
    Text1.Text = Text1.Text & Chr$(237)
    Case "hamza"
    Text1.Text = Text1.Text & Chr$(198)
    Case "space"
    Text1.Text = Text1.Text & Chr$(32)
Case "back space"
    Text1.Text = Delete
    Text2.Text = Chr$(8)
    End Select
If Phrase <> "" Then
    Text2.Text = Text2.Text & Phrase
Else
Text2.Text = Text2.Text & "No word matched"
End If
End Sub
```


## Appendix <br> D

Transliteration application code and process diagrams

## Transliteration application code and process diagrams

## Transliteration process

The transliteration application is saved in a folder that includes an .mdb file (Microsoft Access databasefile), a text file and an .xml file.

The .mdb file contains 2 tables and 3 forms available to the user, (table 1, tbDiaciritcs, form 1, form 2 and form 33).
The three forms are three alternative ways to transliterate Arabic words. Form 33 is the form used to prepare the information in the final experiments.


Figure 1- Files used in transliteration process


Figure 2-Sanpshot of Table 1
Table 1: contains the main transliteration table, the 2 columns in the middle represents Arabic letters and their transliterations according to any transliteration table, this can be changed to test different transliteration tables.
The second column from the right (Arabic column), has a listing of undiacritsed Arabic letters and each letter with diacritics, also transliteration of the diacritics separately are provided.


Figure 3-Snapshot of tblDiacritics
TblDiacritcs: Has a listing if all the Arabic letters and the diacritics in the 3 positions start, middle and end. This table allows the user to set some rules for the transliteration, for example it is not possible for baa to have tanween kasr in the start or middle.

After setting these rules, the user can enter the words or transliterate the text file using the following forms, according to the rules he/she already set using the previous tables.


Figure 4-Snapshot of form 1 (Basic form)
Form 1 (Basic form): Allows the user to type in a diacritised name, and shows the transliterated version of the name, moreover it has a text to speech facility that reads the transliterated word, so that the user can check whether the pronunciation is close to Arabic.


Figure 5-Snapshot of Form 2
Form 2: Is the upgraded form, it allows the user to enter any undiacritised word, and shows all the possible diacritised versions of this word. The TTS feature is also available.


Figure 6-Transliteration process diagram


Figure 7-Snapshot of form 33
Form 33: The button in this form transliterates all the names or words in text file, and prepares an xml file, so that it can be used for the speech recognition process.


Figure 8- Diagram of the process of transliterating a list of words from a txt file to xml file


Figure 9-Transliteration list of words process Diagram


Figure 10-Snapshot of the Text file (list.txt)
This file contains a list of all the words that needs to be transliterated.

```
- <GRAMMAR LANGID ="409">
    - <DEFINE>
        <ID NAME="RID_Rank" VAL="103" />
        <ID NAME="RID_Ranko" VAL="104"/>
        <ID NAME="RID_Rankom" VAL="105" />
        <ID NAME="RID_Rankon" VAL="106" />
    </DEFINE>
    - <RULE NAME="rank" ID="RID_Rank" TOPLEVEL="ACTIVE">
    - <P>
        -<L>
            <P>DHaaAa</P>
            <P>ATHin</P>
            <P>Saagha<</P>
            <P>zaaar</P>
            <P>qaas</P>
            <P>Aamal</P>
            <P>jathaa<</P>
            <P>shaaaH</P>
            <P>Taaaf </P>
            <P>hayaAA </P>
            <P>kaAs</P>
            <P>Aukht</P>
            <P>baaada</P>
            <P>Aaw</P>
            <P>Aakala</P>
            <P>edhaa}</P
            <P>saAala</P>
            <P>DHuUul</P>
            <P>baisa</P>
            <P>baraAa</P>
            <P>suwuai</P>
```

Figure 11- Snapshot of The XML file (words2xml.xml)
The generated XML file works with the VB file to recognise the speech.

When the button is clicked in form33, the applications opens the text file list.txt, and checks one word at a time, to see if it follows the rules, that are ready set in TblDiaciritcs, for example it is not possible to add fat ha to the letter Fa in the middle, so it checks the words in the list, letters, diacritics, and positions (diacritems) to determine whether the rules are followed correctly, if not error message will be displayed.

Then the actual transliteration happens with the aid of tablel, the application looks for the English equivalent for each character (letter or diacritic) from table 1.

Finally it writes the transliteration into words $2 x m l . x m l$.

## The code of the forms is as follow:

Option Compare Database
Option Base 1 ' to set the array base to be 1 not zero
Public arr1() As String
Public db As Database
Public rsTemp As Recordset
Sub aabbcc(xStart As String, xMiddle As String, xEnd As String, strWord As String)
On Error GoTo errnames1
intLength $=$ Len(strWord) ' integer value to store the length
Dim rsMiddleOther() As Recordset ' this is an array recordset for saving the result of the
xmiddle string
Dim rsStart As Recordset
Dim rsMiddle As Recordset
Dim rsEnd As Recordset
Dim rs2 As Recordset
$\mathrm{xx}=$ "Select $*$ from tblDiacritics "
xStart $=\mathrm{xx} \& \mathrm{xStart} \&{ }^{2}$ Order by ID"
xMiddle $=$ xx \& xMiddle \& " Order by ID"
xEnd $=\mathrm{xx} \& \mathrm{xEnd} \&$ " Order by ID"
'xx = xx \& "(Letter_Asc_Code=223 AND Letter_Pos='Start') OR
(Letter_Asc_Code=202 AND Letter_Pos='Middle') OR (Letter_Asc_Code=200 AND
Letter_Pos='End')"
Set db $=$ CurrentDb() ' current database
Set rs2 = db.OpenRecordset("select * from tblDiacritics where Letter_Asc_Code=999",
dbOpenSnapshot)
Set rsStart $=$ db.OpenRecordset $(x$ Start, dbOpenSnapshot)
Set rsMiddle $=$ db.OpenRecordset $(x M i d d l e, ~ d b O p e n S n a p s h o t) ~$
Set rsEnd = db.OpenRecordset(xEnd, dbOpenSnapshot)
Set rsTemp = db.OpenRecordset("tmpKeyWord")
rsMiddle.MoveLast
rsMiddle.MoveFirst
rs2.MoveLast
rs2.MoveFirst
If intLength > 3 Then
ReDim rsMiddleOther(intLength - 3) ' redim array for new size
For $\mathrm{i}=1$ To rsMiddle.RecordCount -1 ' this loop to know all record in table for middle character

Set rsMiddleOther(i) $=$ db.OpenRecordset $(x$ Middle, dbOpenSnapshot $)$
'rsMiddleOther(i).Move i
Next
rsMiddle.MoveFirst
Do While Not rsMiddle.EOF
If rsMiddle("Letter_Name") = Mid(strWord, 2, 1) Then Exit Do ' if the character in the table is found then exit
rsMiddle.MoveNext
Loop
Do While Not rsMiddleOther(1).EOF
If rsMiddleOther(1)("Letter_Name") $=$ Mid(strWord, 3, 1) Then Exit Do rsMiddleOther(1).MoveNext
Loop
If intLength $=5$ Then

```
    Do While Not rsMiddleOther(2).EOF
    If rsMiddleOther(2)("Letter_Name") = Mid(strWord, 4, 1) Then Exit Do
    rsMiddleOther(2).MoveNext
    Loop
End If
Select Case intLength
Case 4
    For iStart = 1 To 13
    For iMiddle = 1 To 13
        For iMiddle2 = 1 To 13
                For iEnd = 1 To 13
                    cntr = cntr + 1
                    ReDim Preserve arrl(cntr) ' we save all the result in array
                    arr1(cntr) = rsStart("Letter_Name") & IIf(rsStart("f" & iStart) = "Yes", rs2("f"
& iStart), "") & rsMiddle("Letter_Name") & IIf(rsMiddle("f" & iMiddle) = "Yes", rs2("f"
& iMiddle), "") & rsMiddleOther(1)("Letter_Name") & IIf(rsMiddleOther(1)("f" &
iMiddle2) = "Yes", rs2("f" & iMiddle2), "") & rsEnd("Letter_Name") & IIf(rsEnd("f" &
iEnd) = "Yes", rs2("f" & iEnd), "")
                                    DoEvents
                                    Form_Form2.Label19.Caption = Format((cntr / 28561), "Percent")
            Next iEnd
        Next iMiddle2
        Next iMiddle
    Next iStart
Case 5
    For iStart = 1 To 13
        For iMiddle = 1 To 13
            For iMiddle2 = 1 To 13
                For iMiddle3 = 1 To 13
                    For iEnd = 1 To 13
                    cntr = cntr + 1
                    ReDim Preserve arr1(cntr)
                            arrl(cntr) = rsStart("Letter_Name") & IIf(rsStart("f" & iStart) = "Yes",
rs2("f" & iStart), "") & rsMiddle("Letter_Name") & IIf(rsMiddle("f" & iMiddle) = "Yes",
rs2("f" & iMiddle), "") & rsMiddleOther(1)("Letter_Name") & IIf(rsMiddleOther(1)("f" &
iMiddle2) = "Yes", rs2("f" & iMiddle2), "") & rsMiddleOther(2)("Letter_Name") &
IIf(rsMiddleOther(2)("f" & iMiddle3) = "Yes", rs2("f" & iMiddle3), "") &
rsEnd("Letter_Name") & IIf(rsEnd("f" & iEnd) = "Yes", rs2("f" & iEnd), "")
                    DoEvents
                    Form_Form2.Label19.Caption = Format((cntr / 371293), "Percent")
                    Next iEnd
            Next iMiddle3
        Next iMiddle2
    Next iMiddle
    Next iStart
End Select
Else
    If xMiddle = "Select * from tblDiacritics Order by ID" Then
    For iStart = 1 To 13
            For iEnd = 1 To 13
                cntr = cntr + 1
```

```
            ReDim Preserve arrl(cntr)
            arr1(cntr) = rsStart("Letter_Name") & IIf(rsStart("f" & iStart) = "Yes", rs2("f"
& iStart), "") & rsEnd("Letter_Name") & IIf(rsEnd("f" & iEnd) = "Yes", rs2("f" & iEnd),
"")
            DoEvents
            Form_Form2.Label19.Caption = Format((cntr / 169), "Percent")
        Next iEnd
    Next iStart
    Else
    For iStart = 1 To 13
    For iMiddle = 1 To 13
        For iEnd = 1 To 13
            cntr = cntr + 1
            ReDim Preserve arr1(cntr)
            arr1(cntr) = rsStart("Letter_Name") & IIf(rsStart("f" & iStart) = "Yes", rs2("f" &
iStart), "") & rsMiddle("Letter_Name") & IIf(rsMiddle("f" & iMiddle) = "Yes", rs2("f" &
iMiddle), "") & rsEnd("Letter_Name") & IIf(rsEnd("f" & iEnd) = "Yes", rs2("f" & iEnd),
"")
```


## DoEvents

```
Form_Form2.Label19.Caption = Format((cntr / 2197), "Percent")
Next iEnd
Next iMiddle
Next iStart
End If
End If
db.Execute "delete * from tmpKeyWord"
Form_Form2.Command20.Enabled = True
Form_Form2.StopLoop = False
For \(\mathrm{i}=1\) To UBound(arrl)
If Form_Form2.StopLoop Then Exit For
rsTemp.AddNew
rsTemp("KeyWord") \(=\operatorname{arr1}(\mathrm{i})\) ' we show the result in list box in the form
rsTemp.Update
DoEvents
Form_Form2.Label19.Caption = "Wait ... " \& UBound(arr1) - i
Next i
Form_Form2.Command20.Enabled = True
Form_Form2.StopLoop \(=\) False
MsgBox "Finish Function"
Exit Sub
errnames1:
If Err. Number \(=9\) Then
ReDim arr 1 (cntr)
Resume Next
ElseIf Err.Number = 3022 Then
Resume Next
Else
MsgBox "حصل خطأ ارجو الكتابة بطريقة اخرى"
End If
End Sub
```

```
Function GetA(strChar As String, strPos As String) As Boolean
On Error GoTo errnames1
'Dim arr1() As String
Dim db As Database
Dim rs As Recordset
Dim rs2 As Recordset
Set db = CurrentDb()
Set rs2 = db.OpenRecordset("select * from tblDiacritics where Letter_Asc_Code=999",
dbOpenSnapshot)
Set rs = db.OpenRecordset("select * from tblDiacritics where Letter_Pos='" & strPos & "'
and Letter_Asc_Code=" & Asc(strChar), dbOpenSnapshot)
rs.MoveLast
rs.MoveFirst
rs2.MoveLast
rs2.MoveFirst
cntr = 0
GetA = False
For Field_no = 1 To 13
    If rs("f" & Field_no) = "Yes" Then
        cntr = cntr + 1
        ReDim Preserve arr 1(cntr)
        arr1(cntr) = strChar & rs2("f" & Field_no)
    End If
Next Field_no
If UBound(arr1) > 1 Then GetA = True
Exit Function
errnames1:
MsgBox "حصل خطأ ارجو الكتابة بطريقة اخرى"
'MsgBox Err.Description, , Err.Number
End Function
```

Function EnglishName(ArabicName As String, Optional HideError As Boolean) As String On Error GoTo errnames
Dim db As Database
Dim rs As Recordset
Dim strTemp As String
Dim str1 As String
Dim str2 As String
Dim ifound As Boolean
Set db = CurrentDb()
Set rs = db.OpenRecordset("table1")
For $\mathrm{i}=1$ To Len(ArabicName)
str1 $=\operatorname{Mid}($ ArabicName, $\mathrm{i}, 1)$
If $\operatorname{str} 1="$ " Then
$\operatorname{str} 2=\operatorname{str} 1$
GoTo loop1
End If
GoTo loop2
loop1:
If ifound Then
strTemp $=$ strTemp \& str2
End If

Next i
EnglishName = strTemp
Exit Function
loop2:
rs.MoveFirst
Do While Not rs.EOF
If rs("Arabic") = str1 Then
ifound = True
If rs("english") = "xxx" Then
$\operatorname{str} 2=\operatorname{str} 2$
ElseIf rs("english") = "xx" Then $\operatorname{str} 2=\operatorname{str} 2 \& " n "$
Else
str2 $=$ rs("english")
End If
GoTo loop1
End If
rs.MoveNext

## Loop

Exit Function
errnames:
"حصل خطأ ارجو الكتابة بطريقة اخرى" If Not HideError Then MsgBox

## End Function

## Option Compare Database

Sub WriteFile()
On Error Resume Next
Dim RSlist As Recordset
Dim db As Database
Set db = CurrentDb() ' current database
Set RSlist = db.OpenRecordset("select * from List", dbOpenSnapshot)
FileName = "wordsxml2.xml"
Open FileName For Output As \#1
Print \#1, "<GRAMMAR LANGID='409'>"
RSlist.MoveFirst
Do While Not RSlist.EOF' this part to know the length of the word max 5 letter Print \#1, "<p>" \& EnglishName(RSlist(0)) \& "</p>"
RSlist.MoveNext
Loop
Print \#1, "</GRAMMAR>"
Close \#1

```
MsgBox "Finish"
End Sub
--
Option Compare Database
Public StopLoop As Boolean
Private Sub Command11_Click()
On Error Resume Next
Dim xxStart As String 'this is a variable to save the first part of the SQL query
Dim xxMiddle As String 'this is a variable to save the middle part of the SQL query
Dim xxEnd As String 'this is a variable to save the last part of the SQL query
Command20.Enabled = False
StopLoop \(=\) False 'Boolian variable to exit from the loop
If Len(Text1) > 5 Or Len(Text1) < 1 Then
MsgBox "Must the length between 1 and 5, in VER1"
Exit Sub
End If
If Len \((\) Text 1\()=1\) Then
GetA Text1, "Start" 'if the length of the word is 1 the we will call the function GetA
Else
'Text1 = "ßÊÈ"
xxMiddle \(=\) " " ' reset the variables
xxStart = " \("\)
xxEnd = " "
strPos = "Start"
xxStart = "(Letter_Asc_Code=" \& Asc(Left(Text1, 1)) \& " AND Letter_Pos='" \& strPos
\& "')"
strPos = "End"
xxEnd = "(Letter_Asc_Code=" \& Asc(Right(Text1, 1)) \& " AND Letter_Pos='" \& strPos \& "')"
If Len(Text1) > 2 Then
For \(\mathrm{j}=2\) To Len(Text1) - 1 ' this loop to take all the letters in word and make an xxmiddle variable and save it as SQL query
strPos = "Middle"
If \(j<>2\) Then \(x x=\) " OR "
xxMiddle = xxMiddle \& xx \& "(Letter_Asc_Code=" \& Asc(Mid(Text1, j, 1)) \& "
AND Letter_Pos='" \& strPos \& "')"
Next j
aabbcc "Where " \& xxStart, "Where " \& x xMiddle, "Where " \& xxEnd, (Text1)
Else ' if the length of the word \(=2\) then we will call the function with two variable xxstart and xxend.
aabbcc "Where " \& xxStart, "", "Where " \& xxEnd, (Text1)
End If
End If
' this part is used after calling the function aabbcc or geta
Command20.Enabled = False
For \(\mathrm{i}=0\) To List7.ListCount -1
DoEvents
Label19.Caption = "Delete..." \& i ' delete old data in the list
List7.RemoveItem 0
Next i
StopLoop \(=\) False
```

```
Command20.Enabled = True
rsTemp.MoveFirst
cnt = 1
Do While Not rsTemp.EOF 'add new data in the list
If StopLoop Then Exit Do
    DoEvents
    List7.AddItem rsTemp("KeyWord")
    Label19.Caption = "ADD..." & cnt
    rsTemp.MoveNext
    cnt = cnt +1
Loop
StopLoop = False
Command20.Enabled = False
'For i = 1 To UBound(arrl)
ReDim arr1(0) ' reset the array
End Sub
Private Sub Command20_Click()
StopLoop = True
End Sub
Private Sub Command25_Click()
DoCmd.SetWarnings False
DoCmd.OpenQuery "Qry_TransAll_Temp_word"
DoCmd.SetWarnings True
MsgBox "finish"
End Sub
Private Sub Command6_Click()
    Dim x As SpeechLib.SpVoice
    Set x = New SpeechLib.SpVoice
    x.Speak Text2
    Set x = Nothing
End Sub
Private Sub List7_Click()
    Text2 = EnglishName(List7)
End Sub
Option Compare Database
Private Sub Command4_Enter()
    Text2 = EnglishName(Text0)
End Sub
Private Sub Command6_Click()
    Dim x As SpeechLib.SpVoice
    Set x = New SpeechLib.SpVoice
    x.Speak Text2
    Set x = Nothing
End Sub
```


## Option Compare Database

Sub WriteFile()
On Error Resume Next
Dim RSlist As Recordset
Dim db As Database
Set db $=$ CurrentDb() ' current database
Set RSlist = db.OpenRecordset("select * from List", dbOpenSnapshot)
FileName = "wordsxml2.xml"
Open FileName For Output As \#1
Print \#1, "<GRAMMAR LANGID='409'>"
RSlist.MoveFirst
Do While Not RSlist.EOF
Print \#1, "<p>" \& EnglishName(RSlist(0)) \& "</p>"
RSlist.MoveNext
Loop
Print \#1, "</GRAMMAR>"
Close \#1
MsgBox "Finish"
End Sub

## Speech recognition process

An application has been developed in Microsoft Visual Basic and uses the Microsoft Speech SDK 5.1 to create an interface to the Microsoft English (U.S.) V6.1 Recognizer speech engine.


Figure 12- Snapshot of Form 1
This form, allows the user to speak into a microphone or play a set of recordings and the recognised words are recorded.
A manual and auto feature has been added to enable users to choose whether they want to play a set of recordings or choose a specific file or word to play.


Figure 13-The speech recognition process
The speech recognition application takes the transliterated words saved in the xml file from the previous process and uses these with the set of recordings. The recognised words are saved in an .mdb file.

## Code:

Option Explicit
Public WithEvents RC As SpSharedRecoContext
Public myGrammar As ISpeechRecoGrammar
Dim E As SpeechLib.ISpeechPhraseElement
Dim Voice As SpVoice
Dim db As Database
Dim rs As Recordset
Dim strWavPath As String
Sub SpeakVoice(filename As String)
Voice.Speak filename, 15
' Voice.WaitUntilDone 1000000
End Sub

Private Sub Command1_Click()
Dim DesktopDrive As String
Dim HomePath As String
Dim DesktopPath As String
'/* *********************************************/
'/* Get The Path To The Desktop */
' /* *******************************************/
' /* First, Get The Drive That The Profile Is On */
DesktopDrive = Environ("HOMEDRIVE")
' /* Then, Get The Path To Where The Profile Is Saved At */
HomePath = Environ("HOMEPATH")
'/* Now Make The DesktopPath Variable Equal The Drive, The Path To The Profile, And \Desktop */
DesktopPath $=$ DesktopDrive \& HomePath \& "\Desktop"

```
' /* *************************************** */
'/* Write The Log File */
'/* \(/ *^{\prime} * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * /\)
```

[^0]' /* Anything That Is Opened, Must Be Closed */

```
'/*********************************************/
'/* Close The Program */
'/*****************************************/
' /* For All The Forms That Are In Our Project */
Dim XFrm As Form
For Each XFrm In Forms
    '/* Unload The Form */
    Unload XFrm
Next XFrm
' /* Code Should Never Reach Here, But Just In Case */
End
End Sub
Private Sub Command11_Click()
SpeakVoice strWavPath & rs("Code") & ".wav"
End Sub
Private Sub Command111_Click()
If rs.BOF Then rs.MoveFirst
    rs.MovePrevious
Label1.Caption = rs.AbsolutePosition + 1 & "/" & rs.RecordCount
' "E:\bashar\jeem\w102.wav"
End Sub
Private Sub Command12_Click()
    rs.MoveNext
    Label1.Caption = rs.AbsolutePosition + 1 & "/" & rs.RecordCount
End Sub
Private Sub Command15_Click()
Timer1.Enabled = Not Timer1.Enabled
If Command15.Caption = "Auto" Then
Command15.Caption = "Manual"
ElseIf Command15.Caption = "Manual" Then
Command15.Caption = "Auto"
End If
```

```
Private Sub Form_Load()
'------- read from database
Set Voice = New SpVoice
Set db = OpenDatabase("C:\Documents and Settings\Dell\Desktop\SoundProject\sounds")
Set rs = db.OpenRecordset("tblSounds", dbOpenDynaset)
strWavPath = "D:\rashid\"
rs.MoveLast
rs.MoveFirst
Label1.Caption = rs.AbsolutePosition + 1 & "/" & rs.RecordCount
'---- end
Set RC = New SpSharedRecoContext
Set myGrammar = RC.CreateGrammar
myGrammar.CmdLoadFromFile "C:\Program Files\Microsoft Speech SDK
5.1\Samples\Common\wordsxml2.xml", SLODynamic
myGrammar.CmdSetRuleIdState 0, SGDSActive
End Sub
Private Sub Label2_Click()
End Sub
Private Sub RC_FalseRecognition(ByVal StreamNumber As Long, ByVal StreamPosition
As Variant, ByVal Result As SpeechLib.ISpeechRecoResult)
    Beep
    Text2.Text = Text2.Text & "no recognition"
    txtTemp = Result.PhraseInfo.GetText
End Sub
Private Sub RC_Hypothesis(ByVal StreamNumber As Long, ByVal StreamPosition As
Variant, ByVal Result As SpeechLib.ISpeechRecoResult)
Text6.Text = Text6.Text & Result.PhraseInfo.GetText
End Sub
Dim X As String
    Dim ii As Integer
    Dim PR As ISpeechPhraseRule
    Dim PRs As ISpeechPhraseRules
    ii =0
    For Each E In Result.PhraseInfo.Elements
    X = "element" & Str(ii) & ": " & E.DisplayText
    List1.AddItem X
    ii = ii +1
    Next
    'This is the rule that recognition was based on
    Set PR = Result.PhraseInfo.Rule
```

Private Sub Timer1_Timer()Command12_Click
Command11_Click
End Sub
Private Sub txtTemp_Change()
rs.Edit

rs("EnglishDesc2") = txtTemp

rs.Update
rs.Edit
If rs("EnglishDesc") = rs("EnglishDesc2") Then
rs("Match") = "Yes"
Else
rs("Match") = "No"
End If
rs.Update

End Sub

## Analysis process

Two files are required for this process, and excel and an access file.
The recognised words get recorded in an Access file.

| D | C | B | A |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DHaaAa | ضأض | w1 | 1 |
|  | ATHin | "ちíl | w2 | 2 |
|  | Saagha | صا | w3 | 3 |
|  | edhaa | [31 | w4 | 4 |
|  | zaaar | زار | w5 | 5 |
|  | qaas | قَالي | w6 | 6 |
|  | Aamal | 住 | w7 | 7 |
|  | jathaa | ج | w8 | 8 |
|  | shaaaH | cha | w9 | 9 |
|  | Taaaf | ¢ | w10 | 10 |
|  | hayaAA | ها | w11 | 11 |
|  | kaAs | كأِّ | w12 | 12 |
|  | Aukht | انذ | w13 | 13 |
|  | baaada | با | w14 | 14 |
|  | Aaw | 9 | w15 | 15 |
|  | Aakala | <si | w16 | 16 |
|  | saAala | jurn | w17 | 17 |
|  | DHuUul | ض | w18 | 18 |
|  | baisa | بّ4 | w19 | 19 |
|  | baraAa | بر\% | w20 | 20 |
|  | sumuai | four | w21 | 21 |
|  | daaaan | ¢ 13 | w22 | 22 |
|  | daaaun | ¢ 13 | w23 | 23 |
|  | daaain | cis | w24 | 24 |
|  | THaby | ظلبـ | w25 | 25 |
| $\text { Sheet3 } \lambda \text { sheet } 2 \lambda, \lambda \text { Sheet } 1 / 14+\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |
| Num |  |  |  |  |

Figure 14-Snapshot of the excel file
This excel file identifies the list of words in the database, so word 1 (W1) is basically the word DHaaAa and the sound file should be recognised as DНааАа.

EtblSounds: Table

|  | ID | Code | ArabicDesc | EnglishDesc | EnglishDesc2 | Match |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{ }$ | 1 | w1 | ضا | DHaaAa | tyn | No |
|  | 2 | w2 | 8 | ATHin | ttaabllin | No |
|  | 3 | w3 | صص | Saagha | zzaaamaa | No |
|  | 4 | w4 | 1t | edhaa | yin | No |
|  | 5 | w6 | dj | zaaar | zzaaamaa | No |
|  | 6 | w6 | a 03 | qaas | shaams | No |
|  | 7 | w7 | 04 | Aamal | kaarmin | No |
|  | 8 | w8 | 心 | jathaa | dhaaba | No |
|  | 9 | w9 | $\tau^{\text {L }}$ | shaaaH | shaah | No |
|  | 10 | w10 | -1. | Taaaf | ghaat | No |
|  | 11 | w11 | ¢ | hayaAA | haayula | No |
|  | 12 | w12 | dis | kaAs | ghaat | No |
|  | 13 | w13 | cis | Aukht | ghill | No |
|  | 14 | w/4 | 4 | baaada | ghaadha | No |
|  | 15 | w15 | 9 | Aaw | ghill | No |
|  | 16 | w16 | $0{ }^{0} 1$ | Aakala | maakkaanaa | No |
|  | 17 | w17 | cter | saAala | thaawbanaa | No |
|  | 18 | w18 | dyin | DHuUul | daaaun | No |
|  | 19 | w19 | O* | baisa | ghaaythu | No |
|  | 20 | w20 | (1) | baraAa | baadaa | No |
|  | 21 | w 21 | *90 | sumuai | saawyi | No |
|  | 22 | w22 | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | daaaan | daahrran | No |
|  | 23 | w23 | \% 12 | daaaun | daaaun | Yes |
|  | 24 | W24 | $\mathrm{c}^{12}$ | daaain | daaaan | No |
|  | 25 | W 25 | $\mathrm{c}^{\text {2 }}$ | THaby | maahddi | No |
|  | 26 | W26 | \% | DHabAa | dhaab | No |
|  | 27 | W 27 | Ej | bazagha | baalisaa | No |
|  | 28 | w28 | dum | baSal | baasaattaa | No |
|  |  | W29 | ( ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | bahaq | sum | No |

Figure 15- Snapshot of the Access file
The Access file records the recognised words and states if they got recognised or not to allow the user to calculate the recognition rates and analyse the list.

## Appendix $\mathbf{E}$

Diacritical Rules

Diacritical Rules

|  |  |  |  |  | - | - | ركر |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Letter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diacritic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\underline{\underline{2}}$ |  | ${ }^{*}$ | " | " | - | * |  | $=$ | , |  |  |  | $\otimes$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | الهوقع <br> Start, middle, End |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $x$ | - | البداية start |
| $\times$ | $x$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\checkmark$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | - | - الوس |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | النهاية |
| $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | ¢ | End |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\times$ | g |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | الوسط |
| $x$ | $x$ | $\times$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\times$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | \% | middle |
| $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\times$ | $\checkmark$ | $\times$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | s | النهاية <br> End |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | البجاية |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\times$ | \% | start |


| $28$ | $\underline{\underline{w}}$ | 研 | $\ddot{\Delta}$ | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | च |  |  | $=$ |  |  | , |  | - | ® | Letter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | x | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | x | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | ئ | الوسط middle |
| $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | x | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | x | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | E | النهاية <br> End |
| $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | x | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | 1 | البداية <br> start |
| $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | x | $x$ | $x$ | x | x | $x$ | x | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | 1 | الوسط middle |
| $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | x | $x$ | $x$ | x | x | $x$ | x | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | 1 | النهـايـة End |
| $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | x | $x$ | $x$ | x | x | x | x | $x$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | 1 | البداية <br> start |
| $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | x | $x$ | $x$ | x | x | x | x | $x$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | I | الوسط middle |
| $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | x | x | x | x | $x$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | I | النهاية <br> End |
| $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | x | $x$ | $x$ | x | x | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | i | البداية <br> start |


|  | - |  |  | - | - |  |  | - |  |  |  |  | - | - |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  | , |  |  | - |
|  | * | * |  | . | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \% |
|  | * | * | * |  | . |  |  |  |  |  | , | $\times$ | , |  |  | liy |
| $\times$ | * | * | $\times$ | $\times$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | coil |
|  | * | * | $\times$ | * | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (tix |
|  | * | * | $\times$ | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | cix |
|  | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |
|  | $\checkmark$ | . |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  | , |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | - |  |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | - |  | Letter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | * |  |  | , |  |  |  | * |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\sim$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { midu } \\ \text { mide }}}{ }$ |
|  | , | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | cimb |
|  | * | * |  | * |  | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $x$ | * |  | * | * | * |  | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underbrace{}_{\substack{\text { und } \\ \text { san }}}$ |
|  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  | $x$ | , |  |  |  | , |  |  | , |
|  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  |  | $\times$ |  |  |  |  |  | 。 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Letert |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | min |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | deme |
| * |  | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | city |
| * |  | - | $\cdots$ | , |  |  |  |  |  | , |  | $\checkmark$ |  | , |  |  |
| $v$ | $\checkmark$ | . | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\pm$ |
|  | * | * | * | - |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  | , | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\times$ |  |  |  |  | , |  | cos |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (tion |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |  |  | - |


|  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , | , |  |  | $\xrightarrow{2}$ |
|  | , |  |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  | \% |
|  | * | * | $\times$ | * |  |  |  |  |  | $\times$ |  |  | , | , |  |  | 边 |
| * | * |  | , | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  | . | , | , | , |  | , |  |  | midue |
| , | $\checkmark$ | * | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  | , | $\times$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\xrightarrow{\text { cim }}$ |
|  | * | . | * | * |  |  |  |  | * | $\times$ |  | , |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\because$ |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |  | , |  |  | $\substack{\begin{subarray}{c}{\text { sar } \\ \text { midut }} }} \end{subarray}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | Leter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { midu } \\ \text { mide }}}{\text { cem }}$ |
| $\checkmark$ | . |  | , | , | , | $\checkmark$ |  | . |  | , | , |  |  |  | \% |
|  | * |  | * |  |  |  |  | . |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | , |  | , | $\checkmark$ | r |  |  | . |  | , | , |  |  |  | mill |
|  | . |  | , |  |  |  |  | . |  | , | , | , |  |  | \% |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | . |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
|  | , |  | , |  | , | * | $\times$ | $\times$ |  | , |  |  |  |  | mill |
|  | * |  | $\checkmark$ |  | , |  |  | . |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | city |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | - | - |  | Leter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | , |  |  |  |  | r |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | mill |
| $\cdots$ | . |  | , |  | , | , | , | . |  |  | , | , |  |  | \% |
|  | * |  | * |  |  | * |  |  |  | , | , |  |  |  |  |
|  | , |  | , | , | , |  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  |  | mide |
|  | . |  | , |  |  |  |  | . |  | $\checkmark$ | , | , |  |  | cien |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | . |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | - |  |
|  | , |  | , | , | , | * | * | . |  |  |  | , |  | . | , mil |
|  | * |  | $\checkmark$ |  | , |  |  | . |  | $\checkmark$ | , | , |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | - |  |  | Leter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\pm$ | $\underbrace{\substack{\text { mide } \\ \text { mide }}}_{\text {che }}$ |
| $\cdots$ | . |  |  |  | , |  |  | . |  |  | , | , |  | . | \% |
|  | * |  | * |  |  |  |  | . |  | , | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | ctict |
|  |  |  | , | , | , |  |  | . |  | , |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | coick |
|  | . |  |  |  | , |  | . | . |  | , | , | , |  |  | (ex |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | $\times$ | * | . |  |  | $\checkmark$ | , |  |  |  |
|  | , |  | , | , | , | * | $\times$ | . |  | , | , | , |  |  | mill |
|  | . |  | , |  | , |  |  | . |  | , | , | , |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | - | - |  | Letter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  | , |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | - | cimb |
| $\cdots$ | . |  | , |  | , | , |  | . |  | , | , | , | , | , | \% |
|  | * |  | * | * | * |  |  | . |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | , |  | , | , | , |  |  | - |  | , |  |  |  |  | mind |
|  | . |  | , |  |  |  |  | . |  |  | , | , |  |  |  |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\pm$ |
|  | , |  | , |  | , | * | $\times$ | $\times$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | mill |
|  | * |  | $\checkmark$ |  | , |  |  | . |  | $\checkmark$ | , | , |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | - | - |  | Leter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | , | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | , |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | cis |
| $\cdots$ | . |  | , |  | , | , | , | . |  | $\checkmark$ | , | , |  |  | 迷 |
|  | * |  | * | * |  |  |  | . |  | , |  | , |  |  | $\pm$ |
|  | , |  | , | , |  |  |  | . |  | , | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  | cis |
|  | . |  | , |  |  |  |  | . |  | $\checkmark$ | , | , |  |  | \% |
|  | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |  |  | $\checkmark$ | , |  |  | $\pm$ |
|  | , |  | , | , | , | . | * | . |  |  |  |  |  |  | cis |
|  | * |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  | . |  | $\checkmark$ | , |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \% |


| 3 | $\stackrel{\sim}{\square}$ | \% | $\stackrel{8}{\square}$ | - | ${ }^{\text {w }}$ | - |  | $=$ | - | $\because$ |  |  | - | $\otimes$ | Letter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| x | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\bigcirc$ | الوسط middle |
| $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\bigcirc$ | النهـاية <br> End |
| x | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | x | $x$ | x | x | $x$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | 9 | البداية start |
| x | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | x | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | 9 | الوسط middle |
| $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | 9 | النهـايـة <br> End |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $x$ | $v$ | البداية start |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | الوسط middle |
| $x$ | x | $x$ | $x$ | x | x | x | x | $x$ | $x$ | x | x | $x$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $v$ | النهـاية End |
| $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | x | $x$ | x | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | x | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | ي | البداية <br> start |



Table 1- Diacritical rules (Alghamdi et al., 2006)
$\otimes$ The letter can occur at this position of the word.

- The letter can occur without diacritics.

This table provides the rules for each letter in the three positions (start, middle and end), with a list of all diacritic.

## Appendix $\mathbf{F}$

The possibilities of the word (Nawal) after applying diacritical rules to the transliteration application.

The possibilities for the word Nawal after applying diacritical rules to the transliteration application.

| نوال | nwaal | نوَالّ | nwaaalun | 'ُؤكالُ | nuwuaalu | نُؤالٍٍ | nuwanaallin |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| نُوال | nawaal | نوَالِ | nwaaalin | نُؤلال | nuwuaali | نُؤالَّ | nuwanaalla |
| نُؤالِ | nawanaal | نوَالَ | nwaaala | نُوال | nuwiaal | نُؤكالُّ | nuwanaallu |
| نَّوًالٌ | nawanaalun | نوَالٌ | nwaaalu | نُوالٌ | nuwiaalun | نُؤِّالِّ | nuwanaalli |
| نَؤالِ | nawanaalin | نوَالِ | nwaaali | نُوالِ | nuwiaalin | نُوَالٌّ | nuwaaallun |
| نَّأِّالَ | nawanaala | نو'ال | nwuaal | نُوالَ | nuwiaala | نُوَالٍِّ | nuwaaallin |
| نَّالْ | nawanaalu | نو'الٌ | nwuaalun | نُوالُ | nuwiaalu | نُوَالَّ | nuwaaalla |
| نَّألِّ | nawanaali | نو'الِ | nwuaalin | نُوالِ | nuwiaali | نُوَالٌّ | nuwaaallu |
| نُوَالِ | nawaaal | نو'الَ | nwuaala | 'ُوالٌ | nuwaalun | نُوَالِّ | nuwaaallu |
| نُوَالٌ | nawaaalun | نو'ال' | nwuaalu | نُوالِ | nuwaalin | نُوُولٌ | nuwuaallun |
| نَّوَالِ | nawaaalin | نو'ال | nwuaali | نُوالَ | nuwaala | نُو'الٍ | nuwuaallin |
| نَوْالَ | nawaaala | نوال | nwiaal | نُوالُ | nuwaalu | نُوُونَّ | nuwuaalla |
| نَوَالْ | nawaaalu | نوالٌ | nwiaalun | نُوالِ | nuwaali | نُوُوالُّ | nuwuaallu |
| نُوَالِ | nawaaali | نوالِ | nwiaalin | نِوالِ | niwaal | 'ُؤكِّ | nuwuaalli |
| نَوُالِ | nawuaal | نوالَ | nwiaala | نِوِّالِ | niwanaal | نُوالٌّ | nuwiaallun |
| نَوُالٌ | nawuaalun | نوالٌ | nwiaalu | نِؤالٌ | niwanaalun | نُوالِّ | nuwiaallin |
| نَوُالِ | nawuaalin | نوال | nwiaali | نِؤالِ | niwanaalin | نُوالَّ | nuwiaalla |
| نَوُالَ | nawuaala | نوالٌ | nwaalun | نِوَآلَ | niwanaala | نُوالُّ | nuwiaallu |
| نَوُالٌ | nawuaalu | نوالِ | nwaalin | نِؤالٌ | niwanaalu | نُوالِّ | nuwiaalli |
| نَوُالِ | nawuaali | نوالَ | nwaala | نِوًالِ | niwanaali | نُوالٌّ | nuwaallun |
| نُوال | nawiaal | نوالٌ | nwaalu | نِوَالِ | niwaaal | نُوالِّ | nuwaallin |
| نُوالٌ | nawiaalun | نوال | nwaali | نِوَالْ | niwaaalun | نُوالَّ | nuwaalla |
| نُوالِ | nawiaalin | نَوَالٌّ | nawanaallun | نِوَالِ | niwaaalin | نُوالُّ | nuwaallu |
| نُوالَ | nawiaala | نَوًالِّ | nawanaallin | نِوَآلَ | niwaaala | نُوالِّ | nuwaali |
| نُوالُ | nawiaalu | نَوًالَّ | nawanaalla | نِوَالْ | niwaaalu | نِؤالٌّ | niwanaallun |
| نَّوالِ | nawiaali | نُوًالُّ | nawanaallu | نِوَالِ | niwaaali | نِوَالٍٍ | niwanaallin |


| نوالٌ | nawalun | نؤاكّ | nawanaali |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| نوال | rawalir | نوآلّا | nawaallun |
| نوالّ | nawaala |  | nawaaa |
| نوالٌ | nawaalu | نوآلّك | nawaalla |
| نوال | nav | نوَاكّك | nawaaallu |
| نوالـ | nuwal | نٌوَّالٌ | nawaaali |
| نؤّالّ | nuwanal | نؤكّلٌ | naw |
| نوَّالّا | nuwanalun | نؤُلّا | uaallin |
| نوّالّل | nuwanaa | نؤالّك | nawua |
| نؤّآلّ | nuwanaala | نؤالكّ | nawuallu |
| نُؤّالٌ | nuwanaalu | نؤكّالٌ | nawualil |
| نؤّالِ | nuwanaai | نوالٌ | naviaalu |
| نُوَآلِ | nuwaal | نوالِّ | viaalin |
| نوَآلّا | nuwaalun | نوالِّ | nawialla |
| نوَآل | nuwaadin | نوالكُ | nawiaalu |
| نوَآلّ | nuwaaala | نٌوالِّ | nawialli |
| نُوَالٌ | nuwaalu | نٌوالّا | nawallun |
| نوّالّ | nuwaai | نوالٌ | nawaallin |
| لنؤالّ | nuwuaal | نوالِّ | nawalla |
| نكؤالٌ | numualun | نوالٌ | nawallu |
|  | nuwuadin | نوالِّ | nawaali |
| نُؤّالِّ | nuwuaala | نُؤِّالِّ | nuwanaalun |
| نوَّالَّ | nwanalla | نوَّالّكِ | nwanaalin |


| نِوْال | niwual | نِوْالَّ | niwanaala |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| نِوْالٌّ | nimualun | نوَاكّالٌ | niwa |
| نِوْالِ | niwuali | نِوْالّا | niwanaali |
| نِوُّالِّ | nivuala | نِوَآلّا | niwaaallun |
| نِّألٌ | niwualu | نِوَاكِّكِ | niw |
| نِوْالِ | niwuali | نِوَآلّا | nivaa |
| نِوالِ | niwiaal | نِوَآلٌ | nivaa |
| نِوالٌ | niviaalun | نِوَاكّلٌ | nivaa |
| نِوال | niviaalin |  | niwuaallun |
| نِّ | niviala | نِوْاكِّ | niwuallin |
| نِوالٌ | nivialu | نِوْالّا | niwualla |
| نِوالِ | niwiaai | نِوْالٌّ | niwuallu |
| نِوالِّ | niwalun | نِوْالِّ | niwualil |
| نِوالِ | nivalin | نِوالِّ | niviaalun |
| نِوالِّ | nivaala | نِوالِّ | nivia |
| نِوالٌ | nivalu | نِوالِّ | niviaala |
| نِوالِ | nivaai | نِوالٌ | niwiaalu |
| نؤال | nwanaal | نِوالِّ | nivialli |
| نوألّا | nwanalun | نِوالٌّ | nivallun |
| نوَّلا | nwanalin | نِوالِّ | niwallin |
| نؤالّ | nwanaala | نِوالِّ | nivalla |
| نوّاكّلٌ | nwanaalu | نِوالٌّ | nivallu |
| نؤالك | nwanaai | نِوالِّ | niwalli |
| نوآل | nwaal | نؤّاكّلِّ | nwanaalu |

Table 1-Nawal diacritised possibilities

## Appendix <br> 

The 499 words analysis

| = | 2 | $=$ | - | 8 | - | Diacritics Position | Arabic letters |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | اذا | أخت |  | S |  |
|  |  |  | بئس | ضؤل | سأل | M |  |
| داء | داء" | داء | سو¢ | برا | هيا | E |  |
|  |  |  | بشر - بركّ | برج |  | S |  |
|  |  |  | جُلِ - طبحِ | سُبل |  | M | $\pm$ |
| توبِ | توبٌ | ثوبًا | قلب - ذنب | فربَّ - نابُ |  | E |  |
|  |  |  | تين | توت | تحت - تظل - تقي - تمر | S |  |
|  |  |  | سَسْتِرَ - عَتياً - عَتيّ - | عتو - عَّمَمْ | قتّل | M | $\xrightarrow{* *}$ |
| صمتٍ | صمتٌ | صمتا | يختِ | يُمتُ | ثبت - نحتَ | E |  |


| $=$ | 2 | $=$ | - | 8 | - | Diacritics Position | Arabic letters |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | ثِثي |  |  ثوي - ثخن - ثبط - ثجَ - ثلثلَ - ثله | S | $\stackrel{\Delta}{\circ}$ |
|  |  |  | عُرِّرَ | جُثو | جثّى - بثّه - وَّبَ | M |  |
| ثلث | ثلث* | ث4 | رَثِّ | بَثِ | مكَّ\% - عاشٌ | E |  |
|  |  |  | جـٌ | جُجُلَ - جُثو - جذْ - جُهُ - جُحر |  | S | $?$ |
|  |  |  | وجب - أجد - وُجَّ | حُجبّ - سجق | شُجرَ - غجر - طجن - عجز - سجع - وَجَـ - | M |  |
| عوج | عوج | عوجاً | وْهَهِ | سَرج |  | E |  |
|  |  |  | حِبر | حُجبْ - حُسن - حُدِّ - حُّو | حلب - حدث - حضر - حذو - حطم - حسن <br>  حَرَّ - حَفظ - حِّ - حَرَّكَّ | S | $C$ |
|  |  |  | يَلِّل | صحف - سُحُب - جُر |  | M |  |
| قزح | قزّحّ | قزحّ | فرّح | رَّحَّ | مسَحْحِ | E |  |


| = | 28 | $=$ | - | 8 | - | Diacritics Position | Arabic letters |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | خِر | خُمس | خبط - خبل - خـك - خث - خشع - خص - خر خزّق - خسف - خمن - خوي - خس ظَف | S | $i$ |
|  |  |  | بَلِلَ | رَخْنَ | ضخه - نخر - بَسْنَ | M |  |
| بذ | بذخ | بنظًا | مُخ | سَكِّ | صرَحْ | E |  |
|  |  |  | دِيك | دُب |  | S | $\pm$ |
|  |  |  | جبي - حُدِّ | خدك - مدُن |  | M |  |
| وعدٍ | وعدّ | وعداً | مه* |  ضِدِ - أودُ |  | E |  |
|  |  |  | ذئب - ذِهن | ثٌ | ذئب - ذاب - ذوت - ذُخر - ذكي - ذم - ذل - ذود - | S | $i$ |
|  |  |  | كنِب | حذو - أثن |  | M |  |
| فذِ | فٌ | 19 | مؤذِ | مند | شذ ـ شَحَّ | E |  |



| = | 28 | $\geqslant$ | - | 8 | - | Diacritics Position | Arabic letters |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | شبِل | شُكل | شاح - شدت - شرث - شج - شذ - شَحَمَ شمس - شذو - شص - شظف - شط ـ شك - شهي - شُجَر - شَرَّفَّ | S | $\underbrace{\text { Hin }}$ |
|  |  |  | بَشِمِ - نشّز - رُشِدَ | أشْغُ | خثع | M |  |
| كبش | كبشٌ | كبشاً | ريش | رمشُ | رَشَّ - غشّ | E |  |
|  |  |  | صِهِ | صحف - صم -صوصن |  <br>  <br>  صنَّم | S | $0$ |
|  |  |  | وصي - 'نُصِّ | يَصٌُ - غُصن | بصل - رصد عَصرَ | M |  |
| فص | فصٌ | فصّاً | ثرص | صنوصُ | خص - رَخُصَ - قِ - رَصنَّ | E |  |
|  |  |  | ضد - ضرس - ضيق | ضؤل - ضُحى | ضاعَ - ضبع - ضمت - ضنَ - ضخـ - ضر - ضغث - ضن - ضل - ضفر - ضَرَبَ | S |  |
|  |  |  | رَضِيَ | عَضُ | حضر - وضع - فضّلَّ | M |  |
| قرضٍ | قرضٌ | قرضاً | أرض | مرَضُ - غض | عرَضَنَ - ركض | E |  |


| \% | 28 | $=$ | - | 8 | - | Diacritics Position | Arabic letters |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | طب | طِعَ | طاف - طجن - طحَنَ - طود - طير - ط <br> طْمَعَ - طفِيَ - طرفِ - طبلاً - طبلّ - طبِلِ طي | S | $1$ |
|  |  |  | رَّبِ | عُطف | بَطْلَ - سطت - حطم - فطرَ - هطل - وَطن عطش | M |  |
| نُقطٍ | 4 | ـُقطاً | وسَسِّ | قرِط | ربط - ثثبط - بَنَط - غط - سَّط | E |  |
|  |  |  | ظِفر | ظل | ظبي - ظهر - ظرف | S | E |
|  |  |  | أُظِنُ - تظل - عَظِّ | تُظفَ | شظف - وظف - نَّرَ | M |  |
| وَعظٍ | و'عظ | و'عظاً | قيظِ | كظ - حَّ - غيظ | جحظ - حَفظ | E |  |
|  |  |  | عِجلِّاً - عوجٌ - عوج - | عتو - عُشِرَ - عُطف - عُرساً - عُ عُرسٌ - عُرس - عُمر - عُلو |  <br>  عذل - عطش - عكس - عقر - عَين - عَفُوّ - عَلفاً - عَلَفٌ - عَلَ - عَبَق - عَمَل - عَلمَاً - عَلْمٌ - عَلْم - عَيَيَ - عَتياً - عَتّيٌ - عَتّي | S | $\varepsilon$ |
|  |  |  | سِعِر | نَعُمَ | زعم - سعف - نُعَسَ - فِعلَ | M |  |
| ورَعِع | ورَعٌ | ورَعاً | قاع | صاعُ |  | E |  |


| = | 28 | $=$ | - | 8 | - | Diacritics Position | Arabic letters |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | غِل | غصن | غت - غث - غر - غجر - غذى - غش - <br> غضر - غفي - غرق - غيظ - غط - غدَرَ - غرَ <br> غسَقُ - غلى - غُمُ - غره | S | $\dot{\varepsilon}$ |
|  |  |  | طنِيَ | رغو - صنَّرَ | ضنغ - رَغَّ | M |  |
| صَوغ | صونو | صَوغاً | صنَ | صَّ | صاغ - بزغ - مرّغّغ | E |  |
|  |  |  |  | فرّ - فقِّ |  <br>  فن - فُعْلَ - فَهَمَ - فَّرْ | S | هـ |
|  |  |  | غفي - وفي - دَفِرَ | عَفّ | جفت - ضفر - حفظ - رَّقَ | M |  |
| عَلفِ | عَلفّ | عَلفاً | طرفِ | خَفِ |  | E |  |
|  |  |  | قِرط - قِقر | ڤرص - هُ |  <br>  <br> قرضاً - قرضّ - قرض - قيظِ - قلم - قرناً - قرَأ قَرنٌ - قَنر - قَهَّ | S | $\ddot{g}$ |
|  |  |  | تقي - فقِّ | ثلّ |  | M |  |
| بَرق | بَرِّ | بَرقاًّ | عَّق | عِّقّ | خزق - رُّق - غرق - سَّقّ | E |  |



| $=$ | 28 | = | - | 8 | - | Diacritics Position | Arabic letters |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | نِبر | - نُصرِ- نُقطاً - نُقط - ـُقطٍ - نُمُو نُور |  نَظْفَ - نَعَسَ - نَعُمَ - نَهُر - نُحنُ - نَوَّهَ | S | $\circlearrowleft$ |
|  |  |  | سَنِي | حُو |  | M |  |
| قرن | قرنٌ | قرناًا | ذِهن | أظلنُ - نُحنُ | طِحَنَ - خمن - أُّن - ضن - مَكُنَ - ون مَكَّنَ | E |  |
|  |  |  | 罗 | هِوهد | هَوْسِ - هزت - هَيُّ هِ - هطل - هف - هم - | S | 0 |
|  |  |  | شههي - رَهِبَ | رَهُفَّ - سَهوْ | قِهَرْقِ - وُهَج - ظهر - كهُن - فُهَمَ - نُهر - | M |  |
| جاهٍ | جاهٌ | جاهاً | فيهِ | بثله - حله - ضخه ـ دعه - غره ـ ـثلهـ ـ م مِنُهُ | نَوَّهَ | E |  |
|  |  |  | وتر | وُجدَ | وجبَ - وَثَبَ - وَجَد - وَهَجَ - وعداً - وعدٌ - وصَ <br> وعدٍ - وَشَثَ - وصي - وضع - وُطْن - وسَسَطِ <br>  ورَعاً - ورَعٌ - ورَع - وفي - ون ون | S | $9$ |
|  |  |  | أولُ - سوي - خوي - هُود - | دوُو | عوجاً - عوجٌ - عوج - هَوْسِ - نُوَّهِ | M |  |
| جرَو | جرَوٌ | جَرواً | له8 |  | سَهوْ | E |  |


| = | 28 | $=$ | - | 8 | - | Diacritics Position | Arabic letters |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | ين | يُمتُ - يُسر | يختِ - يَحِلُ - يَصٌٌْ -يوم - يَّ | S | $G$ |
|  |  |  | غيظ - عَيَّ | هَيُوْ | هيأ - ستِّرَ | M |  |
| عّي | عَتيّ | عَّيًا | جِّلِ - سوي | طي |  | E |  |

Table 1 The 499 words transliteration analysis

## Appendix 7

The 499 chosen words

The 499 chosen words

| w1 | ضاع | DHaaAa | w180 | دِيكّ | ddiyik | w359 | ورّع | waraAin |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| w2 | أظظِّ | ATHin | w181 | نَبَبْ | nadaba | w360 | غجر | ghajar |
| w3 | صاغ | Saagha | w182 | حِدِّ | Huuddidda | w361 | غ̇ى | ghadhdhaaa |
| w4 | ) | edhaa | w183 | مدُن | mudun | w362 | غش | ghashsha |
| w5 | زار | zaaar | w184 | سَدِّ | sadda | w363 | غض | ghaDHDHu |
| w6 | قاس | qaas | w185 | عه8 | Aahdu | w364 | غفي | ghafya |
| w7 | أمل | Aamal | w186 | -88 | mahhdi | w365 | غرق | gharqa |
| w8 | جثّى | jathaa | w187 | وعدأ | waAdaaan | w366 | غيظ | ghayiTHu |
| w9 | شاح | shaaaH | w188 | وعدٌ | waAdun | w367 | غ | ghaTTaa |
| w10 | طاف | Taaaf | w189 | وعدٍ | waAdin | w368 | غَرِّ | ghadara |
| w11 | ها | hayaAA | w190 | ذكي | dhaakiy | w369 | غضن | ghuSun |
| w12 | كأس | kaAs | w191 | ذـ | dhama | w370 | غِل | ghil |
| w13 | أخت | Aukht | w192 | ذل | dhaalla | w371 | صَهُرِ | Saghura |
| w14 | باد | baaada | w193 | ¢ | fadh | w372 | رَغَ | raghad |
| w15 | أو | Aaw | w194 | عٌّ | qadhaA | w373 | طفِيَ | Taghya |
| w16 | أكّ | Aakala | w195 | ش | shadhdha | w374 | مرّ | marragha |
| w17 | سأل | saAala | w196 | ذود | dhaawuud | w375 | صَّ | Sadaghu |
| w18 | ضؤل | DHuUul | w197 | ذنبـ | dhaiib | w376 | صنغ | Samghi |
| w19 | بئس | baisa | w198 | ذاب | dhaaab | w377 | صوّواً | Sawghaaan |
| w20 | برا | baraAo | w199 | ڭّ | dhul | w378 | صّ | Sawghun |
| w21 | سوء | suwuai | w200 | كأب | kadhiba | w379 | صون | Sawghin |
| w22 | داء | daaaan | w201 | عدر | Aadhara | w380 | هف | haf |
| w23 | داء | daaaun | w202 | أذ) | Aadhuna | w381 | وفي | wafy |
| w24 | د18 | daaain | w203 | شُحَدِ | shaHadha | w382 | ملف | malaf |
| w25 | ظبي | THaby | w204 | منـ | mundhu | w383 | فt | fakka |
| w26 | ضبع | DHabAa | w205 | مؤلِ | muuUdhi | w384 | فن | fan |
| w27 | بزغ | bazagha | w206 | 19 | fadhdhaaan | w385 | فِجل | fij |
| w28 | بصل | baSal | w207 | فٌ | fadhdhun | w386 | فُرن | furn |
| w29 | بهق | bahaq | w208 | فٍ̇ | fadhdhin | w387 | فعَلْ | faAala |


| w30 | خبط | khabaT | w209 | ظهر | THahara | w388 | رَفِّ | rafaAa |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| w31 | كبّ | kabba | w210 | قرن | qaarn | w389 | دَفِفْ | dafira |
| w32 | ذنب | dhanb | w211 | ركل | rakala | w390 | عَفوٌ | Aafwu |
| w33 | بَبْبِ | bashima | w212 | ضر | DHaarra | w391 | شَرَّفَ | sharfa |
| w34 | صب | Sabba | w213 | رغو | raghwu | w392 | طرف | Tarafi |
| w35 | فرَبُ | faraabbu | w214 | طير | Taayr | w393 | خَفِ | khalfu |
| w36 | نسب | nasab | w215 | سر | sir | w394 | عَلفاً | Aalafaaan |
| w37 | وجب | wajiba | w216 | ر | rad | w395 | عَلفّ | Aalafun |
| w38 | ثبت | thabataa | w217 | رُبٌ | rubba | w396 | عَلفِ | Aalafin |
| w39 | بطلِّ | baTala | w218 | سرJ | suurur | w397 | سجق | sujuq |
| w40 | بشر | bishr | w219 | حرَمِ | Haarama | w398 | قا | qluwu |
| w41 | بُرج | burj | w220 | سري | siry | w399 | دقكّ | daqqaka |
| w42 | جُبِل | jubiila | w221 | فطر | faTara | w400 | قلم | qalam |
| w43 | ربط | rabaTaa | w222 | جُحر | juHurri | w401 | قِّر | qidr |
| w44 | سُبل | subul | w223 | فِكر＇ | fikru | w402 | 20 | qudda |
| w45 | الب | Halaba | w224 | دهر＂ | dahiruun | w403 | سَقْ | saqaTa |
| w46 | قلب | qalbii | w225 | دهر | dahirin | w404 | فَفِّ | fuuqida |
| w47 | نـبِّ | naabu | w226 | دهرا | dahiraaan | w405 | ثقلى | thaqula |
| w48 | ثوبًا | thawbaaan | w227 | زف | zaffa | w406 | سِّبَ | sabaqa |
| w49 | ثوبٌ | thawbun | w228 | زعم | zaAama | w407 | عَبّق | Aabaqe |
| w50 | ثوبِ | thawbin | w229 | زكي | zaky | w408 | غنّقُ | ghasaquu |
| w51 | تحت | taaHt | w230 | زُحل | zuHal | w409 | بَرقاً | barqaaan |
| w52 | ضـت | DHaammat | w231 | عز | zaraAa | w410 | برقٌ | barquun |
| w53 | تظل | taTHil | w232 | ز | zir | w411 | بَقِق | barqin |
| w54 | سطت | saTaat | w233 | رُزق | ruziqa | w412 | ركض | rakaDHa |
| w55 | صكت | Saakkat | w234 | عزفَ | Aazafa | w413 | جرك | jarraka |
| w56 | ذرت | dhaarat | w235 | جُرُر | juzur | w414 | كوى | kaawaaa |
| w57 | هزت | hazaat | w236 | فازِ | faaaza | w415 | كهن | kahan |
| w58 | شدت | shaaddat | w237 | جوز | jawzuu | w416 | كلب | kalb |
| w59 | ثت | thanat | w238 | كنز | kanzi | w417 | كيس | kiyis |
| w60 | جفت | jaffat | w239 | ف⿴囗⿰丨丨⿹勹⿰丿丿丶卪］ | filizaaan | w418 | كُوع | kwuA |


| w61 | عتو | Autuw | w240 | فِلِّ | fillizzun | w419 | ركِبِ | rakiba |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| w62 | غت | ghaat | w241 | فِلِفِ | fillizzin | w420 | ركّع | rakaAa |
| w63 | تقي | taqiy | w242 | شمس | shams | w421 | هُكْنَ | makuuna |
| w64 | تمر | taamr | w243 | غسل | ghasala | w422 | حرّ | Haarraka |
| w65 | تين | tiyn | w244 | سهو | saahwu | w423 | بركّ | biraaku |
| w66 | توت | tuwut | w245 | كيس | kaiys | w424 | سنَكِكِ | samaki |
| w67 | قِّلِّ | qattala | w246 | ضرس | DHirs | w425 | سِلكَأِّ | silkaaan |
| w68 | سُتِّر | sutiira | w247 | سم | suum | w426 | سِلكّ | silkun |
| w69 | عَّمّمْ | Aatuuma | w248 | سِّبَ | sakaba | w427 | سِلكِ | silkin |
| w70 | يُمتِ | yumitu | w249 | سِحر | siHur | w428 | ليث | layth |
| w71 | يخت | yakhti | w250 | رُسُل | rusul | w429 | لِين | liyn |
| w72 | نحتّ | naHata | w251 | عَسَلِ | Aasal | w430 | لمّ | Iuumaat |
| w73 | صمتٌ | Samtun | w252 | نُسِيَ | naaisiya | w431 | عُو | Auuluwu |
| w74 | صمتّا | Samtaaan | w253 | حَبَسْ | Habasa | w432 | غلى | ghalaa |
| w75 | صمتٌ | Samtin | w254 | حرَسْ | Haarasa | w433 | جِّلِي | jaaliyi |
| w76 | ث | thulth | w255 | فرَسِ | faarasi | w434 | دَغْلِ | daghlu |
| w77 | ثقف | thaqaf | w256 | عُرساًّ | Aursaaan | w435 | عمّلِ | Aamali |
| w78 | مكَ | makathaa | w257 | عُرسٌ | Aursuun | w436 | طبلا | Tablaaan |
| w79 | غث | ghath | w258 | عُرسِ | Aursin | w437 | طبلّ | Tablun |
| w80 | حث | Haadath | w259 | شذو | shadhw | w438 | طبل | Tablin |
| w81 | شرث | sharrath | w260 | شص | shaS | w439 | - | haam |
| w82 | عث | Aath | w261 | شظف | shaTHaf | w440 | يوم | yawm |
| w83 | ثوي | thawiy | w262 | شط | shat | w441 | مؤز | mawz |
| w84 | ثخ | thakhn | w263 | شغل | shughl | w442 | مِ | min |
| w85 | بث4 | baththahu | w264 | قش | qash | w443 | أمِل | Aamil |
| w86 | ثبط | thabaTaa | w265 | شك | shak | w444 | عكّلِّ | Aamala |
| w87 | ثُ | ththajja | w266 | نثز | nashiz | w445 | نُمُوِ | numuw |
| w88 | ثِّني | thiny | w267 | شهي | shahy | w446 | فَهُمْ | fahama |
| w89 |  | thuullah | w268 | شُجر | shajar | w447 | غنم | ghanamu |
| w90 | وتّبْ | wathabaa | w269 | شبِل | shibl | w448 | صنّمٌ | Sanami |
| w91 | عُرْرَ | Authiira | w270 | شُكر | shukr | w449 | عَلمأ | Aaalamaaan |


| w92 | جُّو | juthuw | w271 | وَشَمْ | washm | w450 | عَلمّ | Aaalamun |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| w93 | عإ | Aaatha | w272 | رُشْدِ | rushida | w451 | عَلمٌ | Aaalamin |
| w94 | رَثِ | raathy | w273 | أشٌُ | Ashudu | w452 | ون | wanna |
| w95 | بَبِّ | bathu | w274 | رَشْ | rasha | w453 | * | nahar |
| w96 | ث | thuulthun | w275 | رمشن | rimshu | w454 | نِبِر | nibr |
| w97 | ثلث | thulthin | w276 | ريش | riyshi | w455 | نوّ | nuuwr |
| w98 | ث | thulthaan | w277 | كبشأكا | kabshaaan | w456 | فٌ | fanar |
| w99 | لج | Iujaj | w278 | كبشٌ | kabshun | w457 | ستّني | saanya |
| w100 | جرك | jarrraka | w279 | كبش | kabshin | w458 | حّ | Huunuuw |
| w101 | ضِ | DHaajjaaa | w280 | قص | qaSSa | w459 | مكَّنْ | maakkana |
| w102 | جص | jaaS | w281 | صم | Sum | w460 | نُحنُ | naHnu |
| w103 | خجل | khaajaal | w282 | صنع | SanaAa | w461 | ذِهن | dhihni |
| w104 | جحظ | jaHaTHaa | w283 | ص | Sah | w462 | قرناً | qarnaaan |
| w105 | طجن | Taajjan | w284 | وصي | waSy | w463 | قرنّ | qarnun |
| w106 | شج | shajja | w285 | صُوصِ | SuwuSo | w464 | قرن | qarnin |
| w107 | عجز | Ajjaaza | w286 | صيَيا | Sayd | w465 | غره | ghaarraahu |
| w108 | سجع | saajA | w287 | صِهر | Sihr | w466 | ثلـ4 | thaallaahu |
| w109 | جذّم | judhm | w288 | عَصرَ | AaSara | w467 | 山 | hir |
| w110 | جدي | jaddy | w289 | نُصرِّ | nuSira | w468 | هِونس | hawaaas |
| w111 | جز | jazzaaa | w290 | يُصدٌ | yaSudu | w469 | هِوهِ | huuwida |
| w112 | ه | hajaa | w291 | رصّ | raSSa | w470 | رَهِبْ | rahiba |
| w113 | جوق | jaawwq | w292 | ** | qurSi | w471 | رَهُفْ | rahuufa |
| w114 | جمل | jamaal | w293 | فص | faSSun | w472 | قهرْ | qahara |
| w115 | جُهُ | juhhd | w294 | فٌ\| | faSSan | w473 | نوْهُ | nawwaha |
| w116 | جدٌ | jiiddu | w295 | فصض | faSSin | w474 | مِنهُ | minhu |
| w117 | وجَدِ | wajada | w296 | ضغث | DHaghath | w475 | فيهِ | fiyhi |
| w118 | أجد | Ajidu | w297 | وضع | waDHaAa | w476 | جاهاً | jaaahaaan |
| w119 | حجبّ | Hujuub | w298 | ضن | DHanna | w477 | جاهٌ | jaaahun |
| w120 | 1 | daraja | w299 | ضل | DHalla | w478 | جاهٍ | jaaahin |
| w121 | سرَج | sarju | w300 | ضيق | DHayq | w479 | وتر | witr |
| w122 | وهُهَ | wahaji | w301 | ضفر | DHafar | w480 | وجُدِ | wujida |


| w123 | عوجأ | Aiiwajaaan | w302 | ضِرَبِ | DHaraba | w481 | أودِ | Aawiddu |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| w124 | عوجّ | Aiiwajun | w303 | ضُحى | DHuHa | w482 | دُوْو | dhawuwu |
| w125 | عوج | Aiiwajin | w304 | ضِدِ | DHiddu | w483 | مَحوٌ | maHwu |
| w126 | حضر | HaaDHara | w305 | رَضِيَ | raDHiya | w484 | 9 | lahuwi |
| w127 | قزح | qazaH | w306 | عَضْ | AaDHud | w485 | سَهُوْ | sahuwaa |
| w128 | صحف | SuHuf | w307 | فضّلِّ | faDHDHala | w486 | جرَروأ | jarwaaan |
| w129 | حذو | Hadhw | w308 | مَرْضِ | maraDHa | w487 | جرَرٌ | jarwuun |
| w130 | حطم | HaaTTama | w309 | عرَضن | AaraDHa | w488 | جرَ | jarwin |
| w131 | حسن | Hasan | w310 | أرض | AarDHi | w489 | يَا | yad |
| w132 | حك | Hakkaa | w311 | قرضاً | qarDHaaan | w490 | يُسر | yusr |
| w133 | حله | Hallahu | w312 | قرضٌ | qarDHun | w491 | ين | yin |
| w134 | حي | Haay | w313 | قرض | qarDHin | w492 | سِّرْ | sayyaara |
| w135 | حمَلْ | Haamala | w314 | طق | Taq | w493 | عَيَي | Aayiya |
| w136 | حِبر | Hibr | w315 | هطل | haTala | w494 | سوي | saawayaii |
| w137 | حُن | Husn | w316 | طمَحْ | TamaAa | w495 | طي | Taayauu |
| w138 | طحَنَ | TaHana | w317 | طِ | Tib | w496 | هَيْوْ | hayuUa |
| w139 | سُحبٌ | suHub | w318 | طبع | TubiiAa | w497 | عَتياً | Aatiyaaan |
| w140 | يَلِلِ | yaHiilu | w319 | وُطن | waTan | w498 | عَّيّ | Aatiyun |
| w141 | مَسَحَ | masaHa | w320 | رُطِب | raTib | w499 | عَّيّ | Aatiyin |
| w142 | فرّحِح | faraHi | w321 | عُطف | AuTuf |  |  |  |
| w143 | مرَحِحِ | maraaHu | w322 | قِّ | qirTu |  |  |  |
| w144 | قزح | qazaHan | w323 | و'سَطِ | wasaTi |  |  |  |
| w145 | قز | qazaHin | w324 | بَسْط | basaTa |  |  |  |
| w146 | قزّ | qazaHun | w325 | ¢ | nuqaTaaan |  |  |  |
| w147 | ضخه | DHakhahu | w326 | + | nuqaTun |  |  |  |
| w148 | خدك | khadduk | w327 | 年 | nuqaTin |  |  |  |
| w149 | خث | khath | w328 | ظهر | THahar |  |  |  |
| w150 | خثع | khashaAa | w329 | كظ | kaTHu |  |  |  |
| w151 | خص | khaSsa | w330 | وظف | waTHafa |  |  |  |
| w152 | ذخر | dhakhkhara | w331 | ظرف | THarf |  |  |  |
| w153 | خزق | khazaqa | w332 | ظِفر | THifr |  |  |  |


| w154 | خسف | khasafa | w333 | ظل | THul |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| w155 | خمن | khamana | w334 | نظر | naTHara |
| w156 | خوي | khawy | w335 | نظفِ | naTHufa |
| w157 | خس | khas | w336 | عَظِحِ | AaTHima |
| w158 | خِر | khidr | w337 | حِقظ | HafaTHa |
| w159 | خُمس | khuums | w338 | قيظِ | qayTHi |
| w160 | بَخْسِ | bakhasa | w339 | حَ | HaTHTHu |
| w161 | بَلِّلِ | bakhila | w340 | وَعظاً | waATHaaan |
| w162 | رَخُصنَ | rakhuSa | w341 | و'عظ | waATHun |
| w163 | صرَ | Saarakha | w342 | و'عْ | waATHin |
| w164 | مُخ | mukhkhi | w343 | عذل | Aadhl |
| w165 | سَكِّ | salkhu | w344 | سعف | saAf |
| w166 | ب¢ | badhakhun | w345 | عطش | AaTash |
| w167 | بذ | badhakhin | w346 | عكس | Aakas |
| w168 | بذخًا | badhakhaaan | w347 | عقر | Aaqar |
| w169 | ضد | DHid | w348 | عَين | Aayn |
| w170 | زند | zand | w349 | عِجل | Aijl |
| w171 | رصد | raSSada | w350 | عُمر | Aumr |
| w172 | قام | qadam | w351 | سِعِر | saAir |
| w173 | طود | Tawwd | w352 | نُعَنِ | naAasa |
| w174 | دس | dassa | w353 | نـُعْمِ | naAuma |
| w175 | دغل | daghghl | w354 | وَسِّ | wasiAa |
| w176 | دعهه | daAAhu | w355 | قاع | qaaaAi |
| w177 | دف | daf | w356 | صاع | SaaaAu |
| w178 | دمع | damA | w357 | ورَعاً | wariAaaan |
| w179 | دُب | duub | w358 | ورَعٌ | wariAun |

Table 1- The 499 chosen words

## Appendix

The transliterations of the 499 words using the Buckwalter, Arabtex, Alghamdi, Qalam, United Nations, and the two improved tables (SLT \& LDPT).

| arabtex words | Buckwalter words | Alghamdi words | Qalam words | UN words | Improved SLT table | Improved LDPT table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .da`a & DAEa & dhaaa & Daa'a & daa'a & DHaaAa & Dhaaa \\ \hline Aa.zen & AaZen & aathin & AaZen & aathin & AaTHen & Aaathen \\ \hline .sa.ga & SAga & saagha & Saagha & saagha & Saaga & Saaghaa \\ \hline e_da & e*A & ethaa & edhaa & edhaa & edhaa & Edhaa \\ \hline zar & zAr & zaar & zaar & zaar & zzaarr & Zzaarr \\ \hline qas & qAs & qaas & qaas & qaas & kaas & Kaas \\ \hline Aamal & Aamal & aamal & Aamal & aamal & Aamall & Aaamaall \\ \hline \(\wedge \mathrm{ga}\) t_A & javY & jatha & jathae & jatha & jjatha & jjaatha \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge}\) sa.h & \$AH & shaah & shaaH & shaah & shaaH & shaah \\ \hline .taf & TAf & taaf & Taaf & taaf & TTaaf & ttaaf \\ \hline hayaAa & hayaAa & hayaaa & hayaAa & hayaaa & hayaAa & haayaaaaa \\ \hline kaAs & kaAs & kaas & kaAs & kaas & kkaAs & kkaaasu \\ \hline Ao_ht & Aoxt & aukht & Aokht & aokht & Aokt & aukht \\ \hline bada & bAda & baada & baada & baada & baada & baadaa \\ \hline Aaw & Aaw & aaw & Aaw & aaw & Aaw & aaaw \\ \hline Aakala & Aakala & aakala & Aakala & aakala & Aakkalla & aaakkaallaa \\ \hline saAal & saAal & saaal & saAal & saaal & saAall & saaaaall \\ \hline .doUl & Doaul & dhuUl & DoUl & doUl & DhoUll & dhuUII \\ \hline baiusa & baausa & baiisa & baiusa & baiusa & baiesa & baaiisaa \\ \hline baraA & baraA & baraa & baraA & baraa & barraA & baarraau \\ \hline sw'a & sw'i & swai & sw'a & sw'ai & swae & swai \\ \hline da'a & dA'an & daaaan & daa'a & daa'aan & daaaan & daaaan \\ \hline da'on & dA'on & daaaun & daa'on & daa'aon & daaaon & daaaun \\ \hline da'en & dA'en & daaain & daa'en & daa'ain & daaaen & Daaain \\ \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{\|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|} \hline \(\begin{array}{c}\text { arabtex } \\ \text { words }\end{array}\) & Buckwalter words & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{\(\begin{array}{c}\text { Alghamdi } \\ \text { words }\end{array}\)} & Qalam words & UN words & \(\begin{array}{l}\text { Improved } \\ \text { SLT table }\end{array}\) \\ LDPT table \end{tabular}\(]\) \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline arabtex words & Buckwalter words & Alghamdi words & Qalam words & UN words & Improved SLT table & Improved LDPT table \\ \hline tawbana & vawbanA & thawbanaa & thawbanaa & thawbanaa & thawbanaa & thaawbanaa \\ \hline tawbon & vawbon & thawbun & thawbon & thawbon & thawbon & thaawbun \\ \hline tawben & vawben & thawbin & thawben & thawbin & thawben & thaawbin \\ \hline ta.ht & taHt & taht & taHt & taht & taHt & taht \\ \hline .damat & Damat & dhamat & Damat & damat & Dhamat & dhaamaat \\ \hline ta.zel & taZel & tathil & taZel & tathil & taTHell & tathell \\ \hline sa.tat & saTat & satat & saTat & satat & saTTat & saattaat \\ \hline .sakat & Sakat & sakat & Sakat & sakat & Sakkat & saakkaat \\ \hline darat & *arat & tharat & dharat & dharat & dharrat & dhaarraat \\ \hline hazat & hazat & hazat & hazat & hazat & hazzat & haazzaat \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge}\) sadat & \$adat & shadat & shadat & shadat & shadat & shaadaat \\ \hline tanat & vanat & thanat & thanat & thanat & thanat & thaanaat \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge}\) gafat & jafat & jafat & jafat & jafat & jjafat & jjaafaat \\ \hline `otw | Eotw | otw | 'otw | 'otw | Aotw | otw |
| .gat | gat | ghat | ghat | ghat | gat | ghaat |
| taqy | taqy | taqy | taqye | taqy | taky | taky |
| tamr | tamr | tamr | tamr | tamr | tamrr | tamrr |
| tyn | tyn | tyn | tyen | tyn | tyn | tyn |
| twt | twt | twt | twt | twt | twt | twt |
| qatala | qatala | qatala | qatala | qatala | katalla | kaatallaa |
| sotera | sotera | sutira | sotera | sotira | soterra | sutirraa |
| `atoma & Eatoma & atuma & 'atoma & 'atoma & Aatoma & atumaa \\ \hline yometo & yometo & yumitu & yometo & yomito & yometo & yumitu \\ \hline ya_hte & yaxte & yakhti & yakhte & yakhti & yakte & Yaakhti \\ \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{\|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline arabtex words & Buckwalter words & Alghamdi words & Qalam words & UN words & Improved SLT table & Improved LDPT table \\ \hline na.hata & naHata & nahata & naHata & nahata & naHata & naahaata \\ \hline .samton & Samton & samtun & Samton & samton & Samton & saamtun \\ \hline .samtan & Samtan & samtan & Samtan & samt'an & Samtan & saamtan \\ \hline .samten & Samten & samtin & Samten & samtin & Samten & saamtin \\ \hline tol_t & volv & thulth & tholth & tholth & thollth & thollth \\ \hline taqaf & vaqaf & thaqaf & thaqaf & thaqaf & thakaf & thaakaaf \\ \hline maka_ta & makava & makatha & makatha & makatha & makkatha & maakkaathaa \\ \hline .ga_t & gav & ghath & ghath & ghath & gath & ghaath \\ \hline .hada_t & Hadav & hadath & Hadath & hadath & Hadath & haadaath \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge}\) sara_t & \$arav & sharath & sharath & sharath & sharrath & shaarraath \\ \hline 'a_t & Eav & ath & 'ath & 'ath & Aath & ath \\ \hline tawy & vawy & thawy & thawye & thawy & thawy & thaawy \\ \hline ta_hn & vaxn & thakhn & thakhn & thakhn & thakn & thaakhn \\ \hline ba_taho & bavaho & bathahu & bathaho & bathaho & bathaho & baathaahu \\ \hline taba.ta & vabaTa & thabata & thabaTa & thabata & thabaTTa & thaabaattaa \\ \hline ta^ga & vaja & thaja & thaja & thaja & thajja & thaajjaa \\ \hline teny & veny & thiny & thenye & thiny & theny & thiny \\ \hline tolat & volat & thulat & tholat & tholat & thollat & thollaat \\ \hline wa_taba & wavaba & wathaba & wathaba & wathaba & wathaba & waathaabaa \\ \hline `o_tera | Eovera | othira | 'othera | 'othira | Aotherra | othirraa |
| ${ }^{\wedge} \mathrm{go}$ _tw | jovw | juthw | jothw | jothw | jjothw | jjuthw |
| `a_ta & EAva & aaatha & 'aatha & 'aatha & Aaatha & aaathaa \\ \hline ra_te & rave & rathi & rathe & rathi & rrathe & Rraathi \\ \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{\|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline arabtex words & Buckwalter words & Alghamdi words & Qalam words & UN words & Improved SLT table & Improved LDPT table \\ \hline ba_to & bavo & bathu & batho & batho & batho & baatho \\ \hline tolo_ten & voloven & thuluthin & tholothen & tholothin & thollothen & tholluthin \\ \hline tolo_ton & volovon & thuluthun & tholothon & tholothon & thollothon & tholluthun \\ \hline tolo_tan & volovan & thuluthan & tholothan & tholoth'an & thollothan & tholluthan \\ \hline \(10^{\wedge} \mathrm{ga}\) ^g & Iojaj & lujaj & Iojaj & Iojaj & Ilojjajj & Ilujjaajj \\ \hline ^garaka & jaraka & jaraka & jaraka & jaraka & jjarrakka & jjaarraakkaa \\ \hline .da^ga & Daja & dhaja & Daja & daja & Dhajja & dhaajjaa \\ \hline \(\wedge \mathrm{ga} . \mathrm{s}\) & jaS & jas & jaS & jas & jjaS & jjaas \\ \hline ha^gal & xajal & khajal & khajal & khajal & kajjall & khaajjaall \\ \hline ^ga.ha.za & jaHaZa & jahatha & jaHaZa & jahatha & jjaHaTHa & jjaahaathaa \\ \hline .ta^gan & Tajan & tajan & Tajan & tajan & TTajjan & ttaajjaan \\ \hline ^sa^ga & \$aja & shaja & shaja & shaja & shajja & shaajjaa \\ \hline `a^gaza | Eajaza | ajaza | 'ajaza | 'ajaza | Aajjazza | ajjaazzaa |
| sa^ga`& sajaE & sajaa & saja' & saja' & sajjaA & saajjaaa \\ \hline \(\wedge \mathrm{go}\) _dm & jo*m & juthm & jodhm & jodhm & jjodhm & jjudhm \\ \hline \(\wedge\) gady & jady & jady & jadye & jady & jjady & jjaady \\ \hline ^gaza & jaza & jaza & jaza & jaza & jjazza & jjaazzaa \\ \hline ha^ga & haja & haja & haja & haja & hajja & haajjaa \\ \hline ^gawq & jawq & jawq & jawq & jawq & jjawk & jjaawk \\ \hline ^gamal & jamal & jamal & jamal & jamal & jjamall & jjaamaall \\ \hline ^gohd & johd & juhd & johd & johd & jjohd & jjuhd \\ \hline \(\wedge\) gedo & jedo & jidu & jedo & jido & jjedo & jjidu \\ \hline wa^gada & wajada & wajada & wajada & wajada & wajjada & waajjaadaa \\ \hline Aa^gedo & Aajedo & aajidu & Aajedo & aajido & Aajjedo & Aaajjidu \\ \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{\|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline arabtex words & Buckwalter words & Alghamdi words & Qalam words & UN words & Improved SLT table & Improved LDPT table \\ \hline .ho^gob & Hojob & hujub & Hojob & hojob & Hojjob & hujjub \\ \hline dara^ga & daraja & daraja & daraja & daraja & darrajja & daarraajjaa \\ \hline sar^go & sarjo & sarju & sarjo & sarjo & sarrjjo & saarrjju \\ \hline waha^ge & wahaje & wahaji & wahaje & wahaji & wahajje & waahaajji \\ \hline`ewa^gan | Eewajan | ewajan | 'ewajan | 'iwaj'an | Aewajjan | eewaajjan |
| `ewa^gon & Eewajon & ewajun & 'ewajon & 'iwajon & Aewajjon & eewaajjun \\ \hline `ewa^gen | Eewajen | ewajin | 'ewajen | 'iwajin | Aewajjen | eewaajjin |
| .ha.dara | HaDara | hadhara | HaDara | hadara | HaDharra | haadhaarraa |
| qaza.h | qazaH | qazah | qazaH | qazah | kazzaH | kaazzaah |
| .so.hof | SoHof | suhuf | SoHof | sohof | SoHof | suhuf |
| .ha_dw | Ha*w | hathw | Hadhw | hadhw | Hadhw | haadhw |
| .ha.tama | HaTama | hatama | HaTama | hatama | HaTTama | haattaamaa |
| .hasan | Hasan | hasan | Hasan | hasan | Hasan | haasaan |
| .haka | Haka | haka | Haka | haka | Hakka | haakkaa |
| .halaho | Halaho | halahu | Halaho | halaho | Hallaho | haallaahu |
| .hay | Hay | hay | Haye | hay | Hay | haay |
| .hamala | Hamala | hamala | Hamala | hamala | Hamalla | haamaallaa |
| .hebr | Hebr | hibr | Hebr | hibr | Hebrr | hibrr |
| .hosn | Hosn | husn | Hosn | hosn | Hosn | husn |
| .ta.hana | TaHana | tahana | TaHana | tahana | TTaHana | ttaahaanaa |
| so.hob | soHob | suhub | soHob | sohob | soHob | suhub |
| ya.helo | yaHelo | yahilu | yaHelo | yahilo | yaHello | yaahillu |
| masa.ha | masaHa | masaha | masaHa | masaha | masaHa | maasaahaa |
| fara.he | faraHe | farahi | faraHe | farahi | farraHe | Faarraahi |


| arabtex words | Buckwalter words | Alghamdi words | Qalam words | UN words | Improved SLT table | Improved LDPT table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mara.ho | maraHo | marahu | maraHo | maraho | marraHo | maarraahu |
| qaza.hana | qazaHanA | qazahanaa | qazaHanaa | qazahanaa | kazzaHanaa | kaazzaahanaa |
| qaza.hen | qazaHen | qazahin | qazaHen | qazahin | kazzaHen | kaazzaahin |
| qaza.hon | qazaHon | qazahun | qazaHon | qazahon | kazzaHon | kaazzaahun |
| .da_haho | Daxaho | dhakhahu | Dakhaho | dakhaho | Dhakaho | dhaakhaahu |
| hadok | xadok | khaduk | khadok | khadok | kadokk | khaadukk |
| ha t | xav | khath | khath | khath | kath | khaath |
| ha^sa`a & xa\$aEa & khashaa & khasha'a & khasha'a & kashaAa & khaashaaa \\ \hline ha.sa & xaSa & khasa & khaSa & khasa & kaSa & khaasaa \\ \hline da_hara & *axara & thakhara & dhakhara & dhakhara & dhakarra & dhaakhaarraa \\ \hline hazaqa & xazaqa & khazaqa & khazaqa & khazaqa & kazzaka & khaazzaakaa \\ \hline hasafa & xasafa & khasafa & khasafa & khasafa & kasafa & khaasaafaa \\ \hline hamana & xamana & khamana & khamana & khamana & kamana & khaamaanaa \\ \hline hawy & xawy & khawy & khawye & khawy & kawy & khaawy \\ \hline has & xas & khas & khas & khas & kas & khaas \\ \hline hedr & xedr & khidr & khedr & khidr & kedrr & khidrr \\ \hline homs & xoms & khums & khoms & khoms & koms & khums \\ \hline ba_hasa & baxasa & bakhasa & bakhasa & bakhasa & bakasa & baakhaasaa \\ \hline ba_hela & baxela & bakhila & bakhela & bakhila & bakella & baakhillaa \\ \hline ra_ho.sa & raxoSa & rakhusa & rakhoSa & rakhosa & rrakoSa & Rraakhusaa \\ \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{\|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline arabtex words & Buckwalter words & Alghamdi words & Qalam words & UN words & Improved SLT table & Improved LDPT table \\ \hline .sara_ha & Saraxa & sarakha & Sarakha & sarakha & Sarraka & saarraakhaa \\ \hline mo_he & moxe & mukhi & mokhe & mokhi & moke & mukhi \\ \hline sal_ho & salxo & salkhu & salkho & salkho & sallko & saallkhu \\ \hline ba_da_hon & ba*axon & bathakhun & badhakhon & badhakhon & badhakon & baadhaakhun \\ \hline ba_da_hen & ba*axen & bathakhin & badhakhen & badhakhin & badhaken & baadhaakhin \\ \hline ba_da_hana & ba*axanA & bathakhanaa & badhakhanaa & badhakhanaa & badhakanaa & baadhaakhanaa \\ \hline .ded & Ded & dhid & Ded & did & Dhed & dhid \\ \hline zand & zand & zand & zand & zand & zzand & zzaand \\ \hline ra.sada & raSada & rasada & raSada & rasada & rraSada & rraasaadaa \\ \hline qadam & qadam & qadam & qadam & qadam & kadam & kaadaam \\ \hline .tawd & Tawd & tawd & Tawd & tawd & TTawd & ttaawd \\ \hline dasa & dasa & dasa & dasa & dasa & dasa & daasaa \\ \hline da.gl & dagl & dagl & daghl & daghl & dagll & daagll \\ \hline da`ho | daEho | daahu | da'ho | da'ho | daAho | daaahu |
| daf | daf | daf | daf | daf | daf | daaf |
| dam` & damE & dama & dam' & dam' & damA & daama \\ \hline dob & dob & dub & dob & dob & dob & dub \\ \hline deyk & deyk & diyk & deyek & diyk & deykk & diykk \\ \hline nadaba & nadaba & nadaba & nadaba & nadaba & nadaba & naadaabaa \\ \hline .hodeda & Hodeda & hudida & Hodeda & hodida & Hodeda & hudidaa \\ \hline modon & modon & mudun & modon & modon & modon & Mudun \\ \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{\|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline arabtex words & Buckwalter words & Alghamdi words & Qalam words & UN words & Improved SLT table & Improved LDPT table \\ \hline sada & sada & sada & sada & sada & sada & saadaa \\ \hline ahdo & Eahdo & ahdu & 'ahdo & 'ahdo & Aahdo & ahdu \\ \hline mahde & mahde & mahdi & mahde & mahdi & mahde & maahdi \\ \hline wa`dan | waEdan | waadan | wa'dan | wa'd'an | waAdan | waaadan |
| wa`don & waEdon & waadun & wa'don & wa'don & waAdon & waaadun \\ \hline wa`den | waEden | waadin | wa'den | wa'din | waAden | waaadin |
| daky | *aky | thaky | dhakye | dhaky | dhakky | dhaakky |
| dama | *ama | thama | dhama | dhama | dhama | dhaamaa |
| dala | *ala | thala | dhala | dhala | dhalla | dhaallaa |
| fa_d | fa* | fath | fadh | fadh | fadh | faadh |
| qa_da`& qa*aE & qathaa & qadha' & qadha' & kadhaA & kaadhaaa \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge} \mathrm{sa}\) _da & \$a*a & shatha & shadha & shadha & shadha & shaadhaa \\ \hline dawd & *awd & thawd & dhawd & dhawd & dhawd & dhaawd \\ \hline deib & *eab & thiib & dheib & dhiib & dheib & dhiib \\ \hline dab & *Ab & thaab & dhaab & dhaab & dhaab & dhaab \\ \hline dol & *ol & thul & dhol & dhol & dholl & dhull \\ \hline ka_deba & ka*eba & kathiba & kadheba & kadhiba & kkadheba & kkaadhibaa \\ \hline`a_dara | Ea*ara | athara | 'adhara | 'adhara | Aadharra | adhaarraa |
| Aa_dona | Aa*ona | aathuna | Aadhona | aadhona | Aadhona | aaadhunaa |
| ${ }^{\wedge}$ sa.ha_da | \$aHa*a | shahatha | shaHadha | shahadha | shaHadha | shaahaadhaa |
| mon_do | mon*o | munthu | mondho | mondho | mondho | mundhu |
| mU_de | mau*e | mUthi | mUdhe | mUdhi | mUdhe | mUdhi |
| fa_dana | fa*anA | fathanaa | fadhanaa | fadhanaa | fadhanaa | Faadhanaa |


| arabtex words | Buckwalter words | Alghamdi words | Qalam words | UN words | Improved SLT table | Improved LDPT table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| fa_don | fa*on | fathun | fadhon | fadhon | fadhon | faadhun |
| fa_den | fa*en | fathin | fadhen | fadhin | fadhen | faadhin |
| .zahara | Zahara | thahara | Zahara | thahara | THaharra | thaahaarraa |
| qarn | qarn | qarn | qarn | qarn | karrn | kaarrn |
| rakala | rakala | rakala | rakala | rakala | rrakkalla | rraakkaallaa |
| .dara | Dara | dhara | Dara | dara | Dharra | dhaarraa |
| ra.gw | ragw | ragw | raghw | raghw | rragw | rraagw |
| .tayr | Tayr | tayr | Tayer | tayr | TTayrr | ttaayrr |
| ser | ser | sir | ser | sir | serr | sirr |
| rad | rad | rad | rad | rad | rrad | rraad |
| roba | roba | ruba | roba | roba | rroba | rrubaa |
| soror | soror | surur | soror | soror | sorrorr | surrurr |
| .harama | Harama | harama | Harama | harama | Harrama | haarraamaa |
| sery | sery | siry | serye | siry | serry | sirry |
| fa.tara | faTara | fatara | faTara | fatara | faTTarra | faattaarraa |
| ${ }^{\wedge} \mathrm{go}$.hre | joHre | juhri | joHre | johri | jjoHrre | jjuhrri |
| fekre | fekre | fikri | fekre | fikri | fekkrre | fikkrri |
| dahron | dahron | dahrun | dahron | dahron | dahrron | daahrrun |
| dahren | dahren | dahrin | dahren | dahrin | dahrren | daahrrin |
| dahran | dahran | dahran | dahran | dahr'an | dahrran | daahrran |
| zafa | zafa | zafa | zafa | zafa | zzafa | zzaafaa |
| za`ama & zaEama & zaama & za'ama & za'ama & zzaAama & zzaaamaa \\ \hline zaky & zaky & zaky & zakye & zaky & zzakky & zzaakky \\ \hline zo.hal & zoHal & zuhal & zoHal & zohal & zzoHall & Zzuhaall \\ \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{\|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline arabtex words & Buckwalter words & Alghamdi words & Qalam words & UN words & Improved SLT table & Improved LDPT table \\ \hline zara`a | zaraEa | zaraa | zara'a | zara'a | zzarraAa | zzaarraaa |
| zer | zer | zir | zer | zir | zzerr | zzirr |
| rozeq | rozeq | ruziq | rozeq | roziq | rrozzek | rruzzik |
| `azafa & Eazafa & azafa & 'azafa & 'azafa & Aazzafa & azzaafaa \\ \hline \(\wedge\) gozor & jozor & juzur & jozor & jozor & jjozzorr & jjuzzurr \\ \hline faza & fAza & faaza & faaza & faaza & faazza & faazzaa \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge}\) gawzo & jawzo & jawzu & jawzo & jawzo & jjawzzo & jjaawzzu \\ \hline kanze & kanze & kanzi & kanze & kanzi & kkanzze & kkaanzzi \\ \hline felezan & felezan & filizan & felezan & filiz'an & fellezzan & fillizzan \\ \hline felezon & felezon & filizun & felezon & filizon & fellezzon & fillizzun \\ \hline felezen & felezen & filizin & felezen & filizin & fellezzen & fillizzin \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge}\) sams & \$ams & shams & shams & shams & shams & shaams \\ \hline .gasala & gasala & ghasala & ghasala & ghasala & gasalla & ghaasaallaa \\ \hline sahw & sahw & sahw & sahw & sahw & sahw & saahw \\ \hline kys & kys & kys & kyes & kys & kkys & kkys \\ \hline .ders & Ders & dhirs & Ders & dirs & Dherrs & dhirrs \\ \hline som & som & sum & som & som & som & sum \\ \hline sakaba & sakaba & sakaba & sakaba & sakaba & sakkaba & saakkaabaa \\ \hline se.hr & seHr & sihr & seHr & sihr & seHrr & sihrr \\ \hline rosol & rosol & rusul & rosol & rosol & rrosoll & rrusull \\ \hline `asal | Easal | asal | 'asal | 'asal | Aasall | asaall |
| naseya | naseya | nasiya | naseya | nasiya | naseya | naasiyaa |
| .habasa | Habasa | habasa | Habasa | habasa | Habasa | haabaasaa |
| .harasa | Harasa | harasa | Harasa | harasa | Harrasa | Haarraasaa |


| arabtex words | Buckwalter words | Alghamdi words | Qalam words | UN words | Improved SLT table | Improved LDPT table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| farase | farase | farasi | farase | farasi | farrase | faarraasi |
| `orsan & Eorsan & orsan & 'orsan & 'ors'an & Aorrsan & orrsan \\ \hline orson & Eorson & orsun & 'orson & 'orson & Aorrson & orrsun \\ \hline orsen & Eorsen & orsin & 'orsen & 'orsin & Aorrsen & orrsin \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge}\) sa_dw & \$a*w & shathw & shadhw & shadhw & shadhw & shaadhw \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge}\) sa.s & \$aS & shas & shaS & shas & shaS & shaas \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge}\) sa.zaf & \$aZaf & shathaf & shaZaf & shathaf & shaTHaf & shaathaaf \\ \hline \(\wedge\) sa.t & \$aT & shat & shaT & shat & shaTT & shaatt \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge} \mathrm{so.gl}\) & \$ogl & shugl & shoghl & shoghl & shogll & shugll \\ \hline qa^s & qa\$ & qash & qash & qash & kash & kaash \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge}\) sak & \$ak & shak & shak & shak & shakk & shaakk \\ \hline na^sez & na\$ez & nashiz & nashez & nashiz & nashezz & naashizz \\ \hline \(\wedge\) sahy & \$ahy & shahy & shahye & shahy & shahy & shaahy \\ \hline ^sa^gar & \$ajar & shajar & shajar & shajar & shajjarr & shaajjaarr \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge}\) sebl & \$ebl & shibl & shebl & shibl & shebll & shibll \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge}\) sokr & \$okr & shukr & shokr & shokr & shokkrr & shukkrr \\ \hline wa^sm & wa\$m & washm & washm & washm & washm & waashm \\ \hline ro^seda & ro\$eda & rushida & rosheda & roshida & rrosheda & rrushidaa \\ \hline Aa^sodo & Aa\$odo & aashudu & Aashodo & aashodo & Aashodo & aaashudu \\ \hline \(\mathrm{ra}^{\wedge} \mathrm{sa}\) & ra\$a & rasha & rasha & rasha & rrasha & rraashaa \\ \hline rem^so & rem\$o & rimshu & remsho & rimsho & rremsho & rrimshu \\ \hline ry^se & ry\$e & ryshi & ryeshe & ryshi & rryshe & rryshi \\ \hline kab^san & kab\$an & kabshan & kabshan & kabsh'an & kkabshan & kkaabshan \\ \hline kab^son & kab\$on & kabshun & kabshon & kabshon & kkabshon & Kkaabshun \\ \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{\|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline arabtex words & Buckwalter words & Alghamdi words & Qalam words & UN words & Improved SLT table & Improved LDPT table \\ \hline kab^sen & kab\$en & kabshin & kabshen & kabshin & kkabshen & kkaabshin \\ \hline qa.sa & qaSa & qasa & qaSa & qasa & kaSa & kaasaa \\ \hline .som & Som & sum & Som & som & Som & sum \\ \hline .sana`a | SanaEa | sanaa | Sana'a | sana'a | SanaAa | saanaaa |
| .sah | Sah | sah | Sah | sah | Sah | saah |
| wa.sy | waSy | wasy | waSye | wasy | waSy | waasy |
| .sow.s | SowS | suws | SowS | sows | SowS | suws |
| .sayd | Sayd | sayd | Sayed | sayd | Sayd | saayd |
| .sehr | Sehr | sihr | Sehr | sihr | Sehrr | sihrr |
| `a.sara & EaSara & asara & 'aSara & 'asara & AaSarra & asaarraa \\ \hline no.sera & noSera & nusira & noSera & nosira & noSerra & nusirraa \\ \hline ya.sodo & yaSodo & yasudu & yaSodo & yasodo & yaSodo & yaasudu \\ \hline ra.sa & raSa & rasa & raSa & rasa & rraSa & rraasaa \\ \hline qor.se & qorSe & qursi & qorSe & qorsi & korrSe & kurrsi \\ \hline fa.son & faSon & fasun & faSon & fason & faSon & faasun \\ \hline fa.sa & faSa & fasa & faSa & fasa & faSa & faasaa \\ \hline fa.sen & faSen & fasin & faSen & fasin & faSen & faasin \\ \hline .da.ga_t & Dagav & dhaghath & Daghath & daghath & Dhagath & dhaaghaath \\ \hline wa.da`a | waDaEa | wadhaa | waDa'a | wada'a | waDhaAa | waadhaaa |
| .dana | Dana | dhana | Dana | dana | Dhana | dhaanaa |
| .dala | Dala | dhala | Dala | dala | Dhalla | dhaallaa |
| .dyq | Dyq | dhyq | Dyeq | dyq | DHyk | dhyk |
| .dafar | Dafar | dhafar | Dafar | dafar | Dhafarr | Dhaafaarr |


| arabtex words | Buckwalter words | Alghamdi words | Qalam words | UN words | Improved SLT table | Improved LDPT table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .daraba | Daraba | dharaba | Daraba | daraba | Dharraba | dhaarraabaa |
| .do.h_A | DoHY | dhuha | DoHae | doha | DhoHa | dhuha |
| .dedo | Dedo | dhidu | Dedo | dido | Dhedo | dhidu |
| ra.deya | raDeya | radhiya | raDeya | radiya | rraDheya | rraadhiyaa |
| `a.dod & EaDod & adhud & 'aDod & 'adod & AaDhod & adhud \\ \hline fa.dala & faDala & fadhala & faDala & fadala & faDHalla & faadhaallaa \\ \hline mara.da & maraDa & maradha & maraDa & marada & marraDha & maarraadhaa \\ \hline `ara.da | EaraDa | aradha | 'araDa | 'arada | AarraDha | arraadhaa |
| Aar.de | AarDe | aardhi | AarDe | aardi | AarrDhe | aaarrdhi |
| qar.dan | qarDan | qardhan | qarDan | qard'an | karrDHan | kaarrdhan |
| qar.don | qarDon | qardhun | qarDon | qardon | karrDhon | kaarrdhun |
| qar.den | qarDen | qardhin | qarDen | qardin | karrDhen | kaarrdhin |
| .taq | Taq | taq | Taq | taq | TTak | ttuk |
| ha.tala | haTala | hatala | haTala | hatala | haTTalla | haattaallaa |
| .tama`a & TamaEa & tamaa & Tama'a & tama'a & TTamaAa & ttaamaaa \\ \hline .teb & Teb & tib & Teb & tib & TTeb & ttib \\ \hline .taba`a | TabaEa | tabaa | Taba'a | taba'a | TTabaAa | ttaabaaa |
| wa.tan | waTan | watan | waTan | watan | waTTan | waattaan |
| ra.teb | raTeb | ratib | raTeb | ratib | rraTTeb | rraattib |
| `o.tof & EoTof & otuf & 'oTof & 'otof & AoTTof & otuf \\ \hline qer.to & qerTo & qirtu & qerTo & qirto & kerrTTo & kirrtu \\ \hline wasa.te & wasaTe & wasati & wasaTe & wasati & wasaTTe & Waasaatti \\ \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{\|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline arabtex words & Buckwalter words & Alghamdi words & Qalam words & UN words & Improved SLT table & Improved LDPT table \\ \hline basa.ta & basaTa & basata & basaTa & basata & basaTTa & baasaattaa \\ \hline noqa.tan & noqaTan & nuqatan & noqaTan & noqat'an & nokaTTan & nukaattan \\ \hline noqa.ton & noqaTon & nuqatun & noqaTon & noqaton & nokaTTon & nukaattun \\ \hline noqa.ten & noqaTen & nuqatin & noqaTen & noqatin & nokaTTen & nukaattin \\ \hline .zahar & Zahar & thahar & Zahar & thahar & THaharr & thaahaarr \\ \hline ka.zo & kaZo & kathu & kaZo & katho & kkaTHo & kkaatho \\ \hline wa.zafa & waZafa & wathafa & waZafa & wathafa & waTHafa & waathaafaa \\ \hline .zarf & Zarf & tharf & Zarf & tharf & THarrf & thaarrf \\ \hline .zefr & Zefr & thifr & Zefr & thifr & THefrr & thefrr \\ \hline .zol & Zol & thul & Zol & thol & THoll & tholl \\ \hline na.zara & naZara & nathara & naZara & nathara & naTHarra & naathaarraa \\ \hline na.zofa & naZofa & nathufa & naZofa & nathofa & naTHofa & naathofaa \\ \hline `a.zema | EaZema | athima | 'aZema | 'athima | AaTHema | athemaa |
| .hafa.za | HafaZa | hafatha | HafaZa | hafatha | HafaTHa | haafaathaa |
| qay.ze | qayZe | qaythi | qayeZe | qaythi | kayTHe | kaaythe |
| .ha.zo | HaZo | hathu | HaZo | hatho | HaTHo | haatho |
| wa`.zan & waEZan & waathan & wa'Zan & wa'th'an & waATHan & waaathan \\ \hline wa`.zon | waEZon | waathun | wa'Zon | wa'thon | waATHon | waaathun |
| wa`.zen & waEZen & waathin & wa'Zen & wa'thin & waATHen & waaathin \\ \hline `a_dal | Ea*al | athal | 'adhal | 'adhal | Aadhall | adhaall |
| sa`af & saEaf & saaf & sa'af & sa'af & saAaf & saaaf \\ \hline `a.ta^s | EaTa\$ | atash | 'aTash | 'atash | AaTTash | attaash |
| `aks & Eaks & aks & 'aks & 'aks & Aakks & akks \\ \hline `aqr | Eaqr | aqr | 'aqr | 'aqr | Aakrr | Akrr |


| arabtex words | Buckwalter words | Alghamdi words | Qalam words | UN words | Improved SLT table | Improved LDPT table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| `ayn & Eayn & ayn & 'ayen & 'ayn & Aayn & ayn \\ \hline `e^gl | Eejl | ejl | 'ejl | 'ijl | Aejjll | eejjll |
| `omr & Eomr & Omr & 'omr & 'omr & Aomrr & omrr \\ \hline sa`er | saEer | saer | sa'er | sa'ir | saAerr | saaeerr |
| na`asa & naEasa & naasa & na'asa & na'asa & naAasa & naaasaa \\ \hline na`oma | naEoma | naoma | na'oma | na'oma | naAoma | naaomaa |
| wase`a & waseEa & wasia & wase'a & wasi'a & waseAa & waasia \\ \hline qa`e | qAEe | qaae | qaa'e | qaa'i | kaaAe | kaaee |
| .sa`o & SAEo & saao & Saa'o & saa'o & SaaAo & saao \\ \hline ware`an | wareEan | wariaan | ware'an | wari"an | warreAan | waarriaan |
| ware`on & wareEon & wariaun & ware'on & wari'on & warreAon & waarriaun \\ \hline ware`en | wareEen | wariain | ware'en | wari'in | warreAen | waarriain |
| .ga^gar | gajar | ghajar | ghajar | ghajar | gajjarr | ghaajjaarr |
| .ga_d_A | ga*Y | ghatha | ghadhae | ghadha | gadha | ghaadha |
| .ga^sa | ga\$a | ghasha | ghasha | ghasha | gasha | ghaashaa |
| .ga.d | gaD | ghadh | ghaDH | ghad | gaDH | ghaadhu |
| .gafeya | gafeya | ghafiya | ghafeya | ghafiya | gafeya | ghaafiyaa |
| .garaqa | garaqa | gharaqa | gharaqa | gharaqa | garraka | ghaarraakaa |
| .gay.zo | gayZo | ghaythu | ghayeZo | ghaytho | gayTHo | ghaaytho |
| .ga.ta | gaTa | ghata | ghaTa | ghata | gaTTa | ghaattaa |
| .gadara | gadara | ghadara | ghadara | ghadara | gadarra | ghaadaarraa |
| .go.sn | goSn | ghusn | ghoSn | ghosn | goSn | ghusn |
| .gel | gel | ghil | ghel | ghil | gell | Ghill |


| arabtex words | Buckwalter words | Alghamdi words | Qalam words | UN words | Improved SLT table | Improved LDPT table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .sa.gora | Sagora | saghura | Saghora | saghora | Sagorra | saaghurraa |
| ra.gad | ragad | raghad | raghad | raghad | rragad | rraaghaad |
| .ta.geya | Tageya | taghiya | Tagheya | taghiya | TTageya | ttaaghiyaa |
| mara.ga | maraga | maragha | maragha | maragha | marraga | maarraaghaa |
| .sad.go | Sadgo | sadghu | Sadgho | sadgho | Sadgo | saadghu |
| .sam.ge | Samge | samghi | Samghe | samghi | Samge | saamghi |
| .saw.gan | Sawgan | sawgan | Sawghan | sawgh'an | Sawgan | saawgan |
| .saw.gon | Sawgon | sawghun | Sawghon | sawghon | Sawgon | saawghun |
| .saw.gen | Sawgen | sawghin | Sawghen | sawghin | Sawgen | saawghin |
| haf | haf | haf | haf | haf | haf | haaf |
| wafy | wafy | wafy | wafye | wafy | wafy | waafy |
| malaf | malaf | malaf | malaf | malaf | mallaf | maallaaf |
| faka | faka | faka | faka | faka | fakka | faakkaa |
| fan | fan | fan | fan | fan | fan | faan |
| fe^gl | fejl | fijl | fejl | fijl | fejjll | fijjll |
| forn | forn | furn | forn | forn | forrn | furrn |
| fa`ala & faEala & faala & fa'ala & fa'ala & faAalla & faaallaa \\ \hline rafa`a | rafaEa | rafaa | rafa'a | rafa'a | rrafaAa | rraafaaa |
| dafera | dafera | dafira | dafera | dafira | daferra | daafirraa |
| afwo | Eafwo | afwu | 'afwo | 'afwo | Aafwo | afwu |
| ${ }^{\wedge}$ sarafa | \$arafa | sharafa | sharafa | sharafa | sharrafa | shaarraafaa |
| .tarafe | Tarafe | tarafi | Tarafe | tarafi | TTarrafe | ttaarraafi |
| _halfo | xalfo | khalfu | khalfo | khalfo | kallfo | Khaallfu |


| arabtex words | Buckwalter words | Alghamdi words | Qalam words | UN words | Improved SLT table | Improved LDPT table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| `alafan & Ealafan & alafan & 'alafan & 'alaf'an & Aallafan & allaafan \\ \hline `alafon | Ealafon | alafun | 'alafon | 'alafon | Aallafon | allaafun |
| `alafen & Ealafen & alafin & 'alafen & 'alafin & Aallafen & allaafin \\ \hline so^goq & sojoq & sujuq & sojoq & sojoq & sojjok & sujjuk \\ \hline qolw & qolw & qulw & qolw & qolw & kollw & kullw \\ \hline daqaka & daqaka & daqaka & daqaka & daqaka & dakakka & daakaakkaa \\ \hline qalam & qalam & qalam & qalam & qalam & kallam & kaallaam \\ \hline qedr & qedr & qidr & qedr & qidr & kedrr & kidrr \\ \hline qoda & qoda & quda & qoda & qoda & koda & kudaa \\ \hline saqa.ta & saqaTa & saqata & saqaTa & saqata & sakaTTa & saakaattaa \\ \hline foqeda & foqeda & fuqida & foqeda & foqida & fokeda & fukidaa \\ \hline taqola & vaqola & thaqula & thaqola & thaqola & thakolla & thaakullaa \\ \hline sabaqa & sabaqa & sabaqa & sabaqa & sabaqa & sabaka & saabaakaa \\ \hline `abaqa | Eabaqa | abaqa | 'abaqa | 'abaqa | Aabaka | abaakaa |
| .gasaqo | gasaqo | ghasaqu | ghasaqo | ghasaqo | gasako | ghaasaaku |
| barqan | barqan | barqan | barqan | barq'an | barrkan | baarrkan |
| barqon | barqon | barqun | barqon | barqon | barrkon | baarrkun |
| barqen | barqen | barqin | barqen | barqin | barrken | baarrkin |
| raka.da | rakaDa | rakadha | rakaDa | rakada | rrakkaDha | rraakkaadhaa |
| ^garaka | jaraka | jaraka | jaraka | jaraka | jjarrakka | jjaarraakkaa |
| kaw_A | kawY | kawa | kawae | kawa | kkawa | kkaawa |
| kahan | kahan | kahan | kahan | kahan | kkahan | kkaahaan |
| kalb | kalb | kalb | kalb | kalb | kkallb | Kkaallb |


| arabtex words | Buckwalter words | Alghamdi words | Qalam words | UN words | Improved SLT table | Improved LDPT table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| keys | keys | kiys | keyes | kiys | kkeys | kkiys |
| kow` & kowE & kuwa & kow' & kow' & kkowA & kkuwa \\ \hline rakeba & rakeba & rakiba & rakeba & rakiba & rrakkeba & rraakkibaa \\ \hline raka`a | rakaEa | rakaa | raka'a | raka'a | rrakkaAa | rraakkaaa |
| makona | makona | makuna | makona | makona | makkona | maakkunaa |
| .haraka | Haraka | haraka | Haraka | haraka | Harrakka | haarraakkaa |
| berako | berako | biraku | berako | birako | berrakko | berraakku |
| samake | samake | samaki | samake | samaki | samakke | saamaakki |
| selkan | selkan | silkan | selkan | silk'an | sellkkan | sillkkan |
| selkon | selkon | silkun | selkon | silkon | sellkkon | sillkkun |
| selken | selken | silkin | selken | silkin | sellkken | sillkkin |
| lay_t | layv | layth | layeth | layth | llayth | llaayth |
| leyn | leyn | liyn | leyen | liyn | lleyn | Iliyn |
| lomat | lomat | lumat | lomat | lomat | llomat | llumaat |
| `olow & Eolow & oluw & 'olow & 'olow & Aollow & olluw \\ \hline .gala_A & galaY & ghalaa & ghalaae & ghalaa & gallaa & ghaallaaa \\ \hline \({ }^{\wedge} \mathrm{galey}\) & jaley & jaliy & jaleye & jaliy & jjalley & jjaalliy \\ \hline da.glo & daglo & daglu & daghlo & daghlo & dagllo & daagllu \\ \hline `amale | Eamale | amali | 'amale | 'amali | Aamalle | amaalli |
| .tablan | Tablan | tablan | Tablan | tabl'an | TTabllan | ttaabllan |
| .tablon | Tablon | tablun | Tablon | tablon | TTabllon | ttaabllun |
| .tablen | Tablen | tablin | Tablen | tablin | TTabllen | ttaabllin |
| ham | ham | ham | ham | ham | ham | haam |
| yawm | yawm | yawm | yawm | yawm | yawm | Yaawm |


| arabtex words | Buckwalter words | Alghamdi words | Qalam words | UN words | Improved SLT table | Improved LDPT table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mawz | mawz | mawz | mawz | mawz | mawzz | maawzz |
| men | men | min | men | min | men | min |
| Aamel | Aamel | aamil | Aamel | aamil | Aamell | aaamill |
| `amala & Eamala & amala & 'amala & 'amala & Aamalla & amaallaa \\ \hline nomow & nomow & numuw & nomow & nomow & nomow & numuw \\ \hline fahama & fahama & fahama & fahama & fahama & fahama & faahaamaa \\ \hline .ganamo & ganamo & ghanamu & ghanamo & ghanamo & ganamo & ghaanaamu \\ \hline .saname & Saname & sanami & Saname & sanami & Saname & saanaami \\ \hline `alaman | Ealaman | alaman | 'alaman | 'alam'an | Aallaman | allaaman |
| `alamon & Ealamon & alamun & 'alamon & 'alamon & Aallamon & allaamun \\ \hline `alamen | Ealamen | alamin | 'alamen | 'alamin | Aallamen | allaamin |
| wana | wana | wana | wana | wana | wana | waanaa |
| nahr | nahr | nahr | nahr | nahr | nahrr | naahrr |
| nebr | nebr | nibr | nebr | nibr | nebrr | nibrr |
| nowr | nowr | nuwr | nowr | nowr | nowrr | nuwrr |
| fanar | fanar | fanar | fanar | fanar | fanarr | faanaarr |
| saneya | saneya | saniya | saneya | saniya | saneya | saaniyaa |
| .honow | Honow | hunuw | Honow | honow | Honow | hunuw |
| makana | makana | makana | makana | makana | makkana | maakkaanaa |
| na.hno | naHno | nahnu | naHno | nahno | naHno | naahnu |
| dehne | *ehne | thinni | dhehne | dhihni | dhehne | dhihni |
| qarnan | qarnan | qarnan | qarnan | qarn'an | karrnan | kaarrnan |
| qarnon | qarnon | qarnun | qarnon | qarnon | karrnon | Kaarrnun |


| arabtex words | Buckwalter words | Alghamdi words | Qalam words | UN words | Improved SLT table | Improved LDPT table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| qarnen | qarnen | qarnin | qarnen | qarnin | karrnen | kaarrnin |
| .garaho | garaho | gharahu | gharaho | gharaho | garraho | ghaarraahu |
| talaho | valaho | thalahu | thalaho | thalaho | thallaho | thaallaahu |
| her | her | hir | her | hir | herr | hirr |
| hawas | hawas | hawas | hawas | hawas | hawas | haawaas |
| howed | howed | huwid | howed | howid | howed | huwid |
| raheba | raheba | rahiba | raheba | rahiba | rraheba | rraahibaa |
| rahofa | rahofa | rahufa | rahofa | rahofa | rrahofa | rraahufaa |
| qahara | qahara | qahara | qahara | qahara | kaharra | kaahaarraa |
| nawaha | nawaha | nawaha | nawaha | nawaha | nawaha | naawaahaa |
| menho | menho | minhu | menho | minho | menho | minhu |
| fyhe | fyhe | fyhi | fyehe | fyhi | fyhe | fyhi |
| ${ }^{\wedge}$ gahan | jAhan | jaahan | jaahan | jaah'an | jjaahan | jjaahan |
| ${ }^{\wedge}$ gahon | jAhon | jaahun | jaahon | jaahon | jjaahon | jjaahun |
| ${ }^{\wedge}$ gahen | jAhen | jaahin | jaahen | jaahin | jjaahen | jjaahin |
| wetr | wetr | witr | wetr | witr | wetrr | witrr |
| wo^geda | wojeda | wujida | wojeda | wojida | wojjeda | wujjidaa |
| Aawedo | Aawedo | aawidu | Aawedo | aawido | Aawedo | aaawidu |
| dawow | *awow | thawuw | dhawow | dhawow | dhawow | dhaawuw |
| ma.hwo | maHwo | mahwu | maHwo | mahwo | maHwo | maahwu |
| lahwe | lahwe | lahwi | lahwe | lahwi | llahwe | llaahwi |
| sahwa | sahwa | sahwa | sahwa | sahwa | sahwa | saahwaa |
| ${ }^{\wedge}$ garwan | jarwan | jarwan | jarwan | jarw'an | jjarrwan | jjaarrwan |
| $\wedge$ garwon | jarwon | jarwun | jarwon | jarwon | jjarrwon | Jjaarrwun |

| arabtex words | Buckwalter words | Alghamdi words | Qalam words | UN words | Improved SLT table | Improved LDPT table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\wedge}$ garwen | jarwen | jarwin | jarwen | jarwin | jjarrwen | jjaarrwin |
| yad | yad | yad | yad | yad | yad | yaad |
| yosr | yosr | yusr | yosr | yosr | yosrr | yusrr |
| yen | yen | yin | yen | yin | yen | yin |
| sayara | sayara | sayara | sayeara | sayara | sayarra | saayaarraa |
| 'ayeya | Eayeya | ayiya | 'ayeya | 'ayiya | Aayeya | ayiyaa |
| sawye | sawye | sawyi | sawye | sawyi | sawye | saawyi |
| .tayo | Tayo | tayu | Tayo | tayo | TTayo | ttaayu |
| hayoUa | hayooa | hayuUa | hayoUa | hayoUa | hayoUa | haayuUa |
| atyan | Eatyan | atyan | 'atyean | 'aty'an | Aatyan | atyan |
| `atyon | Eatyon | atyun | 'atyon | 'atyon | Aatyon | atyun |
| 'atyen | Eatyen | atyin | 'atyen | 'atyin | Aatyen | atyin |

Table 1-Comparison of the transliterations of the 499 words.

## Appendix

Alghamdi's recognition analysis

Alghamdi's transliteration analysis for the four recordings.

| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $499$ words | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| dhaaaa | thala | No | dhaaaa | tyn | No | dhaaaa | thala | No | dhaaaa | tyn | No |
| athin | thawbin | No | athin | fathanaa | No | athin | thawbun | No | athin | athin | Yes |
| saagha | sanami | No | saagha | thahara | No | saagha | haka | No | saagha | zaama | No |
| ithaa | dhidu | No | ithaa | sum | No | ithaa | sum | No | ithaa | dhidu | No |
| zaar | zaama | No | zaar | zafa | No | zaar | fahama | No | zaar | sanami | No |
| qaas | haf | No | qaas | qasa | No | qaas | haf | No | qaas | haf | No |
| aamal | qarnin | No | aamal | amala | No | aamal | aamal | Yes | aamal | qarnan | No |
| jatha | ghafiya | No | jatha | jatha | Yes | jatha | jatha | Yes | jatha | jatha | Yes |
| shaah | shaah | Yes | shaah | shahatha | No | shaah | shaah | Yes | shaah | fahama | No |
| taaf | yin | No | taaf | thahar | No | taaf | fath | No | taaf | ham | No |
| hayaaa | shaja | No | hayaaa | sanami | No | hayaaa | sum | No | hayaaa | daaain | No |
| kaas | qash | No | kaas | qaas | No | kaas | qas | No | kaas | khath | No |
| aukht | ath | No | aukht | faaza | No | aukht | ath | No | aukht | ath | No |
| baada | ttaghiiiya | No | baada | saagha | No | baada | dhaghath | No | baada | ttaghiiya | No |
| aaw | daahu | No | aaw | qarn | No | aaw | aaw | Yes | aaw | aaw | Yes |
| aakala | dhana | No | aakala | makana | No | aakala | sum | No | aakala | sayd | No |
| saaal | fahama | No | saaal | saqata | No | saaal | zaama | No | saaal | fan | No |
| dhuUI | sum | No | dhuUI | dahrun | No | dhuUI | sum | No | dhuUI | watan | No |
| baiusa | bathu | No | baiusa | naasa | No | baiusa | ghaythu | No | baiusa | kiys | No |
| baraa | dama | No | baraa | bathakhun | No | baraa | dama | No | baraa | dama | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $499$ words | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| swai | samghi | No | swai | thala | No | swai | fijl | No | swai | sayd | No |
| daaan | daaain | No | daaaan | daaaan | Yes | daaaan | daaaun | No | daaaan | tyn | No |
| daaaun | daaaun | Yes | daaaun | hunuw | No | daaaun | daaun | No | daaaun | daaaun | Yes |
| daaain | ayn | No | daaain | daaain | Yes | daaain | daaain | Yes | daaain | ayn | No |
| thaby | sum | No | thaby | naabu | No | thaby | sum | No | thaby | tawd | No |
| dhaba | naabu | No | dhaba | dama | No | dhaba | naabu | No | dhaba | naabu | No |
| bazagha | ghasala | No | bazagha | basata | No | bazagha | ghasala | No | bazagha | bathu | No |
| basal | fasun | No | basal | dasa | No | basal | wathafa | No | basal | hasan | No |
| bahaq | baraa | No | bahaq | jahatha | No | bahaq | nahata | No | bahaq | ghadh | No |
| khabat | qathaa | No | khabat | habasa | No | khabat | sum | No | khabat | qathaa | No |
| kaba | khaath | No | kaba | sakaba | No | kaba | khath | No | kaba | thaab | No |
| thanb | thanb | Yes | thanb | daaan | No | thanb | fan | No | thanb | thanb | Yes |
| bashima | bashima | Yes | bashima | bashima | Yes | bashima | bashima | Yes | bashima | bashima | Yes |
| saba | hhir | No | saba | kahan | No | saba | fahama | No | saba | fath | No |
| farabu | naabu | No | farabu | sum | No | farabu | fath | No | farabu | naabu | No |
| nasab | nasiya | No | nasab | dasa | No | nasab | naasa | No | nasab | naasa | No |
| wajiba | hudida | No | wajiba | hudida | No | wajiba | wasia | No | wajiba | mUthi | No |
| thabata | abaqa | No | thabata | sabaqa | No | thabata | abaqa | No | thabata | dama | No |
| batala | makana | No | batala | dhafar | No | batala | dhafar | No | batala | hafatha | No |
| bishr | ghasha | No | bishr | dasa | No | bishr | dhirs | No | bishr | layth | No |
| burj | daghl | No | burj | dahrun | No | burj | mawz | No | burj | liyn | No |
| jubila | wujida | No | jubila | sum | No | jubila | thabata | No | jubila | sayd | No |
| rabata | abaqa | No | rabata | habasa | No | rabata | nadaba | No | rabata | abaqa | No |
| subul | thawbin | No | subul | sawghun | No | subul | saba | No | subul | thawbin | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $499$ words | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| halaba | nadaba | No | halaba | hudida | No | halaba | sum | No | halaba | nadaba | No |
| qalbi | samghi | No | qalbi | samtun | No | qalbi | sum | No | qalbi | samghi | No |
| naabu | naabu | Yes | naabu | naabu | Yes | naabu | naabu | Yes | naabu | naabu | Yes |
| thawban | thawbin | No | thawbana | thawbun | No | thawbana | halaba | No | thawbanaa | aaw | No |
| thawbun | sum | No | thawbun | thul | No | thawbun | sum | No | thawbun | ghil | No |
| thawbin | alafin | No | thawbin | samtun | No | thawbin | alafin | No | thawbin | tyn | No |
| taht | sum | No | taht | thahar | No | taht | qash | No | taht | sum | No |
| dhamat | dhamat | Yes | dhamat | dama | No | dhamat | lumat | No | dhamat | fahama | No |
| tathil | tablun | No | tathil | qarnan | No | tathil | sum | No | tathil | tyn | No |
| satat | sakat | No | satat | sakat | No | satat | sum | No | satat | samtan | No |
| sakat | fath | No | sakat | thaab | No | sakat | ghadh | No | sakat | fath | No |
| tharat | thaarrat | No | tharat | dhana | No | tharat | dhara | No | tharat | dama | No |
| hazat | hazat | Yes | hazat | qazah | No | hazat | hazat | Yes | hazat | hazat | Yes |
| shadat | sayd | No | shadat | sum | No | shadat | shajar | No | shadat | sayd | No |
| thanat | thanat | Yes | thanat | dhana | No | thanat | thanat | Yes | thanat | fahama | No |
| jafat | jafat | Yes | jafat | jatha | No | jafat | jafat | Yes | jafat | shat | No |
| otw | samtun | No | otw | hathu | No | otw | aakala | No | otw | hathu | No |
| ghat | ttaq | No | ghat | thanat | No | ghat | taq | No | ghat | ttaq | No |
| taqy | rakaa | No | taqy | sum | No | taqy | thiny | No | taqy | zaky | No |
| tamr | fahama | No | tamr | fahama | No | tamr | samghi | No | tamr | thul | No |
| tyn | kiys | No | tyn | sawghan | No | tyn | ayn | No | tyn | liyn | No |
| twt | saaal | No | twt | tawd | No | twt | thala | No | twt | sayd | No |
| qatala | makana | No | qatala | ghasala | No | qatala | rakala | No | qatala | makana | No |
| sutira | sutira | Yes | sutira | sutira | Yes | sutira | sum | No | sutira | sutira | Yes |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $499$ words | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| atuma | thala | No | atuma | aakala | No | atuma | hatala | No | atuma | sayd | No |
| yumitu | ghil | No | yumitu | thul | No | yumitu | lumat | No | yumitu | sayd | No |
| yakhti | liyn | No | yakhti | ayn | No | yakhti | thaky | No | yakhti | yin | No |
| nahata | jahatha | No | nahata | jahatha | No | nahata | jahatha | No | nahata | jahatha | No |
| samtun | samtun | Yes | samtun | samtan | No | samtun | samtan | No | samtun | sawghan | No |
| samtan | samtan | Yes | samtan | samtun | No | samtan | samtun | No | samtan | fan | No |
| samtin | samtun | No | samtin | ayn | No | samtin | samtdin | No | samtin | ayn | No |
| thulth | layth | No | thulth | dhana | No | thulth | tharf | No | thulth | sawghan | No |
| thaqaf | Dafar | No | thaqaf | sum | No | thaqaf | dhaghath | No | thaqaf | Dafar | No |
| makatha | makaathaa | No | makatha | makatha | Yes | makatha | makatha | Yes | makatha | makaathaa | No |
| ghath | ghath | Yes | ghath | nahr | No | ghath | ghath | Yes | ghath | ghath | Yes |
| hadath | hadath | Yes | hadath | hadath | Yes | hadath | hadath | Yes | hadath | hadath | Yes |
| sharath | shathaf | No | sharath | shatha | No | sharath | shat | No | sharath | fahama | No |
| ath | haf | No | ath | ath | Yes | ath | haf | No | ath | haf | No |
| thawy | thawy | Yes | thawy | sum | No | thawy | jaliy | No | thawy | tyn | No |
| thakhn | kaahan | No | thakhn | kahan | No | thakhn | kahan | No | thakhn | fan | No |
| bathahu | ghil | No | bathahu | bathahu | Yes | bathahu | ghasala | No | bathahu | bathu | No |
| thabata | thabbata | No | thabata | nadaba | No | thabata | nadaba | No | thabata | thabbata | No |
| thaja | sum | No | thaja | shat | No | thaja | sum | No | thaja | sum | No |
| thiny | samghi | No | thiny | thiny | Yes | thiny | thiny | Yes | thiny | thiny | Yes |
| thulat | wana | No | thulat | fahama | No | thulat | faala | No | thulat | fahama | No |
| wathaba | wathaba | Yes | wathaba | sakaba | No | wathaba | wathafa | No | wathaba | wathafa | No |
| othira | wasia | No | othira | ghafiya | No | othira | sum | No | othira | wasia | No |
| juthw | ghaythu | No | juthw | ghaythu | No | juthw | jawzu | No | juthw | tathil | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $499$ words | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $499$ words | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| aaatha | hasan | No | aaatha | qasa | No | aaatha | hasan | No | aaatha | hasan | No |
| rathi | liyn | No | rathi | bathahu | No | rathi | wafy | No | rathi | tyn | No |
| bathu | ghil | No | bathu | dafira | No | bathu | ghasala | No | bathu | layth | No |
| thuluthin | alafan | No | thuluthin | samtun | No | thuluthin | sawghun | No | thuluthin | alafan | No |
| thuluthu | samtun | No | thuluthun | thuluthun | Yes | thuluthun | samtun | No | thuluthun | tyn | No |
| thulutha | sawghun | No | thuluthan | samtun | No | thuluthan | sawghun | No | thuluthan | fan | No |
| Iujaj | raghad | No | Iujaj | raghad | No | lujaj | nadaba | No | Iujaj | nusira | No |
| jaraka | jaraka | Yes | jaraka | sum | No | jaraka | jaraka | Yes | jaraka | jaraka | Yes |
| dhaja | fath | No | dhaja | mahdi | No | dhaja | ghajar | No | dhaja | sayd | No |
| jas | ghath | No | jas | jas | Yes | jas | jas | Yes | jas | jas | Yes |
| khajal | fathin | No | khajal | fathanaa | No | khajal | ghajar | No | khajal | fathin | No |
| jahatha | dhidu | No | jahatha | jahatha | Yes | jahatha | jaahun | No | jahatha | thahar | No |
| tajan | fathin | No | tajan | fathanaa | No | tajan | sum | No | tajan | fathun | No |
| shaja | sayd | No | shaja | nahr | No | shaja | sum | No | shaja | sayd | No |
| ajaza | jaza | No | ajaza | ajaza | Yes | ajaza | ajaza | Yes | ajaza | ajaza | Yes |
| sajaa | sum | No | sajaa | sada | No | sajaa | sadghu | No | sajaa | sayd | No |
| juthm | juhd | No | juthm | ghatha | No | juthm | juhd | No | juthm | thulth | No |
| jady | jady | Yes | jady | thaky | No | jady | jady | Yes | jady | taqy | No |
| jaza | ghadh | No | jaza | jaza | Yes | jaza | jaza | Yes | jaza | juzur | No |
| haja | ghajar | No | haja | kabshan | No | haja | sum | No | haja | sihr | No |
| jawq | ghil | No | jawq | sum | No | jawq | jamal | No | jawq | jaliy | No |
| jamal | daaain | No | jamal | dhana | No | jamal | daain | No | jamal | sayd | No |
| juhd | ghil | No | juhd | sum | No | juhd | jafat | No | juhd | thala | No |
| jidu | ghil | No | jidu | naabu | No | jidu | sum | No | jidu | tyn | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| wajada | waadan | No | wajada | nadaba | No | wajada | sum | No | wajada | rakadha | No |
| aajidu | dhidu | No | aajidu | ghadara | No | aajidu | sum | No | aajidu | taqy | No |
| hujub | shibl | No | hujub | hadath | No | hujub | sum | No | hujub | samtun | No |
| daraja | ghajar | No | daraja | ghatha | No | daraja | ghajar | No | daraja | ghajar | No |
| sarju | fan | No | sarju | samtun | No | sarju | sum | No | sarju | samtun | No |
| wahaji | wahaji | Yes | wahaji | nahata | No | wahaji | wajada | No | wahaji | taqy | No |
| ewajan | daraja | No | ewajan | ewajan | Yes | ewajan | ewajan | Yes | ewajan | ewajun | No |
| ewajun | alafan | No | ewajun | ewajan | No | ewajun | aaatdyun | No | ewajun | alafan | No |
| ewajin | iwajin | No | ewajin | sum | No | ewajin | aaatdyin | No | ewajin | ewajun | No |
| hadhara | hamalla | No | hadhara | hadhara | Yes | hadhara | hamala | No | hadhara | hamalla | No |
| qazah | qazah | Yes | qazah | qazah | Yes | qazah | hazat | No | qazah | faaza | No |
| suhuf | suhub | No | suhuf | sawghun | No | suhuf | thahar | No | suhuf | sawghun | No |
| hathw | hathw | Yes | hathw | ghadara | No | hathw | hatala | No | hathw | samtun | No |
| hatama | dama | No | hatama | fahama | No | hatama | hafatha | No | hatama | thama | No |
| hasan | hasan | Yes | hasan | hasan | Yes | hasan | hasan | Yes | hasan | hasan | Yes |
| haka | haka | Yes | haka | thul | No | haka | haka | Yes | haka | haka | Yes |
| halahu | hunuw | No | halahu | halahu | Yes | halahu | halahu | Yes | halahu | qarnan | No |
| hay | rad | No | hay | hatala | No | hay | ayn | No | hay | ayn | No |
| hamala | khamana | No | hamala | hamala | Yes | hamala | amala | No | hamala | khamana | No |
| hibr | tib | No | hibr | sum | No | hibr | nabu | No | hibr | tib | No |
| husn | mawz | No | husn | hasan | No | husn | fasun | No | husn | husn | Yes |
| tahana | dhana | No | tahana | nahata | No | tahana | thahara | No | tahana | wajada | No |
| suhub | suhub | Yes | suhub | suhuf | No | suhub | sawghun | No | suhub | sawghun | No |
| yahilu | dhidu | No | yahilu | naoma | No | yahilu | dhuUI | No | yahilu | tyn | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| masaha | masaha | Yes | masaha | masaha | Yes | masaha | masaha | Yes | masaha | masaha | Yes |
| farahi | shahy | No | farahi | thahar | No | farahi | farahi | Yes | farahi | liyn | No |
| marahu | marahu | Yes | marahu | maragha | No | marahu | sum | No | marahu | gharahu | No |
| qazahan | qazahun | No | qazahana | qazahun | No | qazahana | qazahun | No | qazahanaa | qazahun | No |
| qazahin | wadhaa | No | qazahin | wadhaa | No | qazahin | waDthaaaa | No | qazahin | wadhaa | No |
| qazahun | qazahun | Yes | qazahun | thakhn | No | qazahun | kthazahhun | No | qazahun | qazahun | Yes |
| dhakhah | bathahu | No | dhakhahu | dhakhahu | Yes | dhakhahu | thahar | No | dhakhahu | aaw | No |
| khaduk | fath | No | khaduk | hudida | No | khaduk | fath | No | khaduk | thulth | No |
| khath | haf | No | khath | haf | No | khath | haf | No | khath | haf | No |
| khashaa | rasha | No | khashaa | qazah | No | khashaa | rasha | No | khashaa | bashima | No |
| khasa | fasa | No | khasa | qasa | No | khasa | fasun | No | khasa | hasan | No |
| thakhara | nahata | No | thakhara | thakhara | Yes | thakhara | nahata | No | thakhara | hafatha | No |
| khazaqa | nadaba | No | khazaqa | khazaqa | Yes | khazaqa | qazahun | No | khazaqa | fasun | No |
| khasafa | basata | No | khasafa | ath | No | khasafa | yasudu | No | khasafa | basata | No |
| khaman | khamana | Yes | khamana | hamala | No | khamana | hamala | No | khamana | fathanaa | No |
| khawy | thawy | No | khawy | hunuw | No | khawy | aawidu | No | khawy | liyn | No |
| khas | haf | No | khas | qaas | No | khas | haf | No | khas | tharf | No |
| khidr | nibr | No | khidr | fathanaa | No | khidr | sayd | No | khidr | sayd | No |
| khums | shams | No | khums | khums | Yes | khums | kahan | No | khums | khums | Yes |
| bakhasa | nasiya | No | bakhasa | jahatha | No | bakhasa | jahatha | No | bakhasa | bakhasa | Yes |
| bakhila | bashima | No | bakhila | nahata | No | bakhila | bashima | No | bakhila | rahiba | No |
| rakhusa | nasiya | No | rakhusa | rakhusa | Yes | rakhusa | rahufa | No | rakhusa | naasa | No |
| sarakha | sharafa | No | sarakha | thahar | No | sarakha | thahar | No | sarakha | fahama | No |
| mukhi | wafy | No | mukhi | nahata | No | mukhi | sum | No | mukhi | liyn | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| salkhu | samtun | No | salkhu | samtan | No | salkhu | samtun | No | salkhu | samtun | No |
| bathakh | bathakhin | No | bathakhu | bathakhun | Yes | bathakhu | bathakhun | Yes | bathakhun | bathakhun | Yes |
| bathakhi | bbathaakhin | No | bathakhin | bathakhin | Yes | bathakhin | bathakhin | Yes | bathakhin | hay | No |
| bathakh | bathakhun | No | bathakha | bathakhun | No | bathakha | bathakhun | No | bathakhana | bathakhun | No |
| dhid | layth | No | dhid | sum | No | dhid | sum | No | dhid | layth | No |
| zand | zand | Yes | zand | zand | Yes | zand | zand | Yes | zand | fan | No |
| rasada | yasudu | No | rasada | basata | No | rasada | rasada | Yes | rasada | rasada | Yes |
| qadam | fathin | No | qadam | mudun | No | qadam | athin | No | qadam | thawbun | No |
| tawd | fathun | No | tawd | faala | No | tawd | aaw | No | tawd | fathun | No |
| dasa | dasa | Yes | dasa | dasa | Yes | dasa | dasa | Yes | dasa | fasun | No |
| daghl | tablun | No | daghl | dama | No | daghl | ghanamu | No | daghl | tablun | No |
| daahu | aaw | No | daahu | dafira | No | daahu | daaahu | No | daahu | aaw | No |
| daf | ghath | No | daf | daf | Yes | daf | ghath | No | daf | ghath | No |
| dama | thanb | No | dama | dhana | No | dama | ghanamu | No | dama | thanb | No |
| dub | ghiil | No | dub | thaab | No | dub | ghil | No | dub | ghil | No |
| diyk | kiys | No | diyk | dhaaaa | No | diyk | thiny | No | diyk | liyn | No |
| nadaba | naddaba | No | nadaba | nadaba | Yes | nadaba | nadaba | Yes | nadaba | nadaba | Yes |
| hudida | wujida | No | hudida | sum | No | hudida | tyn | No | hudida | hibr | No |
| mudun | mudun | Yes | mudun | mudun | Yes | mudun | mudun | Yes | mudun | mudun | Yes |
| sada | sayd | No | sada | saba | No | sada | sayd | No | sada | sayd | No |
| ahdu | ghil | No | ahdu | sum | No | ahdu | sum | No | ahdu | tyn | No |
| mahdi | hay | No | mahdi | nahata | No | mahdi | naabu | No | mahdi | liyn | No |
| waadan | waadan | Yes | waadan | watan | No | waadan | waadan | Yes | waadan | tyn | No |
| waadun | wathun | No | waadun | waadan | No | waadun | daaaun | No | waadun | wathun | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $499$ words | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| waadin | daaan | No | waadin | watan | No | waadin | daain | No | waadin | daaaan | No |
| thaky | jady | No | thaky | yakhti | No | thaky | thaky | Yes | thaky | liyn | No |
| thama | dama | No | thama | dama | No | thama | dama | No | thama | dama | No |
| thala | basata | No | thala | ghadara | No | thala | Ddthanna | No | thala | sayd | No |
| fath | sum | No | fath | fan | No | fath | sum | No | fath | fan | No |
| qathaa | qathaa | Yes | qathaa | dhana | No | qathaa | qathaa | Yes | qathaa | fath | No |
| shatha | shathaf | No | shatha | shathaf | No | shatha | saba | No | shatha | tyn | No |
| thawd | ghil | No | thawd | thaab | No | thawd | sahw | No | thawd | thul | No |
| thiib | daaaan | No | thiib | nathufa | No | thiib | daaaan | No | thiib | diyk | No |
| thaab | thaab | Yes | thaab | ghatha | No | thaab | ghadh | No | thaab | tyn | No |
| thul | daaaan | No | thul | dhana | No | thul | dahrun | No | thul | liyn | No |
| kathiba | hudida | No | kathiba | kathiba | Yes | kathiba | hudida | No | kathiba | kathiba | Yes |
| athara | hadhara | No | athara | ghatha | No | athara | athin | No | athara | ahdu | No |
| athuna | hatala | No | athuna | qatala | No | athuna | hatala | No | athuna | athin | No |
| shahath | shahatha | Yes | shahatha | shahatha | Yes | shahatha | shahatha | Yes | shahatha | shahatha | Yes |
| munthu | munthu | Yes | munthu | munthu | Yes | munthu | munthu | Yes | munthu | min | No |
| mUthi | liyn | No | mUthi | ayn | No | mUthi | sum | No | mUthi | liyn | No |
| fathanaa | thawbin | No | fathanaa | qarnan | No | fathanaa | fan | No | fathanaa | yin | No |
| fathun | ghadh | No | fathun | tablun | No | fathun | fath | No | fathun | rad | No |
| fathin | daaaan | No | fathin | ayn | No | fathin | sayd | No | fathin | tyn | No |
| thahara | nahata | No | thahara | nahata | No | thahara | nahata | No | thahara | nahata | No |
| qarn | athin | No | qarn | qarn | Yes | qarn | fan | No | qarn | fan | No |
| rakala | makana | No | rakala | makana | No | rakala | rakala | Yes | rakala | rakala | Yes |
| dhara | ghadara | No | dhara | ghadara | No | dhara | ghadara | No | dhara | ghadara | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| raghw | tablun | No | raghw | sum | No | raghw | naabu | No | raghw | tablun | No |
| tayr | hudida | No | tayr | ghanamu | No | tayr | faala | No | tayr | hudida | No |
| sir | fahama | No | sir | fan | No | sir | fahama | No | sir | sayd | No |
| rad | rad | Yes | rad | sum | No | rad | rad | Yes | rad | rad | Yes |
| ruba | rakiba | No | ruba | ath | No | ruba | sum | No | ruba | ghil | No |
| surur | shibl | No | surur | sanami | No | surur | farabu | No | surur | sayd | No |
| harama | harrama | No | harama | hamala | No | harama | hatama | No | harama | dama | No |
| siry | zaraa | No | siry | sanami | No | siry | sanami | No | siry | sayd | No |
| fatara | wathafa | No | fatara | sakaba | No | fatara | hafatha | No | fatara | wathafa | No |
| juhri | mUthi | No | juhri | dhidu | No | juhri | jaahun | No | juhri | liyn | No |
| fikri | taqy | No | fikri | saqata | No | fikri | taqy | No | fikri | liyn | No |
| dahrun | daaaun | No | dahrun | daaaan | No | dahrun | jaahun | No | dahrun | samtun | No |
| dahrin | dhaaaa | No | dahrin | bathakhin | No | dahrin | daaaan | No | dahrin | tyn | No |
| dahran | jaahun | No | dahran | bathakhun | No | dahran | jaahun | No | dahran | jaahun | No |
| zafa | zafa | Yes | zafa | zafa | Yes | zafa | zafa | Yes | zafa | zand | No |
| zaama | fahama | No | zaama | dhamat | No | zaama | thama | No | zaama | zaama | Yes |
| zaky | jady | No | zaky | khazaqa | No | zaky | thaky | No | zaky | zaky | Yes |
| zuhal | sawghun | No | zuhal | makana | No | zuhal | jaahun | No | zuhal | sawghun | No |
| zaraa | fahama | No | zaraa | zaky | No | zaraa | dama | No | zaraa | zaama | No |
| zir | Did | No | zir | zand | No | zir | sum | No | zir | zir | Yes |
| ruziq | wasati | No | ruziq | sakat | No | ruziq | wasia | No | ruziq | wasati | No |
| azafa | hazat | No | azafa | qazahun | No | azafa | azafa | Yes | azafa | azafa | Yes |
| juzur | ghasala | No | juzur | jaza | No | juzur | juzur | Yes | juzur | juzur | Yes |
| faaza | ahdu | No | faaza | faaza | Yes | faaza | fasun | No | faaza | zir | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| jawzu | jawzu | Yes | jawzu | jawzu | Yes | jawzu | jawzu | Yes | jawzu | shams | No |
| kanzi | fasin | No | kanzi | thanb | No | kanzi | kanzi | Yes | kanzi | tyn | No |
| filizan | filizin | No | filizan | filizan | Yes | filizan | filizin | No | filizan | filizin | No |
| filizun | kahan | No | filizun | asal | No | filizun | naasa | No | filizun | asal | No |
| filizin | wasia | No | filizin | ayn | No | filizin | wasiaa | No | filizin | filizin | Yes |
| shams | shams | Yes | shams | shams | Yes | shams | shams | Yes | shams | shams | Yes |
| ghasala | basata | No | ghasala | ghasala | Yes | ghasala | rasada | No | ghasala | fasun | No |
| sahw | saaal | No | sahw | samtun | No | sahw | fijl | No | sahw | sayd | No |
| kys | kiys | No | kys | samaki | No | kys | kiys | No | kys | kiys | No |
| dhirs | dhaghath | No | dhirs | sum | No | dhirs | layth | No | dhirs | layth | No |
| sum | sawghin | No | sum | sahwa | No | sum | fan | No | sum | sawghan | No |
| sakaba | sakaba | Yes | sakaba | sakaba | Yes | sakaba | sakaba | Yes | sakaba | sayd | No |
| sihr | sihr | Yes | sihr | thahar | No | sihr | fijl | No | sihr | sihr | Yes |
| rusul | rusul | Yes | rusul | rasada | No | rusul | hasan | No | rusul | rusul | Yes |
| asal | hasan | No | asal | basata | No | asal | fasun | No | asal | hasan | No |
| nasiya | nasiya | Yes | nasiya | nasiya | Yes | nasiya | nasiya | Yes | nasiya | wasy | No |
| habasa | dasa | No | habasa | habasa | Yes | habasa | habasa | Yes | habasa | fasin | No |
| harasa | rasa | No | harasa | hasan | No | harasa | hasan | No | harasa | fasun | No |
| farasi | hasan | No | farasi | basata | No | farasi | fasun | No | farasi | wasy | No |
| orsan | rushida | No | orsan | qazahin | No | orsan | hasan | No | orsan | fan | No |
| orsun | rusul | No | orsun | did | No | orsun | rusul | No | orsun | orsin | No |
| orsin | orsin | Yes | orsin | fasin | No | orsin | aaurrsun | No | orsin | hasan | No |
| shathw | shibl | No | shathw | shathw | Yes | shathw | shathw | Yes | shathw | sayd | No |
| shas | shams | No | shas | shams | No | shas | shas | Yes | shas | tharf | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| shathaf | shadat | No | shathaf | shatha | No | shathaf | shathaf | Yes | shathaf | shathaf | Yes |
| shat | shat | Yes | shat | shat | Yes | shat | shat | Yes | shat | shat | Yes |
| shughl | fan | No | shughl | shatha | No | shughl | shathw | No | shughl | sayd | No |
| qash | qash | Yes | qash | jas | No | qash | rasha | No | qash | haf | No |
| shak | shak | Yes | shak | shat | No | shak | shak | Yes | shak | fan | No |
| nashiz | nashiz | Yes | nashiz | basata | No | nashiz | nashiz | Yes | nashiz | nashiz | Yes |
| shahy | mUthi | No | shahy | shatha | No | shahy | shathw | No | shahy | shahy | Yes |
| shajar | shajar | Yes | shajar | sajjaa | No | shajar | shajar | Yes | shajar | shajar | Yes |
| shibl | shibl | Yes | shibl | shibl | Yes | shibl | shibl | Yes | shibl | sayd | No |
| shukr | shat | No | shukr | shathw | No | shukr | shak | No | shukr | shughl | No |
| washm | washm | Yes | washm | ghasha | No | washm | wasy | No | washm | washm | Yes |
| rushida | rushida | Yes | rushida | rushida | Yes | rushida | rushida | Yes | rushida | wafy | No |
| aashudu | ghil | No | aashudu | yasudu | No | aashudu | ayn | No | aashudu | ryshi | No |
| rasha | rasha | Yes | rasha | rasha | Yes | rasha | rasha | Yes | rasha | rasha | Yes |
| rimshu | filizin | No | rimshu | rimshu | Yes | rimshu | sum | No | rimshu | min | No |
| ryshi | ryshi | Yes | ryshi | ryshi | Yes | ryshi | naasa | No | ryshi | filizin | No |
| kabshan | shaah | No | kabshan | kabshan | Yes | kabshan | kabshan | Yes | kabshan | kabshan | Yes |
| kabshun | shughl | No | kabshun | kabshun | Yes | kabshun | kabshin | No | kabshun | shughl | No |
| kabshin | shahy | No | kabshin | kabshin | Yes | kabshin | shahy | No | kabshin | fan | No |
| qasa | fasa | No | qasa | kaas | No | qasa | khasa | No | qasa | hasan | No |
| sum | sawghin | No | sum | samghi | No | sum | fan | No | sum | fan | No |
| sanaa | fadhala | No | sanaa | sanaa | Yes | sanaa | sum | No | sanaa | fahama | No |
| sah | saaf | No | sah | sah | Yes | sah | saaf | No | sah | sah | Yes |
| wasy | wasy | Yes | wasy | wasy | Yes | wasy | wafy | No | wasy | wasy | Yes |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $499$ words | Recognised word | Match | $499$ words | Recognised word | Match | $499$ <br> words | Recognised word | Match |
| suws | shams | No | suws | saaf | No | suws | malaf | No | suws | shams | No |
| sayd | shaja | No | sayd | sayd | Yes | sayd | sum | No | sayd | thiny | No |
| sihr | sharath | No | sihr | sahwa | No | sihr | fahama | No | sihr | sayd | No |
| asara | qazahin | No | asara | ghasala | No | asara | asara | Yes | asara | hasan | No |
| nusira | nasiya | No | nusira | nusira | Yes | nusira | nusira | Yes | nusira | nusira | Yes |
| yasudu | aaw | No | yasudu | yasudu | Yes | yasudu | yasudu | Yes | yasudu | basal | No |
| rasa | rasa | Yes | rasa | rasa | Yes | rasa | rasa | Yes | rasa | rasa | Yes |
| qursi | wasati | No | qursi | basata | No | qursi | wasy | No | qursi | wasy | No |
| fasun | fasun | Yes | fasun | fasun | Yes | fasun | fasun | Yes | fasun | hasan | No |
| fasa | dasa | No | fasa | sawghan | No | fasa | qazahun | No | fasa | fasun | No |
| fasin | rafaa | No | fasin | liyn | No | fasin | rafaa | No | fasin | hasan | No |
| dhaghat | sum | No | dhaghath | thama | No | dhaghath | thahar | No | dhaghath | sum | No |
| wadhaa | watan | No | wadhaa | sum | No | wadhaa | waathun | No | wadhaa | watan | No |
| dhana | dhana | Yes | dhana | daaaan | No | dhana | dhana | Yes | dhana | kahan | No |
| dhala | hudida | No | dhala | dama | No | dhala | dama | No | dhala | hudida | No |
| dhyq | daaaan | No | dhyq | daaain | No | dhyq | sum | No | dhyq | liyn | No |
| dhafar | Dafar | No | dhafar | nahata | No | dhafar | dhafar | Yes | dhafar | Dafar | No |
| dharaba | ddama | No | dharaba | nadaba | No | dharaba | nadaba | No | dharaba | fahama | No |
| dhuha | wahaji | No | dhuha | nawaha | No | dhuha | wahaji | No | dhuha | mukhi | No |
| dhidu | ghil | No | dhidu | sum | No | dhidu | sum | No | dhidu | tyn | No |
| radhiya | hudida | No | radhiya | hatala | No | radhiya | radhiya | Yes | radhiya | liyn | No |
| adhud | adhud | Yes | adhud | hudida | No | adhud | athima | No | adhud | haf | No |
| fadhala | sum | No | fadhala | fahama | No | fadhala | sum | No | fadhala | fath | No |
| maradha | nadaba | No | maradha | nadaba | No | maradha | nadaba | No | maradha | mahwu | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $499$ words | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| aradha | athara | No | aradha | thama | No | aradha | atuma | No | aradha | hafatha | No |
| aardhi | thaby | No | aardhi | qarnan | No | aardhi | sayara | No | aardhi | liyn | No |
| qardhan | tablun | No | qardhan | karnan | No | qardhan | samtan | No | qardhan | kahan | No |
| qardhun | thawbin | No | qardhun | mudun | No | qardhun | aaalamin | No | qardhun | fath | No |
| qardhin | samtun | No | qardhin | qarnan | No | qardhin | liyn | No | qardhin | liyn | No |
| taq | fath | No | taq | thaab | No | taq | fath | No | taq | fath | No |
| hatala | makana | No | hatala | sakaba | No | hatala | sum | No | hatala | fathun | No |
| tamaa | fahama | No | tamaa | thama | No | tamaa | thama | No | tamaa | thama | No |
| tib | fath | No | tib | tib | Yes | tib | fath | No | tib | tyn | No |
| tabaa | sabaqa | No | tabaa | thawbanaa | No | tabaa | faala | No | tabaa | fahama | No |
| watan | watan | Yes | watan | waathun | No | watan | waathun | No | watan | kahan | No |
| ratib | rafaa | No | ratib | samtun | No | ratib | rakadha | No | ratib | rafaa | No |
| otuf | aakala | No | otuf | aaatha | No | otuf | thulth | No | otuf | aakala | No |
| qirtu | tayu | No | qirtu | tathil | No | qirtu | sum | No | qirtu | tyn | No |
| wasati | wathafa | No | wasati | wathafa | No | wasati | wathafa | No | wasati | rafaa | No |
| basata | fasa | No | basata | ath | No | basata | bbadvakhana | No | basata | fasa | No |
| \|nuqatan | nuqatun | No | nuqatan | nuqatun | No | nuqatan | nuqatun | No | nuqatan | nuqatun | No |
| nuqatun | nuqatun | Yes | nuqatun | nuqatun | Yes | nuqatun | min | No | nuqatun | nuqatun | Yes |
| nuqatin | nuqatun | No | nuqatin | nukatun | No | nuqatin | nuqatun | No | nuqatin | liyn | No |
| thahar | fath | No | thahar | nahata | No | thahar | thahar | Yes | thahar | fath | No |
| kathu | naabu | No | kathu | fahama | No | kathu | naabu | No | kathu | naabu | No |
| wathafa | wathaba | No | wathafa | wathafa | Yes | wathafa | wathafa | Yes | wathafa | wathaba | No |
| tharf | dhana | No | tharf | thama | No | tharf | ghath | No | tharf | fath | No |
| thifr | layth | No | thifr | nathara | No | thifr | wasy | No | thifr | layth | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $499$ <br> words | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $499$ <br> words | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| thul | daaaan | No | thul | dama | No | thul | daaaun | No | thul | tyn | No |
| nathara | nadaba | No | nathara | nadaba | No | nathara | nadaba | No | nathara | hafatha | No |
| nathufa | naabu | No | nathufa | naabu | No | nathufa | nnaththufa | No | nathufa | naabu | No |
| athima | hudida | No | athima | ghatha | No | athima | hudida | No | athima | atyan | No |
| hafatha | hafatha | Yes | hafatha | hafatha | Yes | hafatha | hafatha | Yes | hafatha | hafatha | Yes |
| qaythi | sum | No | qaythi | sum | No | qaythi | sum | No | qaythi | qaae | No |
| hathu | ghil | No | hathu | habasa | No | hathu | fath | No | hathu | ghil | No |
| waathan | waadan | No | waathan | waathun | No | waathan | waathun | No | waathan | fan | No |
| waathun | thihni | No | waathun | watan | No | waathun | daaun | No | waathun | tyn | No |
| waathin | liyn | No | waathin | watan | No | waathin | waadan | No | waathin | liyn | No |
| athal | fathin | No | athal | athal | Yes | athal | athin | No | athal | ath | No |
| saaf | fahama | No | saaf | thahar | No | saaf | ghath | No | saaf | sihr | No |
| atash | atash | Yes | atash | atash | Yes | atash | atash | Yes | atash | atash | Yes |
| aks | haka | No | aks | ath | No | aks | haka | No | aks | kanzi | No |
| aqr | sum | No | aqr | aqr | Yes | aqr | sum | No | aqr | saer | No |
| ayn | ayn | Yes | ayn | ayn | Yes | ayn | ayn | Yes | ayn | ayn | Yes |
| ejl | wafy | No | ejl | sum | No | ejl | sum | No | ejl | wafy | No |
| omr | ayn | No | omr | fahama | No | omr | aamal | No | omr | kahan | No |
| saer | sanaa | No | saer | saaal | No | saer | sayara | No | saer | sayd | No |
| naasa | qasa | No | naasa | naasa | Yes | naasa | naasa | Yes | naasa | hasan | No |
| naoma | naoma | Yes | naoma | dama | No | naoma | naoma | Yes | naoma | yad | No |
| wasia | wasia | Yes | wasia | nasiya | No | wasia | wasia | Yes | wasia | wasia | Yes |
| qaae | zaky | No | qaae | saaal | No | qaae | saaal | No | qaae | ayn | No |
| saao | saaal | No | saao | sahwa | No | saao | saaal | No | saao | sawghan | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| wariaan | waathun | No | wariaan | waathun | No | wariaan | wariaan | Yes | wariaan | atyan | No |
| wariaun | wariain | No | wariaun | wariaan | No | wariaun | atyun | No | wariaun | tyn | No |
| wariain | dhaaaa | No | wariain | waadan | No | wariain | waDthaaaa | No | wariain | watan | No |
| ghajar | haja | No | ghajar | ghatha | No | ghajar | ghajar | Yes | ghajar | taghiya | No |
| ghatha | rad | No | ghatha | sanami | No | ghatha | ghadh | No | ghatha | ghadh | No |
| ghasha | rasha | No | ghasha | nashiz | No | ghasha | rasha | No | ghasha | layth | No |
| ghadh | rathi | No | ghadh | naabu | No | ghadh | rad | No | ghadh | rathi | No |
| ghafiya | ayiya | No | ghafiya | rafaa | No | ghafiya | wasia | No | ghafiya | tyn | No |
| gharaqa | alafun | No | gharaqa | ghata | No | gharaqa | alafan | No | gharaqa | alafun | No |
| ghaythu | hudida | No | ghaythu | sum | No | ghaythu | ghanamu | No | ghaythu | thawy | No |
| ghata | sum | No | ghata | sah | No | ghata | dhafar | No | ghata | thul | No |
| ghadara | ghaddara | No | ghadara | nadaba | No | ghadara | nadaba | No | ghadara | ghaddara | No |
| ghusn | nashiz | No | ghusn | rusul | No | ghusn | hasan | No | ghusn | orsin | No |
| ghil | min | No | ghil | liyn | No | ghil | tyn | No | ghil | tyn | No |
| saghura | sahwa | No | saghura | sahwa | No | saghura | fadhala | No | saghura | fath | No |
| raghad | raghaad | No | raghad | nadaba | No | raghad | raghad | Yes | raghad | fahama | No |
| taghiya | hudida | No | taghiya | fadhala | No | taghiya | hudida | No | taghiya | thaby | No |
| maragha | mahdi | No | maragha | mahdi | No | maragha | nadaba | No | maragha | dama | No |
| sadghu | naabu | No | sadghu | fadhala | No | sadghu | fath | No | sadghu | fath | No |
| samghi | samghi | Yes | samghi | samghi | Yes | samghi | samghi | Yes | samghi | samghi | Yes |
| sawgha | sawghin | No | sawghan | samtun | No | sawghan | thawbun | No | sawghan | hay | No |
| sawghu | samtun | No | sawghun | samtan | No | sawghun | ayn | No | sawghun | ayn | No |
| sawghin | fathin | No | sawghin | samtun | No | sawghin | thawbun | No | sawghin | sahw | No |
| haf | haf | Yes | haf | rathi | No | haf | haf | Yes | haf | haf | Yes |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| wafy | wafy | Yes | wafy | rafaa | No | wafy | wafy | Yes | wafy | liyn | No |
| malaf | malaf | Yes | malaf | sum | No | malaf | malaf | Yes | malaf | malaf | Yes |
| faka | tyn | No | faka | ham | No | faka | tyn | No | faka | wafy | No |
| fan | min | No | fan | fan | Yes | fan | fan | Yes | fan | min | No |
| fijl | sum | No | fijl | fathun | No | fijl | sum | No | fijl | layth | No |
| furn | watan | No | furn | fahama | No | furn | watan | No | furn | yin | No |
| faala | fahama | No | faala | dhana | No | faala | fahama | No | faala | fahama | No |
| rafaa | rasa | No | rafaa | rahufa | No | rafaa | rasa | No | rafaa | rasa | No |
| dafira | biraku | No | dafira | ghafiya | No | dafira | ghasala | No | dafira | biraku | No |
| afwu | min | No | afwu | hasan | No | afwu | afwu | Yes | afwu | min | No |
| sharafa | sharafa | Yes | sharafa | sharafa | Yes | sharafa | sharafa | Yes | sharafa | sharafa | Yes |
| tarafi | liyn | No | tarafi | alafan | No | tarafi | fasun | No | tarafi | liyn | No |
| khalfu | samtun | No | khalfu | samtun | No | khalfu | samtun | No | khalfu | fan | No |
| alafan | alafin | No | alafan | alafan | Yes | alafan | alafan | Yes | alafan | alafin | No |
| alafun | sum | No | alafun | allafun | No | alafun | aaalafun | No | alafun | sum | No |
| alafin | liyn | No | alafin | allafan | No | alafin | aaalafan | No | alafin | liyn | No |
| sujuq | shibl | No | sujuq | sada | No | sujuq | khajal | No | sujuq | wafy | No |
| qulw | wariain | No | qulw | aamil | No | qulw | aamil | No | qulw | sayd | No |
| daqaka | haka | No | daqaka | daqaka | Yes | daqaka | haka | No | daqaka | rathi | No |
| qalam | qaarnan | No | qalam | qarnan | No | qalam | qarnan | No | qalam | qaarnan | No |
| qidr | sum | No | qidr | sum | No | qidr | sayd | No | qidr | sayd | No |
| quda | sum | No | quda | rakiba | No | quda | sum | No | quda | sum | No |
| saqata | saqata | Yes | saqata | sabaqa | No | saqata | sakaba | No | saqata | saqata | Yes |
| fuqida | wujida | No | fuqida | thabata | No | fuqida | sum | No | fuqida | hibr | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| thaqula | makuna | No | thaqula | makuna | No | thaqula | rakala | No | thaqula | makuna | No |
| sabaqa | sabaqa | Yes | sabaqa | sabaqa | Yes | sabaqa | sabaqa | Yes | sabaqa | sabaqa | Yes |
| abaqa | athima | No | abaqa | habasa | No | abaqa | abaqa | Yes | abaqa | athima | No |
| ghasaqu | masaha | No | ghasaqu | sum | No | ghasaqu | qazahun | No | ghasaqu | rasa | No |
| barqan | bbathaakhun | No | barqan | ayn | No | barqan | bathakhin | No | barqan | bbathaakhun | No |
| barqun | yin | No | barqun | alafin | No | barqun | bathakhun | No | barqun | yin | No |
| barqin | liyn | No | barqin | bathakhin | No | barqin | bathakhin | No | barqin | tyn | No |
| rakadha | rakala | No | rakadha | sakaba | No | rakadha | sakaba | No | rakadha | rakala | No |
| jaraka | jawzu | No | jaraka | sum | No | jaraka | jaraka | Yes | jaraka | fahama | No |
| kawa | thala | No | kawa | fahama | No | kawa | qalam | No | kawa | thala | No |
| kahan | daaain | No | kahan | kahan | Yes | kahan | kahan | Yes | kahan | daaain | No |
| kalb | dhaaaa | No | kalb | qarnan | No | kalb | qalam | No | kalb | dhaaaa | No |
| kiys | kiys | Yes | kiys | saaf | No | kiys | sum | No | kiys | mawz | No |
| kuwa | thala | No | kuwa | qalam | No | kuwa | qalam | No | kuwa | mahwu | No |
| rakiba | dhidu | No | rakiba | rakadha | No | rakiba | rakadha | No | rakiba | hibr | No |
| rakaa | haka | No | rakaa | makana | No | rakaa | rakala | No | rakaa | haka | No |
| makuna | wana | No | makuna | makuna | Yes | makuna | makuna | Yes | makuna | wana | No |
| haraka | harrasa | No | haraka | haka | No | haraka | fahama | No | haraka | fahama | No |
| biraku | biraku | Yes | biraku | bathakhin | No | biraku | biraku | Yes | biraku | tyn | No |
| samaki | sanaa | No | samaki | samtun | No | samaki | samaki | Yes | samaki | samaki | Yes |
| silkan | samtun | No | silkan | samtun | No | silkan | samtun | No | silkan | sayd | No |
| silkun | tablin | No | silkun | samtan | No | silkun | samtan | No | silkun | tablin | No |
| silkin | samghi | No | silkin | samtun | No | silkin | samtun | No | silkin | samghi | No |
| layth | dhaaaa | No | layth | sum | No | layth | sum | No | layth | jady | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $499$ <br> words | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $499$ words | Recognised word | Match |
| liyn | naasa | No | liyn | daaain | No | liyn | ayn | No | liyn | liyn | Yes |
| lumat | numuw | No | lumat | naoma | No | lumat | naoma | No | lumat | naoma | No |
| oluw | wariaun | No | oluw | hunuw | No | oluw | hunuw | No | oluw | hunuw | No |
| ghalaa | dhana | No | ghalaa | ghatha | No | ghalaa | tahana | No | ghalaa | dhana | No |
| jaliy | jady | No | jaliy | sum | No | jaliy | jaliy | Yes | jaliy | sayd | No |
| daghlu | ghanamu | No | daghlu | daaaan | No | daghlu | ghanamu | No | daghlu | ghanamu | No |
| amali | qarnin | No | amali | alafan | No | amali | aamal | No | amali | qarnin | No |
| tablan | min | No | tablan | tablun | No | tablan | athin | No | tablan | fath | No |
| tablun | ghil | No | tablun | qazahun | No | tablun | thawbun | No | tablun | ghil | No |
| tablin | liyn | No | tablin | fathun | No | tablin | fukthida | No | tablin | liyn | No |
| ham | min | No | ham | sum | No | ham | fan | No | ham | min | No |
| yawm | ghil | No | yawm | sanami | No | yawm | saaal | No | yawm | ghil | No |
| mawz | mahwu | No | mawz | mahwu | No | mawz | mahwu | No | mawz | mahwu | No |
| min | min | Yes | min | liyn | No | min | liyn | No | min | min | Yes |
| aamil | qarnin | No | aamil | aamal | No | aamil | qarnan | No | aamil | sayd | No |
| amala | khamana | No | amala | amala | Yes | amala | amala | Yes | amala | ham | No |
| numuw | numuw | Yes | numuw | numuw | Yes | numuw | numuw | Yes | numuw | numuw | Yes |
| fahama | fahama | Yes | fahama | fahama | Yes | fahama | fahama | Yes | fahama | fahama | Yes |
| ghanam | ghanamu | Yes | ghanamu | ghanamu | Yes | ghanamu | ghanamu | Yes | ghanamu | qarnin | No |
| sanami | fathin | No | sanami | sanami | Yes | sanami | samtun | No | sanami | fathun | No |
| alaman | alaman | Yes | alaman | alamun | No | alaman | alafan | No | alaman | alaman | Yes |
| alamun | tablun | No | alamun | alaman | No | alamun | alaman | No | alamun | qarnin | No |
| alamin | qarnin | No | alamin | alamun | No | alamin | alamin | Yes | alamin | tyn | No |
| wana | wana | Yes | wana | wana | Yes | wana | wana | Yes | wana | wana | Yes |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $499$ words | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $499$ <br> words | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| nahr | min | No | nahr | nahata | No | nahr | nahata | No | nahr | min | No |
| nibr | nibr | Yes | nibr | nathara | No | nibr | nibr | Yes | nibr | ghaythu | No |
| nuwr | mahwu | No | nuwr | naoma | No | nuwr | mahwu | No | nuwr | mahwu | No |
| fanar | fahama | No | fanar | fahama | No | fanar | fahama | No | fanar | fahama | No |
| saniya | saniya | Yes | saniya | sanaa | No | saniya | sanniya | No | saniya | sayd | No |
| hunuw | qarnin | No | hunuw | aamil | No | hunuw | hunuw | Yes | hunuw | aamil | No |
| makana | min | No | makana | thama | No | makana | fahama | No | makana | min | No |
| nahnu | numuw | No | nahnu | sum | No | nahnu | nahata | No | nahnu | numuw | No |
| thihni | daaaan | No | thihni | ayn | No | thinni | daaain | No | thinni | wafy | No |
| qarnan | qarnin | No | qarnan | qarnan | Yes | qarnan | qarnan | Yes | qarnan | qarnin | No |
| qarnun | karnan | No | qarnun | karnan | No | qarnun | faan | No | qarnun | sayd | No |
| qarnin | min | No | qarnin | karnun | No | qarnin | daain | No | qarnin | fathun | No |
| gharahu | sahw | No | gharahu | ghanamu | No | gharahu | ghanamu | No | gharahu | sahw | No |
| thalahu | ghanamu | No | thalahu | faala | No | thalahu | gghannamu | No | thalahu | ghanamu | No |
| hir | sayara | No | hir | tyn | No | hir | sayara | No | hir | tyn | No |
| hawas | malaf | No | hawas | haf | No | hawas | malaf | No | hawas | hawas | Yes |
| huwid | wujida | No | huwid | wujida | No | huwid | wasia | No | huwid | mahwu | No |
| rahiba | hudida | No | rahiba | rahiba | Yes | rahiba | zaama | No | rahiba | rad | No |
| rahufa | sahw | No | rahufa | rahufa | Yes | rahufa | rahufa | Yes | rahufa | mahwu | No |
| qahara | ghata | No | qahara | qahara | Yes | qahara | qahara | Yes | qahara | fath | No |
| nawaha | nawaha | Yes | nawaha | nawaha | Yes | nawaha | nawaha | Yes | nawaha | mahwu | No |
| minhu | minhu | Yes | minhu | munthu | No | minhu | sum | No | minhu | min | No |
| fyhi | kiys | No | fyhi | sum | No | fyhi | ayn | No | fyhi | tyn | No |
| jaahan | jaahin | No | jaahan | jaahun | No | jaahan | jaahin | No | jaahan | jaahin | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| jaahun | tablun | No | jaahun | jaahun | Yes | jaahun | jaahun | Yes | jaahun | tablun | No |
| jaahin | daaain | No | jaahin | jaahin | Yes | jaahin | jaahin | Yes | jaahin | daaain | No |
| witr | wafy | No | witr | wafy | No | witr | wafy | No | witr | wafy | No |
| wujida | wujida | Yes | wujida | wujida | Yes | wujida | wasia | No | wujida | shahy | No |
| aawidu | ghil | No | aawidu | sum | No | aawidu | ghil | No | aawidu | aawidu | Yes |
| thawuw | DuUl | No | thawuw | daahu | No | thawuw | dahrrun | No | thawuw | ghil | No |
| mahwu | marahu | No | mahwu | nahata | No | mahwu | nahata | No | mahwu | marahu | No |
| lahwi | lahwi | Yes | lahwi | lahwi | Yes | lahwi | lahwi | Yes | lahwi | ayn | No |
| sahwa | sahwa | Yes | sahwa | sahwa | Yes | sahwa | sahwa | Yes | sahwa | fijl | No |
| jarwan | tablun | No | jarwan | daaaun | No | jarwan | jaahun | No | jarwan | juhd | No |
| jarwun | jarwun | Yes | jarwun | daaaan | No | jarwun | daaun | No | jarwun | sayd | No |
| jarwin | jaliy | No | jarwin | sum | No | jarwin | jjaliy | No | jarwin | jaliy | No |
| yad | yad | Yes | yad | yad | Yes | yad | yad | Yes | yad | yin | No |
| yusr | mawz | No | yusr | yasudu | No | yusr | sum | No | yusr | mawz | No |
| yin | min | No | yin | liyn | No | yin | yin | Yes | yin | yin | Yes |
| sayara | shaja | No | sayara | faala | No | sayara | sayara | Yes | sayara | fahama | No |
| ayiya | sum | No | ayiya | ayiya | Yes | ayiya | atyan | No | ayiya | ayiya | Yes |
| sawyi | thawy | No | sawyi | saaal | No | sawyi | jarwin | No | sawyi | sayd | No |
| tayu | saaal | No | tayu | ayiya | No | tayu | sum | No | tayu | liyn | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ | Recognised word | Match |
| hayuUa | hayuUa | Yes | hayuUa | sum | No | hayuUa | sum | No | hayuUa | hayuUa | Yes |
| atyan | atyan | Yes | atyan | ham | No | atyan | atyan | Yes | atyan | sayd | No |
| atyun | samtun | No | atyun | atyan | No | atyun | atyun | Yes | atyun | samtun | No |
| atyin | atyun | No | atyin | afwu | No | atyin | taaqy | No | atyin | atyun | No |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { No. of } \\ \text { recognised } \\ \text { words } \end{array}$ | 93 |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { No. of } \\ \text { recognised } \\ \text { words } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 101 |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { No. of } \\ \text { recognised } \\ \text { words } \end{array}$ | 115 |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { No. of } \\ \text { recognised } \\ \text { words } \end{array}$ | 74 |
|  | average | 18.637 |  | average | 20.240 |  | average | 23.0460 |  | average | 14.829 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Average all | 19.188 |

Table 1- Alghamdi's transliteration recogntion analysis

## Appendix

Letter or diacritic alternatives to create an improvement to Alghamdi's transliterations.


| Arabic <br> letter | Name of letter | Total words | Alternatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Modified <br> English <br> letter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Alghamdi's choice |  | Alternative 1 |  | Alternative 2 |  | Alternative 3 |  |  |
|  |  |  | English letter | Recog. <br> rate (\%) | English <br> letter | Recog. <br> rate (\%) | English letter | Recog. <br> rate (\%) | English <br> letter | Recog. <br> rate (\%) |  |
| j | zain | 28 | z | 32.1 | zz | 36 | s | 31.3 |  |  | zz |
| س | seen | 64 | s | 22.3 | ss | 18 |  |  |  |  | s |
| ش | sheen | 34 | sh | 44.9 | ssh | 35 | ch | 17.6 |  |  | sh |
| ص | saad | 39 | s | 21.8 | ss | 19.9 | sf | 12.2 |  |  | s |
| ض | dhad | 30 | dh | 6.7 | ddh | 3.3 | dhv | 2.5 | th | 3.3 | dh |
| b | ta | 36 | t | 10.4 | tt | 12 |  |  |  |  | tt |
| ظ | tha | 22 | th | 12.5 | tth | 10.2 | dh | 9.1 | z | 4.5 | th |
| $\varepsilon$ | ain | 75 | a | 16 | aa | 14 | e | 13 |  |  | a |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | ghain | 34 | gh | 9.5 | g | 10.3 | q | 4.4 |  |  | g |
| فـ | faa | 57 | f | 20.6 | ff | 20 |  |  |  |  | f |


| Arabic <br> letter | Name of letter | Total words | Alternatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Modified <br> English <br> letter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Alghamdi's choice |  | Alternative 1 |  | Alternative 2 |  | Alternative 3 |  |  |
|  |  |  | English letter | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Recog. } \\ & \text { rate (\%) } \end{aligned}$ | English letter | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Recog. } \\ \text { rate (\%) } \end{array}$ | English <br> letter | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Recog. } \\ & \text { rate (\%) } \end{aligned}$ | English <br> letter | Recog. <br> rate (\%) |  |
| ق | qaaf | 51 | q | 12.3 | k | 13 | kk | 11.3 |  |  | k |
| 5 | kaaf | 43 | k | 20.9 | kk | 24.4 | q | 15.1 |  |  | kk |
| $J$ | laam | 77 | 1 | 10.1 | 11 | 12 |  |  |  |  | 11 |
| ค | meem | 62 | m | 27 | mm | 10 |  |  |  |  | m |
| ن | noon | 61 | n | 36.9 | nn | 30 |  |  |  |  | n |
| - | haa | 45 | h | 23.9 | hh | 23 |  |  |  |  | h |
| و | waaw | 71 | w | 18.3 | ww | 13 | o | 13 | oo | 11.3 | w |
| ي | yaa | 50 | y | 22 | y | 21 |  |  |  |  | Y |


| Arabic <br> letter | Name of letter | Total words | Alternatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Modified <br> English <br> letter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Alghamdi's choice |  | Alternative 1 |  | Alternative 2 |  | Alternative 3 |  |  |
|  |  |  | English <br> letter | Recog. rate (\%) | English <br> letter | Recog. rate (\%) | English <br> letter | Recog. rate (\%) | English <br> letter | Recog. <br> rate (\%) |  |
|  | Fat ha | 672 | a | 21.5 | aa | 23.4 |  |  |  |  | aa |
|  | dhamma | 150 | u | 22.7 | 0 | 14.8 | 00 | 10.7 | ou | 8 | u |
| - | kasra | 118 | i | 31.9 | e | 19.3 | ie | 8.5 | ee | 10.2 | i |

Table 1-Letter or diacritic alternatives to create an improved table to Alghamdi's transliterations.

## Appendix

## Improved SLT recognition analysis

| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \sqrt[3]{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $$ | Recognised words | 499 words | ¢ | Recognised words | 499 words | N | Recognised words | 499 words |
| No | tyn | dhaaa | No | tyn | dhaaa | No | tyn | dhaaa | No | tyn | dhaaa |
| No | ttaabllin | aaathin | No | ttaabllin | aaathin | No | ttaabllin | aaathin | No | kkaathu | aaathin |
| No | saah | saaghaa | No | faakkaa | saaghaa | No | saah | saaghaa | No | saawghun | Saaghaa |
| No | taathill | edhaa | No | sum | edhaa | No | kudaa | edhaa | Yes | edhaa | edhaa |
| No | zzaaamaa | zzaarr | No | dhaab | zzaarr | No | zzaaamaa | zzaarr | No | zzaafaa | zzaarr |
| Yes | kaas | kaas | No | omrr | kaas | No | shaams | kaas | No | faazzaa | kaas |
| No | kaarrnin | aaamaall | No | amaalli | aaamaall | No | kaarrnin | aaamaall | No | amaallaa | Aaamaall |
| No | sum | jjaatha | Yes | jjaatha | jjaatha | No | dhaaba | jjaatha | No | daasaa | jjaatha |
| No | shugll | shaah | No | shaarraath | shaah | Yes | shaah | shaah | No | shaahaadhaa | shaah |
| No | thullth | ttaaf | No | haaf | ttaaf | No | yin | ttaaf | No | zzaafaa | ttaaf |
| No | ayiyaa | haayaaaaa | No | sum | haayaaaaa | No | haayuUa | haayaaaaa | No | ath | Haayaaaaa |
| No | khaas | kkaaas | No | khaath | kkaaas | No | ghaat | kkaaas | No | khaas | kkaaas |
| No | faadh | aukht | No | thullth | aukht | No | ghill | aukht | No | faazzaa | aukht |
| No | baarrkin | baadaa | No | dhaaghaath | baadaa | No | ghaadha | baadaa | Yes | baadaa | baadaa |
| No | ghill | aaaw | No | thull | aaaw | No | ghill | aaaw | No | kaarrn | aaaw |
| No | sum | aaakkaallaa | Yes | aaakkaallaa | aaakkaallaa | No | sum | aaakkaallaa | No | maakkunaa | aaakkaallaa |
| No | saanaaa | saaaaall | No | sum | saaaaall | No | thaawbanaa | saaaaall | No | thaakullaa | Saaaaall |
| No | daaaun | dhuUlI | No | sum | dhuUll | No | daaaun | dhuUII | No | daahrrun | dhuUll |
| No | ghaaythu | baaiisaa | No | ghaaythu | baaiisaa | No | ghaaythu | baaiisaa | No | sum | baaiisaa |
| No | daama | baarraau | No | badhakon | baarraau | No | dhaaba | baarraau | No | dhaaba | baarraau |
| No | sillkkin | swai | No | saawyi | swai | No | saawyi | swai | No | suhub | swai |
| No | jjaahan | daaaan | No | daaaun | daaaan | No | daahrran | daaaan | Yes | daaaan | daaaan |
| No | jjaahin | daaaun | No | Honow | daaaun | Yes | daaaun | daaaun | Yes | daaaun | daaaun |
| No | daaaan | daaain | No | daaaan | daaain | No | daaaan | daaain | No | daaaan | daaain |
| No | waafy | thaaby | No | mUdhi | thaaby | No | maahdi | thaaby | No | sum | thaaby |
| No | dub | dhaaba | No | naabu | dhaaba | No | dhaab | dhaaba | Yes | dhaaba | dhaaba |
| No | baaiisaa | baazzaaghaa | No | faasin | baazzaaghaa | No | baaiisaa | baazzaaghaa | No | baaiisaa | baazzaaghaa |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \underset{3}{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathbf{n}} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{2} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathbf{N}} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| Yes | baasaall | baasaall | Yes | baasaall | baasaall | No | naasaab | baasaall | Yes | baasaall | baasaall |
| No | daaahu | baahaak | No | sum | baahaak | No | sum | baahaak | No | daafirraa | baahaak |
| Yes | khaabaatt | khaabaatt | Yes | khaabaatt | khaabaatt | No | kaadhaaa | khaabaatt | No | haabaasaa | khaabaatt |
| No | ghaadh | kkaabaa | No | khaath | kkaabaa | Yes | kkaabaa | kkaabaa | No | dhaaba | kkaabaa |
| No | daama | dhaanb | No | zzaand | dhaanb | Yes | dhaanb | dhaanb | No | daaaun | dhaanb |
| Yes | baashimaa | baashimaa | No | sum | baashimaa | Yes | baashimaa | baashimaa | Yes | baashimaa | baashimaa |
| No | subull | saabaa | No | sum | saabaa | Yes | saabaa | saabaa | No | saah | saabaa |
| Yes | faarraabu | faarraabu | Yes | faarraabu | faarraabu | Yes | faarraabu | faarraabu | No | min | faarraabu |
| Yes | naasaab | naasaab | Yes | naasaab | naasaab | Yes | naasaab | naasaab | Yes | naasaab | naasaab |
| Yes | waajijibaa | waajijibaa | Yes | waajjibaa | waajijibaa | Yes | waajijibaa | waajijibaa | Yes | waajijibaa | waajijibaa |
| No | sum | thaabaataa | No | ttaabllin | thaabaataa | No | rraakkaaa | thaabaataa | No | khaasaafaa | thaabaataa |
| Yes | baattaallaa | baattaallaa | No | ghaafiyaa | baattaallaa | No | maakkaanaa | baattaallaa | No | ghaasaallaa | baattaallaa |
| No | rryshi | bishrr | No | dhirrs | bishrr | No | ghaashaa | bishrr | No | naashizz | bishrr |
| No | min | burrij | No | sum | burrij | No | daaaun | burrjj | Yes | burrjj | burrjj |
| Yes | jjubillaa | jjubillaa | No | sum | jjubillaa | No | rraadhiyaa | jjubillaa | Yes | jjubillaa | jjubillaa |
| Yes | rraabaattaa | rraabaattaa | Yes | rraabaattaa | rraabaattaa | Yes | rraabaattaa | rraabaattaa | No | waathaafaa | rraabaattaa |
| Yes | subull | subull | No | sillkkun | subull | No | saamtun | subull | No | saamtun | subull |
| Yes | haallaabaa | haallaabaa | Yes | haallaabaa | haallaabaa | No | naadaabaa | haallaabaa | Yes | haallaabaa | haallaabaa |
| No | kaaythi | kaallbi | No | thiny | kaallbi | No | kaaythi | kaallbi | No | kkaanzzi | kaallbi |
| Yes | naabu | naabu | Yes | naabu | naabu | Yes | naabu | naabu | Yes | naabu | naabu |
| No | saawghun | thaawbanaa | No | saawghun | thaawbanaa | No | ttaabllin | thaawbanaa | No | thaawbun | thaawbanaa |
| No | ayn | thaawbun | No | thulluthun | thaawbun | No | thaawbin | thaawbun | No | thaawbin | thaawbun |
| No | saawgan | thaawbin | No | allaafin | thaawbin | No | saadaa | thaawbin | Yes | thaawbin | thaawbin |
| No | thaakhn | taaht | No | kaash | taaht | No | sum | taaht | No | saahw | taaht |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3} \\ & \stackrel{3}{\mathbf{0}} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{3} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{\substack{3 \\ \stackrel{3}{3}}}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{\substack{3 \\ \stackrel{\sim}{3} \\ \sim}}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| Yes | dhaamaat | dhaamaat | Yes | dhaamaat | dhaamaat | No | dhaamaa | dhaamaat | Yes | dhaamaat | dhaamaat |
| No | ttaabllin | taathill | No | ttaabllin | taathill | No | ttaabllin | taathill | No | thaawbun | taathill |
| Yes | saattaat | saattaat | Yes | saattaat | saattaat | No | saakkaat | saattaat | Yes | saattaat | saattaat |
| No | ghaat | saakkaat | No | ghaat | saakkaat | No | ghaat | saakkaat | No | khaath | saakkaat |
| Yes | dhaarraat | dhaarraat | Yes | dhaarraat | dhaarraat | Yes | dhaarraat | dhaarraat | No | daama | dhaarraat |
| Yes | haazzaat | haazzaat | Yes | haazzaat | haazzaat | Yes | haazzaat | haazzaat | No | faazzaa | haazzaat |
| No | shaajjaa | shaadaat | No | shaajjaa | shaadaat | Yes | shaadaat | shaadaat | No | yin | shaadaat |
| Yes | thaanaat | thaanaat | Yes | thaanaat | thaanaat | Yes | thaanaat | thaanaat | No | ghaadha | thaanaat |
| No | ghaat | jjaafaat | Yes | jjaafaat | jjaafaat | Yes | jjaafaat | jjaafaat | No | dhaafaarr | jjaafaat |
| No | taathill | otw | No | taathill | otw | No | saamtan | otw | No | taathill | otw |
| Yes | ghaat | ghaat | No | sum | ghaat | Yes | ghaat | ghaat | No | faanaarr | ghaat |
| No | dhaakky | taaky | No | dhaakky | taaky | No | rraakkaaa | taaky | No | sum | taaky |
| No | thull | taamrr | No | saamtan | taamrr | No | dhaamaat | taamrr | No | saamghi | taamrr |
| Yes | tyn | tyn | No | lliyn | tyn | No | kkiys | tyn | No | mudun | tyn |
| No | dhuUll | twt | No | thullaat | twt | No | sum | twt | No | ttaaf | twt |
| No | haattaamaa | kaataallaa | No | maakkaanaa | kaataallaa | No | haattaamaa | kaataallaa | No | aaadhunaa | kaataallaa |
| No | sillkkin | sutirraa | Yes | sutirraa | sutirraa | Yes | sutirraa | sutirraa | Yes | sutirraa | sutirraa |
| No | haattaamaa | atumaa | Yes | atumaa | atumaa | No | aaadhunaa | atumaa | No | sum | atumaa |
| No | sillkkan | yumitu | No | sum | yumitu | No | thull | yumitu | No | thull | yumitu |
| No | dhaakky | yaakhti | No | dhaakky | yaakhti | No | dhaakky | yaakhti | No | llaayth | yaakhti |
| Yes | naahaataa | naahaataa | No | saamtan | naahaataa | Yes | naahaataa | naahaataa | No | maakkaathaa | naahaataa |
| Yes | saamtun | saamtun | Yes | saamtun | saamtun | No | saamtan | saamtun | Yes | saamtun | saamtun |
| No | Samton | saamtan | No | Samton | saamtan | No | saamtun | saamtan | Yes | saamtan | saamtan |
| Yes | saamtin | saamtin | No | saamtan | saamtin | No | saamtan | saamtin | No | saamtan | saamtin |
| No | saaaf | thullth | No | thaarrf | thullth | No | daaf | thullth | No | dhaanaa | thullth |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3} \\ & \stackrel{3}{\mathbf{0}} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{3} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{\substack{3 \\ \stackrel{3}{3}}}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{\substack{3 \\ \stackrel{\sim}{3} \\ \sim}}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| No | ottuf | thaakaaf | No | dhaaghaath | thaakaaf | No | dhaaghaath | thaakaaf | Yes | thaakaaf | thaakaaf |
| No | dhaaghaath | maakkaathaa | Yes | maakkaathaa | maakkaathaa | No | maakkaanaa | maakkaathaa | No | naathufaa | maakkaathaa |
| Yes | ghaath | ghaath | Yes | ghaath | ghaath | No | rraad | ghaath | Yes | ghaath | ghaath |
| Yes | haadaath | haadaath | No | sum | haadaath | Yes | haadaath | haadaath | Yes | haadaath | haadaath |
| Yes | shaarraath | shaarraath | No | shaadaat | shaarraath | No | shaathaaf | shaarraath | No | shaah | shaarraath |
| No | haaf | ath | No | Aath | ath | No | haaf | ath | Yes | ath | ath |
| No | saawyi | thaawy | No | saawyi | thaawy | No | saadaa | thaawy | No | sum | thaawy |
| Yes | thaakhn | thaakhn | No | faadhun | thaakhn | Yes | thaakhn | thaakhn | No | kkaahaan | thaakhn |
| No | taathill | baathaahu | No | ghaasaallaa | baathaahu | No | dhaawuw | baathaahu | No | dhaakhaahu | baathaahu |
| Yes | thaabaattaa | thaabaattaa | Yes | thaabaattaa | thaabaattaa | Yes | thaabaattaa | thaabaattaa | Yes | thaabaattaa | thaabaattaa |
| Yes | thaajjaa | thaajjaa | No | sum | thaajjaa | No | dhaajjaa | thaajjaa | No | shaatt | thaajjaa |
| No | tyn | thiny | No | saaniyaa | thiny | No | shaahy | thiny | No | sum | thiny |
| No | faaallaa | thullaat | No | faaallaa | thullaat | No | waanaa | thullaat | No | faaallaa | thullaat |
| No | waasia | waathaabaa | Yes | waathaabaa | waathaabaa | Yes | waathaabaa | waathaabaa | Yes | waathaabaa | waathaabaa |
| No | fillizzin | othirraa | No | fillizzin | othirraa | No | waasia | othirraa | No | sum | othirraa |
| No | taathill | jjuthw | No | sum | jjuthw | No | taathill | jjuthw | No | dhaakhaahu | jjuthw |
| No | haathu | aaathaa | No | haathu | aaathaa | No | haakkaa | aaathaa | No | kaasaa | aaathaa |
| Yes | rraathi | rraathi | Yes | rraathi | rraathi | No | waafy | rraathi | No | Ilaayth | rraathi |
| Yes | baathu | baathu | No | ghaaythu | baathu | No | baasaall | baathu | Yes | baathu | baathu |
| No | fillizzin | thulluthin | No | kaarrdhun | thulluthin | No | fillizzan | thulluthin | No | saamtan | thulluthin |
| No | thulluthin | thulluthun | No | fillizzan | thulluthun | No | fillizzin | thulluthun | No | fillizzun | thulluthun |
| No | fillizzin | thulluthan | No | haasaan | thulluthan | No | fillizzan | thulluthan | No | saamtan | thulluthan |
| Yes | Ilujaaaj | Ilujaaaj | Yes | Ilujaaaj | Ilujaaaj | Yes | Ilujaaajj | Ilujaaajj | Yes | Ilujaaajj | Ilujaaaj |
| Yes | jjaarraakkaa | jjaarraakkaa | Yes | jjaarraakkaa | jjaarraakkaa | Yes | jjaarraakkaa | jjaarraakkaa | Yes | jjaarraakkaa | jjaarraakkaa |
| No | baattaallaa | dhaajjaa | No | sum | dhaajjaa | Yes | dhaajjaa | dhaajjaa | No | dhaaba | dhaajjaa |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 <br> $\stackrel{3}{7}$ <br>  | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| Yes | jjaas | jjaas | Yes | jjaas | jjaas | No | ghaath | jjaas | Yes | jjaas | jjaas |
| No | ttaajjaan | khaajjaall | No | faadhin | khaajjaall | No | faadhin | khaajjaall | No | faadhanaa | khaajjaall |
| No | shaahaadhaa | jjaahaathaa | No | jjaahun | jjaahaathaa | No | dhaakhaahu | jjaahaathaa | Yes | jjaahaathaa | jjaahaathaa |
| No | ewaajijin | ttaajjaan | Yes | ttaajjaan | ttaajjaan | No | faadhin | ttaajjaan | No | faadhanaa | ttaajjaan |
| Yes | shaajjaa | shaajjaa | Yes | shaajjaa | shaajjaa | Yes | shaajjaa | shaajjaa | No | daaahu | shaajjaa |
| Yes | ajjaazzaa | ajjaazzaa | Yes | ajjaazzaa | ajjaazzaa | No | faadhanaa | ajjaazzaa | Yes | ajjaazzaa | ajjaazzaa |
| No | sujjuk | saajjaaa | No | sum | saajjaaa | No | thaajaa | saajjaaa | No | thaajjaa | saajaaa |
| No | jjuthw | jjudhm | No | jjuhd | jjudhm | No | daagll | jjudhm | No | sum | jjudhm |
| No | dhaakky | jjaady | No | dhakky | jjaady | No | sum | jjaady | No | dhaakky | jjaady |
| No | jjuzzurr | jjaazzaa | Yes | jjaazzaa | jjaazzaa | No | kaazzaah | jjaazzaa | Yes | jjaazzaa | jjaazzaa |
| No | tyn | haajjaa | Yes | haajjaa | haajjaa | No | ttaajjaan | haajjaa | No | kkaabshan | haajjaa |
| Yes | jjaawk | jjaawk | Yes | jjaawk | jjaawk | No | ghill | jjaawk | No | sum | jjaawk |
| No | sum | jjaamaall | Yes | jjaamaall | jjaamaall | No | daahrrun | jjaamaall | No | ghaanaamu | jjaamaall |
| Yes | ijuhd | jjuhd | No | jjaafaat | jjuhd | No | dub | jjuhd | No | ghill | jjuhd |
| No | ghill | jjidu | No | sum | jjidu | No | ghaadh | jjidu | No | naabu | jjidu |
| No | wujijidaa | waajjaadaa | No | waajijibaa | waajjaadaa | Yes | waajjaadaa | waajjaadaa | No | naadaabaa | waajjaadaa |
| Yes | aaajijidu | aaajijidu | Yes | aaajijidu | aaajijidu | Yes | aaajidu | aaajiidu | Yes | aaajidu | aaajjidu |
| Yes | hujjub | hujjub | No | sum | hujjub | No | sum | hujjub | Yes | hujjub | hujjub |
| No | dhaajjaa | daarraajjaa | No | ghaajjaarr | daarraajjaa | No | dhaajjaa | daarraajjaa | No | ghaadha | daarraajjaa |
| Yes | saarriju | saarriju | No | khaajjaall | saarriju | No | saamtan | saarriju | No | saamtan | saarriju |
| Yes | waahaajji | waahaajji | Yes | waahaajji | waahaajji | Yes | waahaajji | waahaajji | Yes | waahaajij | waahaajii |
| No | ewaajijin | ewaajjan | No | aaawidu | ewaajjan | No | arraadhaa | ewaajjan | No | waaadun | ewaajjan |
| Yes | ewaajjun | ewaajjun | No | sum | ewaajuun | No | aaadhunaa | ewaajjun | No | waaadan | ewaajjun |
| Yes | ewaajjin | ewaajjin | Yes | ewaajijin | ewaajjin | No | aaajidu | ewaajijin | No | sum | ewaajjin |
| No | thaabaattaa | haadhaarraa | No | haamaallaa | haadhaarraa | No | haabaasaa | haadhaarraa | No | haattaamaa | haadhaarraa |


| $\begin{aligned} & \overrightarrow{3} \\ & \underset{\sim}{?} \\ & \underset{\sim}{7} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No | sum | kaazzaah | No | haazzaat | kaazzaah | No | faazzaa | kaazzaah | No | sum | kaazzaah |
| Yes | suhuf | suhuf | Yes | suhuf | suhuf | No | suhub | suhuf | Yes | suhuf | suhuf |
| No | haathu | haadhw | No | haathu | haadhw | Yes | haadhw | haadhw | No | khaadukk | haadhw |
| Yes | haattaamaa | haattaamaa | Yes | haattaamaa | haattaamaa | No | daama | haattaamaa | No | daama | haattaamaa |
| Yes | haasaan | haasaan | No | faasin | haasaan | Yes | haasaan | haasaan | Yes | haasaan | haasaan |
| No | sum | haakkaa | Yes | haakkaa | haakkaa | No | dhaanaa | haakkaa | No | khaath | haakkaa |
| No | ghaanaamu | haallaahu | Yes | haallaahu | haallaahu | No | sum | haallaahu | Yes | haallaahu | haallaahu |
| No | fyhi | haay | No | thiny | haay | Yes | haay | haay | No | haadaath | haay |
| No | faadhanaa | haamaallaa | Yes | haamaallaa | haamaallaa | No | khaamaanaa | haamaallaa | No | khaamaanaa | haamaallaa |
| Yes | hibrr | hibrr | Yes | hibrr | hibrr | No | naabu | hibrr | Yes | hibrr | hibrr |
| Yes | husn | husn | No | faasun | husn | No | faasin | husn | No | haasaan | husn |
| Yes | ttaahaanaa | ttaahaanaa | No | kaahaarraa | ttaahaanaa | Yes | ttaahaanaa | ttaahaanaa | Yes | ttaahaanaa | ttaahaanaa |
| Yes | suhub | suhub | Yes | suhub | suhub | Yes | suhub | suhub | Yes | suhub | suhub |
| Yes | yaahillu | yaahillu | No | sum | yaahillu | No | dhiib | yaahillu | No | faahaamaa | yaahillu |
| Yes | maasaahaa | maasaahaa | Yes | maasaahaa | maasaahaa | Yes | maasaahaa | maasaahaa | Yes | maasaahaa | maasaahaa |
| No | ttaarraafi | faarraahi | No | sum | faarraahi | No | shaahy | faarraahi | No | thaahaarraa | faarraahi |
| Yes | maarraahu | maarraahu | Yes | maarraahu | maarraahu | Yes | maarraahu | maarraahu | No | yaahillu | maarraahu |
| No | kaazzaahun | kaazzaahanaa | No | kaazzaahun | kaazzaahanaa | No | kaazzaahun | kaazzaahanaa | No | kaazzaahun | kaazzaahanaa |
| Yes | kaazzaahin | kaazzaahin | No | kazzaHen | kaazzaahin | No | waadhaaa | kaazzaahin | No | waadhaaa | kaazzaahin |
| Yes | kaazzaahun | kaazzaahun | No | kazzaHon | kaazzaahun | Yes | kaazzaahun | kaazzaahun | Yes | kaazzaahun | kaazzaahun |
| Yes | dhaakhaahu | dhaakhaahu | Yes | dhaakhaahu | dhaakhaahu | Yes | dhaakhaahu | dhaakhaahu | Yes | dhaakhaahu | dhaakhaahu |
| No | faadh | khaadukk | No | faadh | khaadukk | No | faadh | khaadukk | No | sum | khaadukk |
| No | haaf | khaath | No | sum | khaath | No | haaf | khaath | No | ghaath | khaath |
| Yes | khaashaaa | khaashaaa | No | sum | khaashaaa | No | rraashaa | khaashaaa | No | haazzaat | khaashaaa |
| No | faasun | khaasaa | No | faasun | khaasaa | No | faasaa | khaasaa | No | kaasaa | khaasaa |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \underset{3}{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathbf{n}} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\mathbf{3}}{\mathbf{0}} \\ & \stackrel{n}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |  | Recognised words | 499 words |
| No | daafirraa | dhaakhaarraa | No | naahaataa | dhaakhaarraa | No | naahaataa | dhaakhaarraa | No | daakaakkaa | dhaakhaarraa |
| No | khaasaafaa | khaazzaakaa | No | kaazzaahun | khaazzaakaa | Yes | khaazzaakaa | khaazzaakaa | Yes | khaazzaakaa | khaazzaakaa |
| Yes | khaasaafaa | khaasaafaa | Yes | khaasaafaa | khaasaafaa | Yes | khaasaafaa | khaasaafaa | Yes | khaasaafaa | khaasaafaa |
| No | faadhanaa | khaamaanaa | No | haamaallaa | khaamaanaa | No | dhaamaa | khaamaanaa | Yes | khaamaanaa | khaamaanaa |
| No | saawyi | khaawy | No | saawyi | khaawy | No | sum | khaawy | No | sum | khaawy |
| Yes | khaas | khaas | No | haaf | khaas | No | haaf | khaas | Yes | khaas | khaas |
| No | hibrr | khidrr | No | hibrr | khidrr | No | hibrr | khidrr | No | faadhanaa | khidrr |
| No | shaams | khums | Yes | khums | khums | No | shaams | khums | No | shaams | khums |
| Yes | baakhaasaa | baakhaasaa | No | naathufaa | baakhaasaa | Yes | baakhaasaa | baakhaasaa | Yes | baakhaasaa | baakhaasaa |
| No | naathufaa | baakhillaa | No | naasiyaa | baakhillaa | No | baashimaa | baakhillaa | Yes | baakhillaa | baakhillaa |
| No | orrsun | rraakhusaa | No | rraahufaa | rraakhusaa | Yes | rraakhusaa | rraakhusaa | Yes | rraakhusaa | rraakhusaa |
| No | saattaat | saarraakhaa | No | waathaafaa | saarraakhaa | No | shaarraafaa | saarraakhaa | Yes | saarraakhaa | saarraakhaa |
| No | dhaakky | mukhi | No | sum | mukhi | No | rraathi | mukhi | No | mUdhi | mukhi |
| No | saamtan | saallkhu | No | saamtan | saallkhu | No | saamtan | saallkhu | No | saamtan | saallkhu |
| No | baadhaakhin | baadhaakhun | Yes | baadhaakhun | baadhaakhun | Yes | baadhaakhun | baadhaakhun | Yes | baadhaakhun | baadhaakhun |
| Yes | baadhaakhin | baadhaakhin | Yes | baadhaakhin | baadhaakhin | No | ayn | baadhaakhin | No | baathaahu | baadhaakhin |
| No | baadhaakhun | baadhaakhanaa | No | baadhaakhun | baadhaakhanaa | No | baadhaakhun | baadhaakhanaa | No | baadhaakhun | baadhaakhanaa |
| No | min | dhid | No | min | dhid | No | ghaadh | dhid | No | dub | dhid |
| Yes | zzaand | zzaand | Yes | zzaand | zzaand | Yes | zzaand | zzaand | Yes | zzaand | zzaand |
| Yes | rraasaadaa | rraasaadaa | Yes | rraasaadaa | rraasaadaa | Yes | rraasaadaa | rraasaadaa | Yes | rraasaadaa | rraasaadaa |
| No | faadhin | kaadaam | No | faadhin | kaadaam | No | kaadhaaa | kaadaam | No | kaarrnan | kaadaam |
| No | thull | ttaawd | No | thull | ttaawd | No | daaaun | ttaawd | No | kaarrnun | ttaawd |
| Yes | daasaa | daasaa | No | dhaafaarr | daasaa | No | ghaasaallaa | daasaa | Yes | daasaa | daasaa |
| No | daama | daagll | No | ghaanaamu | daagll | No | daahrran | daagll | No | daama | daagll |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\mathbf{3}}{\mathbf{n}} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{3} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\sim} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & \stackrel{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{3} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |  | Recognised words | 499 words |
| Yes | daaahu | daaahu | No | daAho | daaahu | Yes | daaahu | daaahu | Yes | daaahu | daaahu |
| Yes | daaf | daaf | No | ghaath | daaf | No | dhaab | daaf | No | dub | daaf |
| Yes | daama | daama | No | ghaanaamu | daama | No | dhaanaa | daama | No | ghaanaamu | daama |
| No | ghill | dub | No | ghill | dub | Yes | dub | dub | Yes | dub | dub |
| Yes | diykk | diykk | Yes | diykk | diykk | Yes | diykk | diykk | Yes | diykk | diykk |
| Yes | naadaabaa | naadaabaa | Yes | naadaabaa | naadaabaa | Yes | naadaabaa | naadaabaa | Yes | naadaabaa | naadaabaa |
| No | sum | hudidaa | No | sum | hudidaa | No | wujijidaa | hudidaa | Yes | hudidaa | hudidaa |
| Yes | mudun | mudun | Yes | mudun | mudun | Yes | mudun | mudun | Yes | mudun | mudun |
| No | saajjaaa | saadaa | No | sum | saadaa | No | saajjaaa | saadaa | No | saabaa | saadaa |
| No | haathu | ahdu | No | aaawidu | ahdu | No | sum | ahdu | No | sum | ahdu |
| No | dhaaa | maahdi | No | naabu | maahdi | No | sum | maahdi | No | maahwu | maahdi |
| No | waattaan | waaadan | Yes | waaadan | waaadan | No | waadhaaa | waaadan | No | waattaan | waaadan |
| No | ewaajjun | waaadun | No | ewaajjun | waaadun | No | ewaajjun | waaadun | No | waaadan | waaadun |
| No | faadhin | waaadin | No | waattaan | waaadin | No | daaaun | waaadin | No | daaaun | waaadin |
| Yes | dhaakky | dhaakky | Yes | dhaakky | dhaakky | No | maahdi | dhaakky | No | yaakhti | dhaakky |
| No | daama | dhaamaa | No | daama | dhaamaa | No | daama | dhaamaa | No | daama | dhaamaa |
| No | Dhana | dhaallaa | No | Dhana | dhaallaa | No | dhaanaa | dhaallaa | No | naathaarraa | dhaallaa |
| No | min | faadh | Yes | faadh | faadh | No | sum | faadh | No | faan | faadh |
| Yes | kaadhaaa | kaadhaaa | Yes | kaadhaaa | kaadhaaa | No | kkaabaa | kaadhaaa | No | ghaadha | kaadhaaa |
| No | shaathaaf | shaadhaa | No | yin | shaadhaa | No | shaathaaf | shaadhaa | No | shaathaaf | shaadhaa |
| No | ghill | dhaawd | No | ghill | dhaawd | No | daaaun | dhaawd | No | dhaab | dhaawd |
| No | dhid | dhiib | No | min | dhiib | No | dhid | dhiib | No | dhid | dhiib |
| Yes | dhaab | dhaab | No | ghaadh | dhaab | Yes | dhaab | dhaab | No | ghaadha | dhaab |
| No | daaaun | dhull | No | mudun | dhull | No | daaaun | dhull | No | mUdhi | dhull |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3} \\ & \stackrel{3}{+} \\ & \text { त } \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{2}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| No | rraahibaa | kkaadhibaa | No | sum | kkaadhibaa | No | naadaabaa | kkaadhibaa | Yes | kkaadhibaa | kkaadhibaa |
| No | kaataallaa | adhaarraa | No | faadhanaa | adhaarraa | No | baadaa | adhaarraa | No | ghaadaarraa | adhaarraa |
| Yes | aaadhunaa | aaadhunaa | Yes | aaadhunaa | aaadhunaa | Yes | aaadhunaa | aaadhunaa | Yes | aaadhunaa | aaadhunaa |
| Yes | shaahaadhaa | shaahaadhaa | Yes | shaahaadhaa | shaahaadhaa | Yes | shaahaadhaa | shaahaadhaa | Yes | shaahaadhaa | shaahaadhaa |
| No | minhu | mundhu | Yes | mundhu | mundhu | Yes | mundhu | mundhu | Yes | mundhu | mundhu |
| No | diykk | mUdhi | No | maahdi | mUdhi | No | maahdi | mUdhi | No | atyin | mUdhi |
| No | fillizzin | faadhanaa | No | faadh | faadhanaa | No | kaarrnan | faadhanaa | No | kaarrnun | faadhanaa |
| Yes | faadhun | faadhun | Yes | faadhun | faadhun | No | ttaabllan | faadhun | No | ttaabllan | faadhun |
| No | aaathin | faadhin | No | aaathin | faadhin | No | ttaabllin | faadhin | No | thaawbin | faadhin |
| No | dhaaba | thaahaarraa | No | naahaataa | thaahaarraa | No | ghaattaa | thaahaarraa | No | naahaataa | thaahaarraa |
| Yes | kaarrn | kaarrn | No | kaarrnin | kaarrn | No | ttaabllan | kaarrn | Yes | kaarrn | kaarrn |
| Yes | rraakkaallaa | rraakkaallaa | Yes | rraakkaallaa | rraakkaallaa | No | maakkaanaa | rraakkaallaa | Yes | rraakkaallaa | rraakkaallaa |
| No | daama | dhaarraa | No | faattaarraa | dhaarraa | No | ghaadaarraa | dhaarraa | No | dhaarraat | dhaarraa |
| No | maahwu | rraagw | No | minhu | rraagw | No | ttaabllan | rraagw | No | naathaarraa | rraagw |
| No | ayiyaa | ttaayrr | No | faaallaa | ttaayrr | No | sum | ttaayrr | No | kaarrnan | ttaayrr |
| No | sihrr | sirr | No | yin | sirr | No | sihrr | sirr | No | saadghu | sirr |
| No | faadh | rraad | Yes | rraad | rraad | No | sum | rraad | No | ghaadha | rraad |
| Yes | rrubaa | rrubaa | No | sum | rrubaa | Yes | rrubaa | rrubaa | No | ghaath | rrubaa |
| No | suhub | surrurr | No | fillizzin | surrurr | No | shibll | surrurr | No | saaerr | surrurr |
| No | haattaamaa | haarraamaa | No | allaaman | haarraamaa | No | haattaamaa | haarraamaa | Yes | haarraamaa | haarraamaa |
| No | saanaami | sirry | No | saanaami | sirry | No | faarraasi | sirry | No | saamtan | sirry |
| No | faadhin | faattaarraa | Yes | faattaarraa | faattaarraa | No | rraabaattaa | faattaarraa | No | haafaathaa | faattaarraa |
| No | sum | jjuhrri | No | jjaahun | jjuhrri | No | sum | jjuhrri | No | yaahillu | jjuhrri |
| No | thaaby | fikkrri | No | sum | fikkrri | No | dhaakky | fikkrri | No | faakkaa | fikkrri |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \sqrt[3]{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & \sqrt[3]{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & \sqrt[3]{2} \\ & \stackrel{1}{n} \\ & \stackrel{1}{3} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & \stackrel{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| No | daahrrin | daahrrun | No | daaaun | daahrrun | No | daaaun | daahrrun | Yes | daahrrun | daahrrun |
| No | daaaan | daahrrin | No | daaaan | daahrrin | No | daaaan | daahrrin | No | daaaan | daahrrin |
| No | daahrrun | daahrran | No | jjaahun | daahrran | No | daahrrun | daahrran | No | daahrrun | daahrran |
| Yes | zzaafaa | zzaafaa | Yes | zzaafaa | zzaafaa | Yes | zzaafaa | zzaafaa | Yes | zzaafaa | zzaafaa |
| Yes | zzaaamaa | zzaaamaa | No | daama | zzaaamaa | Yes | zzaaamaa | zzaaamaa | Yes | zzaaamaa | zzaaamaa |
| Yes | zzaakky | zzaakky | No | dhaakky | zzaakky | Yes | zzaakky | zzaakky | Yes | zzaakky | zzaakky |
| Yes | zzuhaall | zzuhaall | No | jjaahun | zzuhaall | Yes | zzuhaall | zzuhaall | Yes | zzuhaall | zzuhaall |
| No | zzaaamaa | zzaarraaa | No | daama | zzaarraaa | No | dhaaba | zzaarraaa | No | zzaakky | zzaarraaa |
| Yes | zzirr | zzirr | No | yin | zzirr | No | zzaaamaa | zzirr | No | zzaand | zzirr |
| Yes | rruzzik | rruzzik | No | sum | rruzzik | No | sum | rruzzik | No | baazzaaghaa | rruzzik |
| Yes | azzaafaa | azzaafaa | No | kaazzaahin | azzaafaa | No | khaazzaakaa | azzaafaa | Yes | azzaafaa | azzaafaa |
| Yes | jjuzzurr | jjuzzurr | Yes | jjuzzurr | jjuzzurr | No | sum | jjuzzurr | No | daasaa | jjuzzurr |
| No | faasin | faazzaa | No | faasin | faazzaa | Yes | faazzaa | faazzaa | Yes | faazzaa | faazzaa |
| Yes | jjaawzzu | jjaawzzu | Yes | jjaawzzu | jjaawzzu | No | sum | jjaawzzu | No | jjaazzaa | jjaawzzu |
| Yes | kkaanzzi | kkaanzzi | No | khaadukk | kkaanzzi | No | taathill | kkaanzzi | Yes | kkaanzzi | kkaanzzi |
| Yes | fillizzan | fillizzan | Yes | fillizzan | fillizzan | Yes | fillizzan | fillizzan | Yes | fillizzan | fillizzan |
| Yes | fillizzun | fillizzun | Yes | fillizzun | fillizzun | Yes | fillizzun | fillizzun | Yes | fillizzun | fillizzun |
| Yes | fillizzin | fillizzin | Yes | fillizzin | fillizzin | No | asaall | fillizzin | No | asaall | fillizzin |
| Yes | shaams | shaams | Yes | shaams | shaams | Yes | shaams | shaams | Yes | shaams | shaams |
| No | baasaattaa | ghaasaallaa | No | rraasaadaa | ghaasaallaa | No | baasaattaa | ghaasaallaa | Yes | ghaasaallaa | ghaasaallaa |
| Yes | saahw | saahw | Yes | saahw | saahw | Yes | saahw | saahw | No | saamtan | saahw |
| No | kkiys | kkys | No | kkiys | kkys | No | kkiys | kkys | No | saaaf | kkys |
| No | maawzz | dhirrs | No | daaf | dhirrs | No | daaf | dhirrs | No | daasaa | dhirrs |
| No | sirry | sum | No | saawghin | sum | No | shaahy | sum | Yes | sum | sum |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{\substack{3 \\ \cdots \\ \sim}}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| No | sillkkin | saakkaabaa | Yes | saakkaabaa | saakkaabaa | Yes | saakkaabaa | saakkaabaa | Yes | saakkaabaa | saakkaabaa |
| No | suhuf | sihrr | No | suhub | sihrr | Yes | sihrr | sihrr | No | saahw | sihrr |
| No | orrsin | rrusull | No | fillizzun | rrusull | Yes | rrusull | rrusull | No | nusirraa | rrusull |
| No | haasaan | asaall | No | haasaan | asaall | No | haasaan | asaall | No | haasaan | asaall |
| Yes | naasiyaa | naasiyaa | Yes | naasiyaa | naasiyaa | Yes | naasiyaa | naasiyaa | Yes | naasiyaa | naasiyaa |
| Yes | haabaasaa | haabaasaa | Yes | haabaasaa | haabaasaa | Yes | haabaasaa | haabaasaa | Yes | haabaasaa | haabaasaa |
| No | haasaan | haarraasaa | Yes | haarraasaa | haarraasaa | No | haasaan | haarraasaa | Yes | haarraasaa | haarraasaa |
| No | fillizzin | faarraasi | No | sum | faarraasi | No | rraathi | faarraasi | No | ghaasaallaa | faarraasi |
| No | faasin | orrsan | No | faasin | orrsan | No | fillizzin | orrsan | No | fillizzan | orrsan |
| No | haasaan | orrsun | No | haasaan | orrsun | No | rrusull | orrsun | No | rrusull | orrsun |
| No | faasin | orrsin | No | faasin | orrsin | No | fillizzin | orrsin | No | fillizzin | orrsin |
| No | shibll | shaadhw | No | shibll | shaadhw | No | shibll | shaadhw | Yes | shaadhw | shaadhw |
| Yes | shaas | shaas | Yes | shaas | shaas | Yes | shaas | shaas | Yes | shaas | shaas |
| Yes | shaathaaf | shaathaaf | Yes | shaathaaf | shaathaaf | No | shaadaat | shaathaaf | Yes | shaathaaf | shaathaaf |
| Yes | shaatt | shaatt | Yes | shaatt | shaatt | Yes | shaatt | shaatt | Yes | shaatt | shaatt |
| Yes | shugll | shugll | No | saawghin | shugll | No | shibll | shugll | No | shaadhaa | shugll |
| Yes | kaash | kaash | No | kaas | kaash | Yes | kaash | kaash | Yes | kaash | kaash |
| Yes | shaakk | shaakk | Yes | shaakk | shaakk | Yes | shaakk | shaakk | No | shaatt | shaakk |
| Yes | naashizz | naashizz | Yes | naashizz | naashizz | Yes | naashizz | naashizz | No | baasaattaa | naashizz |
| Yes | shaahy | shaahy | No | saamghi | shaahy | Yes | shaahy | shaahy | Yes | shaahy | shaahy |
| No | shaajjaa | shaajjaarr | No | shaajjaa | shaajjaarr | No | shaajjaa | shaajaarr | No | shaadhaa | shaajaarr |
| Yes | shibll | shibll | Yes | shibll | shibll | Yes | shibll | shibll | Yes | shibll | shibll |
| No | sum | shukkrr | No | shaakk | shukkrr | No | shaatt | shukkrr | No | shugll | shukkrr |
| Yes | waashm | waashm | No | waasy | waashm | Yes | waashm | waashm | No | rraashaa | waashm |
| Yes | rrushidaa | rrushidaa | Yes | rrushidaa | rrushidaa | Yes | rrushidaa | rrushidaa | Yes | rrushidaa | rrushidaa |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{3} \\ & \stackrel{3}{7} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\underset{\sim}{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{\substack{3 \\ \stackrel{3}{2}\\}}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| Yes | aaashudu | aaashudu | Yes | aaashudu | aaashudu | Yes | aaashudu | aaashudu | Yes | aaashudu | aaashudu |
| Yes | rraashaa | rraashaa | No | rraasaa | rraashaa | Yes | rraashaa | rraashaa | Yes | rraashaa | rraashaa |
| Yes | rrimshu | rrimshu | No | rrusull | rrimshu | No | sum | rrimshu | Yes | rrimshu | rrimshu |
| Yes | rryshi | rryshi | Yes | rryshi | rryshi | No | sum | rryshi | No | aaashudu | rryshi |
| No | kkaabshun | kkaabshan | No | khaajjaall | kkaabshan | Yes | kkaabshan | kkaabshan | Yes | kkaabshan | kkaabshan |
| Yes | kkaabshun | kkaabshun | Yes | kkaabshun | kkaabshun | Yes | kkaabshun | kkaabshun | Yes | kkaabshun | kkaabshun |
| No | khaajjaall | kkaabshin | No | khaajjaall | kkaabshin | No | shaahy | kkaabshin | No | kkaabshan | kkaabshin |
| No | faasun | kaasaa | No | faasun | kaasaa | No | haasaan | kaasaa | No | kaas | kaasaa |
| No | saamghi | sum | No | faan | sum | No | shaahy | sum | No | saamghi | sum |
| No | faanaarr | saanaaa | No | faanaarr | saanaaa | No | faanaarr | saanaaa | Yes | saanaaa | saanaaa |
| Yes | saah | saah | No | saaaf | saah | Yes | saah | saah | Yes | saah | saah |
| Yes | waasy | waasy | No | waafy | waasy | Yes | waasy | waasy | No | waasaatti | waasy |
| No | sillkkin | suws | No | thullth | suws | No | shaams | suws | No | suhuf | suws |
| Yes | saayd | saayd | No | fyhi | saayd | Yes | saayd | saayd | No | saaaf | saayd |
| Yes | sihrr | sihrr | No | faan | sihrr | No | saaerr | sihrr | No | saahw | sihrr |
| No | baasaattaa | asaarraa | No | faasun | asaarraa | No | kaazzaah | asaarraa | No | kaasaa | asaarraa |
| Yes | nusirraa | nusirraa | Yes | nusirraa | nusirraa | No | naasiyaa | nusirraa | No | naasiyaa | nusirraa |
| Yes | yaasudu | yaasudu | No | naasaab | yaasudu | No | naasaab | yaasudu | Yes | yaasudu | yaasudu |
| No | waasia | rraasaa | Yes | rraasaa | rraasaa | Yes | rraasaa | rraasaa | Yes | rraasaa | rraasaa |
| No | waasy | kurrsi | Yes | kurrsi | kurrsi | No | waasy | kurrsi | No | fillizzan | kurrsi |
| Yes | faasun | faasun | Yes | faasun | faasun | No | haasaan | faasun | Yes | faasun | faasun |
| No | kazzaHon | faasaa | No | kazzaHon | faasaa | No | kazzaHon | faasaa | No | haasaan | faasaa |
| No | faSon | faasin | No | faSon | faasin | No | rraafaaa | faasin | No | rraafaaa | faasin |
| No | maallaaf | dhaaghaath | No | baahaak | dhaaghaath | No | dhaaba | dhaaghaath | No | daama | dhaaghaath |
| No | baattaallaa | waadhaaa | No | waaadun | waadhaaa | No | waattaan | waadhaaa | No | dhaaba | waadhaaa |
| No | daama | dhaanaa | No | maakkaanaa | dhaanaa | No | waanaa | dhaanaa | No | daaaun | dhaanaa |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{\substack{3 \\ \cdots \\ \sim}}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| No | daama | dhaallaa | No | daama | dhaallaa | No | daama | dhaallaa | No | daama | dhaallaa |
| No | diykk | dhyk | No | sum | dhyk | No | diykk | dhyk | No | sum | dhyk |
| No | daafirraa | dhaafaarr | No | waaathun | dhaafaarr | No | zzaafaa | dhaafaarr | No | maakkaanaa | dhaafaarr |
| No | waathaafaa | dhaarraabaa | No | waathaafaa | dhaarraabaa | No | ghaadha | dhaarraabaa | No | naadaabaa | dhaarraabaa |
| No | suhub | dhuha | Yes | dhuha | dhuha | Yes | dhuha | dhuha | Yes | dhuha | dhuha |
| No | ghill | dhidu | No | ghaaythu | dhidu | No | shibll | dhidu | No | naabu | dhidu |
| Yes | rraadhiyaa | rraadhiyaa | Yes | rraadhiyaa | rraadhiyaa | Yes | rraadhiyaa | rraadhiyaa | Yes | rraadhiyaa | rraadhiyaa |
| No | allaafun | adhud | No | allaaman | adhud | No | ttaabllin | adhud | No | aaadhunaa | adhud |
| No | thaabaattaa | faadhaallaa | No | faaallaa | faadhaallaa | No | waathaabaa | faadhaallaa | No | thaabaattaa | faadhaallaa |
| No | mundhu | maarraadhaa | No | naadaabaa | maarraadhaa | No | naadaabaa | maarraadhaa | No | naadaabaa | maarraadhaa |
| No | thaabaattaa | arraadhaa | No | haattaamaa | arraadhaa | No | baadaa | arraadhaa | No | dhaarraabaa | arraadhaa |
| No | thaaby | aaarrdhi | No | sum | aaarrdhi | No | thaaby | aaarrdhi | No | kaarrnun | aaarrdhi |
| No | thaawbun | kaarrdhan | No | saamtun | kaarrdhan | No | ttaabllun | kaarrdhan | No | kaarrnan | kaarrdhan |
| No | kaarrnun | kaarrdhun | No | kaarrnun | kaarrdhun | No | ttaabllan | kaarrdhun | No | kaarrnun | kaarrdhun |
| No | ttaabllin | kaarrdhin | No | saamtan | kaarrdhin | No | ttaabllin | kaarrdhin | No | kaarrnan | kaarrdhin |
| No | faadh | ttaak | No | faadh | ttaak | No | faadh | ttaak | No | ghaat | ttaak |
| No | maakkaanaa | haattaallaa | No | haattaamaa | haattaallaa | No | saakaattaa | haattaallaa | No | haattaamaa | haattaallaa |
| No | daama | ttaamaaa | No | daama | ttaamaaa | No | daama | ttaamaaa | No | kaarrnan | ttaamaaa |
| No | sum | ttib | No | faadh | ttib | No | sum | ttib | No | sum | ttib |
| No | ttaabllin | ttaabaaa | No | faaallaa | ttaabaaa | No | rraabaattaa | ttaabaaa | No | rraadhiyaa | ttaabaaa |
| Yes | waattaan | waattaan | Yes | waattaan | waattaan | Yes | waattaan | waattaan | No | waaathun | waattaan |
| No | baarrkin | rraattib | No | rraakkaaa | rraattib | No | rraakkaaa | rraattib | No | waaathan | rraattib |
| No | sum | ottuf | Yes | ottuf | ottuf | No | dhaaghaath | ottuf | No | thaakaaf | ottuf |
| No | taathill | kirrttu | No | minhu | kirrtu | No | taathill | kirrtu | No | minhu | kirrtu |
| Yes | waasaatti | waasaatti | Yes | waasaatti | waasaatti | Yes | waasaatti | waasaatti | Yes | waasaatti | waasaatti |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 <br> $\stackrel{3}{7}$ <br>  | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| No | khaasaafaa | baasaattaa | Yes | baasaattaa | baasaattaa | Yes | baasaattaa | baasaattaa | Yes | baasaattaa | baasaattaa |
| Yes | nukaattan | nukaattan | Yes | nukaattan | nukaattan | Yes | nukaattan | nukaattan | Yes | nukaattan | nukaattan |
| Yes | nukaattun | nukaattun | Yes | nukaattun | nukaattun | Yes | nukaattun | nukaattun | Yes | nukaattun | nukaattun |
| Yes | nukaattin | nukaattin | Yes | nukaattin | nukaattin | Yes | nukaattin | nukaattin | Yes | nukaattin | nukaattin |
| No | faadh | thaahaarr | No | baahaak | thaahaarr | No | baathu | thaahaarr | No | naahaataa | thaahaarr |
| No | naabu | kkaathu | No | naabu | kkaathu | No | naabu | kkaathu | No | daama | kkaathu |
| Yes | waathaafaa | waathaafaa | Yes | waathaafaa | waathaafaa | Yes | waathaafaa | waathaafaa | Yes | waathaafaa | waathaafaa |
| No | naabu | thaarrf | No | ghaath | thaarrf | No | maallaaf | thaarrf | No | daama | thaarrf |
| No | daaf | thifrr | No | daasaa | thifrr | No | daaf | thifrr | No | daafirraa | thifrr |
| No | daaaan | thull | No | daaaun | thull | No | daaaun | thull | No | daaaan | thull |
| Yes | naathaarraa | naathaarraa | Yes | naathaarraa | naathaarraa | No | naadaabaa | naathaarraa | No | dhaaba | naathaarraa |
| No | naabu | naathufaa | No | naabu | naathufaa | Yes | naathufaa | naathufaa | Yes | naathufaa | naathufaa |
| No | kkaadhibaa | athimaa | No | rraadhiyaa | athimaa | No | rraadhiyaa | athimaa | No | ghaadha | athimaa |
| Yes | haafaathaa | haafaathaa | Yes | haafaathaa | haafaathaa | Yes | haafaathaa | haafaathaa | Yes | haafaathaa | haafaathaa |
| Yes | kaaythi | kaaythi | No | fyhi | kaaythi | No | aaawidu | kaaythi | Yes | kaaythi | kaaythi |
| No | thull | haathu | No | ayn | haathu | No | naabu | haathu | No | kaarrnun | haathu |
| No | waaathun | waaathan | No | waattaan | waaathan | No | waaadun | waaathan | No | waattaan | waaathan |
| Yes | waaathun | waaathun | Yes | waaathun | waaathun | No | daaaun | waaathun | No | daaaun | waaathun |
| Yes | waaathin | waaathin | No | waaadin | waaathin | No | daaaan | waaathin | No | daaaan | waaathin |
| No | faadhin | adhaall | No | faadhin | adhaall | No | faadhin | adhaall | No | ahdu | adhaall |
| No | sihrr | saaaf | No | ghaath | saaaf | Yes | saaaf | saaaf | No | thaakaaf | saaaf |
| Yes | attaash | attaash | Yes | attaash | attaash | No | haawaas | attaash | Yes | attaash | attaash |
| No | baakhaasaa | akks | No | haakkaa | akks | No | ttaaf | akks | No | kaas | akks |
| No | ottuf | akrr | No | haattaamaa | akrr | No | sum | akrr | Yes | akrr | akrr |
| No | fyhi | ayn | No | aaamill | ayn | No | haay | ayn | No | kaarrn | ayn |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 <br> $\stackrel{3}{7}$ <br>  | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| Yes | ejjll | ejjll | Yes | ejjlll | ejill | No | sum | ejjlll | No | faadhin | ejjll |
| No | sum | omrr | No | saamghi | omrr | No | aaathin | omrr | No | kaarrnun | omrr |
| No | sihrr | saaerr | No | saaaf | saaerr | No | saanaaa | saaerr | Yes | saaerr | saaerr |
| No | naasaab | naaasaa | No | naasaab | naaasaa | No | naasaab | naaasaa | No | daasaa | naaasaa |
| No | daama | naaomaa | Yes | naaomaa | naaomaa | Yes | naaomaa | naaomaa | No | dhaamaa | naaomaa |
| Yes | waasia | waasia | Yes | waasia | waasia | Yes | waasia | waasia | Yes | waasia | waasia |
| No | thulluthin | kaae | No | saaniyaa | kaae | No | zzaakky | kaae | No | saaaf | kaae |
| No | saahw | saao | No | saahw | saao | No | rrusull | saao | No | saahw | saao |
| No | waaadin | waarriaan | No | waarriain | waarriaan | No | waaadun | waarriaan | No | waaadun | waarriaan |
| Yes | waarriaun | waarriaun | Yes | waarriaun | waarriaun | Yes | waarriaun | waarriaun | Yes | waarriaun | waarriaun |
| Yes | waarriain | waarriain | Yes | waarriain | waarriain | No | waadhaaa | waarriain | No | waaadan | waarriain |
| Yes | ghaajjaarr | ghaajjaarr | No | ttaajjaan | ghaajjaarr | No | rraaghaad | ghaajjaarr | No | ghaadha | ghaajaarr |
| No | taathill | ghaadha | No | naathaarraa | ghaadha | No | rraad | ghaadha | No | daama | ghaadha |
| No | naashizz | ghaashaa | No | rraashaa | ghaashaa | No | rraashaa | ghaashaa | Yes | ghaashaa | ghaashaa |
| No | dub | ghaadh | No | rraad | ghaadh | No | naabu | ghaadh | No | naabu | ghaadh |
| No | waasia | ghaafiyaa | No | waasia | ghaafiyaa | No | ayiyaa | ghaafiyaa | No | sum | ghaafiyaa |
| No | rraahufaa | ghaarraakaa | No | haarraakkaa | ghaarraakaa | No | rraabaattaa | ghaarraakaa | No | ghaattaa | ghaarraakaa |
| No | sum | ghaaythu | No | ghaanaamu | ghaaythu | No | aaajidu | ghaaythu | Yes | ghaaythu | ghaaythu |
| No | waattaan | ghaattaa | No | faan | ghaattaa | No | khaath | ghaattaa | No | saah | ghaattaa |
| No | waathaafaa | ghaadaarraa | Yes | ghaadaarraa | ghaadaarraa | No | naadaabaa | ghaadaarraa | No | ghaadha | ghaadaarraa |
| No | orrsun | ghusn | No | faasun | ghusn | No | naashizz | ghusn | No | waaathan | ghusn |
| No | dhihni | ghill | No | min | ghill | No | min | ghill | No | min | ghill |
| No | saawghun | saaghurraa | No | baakhillaa | saaghurraa | No | saawghin | saaghurraa | No | saawghin | saaghurraa |
| Yes | rraaghaad | rraaghaad | Yes | rraaghaad | rraaghaad | Yes | rraaghaad | rraaghaad | No | naadaabaa | rraaghaad |
| No | waaathin | ttaaghiyaa | No | rraadhiyaa | ttaaghiyaa | No | rraadhiyaa | ttaaghiyaa | No | maakkunaa | ttaaghiyaa |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow[\substack{3 \\ \sim \\ \sim}]{\text { ² }}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| No | maarraadhaa | maarraaghaa | No | maarraadhaa | maarraaghaa | No | maakkunaa | maarraaghaa | No | maarraadhaa | maarraaghaa |
| Yes | saadghu | saadghu | Yes | saadghu | saadghu | No | faadhanaa | saadghu | No | faadhanaa | saadghu |
| No | saamaakki | saamghi | No | saamtin | saamghi | No | saanaaa | saamghi | No | saamaakki | saamghi |
| No | saawghun | saawgan | No | thulluthun | saawgan | No | saawghun | saawgan | No | saawghun | saawgan |
| Yes | saawghun | saawghun | Yes | saawghun | saawghun | No | saamtun | saawghun | No | thaawbun | saawghun |
| No | saawgan | saawghin | No | thulluthin | saawghin | No | saadaa | saawghin | No | saamtan | saawghin |
| No | ath | haaf | Yes | haaf | haaf | No | ghaadh | haaf | No | aaathaa | haaf |
| Yes | waafy | waafy | Yes | waafy | waafy | Yes | waafy | waafy | No | waasaatti | waafy |
| Yes | maallaaf | maallaaf | Yes | maallaaf | maallaaf | Yes | maallaaf | maallaaf | Yes | maallaaf | maallaaf |
| Yes | faakkaa | faakkaa | No | tyn | faakkaa | Yes | faakkaa | faakkaa | No | khaath | faakkaa |
| Yes | faan | faan | Yes | faan | faan | Yes | faan | faan | Yes | faan | faan |
| Yes | fijjll | fijjll | Yes | fijjll | fijjll | No | tyn | fijjll | No | faadhin | fijjll |
| No | faan | furrn | No | waattaan | furrn | No | faan | furrn | No | daama | furrn |
| No | faadhaallaa | faaallaa | No | faadhaallaa | faaallaa | No | ttaahaanaa | faaallaa | No | ttaahaanaa | faaallaa |
| No | dhaafaarr | rraafaaa | No | rraasaa | rraafaaa | No | rraasaa | rraafaaa | Yes | rraafaaa | rraafaaa |
| No | sum | daafirraa | No | ghaasaallaa | daafirraa | No | dhaakky | daafirraa | No | naathufaa | daafirraa |
| Yes | afwu | afwu | Yes | afwu | afwu | Yes | afwu | afwu | No | kaarrdhun | afwu |
| Yes | shaarraafaa | shaarraafaa | Yes | shaarraafaa | shaarraafaa | Yes | shaarraafaa | shaarraafaa | Yes | shaarraafaa | shaarraafaa |
| Yes | ttaarraafi | ttaarraafi | Yes | ttaarraafi | ttaarraafi | No | rraathi | ttaarraafi | Yes | ttaarraafi | ttaarraafi |
| No | saamtan | khaallfu | No | saamtan | khaallfu | No | saamtan | khaallfu | No | ghaaythu | khaallfu |
| No | allaafin | allaafan | Yes | allaafan | allaafan | No | allaafin | allaafan | Yes | allaafan | allaafan |
| Yes | allaafun | allaafun | Yes | allaafun | allaafun | No | allaafan | allaafun | No | allaafan | allaafun |
| Yes | allaafin | allaafin | Yes | allaafin | allaafin | Yes | allaafin | allaafin | Yes | allaafin | allaafin |
| No | saarrjju | sujjuk | No | sum | sujjuk | No | shibll | sujjuk | Yes | sujjuk | sujjuk |
| No | taathill | kullw | No | hunuw | kullw | No | sum | kullw | No | hunuw | kullw |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 <br> $\stackrel{3}{7}$ <br>  | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| Yes | daakaakkaa | daakaakkaa | No | faakkaa | daakaakkaa | No | faakkaa | daakaakkaa | No | aaathin | daakaakkaa |
| No | faadhin | kaallaam | No | kaarrnun | kaallaam | No | kaarrnan | kaallaam | No | kaarrnan | kaallaam |
| No | taathill | kidrr | No | hibrr | kidrr | No | hibrr | kidrr | No | daagllu | kidrr |
| No | waaathin | kudaa | No | yin | kudaa | No | faadh | kudaa | No | sum | kudaa |
| Yes | saakaattaa | saakaattaa | Yes | saakaattaa | saakaattaa | Yes | saakaattaa | saakaattaa | Yes | saakaattaa | saakaattaa |
| Yes | fukidaa | fukidaa | Yes | fukidaa | fukidaa | Yes | fukidaa | fukidaa | Yes | fukidaa | fukidaa |
| No | sum | thaakullaa | Yes | thaakullaa | thaakullaa | Yes | thaakullaa | thaakullaa | No | maakkunaa | thaakullaa |
| Yes | saabaakaa | saabaakaa | Yes | saabaakaa | saabaakaa | Yes | saabaakaa | saabaakaa | No | thaabaattaa | saabaakaa |
| No | thaabaattaa | abaakaa | No | baadhaakhun | abaakaa | No | rraabaattaa | abaakaa | No | waathaafaa | abaakaa |
| Yes | ghaasaaku | ghaasaaku | Yes | ghaasaaku | ghaasaaku | No | maasaahaa | ghaasaaku | Yes | ghaasaaku | ghaasaaku |
| No | baadhaakhun | baarrkan | No | baadhaakhun | baarrkan | No | min | baarrkan | No | ayn | baarrkan |
| No | lleyn | baarrkun | No | lleyn | baarrkun | No | baadhaakhin | baarrkun | No | sum | baarrkun |
| No | baadhaakhin | baarrkin | No | baadhaakhin | baarrkin | No | ayn | baarrkin | No | ayn | baarrkin |
| No | rraakkaallaa | rraakkaadhaa | Yes | rraakkaadhaa | rraakkaadhaa | No | baattaallaa | rraakkaadhaa | No | maakkaathaa | rraakkaadhaa |
| Yes | jjaarraakkaa | jjaarraakkaa | Yes | jjaarraakkaa | jjaarraakkaa | Yes | jjaarraakkaa | jjaarraakkaa | No | ath | jjaarraakkaa |
| No | ghill | kkaawa | No | dhaallaa | kkaawa | No | dhaallaa | kkaawa | No | kaarrnun | kkaawa |
| No | min | kkaahaan | Yes | kkaahaan | kkaahaan | Yes | kkaahaan | kkaahaan | Yes | kkaahaan | kkaahaan |
| No | tyn | kkaallb | No | khaawy | kkaallb | No | daaaan | kkaallb | No | khaadukk | kkaallb |
| Yes | kkiys | kkiys | Yes | kkiys | kkiys | Yes | kkiys | kkiys | No | saaaf | kkiys |
| Yes | kkuwa | kkuwa | No | thullaat | kkuwa | No | thullaat | kkuwa | Yes | kkuwa | kkuwa |
| Yes | rraakkibaa | rraakkibaa | Yes | rraakkibaa | rraakkibaa | No | fukidaa | rraakkibaa | Yes | rraakkibaa | rraakkibaa |
| No | rraakkaallaa | rraakkaaa | No | rraakkaallaa | rraakkaaa | No | haakkaa | rraakkaaa | No | faakkaa | rraakkaaa |
| Yes | maakkunaa | maakkunaa | Yes | maakkunaa | maakkunaa | Yes | maakkunaa | maakkunaa | Yes | maakkunaa | maakkunaa |
| Yes | haarraakkaa | haarraakkaa | Yes | haarraakkaa | haarraakkaa | Yes | haarraakkaa | haarraakkaa | Yes | haarraakkaa | haarraakkaa |
| No | sum | birraakku | No | dhiib | birraakku | No | sum | birraakku | No | minhu | birraakku |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3 } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathbf{N}} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & \stackrel{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{3} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & \sqrt[3]{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & \stackrel{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| Yes | saamaakki | saamaakki | Yes | saamaakki | saamaakki | Yes | saamaakki | saamaakki | Yes | saamaakki | saamaakki |
| No | sillkkin | sillkkan | No | saamtan | sillkkan | No | fillizzin | sillkkan | No | saamtan | sillkkan |
| Yes | sillkkun | sillkkun | No | saamtun | sillkkun | No | saamtun | sillkkun | No | saamtun | sillkkun |
| Yes | sillkkin | sillkkin | No | saamtan | sillkkin | No | saamtan | sillkkin | No | saamtan | sillkkin |
| Yes | Ilaayth | Ilaayth | Yes | Ilaayth | Ilaayth | No | sum | Ilaayth | Yes | Ilaayth | Ilaayth |
| Yes | Iliyn | Iliyn | Yes | Iliyn | lliyn | No | atyin | lliyn | No | mudun | Iliyn |
| No | daama | llumaat | Yes | llumaat | llumaat | No | daama | llumaat | No | daama | llumaat |
| No | taathill | olluw | No | taathill | olluw | No | waarriain | olluw | No | hunuw | olluw |
| No | ghaadaarraa | ghaallaaa | No | maakkaanaa | ghaallaaa | No | dhaanaa | ghaallaaa | No | ghaadaarraa | ghaallaaa |
| No | dhihni | jjaalliy | No | dhihni | jjaalliy | No | jjaady | jjaalliy | No | dhihni | jjaalliy |
| No | daaahu | daagllu | No | ghaanaamu | daagllu | No | ghaanaamu | daagllu | No | daaahu | daagllu |
| No | sum | amaalli | Yes | amaalli | amaalli | No | saanaaa | amaalli | No | saanaami | amaalli |
| No | faadhin | ttaabllan | No | sum | ttaabllan | No | ewaajjan | ttaabllan | Yes | ttaabllan | ttaabllan |
| No | min | ttaabllun | No | faadhin | ttaabllun | No | ttaabllan | ttaabllun | No | ewaajjun | ttaabllun |
| No | faadhin | ttaabllin | Yes | ttaabllin | ttaabllin | No | waaathin | ttaabllin | No | ttaabllan | ttaabllin |
| No | faan | haam | No | daama | haam | No | kaarrn | haam | No | sum | haam |
| No | ghill | yaawm | Yes | yaawm | yaawm | No | ghaallaaa | yaawm | Yes | yaawm | yaawm |
| Yes | maawzz | maawzz | Yes | maawzz | maawzz | Yes | maawzz | maawzz | No | maahwu | maawzz |
| Yes | min | min | Yes | min | min | Yes | min | min | Yes | min | min |
| No | kaarrnin | aaamill | No | kaarrnin | aaamill | No | kaarrnin | aaamill | No | kaarrnan | aaamill |
| Yes | amaallaa | amaallaa | Yes | amaallaa | amaallaa | No | khaamaanaa | amaallaa | Yes | amaallaa | amaallaa |
| No | min | numuw | Yes | numuw | numuw | Yes | numuw | numuw | Yes | numuw | numuw |
| No | daama | faahaamaa | Yes | faahaamaa | faahaamaa | No | thaawbanaa | faahaamaa | Yes | faahaamaa | faahaamaa |
| No | min | ghaanaamu | Yes | ghaanaamu | ghaanaamu | Yes | ghaanaamu | ghaanaamu | Yes | ghaanaamu | ghaanaamu |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & \text { 를 } \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & \text { 를 } \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \\ & \stackrel{3}{\top} \end{aligned}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow[\substack{3 \\ \\ \sim}]{ }$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| Yes | saanaami | saanaami | No | thiny | saanaami | No | saanaaa | saanaami | Yes | saanaami | saanaami |
| Yes | allaaman | allaaman | Yes | allaaman | allaaman | Yes | allaaman | allaaman | Yes | allaaman | allaaman |
| No | Aallamon | allaamun | No | Aallamon | allaamun | No | Aallamon | allaamun | No | Aallamon | allaamun |
| No | Aallaman | allaamin | No | Aallaman | allaamin | No | kaadhaaa | allaamin | No | kaadhaaa | allaamin |
| Yes | waanaa | waanaa | Yes | waanaa | waanaa | Yes | waanaa | waanaa | Yes | waanaa | waanaa |
| No | naahaataa | naahrr | No | naahaataa | naahrr | Yes | naahrr | naahrr | No | daama | naahrr |
| Yes | nibrr | nibrr | Yes | nibrr | nibrr | Yes | nibrr | nibrr | Yes | nibrr | nibrr |
| No | min | nuwrr | No | min | nuwrr | No | minhu | nuwrr | No | min | nuwrr |
| Yes | faanaarr | faanaarr | Yes | faanaarr | faanaarr | No | thaanaat | faanaarr | No | ghaanaamu | faanaarr |
| Yes | saaniyaa | saaniyaa | Yes | saaniyaa | saaniyaa | Yes | saaniyaa | saaniyaa | No | saanaaa | saaniyaa |
| No | aaamill | hunuw | No | aaamill | hunuw | No | kaarrnin | hunuw | No | aaamill | hunuw |
| Yes | maakkaanaa | maakkaanaa | Yes | maakkaanaa | maakkaanaa | Yes | maakkaanaa | maakkaanaa | No | kaallaam | maakkaanaa |
| No | maahwu | naahnu | No | maahwu | naahnu | No | maahwu | naahnu | No | ghill | naahnu |
| No | sum | dhihni | No | diykk | dhihni | No | ayn | dhihni | No | Iliyn | dhihni |
| No | kaarrnin | kaarrnan | No | kaarrnun | kaarrnan | No | kaarrnin | kaarrnan | Yes | kaarrnan | kaarrnan |
| Yes | kaarrnun | kaarrnun | No | fadhon | kaarrnun | Yes | kaarrnun | kaarrnun | Yes | kaarrnun | kaarrnun |
| Yes | kaarrnin | kaarrnin | No | kaarrnan | kaarrnin | Yes | kaarrnin | kaarrnin | No | kaarrnan | kaarrnin |
| No | daama | ghaarraahu | No | ghaanaamu | ghaarraahu | No | maahwu | ghaarraahu | Yes | ghaarraahu | ghaarraahu |
| No | ghaanaamu | thaallaahu | No | faAalla | thaallaahu | No | ghaanaamu | thaallaahu | No | faaallaa | thaallaahu |
| No | hibrr | hirr | No | daahrrun | hirr | No | hibrr | hirr | No | yin | hirr |
| Yes | haawaas | haawaas | No | maallaaf | haawaas | No | maallaaf | haawaas | Yes | haawaas | haawaas |
| No | sum | huwid | No | witrr | huwid | No | fukidaa | huwid | No | sum | huwid |
| Yes | rraahibaa | rraahibaa | Yes | rraahibaa | rraahibaa | Yes | rraahibaa | rraahibaa | Yes | rraahibaa | rraahibaa |
| Yes | rraahufaa | rraahufaa | Yes | rraahufaa | rraahufaa | Yes | rraahufaa | rraahufaa | Yes | rraahufaa | rraahufaa |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 <br> $\stackrel{3}{7}$ <br>  | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| No | kkaawa | kaahaarraa | Yes | kaahaarraa | kaahaarraa | No | ghaattaa | kaahaarraa | Yes | kaahaarraa | kaahaarraa |
| No | dhaallaa | naawaahaa | Yes | naawaahaa | naawaahaa | Yes | naawaahaa | naawaahaa | Yes | naawaahaa | naawaahaa |
| Yes | minhu | minhu | Yes | minhu | minhu | Yes | minhu | minhu | Yes | minhu | minhu |
| No | lliyn | fyhi | No | lliyn | fyhi | No | kkiys | fyhi | No | kaaythi | fyhi |
| No | jjaahun | jjaahan | No | jjaahun | jjaahan | No | dhaaa | jjaahan | Yes | jjaahan | jjaahan |
| No | jjaahon | jjaahun | No | jjaahon | jjaahun | No | daahrrun | jjaahun | Yes | jjaahun | jjaahun |
| Yes | jjaahin | jjaahin | No | jjaahan | jjaahin | No | daaaan | jjaahin | No | jjaahan | jjaahin |
| Yes | witrr | witrr | Yes | witrr | witrr | Yes | witrr | witrr | No | waaathan | witrr |
| No | waajjibaa | wujjidaa | No | waajjibaa | wujjidaa | Yes | wujijidaa | wujijidaa | No | waajjibaa | wujijidaa |
| No | sum | aaawidu | No | ayn | aaawidu | No | sum | aaawidu | No | allaafan | aaawidu |
| No | ghill | dhaawuw | No | ghill | dhaawuw | No | ghill | dhaawuw | Yes | dhaawuw | dhaawuw |
| Yes | maahwu | maahwu | Yes | maahwu | maahwu | Yes | maahwu | maahwu | Yes | maahwu | maahwu |
| Yes | Ilaahwi | Ilaahwi | Yes | llaahwi | llaahwi | Yes | llaahwi | llaahwi | Yes | llaahwi | llaahwi |
| Yes | saahwaa | saahwaa | Yes | saahwaa | saahwaa | Yes | saahwaa | saahwaa | Yes | saahwaa | saahwaa |
| No | jjaarrwun | jjaarrwan | No | jjaarrwun | jjaarrwan | No | jjaarrwun | jjaarrwan | No | daahrrun | jjaarrwan |
| No | jjaarrwin | jjaarrwun | No | daaaon | jjaarrwun | No | ttaabllan | jjaarrwun | No | daaaun | jjaarrwun |
| No | jjaalliy | jjaarrwin | No | jjaalliy | jjaarrwin | No | ghaallaaa | jjaarrwin | Yes | jjaarrwin | jjaarrwin |
| No | yin | yaad | Yes | yaad | yaad | No | ghaadh | yaad | Yes | yaad | yaad |
| Yes | yusrr | yusrr | Yes | yusrr | yusrr | Yes | yusrr | yusrr | Yes | yusrr | yusrr |
| Yes | yin | yin | Yes | yin | yin | No | daaaun | yin | No | daaaan | yin |
| Yes | saayaarraa | saayaarraa | Yes | saayaarraa | saayaarraa | No | saaniyaa | saayaarraa | No | saaniyaa | saayaarraa |
| Yes | ayiyaa | ayiyaa | No | sum | ayiyaa | No | haayuUa | ayiyaa | Yes | ayiyaa | ayiyaa |
| Yes | saawyi | saawyi | Yes | saawyi | saawyi | No | saanaami | saawyi | Yes | saawyi | saawyi |
| Yes | ttaayu | ttaayu | Yes | ttaayu | ttaayu | No | aaaw | ttaayu | Yes | ttaayu | ttaayu |
| Yes | haayuUa | haayuUa | Yes | haayuUa | haayuUa | Yes | haayuUa | haayuUa | No | aaathaa | haayuUa |


| Recording 1 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 <br> $\substack{3 \\ \hline \\ \hline}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | Recognised words | 499 words |
| No | aaathin | atyan | No | atumaa | atyan | No | rraadhiyaa | atyan | No | kaarrnan | atyan |
| No | Aatyan | atyun | No | Aatyan | atyun | Yes | atyun | atyun | No | mudun | atyun |
| No | dhaakky | atyin | No | dhaakky | atyin | No | rraadhiyaa | atyin | No | allaafin | atyin |
| 195 | No. Recognised words |  | 174 | No. Recognised words |  | 144 | No. Recognised words |  | 172 | No. Recognised words |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 39.0 \\ 78 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Average |  | $\begin{array}{r} 34 . \\ 869 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Average |  | $\begin{array}{r} 28 . \\ 857 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Average |  | $\begin{array}{r} 34 . \\ 468 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Average |  |

Average all $=34.318$

Table 1- Improved SLT table analysis for the four recordings.

## Appendix $\mathbf{M}$

Letter/Diacritic pair analysis

Letter/Diacritic pair analysis

| Arabic letter | Name of letter | Alghamdi <br> English | Overall |  | Fat ha 37.3\% |  | Dhamma$33.4 \%$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Kasra } \\ 34.5 \% \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | letter | Total Number of words | Recog. rate (\%) | Total <br> Number <br> of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) | Total Number of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) | Total Number of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) |
| ش | sheen | sh | 34 | 57.4\% | 17 | 58.4\% | 4 | 31.3\% | 5 | 90\% |
| ن | noon | n | 61 | 56.1\% | 24 | 56.3\% | 8 | 57.3\% | 3 | 75\% |
| j | zain | zz | 28 | 52.7\% | 16 | 54.4\% | 3 | 75\% | 3 | 25\% |
| ف | faa | f | 57 | 44.3\% | 28 | 39.2\% | 4 | 50\% | 8 | 47.5\% |
| $\tau$ | haa | h | 43 | 44.2\% | 22 | 48.9\% | 7 | 44\% | 3 | 50\% |
| س | seen | s | 64 | 43.8\% | 32 | 52.5\% | 8 | 38.5\% | 9 | 25\% |
| b | ta | tt | 36 | 43.1\% | 24 | 38.4\% | 3 | 8.3\% | 3 | 25\% |


| Arabic |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| letter |
| letter | Name | English |
| :--- |
| letter |


| Arabic <br> letter | Name of letter | Alghamdi <br> English | Overall |  | Fat ha 37.3\% |  | Dhamma$33.4 \%$ |  | Kasra <br> 34.5\% |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | letter | Total <br> Number <br> of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) | Total <br> Number <br> of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) | Total <br> Number <br> of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) | Total <br> Number <br> of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) |
| $ص$ | saad | s | 39 | 33.3\% | 23 | 32.2\% | 5 | 33.3\% | 3 | 33.3\% |
| 1 | daal | d | 58 | 30.9\% | 26 | 30.3\% | 10 | 47.5\% | 3 | 83.3\% |
| ق | qaaf | k | 51 | 29.4\% | 31 | 33.8\% | 5 | 25\% | 4 | 31.3\% |
| $\because$ | taa | t | 31 | 29\% | 7 | 7.1\% | 3 | 8.3\% | 3 | 25\% |
| $\checkmark$ | raa | rr | 126 | 28.4\% | 58 | 42.8\% | 6 | 35.4\% | 6 | 50\% |
| $\dot{\tau}$ | khaa | k | 28 | 27.7\% | 16 | 28.6\% | 3 | 16.7\% | 3 | 0\% |


| Arabic <br> letter | Name of letter | Alghamdi <br> English <br> letter | Overall |  | Fat ha $37.3 \%$ |  | Dhamma$33.4 \%$ |  | Kasra$34.5 \%$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total Number of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) | Total <br> Number <br> of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) | Total Number of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) | Total Number of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) |
| $J$ | laam | 11 | 77 | 27.3\% | 31 | 49.2\% | 8 | 28.1\% | 6 | 45.8\% |
| j | thaal | dh | 33 | 25.8\% | 16 | 26.6\% | 3 | 41.7\% | 4 | 0\% |
| $\star$ | thaa | th | 34 | 25\% | 16 | 28.1\% | 7 | 3.6\% | 3 | 16.7\% |
| ظ | tha | th | 22 | 25\% | 22 | 27.8\% | 5 | 5\% | 5 | 5\% |
| $\varepsilon$ | ain | a | 75 | 24\% | 44 | 25.4\% | 10 | 7.5\% | 6 | 20.8\% |
| i | alef | a | 19 | 18.4\% | 12 | 27.1\% | 3 | 0\% | 3 | 8.3\% |


| Arabic letter | Name of letter | Alghamdi <br> English | Overall |  | Fat ha 37.3\% |  | Dhamma$33.4 \%$ |  | Kasra <br> 34.5\% |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | letter | Total Number of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) | Total <br> Number <br> of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) | Total Number of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) | Total Number of words | Recog. <br> rate <br> (\%) |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | ghain | g | 34 | 18.4\% | 21 | 26.4\% | 3 | 16.7\% | 3 | 0\% |
| ض | dhad | dh | 30 | 14.2\% | 16 | 18.4\% | 4 | 25\% | 5 | 15\% |

Table 1-Letter/Diacritic pair analysis

## Appendix <br> 

Further analysis of the odd pairs cases

| Alef dhamma analysis |  | dhamma |  | Third | letter | Second | letter | First | letter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Misrecognised as | No. of recog. words |  |  | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L |  |
| thullth + faadh + ghill + faazzaa | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 29 | taa | 27.7 | khaa $\dot{\text { c }}$ | 18.4 | alef ${ }^{\text {i }}$ |  |
| badhakon + daama + dhaaba | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 18.4 | alef i | 28.4 | raa $J$ | 40.1 | baa | baarraau |
| maahdi + diykk + atyin | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 25.8 | dhaal ذ | 18.4 | alef g | 40.3 | meem | mUdhi مؤ |

Table 1- Alef dhamma analysis

## Baa Kasra Analysis

|  |  | kasra |  | Third | letter | Second | letter | First | letter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Misrecognised as | words | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L |  |  |
| dhirrs + rryshi + ghaashaa + naashizz | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 28.4 | raa $J$ | 57.4 | sheen | 40.1 | baa | bishrr | بـشّر |
| sum + rraadhiyaa | 2 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 27.3 | laam J | 40.1 | baa | 34.8 | jeem ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | jjubillaa |  |
| thiny + kaaythi + kkaanzzi | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 40.1 | baa | 27.3 | laam $\rfloor$ | 29.4 | قو | kaallbi | فَّلـ. |
| dhiib + sum + minhu | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 40.7 | kaaf 5 | 28.4 | raa $\lrcorner$ | 40.1 | baa | birraakku | ${ }^{\text {c/ }}$ |

Table 2- Baa Kasra analysis

## Taa 'fat ha' Analysis

|  |  | fat ha |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Third } \\ & \text { R (\%) } \end{aligned}$ | letter | Second | letter | First | letter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Misrecognised as | No. of recog. words | R (\%) | L |  | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L |  |  |
| ttaabllin + sum + rraakkaaa + khaasaafaa | 0 out of 4 | 37.3 | aa | 29 | taa | 40.1 | baa ب | 25 | thaa ث | thaabaataa | + ¢\% |
| kaash + thaakhn + sum + saahw | 0 out of 4 | 37.3 | aa | 29 | taa | 44.2 | haa z | 29 | taa ت | taaht |  |
| Ttaabllin + thaawbun | 0 out of 4 | 37.3 | aa | 27.3 | laam | 25 | tha | 29 | taa | taathill | تَظِلِ |
| dhaakky + rraakkaaa + sum | 0 out of 4 | 37.3 | aa | 36 | ي yaa | 29.4 | ق qaaf | 29 | taa | taaky | نَّهِي |
| saamtan + thull + dhaamaat + saamghi | 0 out of 4 | 37.3 | aa | 28.4 | raa | 40.3 | meem | 29 | taa | taamrr | تَمر |
| maakkaanaa + haattaamaa + aaadhunaa | 0 out of 4 | 37.3 | aa | 27.3 | laam | 29 | taa | 29.4 | qaaf | kaataallaa | فَّكَّ |
| saamtan + maakkaathaa | 2 out of 4 | 37.3 | aa | 29 | taa | 44.2 | haa $\tau$ | 56.1 | noon | naahaataa | نَحَهْ |

Table 3- Taa 'fat ha' analysis

Taa dhamma

|  |  | dhamma |  | Third | letter | Second | letter | First | letter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Misrecognised as | words | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L |  |  |
| thullaat + dhuUll + sum + ttaaf | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 29 | taa ت | 35.9 | waaw و | 29 | taa ت | twt |  |
| haattaamaa + aaadhunaa + sum | 1 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 40.3 | meem | 29 | taa | 24 | ain ع | atumaa |  |
| sum + sillkkan + thull | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 29 | taa | 40.3 | meem | 36 | ي yaa | yumitu |  |

Table 4- Taa dhamma analysis

## Thaa dhamma analysis

|  |  | dhamma |  | Third <br> R (\%) | letter | Second | letter | First | letter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Misrecognised as | No. of recog. words | R (\%) | L |  | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L |  |  |
| thaarrf + saaaf + daaf + dhaanaa | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 25 | thaa ث | 27.3 | laam | 25 | thaa ث | thullth | $\underbrace{*-1}$ |
| faaallaa + waanaa | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 29 | taa: | 27.3 | laam | 25 | thaa ث | thullaat | 可吅 |
| sum + taathill + dhaakhaahu | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 35.9 | waaw 9 | 25 | thaa ث | 34.8 | jeem ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | jjuthw | جُ |
| ghaaythu + baasaall | 2 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | - | - | 25 | thaa ث | 40.1 | baa ب | baathu | بَ-1 |
| kaarrdhun + fillizzin + fillizzan + saamtan | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 25 | thaa ث | 27.3 | Jaam | 25 | thaa ث | thulluthin |  |
| fillizzan + thulluthin + fillizzin + fillizzun | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 25 | thaa ث | 27.3 | laam J | 25 | thaa ث | thulluthun |  |
| haasaan + fillizzin + fillizzan + saamtan | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 25 | thaa ث | 27.3 | laam J | 25 | thaa ث | thulluthan | E*983 |

Table 5- Thaa dhamma analysis

## Khaa kasra analysis

|  |  | kasra |  | Third | letter | Second | letter | First | letter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Misrecognised as | words | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L |  |  |
| hibrr + faadhanaa | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 28.4 | raa $J$ | 30.9 | daal 2 | 27.7 | khaa خ | khidrr |  |
|     <br> naasiyaa + naathufaa + <br> baashimaa    <br>     <br>     | 1 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 27.3 | laam ل | 27.7 | khaa $\dot{\text { c }}$ | 40.1 | baa | baakhillaa | بَخْلَ |
| sum + dhaakky + rraathi + mUdhi | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | - | - | 27.7 | khaa $\quad$ < | 40.3 | meem | mukhi | هٌ |

Table 6- Khaa kasra analysis

## Thaal kasra analysis

| Misrecognised as | No. of recog. words | kasra |  | Third <br> R (\%) | letter <br> L | SecondR (\%) | letter <br> L | FirstR (\%) | letter <br> L |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | R (\%) | L |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| min + dhid | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 40.1 | baa | 18.4 | alef | 25.8 | thaal ${ }^{\text {j }}$ | dhiib |  |
| sum + rraahibaa + <br> naadaabaa | 1 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 40.1 | baa | 25.8 | $\begin{array}{r} \dot{j} \\ \text { thaal } \end{array}$ | 40.7 | kaaf ك | kkaadhibaa | كَذِبَ |
| maahdi + diykk + atyin | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 25.8 | thaal | 18.4 | alef g | 40.3 | meem | mUdhi |  |
| diykk + sum + ayn + lliyn | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 56.1 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { ن } \\ \text { noon } \end{array}$ | 38.9 | haa. | 25.8 | thaal ${ }^{\text {j }}$ | dhihni | ذِ هن |

Table 7- Thaal kasra analysis

## Ta dhamma analysis

|  |  | dhamma |  | Third | letter | Second | letter | First | letter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Misrecognised as | words | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L |  |  |
| faadh + ghaat | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | - | - | 29.4 | ق qaaf | 43.1 | ta | ttaak |  |
| sum + dhaaghaath + thaakaaf | 1 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 44.3 | ف | 43.1 | ta b | 24 | ain $\varepsilon$ | ottuf |  |
| minhu + taathill | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 43.1 | ta b | 28.4 | raa | 29.4 |  | kirrttu |  |

Table 8- Ta dhamma analysis

## Tha dhamma analysis

|  |  | dhamma |  | Third letter |  | Second | letter | First | letter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Misrecognised as | words | R (\%) | L | (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L |  |  |
| naabu + daama | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | - | - | 25 | tha ظ | 40.7 | kaaf ك | kkaathu |  |
| daaaun + daaaan | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | - | - | 27.3 | laam J | 25 | tha | thull |  |
| naabu | 2 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 44.3 | faa | 25 | tha ظ | 56.1 | noon | naathufaa |  |
| ayn + thull + naabu + kaarrnun | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | - | - | 25 | tha ظ | 44.2 | haaz | haathu |  |
| ghaanaamu + sum + aaajidu | 1 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 25 | tha ظ | 36 | yaa | 18.4 | ghain | ghaaythu |  |

Table 9- Tha dhamma anaylsis

## Tha kasra analysis

|  |  | kasra |  | Third | letter | Second | letter | First | letter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Misrecognised as | words | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L |  |  |
| ttaabllin + kkaathu | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 56.1 | noon | 25 | tha | 18.4 | alef ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | aaathin |  |
| ttaabllin + thaawbun | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 27.3 |  | 25 | tha $\quad$ | 29 | taa ت | taathill |  |
| daasaa + daaf + daafirraa | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 28.4 | raa | 44.3 | faa | 25 | tha | thifrr |  |
| rraadhiyaa + kkaadhibaa + ghaadha | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 40.3 | meem | 25 | tha $\quad$ b | 24 | ain ع | athimaa | عَظِّمْ |
| fyhi + aaawidu | 2 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 25 | tha | 36 | ي | 29.4 | قو | kaaythi | وَّغِّ |

Table 10- Tha kasra anaysis

## Ain dhamma analysis

|  |  | dhamma |  | Third letter |  | Second | letter | First | letter |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Misrecognised as | n of recog. words | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R } \\ & \text { (\%) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | L |  |  |
| taathill + saamtan | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 35.9 | waaw g | 29 | taa | 24 | ain ع | otw | عُّو |
| fillizzin + waasia +sum | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 28.4 | raa $J$ | 25 | thaa ${ }^{*}$ | 24 | ain ع | othirraa | عُتِّر |
| faasin + fillizzin + fillizzan | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 43.8 | seen | 28.4 | raas | 24 | ain $\varepsilon$ | orrsan | عُر سـا |
| haasaan + rrusull | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 43.8 | seen | 28.4 | raas | 24 | ain ع | orrsun | عُرسى |
| faasin + fillizzin | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 43.8 | seen | 28.4 | raas | 24 | ain ع | orrsin | عُرسٌ |
| sum + dhaaghaath + thaakaaf | 1 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 44.3 | faa | 43.1 | ta b | 24 | ain ع | ottuf | عُطفْ |
| saamghi + sum + aaathin + kaarrnun | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 28.4 | raaj | 40.3 | meem | 24 | ain $\varepsilon$ | omrr | عُمر |
| daama + dhaamaa | 2 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 40.3 | meem | 24 | ain ع | 56.1 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { ن } \\ \text { noon } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | naaomaa | نَعَمَ |
| saahw + rrusull | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 24 | ain $\varepsilon$ | 18.4 | alef ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 33.3 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { saad } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | saao | صـاعٌ |
| taathill + waarriain + hunuw | 0 out of 4 | 33.4 | u | 35.9 | waaw 9 | 27.3 | laam | 24 | ain $\varepsilon$ | olluw | عُلّو |

Table 11- Ain dhamma anaylsis

## Ghain kasra analysis

|  |  | kasra |  | Third letter |  | Second | letter | First | letter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Misrecognised as | words | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L | R (\%) | L |  |
| min + dhihni | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | - | - | 27.3 | laam | 18.4 | ghain $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | ghill |
| rraadhiyaa + waaathin + maakkunaa | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 36 | ي yaa | 18.4 | ghain $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | 43.1 | ta b | ttaaghiyaa |
|  | 0 out of 4 | 34.5 | i | 18.4 |  | 40.3 | meem ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 33.3 | saad | saamghi |

Table 12- Ghain kasra analysis

## Appendix

## Problematic letter/diacritic pair alternatives

| Ara. 1 | Name of letter | diacritic | T | Table 1 English letter with diacritic |  | Alternatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Table 2 <br> Eng. 1 <br> with diacritic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 3 |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Eng <br> . L | rr\% | Eng. $1$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{rr} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng } \\ & .1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r r} \\ & \% \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng. } \\ & \text { l } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Eng. $1$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathbf{r r} \\ \% \end{array}$ | Eng. 1 | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{r r} \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng } \\ & \text {. } 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng. } \\ & \text { l } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ |  |
| i | alef | dhamma | 3 | au | 0 | aaou | 0 | ao | 0 | a00 | 0 | aou | 0 | aau | 0 | aao | 0 | aaoo | 0 | au |
| ب | baa | kasra | 4 | Bi | 12.5 | bbee | 0 | be | 25 | bie | 0 | bee | 6.3 | bbi | 0 | bbe | 6.3 | bbie | 6.3 | be |
| $\because$ | taa | fat ha | 7 | taa | 3.6 | ttaa | 0 | ta | 7.1 | tta | 3.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ta |
| $\because$ | taa | dhamma | 3 | Tu | 8.3 | ttou | 0 | to | 0 | too | 0 | tou | 0 | ttu | 0 | tto | 0 | ttoo | 0 | tu |
| ث | thaa | dhamma | 7 | thu | 7.1 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { ttho } \\ \hline \end{array}$ <br> u | 0 | tho | 10.7 | thoo | 0 | thou | 3.6 | tthu | 0 | ttho | 3.6 | ttho | 3.6 | Tho |
| $\dot{\text { c }}$ | khaa | kasra | 3 | Ki | 8.3 | kee | 0 | khi | 25 | khe | 0 | khie | $\begin{aligned} & 16 . \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | khee | 0 | ke | 8.3 | kie | 0 | Khi |
| j | thaal | kasra | 4 | Dhi | 6.3 | dhee | 0 | thi | 6.3 | the | 6.3 | thie | 0 | thee | 6.3 | dhe | 6.3 | dhie | 0 | dhi |


| Ara. 1 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Name } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { letter } \end{array}$ | diacritic | T | Table 1 <br> English letter with diacritic |  | Alternatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Table 2 <br> Eng. 1 with diacritic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 3 |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Eng } \\ \text { - L } \end{array}$ | rr\% | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \text { l } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng } \\ & .1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng. } \\ & \text { l } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng. } \\ & \text { l } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Eng } \\ .1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng. } \\ & \text { l } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ |  |
| b | ta | dhamma | 3 | Ttu | 8.3 | ttou | 0 | tu | 16.7 | to | 8.3 | too | 0 | tou | 0 | tto | 8.3 | ttoo | 8.3 | tu |
| ظ | tha | dhamma | 5 | Thu | 15 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { ttho } \\ \text { u } \end{array}$ | 0 | tho | 20 | thoo | 0 | thou | 5 | tthu | 5 | ttho | 5 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { ttho } \\ \text { o } \end{array}$ | 0 | Tho |
| ظ | tha | kasra | 5 | Thi | 10 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { tthe } \\ \hline \end{array}$ $\mid \mathbf{e}$ | 0 | the | 15 | thie | 0 | thee | 5 | tthi | 0 | the | 5 | thie | 0 | the |
| $\varepsilon$ | ain | dhamma | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 0 | 7.5 | aoo | 0 | oo | 5 | oou | 2.5 | 000 | 0 | ou | 0 | ao | 2.5 | aou | 5 | 0 |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | ghain | Kasra | 3 | Gi | 0 | gee | 0 | ghi | 16.7 | ghe | 8.3 | ghie | 8.3 | ghee | 8.3 | ge | 8.3 | gie | 8.3 | ghi |

[^1]* Ara. L: Arabic letter *T: Total *Eng. L: English letter *rr \% : recognition rate \%


## ${ }_{\text {Appendix }} \mathbf{P}$

Improved LDPT recognition analysis

Improved LDPT recognition analysis

| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & \stackrel{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{7} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 》 } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\Pi} \\ & \stackrel{N}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | 3 $\cdots \stackrel{3}{3}$ ¢ |
| dhaaa | tyn | No | dhaaa | tyn | No | dhaaa | tyn | No | dhaaa | tyn | No |
| aaathen | khaadukk | No | aaathen | ttaabllin | No | aaathen | ttaabllin | No | aaathen | ttaabllin | No |
| saaghaa | saawghun | No | saaghaa | saah | No | saaghaa | saah | No | saaghaa | faakkaa | No |
| edhaa | eewaajjan | No | edhaa | yin | No | edhaa | tathell | No | edhaa | sum | No |
| zzaarr | zzaafaa | No | zzaarr | zzaaamaa | No | zzaarr | zzaaamaa | No | zzaarr | saah | No |
| kaas | faazzaa | No | kaas | shaams | No | kaas | kaas | Yes | kaas | haaf | No |
| aaamaall | amaallaa | No | aaamaall | kaarrnin | No | aaamaall | kaarrnin | No | aaamaall | amaalli | No |
| jjaatha | daasaa | No | jjaatha | dhaaba | No | jjaatha | jjaatha | Yes | jjaatha | jjaatha | Yes |
| shaah | shaahaadhaa | No | shaah | shaah | Yes | shaah | shugll | No | shaah | shaarraath | No |
| ttaaf | zzaafaa | No | ttaaf | ghaat | No | ttaaf | thaarrf | No | ttaaf | haaf | No |
| haayaaaaa | ath | No | haayaaaaa | haayuUa | No | haayaaaaa | ayiyaa | No | haayaaaaa | saayaarraa | No |
| kkaaasu | khaas | No | kkaaasu | ghaat | No | kkaaasu | khaas | No | kkaaasu | khaath | No |
| aukht | faazzaa | No | aukht | ghill | No | aukht | faadh | No | aukht | thollth | No |
| baadaa | faadhanaa | No | baadaa | ghaadha | No | baadaa | baadaa | Yes | baadaa | dhaaghaath | No |
| aaaw | kaarrn | No | aaaw | kkaatho | No | aaaw | ghill | No | aaaw | sum | No |
| aaakkaallaa | maakkaanaa | No | aaakkaallaa | maakkaanaa | No | aaakkaallaa | haattaallaa | No | aaakkaallaa | aaakkaallaa | Yes |
| saaaaall | thaakullaa | No | saaaaall | thaawbanaa | No | saaaaall | saakaattaa | No | saaaaall | saakaattaa | No |
| dhuUlII | daahrrun | No | dhuUIII | daaaun | No | dhuUIII | daaaun | No | dhuUIII | sum | No |
| baaiisaa | daasaa | No | baaiisaa | ghaaytho | No | baaiisaa | ghaaytho | No | baaiisaa | sum | No |
| baarraau | dhaaba | No | baarraau | baadaa | No | baarraau | daama | No | baarraau | ghaadha | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3 } \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{3}{3} \\ & \stackrel{0}{\sim} \\ & \stackrel{1}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{0}{\sim} \\ & \stackrel{1}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | - |
| swai | suhub | No | swai | saawyi | No | swai | sillkkin | No | swai | saawyi | No |
| daaaan | daaaan | Yes | daaaan | daahrran | No | daaaan | jjaahan | No | daaaan | daaaun | No |
| daaaun | sum | No | daaaun | daaaun | Yes | daaaun | jjaahin | No | daaaun | daaaun | Yes |
| daaain | daaaan | No | daaain | daaaan | No | daaain | daaaan | No | daaain | daaaan | No |
| thaaby | sum | No | thaaby | maahdi | No | thaaby | waafy | No | thaaby | mUdhi | No |
| dhaaba | dhaaba | Yes | dhaaba | dhaab | No | dhaaba | dub | No | dhaaba | naabu | No |
| baazzaaghaa | baaiisaa | No | baazzaaghaa | baaiisaa | No | baazzaaghaa | baaiisaa | No | baazzaaghaa | sum | No |
| baasaall | baasaall | Yes | baasaall | baasaattaa | No | baasaall | baasaall | Yes | baasaall | naasaab | No |
| baahaak | naahaata | No | baahaak | sum | No | baahaak | baahaak | Yes | baahaak | sum | No |
| khaabaatt | haabaasaa | No | khaabaatt | kaadhaaa | No | khaabaatt | khaabaatt | Yes | khaabaatt | khaabaatt | Yes |
| kkaabaa | dhaaba | No | kkaabaa | kkaabaa | Yes | kkaabaa | ghaadh | No | kkaabaa | kathu | No |
| dhaanb | dhaanb | Yes | dhaanb | dhaanb | Yes | dhaanb | daama | No | dhaanb | zzaand | No |
| baashimaa | baashimaa | Yes | baashimaa | baashimaa | Yes | baashimaa | baashimaa | Yes | baashimaa | sum | No |
| saabaa | saah | No | saabaa | saabaa | Yes | saabaa | subull | No | saabaa | faadhun | No |
| faarraabu | ghill | No | faarraabu | faarraabu | Yes | faarraabu | faarraabu | Yes | faarraabu | faarraabu | Yes |
| naasaab | naasaab | Yes | naasaab | naasaab | Yes | naasaab | naasaab | Yes | naasaab | naasaab | Yes |
| waajijibaa | waajjibaa | Yes | waajijibaa | waajijibaa | Yes | waajjibaa | waajjibaa | Yes | waajijibaa | waajjibaa | Yes |
| thaabaata | khaasaafaa | No | thaabaata | thaabaattaa | No | thaabaata | thaabaata | Yes | thaabaata | thaabaata | Yes |
| baattaallaa | ghaasaallaa | No | baattaallaa | maakkaanaa | No | baattaallaa | baattaallaa | Yes | baattaallaa | baattaallaa | Yes |
| beshrr | beshrr | Yes | beshrr | ghaashaa | No | beshrr | rryshi | No | beshrr | dhirrs | No |
| burrij | burrij | Yes | burrij | daaaun | No | burrjj | min | No | burrjj | burrij | Yes |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\sim} \\ & \underset{\sim}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  |
| jjubellaa | sum | No | jjubellaa | ghaattaa | No | jjubellaa | jjubellaa | Yes | jjubellaa | sum | No |
| rraabaattaa | thaabaata | No | rraabaattaa | rraabaattaa | Yes | rraabaattaa | rraabaattaa | Yes | rraabaattaa | rraabaattaa | Yes |
| subull | sillkkun | No | subull | saamtun | No | subull | subull | Yes | subull | sillkkun | No |
| haallaabaa | haallaabaa | Yes | haallaabaa | haallaabaa | Yes | haallaabaa | haallaabaa | Yes | haallaabaa | haallaabaa | Yes |
| kaallbe | kkaanzzi | No | kaallbe | sum | No | kaallbe | sum | No | kaallbe | thiny | No |
| naabu | naabu | Yes | naabu | naabu | Yes | naabu | naabu | Yes | naabu | naabu | Yes |
| thaawbanaa | thaawbun | No | thaawbanaa | ttaabllin | No | thaawbanaa | tholluthun | No | thaawbanaa | tholluthun | No |
| thaawbun | kaarrnun | No | thaawbun | ttaabllan | No | thaawbun | thaawbin | No | thaawbun | thaawbin | No |
| thaawbin | thaawbin | Yes | thaawbin | ttaabllin | No | thaawbin | tholluthin | No | thaawbin | allaafin | No |
| taht | saahw | No | taht | sum | No | taht | thaakhn | No | taht | saahw | No |
| dhaamaat | dhaamaat | Yes | dhaamaat | dhaamaa | No | dhaamaat | dhaamaat | Yes | dhaamaat | dhaamaat | Yes |
| tathell | thaawbun | No | tathell | ttaabllin | No | tathell | ttaabllin | No | tathell | ttaabllin | No |
| saattaat | saakkaat | No | saattaat | saakkaat | No | saattaat | saattaat | Yes | saattaat | faakkaa | No |
| saakkaat | khaath | No | saakkaat | saattaat | No | saakkaat | sum | No | saakkaat | sum | No |
| dhaarraat | dhaamaa | No | dhaarraat | dhaarraat | Yes | dhaarraat | dhaarraat | Yes | dhaarraat | dhaarraat | Yes |
| haazzaat | faazzaa | No | haazzaat | haazzaat | Yes | haazzaat | haazzaat | Yes | haazzaat | haazzaat | Yes |
| shaadaat | shaathaaf | No | shaadaat | shaadaat | Yes | shaadaat | shaajjaa | No | shaadaat | shaajjaa | No |
| thaanaat | ghaadha | No | thaanaat | thaanaat | Yes | thaanaat | thaanaat | Yes | thaanaat | thaanaat | Yes |
| jjaafaat | dhaafaarr | No | jjaafaat | jjaafaat | Yes | jjaafaat | akks | No | jjaafaat | jjaafaat | Yes |
| otw | tathell | No | otw | saamtan | No | otw | baatho | No | otw | adhaall | No |
| ghaat | faanaarr | No | ghaat | ghaat | Yes | ghaat | sum | No | ghaat | sum | No |
| taky | sum | No | taky | rraakkaaa | No | taky | dhaakky | No | taky | dhaakky | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & \stackrel{3}{M} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ |
| tamrr | saamghi | No | tamrr | dhaamaat | No | tamrr | daama | No | tamrr | saamtan | No |
| tyn | kaarrn | No | tyn | kkiys | No | tyn | tyn | Yes | tyn | lliyn | No |
| twt | taht | No | twt | sum | No | twt | dhuUIII | No | twt | kaarrn | No |
| kaatallaa | maakkunaa | No | kaatallaa | haattaamaa | No | kaatallaa | haattaamaa | No | kaatallaa | maakkaanaa | No |
| sutirraa | sutirraa | Yes | sutirraa | sutirraa | Yes | sutirraa | sillkkin | No | sutirraa | sutirraa | Yes |
| atumaa | aaadhunaa | No | atumaa | aaadhunaa | No | atumaa | haattaamaa | No | atumaa | sum | No |
| yumitu | tholl | No | yumitu | sum | No | yumitu | sum | No | yumitu | mudun | No |
| yaakhti | kaaythe | No | yaakhti | dhaakky | No | yaakhti | fijjll | No | yaakhti | dhaakky | No |
| naahaata | naahaata | Yes | naahaata | naahaata | Yes | naahaata | naahaata | Yes | naahaata | jjaahaathaa | No |
| saamtun | saamtun | Yes | saamtun | saamtan | No | saamtun | saamtun | Yes | saamtun | saamtun | Yes |
| saamtan | saamtan | Yes | saamtan | saamtun | No | saamtan | saamtan | Yes | saamtan | saamtan | Yes |
| saamtin | saamtan | No | saamtin | saamtan | No | saamtin | saamtin | Yes | saamtin | saamtan | No |
| thollth | haadaath | No | thollth | daaf | No | thollth | saaaf | No | thollth | thaarrf | No |
| thaakaaf | thaakaaf | Yes | thaakaaf | thaakaaf | Yes | thaakaaf | thaakaaf | Yes | thaakaaf | dhaaghaath | No |
| maakkaathaa | baakhaasaa | No | maakkaathaa | maakkaanaa | No | maakkaathaa | dhaakhaahu | No | maakkaathaa | maakkaathaa | Yes |
| ghaath | ghaath | Yes | ghaath | rraad | No | ghaath | ghaath | Yes | ghaath | ghaath | Yes |
| haadaath | haadaath | Yes | haadaath | haadaath | Yes | haadaath | haadaath | Yes | haadaath | haadaath | Yes |
| shaarraath | shaah | No | shaarraath | shaathaaf | No | shaarraath | shaarraath | Yes | shaarraath | shaadaat | No |
| ath | ath | Yes | ath | haaf | No | ath | haaf | No | ath | haf | No |
| thaawy | saaaf | No | thaawy | saadaa | No | thaawy | saawyi | No | thaawy | saawyi | No |
| thaakhn | kkaahaan | No | thaakhn | dhaaa | No | thaakhn | thaakhn | Yes | thaakhn | faadhun | No |
| baathaahu | dhaakhaahu | No | baathaahu | baasaall | No | baathaahu | tathell | No | baathaahu | ghaasaallaa | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3 } \\ & \stackrel{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow[\text { ¢ }]{\substack{\text { ¢ }}}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3 } \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ |
| thaabaattaa | thaabaattaa | Yes | thaabaattaa | thaabaata | No | thaabaattaa | thaabaata | No | thaabaattaa | thaabaata | No |
| thaajjaa | shaatt | No | thaajjaa | thaajjaa | Yes | thaajjaa | thaajjaa | Yes | thaajjaa | thaajjaa | Yes |
| thiny | sum | No | thiny | dhihni | No | thiny | tyn | No | thiny | saaniyaa | No |
| thollaat | faanaarr | No | thollaat | waanaa | No | thollaat | faaallaa | No | thollaat | faaallaa | No |
| waathaabaa | waathaabaa | Yes | waathaabaa | waathaabaa | Yes | waathaabaa | waathaabaa | Yes | waathaabaa | waathaabaa | Yes |
| othirraa | baakhillaa | No | othirraa | waasia | No | othirraa | waasia | No | othirraa | hujjub | No |
| jjuthw | ghaaytho | No | jjuthw | tathell | No | jjuthw | tathell | No | jjuthw | sum | No |
| aaathaa | kaasaa | No | aaathaa | haakkaa | No | aaathaa | haasaan | No | aaathaa | haakkaa | No |
| rraathi | llaayth | No | rraathi | waafy | No | rraathi | rraathi | Yes | rraathi | rraathi | Yes |
| baatho | dhaafaarr | No | baatho | ghaaytho | No | baatho | baasaall | No | baatho | baasaall | No |
| tholluthin | fillizzan | No | tholluthin | fillizzan | No | tholluthin | fillizzin | No | tholluthin | kaarrdhun | No |
| tholluthun | fillizzun | No | tholluthun | fillizzin | No | tholluthun | tholluthin | No | tholluthun | fillizzan | No |
| tholluthan | saamtan | No | tholluthan | fillizzun | No | tholluthan | fillizzin | No | tholluthan | kaarrdhun | No |
| Ilujjaaij | Ilujjaajj | Yes | Ilujijaajj | Ilujjaajj | Yes | Ilujijaajj | Ilujjaajj | Yes | Ilujjaajj | Ilujijaajj | Yes |
| jjaarraakkaa | daakaakkaa | No | jjaarraakkaa | jjaarraakkaa | Yes | jjaarraakkaa | jjaarraakkaa | Yes | jjaarraakkaa | jjaarraakkaa | Yes |
| dhaajjaa | naathofaa | No | dhaajjaa | dhaajjaa | Yes | dhaajjaa | baattaallaa | No | dhaajjaa | sum | No |
| jjaas | jjaas | Yes | jjaas | ghaath | No | jjaas | jjaas | Yes | jjaas | jjaas | Yes |
| khaajjaall | faadhanaa | No | khaajjaall | faadhin | No | khaajjaall | ttaajjaan | No | khaajjaall | sum | No |
| jjaahaathaa | naahaata | No | jjaahaathaa | dhaakhaahu | No | jjaahaathaa | jjaahaathaa | Yes | jjaahaathaa | jjaahun | No |
| ttaajjaan | faadhanaa | No | ttaajjaan | faadhin | No | ttaajjaan | ttaajjaan | Yes | ttaajjaan | ttaajjaan | Yes |
| shaajjaa | daaaan | No | shaajjaa | shaajjaa | Yes | shaajjaa | shaajjaa | Yes | shaajjaa | shaajjaa | Yes |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\underset{\text { ¢ }}{\substack{\text { ¢ }}}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ |
| ajjaazzaa | ajjaazzaa | Yes | ajjaazzaa | faadhanaa | No | ajjaazzaa | ajjaazzaa | Yes | ajjaazzaa | ajjaazzaa | Yes |
| saajjaaa | thaajjaa | No | saajjaaa | thaajjaa | No | saajjaaa | shaajjaarr | No | saajjaaa | thaajjaa | No |
| jjudhm | sum | No | jjudhm | sum | No | jjudhm | jjuthw | No | jjudhm | jjuhd | No |
| jjaady | dhaakky | No | jjaady | sum | No | jjaady | jjaady | Yes | jjaady | dhaakky | No |
| jjaazzaa | jjaazzaa | Yes | jjaazzaa | khaazzaakaa | No | jjaazzaa | jjuzzurr | No | jjaazzaa | jjaazzaa | Yes |
| haajjaa | kkaabshan | No | haajjaa | thaajjaa | No | haajjaa | tyn | No | haajjaa | haajjaa | Yes |
| jjaawk | sum | No | jjaawk | ghill | No | jjaawk | jjaawk | Yes | jjaawk | jjaawk | Yes |
| jjaamaall | daaaun | No | jjaamaall | kaarrnin | No | jjaamaall | sum | No | jjaamaall | jjaamaall | Yes |
| jjuhd | ghill | No | jjund | dub | No | jjuhd | ijuhd | Yes | jjuhd | jjaafaat | No |
| jjidu | naabu | No | jijidu | ghaadh | No | jijidu | ghill | No | jijidu | sum | No |
| waajjaadaa | naadaabaa | No | waajjaadaa | waajjaadaa | Yes | waajjaadaa | wujjidaa | No | waajjaadaa | waajjibaa | No |
| aaajijdu | aaajijidu | Yes | aaajiidu | aaajijidu | Yes | aaajijdu | aaajiidu | Yes | aaajiidu | aaajijdu | Yes |
| hujjub | haadaath | No | hujjub | sum | No | hujjub | hujjub | Yes | hujjub | sum | No |
| daarraajiaa | ghaadha | No | daarraajjaa | dhaajjaa | No | daarraajjaa | dhaajjaa | No | daarraajjaa | ghaajjaarr | No |
| saarriju | saamtan | No | saarriju | saamtan | No | saarrjiu | saarriju | Yes | saarriju | khaajjaall | No |
| waahaajij | waahaajji | Yes | waahaajji | waahaajji | Yes | waahaajji | waahaajji | Yes | waahaajji | waahaajji | Yes |
| eewaajjan | eewaajan | Yes | eewaajjan | eewaajjan | Yes | eewaajjan | eewaajijin | No | eewaajjan | eewaajjan | Yes |
| eewaajjun | eewaajjun | Yes | eewaajjun | aaadhunaa | No | eewaajjun | eewaajjun | Yes | eewaajjun | eewaajjun | Yes |
| eewaajjin | sum | No | eewaajjin | eewaajjin | Yes | eewaajjin | eewaajjin | Yes | eewaajjin | eewaajjan | No |
| haadhaarraa | haattaamaa | No | haadhaarraa | haabaasaa | No | haadhaarraa | thaabaata | No | haadhaarraa | haamaallaa | No |
| kaazzaah | kaazzaahun | No | kaazzaah | kaazzaah | Yes | kaazzaah | kaazzaahun | No | kaazzaah | haazzaat | No |
| suhuf | suhuf | Yes | suhuf | suhub | No | suhuf | suhuf | Yes | suhuf | suhuf | Yes |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ² } \\ & \stackrel{1}{7} \\ & \stackrel{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 了 } \\ & \stackrel{3}{\cdots} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\Gamma} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 를 } \\ & \stackrel{1}{7} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  |
| haadhw | khaadukk | No | haadhw | haatho | No | haadhw | haatho | No | haadhw | haatho | No |
| haattaamaa | daama | No | haattaamaa | daama | No | haattaamaa | haattaamaa | Yes | haattaamaa | haattaamaa | Yes |
| haasaan | haasaan | Yes | haasaan | haasaan | Yes | haasaan | haasaan | Yes | haasaan | haasaan | Yes |
| haakkaa | khaath | No | haakkaa | faadh | No | haakkaa | tyn | No | haakkaa | haakkaa | Yes |
| haallaahu | haallaahu | Yes | haallaahu | haayaaaaa | No | haallaahu | ghaanaamu | No | haallaahu | haallaahu | Yes |
| haay | haatho | No | haay | haay | Yes | haay | fyhi | No | haay | thiny | No |
| haamaallaa | khaamaanaa | No | haamaallaa | khaamaanaa | No | haamaallaa | faadhanaa | No | haamaallaa | haamaallaa | Yes |
| hibrr | hibrr | Yes | hibrr | hibrr | Yes | hibrr | hibrr | Yes | hibrr | hibrr | Yes |
| husn | haasaan | No | husn | faasin | No | husn | husn | Yes | husn | faasin | No |
| ttaahaanaa | faahaamaa | No | ttaahaanaa | ttaahaanaa | Yes | ttaahaanaa | ttaahaanaa | Yes | ttaahaanaa | kaahaarraa | No |
| suhub | suhub | Yes | suhub | suhub | Yes | suhub | suhub | Yes | suhub | suhub | Yes |
| yaahillu | faahaamaa | No | yaahillu | yaahillu | Yes | yaahillu | yaahillu | Yes | yaahillu | sum | No |
| maasaahaa | maasaahaa | Yes | maasaahaa | maasaahaa | Yes | maasaahaa | maasaahaa | Yes | maasaahaa | maasaahaa | Yes |
| faarraahi | kkaahaan | No | faarraahi | shaahy | No | faarraahi | ttaarraafi | No | faarraahi | sum | No |
| maarraahu | naahaata | No | maarraahu | maarraahu | Yes | maarraahu | maarraahu | Yes | maarraahu | maarraahu | Yes |
| kaazzaahanaa | kaazzaahun | No | kaazzaahanaa | kaazzaahun | No | kaazzaahanaa | kaazzaahun | No | kaazzaahanaa | kaazzaahun | No |
| kaazzaahin | waadhaaa | No | kaazzaahin | waadhaaa | No | kaazzaahin | kaazzaahin | Yes | kaazzaahin | waadhaaa | No |
| kaazzaahun | kaazzaahun | Yes | kaazzaahun | kaazzaahun | Yes | kaazzaahun | kaazzaahun | Yes | kaazzaahun | kaazzaahun | Yes |
| dhaakhaahu | dhaakhaahu | Yes | dhaakhaahu | dhaakhaahu | Yes | dhaakhaahu | dhaakhaahu | Yes | dhaakhaahu | dhaakhaahu | Yes |
| khaadukk | ath | No | khaadukk | haadaath | No | khaadukk | faadh | No | khaadukk | faadh | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{7} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\sim} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\Gamma} \\ & \stackrel{1}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ |
| khaath | kaaythe | No | khaath | faadh | No | khaath | haaf | No | khaath | haaf | No |
| khaashaaa | kaazzaah | No | khaashaaa | rraashaa | No | khaashaaa | khaashaaa | Yes | khaashaaa | sum | No |
| khaasaa | kaasaa | No | khaasaa | faasaa | No | khaasaa | faasun | No | khaasaa | faasun | No |
| dhaakhaarraa | daakaakkaa | No | dhaakhaarraa | naahaata | No | dhaakhaarraa | daafirraa | No | dhaakhaarraa | naahaata | No |
| khaazzaakaa | khaazzaakaa | Yes | khaazzaakaa | khaazzaakaa | Yes | khaazzaakaa | khaasaafaa | No | khaazzaakaa | kaazzaahun | No |
| khaasaafaa | khaasaafaa | Yes | khaasaafaa | khaasaafaa | Yes | khaasaafaa | khaasaafaa | Yes | khaasaafaa | khaasaafaa | Yes |
| khaamaanaa | khaamaanaa | Yes | khaamaanaa | dhaamaa | No | khaamaanaa | faadhanaa | No | khaamaanaa | haamaallaa | No |
| khaawy | kaadhaaa | No | khaawy | saadaa | No | khaawy | saawyi | No | khaawy | saawyi | No |
| khaas | khaas | Yes | khaas | haaf | No | khaas | khaas | Yes | khaas | haaf | No |
| khidrr | faadhanaa | No | khidrr | hibrr | No | khidrr | hibrr | No | khidrr | hibrr | No |
| khums | shaams | No | khums | shaams | No | khums | shaams | No | khums | khums | Yes |
| baakhaasaa | baakhaasaa | Yes | baakhaasaa | baakhaasaa | Yes | baakhaasaa | baakhaasaa | Yes | baakhaasaa | maakkaathaa | No |
| baakhillaa | baakhillaa | Yes | baakhillaa | baashimaa | No | baakhillaa | ghaaytho | No | baakhillaa | naasiyaa | No |
| rraakhusaa | rraakhusaa | Yes | rraakhusaa | rraakhusaa | Yes | rraakhusaa | rraakhusaa | Yes | rraakhusaa | rraahufaa | No |
| saarraakhaa | saabaakaa | No | saarraakhaa | shaarraafaa | No | saarraakhaa | saawghun | No | saarraakhaa | saarraakhaa | Yes |
| mukhi | mUdhi | No | mukhi | rraathi | No | mukhi | dhaakky | No | mukhi | sum | No |
| saallkhu | saamtan | No | saallkhu | saamtun | No | saallkhu | saamtun | No | saallkhu | saamtan | No |
| baadhaakhun | baadhaakhun | Yes | baadhaakhun | baadhaakhun | Yes | baadhaakhun | baadhaakhin | No | baadhaakhun | baadhaakhun | Yes |
| baadhaakhin | baathaahu | No | baadhaakhin | baadhaakhin | Yes | baadhaakhin | baadhaakhin | Yes | baadhaakhin | baadhaakhin | Yes |
| baadhaakhanaa | baadhaakhun | No | baadhaakhanaa | baadhaakhun | No | baadhaakhanaa | baadhaakhun | No | baadhaakhanaa | baadhaakhun | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3 } \\ & \stackrel{3}{7} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3 } \\ & \stackrel{0}{7} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ² } \\ & \stackrel{3}{7} \\ & \stackrel{1}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ |
| dhid | dub | No | dhid | ghaadh | No | dhid | dhid | Yes | dhid | min | No |
| zzaand | zzaand | Yes | zzaand | zzaand | Yes | zzaand | zzaand | Yes | zzaand | zzaand | Yes |
| rraasaadaa | rraasaadaa | Yes | rraasaadaa | rraasaadaa | Yes | rraasaadaa | rraasaadaa | Yes | rraasaadaa | rraasaadaa | Yes |
| kaadaam | kaarrnan | No | kaadaam | kaadhaaa | No | kaadaam | faadhin | No | kaadaam | faadhin | No |
| ttaawd | kaarrnun | No | ttaawd | daaaun | No | ttaawd | tholl | No | ttaawd | tholl | No |
| daasaa | daasaa | Yes | daasaa | daasaa | Yes | daasaa | daasaa | Yes | daasaa | dhaafaarr | No |
| daagll | daama | No | daagII | daaaan | No | daagll | daama | No | daagll | ghaanaamu | No |
| daaahu | daaahu | Yes | daaahu | daaahu | Yes | daaahu | daaahu | Yes | daaahu | daaahu | Yes |
| daaf | ghaath | No | daaf | dhaab | No | daaf | ghaath | No | daaf | ghaath | No |
| daama | dhaamaat | No | daama | dhaanaa | No | daama | daama | Yes | daama | ghaanaamu | No |
| dub | dub | Yes | dub | dub | Yes | dub | ghill | No | dub | ghill | No |
| diykk | diykk | Yes | diykk | diykk | Yes | diykk | diykk | Yes | diykk | diykk | Yes |
| naadaabaa | naadaabaa | Yes | naadaabaa | naadaabaa | Yes | naadaabaa | naadaabaa | Yes | naadaabaa | naadaabaa | Yes |
| hudidaa | wujjidaa | No | hudidaa | wujjidaa | No | hudidaa | mudun | No | hudidaa | atyin | No |
| mudun | mudun | Yes | mudun | mudun | Yes | mudun | mudun | Yes | mudun | mudun | Yes |
| saadaa | saabaa | No | saadaa | saakkaabaa | No | saadaa | saajjaaa | No | saadaa | sum | No |
| ahdu | sum | No | ahdu | sum | No | ahdu | tathell | No | ahdu | aaawidu | No |
| maahdi | maahwu | No | maahdi | sum | No | maahdi | rraathi | No | maahdi | maahwu | No |
| waaadan | waaadun | No | waaadan | waadhaaa | No | waaadan | faadhin | No | waaadan | waaadan | Yes |
| waaadun | waaadan | No | waaadun | waadhaaa | No | waaadun | waadhaaa | No | waaadun | waaadun | Yes |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | - | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{\text { ® }}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3 } \\ & \stackrel{3}{\#} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ |
| waaadin | waajjaadaa | No | waaadin | waajjaadaa | No | waaadin | waaadin | Yes | waaadin | waattaan | No |
| dhaakky | yaakhti | No | dhaakky | maahdi | No | dhaakky | dhaakky | Yes | dhaakky | dhaakky | Yes |
| dhaamaa | daama | No | dhaamaa | daama | No | dhaamaa | daama | No | dhaamaa | daama | No |
| dhaallaa | maakkunaa | No | dhaallaa | dhaanaa | No | dhaallaa | naathaarraa | No | dhaallaa | naathaarraa | No |
| faadh | faan | No | faadh | daaaan | No | faadh | min | No | faadh | faadh | Yes |
| kaadhaaa | ghaadha | No | kaadhaaa | kaadhaaa | Yes | kaadhaaa | baadaa | No | kaadhaaa | kkaabaa | No |
| shaadhaa | shaathaaf | No | shaadhaa | shaathaaf | No | shaadhaa | shaathaaf | No | shaadhaa | shaathaaf | No |
| dhaawd | dhaab | No | dhaawd | daaaun | No | dhaawd | ghill | No | dhaawd | ghill | No |
| dhiib | tyn | No | dhiib | daagll | No | dhiib | daagll | No | dhiib | min | No |
| dhaab | dhaaba | No | dhaab | dhaab | Yes | dhaab | dhaab | Yes | dhaab | ghaadh | No |
| dhull | daama | No | dhull | daaaun | No | dhull | daaaun | No | dhull | mudun | No |
| kkaadhibaa | sum | No | kkaadhibaa | ghaattaa | No | kkaadhibaa | sum | No | kkaadhibaa | khaadukk | No |
| adhaarraa | kaarrnan | No | adhaarraa | ghaadaarraa | No | adhaarraa | faadhin | No | adhaarraa | haattaallaa | No |
| aaadhunaa | aaadhunaa | Yes | aaadhunaa | aaadhunaa | Yes | aaadhunaa | aaadhunaa | Yes | aaadhunaa | aaadhunaa | Yes |
| shaahaadhaa | shaahaadhaa | Yes | shaahaadhaa | shaahaadhaa | Yes | shaahaadhaa | shaahaadhaa | Yes | shaahaadhaa | shaahaadhaa | Yes |
| mundhu | mundhu | Yes | mundhu | mundhu | Yes | mundhu | minhu | No | mundhu | mundhu | Yes |
| mUdhi | llaayth | No | mUdhi | maahdi | No | mUdhi | sum | No | mUdhi | maahdi | No |
| faadhanaa | kaarrnun | No | faadhanaa | kaarrnan | No | faadhanaa | fillizzin | No | faadhanaa | faadh | No |
| faadhun | ttaabllan | No | faadhun | ttaabllan | No | faadhun | faadhun | Yes | faadhun | faadhun | Yes |
| faadhin | kaarrnan | No | faadhin | ttaabllin | No | faadhin | faadhin | Yes | faadhin | faadhin | Yes |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{ } \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{\cdots} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  |
| thaahaarraa | naahaata | No | thaahaarraa | ghaattaa | No | thaahaarraa | dhaaba | No | thaahaarraa | naahaata | No |
| kaarrn | kaarrn | Yes | kaarrn | ttaabllan | No | kaarrn | kaarrnin | No | kaarrn | saamtan | No |
| rraakkaallaa | rraakkaallaa | Yes | rraakkaallaa | maakkaanaa | No | rraakkaallaa | rraakkaallaa | Yes | rraakkaallaa | rraakkaallaa | Yes |
| dhaarraa | dhaarraat | No | dhaarraa | ghaadaarraa | No | dhaarraa | daama | No | dhaarraa | naathaarraa | No |
| rraagw | ghaadaarraa | No | rraagw | ttaabllan | No | rraagw | maahwu | No | rraagw | baathaahu | No |
| ttaayrr | sum | No | ttaayrr | sum | No | ttaayrr | ayiyaa | No | ttaayrr | faaallaa | No |
| sirr | saadghu | No | sirr | sihrr | No | sirr | sihrr | No | sirr | sihrr | No |
| rraad | ghaadha | No | rraad | faadh | No | rraad | faadh | No | rraad | rraad | Yes |
| rrubaa | ghaath | No | rrubaa | rrubaa | Yes | rrubaa | rrubaa | Yes | rrubaa | sum | No |
| surrurr | shaah | No | surrurr | shibll | No | surrurr | suhub | No | surrurr | fillizzin | No |
| haarraamaa | haarraamaa | Yes | haarraamaa | haattaamaa | No | haarraamaa | haattaamaa | No | haarraamaa | haattaamaa | No |
| sirry | saamtan | No | sirry | faarraasi | No | sirry | saanaami | No | sirry | saanaami | No |
| faattaarraa | haafaathaa | No | faattaarraa | rraabaattaa | No | faattaarraa | thaabaata | No | faattaarraa | saakaattaa | No |
| jjuhrri | yaahillu | No | jjuhrri | sum | No | jjuhrri | sum | No | jjuhrri | jjaahun | No |
| fikkrri | faakkaa | No | fikkrri | taky | No | fikkrri | sum | No | fikkrri | taky | No |
| daahrrun | daahrrun | Yes | daahrrun | daaaun | No | daahrrun | daahrrin | No | daahrrun | daaaun | No |
| daahrrin | daaaan | No | daahrrin | daaaan | No | daahrrin | daaaan | No | daahrrin | daaaan | No |
| daahrran | daahrrun | No | daahrran | daahrrun | No | daahrran | daahrrun | No | daahrran | jjaahun | No |
| zzaafaa | zzaafaa | Yes | zzaafaa | zzaafaa | Yes | zzaafaa | zzaafaa | Yes | zzaafaa | zzaafaa | Yes |
| zzaaamaa | dhaamaa | No | zzaaamaa | zzaaamaa | Yes | zzaaamaa | zzaaamaa | Yes | zzaaamaa | daama | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{7}{3} \\ & \stackrel{1}{\sim} \\ & \stackrel{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow[\text { ® }]{\stackrel{3}{\sim}}$ |
| zzaakky | sum | No | zzaakky | zzaakky | Yes | zzaakky | zzaakky | Yes | zzaakky | dhaakky | No |
| zzuhaall | dhaakhaahu | No | zzuhaall | zzuhaall | Yes | zzuhaall | zzuhaall | Yes | zzuhaall | zzuhaall | Yes |
| zzaarraaa | zzaakky | No | zzaarraaa | dhaaba | No | zzaarraaa | zzaaamaa | No | zzaarraaa | daama | No |
| zzirr | zzaand | No | zzirr | zzaaamaa | No | zzirr | zzirr | Yes | zzirr | dhid | No |
| rruzzik | baazzaaghaa | No | rruzzik | sum | No | rruzzik | rruzzik | Yes | rruzzik | sum | No |
| azzaafaa | azzaafaa | Yes | azzaafaa | sum | No | azzaafaa | azzaafaa | Yes | azzaafaa | kaazzaahun | No |
| jjuzzurr | daasaa | No | jjuzzurr | sum | No | jjuzzurr | jjuzzurr | Yes | jjuzzurr | jjuzzurr | Yes |
| faazzaa | faazzaa | Yes | faazzaa | faazzaa | Yes | faazzaa | faasin | No | faazzaa | faasin | No |
| jjaawzzu | jjaazzaa | No | jjaawzzu | jjaawzzu | Yes | jjaawzzu | jjaawzzu | Yes | jjaawzzu | jjaawzzu | Yes |
| kkaanzzi | sum | No | kkaanzzi | tathell | No | kkaanzzi | kkaanzzi | Yes | kkaanzzi | sum | No |
| fillizzan | fillizzan | Yes | fillizzan | fillizzin | No | fillizzan | fillizzan | Yes | fillizzan | fillizzan | Yes |
| fillizzun | fillizzan | No | fillizzun | fillizzan | No | fillizzun | fillizzun | Yes | fillizzun | fillizzun | Yes |
| fillizzin | asaall | No | fillizzin | asaall | No | fillizzin | fillizzin | Yes | fillizzin | fillizzin | Yes |
| shaams | shaams | Yes | shaams | shaams | Yes | shaams | shaams | Yes | shaams | shaams | Yes |
| ghaasaallaa | ghaasaallaa | Yes | ghaasaallaa | baasaattaa | No | ghaasaallaa | baasaattaa | No | ghaasaallaa | rraasaadaa | No |
| saahw | saamtan | No | saahw | saahw | Yes | saahw | saahw | Yes | saahw | saahw | Yes |
| kkys | saaaf | No | kkys | kkiys | No | kkys | kkiys | No | kkys | kkiys | No |
| dhirrs | daasaa | No | dhirrs | dhaaghaath | No | dhirrs | maawzz | No | dhirrs | daaf | No |
| sum | sum | Yes | sum | shaahy | No | sum | saawghin | No | sum | faan | No |
| saakkaabaa | saakkaabaa | Yes | saakkaabaa | saakkaabaa | Yes | saakkaabaa | sillkkin | No | saakkaabaa | saakkaabaa | Yes |
| sihrr | saahw | No | sihrr | sihrr | Yes | sihrr | suhuf | No | sihrr | suhub | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3 } \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | 3 $\stackrel{3}{3}$ $\stackrel{\sim}{3}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | ¢ |
| rrusull | nusirraa | No | rrusull | rrusull | Yes | rrusull | orrsin | No | rrusull | fillizzun | No |
| asaall | haasaan | No | asaall | haasaan | No | asaall | haasaan | No | asaall | haasaan | No |
| naasiyaa | naasiyaa | Yes | naasiyaa | naasiyaa | Yes | naasiyaa | naasiyaa | Yes | naasiyaa | naasiyaa | Yes |
| haabaasaa | haabaasaa | Yes | haabaasaa | haabaasaa | Yes | haabaasaa | haabaasaa | Yes | haabaasaa | haabaasaa | Yes |
| haarraasaa | haarraasaa | Yes | haarraasaa | haasaan | No | haarraasaa | haasaan | No | haarraasaa | haarraasaa | Yes |
| faarraasi | ghaasaallaa | No | faarraasi | rraathi | No | faarraasi | fillizzin | No | faarraasi | ttaarraafi | No |
| orrsan | fillizzan | No | orrsan | orrsan | Yes | orrsan | haasaan | No | orrsan | haasaan | No |
| orrsun | rrusull | No | orrsun | rrusull | No | orrsun | rrusull | No | orrsun | rrusull | No |
| orrsin | fillizzin | No | orrsin | fillizzin | No | orrsin | fillizzin | No | orrsin | fillizzin | No |
| shaadhw | shaadhw | Yes | shaadhw | shibll | No | shaadhw | shibll | No | shaadhw | shibll | No |
| shaas | shaas | Yes | shaas | shaas | Yes | shaas | shaas | Yes | shaas | shaas | Yes |
| shaathaaf | shaathaaf | Yes | shaathaaf | shaadaat | No | shaathaaf | shaathaaf | Yes | shaathaaf | shaathaaf | Yes |
| shaatt | shaatt | Yes | shaatt | shaatt | Yes | shaatt | shaatt | Yes | shaatt | sum | No |
| shugll | shaadhaa | No | shugll | shibll | No | shugll | shugll | Yes | shugll | shugll | Yes |
| kaash | kaash | Yes | kaash | kaash | Yes | kaash | kaash | Yes | kaash | kaas | No |
| shaakk | shaatt | No | shaakk | shaakk | Yes | shaakk | shaakk | Yes | shaakk | shaakk | Yes |
| naashizz | baasaattaa | No | naashizz | naashizz | Yes | naashizz | naashizz | Yes | naashizz | naashizz | Yes |
| shaahy | shaahy | Yes | shaahy | shaahy | Yes | shaahy | shaahy | Yes | shaahy | saamghi | No |
| shaajjaarr | shaadhaa | No | shaajjaarr | shaajjaa | No | shaajjaarr | shaajjaa | No | shaajjaarr | shaajjaa | No |
| shibll | shibll | Yes | shibll | shibll | Yes | shibll | shibll | Yes | shibll | shibll | Yes |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\underset{\sim}{3}$ |
| shukkrr | shugll | No | shukkrr | shaatt | No | shukkrr | sum | No | shukkrr | shaakk | No |
| waashm | rraashaa | No | waashm | waashm | Yes | waashm | waashm | Yes | waashm | waasy | No |
| rrushidaa | rrushidaa | Yes | rrushidaa | rrushidaa | Yes | rrushidaa | rrushidaa | Yes | rrushidaa | rrushidaa | Yes |
| aaashudu | aaashudu | Yes | aaashudu | aaashudu | Yes | aaashudu | aaashudu | Yes | aaashudu | aaashudu | Yes |
| rraashaa | rraashaa | Yes | rraashaa | rraashaa | Yes | rraashaa | rraashaa | Yes | rraashaa | rraasaa | No |
| rrimshu | rrimshu | Yes | rrimshu | rrimshu | Yes | rrimshu | rrimshu | Yes | rrimshu | rrusull | No |
| rryshi | sum | No | rryshi | sum | No | rryshi | rryshi | Yes | rryshi | rryshi | Yes |
| kkaabshan | kkaabshan | Yes | kkaabshan | kkaabshan | Yes | kkaabshan | haam | No | kkaabshan | khaajjaall | No |
| kkaabshun | kkaabshun | Yes | kkaabshun | kkaabshun | Yes | kkaabshun | kkaabshun | Yes | kkaabshun | kabshin | No |
| kkaabshin | kkaabshan | No | kkaabshin | kkaabshin | Yes | kkaabshin | kkaabshan | No | kkaabshin | kkaabshan | No |
| kaasaa | kaas | No | kaasaa | kaasaa | Yes | kaasaa | faasun | No | kaasaa | faasun | No |
| sum | saamtan | No | sum | shaahy | No | sum | saamghi | No | sum | faan | No |
| saanaaa | saanaaa | Yes | saanaaa | faanaarr | No | saanaaa | saanaaa | Yes | saanaaa | faanaarr | No |
| saah | saah | Yes | saah | saah | Yes | saah | saah | Yes | saah | saaaf | No |
| waasy | waasaatti | No | waasy | waasy | Yes | waasy | waasy | Yes | waasy | waafy | No |
| suws | suhuf | No | suws | shaams | No | suws | sillkkin | No | suws | thollth | No |
| saayd | saamtin | No | saayd | saayd | Yes | saayd | saayd | Yes | saayd | fyhi | No |
| sihrr | saahw | No | sihrr | saaeerr | No | sihrr | sihrr | Yes | sihrr | saadghu | No |
| asaarraa | kaasaa | No | asaarraa | kaazzaah | No | asaarraa | baasaattaa | No | asaarraa | faasun | No |
| nusirraa | naasiyaa | No | nusirraa | naasiyaa | No | nusirraa | nusirraa | Yes | nusirraa | nusirraa | Yes |
| yaasudu | yaasudu | Yes | yaasudu | naasaab | No | yaasudu | yaasudu | Yes | yaasudu | yaasudu | Yes |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\Gamma} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 了 } \\ & \stackrel{0}{\Gamma} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | 3 $\substack{3 \\ \\ 3}$ |
| rraasaa | rraasaa | Yes | rraasaa | rraasaa | Yes | rraasaa | rraasaa | Yes | rraasaa | rraasaa | Yes |
| kurrsi | kurrsi | Yes | kurrsi | waasy | No | kurrsi | waasy | No | kurrsi | kurrsi | Yes |
| faasun | faasun | Yes | faasun | haasaan | No | faasun | faasun | Yes | faasun | faasun | Yes |
| faasaa | haasaan | No | faasaa | haasaan | No | faasaa | haasaan | No | faasaa | haasaan | No |
| faasin | rraasaadaa | No | faasin | rraasaadaa | No | faasin | rraafaaa | No | faasin | rraafaaa | No |
| dhaaghaath | daama | No | dhaaghaath | ghaadha | No | dhaaghaath | maallaaf | No | dhaaghaath | baahaak | No |
| waadhaaa | dhaaba | No | waadhaaa | waattaan | No | waadhaaa | waathaafaa | No | waadhaaa | waaadun | No |
| dhaanaa | daaaun | No | dhaanaa | waanaa | No | dhaanaa | daama | No | dhaanaa | maakkaanaa | No |
| dhaallaa | daama | No | dhaallaa | naadaabaa | No | dhaallaa | daama | No | dhaallaa | daama | No |
| dhyk | sum | No | dhyk | diykk | No | dhyk | diykk | No | dhyk | sum | No |
| dhaafaarr | naahaata | No | dhaafaarr | baasaattaa | No | dhaafaarr | daafirraa | No | dhaafaarr | waaathun | No |
| dhaarraabaa | naadaabaa | No | dhaarraabaa | ghaadha | No | dhaarraabaa | naahaata | No | dhaarraabaa | naadaabaa | No |
| dhuha | dhuha | Yes | dhuha | dhuha | Yes | dhuha | suhub | No | dhuha | waaathan | No |
| dhidu | naabu | No | dhidu | shibll | No | dhidu | ghill | No | dhidu | naabu | No |
| rraadhiyaa | rraadhiyaa | Yes | rraadhiyaa | rraadhiyaa | Yes | rraadhiyaa | rraadhiyaa | Yes | rraadhiyaa | rraadhiyaa | Yes |
| adhud | aaadhunaa | No | adhud | ttaabllin | No | adhud | ttaabllin | No | adhud | allaaman | No |
| faadhaallaa | thaabaata | No | faadhaallaa | thaabaata | No | faadhaallaa | thaabaata | No | faadhaallaa | baattaallaa | No |
| maarraadhaa | naadaabaa | No | maarraadhaa | naadaabaa | No | maarraadhaa | mundhu | No | maarraadhaa | naadaabaa | No |
| arraadhaa | dhaarraabaa | No | arraadhaa | baadaa | No | arraadhaa | thaabaata | No | arraadhaa | haattaamaa | No |
| aaarrdhi | kaarrnun | No | aaarrdhi | thaaby | No | aaarrdhi | thaaby | No | aaarrdhi | sum | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{\text { ® }}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ |
| kaarrdhan | kaarrnan | No | kaarrdhan | ttaabllun | No | kaarrdhan | kaarrnun | No | kaarrdhan | kaarrnun | No |
| kaarrdhun | kaarrnun | No | kaarrdhun | ttaabllan | No | kaarrdhun | thaawbun | No | kaarrdhun | alamun | No |
| kaarrdhin | kaarrnan | No | kaarrdhin | ttaabllin | No | kaarrdhin | ttaabllin | No | kaarrdhin | saamtun | No |
| ttuk | ghaat | No | ttuk | faadh | No | ttuk | faadh | No | ttuk | faadh | No |
| haattaallaa | haattaamaa | No | haattaallaa | thaabaata | No | haattaallaa | thaabaata | No | haattaallaa | haattaallaa | Yes |
| ttaamaaa | kaarrnan | No | ttaamaaa | daama | No | ttaamaaa | daama | No | ttaamaaa | daama | No |
| ttib | sum | No | ttib | sum | No | ttib | sum | No | ttib | faadh | No |
| ttaabaaa | sum | No | ttaabaaa | rraabaattaa | No | ttaabaaa | ttaabllin | No | ttaabaaa | faaallaa | No |
| waattaan | waaathun | No | waattaan | waattaan | Yes | waattaan | waattaan | Yes | waattaan | waattaan | Yes |
| rraattib | waaathan | No | rraattib | rraakkaaa | No | rraattib | baarrkin | No | rraattib | rraattib | Yes |
| otuf | sum | No | otuf | dhaaghaath | No | otuf | otuf | Yes | otuf | sum | No |
| kirrtu | minhu | No | kirrtu | sum | No | kirrtu | tathell | No | kirrtu | minhu | No |
| waasaatti | waasaatti | Yes | waasaatti | waasaatti | Yes | waasaatti | waasaatti | Yes | waasaatti | waasaatti | Yes |
| baasaattaa | baasaattaa | Yes | baasaattaa | baasaattaa | Yes | baasaattaa | khaasaafaa | No | baasaattaa | baasaattaa | Yes |
| nukaattan | nukaattan | Yes | nukaattan | nukaattan | Yes | nukaattan | nukaattan | Yes | nukaattan | nukaattan | Yes |
| nukaattun | nukaattin | No | nukaattun | nukaattun | Yes | nukaattun | nukaattun | Yes | nukaattun | nukaattun | Yes |
| nukaattin | nukaattin | Yes | nukaattin | nukaattin | Yes | nukaattin | nukaattin | Yes | nukaattin | nukaattin | Yes |
| thaahaarr | naahaata | No | thaahaarr | baatho | No | thaahaarr | faadh | No | thaahaarr | naahaata | No |
| kkaatho | dhaaba | No | kkaatho | ttaabllan | No | kkaatho | naabu | No | kkaatho | naabu | No |
| waathaafaa | waathaafaa | Yes | waathaafaa | waathaafaa | Yes | waathaafaa | waathaafaa | Yes | waathaafaa | waathaafaa | Yes |
| thaarrf | ghaath | No | thaarrf | maallaaf | No | thaarrf | baatho | No | thaarrf | ghaath | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ై } \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\Gamma} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | 3 $\stackrel{3}{3}$ $\stackrel{\sim}{3}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ |
| thefrr | daafirraa | No | thefrr | daaf | No | thefrr | daaf | No | thefrr | sum | No |
| tholl | daama | No | tholl | daaaun | No | tholl | daaaan | No | tholl | daaaun | No |
| naathaarraa | naahaata | No | naathaarraa | naadaabaa | No | naathaarraa | naathaarraa | Yes | naathaarraa | naathaarraa | Yes |
| naathofaa | naathofaa | Yes | naathofaa | naathofaa | Yes | naathofaa | naathofaa | Yes | naathofaa | naathofaa | Yes |
| athemaa | ghaadha | No | athemaa | rraadhiyaa | No | athemaa | kkaadhibaa | No | athemaa | sum | No |
| haafaathaa | haafaathaa | Yes | haafaathaa | haafaathaa | Yes | haafaathaa | haafaathaa | Yes | haafaathaa | haafaathaa | Yes |
| kaaythe | aaamill | No | kaaythe | aaawidu | No | kaaythe | sum | No | kaaythe | sum | No |
| haatho | kaarrnun | No | haatho | faadh | No | haatho | naabu | No | haatho | faadh | No |
| waaathan | waaadun | No | waaathan | waaadun | No | waaathan | waaathun | No | waaathan | wattaan | No |
| waaathun | waattaan | No | waaathun | waaathun | Yes | waaathun | waaathun | Yes | waaathun | waaathun | Yes |
| waaathin | daaaan | No | waaathin | daaaan | No | waaathin | waaathin | Yes | waaathin | waaadin | No |
| adhaall | ahdu | No | adhaall | kaadhaaa | No | adhaall | ahdu | No | adhaall | faadhin | No |
| saaaf | thaakaaf | No | saaaf | saah | No | saaaf | sihrr | No | saaaf | ghaath | No |
| attaash | attaash | Yes | attaash | haawaas | No | attaash | attaash | Yes | attaash | attaash | Yes |
| akks | kaas | No | akks | kkiys | No | akks | baakhaasaa | No | akks | haakkaa | No |
| akrr | akrr | Yes | akrr | sum | No | akrr | saattaat | No | akrr | haattaamaa | No |
| ayn | kaarrn | No | ayn | haay | No | ayn | fyhi | No | ayn | aaaw | No |
| eejjll | sum | No | eejjll | sum | No | eejijll | eejjlll | Yes | eejjlll | eejijll | Yes |
| omrr | allaaman | No | omrr | aaamill | No | omrr | aaaw | No | omrr | haamaallaa | No |
| saaeerr | saaeerr | Yes | saaeerr | saaeerr | Yes | saaeerr | sihrr | No | saaeerr | saaeerr | Yes |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | - | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{\substack{3 \\ \sim \\ \sim}}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | T $\stackrel{3}{3}$ $\stackrel{\sim}{3}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | 詟 |
| naaasaa | daasaa | No | naaasaa | naasaab | No | naaasaa | naasaab | No | naaasaa | naathofaa | No |
| naaomaa | dhaamaa | No | naaomaa | naaomaa | Yes | naaomaa | naaomaa | Yes | naaomaa | naaomaa | Yes |
| waasia | waasia | Yes | waasia | waasia | Yes | waasia | waasia | Yes | waasia | waasia | Yes |
| kaaee | kaaythe | No | kaaee | zzaakky | No | kaaee | kaaythe | No | kaaee | saaniyaa | No |
| saao | saadghu | No | saao | saahw | No | saao | saahw | No | saao | saahw | No |
| waarriaan | waaadun | No | waarriaan | waaadun | No | waarriaan | waaadin | No | waarriaan | waarriain | No |
| waarriaun | waarriaun | Yes | waarriaun | waarriaun | Yes | waarriaun | waarriaun | Yes | waarriaun | waarriaun | Yes |
| waarriain | waaadan | No | waarriain | waadhaaa | No | waarriain | waarriain | Yes | waarriain | waarriain | Yes |
| ghaajjaarr | ghaadha | No | ghaajjaarr | rraaghaad | No | ghaajjaarr | dhaajjaa | No | ghaajjaarr | ghaajjaarr | Yes |
| ghaadha | daama | No | ghaadha | naathaarraa | No | ghaadha | tathell | No | ghaadha | naathaarraa | No |
| ghaashaa | naashizz | No | ghaashaa | rraashaa | No | ghaashaa | naashizz | No | ghaashaa | rraashaa | No |
| ghaadhu | naabu | No | ghaadhu | naabu | No | ghaadhu | rraad | No | ghaadhu | rraad | No |
| ghaafiyaa | sum | No | ghaafiyaa | rraadhiyaa | No | ghaafiyaa | waasia | No | ghaafiyaa | sum | No |
| ghaarraakaa | ghaattaa | No | ghaarraakaa | rraabaattaa | No | ghaarraakaa | naathofaa | No | ghaarraakaa | haarraakkaa | No |
| ghaaytho | waaadin | No | ghaaytho | aaajijidu | No | ghaaytho | sum | No | ghaaytho | ghaanaamu | No |
| ghaattaa | saah | No | ghaattaa | khaath | No | ghaattaa | naathofaa | No | ghaattaa | zzaarr | No |
| ghaadaarraa | ghaadha | No | ghaadaarraa | naadaabaa | No | ghaadaarraa | waathaafaa | No | ghaadaarraa | naadaabaa | No |
| ghusn | waaathan | No | ghusn | naashizz | No | ghusn | orrsin | No | ghusn | faasun | No |
| ghill | min | No | ghill | min | No | ghill | dhihni | No | ghill | min | No |
| saaghurraa | saawghin | No | saaghurraa | saawghin | No | saaghurraa | saawghun | No | saaghurraa | faadhanaa | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3 } \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \\ & \stackrel{1}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3 } \\ & \stackrel{0}{7} \\ & \stackrel{1}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3 } \\ & \stackrel{3}{\#} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ |
| rraaghaad | naadaabaa | No | rraaghaad | rraaghaad | Yes | rraaghaad | rraaghaad | Yes | rraaghaad | rraaghaad | Yes |
| ttaaghiyaa | maakkunaa | No | ttaaghiyaa | rraadhiyaa | No | ttaaghiyaa | waaathin | No | ttaaghiyaa | rraadhiyaa | No |
| maarraaghaa | maarraadhaa | No | maarraaghaa | maakkaanaa | No | maarraaghaa | maarraahu | No | maarraaghaa | maarraadhaa | No |
| saadghu | faadhanaa | No | saadghu | faadhanaa | No | saadghu | saadghu | Yes | saadghu | saadghu | Yes |
| saamghi | saamtan | No | saamghi | saanaaa | No | saamghi | saamtin | No | saamghi | saamghi | Yes |
| saawgan | saawghun | No | saawgan | saawghun | No | saawgan | saawghun | No | saawgan | saawghun | No |
| saawghun | thaawbun | No | saawghun | saamtun | No | saawghun | ayn | No | saawghun | ayn | No |
| saawghin | saamtan | No | saawghin | saadaa | No | saawghin | saawgan | No | saawghin | tholluthin | No |
| haaf | ghaath | No | haaf | haaf | Yes | haaf | ath | No | haaf | haaf | Yes |
| waafy | waasaatti | No | waafy | waafy | Yes | waafy | waafy | Yes | waafy | waafy | Yes |
| maallaaf | maallaaf | Yes | maallaaf | maallaaf | Yes | maallaaf | maallaaf | Yes | maallaaf | maallaaf | Yes |
| faakkaa | sum | No | faakkaa | daaaun | No | faakkaa | faakkaa | Yes | faakkaa | khaath | No |
| faan | zzaand | No | faan | faan | Yes | faan | faan | Yes | faan | faan | Yes |
| fijjll | faadhin | No | fijjll | sillkkin | No | fijjll | fijjll | Yes | fijjll | fijjll | Yes |
| furrn | daama | No | furrn | faan | No | furrn | faadhin | No | furrn | waattaan | No |
| faaallaa | faaallaa | Yes | faaallaa | ttaahaanaa | No | faaallaa | daama | No | faaallaa | faadhaallaa | No |
| rraafaaa | rraafaaa | Yes | rraafaaa | rraasaa | No | rraafaaa | dhaafaarr | No | rraafaaa | rraasaa | No |
| daafirraa | daasaa | No | daafirraa | dhaakky | No | daafirraa | sum | No | daafirraa | ghaasaallaa | No |
| afwu | kaarrdhun | No | afwu | afwu | Yes | afwu | afwu | Yes | afwu | afwu | Yes |
| shaarraafaa | shaarraafaa | Yes | shaarraafaa | shaarraafaa | Yes | shaarraafaa | shaarraafaa | Yes | shaarraafaa | shaarraafaa | Yes |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{3} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\stackrel{1}{3}} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ |
| ttaarraafi | ttaarraafi | Yes | ttaarraafi | rraathi | No | ttaarraafi | ttaarraafi | Yes | ttaarraafi | ttaarraafi | Yes |
| khaallfu | haarraakkaa | No | khaallfu | saamtan | No | khaallfu | ghaaytho | No | khaallfu | saamtan | No |
| allaafan | allaafan | Yes | allaafan | haasaan | No | allaafan | allaatin | No | allaafan | allaafan | Yes |
| allaafun | allaafan | No | allaafun | allaafan | No | allaafun | allaafun | Yes | allaafun | allaafun | Yes |
| allaafin | allaafin | Yes | allaafin | allaafin | Yes | allaafin | allaafin | Yes | allaafin | allaafin | Yes |
| sujjuk | sujjuk | Yes | sujjuk | shibll | No | sujjuk | saarriju | No | sujjuk | sum | No |
| kullw | hunuw | No | kullw | sum | No | kullw | aaamill | No | kullw | hunuw | No |
| daakaakkaa | daakaakkaa | Yes | daakaakkaa | haakkaa | No | daakaakkaa | daakaakkaa | Yes | daakaakkaa | haakkaa | No |
| kaallaam | kaarrnan | No | kaallaam | kaarrnan | No | kaallaam | faadhin | No | kaallaam | kaarrnun | No |
| kidrr | daagllu | No | kidrr | hibrr | No | kidrr | tathell | No | kidrr | hibrr | No |
| kudaa | sum | No | kudaa | kudaa | Yes | kudaa | waaathin | No | kudaa | yin | No |
| saakaattaa | saakaattaa | Yes | saakaattaa | saakaattaa | Yes | saakaattaa | saakaattaa | Yes | saakaattaa | saakaattaa | Yes |
| fukidaa | fukidaa | Yes | fukidaa | fukidaa | Yes | fukidaa | fukidaa | Yes | fukidaa | fukidaa | Yes |
| thaakullaa | maakkunaa | No | thaakullaa | saakaattaa | No | thaakullaa | thaakullaa | Yes | thaakullaa | thaakullaa | Yes |
| saabaakaa | thaabaata | No | saabaakaa | saabaakaa | Yes | saabaakaa | saabaakaa | Yes | saabaakaa | saabaakaa | Yes |
| abaakaa | rraabaattaa | No | abaakaa | rraabaattaa | No | abaakaa | thaabaata | No | abaakaa | sum | No |
| ghaasaaku | ghaasaaku | Yes | ghaasaaku | ghaasaaku | Yes | ghaasaaku | ghaasaaku | Yes | ghaasaaku | ghaasaaku | Yes |
| baarrkan | naathofaa | No | baarrkan | daaaan | No | baarrkan | baadhaakhun | No | baarrkan | baadhaakhun | No |
| baarrkun | waaathun | No | baarrkun | baadhaakhin | No | baarrkun | sum | No | baarrkun | sum | No |
| baarrkin | ayn | No | baarrkin | ayn | No | baarrkin | baadhaakhin | No | baarrkin | baadhaakhin | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{1}{\sim} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{\substack{3 \\ \sim \\ \sim}}$ |
| rraakkaadhaa | maakkaathaa | No | rraakkaadhaa | rraakkaallaa | No | rraakkaadhaa | rraakkaallaa | No | rraakkaadhaa | rraakkaadhaa | Yes |
| jjaarraakkaa | ath | No | jjaarraakkaa | jjaarraakkaa | Yes | jjaarraakkaa | jjaarraakkaa | Yes | jjaarraakkaa | jjaarraakkaa | Yes |
| kkaawa | kaarrnun | No | kkaawa | dhaallaa | No | kkaawa | ghill | No | kkaawa | dhaallaa | No |
| kkaahaan | kkaahaan | Yes | kkaahaan | kkaahaan | Yes | kkaahaan | kkaahaan | Yes | kkaahaan | kkaahaan | Yes |
| kkaallb | khaadukk | No | kkaallb | daaaan | No | kkaallb | tyn | No | kkaallb | khaawy | No |
| kkiys | saaaf | No | kkiys | kkiys | Yes | kkiys | kkiys | Yes | kkiys | kkiys | Yes |
| kkuwa | kkuwa | Yes | kkuwa | sum | No | kkuwa | kkuwa | Yes | kkuwa | allaafin | No |
| rraakkibaa | rraakkibaa | Yes | rraakkibaa | fukidaa | No | rraakkibaa | rraakkibaa | Yes | rraakkibaa | rraakkibaa | Yes |
| rraakkaaa | rraakkaallaa | No | rraakkaaa | rraakkaallaa | No | rraakkaaa | rraakkaallaa | No | rraakkaaa | rraakkaallaa | No |
| maakkunaa | maakkunaa | Yes | maakkunaa | maakkunaa | Yes | maakkunaa | maakkunaa | Yes | maakkunaa | maakkunaa | Yes |
| haarraakkaa | haarraakkaa | Yes | haarraakkaa | haarraakkaa | Yes | haarraakkaa | haarraakkaa | Yes | haarraakkaa | haarraakkaa | Yes |
| berraakku | berraakku | Yes | berraakku | ghaasaaku | No | berraakku | berraakku | Yes | berraakku | daaahu | No |
| saamaakki | saamaakki | Yes | saamaakki | saamaakki | Yes | saamaakki | saamaakki | Yes | saamaakki | saamaakki | Yes |
| sillkkan | saamtan | No | sillkkan | saamtun | No | sillkkan | sillkkin | No | sillkkan | saamtan | No |
| sillkkun | saamtun | No | sillkkun | sillkkun | Yes | sillkkun | sillkkun | Yes | sillkkun | saamtun | No |
| sillkkin | saamtan | No | sillkkin | saamtan | No | sillkkin | sillkkin | Yes | sillkkin | saamtan | No |
| llaayth | llaayth | Yes | llaayth | mUdhi | No | llaayth | llaayth | Yes | llaayth | llaayth | Yes |
| Iliyn | mudun | No | Iliyn | atyin | No | Iliyn | Iliyn | Yes | Iliyn | Iliyn | Yes |
| Ilumaat | daama | No | llumaat | naaomaa | No | llumaat | numuw | No | llumaat | llumaat | Yes |
| olluw | hunuw | No | olluw | olluw | Yes | olluw | aaamill | No | olluw | aaamill | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{ } \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3 } \\ & \stackrel{0}{7} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ |
| ghaallaaa | ghaadaarraa | No | ghaallaaa | dhaanaa | No | ghaallaaa | baatho | No | ghaallaaa | maakkaanaa | No |
| jjaalliy | dhihni | No | jjaalliy | jjaady | No | jjaalliy | dhihni | No | jjaalliy | dhihni | No |
| daagllu | daaahu | No | daagllu | ghaanaamu | No | daagllu | ghaanaamu | No | daagllu | ghaanaamu | No |
| amaalli | sum | No | amaalli | saanaaa | No | amaalli | amaalli | Yes | amaalli | amaalli | Yes |
| ttaabllan | ttaabllan | Yes | ttaabllan | waattaan | No | ttaabllan | faadhin | No | ttaabllan | faadhin | No |
| ttaabllun | faadhun | No | ttaabllun | ttaabllan | No | ttaabllun | faadhun | No | ttaabllun | waaadan | No |
| ttaabllin | faadhin | No | ttaabllin | waaathin | No | ttaabllin | faadhin | No | ttaabllin | thaawbin | No |
| haam | sum | No | haam | kaarrn | No | haam | faan | No | haam | daama | No |
| yaawm | yaawm | Yes | yaawm | ghaallaaa | No | yaawm | ghill | No | yaawm | yaawm | Yes |
| maawzz | maallaaf | No | maawzz | maawzz | Yes | maawzz | maawzz | Yes | maawzz | maawzz | Yes |
| min | min | Yes | min | min | Yes | min | min | Yes | min | min | Yes |
| aaamill | kaarrnan | No | aaamill | kaarrnin | No | aaamill | kaarrnin | No | aaamill | kaarrnin | No |
| amaallaa | amaallaa | Yes | amaallaa | khaamaanaa | No | amaallaa | amaallaa | Yes | amaallaa | haamaallaa | No |
| numuw | numuw | Yes | numuw | numuw | Yes | numuw | numuw | Yes | numuw | numuw | Yes |
| faahaamaa | faahaamaa | Yes | faahaamaa | ttaahaanaa | No | faahaamaa | daama | No | faahaamaa | daama | No |
| ghaanaamu | ghaanaamu | Yes | ghaanaamu | ghaanaamu | Yes | ghaanaamu | min | No | ghaanaamu | ghaanaamu | Yes |
| saanaami | saanaami | Yes | saanaami | saanaaa | No | saanaami | saanaami | Yes | saanaami | thiny | No |
| allaaman | allaaman | Yes | allaaman | sum | No | allaaman | allaaman | Yes | allaaman | allaaman | Yes |
| allaamun | allaaman | No | allaamun | allaaman | No | allaamun | Aallamon | No | allaamun | Aallamon | No |
| allaamin | kaadhaaa | No | allaamin | kaadhaaa | No | allaamin | alamin | No | allaamin | alamin | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\underset{\text { ¢ }}{\substack{\text { ¢ }}}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ |
| waanaa | waanaa | Yes | waanaa | waanaa | Yes | waanaa | waanaa | Yes | waanaa | waanaa | Yes |
| naahrr | naahaata | No | naahrr | naahrr | Yes | naahrr | naahrr | Yes | naahrr | naahaata | No |
| nibrr | nibrr | Yes | nibrr | nibrr | Yes | nibrr | nibrr | Yes | nibrr | nibrr | Yes |
| nuwrr | sum | No | nuwrr | min | No | nuwrr | min | No | nuwrr | sum | No |
| faanaarr | ghaanaamu | No | faanaarr | saanaaa | No | faanaarr | faanaarr | Yes | faanaarr | faanaarr | Yes |
| saaniyaa | saanaaa | No | saaniyaa | saaniyaa | Yes | saaniyaa | saaniyaa | Yes | saaniyaa | saaeerr | No |
| hunuw | aaamill | No | hunuw | kaarrnin | No | hunuw | aaamill | No | hunuw | aaamill | No |
| maakkaanaa | kaallaam | No | maakkaanaa | maakkaanaa | Yes | maakkaanaa | maakkaanaa | Yes | maakkaanaa | maakkaanaa | Yes |
| naahnu | daaahu | No | naahnu | maahwu | No | naahnu | maahwu | No | naahnu | maahwu | No |
| dhinni | lliyn | No | dhihni | ayn | No | dhihni | minhu | No | dhihni | diykk | No |
| kaarrnan | kaarrnan | Yes | kaarrnan | kaarrnin | No | kaarrnan | kaarrnin | No | kaarrnan | kaarrnun | No |
| kaarrnun | kaarrnun | Yes | kaarrnun | kaarrnun | Yes | kaarrnun | kaarrnun | Yes | kaarrnun | kaarrnun | Yes |
| kaarrnin | kaarrnan | No | kaarrnin | kaarrnin | Yes | kaarrnin | kaarrnin | Yes | kaarrnin | kaarrnan | No |
| ghaarraahu | ghaarraahu | Yes | ghaarraahu | maahwu | No | ghaarraahu | maarraahu | No | ghaarraahu | ghaanaamu | No |
| thaallaahu | faaallaa | No | thaallaahu | ghaanaamu | No | thaallaahu | ghaanaamu | No | thaallaahu | faaallaa | No |
| hirr | yin | No | hirr | hibrr | No | hirr | hibrr | No | hirr | daahrrin | No |
| haawaas | haaf | No | haawaas | maallaaf | No | haawaas | haawaas | Yes | haawaas | maallaaf | No |
| huwid | aaawidu | No | huwid | sum | No | huwid | aaawidu | No | huwid | witrr | No |
| rraahibaa | rraahibaa | Yes | rraahibaa | rraahibaa | Yes | rraahibaa | rraahibaa | Yes | rraahibaa | rraahibaa | Yes |
| rraahufaa | rraahufaa | Yes | rraahufaa | rraahufaa | Yes | rraahufaa | rraahufaa | Yes | rraahufaa | rraahufaa | Yes |
| kaahaarraa | kaahaarraa | Yes | kaahaarraa | ghaattaa | No | kaahaarraa | kkaawa | No | kaahaarraa | kaahaarraa | Yes |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{\text { T }}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  | 499 words | Recognised words | $\xrightarrow{3}$ |
| naawaahaa | naawaahaa | Yes | naawaahaa | naawaahaa | Yes | naawaahaa | dhaallaa | No | naawaahaa | naawaahaa | Yes |
| minhu | minhu | Yes | minhu | minhu | Yes | minhu | minhu | Yes | minhu | minhu | Yes |
| fyhi | llaayth | No | fyhi | kkiys | No | fyhi | lliyn | No | fyhi | diykk | No |
| jjaahan | jjaahan | Yes | jjaahan | dhaaa | No | jjaahan | jjaahun | No | jjaahan | jjaahun | No |
| jjaahun | jjaahun | Yes | jjaahun | daahrrun | No | jjaahun | jjaahun | Yes | jjaahun | jjaahun | Yes |
| jjaahin | jjaahan | No | jjaahin | daaaan | No | jjaahin | jjaahin | Yes | jjaahin | jjaahan | No |
| witrr | waaathan | No | witrr | witrr | Yes | witrr | witrr | Yes | witrr | witrr | Yes |
| wuijidaa | waajjibaa | No | wujijidaa | wujjidaa | Yes | wujijidaa | waajjibaa | No | wujijidaa | waajjibaa | No |
| aaawidu | sum | No | aaawidu | haam | No | aaawidu | aaawidu | Yes | aaawidu | sum | No |
| dhaawuw | dhaawuw | Yes | dhaawuw | ghill | No | dhaawuw | ghill | No | dhaawuw | ghill | No |
| maahwu | maahwu | Yes | maahwu | maahwu | Yes | maahwu | maahwu | Yes | maahwu | maahwu | Yes |
| llaahwi | llaahwi | Yes | llaahwi | llaahwi | Yes | llaahwi | Ilaahwi | Yes | llaahwi | llaahwi | Yes |
| saahwaa | saahwaa | Yes | saahwaa | saahwaa | Yes | saahwaa | saahwaa | Yes | saahwaa | saahwaa | Yes |
| jjaarrwan | daahrrun | No | jjaarrwan | jjaarrwun | No | jjaarrwan | jjaarrwun | No | jjaarrwan | jjaarrwun | No |
| jjaarrwun | daaaun | No | jjaarrwun | jjaarrwin | No | jjaarrwun | jjaarrwin | No | jjaarrwun | jarwun | No |
| jjaarrwin | jjaarrwin | Yes | jjaarrwin | ghaallaaa | No | jjaarrwin | jjaalliy | No | jjaarrwin | jjaalliy | No |
| yaad | yaad | Yes | yaad | ghaadh | No | yaad | yin | No | yaad | yaad | Yes |
| yusrr | yusrr | Yes | yusrr | yusrr | Yes | yusrr | yusrr | Yes | yusrr | yusrr | Yes |
| yin | daaaan | No | yin | daaaun | No | yin | yin | Yes | yin | yin | Yes |
| saayaarraa | saaniyaa | No | saayaarraa | saaniyaa | No | saayaarraa | saayaarraa | Yes | saayaarraa | saayaarraa | Yes |
| ayiyaa | ayiyaa | Yes | ayiyaa | haayuUa | No | ayiyaa | ayiyaa | Yes | ayiyaa | sum | No |


| Recording 4 |  |  | Recording 3 |  |  | Recording 2 |  |  | Recording 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 499 words | Recognised words | $$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\sim} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{3}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\sim} \\ & \stackrel{1}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 499 words | Recognised words |  |
| saawyi | thaawy | No | saawyi | saanaami | No | saawyi | saawyi | Yes | saawyi | saawyi | Yes |
| ttaayu | ttaayu | Yes | ttaayu | aaaw | No | ttaayu | ttaayu | Yes | ttaayu | ttaayu | Yes |
| haayuUa | aaathaa | No | haayuUa | haayuUa | Yes | haayuUa | haayuUa | Yes | haayuUa | haayuUa | Yes |
| atyan | kaarrnan | No | atyan | rraadhiyaa | No | atyan | rraadhiyaa | No | atyan | atumaa | No |
| atyun | mudun | No | atyun | atyun | Yes | atyun | mudun | No | atyun | mudun | No |
| atyin | allaafin | No | atyin | rraadhiyaa | No | atyin | baarrkin | No | atyin | ghafiya | No |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | 156 |  | Total | 158 |  | Total | 213 |  | Total | 183 |
|  | Average | 31.2 |  | Average | 31.6 |  | Average | 42.6 |  | Average | 36.6 |

Table 1- Improved LDPT analysis for the four recordings

## Appendix

Diacritem analysis

Diacritem analysis

| Arabic letter | Name of letter | English letter | Fat ha |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}$ <br> overall | R.r overall (\%) | T start | R.r start <br> (\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T} \\ & \text { midd. } \end{aligned}$ | R.r <br> midd. <br> $(\%)$ | T end | R.r end (\%) |
| i | alef | a | 12 | 29.2 | 10 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| ب | baa | b | 38 | 43.4 | 18 | 29.2 | 8 | 45.8 | 12 | 62.5 |
| $\because$ | taa | t | 7 | 17.9 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 62.5 |
| $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{ }$ | thaa | th | 16 | 32.8 | 12 | 33.3 | 2 | 37.5 | 2 | 12.5 |
| ج | jeem | j | 28 | 38.4 | 15 | 40 | 8 | 35 | 5 | 40 |
| $\tau$ | haa | h | 22 | 53.4 | 16 | 46.9 | 5 | 65 | 1 | 100 |
| $\dot{\text { c }}$ | khaa | kh | 16 | 31.3 | 12 | 25 | 3 | 41.7 | 1 | 25 |
| $\pm$ | daal | d | 26 | 34.6 | 12 | 27.1 | 5 | 43.9 | 9 | 41.7 |
| ذ | thaal | th | 16 | 29.7 | 8 | 25 | 6 | 37.5 | 2 | 50 |
| $J$ | raa | r | 58 | 38.4 | 18 | 61.1 | 24 | 29.7 | 16 | 17.2 |
| $j$ | zain | Z | 16 | 50 | 5 | 60 | 8 | 36.5 | 3 | 58.3 |
| س | seen | S | 32 | 56.3 | 18 | 48.6 | 9 | 71.1 | 5 | 45 |
| ش | sheen | sh | 17 | 55.9 | 14 | 60.7 | 1 | 25 | 2 | 37.5 |
| ص | saad | S | 23 | 38 | 16 | 32.8 | 4 | 47.9 | 3 | 58.3 |
| ض | dhad | dh | 16 | 15.6 | 10 | 22.5 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 8.3 |
| $b$ | ta | t | 24 | 35.4 | 14 | 21.4 | 6 | 37.5 | 4 | 68.8 |
| ظ | tha | th | 22 | 38.9 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 75 | 2 | 62.5 |
| $\varepsilon$ | ain | a | 44 | 23.9 | 30 | 25.8 | 4 | 20 | 10 | 20 |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | ghain | gh | 21 | 20.2 | 16 | 21.9 | 2 | 25 | 3 | 0 |
| ف | faa | f | 28 | 46.4 | 17 | 27.9 | 4 | 62.5 | 7 | 92.9 |
| ق | qaaf | q | 31 | 37.9 | 20 | 26.3 | 7 | 59.2 | 4 | 31.3 |
| 5 | kaaf | k | 27 | 35.2 | 12 | 31.3 | 9 | 44.4 | 6 | 45.8 |


| Arabic letter | Name of letter | English letter | Fat ha |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}$ overall | R.r overall (\%) | T start | R.r start <br> (\%) | $\mathrm{T}$ midd. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { R.r } \\ & \text { midd. } \\ & (\%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | T end | R.r end (\%) |
| J | laam | I | 31 | 35.5 | 2 | 87.5 | 13 | 38.6 | 16 | 25 |
| P | meem | m | 20 | 44.2 | 11 | 59.1 | 10 | 38.6 | 9 | 33.3 |
| $\dot{ن}$ | noon | n | 24 | 64.6 | 12 | 66.7 | 5 | 57.9 | 7 | 64.3 |
| - | haa | h | 16 | 40.6 | 8 | 43.4 | 7 | 32.1 | 1 | 75 |
| و | waaw | w | 28 | 60.7 | 22 | 59.1 | 5 | 70 | 1 | 100 |
| ي | yaa | y | 13 | 44.2 | 5 | 45 | 2 | 29.2 | 6 | 50 |
|  | Fat ha | aa | 665 | 39.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Fat ha | a | 7 | 17.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Table 1- 'Fat ha' diacritem analysis

## Dhamma Diacritem Analysis

| Arabic letter | Name of letter | English letter | Dhamma |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | T overall | R.r overall (\%) | T start | R.r start (\%) | T midd. | R.r midd. (\%) | T end | R.r end (\%) |
| i | alef | a | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| ب | baa | b | 4 | 62.5 | 1 | 50 | 1 | 25 | 2 | 87.5 |
| $\because$ | taa | t | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| ث | thaa | th | 7 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| ج | jeem | j | 9 | 19.4 | 6 | 16.7 | 2 | 25 | 1 | 25 |
| $\tau$ | haa | h | 7 | 42.9 | 3 | 16.7 | 2 | 87.5 | 1 | 75 |
| $\dot{\text { خ }}$ | khaa | kh | 3 | 33.3 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 75 | 1 | 0 |
| $\pm$ | daal | d | 10 | 30 | 1 | 100 | 1 | 100 | 7 | 28.6 |
| j | thaal | th | 3 | 58.3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 100 | 1 | 75 |
| $J$ | raa | r | 6 | 37.5 | 4 | 50 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 50 |
| j | zain | Z | 3 | 75 | 1 | 75 | 1 | 50 | 1 | 75 |
| س | seen | S | 8 | 34.4 | 6 | 41.7 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 0 |
| ش | sheen | sh | 4 | 56.3 | 2 | 25 | 1 | 100 | 1 | 75 |
| ص | saad | S | 5 | 45 | 3 | 25 | 1 | 75 | 1 | 75 |
| ض | dhad | dh | 4 | 12.5 | 2 | 25 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| b | ta | t | 3 | 8.3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 0 |
| ظ | tha | th | 5 | 20 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 100 | 3 | 0 |
| $\varepsilon$ | ain | a | 10 | 15 | 8 | 9.4 | 1 | 75 | 1 | 0 |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | ghain | gh | 3 | 16.7 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 50 |
| ف | faa | f | 4 | 43.8 | 2 | 50 | 1 | 75 | 1 | 0 |


| Arabic letter | Name of letter | English letter | Dhamma |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | T overall | R.r overall (\%) | T start | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R.r start } \\ & (\%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | T midd. | R.r midd. (\%) | T end | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { R.r end } \\ (\%) \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| ق | qaaf | q | 5 | 45 | 3 | 25 | 1 | 50 | 1 | 100 |
| 5 | kaaf | k | 3 | 66.7 | 1 | 50 | 1 | 100 |  | 50 |
| $\checkmark$ | laam | 1 | 8 | 25 | 2 | 62.5 | 4 | 6.3 | 2 | 25 |
| - | meem | m | 5 | 70 | 3 | 58.3 | 1 | 100 | 1 | 75 |
| ن | noon | n | 8 | 53.3 | 6 | 70.8 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| - | haa | h | 9 | 52.8 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 100 | 7 | 53.6 |
| 9 | waaw | w | 4 | 56.3 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 25 | 2 | 87.5 |
| ي | yaa | y | 4 | 62.5 | 2 | 50 | 1 | 75 | 1 | 75 |
|  | dhamma | u | 133 | 39.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | dhamma | 0 | 17 | 10 |  | - | - | - | - | - |

Table 2- Dhamma diacritem analysis

## Kasra diacritem analysis

| Arabic letter | Name of letter | English letter | Kasra |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}$ overall | R.r overall (\%) | T start | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { R.r } \\ \text { start } \\ (\%) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T} \\ & \text { midd. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { R.r } \\ \text { midd. } \\ (\%) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | T end | R.r end (\%) |
| i | alef | a | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| ب | baa | b | 4 | 25 | 2 | 37.5 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 0 |
| $\because$ | taa | t | 3 | 33.3 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 75 | 1 | 0 |
| $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{ }$ | thaa | th | 3 | 16.7 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 50 |
| ج | jeem | j | 5 | 65 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 75 | 1 | 100 |
| $\tau$ | haa | h | 3 | 50 | 1 | 100 | 1 | 50 | 1 | 0 |
| $\dot{\text { c }}$ | khaa | kh | 3 | 8.3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 0 |
| $\pm$ | daal | d | 3 | 75 | 1 | 100 | 1 | 100 | 1 | 0 |
| j | thaal | th | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| $J$ | raa | r | 6 | 37.5 | 1 | 75 | 3 | 50 | 2 | 0 |
| $j$ | zain | Z | 3 | 25 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 25 |
| س | seen | S | 9 | 33.3 | 6 | 16.7 | 1 | 100 | 1 | 0 |
| ش | sheen | sh | 5 | 80 | 1 | 100 | 3 | 83.3 | 1 | 50 |
| ص | saad | S | 3 | 41.7 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 50 | 1 | 50 |
| ض | dhad | dh | 5 | 25 | 3 | 8.3 | 1 | 100 | 1 | 0 |
| b | ta | t | 3 | 41.7 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 100 |
| ظ | tha | th | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| $\varepsilon$ | ain | a | 6 | 54.2 | 4 | 62.5 | 1 | 75 | 1 | 0 |
| $\dot{\text { غ }}$ | ghain | gh | 3 | 8.3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 25 |


| Arabic letter | Name of letter | English letter | Kasra |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | T overall | R.r overall (\%) | T start | R.r start (\%) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{T} \\ \text { midd. } \end{array}$ | R.r midd. (\%) | T end | R.r end (\%) |
| ف̇ | faa | f | 8 | 37.5 | 5 | 45 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 75 |
| ق | qaaf | q | 4 | 37.5 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 100 | 1 | 50 |
| 5 | kaaf | k | 3 | 83.3 | 1 | 75 | 1 | 75 | 1 | 100 |
| $\checkmark$ | laam | I | 6 | 45.8 | 1 | 50 | 4 | 43.8 | 1 | 50 |
| P | meem | m | 5 | 50 | 2 | 100 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 50 |
| - | noon | n | 3 | 50 | 1 | 100 | 1 | 50 | 1 | 0 |
| - | haa | h | 3 | 33.3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 100 | 1 | 0 |
| 9 | waaw | w | 4 | 50 | 1 | 75 | 2 | 12.5 | 1 | 100 |
| ي | yaa | y | 3 | 50 | 1 | 50 | 1 | 50 | 1 | 50 |
|  | kasra | i | 109 | 39.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | kasra | e | 9 | 17.5 | - | - | - | - | - |  |

Table 3- Kasra diacritem analysis
T overall= Test overall
R.r overall= Recognition rate overall

T start, T midd., T end= Test start, Test middle, Test end
R.r start, R.r. midd., R.r. end= Recogition rate start

## Appendix $\mathbf{R}$ <br> ...................................

Diacritem alternatives

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Ara } \\ .1 \end{array}$ | Name of letter | position | T | Table3 English letter with diacritic |  | 'Fat ha' alternatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Table 4 English letter with diacritic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 3 |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Eng. 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{R} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Eng. $1$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng. } \\ & \text { l } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \text { l } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathbf{r} \\ \boldsymbol{\%} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \text { l } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng. } \\ & \text { l } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathbf{r} \\ \boldsymbol{\%} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Eng. l | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng. } \\ & \text { l } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ |  |
| i | alef | Middle | 1 | aaa | 0 | aa | 25 | aaaa | 0 | a | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | aa |
| i | alef | End | 1 | aaa | 0 | aa | 0 | aaaa | 0 | a | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | aaa |
| $\because$ | taa | Start | 4 | ta | 0 | taa | 6.3 | tta | 0 | ttaa | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ta |
| $\because$ | taa | Middle | 1 | ta | 0 | taa | 0 | tta | 6.3 | ttaa | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | tta |
| ض | dhad | Middle | 3 | dhaa | 0 | dha | 8.3 | ddha | 0 | ddhaa | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | dha |
| ظ | tha | Middle | 3 | thaa | 0 | tha | 8.3 | tha | 0 | thaa | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | thaa |
| $\dot{\text { غ }}$ | ghain | End | 3 | ghaa | 0 | gha | 0 | ga | 0 | gaa | 8.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | gaa |

Table 1- 'fat ha' diacritem alternatives

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ara } \\ & .1 \end{aligned}$ | Name of letter | position | T | Table3 <br> English letter with diacritic |  | Alternatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Table 4 English letter with diacritic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 3 |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \text { l } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | R \% | Eng. I | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Eng. $1$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \text { l } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Eng. l | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Eng. $1$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \boldsymbol{\%} \end{aligned}$ | Eng. l | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Eng. l | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\dot{\text { c }}$ | khaa | End | 1 | khu | 0 | kho | 0 | khoo | 25 | khou | 0 | ku | 0 | ko | 0 | koo | 0 | kou | 0 | khoo |
| j | thal | Start | 1 | dhu | 0 | dho | 0 | dhoo | 0 | dhou | 0 | thu | 25 | tho | 0 | thoo | 0 | thou | 0 | thu |
| J | raa | Middle | 1 | ru | 0 | ro | 0 | roo | 0 | rou | 0 | rru | 0 | rro | 0 | rroo | 25 | rrou | 0 | rro |
| س | seen | End | 1 | su | 0 | so | 0 | soo | 0 | sou | 0 | ssu | 0 | sso | 0 | ssoo | 0 | ssou | 0 | Su |
| ض | dhad | Middle | 1 | dhu | 0 | dho | 0 | dhoo | 0 | dhou | 0 | ddhu | 0 | ddho | 0 | ddhoo | 0 | ddhou | 0 | dhu |
| ض | dhad | End | 1 | dhu | 0 | dho | 25 | dhoo | 0 | dhou | 0 | ddhu | 0 | ddho | 0 | ddhoo | 0 | ddhou | 0 | dho |
| b | ta | Start | 1 | ttu | 0 | tto | 25 | ttoo | 0 | ttou | 0 | tu | 0 | to | 0 | too | 0 | tou | 0 | tto |
| b | ta | End | 1 | ttu | 0 | tto | 0 | ttoo | 0 | ttou | 25 | tu | 0 | to | 0 | too | 0 | tou | 0 | ttou |
| ظ | tha | Start | 1 | tho | 0 | thu | 50 | thoo | 25 | thou | 0 | tthu | 0 | tho | 0 | tthoo | 0 | tthou | 0 | thu |
| ظ | tha | End | 1 | tho | 0 | thu | 25 | thoo | 0 | thou | 0 | tthu | 0 | ttho | 0 | tthoo | 0 | tthou | 0 | thu |
| $\varepsilon$ | ain | End | 1 | 0 | 0 | ao | 0 | oo | 0 | oou | 0 | ooo | 0 | ou | 0 | au | 25 | aou | 0 | au |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | ghain | Start | 1 | ghu | 0 | gho | 0 | ghoo | 0 | ghou | 0 | gu | 0 | go | 0 | goo | 0 | gou | 0 | ghu |
| $\dot{\text { غ }}$ | ghain | Middle | 1 | ghu | 0 | gho | 0 | ghoo | 0 | ghou | 0 | gu | 25 | go | 25 | goo | 0 | gou | 0 | gu |
| ف | faa | End | 1 | fu | 0 | fo | 0 | foo | 0 | fou | 0 | ffu | 0 | ffo | 0 | ffoo | 0 | ffou | 0 | fu |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ara } \\ & .1 \end{aligned}$ |  | position | T | Table3 <br> English letter with diacritic |  | Alternatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Table 4 <br> English <br> letter <br> with <br> diacritic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 3 |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Eng. $1$ | R \% | Eng. $1$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Eng. <br> 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Eng. $1$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Eng. $1$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \mathbf{\%} \end{aligned}$ | Eng. <br> 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { Eng. } \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Eng. <br> 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \mathbf{\%} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $J$ | laam | Middle | 4 | llu | 6.3 | 110 | 0 | 1loo | 0 | llou | 0 | lu | 6.3 | 10 | 6.3 | loo | 0 | lou | 0 | lu |
| ن | noon | Middle | 1 | nu | 0 | no | 25 | noo | 0 | nou | 0 | nnu | 0 | nno | 0 | nnoo | 0 | nnou | 0 | no |
| ن | noon | End | 1 | nu | 0 | no | 0 | noo | 0 | nou | 0 | nnu | 0 | nno | 0 | nnoo | 0 | nnou | 0 | nu |
| - | haa | Start | 1 | hu | 0 | ho | 25 | hoo | 0 | hou | 0 | hhu | 25 | hho | 25 | hhoo | 0 | hhou | 0 | ho |

Table 2- Dhamma diacritem alternatives

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Ara } \\ .1 \end{array}$ | Name <br> of letter | position | T | Table3 <br> English <br> letter <br> with <br> diacritic |  | Alternatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Table 4 <br> English <br> letter <br> with <br> diacritic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 3 |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \hline \text { l } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{R} \\ & \boldsymbol{\%} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \text { l } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Eng. $1$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \boldsymbol{\%} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng. } \\ & \text { l } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathbf{r} \\ \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng. } \\ & \text { l } \end{aligned}$ | r \% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng. } \\ & \text { l } \end{aligned}$ | r \% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng. } \\ & \text { l } \end{aligned}$ | r \% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng. } \\ & \text { l } \end{aligned}$ | r \% |  |
| ب | baa | End | 1 | be | 0 | bi | 25 | bee | 0 | bie | 0 | bbi | 0 | bbe | 0 | bbee | 0 | bbie | 0 | bi |
| $\because$ | taa | End | 1 | ti | 0 | te | 0 | tee | 0 | tie | 0 | tti | 0 | tte | 0 | ttee | 0 | ttie | 0 | ti |
| $\stackrel{\text { ث }}{ }$ | thaa | Start | 1 | thi | 0 | the | 25 | thee | 0 | thie | 0 | tthi | 0 | tthe | 0 | thee | 0 | thie | 0 | the |
| ث | thaa | Middle | 1 | thi | 0 | the | 0 | thee | 0 | thie | 0 | tthi | 0 | tthe | 0 | tthee | 0 | thhie | 0 | thi |
| ج | jeem | Start | 1 | jji | 0 | jje | 0 | jjee | 0 | jjie | 0 | jji | 0 | jje | 25 | jjee | 25 | jjie | 0 | jje |
| $\tau$ | haa | End | 1 | hi | 0 | he | 0 | hee | 0 | hie | 0 | hhi | 0 | hhe | 0 | hhee | 0 | hhie | 0 | hi |
| $\dot{\text { c }}$ | khaa | Start | 1 | khi | 0 | khe | 0 | khee | 0 | khie | 0 | ki | 0 | ke | 0 | kee | 0 | kie | 0 | khi |
| $\dot{\text { c }}$ | khaa | End | 1 | khi | 0 | khe | 0 | khee | 0 | khie | 0 | ki | 0 | ke | 0 | kee | 0 | kie | 0 | khi |
| د | daal | End | 1 | di | 0 | de | 0 | dee | 0 | die | 0 | ddi | 25 | dde | 25 | ddee | 0 | ddie | 0 | ddi |
| $J$ | raa | End | 2 | rri | 0 | rre | 0 | rree | 0 | rrie | 0 | ri | 12.5 | re | 0 | rree | 0 | rrie | 0 | ri |
| س | seen | End | 1 | si | 0 | se | 25 | see | 0 | sie | 0 | ssi | 25 | sse | 25 | ssee | 0 | ssie | 0 | ssi |
| ض | dhad | Start | 3 | dhi | 8.3 | dhe | 0 | dhee | 0 | dhie | 0 | ddhi | 0 | ddhe | 0 | ddhee | 0 | ddhie | 0 | dhi |
| ض | dhad | End | 1 | dhi | 0 | dhe | 25 | dhee | 0 | dhie | 0 | ddhi | 0 | ddhe | 0 | ddhee | 0 | ddhie | 0 | dhe |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ara } \\ & \text {. } 1 \end{aligned}$ | Name of letter | position | T | Table3 <br> English <br> letter <br> with <br> diacritic |  | Alternatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Table 4 <br> English letter with diacritic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 3 |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{R} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \text { l } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{r} \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \text { l } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathbf{r} \\ \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \text { l } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{r} \\ & \boldsymbol{\%} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \hline \text { l } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | r \% | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | r \% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eng. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | r \% | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Eng. } \\ \text { l } \end{array}$ | r \% |  |
| b | ta | Start | 1 | tti | 0 | tte | 0 | ttee | 0 | ttie | 0 | ti | 0 | te | 0 | tee | 0 | tie | 0 | tii |
| $\varepsilon$ | ain | End | 1 | ee | 0 | e | 0 | eee | 0 | i | 0 | ie | 0 | ai | 25 | ae | 0 | ii | 0 | ai |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | ghain | Start | 1 | ghi | 0 | ghe | 0 | ghee | 0 | ghie | 0 | gi | 0 | ge | 0 | gee | 0 | gie | 0 | ghi |
| $\dot{\text { غ }}$ | ghain | Middle | 1 | ghi | 0 | ghe | 0 | ghee | 0 | ghie | 0 | gi | 0 | ge | 0 | gee | 0 | gie | 0 | ghe |
| ف̇ | faa | Middle | 2 | fi | 0 | fe | 0 | fee | 0 | fie | 0 | ffi | 0 | ffe | 0 | ffee | 0 | ffie | 0 | fi |
| ق | qaaf | Start | 2 | ki | 0 | ke | 0 | kee | 0 | kie | 0 | kki | 12.5 | kke | 0 | kkee | 0 | kkie | 0 | kki |
| P | meem | Middle | 2 | mi | 0 | me | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 12 . \\ 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | mee | 0 | mie | 0 | mmi | 0 | mme | 0 | mmee | 0 | mmie | 0 | me |
| $\dot{ن}$ | noon | End | 1 | ni | 0 | ne | 0 | nee | 0 | nie | 0 | nni | 0 | nne | 0 | nnee | 0 | nnie | 0 | Ni |
| $\bigcirc$ | haa | Start | 1 | hi | 0 | he | 25 | hee | 0 | hie | 0 | hhi | 0 | hhe | 0 | hhee | 0 | hhie | 0 | hi |
| - | haa | End | 1 | hi | 0 | he | 0 | hee | 0 | hie | 0 | hhi | 25 | hhe | 0 | hhee | 0 | hhie | 0 | hhi |
| و | waaw | Middle | 2 | wi | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 12 . \\ \hline \end{array}$ | we | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 12 . \\ 5 \end{array}$ | wee | 0 | wie | 0 | wwi | 0 | wwe | 0 | wwee | 0 | wwie | 0 | wi |

Table 3- kasra diacritem alternatives
Ara. $\mathrm{l}=$ Arabic letter $\quad \mathrm{T}=$ Total number of words $\quad$ Eng. $\mathrm{l}=$ English letter $\quad \mathrm{R} \%=$ Recognition rate

## Appendix

The transliteration comparison survey

## The transliteration comparison survey

A short article was chosen from the newspaper and transliterated using both Alghamdi's transliteration system and the improved transliteration table (SLT). Then it was presented to friends, family and students at the University of Bahrain, and they were also asked to fill in a short survey and 50 people took part.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { لشراء زوجها بعد ساعات من نشر عبارة "زوج للييع لمن يتقام بالسعر الأعلى". }
\end{aligned}
$$

Please read both transliterations and answer the following questions:

## Transliteration 1

Alghamdi's transliteration
Dhaqt amrykyh tharAn btAlq zwjha alshadyd balAab alfydyw, faqdmt Ala sbyl almzah Ala Ardhh llbyA Ala mawqA alktrwny. W qalt an zawjha amdha wqta twyla ala alAab alfydyw fqrrt Ardhh llbyA. W ashart ala anha tlqt Arwdha lshraa zawjha bAd saAat mn nshr Abart "zwj llbyA lmn ytqdm balsAr alaAla".

## Transliteration 2

## SLT table

Dhakt amrrykkyh dharran btallk zzawjjjha allshadyd ballaab allfydyw, fakdmt ala sbyll allmzzah alla ardhh llllbya ala mawka allkktrrwny. W kallt an zzawjjha amdha wakta ttawyllan alla allab allfydyw fkrrrrt arrdhh 11llbya. W asharrt alla anha tllkt arrwdha llshrraa zzawjjha bad saaat mn nshrr abarrt "zzwjj llllbya llmn ytkdm ballsarr allaala".

Please circle one of the numbers for each question.

## Question 1

Transliteration 1 is

| 1 <br> Very Easy <br> to read | 2 <br> Easy | 3 <br> OK | 4 <br> Challenging | 5 <br> Difficult |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Question 2

Transliteration 2

| 1 <br> Very Easy <br> to read | 2 <br> Easy | 3 <br> OK | 4 <br> Challenging | Difficult |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Question 3

$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { I am able to read transliteration } 1 \text { without referring to the Arabic writing. } \\ \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c|c|c|c|c|}1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ \text { Strongly } \\ \text { disagree }\end{array}\right. \\ \text { Disagree } \\ \text { Neither } \\ \text { agree or } \\ \text { disagree }\end{array}\right)$ Agree $\left.\begin{gathered}\text { Strongly } \\ \text { agree }\end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$

Question 4
I am able to read transliteration 2 without referring to the Arabic writing.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Strongly } \\ \text { disagree }\end{array}$ | Disagree | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Neither } \\ \text { agree or } \\ \text { disagree }\end{array}$ | Agree | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Strongly } \\ \text { agree }\end{array}$ |

## (Preference)

Please circle one of the numbers for each question.

## Question 1

Which transliteration would you prefer to use?

| Transliteration |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |$|$



The results are as follows:


Figure 17- Transliteration 1 chart
20 people found reading transliteration 1 Ok while 10 thought that it was easy, 3 mentioned that it was very easy. And 9 found it challenging while only 8 thought it was difficult.


Figure 18-Trasnliteration 2 chart
20 thought that transliteration 2 was difficult to read, 19 found it challenging, 7 mentioned that it was ok, and 3 said that it was easy while only 1 thought that it was very easy.


Figure 19- Ability to read transliteration 1 chart 11 strongly agreed that they were able to read transliteration 1 without referring to Arabic, 9 agreed, 24 neither agreed nor disagreed, and 3 disagreed and 3 strongly agreed.


Figure 20- Ability to read transliteration 2 chart
20 strongly disagreed that they were able to read transliteration 2 without referring to Arabic, 15 disagreed, 12 neither agreed nor disagreed, 2 agreed and only 1 strongly agreed.


Figure 21- Transliteration 1 and 2 comparison chart
When asked to choose the transliteration they preferred, 39 thought that transliteration 1 was better, whilst 11 chose transliteration 2.

The reason for choosing transliteration 1 as mentioned in the survey is that it contained plain simple letters, while the second contained some doubled letters which made it more difficult to read.

Transliteration 2 is specially made for words in a list and altered to match the recognition of the speech recognition. On the other hand Alghamdi's transliteration was specially made for big chunks of texts. That is why it is easier to read.

## Appendix

New list of (kha) words

New list of 'kha' words

|  | Group 1 Arabic | Group1 English | Group 2 Arabic | Group 2 English |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | أخت | aukht | دُخر | thukhr |
| 30 | خبط | khaabaatt | خَصْحِ | khaSam |
| 71 | يخت | yaakhti | صنخر | Sakhri |
| 84 | ثخن | thaakhn | فخر | fakhr |
| 103 | خجل | khaajjaall | خَر | khaTar |
| 147 | ضخه | Dhakhahu | صَخْبُ | Sakhab |
| 148 | خدك | khaadukk | خَطك | khaTuk |
| 149 | خث | khaath | خَر | khar |
| 150 | خثع | khaashaaa | خَكَعْ | khadaaa |
| 151 | خص | khaasaa | خَضِّ | khaDh |
| 152 | ذخر | thakhira | سَخِّرَ | sakhira |
| 153 | خزق | khazaqa | خَفَقْ | khafaqa |
| 154 | خسف | kasafa |  | khalafa |
| 155 | خمن | khamana | خَّ | khafafa |
| 156 | خوي | khaawy | خَي | khady |
| 157 | خس | khaas | خل | khal |
| 158 | خدر | khidrr | خِصر | khiSr |
| 159 | خمس | khums | خُر | khudr |
| 160 | بخس | bakhasa | دَخْلَ | dakhala |
| 161 | بخل | baakhillaa | نَخِرْ | nakhira |
| 162 | رخص | rakhusa | صَخْبِّ | Sakhuba |
| 163 | صرخ | sarakha | شَمَخِّ | shamakha |
| 164 | مخ | mukhi | دُ | dukh |
| 165 | سلخ | saallkhu | شُرخُ | sharkhu |
| 166 | بذ | bathakhun | وِّسَحِّ | wasakhun |
| 167 | بذ | bathakhin | وسَسَخِّ | wasakhin |
| 168 | بذا | bathakhan | وسَكِّا | wasakhan |
| 393 | خلف | khaallfu | خَفرُ | khafru |

Table 1- New list of 'kha' words

## Appendix

## Alghamdi and improved DT table comparison

 Accuracy evaluation by the two expertsAppendix U: Original evaluation results by the two experts

|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | dhaaa | 70 | 71 | 70 | 72 | 70 | Dhaaa | 70 | 71 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 2 | aathin | 52 | 55 | 50 | 45 | 50 | Aaathen | 54 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 3 | saagha | 50 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | Saaghaa | 55 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 55 |
| 4 | ethaa | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | Edhaa | 65 | 70 | 71 | 70 | 70 |
| 5 | zaar | 82 | 80 | 70 | 75 | 80 | Zzaarr | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 6 | qaas | 71 | 70 | 71 | 70 | 70 | Kaas | 65 | 65 | 70 | 65 | 70 |
| 7 | aamal | 91 | 80 | 81 | 80 | 80 | Aaamaall | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 8 | jatha | 82 | 75 | 75 | 80 | 80 | jjaatha | 85 | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 9 | shaah | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | shaah | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 10 | taaf | 81 | 70 | 69 | 70 | 70 | ttaaf | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 11 | hayaaa | 60 | 60 | 50 | 50 | 50 | haayaaaaa | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 12 | kaas | 46 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | kkaaasu | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 13 | aukht | 60 | 50 | 50 | 55 | 55 | aukht | 60 | 50 | 50 | 55 | 55 |
| 14 | baada | 76 | 60 | 60 | 55 | 55 | baadaa | 80 | 80 | 85 | 85 | 80 |
| 15 | aaw | 92 | 91 | 90 | 90 | 90 | aaaw | 90 | 91 | 90 | 89 | 90 |
| 16 | aakala | 92 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 85 | aaakkaallaa | 90 | 90 | 90 | 92 | 90 |
| 17 | saaal | 50 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 40 | saaaaall | 45 | 45 | 50 | 45 | 50 |
| 18 | dhuUl | 51 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | dhuUll | 46 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 19 | baiisa | 56 | 60 | 60 | 55 | 60 | baaiisaa | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 20 | baraa | 46 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | baarraau | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 21 | swai | 44 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | swai | 44 | 40 | 42 | 40 | 40 |
| 22 | daaaan | 45 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 40 | daaaan | 45 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 41 |
| 23 | daaaun | 45 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | daaaun | 45 | 40 | 40 | 41 | 40 |
| 24 | daaain | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | daaain | 45 | 45 | 44 | 45 | 45 |
| 25 | thaby | 64 | 62 | 60 | 60 | 60 | thaaby | 70 | 72 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 26 | dhaba | 44 | 30 | 40 | 30 | 30 | dhaaba | 50 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 50 |
| 27 | bazagha | 62 | 72 | 70 | 70 | 70 | baazzaaghaa | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 71 |
| 28 | basal | 63 | 62 | 60 | 50 | 60 | baasaall | 62 | 70 | 73 | 70 | 70 |
| 29 | bahaq | 52 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | baahaak | 50 | 55 | 55 | 50 | 50 |
| 30 | khabat | 46 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | khaabaatt | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 31 | kaba | 30 | 30 | 25 | 30 | 30 | kkaabaa | 40 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 32 | thanb | 62 | 62 | 70 | 62 | 70 | dhaanb | 60 | 60 | 62 | 62 | 62 |
| 33 | bashima | 82 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | baashimaa | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 34 | saba | 62 | 60 | 65 | 65 | 60 | saabaa | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 35 | farabu | 84 | 75 | 80 | 80 | 80 | faarraabu | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36 | nasab | 83 | 80 | 78 | 80 | 80 | naasaab | 85 | 80 | 85 | 85 | 80 |
| 37 | wajiba | 91 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | waajjibaa | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 38 | thabata | 82 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | thaabaata | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 85 |
| 39 | batala | 62 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | baattaallaa | 55 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 40 | bishr | 82 | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 | beshrr | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 41 | burj | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | burrjj | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 42 | jubila | 82 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | jjubellaa | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 43 | rabata | 62 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | rraabaattaa | 65 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 44 | subul | 82 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | subull | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 45 | halaba | 70 | 62 | 62 | 65 | 65 | haallaabaa | 65 | 65 | 70 | 65 | 65 |
| 46 | qalbi | 62 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | kaallbe | 60 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 62 |
| 47 | naabu | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | naabu | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 48 | thawban | 62 | 70 | 70 | 75 | 75 | thaawban | 65 | 65 | 65 | 70 | 65 |
| 49 | thawbun | 62 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | thaawbun | 65 | 65 | 70 | 65 | 70 |
| 50 | thawbin | 62 | 75 | 70 | 70 | 70 | thaawbin | 65 | 70 | 65 | 70 | 70 |
| 51 | taht | 70 | 70 | 70 | 60 | 60 | taht | 70 | 70 | 70 | 60 | 60 |
| 52 | dhamat | 62 | 70 | 70 | 60 | 60 | dhaamaat | 65 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 53 | tathil | 52 | 50 | 55 | 50 | 50 | tathell | 55 | 60 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 54 | satat | 42 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | saattaat | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 55 | sakat | 46 | 40 | 42 | 40 | 42 | saakkaat | 50 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 56 | tharat | 42 | 42 | 40 | 40 | 40 | dhaarraat | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 57 | hazat | 58 | 50 | 50 | 60 | 60 | haazzaat | 65 | 70 | 65 | 65 | 70 |
| 58 | shadat | 62 | 55 | 55 | 50 | 50 | shaadaat | 65 | 65 | 65 | 70 | 65 |
| 59 | thanat | 60 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | thaanaat | 55 | 60 | 55 | 55 | 60 |
| 60 | jafat | 81 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | jjaafaat | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 61 | otw | 20 | 35 | 35 | 30 | 35 | otw | 20 | 35 | 35 | 30 | 35 |
| 62 | ghat | 50 | 55 | 50 | 50 | 50 | ghaat | 55 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 63 | taqy | 55 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | taky | 50 | 55 | 55 | 50 | 50 |
| 64 | tamr | 72 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | tamrr | 75 | 75 | 80 | 75 | 75 |
| 65 | tyn | 65 | 60 | 55 | 55 | 55 | tyn | 65 | 60 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 66 | twt | 65 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | twt | 65 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 67 | qatala | 66 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 65 | kaatallaa | 60 | 60 | 60 | 65 | 60 |
| 68 | sutira | 72 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | sutirraa | 75 | 85 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 69 | atuma | 51 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | atumaa | 55 | 55 | 55 | 60 | 55 |
| 70 | yumitu | 72 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | yumitu | 72 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 71 | yakhti | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 40 | yaakhti | 45 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 72 | nahata | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | naahaata | 45 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| 73 | samtun | 42 | 40 | 42 | 42 | 40 | saamtun | 45 | 45 | 45 | 42 | 45 |
| 74 | samtan | 42 | 42 | 45 | 42 | 42 | saamtan | 45 | 45 | 42 | 45 | 42 |
| 75 | samtin | 42 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 42 | saamtin | 45 | 45 | 42 | 45 | 42 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 76 | thulth | 62 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | thollth | 60 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 70 |
| 77 | thaqaf | 42 | 45 | 45 | 50 | 50 | thaakaaf | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 78 | makatha | 65 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 65 | maakkaathaa | 60 | 55 | 55 | 60 | 60 |
| 79 | ghath | 46 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | ghaath | 50 | 50 | 50 | 55 | 50 |
| 80 | hadath | 44 | 35 | 35 | 40 | 40 | haadaath | 42 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 81 | sharath | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | shaarraath | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 82 | ath | 50 | 50 | 42 | 42 | 42 | ath | 50 | 50 | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| 83 | thawy | 51 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 | thaawy | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 84 | thakhn | 46 | 50 | 50 | 45 | 45 | thaakhn | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 85 | bathahu | 61 | 60 | 55 | 60 | 55 | baathaahu | 65 | 65 | 65 | 70 | 70 |
| 86 | thabata | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | thaabaattaa | 80 | 85 | 80 | 85 | 80 |
| 87 | thaja | 81 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | thaajjaa | 85 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 88 | thiny | 80 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | thiny | 80 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 89 | thulat | 33 | 40 | 35 | 40 | 40 | thollaat | 35 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 90 | wathaba | 80 | 70 | 80 | 80 | 70 | waathaabaa | 80 | 80 | 85 | 85 | 80 |
| 91 | othira | 42 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | othirraa | 40 | 40 | 40 | 50 | 50 |
| 92 | juthw | 31 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 35 | jjuthw | 35 | 45 | 45 | 35 | 35 |
| 93 | aaatha | 40 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 40 | aaathaa | 42 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 42 |
| 94 | rathi | 71 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | rraathi | 75 | 75 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 95 | bathu | 72 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | baatho | 75 | 80 | 75 | 80 | 80 |
| 96 | thuluthin | 66 | 65 | 60 | 65 | 65 | tholluthin | 65 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 65 |
| 97 | thuluthun | 65 | 65 | 60 | 60 | 60 | tholluthun | 65 | 65 | 70 | 70 | 65 |
| 98 | thuluthan | 65 | 60 | 65 | 65 | 60 | tholluthan | 65 | 70 | 65 | 65 | 70 |
| 99 | lujaj | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | Ilujjaajj | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 100 | jaraka | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | jjaarraakkaa | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 101 | dhaja | 30 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | dhaajjaa | 35 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 35 |
| 102 | jas | 26 | 30 | 25 | 30 | 25 | jjaas | 25 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| 103 | khajal | 42 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | khaajjaall | 40 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 45 |
| 104 | jahatha | 40 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | jjaahaathaa | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| 105 | tajan | 44 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 45 | ttaajjaan | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 106 | shaja | 81 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | shaajjaa | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 107 | ajaza | 62 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | ajjaazzaa | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 108 | sajaa | 61 | 60 | 55 | 55 | 55 | saajjaaa | 70 | 70 | 75 | 75 | 70 |
| 109 | juthm | 50 | 60 | 65 | 65 | 65 | jjudhm | 40 | 45 | 40 | 45 | 45 |
| 110 | jady | 90 | 80 | 82 | 80 | 80 | jjaady | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 111 | jaza | 72 | 60 | 60 | 63 | 60 | jjaazzaa | 75 | 75 | 70 | 75 | 75 |
| 112 | haja | 71 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 70 | haajjaa | 75 | 75 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 113 | jawq | 70 | 55 | 55 | 60 | 60 | jjaawk | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 114 | jamal | 89 | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 | jjaamaall | 85 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 115 | juhd | 77 | 75 | 80 | 75 | 75 | jjuhd | 75 | 80 | 75 | 80 | 75 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 116 | jidu | 78 | 75 | 80 | 75 | 70 | jjidu | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 85 |
| 117 | wajada | 88 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | waajjaadaa | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 118 | aajidu | 86 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | aaajjidu | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 119 | hujub | 64 | 62 | 60 | 60 | 60 | hujjub | 70 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 120 | daraja | 82 | 80 | 81 | 80 | 80 | daarraajjaa | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 121 | sarju | 81 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | saarrjju | 85 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 122 | wahaji | 71 | 75 | 75 | 70 | 70 | waahaajji | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 123 | ewajan | 55 | 50 | 55 | 50 | 55 | eewaajjan | 50 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 60 |
| 124 | ewajun | 55 | 50 | 55 | 45 | 40 | eewaajjun | 50 | 55 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 125 | ewajin | 55 | 55 | 50 | 45 | 55 | eewaajjin | 50 | 50 | 55 | 50 | 55 |
| 126 | hadhara | 44 | 42 | 42 | 40 | 42 | haadhaarraa | 50 | 55 | 50 | 50 | 55 |
| 127 | qazah | 43 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 40 | kaazzaah | 50 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 128 | suhuf | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | suhuf | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 129 | hathw | 51 | 50 | 50 | 51 | 50 | haadhw | 55 | 55 | 60 | 55 | 55 |
| 130 | hatama | 55 | 50 | 50 | 55 | 55 | haattaamaa | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 131 | hasan | 55 | 55 | 55 | 50 | 50 | haasaan | 60 | 60 | 60 | 55 | 60 |
| 132 | haka | 55 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 50 | haakkaa | 60 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 133 | halahu | 42 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 40 | haallaahu | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 134 | hay | 56 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | haay | 60 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 135 | hamala | 71 | 70 | 72 | 70 | 70 | haamaallaa | 75 | 75 | 77 | 75 | 75 |
| 136 | hibr | 70 | 75 | 70 | 70 | 75 | hibrr | 70 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 137 | husn | 70 | 60 | 65 | 65 | 65 | husn | 70 | 60 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 138 | tahana | 51 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 50 | ttaahaanaa | 55 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 139 | suhub | 55 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | suhub | 55 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 140 | yahilu | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | yaahillu | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 141 | masaha | 55 | 55 | 50 | 50 | 55 | maasaahaa | 50 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 142 | farahi | 43 | 40 | 42 | 50 | 42 | faarraahi | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 143 | marahu | 51 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | maarraahu | 55 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 144 | qazahan | 70 | 70 | 60 | 60 | 60 | kaazzaahan | 65 | 62 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 145 | qazahin | 70 | 70 | 60 | 70 | 70 | kaazzaahin | 65 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 |
| 146 | qazahun | 70 | 70 | 70 | 60 | 60 | kaazzaahun | 65 | 65 | 62 | 65 | 62 |
| 147 | dhakhahu | 34 | 20 | 20 | 15 | 15 | dhaakhaahu | 40 | 40 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 148 | khaduk | 42 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 35 | khaadukk | 40 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 149 | khath | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | khaath | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 55 |
| 150 | khashaa | 26 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | khaashaaa | 30 | 30 | 35 | 30 | 30 |
| 151 | khasa | 21 | 20 | 25 | 25 | 20 | khaasaa | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| 152 | thakhara | 32 | 25 | 25 | 30 | 30 | dhaakhaarraa | 30 | 40 | 35 | 40 | 30 |
| 153 | khazaqa | 25 | 30 | 20 | 20 | 25 | khaazzaakaa | 20 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| 154 | khasafa | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | khaasaafaa | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 155 | khamana | 63 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | khaamaanaa | 60 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 156 | khawy | 61 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | khaawy | 65 | 65 | 60 | 65 | 60 |
| 157 | khas | 58 | 55 | 50 | 60 | 50 | khaas | 60 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 |
| 158 | khidr | 61 | 65 | 65 | 60 | 60 | khidrr | 60 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 |
| 159 | khums | 60 | 60 | 60 |  | 60 | khums | 60 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 |
| 160 | bakhasa | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | baakhaasaa | 45 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 161 | bakhila | 60 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | baakhillaa | 60 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 162 | rakhusa | 44 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | rraakhusaa | 42 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 163 | sarakha | 42 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 45 | saarraakhaa | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 164 | mukhi | 62 | 70 | 70 | 65 | 65 | mukhi | 62 | 70 | 70 | 65 | 65 |
| 165 | salkhu | 43 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | saallkhu | 50 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 166 | bathakhun | 31 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 25 | baadhaakhun | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| 167 | bathakhin | 30 | 25 | 20 | 20 | 20 | baadhaakhin | 35 | 40 | 40 | 35 | 35 |
| 168 | bathakhan | 30 | 25 | 20 | 20 | 20 | baadhaakhan | 35 | 40 | 35 | 40 | 35 |
| 169 | dhid | 20 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | dhid | 20 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| 170 | zand | 92 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | zzaand | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 171 | rasada | 65 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 65 | rraasaadaa | 70 | 70 | 75 | 70 | 75 |
| 172 | qadam | 60 | 55 | 60 | 55 | 60 | kaadaam | 55 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 173 | tawd | 44 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | ttaawd | 50 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 174 | dasa | 75 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | daasaa | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 175 | dagl | 60 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | daagll | 60 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 176 | daahu | 22 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | daaahu | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| 177 | daf | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | daaf | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 178 | dama | 46 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | daama | 50 | 45 | 50 | 45 | 50 |
| 179 | dub | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | dub | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 180 | diyk | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | diykk | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 181 | nadaba | 91 | 90 | 85 | 90 | 90 | naadaabaa | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 182 | hudida | 66 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | hudidaa | 70 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 183 | mudun | 90 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 90 | mudun | 90 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 90 |
| 184 | sada | 80 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | saadaa | 75 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 185 | ahdu | 50 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | ahdu | 50 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 186 | mahdi | 88 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | maahdi | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 187 | waadan | 64 | 45 | 45 | 50 | 45 | waaadan | 70 | 75 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 188 | waadun | 64 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 45 | waaadun | 70 | 70 | 70 | 75 | 70 |
| 189 | waadin | 65 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 | waaadin | 70 | 75 | 70 | 70 | 75 |
| 190 | thaky | 70 | 70 | 65 | 70 | 70 | dhaakky | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 191 | thama | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 65 | dhaamaa | 70 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 192 | thala | 70 | 65 | 70 | 70 | 70 | dhaallaa | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 75 |
| 193 | fath | 80 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | faadh | 75 | 75 | 75 | 70 | 75 |
| 194 | qathaa | 61 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | kaadhaaa | 65 | 60 | 65 | 60 | 60 |
| 195 | shatha | 72 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | shaadhaa | 75 | 75 | 80 | 80 | 80 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 196 | thawd | 71 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | dhaawd | 70 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 197 | thiib | 30 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | dhiib | 25 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| 198 | thaab | 61 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 60 | dhaab | 60 | 60 | 55 | 60 | 55 |
| 199 | thul | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | dhull | 75 | 75 | 75 | 80 | 80 |
| 200 | kathiba | 82 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 75 | kkaadhibaa | 80 | 85 | 80 | 85 | 80 |
| 201 | athara | 45 | 40 | 35 | 35 | 40 | adhaarraa | 50 | 55 | 50 | 55 | 55 |
| 202 | aathuna | 62 | 62 | 62 | 60 | 62 | aaadhunaa | 65 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 203 | shahatha | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | shaahaadhaa | 50 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 204 | munthu | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | mundhu | 65 | 62 | 65 | 60 | 65 |
| 205 | mUthi | 55 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 55 | mUdhi | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 206 | fathan | 60 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | faadhan | 55 | 55 | 60 | 55 | 55 |
| 207 | fathun | 60 | 70 | 75 | 75 | 75 | faadhun | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 60 |
| 208 | fathin | 60 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | faadhin | 55 | 55 | 55 | 60 | 60 |
| 209 | thahara | 65 | 65 | 65 | 60 | 65 | thaahaarraa | 65 | 65 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 210 | qarn | 67 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | kaarrn | 65 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 211 | rakala | 88 | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 | rraakkaallaa | 85 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 212 | dhara | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | dhaarraa | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 213 | ragw | 35 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 35 | rraagw | 40 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 214 | tayr | 61 | 55 | 55 | 60 | 60 | ttaayrr | 60 | 60 | 60 | 65 | 60 |
| 215 | sir | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | sirr | 85 | 85 | 90 | 85 | 90 |
| 216 | rad | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | rraad | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 217 | ruba | 90 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | rrubaa | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 218 | surur | 82 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | surrurr | 85 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 219 | harama | 67 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | haarraamaa | 70 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 220 | siry | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | sirry | 80 | 80 | 80 | 85 | 85 |
| 221 | fatara | 61 | 55 | 60 | 60 | 60 | faattaarraa | 60 | 60 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 222 | juhri | 62 | 55 | 55 | 50 | 50 | jjuhrri | 65 | 65 | 60 | 65 | 65 |
| 223 | fikri | 83 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | fikkrri | 85 | 90 | 90 | 85 | 90 |
| 224 | dahrun | 84 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | daahrrun | 85 | 90 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 225 | dahrin | 84 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | daahrrin | 85 | 85 | 90 | 90 | 85 |
| 226 | dahran | 84 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | daahrran | 85 | 90 | 85 | 90 | 90 |
| 227 | zafa | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | zzaafaa | 80 | 85 | 80 | 85 | 80 |
| 228 | zaama | 50 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | zzaaamaa | 42 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 229 | zaky | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | zzaakky | 85 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 230 | zuhal | 65 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | zzuhaall | 65 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 231 | zaraa | 75 | 55 | 60 | 60 | 60 | zzaarraaa | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 232 | zir | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | zzirr | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 233 | ruziq | 65 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | rruzzik | 60 | 65 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 234 | azafa | 62 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | azzaafaa | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 235 | juzur | 80 | 80 | 85 | 80 | 80 | jjuzzurr | 80 | 80 | 80 | 85 | 80 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 236 | faaza | 85 | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 | faazzaa | 85 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 237 | jawzu | 85 | 85 | 80 | 80 | 85 | jjaawzzu | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 238 | kanzi | 80 | 85 | 80 | 80 | 80 | kkaanzzi | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 239 | filizan | 80 | 75 | 80 | 80 | 75 | fillizzan | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 240 | filizun | 80 | 80 | 80 | 75 | 80 | fillizzun | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 241 | filizin | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | fillizzin | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 242 | shams | 80 | 80 | 80 | 75 | 80 | shaams | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 243 | ghasala | 65 | 65 | 60 | 65 | 65 | ghaasaallaa | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 244 | sahw | 42 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | saahw | 45 | 40 | 45 | 40 | 45 |
| 245 | kys | 45 | 45 | 40 | 45 | 40 | kkys | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 246 | dhirs | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | dhirrs | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 55 |
| 247 | sum | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | sum | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 248 | sakaba | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | saakkaabaa | 85 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 85 |
| 249 | sihr | 42 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | sihrr | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 250 | rusul | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | rrusull | 80 | 80 | 85 | 80 | 85 |
| 251 | asal | 60 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | asaall | 65 | 65 | 70 | 65 | 70 |
| 252 | nasiya | 75 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | naasiyaa | 80 | 80 | 85 | 90 | 90 |
| 253 | habasa | 65 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | haabaasaa | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 254 | harasa | 65 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | haarraasaa | 70 | 70 | 75 | 70 | 70 |
| 255 | farasi | 85 | 80 | 80 | 85 | 85 | faarraasi | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 256 | orsan | 62 | 55 | 55 | 60 | 60 | orrsan | 65 | 65 | 70 | 65 | 70 |
| 257 | orsun | 62 | 55 | 55 | 60 | 55 | orrsun | 65 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 258 | orsin | 62 | 62 | 60 | 55 | 60 | orrsin | 65 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 |
| 259 | shathw | 65 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | shaadhw | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 260 | shas | 60 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 60 | shaas | 70 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 261 | shathaf | 60 | 60 | 62 | 62 | 60 | shaathaaf | 65 | 65 | 70 | 65 | 70 |
| 262 | shat | 60 | 60 | 62 | 62 | 60 | shaatt | 60 | 60 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 263 | shugl | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 62 | shugll | 65 | 70 | 65 | 70 | 65 |
| 264 | qash | 65 | 62 | 65 | 62 | 62 | kaash | 60 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 265 | shak | 80 | 70 | 80 | 80 | 70 | shaakk | 80 | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 266 | nashiz | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | naashizz | 75 | 75 | 70 | 70 | 75 |
| 267 | shahy | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | shaahy | 75 | 75 | 75 | 80 | 80 |
| 268 | shajar | 85 | 85 | 80 | 85 | 85 | shaajjaarr | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 269 | shibl | 85 | 80 | 85 | 80 | 85 | shibll | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 270 | shukr | 85 | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 | shukkrr | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 271 | washm | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 80 | waashm | 85 | 85 | 80 | 85 | 85 |
| 272 | rushida | 85 | 85 | 80 | 85 | 85 | rrushidaa | 85 | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 273 | aashudu | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | aaashudu | 85 | 85 | 90 | 85 | 90 |
| 274 | rasha | 85 | 85 | 80 | 85 | 80 | rraashaa | 85 | 85 | 90 | 85 | 85 |
| 275 | rimshu | 85 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | rrimshu | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 276 | ryshi | 75 | 65 | 65 | 62 | 60 | rryshi | 80 | 75 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 277 | kabshan | 80 | 75 | 75 | 80 | 80 | kkaabshan | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 85 |
| 278 | kabshun | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 75 | kkaabshun | 80 | 85 | 80 | 85 | 80 |
| 279 | kabshin | 80 | 80 | 75 | 80 | 80 | kkaabshin | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 280 | qasa | 30 | 30 | 30 | 25 | 25 | kaasaa | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| 281 | sum | 50 | 42 | 40 | 42 | 42 | sum | 50 | 42 | 40 | 42 | 42 |
| 282 | sanaa | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | saanaaa | 40 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 283 | sah | 50 | 55 | 55 | 50 | 50 | saah | 55 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 284 | wasy | 50 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | waasy | 55 | 55 | 60 | 55 | 60 |
| 285 | suws | 35 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | suws | 35 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| 286 | sayd | 60 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | saayd | 65 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 287 | sihr | 30 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | sihrr | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| 288 | asara | 20 | 20 | 20 | 25 | 20 | asaarraa | 30 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 289 | nusira | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | nusirraa | 60 | 62 | 62 | 60 | 60 |
| 290 | yasudu | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | yaasudu | 60 | 62 | 60 | 62 | 60 |
| 291 | rasa | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 55 | rraasaa | 55 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 292 | qursi | 42 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | kurrsi | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 293 | fasun | 50 | 55 | 50 | 50 | 50 | faasun | 55 | 60 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 294 | fasa | 50 | 50 | 50 | 55 | 55 | faasaa | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 295 | fasin | 50 | 50 | 50 | 55 | 50 | faasin | 55 | 55 | 55 | 60 | 55 |
| 296 | dhaghath | 20 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | dhaaghaath | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 297 | wadhaa | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | waadhaaa | 20 | 15 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 298 | dhana | 50 | 42 | 45 | 42 | 50 | dhaanaa | 50 | 50 | 50 | 45 | 50 |
| 299 | dhala | 50 | 50 | 45 | 50 | 45 | dhaallaa | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 50 |
| 300 | dhyq | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | dhyk | 20 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 20 |
| 301 | dhafar | 50 | 50 | 50 | 45 | 50 | dhaafaarr | 50 | 50 | 50 | 55 | 50 |
| 302 | dharaba | 50 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 | dhaarraabaa | 55 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 303 | dhuha | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | dhuha | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| 304 | dhidu | 30 | 25 | 20 | 25 | 20 | dhidu | 30 | 25 | 20 | 25 | 20 |
| 305 | radhiya | 30 | 30 | 35 | 35 | 35 | rraadhiyaa | 30 | 35 | 35 | 53 | 35 |
| 306 | adhud | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 20 | adhud | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 20 |
| 307 | fadhala | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | faadhaallaa | 35 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 308 | maradha | 30 | 30 | 25 | 25 | 30 | maarraadhaa | 30 | 30 | 35 | 30 | 30 |
| 309 | aradha | 15 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 15 | arraadhaa | 20 | 20 | 20 | 15 | 20 |
| 310 | aardhi | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | aaarrdhi | 25 | 25 | 20 | 25 | 25 |
| 311 | qardhan | 15 | 20 | 15 | 15 | 15 | kaarrdhan | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 15 |
| 312 | qardhun | 15 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 15 | kaarrdhun | 20 | 15 | 15 | 20 | 20 |
| 313 | qardhin | 15 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 20 | kaarrdhin | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 15 |
| 314 | taq | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | ttuk | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 315 | hatala | 60 | 55 | 55 | 50 | 55 | haattaallaa | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 316 | tamaa | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | ttaamaaa | 20 | 20 | 25 | 20 | 25 |
| 317 | tib | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | ttib | 50 | 50 | 55 | 50 | 50 |
| 318 | tabaa | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | ttaabaaa | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 319 | watan | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | waattaan | 55 | 55 | 50 | 55 | 55 |
| 320 | ratib | 60 | 60 | 55 | 60 | 55 | rraattib | 70 | 70 | 75 | 70 | 75 |
| 321 | otuf | 40 | 50 | 50 | 55 | 50 | otuf | 40 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 322 | qirtu | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | kirrtu | 20 | 25 | 20 | 25 | 20 |
| 323 | wasati | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 25 | waasaatti | 35 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 324 | basata | 30 | 30 | 25 | 30 | 30 | baasaattaa | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| 325 | nuqatan | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | nukaattan | 15 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 15 |
| 326 | nuqatun | 15 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 20 | nukaattun | 15 | 15 | 20 | 20 | 15 |
| 327 | nuqatin | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | nukaattin | 15 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 328 | thahar | 25 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | thaahaarr | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 35 |
| 329 | kathu | 50 | 55 | 50 | 55 | 50 | kkaatho | 45 | 45 | 45 | 40 | 45 |
| 330 | wathafa | 50 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | waathaafaa | 45 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 331 | tharf | 60 | 60 | 55 | 60 | 60 | thaarrf | 60 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 60 |
| 332 | thifr | 60 | 60 | 60 | 55 | 60 | thefrr | 65 | 65 | 70 | 65 | 70 |
| 333 | thul | 60 | 50 | 50 | 60 | 50 | tholl | 65 | 65 | 70 | 70 | 65 |
| 334 | nathara | 60 | 60 | 60 | 50 | 60 | naathaarraa | 65 | 65 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 335 | nathufa | 50 | 55 | 50 | 60 | 50 | naathofaa | 55 | 55 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 336 | athima | 25 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | athemaa | 30 | 30 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 337 | hafatha | 25 | 25 | 25 | 30 | 25 | haafaathaa | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| 338 | qaythi | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | kaaythe | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 339 | hathu | 30 | 45 | 45 | 40 | 45 | haatho | 30 | 35 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| 340 | waathan | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | waaathan | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 25 |
| 341 | waathun | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | waaathun | 20 | 20 | 20 | 25 | 20 |
| 342 | waathin | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | waaathin | 20 | 20 | 20 | 25 | 20 |
| 343 | athal | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | adhaall | 35 | 40 | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| 344 | saaf | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | saaaf | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| 345 | atash | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | attaash | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 346 | aks | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | akks | 15 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 347 | aqr | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | akrr | 15 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 348 | ayn | 40 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | ayn | 40 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 349 | ejl | 50 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | eejjll | 60 | 65 | 60 | 65 | 65 |
| 350 | omr | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | omrr | 50 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 351 | saer | 25 | 30 | 30 | 25 | 25 | saaeerr | 30 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 352 | naasa | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 25 | naaasaa | 30 | 30 | 30 | 35 | 30 |
| 353 | naoma | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | naaomaa | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 30 |
| 354 | wasia | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | waasia | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| 355 | qaae | 20 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | kaaee | 25 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 356 | saao | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | saao | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| 357 | wariaan | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | waarriaan | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| 358 | wariaun | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | waarriaun | 25 | 25 | 25 | 20 | 25 |
| 359 | wariain | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | waarriain | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| 360 | ghajar | 50 | 50 | 55 | 50 | 50 | ghaajjaarr | 55 | 60 | 55 | 55 | 60 |
| 361 | ghatha | 15 | 15 | 15 | 20 | 15 | ghaadha | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 362 | ghasha | 50 | 60 | 60 | 50 | 50 | ghaashaa | 50 | 50 | 50 | 55 | 50 |
| 363 | ghadh | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | ghaadhu | 15 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 20 |
| 364 | ghafiya | 40 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 40 | ghaafiyaa | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 365 | gharaqa | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | ghaarraakaa | 15 | 15 | 15 | 20 | 15 |
| 366 | ghaythu | 15 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 15 | ghaaytho | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 15 |
| 367 | ghata | 15 | 15 | 15 | 20 | 20 | ghaattaa | 25 | 25 | 25 | 20 | 25 |
| 368 | ghadara | 50 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | ghaadaarraa | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 50 |
| 369 | ghusn | 15 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | ghusn | 15 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 370 | ghil | 62 | 62 | 60 | 62 | 62 | ghill | 65 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 371 | saghura | 30 | 25 | 30 | 25 | 25 | saaghurraa | 30 | 30 | 35 | 30 | 30 |
| 372 | raghad | 42 | 35 | 40 | 42 | 42 | rraaghaad | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 45 |
| 373 | taghiya | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | ttaaghiyaa | 20 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| 374 | maragha | 64 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | maarraaghaa | 70 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 375 | sadghu | 16 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | saadghu | 20 | 20 | 20 | 15 | 20 |
| 376 | samghi | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | saamghi | 20 | 15 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 377 | sawgan | 17 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | saawgan | 20 | 15 | 20 | 20 | 15 |
| 378 | sawghun | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | saawghun | 20 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 20 |
| 379 | sawghin | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | saawghin | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 15 |
| 380 | haf | 80 | 80 | 85 | 85 | 80 | haaf | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 381 | wafy | 75 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | waafy | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 382 | malaf | 85 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 75 | maallaaf | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 383 | faka | 85 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | faakkaa | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 384 | fan | 85 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | faan | 85 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 385 | fijl | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | fijjll | 85 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 386 | furn | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | furrn | 85 | 85 | 90 | 85 | 85 |
| 387 | faala | 50 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | faaallaa | 60 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 388 | rafaa | 50 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | rraafaaa | 45 | 45 | 42 | 45 | 45 |
| 389 | dafira | 80 | 70 | 70 | 75 | 75 | daafirraa | 70 | 75 | 70 | 70 | 75 |
| 390 | afwu | 60 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 65 | afwu | 60 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 65 |
| 391 | sharafa | 85 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | shaarraafaa | 85 | 90 | 90 | 92 | 90 |
| 392 | tarafi | 60 | 60 | 50 | 60 | 55 | ttaarraafi | 65 | 65 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 393 | khalfu | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | khaallfu | 45 | 45 | 50 | 45 | 45 |
| 394 | alafan | 42 | 40 | 42 | 50 | 45 | allaafan | 45 | 45 | 45 | 50 | 45 |
| 395 | alafun | 43 | 45 | 4 | 45 | 45 | allaafun | 42 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 396 | alafin | 42 | 42 | 45 | 45 | 45 | allaafin | 45 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 45 |
| 397 | sujuq | 62 | 50 | 50 | 51 | 50 | sujjuk | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 398 | quiw | 54 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | kullw | 55 | 55 | 55 | 56 | 55 |
| 399 | daqaka | 60 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | daakaakkaa | 60 | 60 | 65 | 60 | 60 |
| 400 | qalam | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | kaallaam | 70 | 72 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 401 | qidr | 60 | 60 | 62 | 60 | 60 | kidrr | 65 | 65 | 66 | 65 | 65 |
| 402 | quda | 61 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | kudaa | 60 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 60 |
| 403 | saqata | 20 | 16 | 15 | 15 | 14 | saakaattaa | 20 | 20 | 20 | 15 | 15 |
| 404 | fuqida | 62 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | fukidaa | 65 | 65 | 70 | 65 | 70 |
| 405 | thaqula | 50 | 45 | 45 | 42 | 42 | thaakullaa | 55 | 60 | 60 | 55 | 60 |
| 406 | sabaqa | 60 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | saabaakaa | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 407 | abaqa | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | abaakaa | 15 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 408 | ghasaqu | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | ghaasaaku | 15 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 15 |
| 409 | barqan | 50 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | baarrkan | 42 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 410 | barqun | 51 | 42 | 45 | 45 | 45 | baarrkun | 42 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 411 | barqin | 50 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | baarrkin | 42 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 412 | rakadha | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | rraakkaadhaa | 50 | 50 | 55 | 50 | 50 |
| 413 | jaraka | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | jjaarraakkaa | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 414 | kawa | 80 | 70 | 80 | 70 | 80 | kkaawa | 85 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 415 | kahan | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | kkaahaan | 80 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 80 |
| 416 | kalb | 90 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | kkaallb | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 417 | kiys | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | kkiys | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 418 | kuwa | 70 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | kkuwa | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 419 | rakiba | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | rraakkibaa | 80 | 80 | 85 | 80 | 85 |
| 420 | rakaa | 42 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | rraakkaaa | 45 | 45 | 50 | 45 | 45 |
| 421 | makuna | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | maakkunaa | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 422 | haraka | 50 | 42 | 42 | 40 | 40 | haarraakkaa | 55 | 55 | 50 | 55 | 55 |
| 423 | biraku | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | berraakku | 75 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 424 | samaki | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | saamaakki | 85 | 90 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 425 | silkan | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | sillkkan | 75 | 80 | 80 | 85 | 80 |
| 426 | silkun | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | sillkkun | 75 | 80 | 85 | 80 | 80 |
| 427 | silkin | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | sillkkin | 75 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 85 |
| 428 | layth | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | llaayth | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 429 | liyn | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | Iliyn | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 430 | lumat | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | llumaat | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 431 | oluw | 42 | 40 | 35 | 35 | 40 | olluw | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 432 | ghalaa | 40 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | ghaallaaa | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 433 | jaliy | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | jjaalliy | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 434 | daglu | 40 | 40 | 40 | 35 | 40 | daagllu | 45 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 40 |
| 435 | amali | 70 | 60 | 70 | 60 | 70 | amaalli | 70 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 436 | tablan | 40 | 35 | 40 | 40 | 40 | ttaabllan | 50 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 437 | tablun | 40 | 40 | 40 | 35 | 35 | ttaabllun | 50 | 50 | 45 | 50 | 50 |
| 438 | tablin | 40 | 40 | 40 | 35 | 40 | ttaabllin | 50 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 45 |
| 439 | ham | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 85 | haam | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 440 | yawm | 80 | 80 | 75 | 75 | 75 | yaawm | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 80 |
| 441 | mawz | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | maawzz | 80 | 80 | 85 | 80 | 80 |
| 442 | min | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | min | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 443 | aamil | 42 | 42 | 40 | 40 | 35 | aaamill | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 444 | amala | 42 | 35 | 35 | 40 | 35 | amaallaa | 40 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| 445 | numuw | 80 | 75 | 75 | 80 | 80 | numuw | 80 | 75 | 75 | 80 | 80 |
| 446 | fahama | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | faahaamaa | 80 | 80 | 85 | 80 | 80 |
| 447 | ghanamu | 50 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | ghaanaamu | 55 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 448 | sanami | 50 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | saanaami | 50 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 449 | alaman | 42 | 35 | 35 | 42 | 42 | allaaman | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 450 | alamun | 42 | 42 | 35 | 42 | 35 | allaamun | 42 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 451 | alamin | 42 | 35 | 42 | 35 | 35 | allaamin | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 452 | wana | 62 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | waanaa | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 453 | nahr | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | naahrr | 70 | 75 | 75 | 70 | 75 |
| 454 | nibr | 81 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | nibrr | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 455 | nuwr | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | nuwrr | 65 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 7 |
| 456 | fanar | 85 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | faanaarr | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 457 | saniya | 60 | 65 | 65 | 70 | 70 | saaniyaa | 60 | 65 | 65 | 60 | 65 |
| 458 | hunuw | 40 | 35 | 35 | 42 | 42 | hunuw | 40 | 35 | 35 | 42 | 42 |
| 459 | makana | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | maakkaanaa | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 460 | nahnu | 42 | 42 | 40 | 42 | 42 | naahnu | 50 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 461 | thinni | 60 | 65 | 65 | 70 | 70 | dhihni | 62 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 462 | qarnan | 62 | 60 | 62 | 60 | 62 | kaarrnan | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 463 | qarnun | 62 | 62 | 62 | 60 | 60 | kaarrnun | 65 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 464 | qarnin | 62 | 62 | 60 | 62 | 62 | kaarrnin | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 465 | gharahu | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | ghaarraahu | 45 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 466 | thalahu | 53 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | thaallaahu | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 467 | hir | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | hirr | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 468 | hawas | 81 | 85 | 80 | 80 | 85 | haawaas | 80 | 80 | 80 | 85 | 80 |
| 469 | huwid | 75 | 75 | 76 | 75 | 75 | huwid | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 470 | rahiba | 76 | 70 | 75 | 70 | 75 | rraahibaa | 75 | 75 | 80 | 75 | 75 |
| 471 | rahufa | 68 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | rraahufaa | 70 | 70 | 75 | 70 | 75 |
| 472 | qahara | 68 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | kaahaarraa | 70 | 70 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 473 | nawaha | 67 | 70 | 69 | 70 | 72 | naawaahaa | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 474 | minhu | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | minhu | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 475 | fyhi | 60 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | fyhi | 60 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 476 | jaahan | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | jjaahan | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 477 | jaahun | 80 | 80 | 80 | 85 | 85 | jjaahun | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 478 | jaahin | 81 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 85 | jjaahin | 80 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 479 | witr | 79 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | witrr | 80 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 480 | wujida | 77 | 75 | 70 | 70 | 75 | wujjidaa | 85 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 481 | aawidu | 67 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | aaawidu | 70 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 70 |
| 482 | thawuw | 52 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | dhaawuw | 55 | 55 | 60 | 55 | 60 |
| 483 | mahwu | 41 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | maahwu | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| 484 | lahwi | 72 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | llaahwi | 70 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 485 | sahwa | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | saahwaa | 40 | 45 | 40 | 45 | 40 |
| 486 | jarwan | 86 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | jjaarrwan | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 90 |
| 487 | jarwun | 85 | 85 | 80 | 80 | 80 | jjaarrwun | 85 | 85 | 85 | 90 | 85 |
| 488 | jarwin | 86 | 85 | 80 | 80 | 80 | jjaarrwin | 85 | 90 | 85 | 85 | 90 |
| 489 | yad | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | yaad | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 490 | yusr | 87 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | yusrr | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 491 | yin | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | yin | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 |
| 492 | sayara | 75 | 75 | 80 | 75 | 75 | saayaarraa | 75 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 493 | ayiya | 30 | 24 | 20 | 20 | 20 | ayiyaa | 40 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 40 |
| 494 | sawyi | 60 | 70 | 75 | 75 | 75 | saawyi | 60 | 60 | 60 | 65 | 60 |
| 495 | tayu | 35 | 30 | 31 | 30 | 30 | ttaayu | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 496 | hayuUa | 35 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | haayuUa | 35 | 30 | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| 497 | atyan | 30 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | atyan | 30 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| 498 | atyun | 30 | 30 | 30 | 25 | 30 | atyun | 30 | 30 | 30 | 25 | 30 |
| 499 | atyin | 30 | 25 | 25 | 30 | 25 | atyin | 30 | 25 | 25 | 30 | 25 |
|  | Total | 28458 | 27443 | 27374 | 27444 | 27457 | Total | 29159 | 29726 | 29847 | 29865 | 29773 |
|  | Average | 57.03 | 54.996 | 54.858 | 54.998 | 55.024 | Average | 58.43 | 59.57 | 59.81 | 59.85 | 59.67 |

Table 1 Alghamdi and improved DT table comparison Accuracy evaluation by expert 1 T= Total
R1, R2, R3, R4= Recording 1, Recording 2, Recording 3, Recording 4.

|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | dhaaa | 60 | 64 | 61 | 65 | 69 | Dhaaa | 60 | 64 | 61 | 65 | 69 |
| 2 | aathin | 69 | 70 | 72 | 70 | 68 | Aaathen | 86 | 83 | 87 | 84 | 83 |
| 3 | saagha | 70 | 65 | 65 | 68 | 72 | Saaghaa | 90 | 87 | 93 | 92 | 88 |
| 4 | ethaa | 88 | 70 | 80 | 88 | 86 | Edhaa | 72 | 68 | 75 | 78 | 76 |
| 5 | zaar | 95 | 88 | 90 | 88 | 87 | Zzaarr | 78 | 80 | 86 | 88 | 86 |
| 6 | qaas | 69 | 72 | 77 | 70 | 70 | Kaas | 66 | 75 | 79 | 74 | 71 |
| 7 | aamal | 86 | 80 | 88 | 85 | 88 | Aaamaall | 73 | 77 | 80 | 76 | 80 |
| 8 | jatha | 68 | 77 | 80 | 80 | 78 | jjaatha | 70 | 80 | 82 | 77 | 76 |
| 9 | shaah | 76 | 65 | 79 | 72 | 69 | shaah | 76 | 65 | 79 | 72 | 69 |
| 10 | taaf | 68 | 62 | 67 | 69 | 69 | ttaaf | 75 | 72 | 78 | 75 | 77 |
| 11 | hayaaa | 49 | 40 | 60 | 55 | 57 | haayaaaaa | 51 | 49 | 58 | 57 | 53 |
| 12 | kaas | 69 | 59 | 70 | 70 | 67 | kkaaasu | 68 | 60 | 65 | 64 | 64 |
| 13 | aukht | 70 | 68 | 69 | 77 | 72 | aukht | 70 | 68 | 69 | 77 | 72 |
| 14 | baada | 82 | 85 | 78 | 84 | 79 | baadaa | 84 | 86 | 88 | 85 | 78 |
| 15 | aaw | 92 | 79 | 88 | 90 | 90 | aaaw | 88 | 89 | 92 | 90 | 87 |
| 16 | aakala | 80 | 78 | 80 | 80 | 78 | aaakkaallaa | 78 | 78 | 81 | 80 | 76 |
| 17 | saaal | 72 | 69 | 74 | 67 | 76 | saaaaall | 62 | 65 | 72 | 71 | 71 |
| 18 | dhuUl | 53 | 50 | 58 | 54 | 46 | dhuUII | 52 | 47 | 57 | 56 | 52 |
| 19 | baiisa | 52 | 55 | 67 | 63 | 51 | baaiisaa | 61 | 58 | 70 | 68 | 64 |
| 20 | baraa | 56 | 60 | 54 | 63 | 61 | baarraau | 53 | 54 | 60 | 61 | 56 |
| 21 | swai | 54 | 50 | 60 | 64 | 54 | swai | 54 | 50 | 60 | 64 | 54 |
| 22 | daaaan | 31 | 22 | 36 | 34 | 31 | daaaan | 31 | 22 | 36 | 34 | 31 |
| 23 | daaaun | 32 | 40 | 45 | 38 | 30 | daaaun | 32 | 40 | 45 | 38 | 30 |
| 24 | daaain | 31 | 36 | 35 | 32 | 36 | daaain | 31 | 36 | 35 | 32 | 36 |
| 25 | thaby | 57 | 55 | 56 | 55 | 52 | thaaby | 66 | 58 | 68 | 64 | 63 |
| 26 | dhaba | 43 | 40 | 48 | 41 | 44 | dhaaba | 54 | 53 | 66 | 63 | 61 |
| 27 | bazagha | 52 | 50 | 49 | 52 | 55 | baazzaaghaa | 50 | 46 | 53 | 52 | 52 |
| 28 | basal | 34 | 30 | 30 | 32 | 27 | baasaall | 41 | 36 | 47 | 39 | 42 |
| 29 | bahaq | 43 | 40 | 47 | 41 | 43 | baahaak | 45 | 38 | 46 | 46 | 45 |
| 30 | khabat | 37 | 35 | 38 | 35 | 40 | khaabaatt | 50 | 50 | 57 | 54 | 52 |
| 31 | kaba | 32 | 34 | 32 | 28 | 27 | kkaabaa | 42 | 35 | 37 | 34 | 40 |
| 32 | thanb | 67 | 62 | 64 | 63 | 58 | dhaanb | 64 | 65 | 60 | 62 | 63 |
| 33 | bashima | 74 | 70 | 80 | 88 | 87 | baashimaa | 72 | 67 | 82 | 81 | 82 |
| 34 | saba | 26 | 28 | 27 | 22 | 25 | saabaa | 33 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 31 |
| 35 | farabu | 67 | 65 | 56 | 65 | 72 | faarraabu | 60 | 60 | 62 | 63 | 60 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36 | nasab | 68 | 67 | 74 | 72 | 76 | naasaab | 73 | 71 | 74 | 69 | 76 |
| 37 | wajiba | 84 | 80 | 84 | 89 | 84 | waajjibaa | 79 | 77 | 86 | 82 | 79 |
| 38 | thabata | 81 | 80 | 90 | 87 | 84 | thaabaata | 84 | 86 | 89 | 91 | 90 |
| 39 | batala | 67 | 65 | 69 | 74 | 64 | baattaallaa | 63 | 64 | 65 | 68 | 71 |
| 40 | bishr | 79 | 77 | 68 | 74 | 79 | beshrr | 85 | 90 | 94 | 88 | 89 |
| 41 | burj | 87 | 80 | 89 | 94 | 93 | burrjj | 91 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 |
| 42 | jubila | 80 | 80 | 86 | 83 | 87 | jjubellaa | 83 | 81 | 88 | 82 | 84 |
| 43 | rabata | 57 | 54 | 58 | 53 | 56 | rraabaattaa | 60 | 52 | 61 | 58 | 59 |
| 44 | subul | 72 | 68 | 62 | 72 | 67 | subull | 77 | 82 | 86 | 79 | 83 |
| 45 | halaba | 51 | 44 | 56 | 43 | 47 | haallaabaa | 48 | 45 | 49 | 53 | 52 |
| 46 | qalbi | 35 | 40 | 45 | 43 | 42 | kaallbe | 37 | 45 | 47 | 45 | 46 |
| 47 | naabu | 86 | 88 | 70 | 78 | 84 | naabu | 86 | 88 | 70 | 78 | 84 |
| 48 | thawban | 84 | 86 | 85 | 88 | 88 | thaawban | 88 | 89 | 90 | 89 | 91 |
| 49 | thawbun | 76 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | thaawbun | 87 | 87 | 93 | 90 | 90 |
| 50 | thawbin | 79 | 80 | 72 | 74 | 74 | thaawbin | 85 | 86 | 94 | 94 | 90 |
| 51 | taht | 45 | 44 | 50 | 50 | 54 | taht | 45 | 44 | 50 | 50 | 54 |
| 52 | dhamat | 26 | 26 | 27 | 22 | 26 | dhaamaat | 32 | 36 | 40 | 32 | 37 |
| 53 | tathil | 29 | 20 | 27 | 16 | 22 | tathell | 30 | 19 | 26 | 28 | 25 |
| 54 | satat | 31 | 30 | 36 | 23 | 27 | saattaat | 39 | 34 | 42 | 37 | 30 |
| 55 | sakat | 30 | 26 | 36 | 36 | 34 | saakkaat | 41 | 37 | 46 | 42 | 37 |
| 56 | tharat | 42 | 40 | 42 | 37 | 39 | dhaarraat | 38 | 35 | 40 | 38 | 37 |
| 57 | hazat | 54 | 50 | 58 | 53 | 58 | haazzaat | 63 | 60 | 67 | 63 | 62 |
| 58 | shadat | 48 | 44 | 40 | 44 | 43 | shaadaat | 58 | 55 | 59 | 62 | 58 |
| 59 | thanat | 61 | 56 | 63 | 68 | 57 | thaanaat | 62 | 54 | 65 | 67 | 60 |
| 60 | jafat | 69 | 63 | 70 | 67 | 68 | jjaafaat | 68 | 70 | 66 | 64 | 69 |
| 61 | otw | 11 | 8 | 12 | 13 | 10 | otw | 11 | 8 | 12 | 3 | 10 |
| 62 | ghat | 23 | 22 | 16 | 27 | 24 | ghaat | 27 | 20 | 35 | 31 | 28 |
| 63 | taqy | 56 | 49 | 57 | 56 | 53 | taky | 52 | 47 | 52 | 48 | 54 |
| 64 | tamr | 72 | 65 | 72 | 73 | 68 | tamrr | 77 | 70 | 78 | 74 | 72 |
| 65 | tyn | 80 | 76 | 90 | 85 | 90 | tyn | 80 | 76 | 90 | 85 | 90 |
| 66 | twt | 65 | 60 | 69 | 70 | 67 | twt | 65 | 60 | 69 | 70 | 67 |
| 67 | qatala | 72 | 72 | 63 | 68 | 63 | kaatallaa | 70 | 68 | 70 | 67 | 65 |
| 68 | sutira | 89 | 81 | 80 | 81 | 81 | sutirraa | 91 | 88 | 89 | 91 | 88 |
| 69 | atuma | 67 | 66 | 62 | 59 | 54 | atumaa | 68 | 65 | 67 | 60 | 55 |
| 70 | yumitu | 78 | 73 | 77 | 67 | 70 | yumitu | 78 | 73 | 77 | 67 | 70 |
| 71 | yakhti | 47 | 45 | 49 | 54 | 49 | yaakhti | 50 | 48 | 55 | 53 | 47 |
| 72 | nahata | 39 | 30 | 36 | 32 | 36 | naahaata | 43 | 36 | 46 | 42 | 38 |
| 73 | samtun | 45 | 41 | 45 | 43 | 46 | saamtun | 46 | 41 | 46 | 44 | 45 |
| 74 | samtan | 46 | 41 | 42 | 42 | 46 | saamtan | 47 | 40 | 45 | 43 | 45 |
| 75 | samtin | 46 | 42 | 50 | 48 | 43 | saamtin | 47 | 41 | 50 | 50 | 44 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 76 | thulth | 65 | 66 | 63 | 68 | 61 | thollth | 71 | 78 | 75 | 73 | 74 |
| 77 | thaqaf | 62 | 60 | 53 | 58 | 56 | thaakaaf | 57 | 56 | 58 | 56 | 53 |
| 78 | makatha | 59 | 50 | 52 | 47 | 45 | maakkaathaa | 57 | 51 | 53 | 52 | 50 |
| 79 | ghath | 20 | 16 | 14 | 21 | 23 | ghaath | 26 | 20 | 22 | 21 | 24 |
| 80 | hadath | 28 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | haadaath | 32 | 28 | 32 | 30 | 26 |
| 81 | sharath | 41 | 43 | 47 | 44 | 45 | shaarraath | 43 | 43 | 46 | 47 | 47 |
| 82 | ath | 12 | 12 | 15 | 15 | 14 | ath | 12 | 12 | 15 | 15 | 14 |
| 83 | thawy | 32 | 30 | 35 | 28 | 25 | thaawy | 34 | 29 | 35 | 32 | 32 |
| 84 | thakhn | 21 | 18 | 16 | 18 | 17 | thaakhn | 27 | 20 | 22 | 26 | 26 |
| 85 | bathahu | 64 | 58 | 65 | 63 | 57 | baathaahu | 69 | 66 | 74 | 70 | 64 |
| 86 | thabata | 80 | 79 | 77 | 76 | 78 | thaabaattaa | 76 | 75 | 80 | 80 | 76 |
| 87 | thaja | 68 | 66 | 69 | 69 | 67 | thaajjaa | 75 | 80 | 82 | 85 | 85 |
| 88 | thiny | 41 | 36 | 50 | 46 | 44 | thiny | 41 | 36 | 50 | 46 | 44 |
| 89 | thulat | 21 | 20 | 25 | 17 | 19 | thollaat | 26 | 23 | 30 | 31 | 26 |
| 90 | wathaba | 81 | 79 | 75 | 83 | 78 | waathaabaa | 83 | 84 | 87 | 83 | 82 |
| 91 | othira | 65 | 60 | 54 | 57 | 63 | othirraa | 66 | 60 | 64 | 62 | 61 |
| 92 | juthw | 32 | 41 | 32 | 43 | 38 | jjuthw | 32 | 33 | 40 | 42 | 40 |
| 93 | aaatha | 52 | 48 | 57 | 53 | 47 | aaathaa | 52 | 47 | 56 | 54 | 53 |
| 94 | rathi | 31 | 29 | 30 | 32 | 32 | rraathi | 35 | 37 | 42 | 39 | 39 |
| 95 | bathu | 72 | 71 | 73 | 79 | 67 | baatho | 78 | 79 | 82 | 84 | 75 |
| 96 | thuluthin | 82 | 72 | 75 | 78 | 77 | tholluthin | 85 | 75 | 83 | 81 | 85 |
| 97 | thuluthun | 80 | 78 | 78 | 75 | 72 | tholluthun | 85 | 76 | 84 | 75 | 83 |
| 98 | thuluthan | 83 | 77 | 74 | 72 | 76 | tholluthan | 85 | 80 | 89 | 86 | 83 |
| 99 | lujaj | 93 | 85 | 85 | 89 | 86 | Ilujjaajj | 90 | 84 | 87 | 90 | 90 |
| 100 | jaraka | 83 | 82 | 84 | 85 | 84 | jjaarraakkaa | 90 | 90 | 94 | 93 | 91 |
| 101 | dhaja | 31 | 30 | 39 | 36 | 38 | dhaajjaa | 40 | 36 | 43 | 40 | 39 |
| 102 | jas | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | jjaas | 14 | 14 | 12 | 13 | 12 |
| 103 | khajal | 73 | 72 | 73 | 68 | 67 | khaajjaall | 68 | 66 | 69 | 72 | 70 |
| 104 | jahatha | 82 | 78 | 84 | 75 | 77 | jjaahaathaa | 84 | 77 | 79 | 80 | 83 |
| 105 | tajan | 42 | 44 | 46 | 38 | 41 | ttaajjaan | 36 | 38 | 39 | 43 | 40 |
| 106 | shaja | 52 | 50 | 47 | 53 | 51 | shaajjaa | 63 | 60 | 68 | 66 | 63 |
| 107 | ajaza | 62 | 62 | 64 | 60 | 58 | ajjaazzaa | 59 | 60 | 64 | 62 | 57 |
| 108 | sajaa | 84 | 85 | 83 | 89 | 80 | saajjaaa | 82 | 79 | 85 | 85 | 83 |
| 109 | juthm | 53 | 52 | 45 | 48 | 50 | jjudhm | 47 | 48 | 46 | 47 | 47 |
| 110 | jady | 73 | 70 | 67 | 66 | 67 | jjaady | 75 | 71 | 77 | 73 | 73 |
| 111 | jaza | 82 | 80 | 74 | 79 | 72 | jjaazzaa | 88 | 85 | 88 | 83 | 90 |
| 112 | haja | 71 | 67 | 70 | 71 | 68 | haajjaa | 80 | 75 | 78 | 82 | 80 |
| 113 | jawq | 76 | 63 | 65 | 72 | 67 | jjaawk | 75 | 68 | 71 | 63 | 73 |
| 114 | jamal | 80 | 80 | 83 | 78 | 84 | jjaamaall | 80 | 76 | 79 | 80 | 82 |
| 115 | juhd | 77 | 74 | 68 | 74 | 76 | jjuhd | 77 | 75 | 78 | 77 | 78 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 116 | jidu | 82 | 82 | 86 | 84 | 85 | jjidu | 81 | 79 | 83 | 86 | 84 |
| 117 | wajada | 93 | 84 | 86 | 85 | 87 | waajjaadaa | 90 | 90 | 86 | 90 | 91 |
| 118 | aajidu | 71 | 68 | 76 | 73 | 68 | aaajjidu | 67 | 67 | 66 | 73 | 72 |
| 119 | hujub | 62 | 58 | 67 | 54 | 53 | hujjub | 63 | 60 | 68 | 67 | 63 |
| 120 | daraja | 62 | 62 | 69 | 70 | 65 | daarraajjaa | 59 | 57 | 66 | 63 | 68 |
| 121 | sarju | 76 | 74 | 76 | 78 | 69 | saarrjju | 82 | 88 | 86 | 84 | 80 |
| 122 | wahaji | 78 | 74 | 78 | 75 | 76 | waahaajji | 74 | 69 | 78 | 76 | 73 |
| 123 | ewajan | 77 | 64 | 80 | 77 | 73 | eewaajjan | 75 | 70 | 83 | 82 | 77 |
| 124 | ewajun | 78 | 78 | 76 | 75 | 75 | eewaajjun | 73 | 76 | 73 | 77 | 74 |
| 125 | ewajin | 79 | 74 | 76 | 78 | 77 | eewaajjin | 73 | 72 | 77 | 75 | 72 |
| 126 | hadhara | 43 | 50 | 43 | 44 | 41 | haadhaarraa | 40 | 39 | 50 | 45 | 47 |
| 127 | qazah | 67 | 64 | 73 | 67 | 62 | kaazzaah | 64 | 62 | 73 | 67 | 62 |
| 128 | suhuf | 62 | 63 | 69 | 73 | 68 | suhuf | 62 | 69 | 78 | 74 | 71 |
| 129 | hathw | 52 | 60 | 53 | 46 | 54 | haadhw | 50 | 55 | 52 | 56 | 56 |
| 130 | hatama | 30 | 29 | 26 | 35 | 34 | haattaamaa | 40 | 43 | 48 | 47 | 44 |
| 131 | hasan | 79 | 65 | 76 | 77 | 81 | haasaan | 84 | 88 | 89 | 86 | 86 |
| 132 | haka | 63 | 54 | 54 | 55 | 50 | haakkaa | 78 | 70 | 80 | 74 | 73 |
| 133 | halahu | 44 | 49 | 42 | 43 | 46 | haallaahu | 60 | 63 | 68 | 64 | 62 |
| 134 | hay | 61 | 57 | 59 | 63 | 58 | haay | 62 | 55 | 63 | 62 | 66 |
| 135 | hamala | 68 | 63 | 64 | 64 | 62 | haamaallaa | 63 | 57 | 66 | 62 | 59 |
| 136 | hibr | 67 | 66 | 69 | 62 | 59 | hibrr | 70 | 68 | 74 | 73 | 69 |
| 137 | husn | 54 | 63 | 54 | 55 | 55 | husn | 54 | 63 | 54 | 55 | 55 |
| 138 | tahana | 43 | 50 | 52 | 57 | 58 | ttaahaanaa | 56 | 52 | 60 | 57 | 56 |
| 139 | suhub | 71 | 68 | 77 | 60 | 78 | suhub | 71 | 68 | 77 | 60 | 78 |
| 140 | yahilu | 69 | 65 | 64 | 59 | 57 | yaahillu | 78 | 70 | 76 | 77 | 72 |
| 141 | masaha | 58 | 49 | 58 | 53 | 51 | maasaahaa | 60 | 53 | 57 | 60 | 59 |
| 142 | farahi | 59 | 54 | 57 | 48 | 52 | faarraahi | 55 | 52 | 55 | 53 | 57 |
| 143 | marahu | 60 | 66 | 63 | 68 | 63 | maarraahu | 53 | 50 | 57 | 58 | 57 |
| 144 | qazahan | 76 | 69 | 72 | 67 | 68 | kaazzaahan | 67 | 70 | 78 | 74 | 69 |
| 145 | qazahin | 75 | 70 | 68 | 63 | 74 | kaazzaahin | 67 | 68 | 70 | 70 | 66 |
| 146 | qazahun | 69 | 70 | 59 | 64 | 62 | kaazzaahun | 67 | 69 | 70 | 75 | 71 |
| 147 | dhakhahu | 10 | 10 | 6 | 7 | 10 | dhaakhaahu | 20 | 15 | 18 | 22 | 16 |
| 148 | khaduk | 50 | 47 | 45 | 48 | 44 | khaadukk | 51 | 46 | 48 | 48 | 43 |
| 149 | khath | 47 | 46 | 45 | 52 | 51 | khaath | 53 | 51 | 52 | 54 | 57 |
| 150 | khashaa | 5 | 5 | 8 | 9 | 6 | khaashaaa | 10 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 13 |
| 151 | khasa | 21 | 16 | 24 | 18 | 21 | khaasaa | 22 | 20 | 23 | 25 | 21 |
| 152 | thakhara | 18 | 17 | 22 | 28 | 23 | dhaakhaarraa | 15 | 14 | 20 | 21 | 20 |
| 153 | khazaqa | 19 | 17 | 26 | 18 | 22 | khaazzaakaa | 18 | 21 | 25 | 22 | 21 |
| 154 | khasafa | 16 | 18 | 24 | 19 | 20 | khaasaafaa | 16 | 20 | 23 | 23 | 21 |
| 155 | khamana | 13 | 12 | 10 | 11 | 8 | khaamaanaa | 20 | 22 | 21 | 23 | 22 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 156 | khawy | 10 | 6 | 9 | 6 | 7 | khaawy | 18 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 157 | khas | 56 | 45 | 53 | 47 | 43 | khaas | 59 | 63 | 60 | 62 | 65 |
| 158 | khidr | 57 | 57 | 48 | 53 | 57 | khidrr | 60 | 58 | 63 | 68 | 64 |
| 159 | khums | 65 | 59 | 67 | 73 | 69 | khums | 65 | 59 | 67 | 73 | 69 |
| 160 | bakhasa | 43 | 40 | 44 | 43 | 41 | baakhaasaa | 49 | 50 | 55 | 53 | 49 |
| 161 | bakhila | 32 | 31 | 36 | 31 | 26 | baakhillaa | 28 | 27 | 29 | 30 | 30 |
| 162 | rakhusa | 26 | 23 | 21 | 22 | 19 | rraakhusaa | 27 | 22 | 28 | 27 | 27 |
| 163 | sarakha | 22 | 17 | 18 | 16 | 20 | saarraakhaa | 18 | 20 | 20 | 17 | 17 |
| 164 | mukhi | 42 | 45 | 54 | 50 | 50 | mukhi | 42 | 45 | 54 | 50 | 50 |
| 165 | salkhu | 43 | 40 | 38 | 42 | 37 | saallkhu | 47 | 50 | 52 | 51 | 49 |
| 166 | bathakhun | 40 | 37 | 36 | 37 | 37 | baadhaakhun | 38 | 31 | 39 | 40 | 39 |
| 167 | bathakhin | 42 | 40 | 46 | 43 | 42 | baadhaakhin | 39 | 35 | 42 | 41 | 40 |
| 168 | bathakhan | 41 | 40 | 46 | 39 | 41 | baadhaakhan | 39 | 45 | 39 | 42 | 43 |
| 169 | dhid | 12 | 14 | 18 | 22 | 23 | dhid | 12 | 14 | 18 | 22 | 23 |
| 170 | zand | 86 | 78 | 75 | 82 | 81 | zzaand | 86 | 86 | 84 | 89 | 84 |
| 171 | rasada | 42 | 40 | 40 | 42 | 37 | rraasaadaa | 43 | 41 | 40 | 42 | 42 |
| 172 | qadam | 61 | 60 | 58 | 60 | 60 | kaadaam | 60 | 63 | 62 | 59 | 63 |
| 173 | tawd | 39 | 38 | 32 | 34 | 34 | ttaawd | 45 | 47 | 45 | 46 | 42 |
| 174 | dasa | 75 | 67 | 71 | 68 | 66 | daasaa | 80 | 82 | 80 | 86 | 82 |
| 175 | dagl | 42 | 40 | 35 | 38 | 36 | daagll | 45 | 43 | 41 | 45 | 42 |
| 176 | daahu | 31 | 33 | 37 | 31 | 34 | daaahu | 34 | 31 | 29 | 36 | 34 |
| 177 | daf | 75 | 70 | 67 | 63 | 75 | daaf | 75 | 69 | 77 | 74 | 76 |
| 178 | dama | 31 | 27 | 25 | 37 | 36 | daama | 32 | 27 | 29 | 34 | 31 |
| 179 | dub | 80 | 77 | 90 | 83 | 84 | dub | 80 | 77 | 90 | 83 | 84 |
| 180 | diyk | 88 | 76 | 86 | 76 | 79 | diykk | 89 | 90 | 85 | 90 | 91 |
| 181 | nadaba | 80 | 76 | 65 | 72 | 76 | naadaabaa | 84 | 82 | 79 | 85 | 82 |
| 182 | hudida | 76 | 69 | 76 | 60 | 79 | hudidaa | 80 | 75 | 73 | 85 | 81 |
| 183 | mudun | 68 | 64 | 65 | 70 | 78 | mudun | 68 | 64 | 65 | 70 | 78 |
| 184 | sada | 56 | 55 | 53 | 46 | 58 | saadaa | 57 | 52 | 58 | 57 | 57 |
| 185 | ahdu | 50 | 50 | 42 | 46 | 43 | ahdu | 50 | 50 | 42 | 46 | 43 |
| 186 | mahdi | 80 | 73 | 78 | 76 | 76 | maahdi | 84 | 78 | 85 | 84 | 81 |
| 187 | waadan | 60 | 58 | 54 | 55 | 54 | waaadan | 67 | 63 | 67 | 71 | 69 |
| 188 | waadun | 59 | 50 | 53 | 52 | 56 | waaadun | 66 | 66 | 70 | 68 | 67 |
| 189 | waadin | 61 | 60 | 53 | 57 | 56 | waaadin | 66 | 64 | 71 | 69 | 65 |
| 190 | thaky | 31 | 33 | 32 | 35 | 34 | dhaakky | 27 | 25 | 31 | 28 | 29 |
| 191 | thama | 24 | 24 | 20 | 23 | 21 | dhaamaa | 25 | 20 | 25 | 24 | 23 |
| 192 | thala | 63 | 60 | 53 | 59 | 61 | dhaallaa | 60 | 60 | 61 | 61 | 61 |
| 193 | fath | 21 | 16 | 18 | 17 | 17 | faadh | 24 | 21 | 20 | 21 | 22 |
| 194 | qathaa | 52 | 45 | 53 | 53 | 48 | kaadhaaa | 50 | 47 | 52 | 50 | 52 |
| 195 | shatha | 78 | 70 | 69 | 71 | 70 | shaadhaa | 75 | 68 | 72 | 71 | 71 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 196 | thawd | 73 | 64 | 70 | 71 | 68 | dhaawd | 70 | 71 | 69 | 72 | 75 |
| 197 | thiib | 13 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 9 | dhiib | 11 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 11 |
| 198 | thaab | 60 | 56 | 64 | 67 | 65 | dhaab | 58 | 60 | 62 | 61 | 59 |
| 199 | thul | 45 | 49 | 42 | 45 | 44 | dhull | 47 | 51 | 56 | 49 | 48 |
| 200 | kathiba | 87 | 70 | 81 | 72 | 79 | kkaadhibaa | 86 | 88 | 92 | 91 | 93 |
| 201 | athara | 65 | 60 | 62 | 58 | 57 | adhaarraa | 66 | 61 | 65 | 66 | 64 |
| 202 | aathuna | 42 | 33 | 41 | 42 | 44 | aaadhunaa | 46 | 47 | 43 | 42 | 45 |
| 203 | shahatha | 54 | 43 | 47 | 47 | 50 | shaahaadhaa | 55 | 52 | 51 | 52 | 50 |
| 204 | munthu | 67 | 63 | 62 | 64 | 67 | mundhu | 69 | 66 | 68 | 69 | 67 |
| 205 | mUthi | 23 | 20 | 25 | 23 | 27 | mUdhi | 20 | 19 | 24 | 21 | 22 |
| 206 | fathan | 47 | 45 | 47 | 37 | 38 | faadhan | 44 | 39 | 40 | 42 | 42 |
| 207 | fathun | 46 | 45 | 42 | 38 | 40 | faadhun | 44 | 40 | 45 | 42 | 42 |
| 208 | fathin | 47 | 43 | 43 | 46 | 45 | faadhin | 44 | 42 | 45 | 43 | 45 |
| 209 | thahara | 61 | 57 | 58 | 54 | 56 | thaahaarraa | 59 | 52 | 56 | 58 | 57 |
| 210 | qarn | 65 | 50 | 54 | 51 | 57 | kaarrn | 67 | 67 | 64 | 63 | 64 |
| 211 | rakala | 80 | 70 | 74 | 79 | 75 | rraakkaallaa | 78 | 73 | 78 | 75 | 74 |
| 212 | dhara | 59 | 54 | 56 | 58 | 53 | dhaarraa | 63 | 58 | 68 | 64 | 62 |
| 213 | ragw | 30 | 22 | 21 | 22 | 23 | rraagw | 32 | 28 | 34 | 32 | 33 |
| 214 | tayr | 78 | 77 | 70 | 80 | 77 | ttaayrr | 81 | 79 | 87 | 83 | 82 |
| 215 | sir | 89 | 86 | 83 | 86 | 85 | sirr | 90 | 90 | 95 | 93 | 92 |
| 216 | rad | 87 | 79 | 75 | 78 | 81 | rraad | 88 | 82 | 85 | 86 | 83 |
| 217 | ruba | 59 | 50 | 47 | 47 | 52 | rrubaa | 61 | 58 | 62 | 62 | 58 |
| 218 | surur | 54 | 55 | 52 | 57 | 56 | surrurr | 51 | 50 | 57 | 56 | 49 |
| 219 | harama | 76 | 68 | 72 | 63 | 64 | haarraamaa | 73 | 69 | 76 | 73 | 72 |
| 220 | siry | 74 | 74 | 72 | 69 | 67 | sirry | 78 | 80 | 79 | 82 | 81 |
| 221 | fatara | 32 | 22 | 27 | 32 | 32 | faattaarraa | 30 | 34 | 31 | 29 | 32 |
| 222 | juhri | 39 | 30 | 39 | 28 | 33 | jjuhrri | 35 | 29 | 35 | 32 | 34 |
| 223 | fikri | 59 | 53 | 51 | 47 | 50 | fikkrri | 54 | 51 | 53 | 49 | 53 |
| 224 | dahrun | 68 | 61 | 66 | 63 | 64 | daahrrun | 63 | 62 | 58 | 62 | 63 |
| 225 | dahrin | 66 | 66 | 60 | 68 | 63 | daahrrin | 63 | 62 | 61 | 59 | 62 |
| 226 | dahran | 65 | 54 | 64 | 61 | 58 | daahrran | 64 | 63 | 61 | 60 | 60 |
| 227 | zafa | 79 | 68 | 77 | 72 | 75 | zzaafaa | 80 | 77 | 79 | 78 | 77 |
| 228 | zaama | 46 | 43 | 45 | 42 | 42 | zzaaamaa | 50 | 51 | 50 | 53 | 49 |
| 229 | zaky | 78 | 76 | 64 | 69 | 70 | zzaakky | 76 | 79 | 81 | 80 | 78 |
| 230 | zuhal | 79 | 78 | 74 | 69 | 74 | zzuhaall | 81 | 81 | 78 | 82 | 83 |
| 231 | zaraa | 76 | 68 | 72 | 73 | 69 | zzaarraaa | 77 | 73 | 76 | 79 | 74 |
| 232 | zir | 89 | 86 | 88 | 83 | 84 | zzirr | 82 | 79 | 85 | 83 | 83 |
| 233 | ruziq | 77 | 76 | 70 | 71 | 77 | rruzzik | 73 | 69 | 77 | 73 | 74 |
| 234 | azafa | 79 | 73 | 68 | 71 | 69 | azzaafaa | 75 | 75 | 73 | 73 | 72 |
| 235 | juzur | 88 | 82 | 83 | 83 | 86 | jjuzzurr | 84 | 79 | 82 | 81 | 80 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 236 | faaza | 90 | 83 | 86 | 88 | 84 | faazzaa | 87 | 85 | 90 | 86 | 84 |
| 237 | jawzu | 89 | 82 | 90 | 89 | 83 | jjaawzzu | 87 | 83 | 85 | 87 | 91 |
| 238 | kanzi | 83 | 76 | 78 | 76 | 77 | kkaanzzi | 85 | 84 | 90 | 85 | 89 |
| 239 | filizan | 78 | 64 | 67 | 65 | 66 | fillizzan | 80 | 79 | 84 | 78 | 83 |
| 240 | filizun | 76 | 62 | 68 | 64 | 65 | fillizzun | 80 | 80 | 87 | 82 | 82 |
| 241 | filizin | 75 | 67 | 67 | 65 | 64 | fillizzin | 80 | 83 | 86 | 79 | 80 |
| 242 | shams | 70 | 73 | 74 | 74 | 77 | shaams | 74 | 79 | 78 | 80 | 75 |
| 243 | ghasala | 64 | 62 | 67 | 65 | 68 | ghaasaallaa | 63 | 66 | 63 | 68 | 66 |
| 244 | sahw | 46 | 56 | 49 | 50 | 50 | saahw | 52 | 55 | 53 | 50 | 50 |
| 245 | kys | 56 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 49 | kkys | 50 | 50 | 55 | 53 | 51 |
| 246 | dhirs | 58 | 51 | 54 | 54 | 52 | dhirrs | 57 | 55 | 56 | 54 | 55 |
| 247 | sum | 77 | 76 | 84 | 88 | 74 | sum | 80 | 76 | 84 | 88 | 74 |
| 248 | sakaba | 88 | 78 | 82 | 79 | 88 | saakkaabaa | 85 | 80 | 85 | 84 | 80 |
| 249 | sihr | 46 | 42 | 48 | 50 | 46 | sihrr | 47 | 50 | 50 | 51 | 50 |
| 250 | rusul | 57 | 49 | 60 | 58 | 55 | rrusull | 59 | 57 | 59 | 60 | 59 |
| 251 | asal | 36 | 29 | 38 | 32 | 31 | asaall | 38 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 40 |
| 252 | nasiya | 55 | 53 | 69 | 62 | 58 | naasiyaa | 60 | 55 | 66 | 64 | 59 |
| 253 | habasa | 51 | 57 | 52 | 48 | 50 | haabaasaa | 55 | 60 | 59 | 66 | 61 |
| 254 | harasa | 51 | 48 | 49 | 54 | 48 | haarraasaa | 49 | 48 | 52 | 51 | 49 |
| 255 | farasi | 86 | 83 | 82 | 75 | 76 | faarraasi | 83 | 85 | 82 | 89 | 87 |
| 256 | orsan | 48 | 43 | 46 | 39 | 38 | orrsan | 51 | 60 | 57 | 58 | 54 |
| 257 | orsun | 50 | 52 | 46 | 45 | 45 | orrsun | 53 | 57 | 61 | 60 | 57 |
| 258 | orsin | 49 | 46 | 47 | 47 | 47 | orrsin | 53 | 53 | 58 | 55 | 52 |
| 259 | shathw | 54 | 62 | 48 | 46 | 49 | shaadhw | 56 | 60 | 63 | 64 | 61 |
| 260 | shas | 32 | 21 | 23 | 23 | 21 | shaas | 38 | 40 | 42 | 40 | 38 |
| 261 | shathaf | 22 | 27 | 20 | 23 | 22 | shaathaaf | 28 | 27 | 30 | 31 | 25 |
| 262 | shat | 20 | 21 | 20 | 17 | 17 | shaatt | 27 | 27 | 36 | 31 | 34 |
| 263 | shugl | 17 | 19 | 15 | 13 | 17 | shugll | 20 | 21 | 27 | 24 | 21 |
| 264 | qash | 22 | 26 | 22 | 21 | 19 | kaash | 22 | 18 | 25 | 22 | 17 |
| 265 | shak | 60 | 65 | 58 | 53 | 53 | shaakk | 61 | 67 | 64 | 68 | 59 |
| 266 | nashiz | 77 | 67 | 70 | 72 | 68 | naashizz | 78 | 74 | 78 | 79 | 77 |
| 267 | shahy | 59 | 53 | 49 | 51 | 54 | shaahy | 63 | 67 | 63 | 59 | 58 |
| 268 | shajar | 78 | 77 | 67 | 66 | 69 | shaajjaarr | 72 | 70 | 75 | 73 | 72 |
| 269 | shibl | 84 | 83 | 78 | 80 | 79 | shibll | 85 | 89 | 79 | 84 | 85 |
| 270 | shukr | 83 | 81 | 86 | 84 | 80 | shukkrr | 84 | 84 | 84 | 81 | 87 |
| 271 | washm | 68 | 67 | 64 | 60 | 63 | waashm | 70 | 69 | 74 | 78 | 77 |
| 272 | rushida | 64 | 68 | 70 | 73 | 72 | rrushidaa | 63 | 62 | 77 | 74 | 68 |
| 273 | aashudu | 54 | 52 | 53 | 58 | 52 | aaashudu | 59 | 58 | 56 | 51 | 56 |
| 274 | rasha | 50 | 46 | 40 | 41 | 48 | rraashaa | 55 | 57 | 62 | 61 | 59 |
| 275 | rimshu | 53 | 50 | 52 | 53 | 52 | rrimshu | 54 | 58 | 53 | 60 | 60 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 276 | ryshi | 56 | 49 | 50 | 50 | 50 | rryshi | 57 | 53 | 58 | 54 | 60 |
| 277 | kabshan | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 76 | kkaabshan | 71 | 75 | 77 | 75 | 74 |
| 278 | kabshun | 68 | 67 | 70 | 64 | 63 | kkaabshun | 70 | 69 | 73 | 72 | 68 |
| 279 | kabshin | 70 | 66 | 72 | 75 | 68 | kkaabshin | 70 | 72 | 73 | 68 | 73 |
| 280 | qasa | 40 | 43 | 46 | 45 | 42 | kaasaa | 38 | 40 | 42 | 45 | 43 |
| 281 | sum | 50 | 60 | 65 | 54 | 57 | sum | 50 | 60 | 65 | 54 | 57 |
| 282 | sanaa | 31 | 32 | 33 | 32 | 27 | saanaaa | 34 | 36 | 42 | 32 | 37 |
| 283 | sah | 34 | 28 | 27 | 30 | 26 | saah | 47 | 48 | 52 | 51 | 50 |
| 284 | wasy | 24 | 23 | 21 | 16 | 18 | waasy | 30 | 34 | 37 | 32 | 35 |
| 285 | suws | 14 | 11 | 15 | 15 | 14 | suws | 14 | 11 | 15 | 15 | 14 |
| 286 | sayd | 21 | 15 | 18 | 16 | 18 | saayd | 22 | 23 | 21 | 23 | 21 |
| 287 | sihr | 27 | 19 | 18 | 22 | 26 | sihrr | 28 | 26 | 37 | 35 | 31 |
| 288 | asara | 18 | 21 | 12 | 15 | 10 | asaarraa | 17 | 16 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| 289 | nusira | 35 | 32 | 28 | 29 | 33 | nusirraa | 38 | 38 | 40 | 32 | 34 |
| 290 | yasudu | 26 | 24 | 29 | 19 | 25 | yaasudu | 30 | 31 | 28 | 29 | 29 |
| 291 | rasa | 23 | 18 | 18 | 20 | 16 | rraasaa | 27 | 25 | 30 | 26 | 28 |
| 292 | qursi | 10 | 12 | 13 | 10 | 9 | kurrsi | 21 | 17 | 18 | 22 | 21 |
| 293 | fasun | 14 | 17 | 18 | 18 | 17 | faasun | 21 | 20 | 22 | 21 | 22 |
| 294 | fasa | 15 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 14 | faasaa | 21 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 19 |
| 295 | fasin | 15 | 14 | 10 | 13 | 12 | faasin | 21 | 19 | 22 | 20 | 22 |
| 296 | dhaghath | 10 | 11 | 9 | 9 | 9 | dhaaghaath | 14 | 17 | 16 | 11 | 10 |
| 297 | wadhaa | 14 | 12 | 14 | 14 | 11 | waadhaaa | 14 | 16 | 14 | 16 | 15 |
| 298 | dhana | 20 | 19 | 22 | 21 | 21 | dhaanaa | 23 | 19 | 26 | 26 | 24 |
| 299 | dhala | 25 | 18 | 20 | 21 | 22 | dhaallaa | 27 | 23 | 27 | 24 | 24 |
| 300 | dhyq | 17 | 17 | 18 | 20 | 19 | dhyk | 19 | 21 | 25 | 23 | 24 |
| 301 | dhafar | 19 | 17 | 11 | 15 | 14 | dhaafaarr | 22 | 26 | 22 | 21 | 20 |
| 302 | dharaba | 25 | 26 | 28 | 31 | 33 | dhaarraabaa | 27 | 24 | 21 | 25 | 24 |
| 303 | dhuha | 14 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | dhuha | 14 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 304 | dhidu | 10 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 10 | dhidu | 10 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 10 |
| 305 | radhiya | 27 | 26 | 33 | 31 | 28 | rraadhiyaa | 30 | 26 | 28 | 30 | 31 |
| 306 | adhud | 14 | 20 | 22 | 19 | 17 | adhud | 14 | 20 | 22 | 19 | 17 |
| 307 | fadhala | 21 | 31 | 21 | 27 | 26 | faadhaallaa | 23 | 24 | 26 | 24 | 21 |
| 308 | maradha | 34 | 33 | 28 | 26 | 29 | maarraadhaa | 28 | 27 | 31 | 29 | 31 |
| 309 | aradha | 20 | 25 | 24 | 25 | 27 | arraadhaa | 17 | 20 | 22 | 21 | 24 |
| 310 | aardhi | 23 | 23 | 21 | 22 | 26 | aaarrdhi | 30 | 31 | 37 | 34 | 34 |
| 311 | qardhan | 25 | 19 | 24 | 26 | 25 | kaarrdhan | 28 | 25 | 27 | 29 | 27 |
| 312 | qardhun | 25 | 19 | 25 | 16 | 19 | kaarrdhun | 29 | 29 | 29 | 31 | 26 |
| 313 | qardhin | 25 | 20 | 20 | 23 | 21 | kaarrdhin | 29 | 26 | 28 | 29 | 29 |
| 314 | taq | 34 | 35 | 32 | 36 | 32 | ttuk | 37 | 40 | 45 | 43 | 41 |
| 315 | hatala | 27 | 26 | 28 | 27 | 27 | haattaallaa | 26 | 32 | 36 | 33 | 34 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 316 | tamaa | 16 | 13 | 18 | 16 | 15 | ttaamaaa | 20 | 24 | 21 | 27 | 25 |
| 317 | tib | 37 | 33 | 38 | 35 | 34 | ttib | 42 | 43 | 42 | 40 | 45 |
| 318 | tabaa | 19 | 24 | 23 | 25 | 26 | ttaabaaa | 22 | 28 | 25 | 25 | 21 |
| 319 | watan | 40 | 40 | 46 | 41 | 43 | waattaan | 45 | 44 | 47 | 47 | 48 |
| 320 | ratib | 35 | 31 | 38 | 35 | 37 | rraattib | 41 | 43 | 42 | 41 | 47 |
| 321 | otuf | 34 | 23 | 33 | 27 | 28 | otuf | 34 | 23 | 33 | 27 | 28 |
| 322 | qirtu | 18 | 27 | 18 | 25 | 27 | kirrtu | 21 | 27 | 23 | 21 | 26 |
| 323 | wasati | 40 | 41 | 44 | 45 | 42 | waasaatti | 52 | 57 | 57 | 53 | 52 |
| 324 | basata | 53 | 49 | 55 | 52 | 53 | baasaattaa | 60 | 61 | 58 | 68 | 65 |
| 325 | nuqatan | 22 | 15 | 19 | 16 | 17 | nukaattan | 31 | 30 | 31 | 28 | 31 |
| 326 | nuqatun | 21 | 19 | 26 | 24 | 22 | nukaattun | 31 | 28 | 27 | 33 | 29 |
| 327 | nuqatin | 21 | 18 | 25 | 23 | 25 | nukaattin | 32 | 31 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 328 | thahar | 20 | 18 | 22 | 19 | 23 | thaahaarr | 21 | 25 | 28 | 22 | 22 |
| 329 | kathu | 13 | 18 | 26 | 23 | 25 | kkaatho | 15 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 14 |
| 330 | wathafa | 34 | 32 | 38 | 34 | 36 | waathaafaa | 37 | 35 | 38 | 37 | 40 |
| 331 | tharf | 25 | 29 | 35 | 28 | 31 | thaarrf | 25 | 30 | 30 | 33 | 30 |
| 332 | thifr | 28 | 19 | 26 | 21 | 20 | thefrr | 31 | 34 | 38 | 32 | 36 |
| 333 | thul | 35 | 36 | 36 | 34 | 36 | tholl | 37 | 38 | 39 | 42 | 39 |
| 334 | nathara | 16 | 16 | 19 | 18 | 17 | naathaarraa | 14 | 17 | 15 | 14 | 18 |
| 335 | nathufa | 13 | 15 | 20 | 18 | 18 | naathofaa | 17 | 19 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 336 | athima | 12 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 15 | athemaa | 16 | 17 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| 337 | hafatha | 7 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 10 | haafaathaa | 15 | 12 | 17 | 15 | 15 |
| 338 | qaythi | 9 | 11 | 13 | 12 | 14 | kaaythe | 17 | 20 | 23 | 21 | 19 |
| 339 | hathu | 7 | 11 | 14 | 15 | 13 | haatho | 14 | 16 | 18 | 15 | 18 |
| 340 | waathan | 11 | 14 | 16 | 14 | 16 | waaathan | 20 | 21 | 28 | 21 | 24 |
| 341 | waathun | 12 | 9 | 12 | 11 | 11 | waaathun | 20 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 24 |
| 342 | waathin | 12 | 10 | 11 | 9 | 8 | waaathin | 20 | 26 | 20 | 26 | 21 |
| 343 | athal | 25 | 17 | 15 | 18 | 17 | adhaall | 29 | 28 | 27 | 30 | 27 |
| 344 | saaf | 27 | 19 | 22 | 21 | 18 | saaaf | 28 | 27 | 28 | 27 | 29 |
| 345 | atash | 32 | 26 | 30 | 27 | 27 | attaash | 40 | 41 | 44 | 41 | 45 |
| 346 | aks | 27 | 31 | 29 | 29 | 30 | akks | 28 | 33 | 37 | 35 | 37 |
| 347 | aqr | 22 | 18 | 21 | 15 | 19 | akrr | 27 | 36 | 35 | 35 | 31 |
| 348 | ayn | 28 | 27 | 28 | 22 | 22 | ayn | 28 | 27 | 28 | 22 | 22 |
| 349 | ejl | 33 | 28 | 31 | 29 | 30 | eejjll | 36 | 37 | 38 | 34 | 36 |
| 350 | omr | 37 | 27 | 31 | 31 | 29 | omrr | 41 | 44 | 47 | 42 | 45 |
| 351 | saer | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | saaeerr | 23 | 27 | 27 | 24 | 26 |
| 352 | naasa | 12 | 15 | 11 | 14 | 12 | naaasaa | 21 | 18 | 19 | 22 | 21 |
| 353 | naoma | 13 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 11 | naaomaa | 18 | 20 | 21 | 17 | 17 |
| 354 | wasia | 12 | 11 | 15 | 14 | 16 | waasia | 17 | 19 | 17 | 15 | 16 |
| 355 | qaae | 11 | 14 | 17 | 16 | 14 | kaaee | 12 | 16 | 17 | 19 | 19 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 356 | saao | 11 | 15 | 13 | 17 | 16 | saao | 11 | 15 | 13 | 17 | 16 |
| 357 | wariaan | 15 | 14 | 19 | 15 | 17 | waarriaan | 20 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 21 |
| 358 | wariaun | 15 | 14 | 17 | 13 | 12 | waarriaun | 20 | 23 | 20 | 23 | 23 |
| 359 | wariain | 15 | 14 | 19 | 18 | 18 | waarriain | 20 | 21 | 23 | 23 | 21 |
| 360 | ghajar | 27 | 26 | 27 | 25 | 27 | ghaajjaarr | 28 | 21 | 27 | 26 | 26 |
| 361 | ghatha | 14 | 13 | 18 | 16 | 17 | ghaadha | 21 | 22 | 23 | 21 | 24 |
| 362 | ghasha | 34 | 27 | 33 | 30 | 28 | ghaashaa | 38 | 34 | 33 | 31 | 34 |
| 363 | ghadh | 16 | 18 | 20 | 21 | 19 | ghaadhu | 22 | 24 | 22 | 23 | 21 |
| 364 | ghafiya | 23 | 22 | 23 | 22 | 22 | ghaafiyaa | 24 | 23 | 28 | 25 | 21 |
| 365 | gharaqa | 15 | 20 | 23 | 21 | 22 | ghaarraakaa | 20 | 20 | 21 | 23 | 26 |
| 366 | ghaythu | 17 | 14 | 22 | 20 | 17 | ghaaytho | 23 | 26 | 22 | 21 | 26 |
| 367 | ghata | 14 | 16 | 17 | 14 | 17 | ghaattaa | 22 | 25 | 23 | 21 | 24 |
| 368 | ghadara | 42 | 38 | 45 | 42 | 39 | ghaadaarraa | 45 | 43 | 50 | 46 | 48 |
| 369 | ghusn | 23 | 40 | 35 | 40 | 26 | ghusn | 23 | 40 | 35 | 40 | 26 |
| 370 | ghil | 47 | 35 | 42 | 38 | 39 | ghill | 48 | 49 | 55 | 52 | 53 |
| 371 | saghura | 50 | 45 | 52 | 48 | 43 | saaghurraa | 49 | 55 | 53 | 52 | 51 |
| 372 | raghad | 64 | 66 | 68 | 66 | 69 | rraaghaad | 69 | 73 | 74 | 71 | 69 |
| 373 | taghiya | 21 | 23 | 26 | 23 | 24 | ttaaghiyaa | 23 | 31 | 27 | 29 | 30 |
| 374 | maragha | 77 | 72 | 80 | 74 | 72 | maarraaghaa | 80 | 82 | 80 | 85 | 84 |
| 375 | sadghu | 22 | 27 | 27 | 30 | 28 | saadghu | 27 | 30 | 32 | 27 | 28 |
| 376 | samghi | 67 | 59 | 63 | 63 | 60 | saamghi | 70 | 68 | 69 | 73 | 74 |
| 377 | sawgan | 70 | 72 | 78 | 74 | 73 | saawgan | 75 | 75 | 73 | 75 | 78 |
| 378 | sawghun | 68 | 70 | 73 | 70 | 71 | saawghun | 74 | 74 | 78 | 73 | 76 |
| 379 | sawghin | 69 | 75 | 79 | 76 | 75 | saawghin | 74 | 78 | 78 | 76 | 78 |
| 380 | haf | 80 | 84 | 86 | 82 | 85 | haaf | 87 | 89 | 86 | 90 | 93 |
| 381 | wafy | 58 | 64 | 64 | 62 | 58 | waafy | 68 | 67 | 69 | 72 | 71 |
| 382 | malaf | 59 | 58 | 52 | 53 | 57 | maallaaf | 64 | 64 | 67 | 68 | 65 |
| 383 | faka | 65 | 59 | 66 | 68 | 63 | faakkaa | 69 | 70 | 75 | 74 | 78 |
| 384 | fan | 77 | 66 | 74 | 70 | 72 | faan | 84 | 87 | 89 | 86 | 89 |
| 385 | fijl | 79 | 80 | 79 | 82 | 78 | fijjll | 83 | 84 | 82 | 85 | 85 |
| 386 | furn | 88 | 74 | 83 | 81 | 80 | furrn | 92 | 93 | 96 | 95 | 94 |
| 387 | faala | 21 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | faaallaa | 32 | 32 | 31 | 29 | 28 |
| 388 | rafaa | 23 | 31 | 32 | 32 | 31 | rraafaaa | 32 | 33 | 32 | 37 | 35 |
| 389 | dafira | 41 | 33 | 40 | 37 | 35 | daafirraa | 48 | 47 | 49 | 48 | 50 |
| 390 | afwu | 80 | 78 | 72 | 74 | 73 | afwu | 80 | 78 | 72 | 74 | 73 |
| 391 | sharafa | 68 | 56 | 65 | 66 | 63 | shaarraafaa | 70 | 72 | 74 | 68 | 69 |
| 392 | tarafi | 43 | 50 | 49 | 43 | 47 | ttaarraafi | 40 | 45 | 43 | 41 | 39 |
| 393 | khalfu | 49 | 48 | 52 | 48 | 49 | khaallfu | 47 | 46 | 49 | 50 | 45 |
| 394 | alafan | 31 | 33 | 35 | 32 | 33 | allaafan | 35 | 37 | 39 | 35 | 34 |
| 395 | alafun | 31 | 27 | 34 | 31 | 27 | allaafun | 35 | 38 | 36 | 36 | 38 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 396 | alafin | 32 | 37 | 39 | 38 | 35 | allaafin | 34 | 34 | 32 | 34 | 36 |
| 397 | sujuq | 34 | 34 | 40 | 38 | 36 | sujjuk | 38 | 40 | 41 | 45 | 43 |
| 398 | quiw | 21 | 21 | 22 | 21 | 20 | kullw | 24 | 27 | 25 | 25 | 28 |
| 399 | daqaka | 31 | 25 | 31 | 24 | 28 | daakaakkaa | 34 | 36 | 38 | 29 | 30 |
| 400 | qalam | 74 | 67 | 73 | 72 | 68 | kaallaam | 77 | 78 | 75 | 79 | 81 |
| 401 | qidr | 54 | 53 | 55 | 53 | 53 | kidrr | 56 | 57 | 53 | 52 | 56 |
| 402 | quda | 34 | 39 | 39 | 38 | 37 | kudaa | 37 | 40 | 41 | 37 | 39 |
| 403 | saqata | 74 | 69 | 73 | 68 | 70 | saakaattaa | 73 | 73 | 75 | 73 | 76 |
| 404 | fuqida | 83 | 77 | 83 | 71 | 79 | fukidaa | 85 | 87 | 85 | 86 | 87 |
| 405 | thaqula | 63 | 60 | 67 | 62 | 64 | thaakullaa | 66 | 68 | 67 | 63 | 67 |
| 406 | sabaqa | 63 | 64 | 68 | 61 | 61 | saabaakaa | 63 | 65 | 63 | 63 | 64 |
| 407 | abaqa | 57 | 55 | 53 | 58 | 56 | abaakaa | 59 | 60 | 57 | 58 | 56 |
| 408 | ghasaqu | 53 | 48 | 56 | 54 | 55 | ghaasaaku | 58 | 60 | 62 | 57 | 59 |
| 409 | barqan | 72 | 69 | 73 | 70 | 70 | baarrkan | 78 | 79 | 78 | 85 | 82 |
| 410 | barqun | 69 | 65 | 74 | 68 | 67 | baarrkun | 77 | 79 | 82 | 82 | 80 |
| 411 | barqin | 68 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 67 | baarrkin | 78 | 80 | 82 | 78 | 79 |
| 412 | rakadha | 36 | 32 | 37 | 32 | 29 | rraakkaadhaa | 38 | 37 | 39 | 42 | 35 |
| 413 | jaraka | 73 | 71 | 70 | 72 | 66 | jjaarraakkaa | 76 | 74 | 74 | 79 | 75 |
| 414 | kawa | 64 | 63 | 68 | 59 | 62 | kkaawa | 65 | 67 | 65 | 63 | 68 |
| 415 | kahan | 58 | 59 | 60 | 53 | 58 | kkaahaan | 59 | 56 | 58 | 59 | 54 |
| 416 | kalb | 94 | 89 | 90 | 91 | 89 | kkaallb | 96 | 97 | 95 | 97 | 95 |
| 417 | kiys | 85 | 80 | 86 | 83 | 81 | kkiys | 86 | 83 | 84 | 89 | 88 |
| 418 | kuwa | 72 | 73 | 77 | 74 | 76 | kkuwa | 78 | 75 | 76 | 78 | 74 |
| 419 | rakiba | 84 | 75 | 80 | 82 | 78 | rraakkibaa | 81 | 84 | 87 | 89 | 86 |
| 420 | rakaa | 32 | 37 | 37 | 34 | 32 | rraakkaaa | 40 | 38 | 39 | 42 | 45 |
| 421 | makuna | 82 | 78 | 82 | 78 | 83 | maakkunaa | 84 | 79 | 83 | 81 | 83 |
| 422 | haraka | 72 | 77 | 80 | 79 | 74 | haarraakkaa | 70 | 69 | 67 | 70 | 74 |
| 423 | biraku | 82 | 79 | 80 | 74 | 79 | berraakku | 80 | 84 | 86 | 85 | 88 |
| 424 | samaki | 90 | 85 | 92 | 89 | 86 | saamaakki | 92 | 90 | 94 | 93 | 92 |
| 425 | silkan | 69 | 70 | 68 | 67 | 69 | sillkkan | 72 | 73 | 71 | 68 | 73 |
| 426 | silkun | 75 | 79 | 77 | 73 | 78 | sillkkun | 72 | 72 | 68 | 69 | 74 |
| 427 | silkin | 80 | 74 | 80 | 81 | 80 | sillkkin | 73 | 77 | 75 | 75 | 73 |
| 428 | layth | 73 | 67 | 78 | 64 | 67 | llaayth | 75 | 69 | 72 | 78 | 78 |
| 429 | liyn | 42 | 38 | 45 | 37 | 39 | Iliyn | 41 | 44 | 42 | 39 | 45 |
| 430 | lumat | 63 | 60 | 68 | 64 | 64 | Ilumaat | 60 | 60 | 67 | 65 | 63 |
| 431 | oluw | 54 | 48 | 57 | 51 | 49 | olluw | 52 | 57 | 54 | 52 | 52 |
| 432 | ghalaa | 21 | 27 | 28 | 25 | 25 | ghaallaaa | 25 | 20 | 23 | 21 | 20 |
| 433 | jaliy | 15 | 20 | 25 | 24 | 21 | jjaalliy | 18 | 21 | 21 | 24 | 23 |
| 434 | daglu | 18 | 20 | 30 | 28 | 26 | daagllu | 22 | 30 | 26 | 24 | 26 |
| 435 | amali | 29 | 24 | 38 | 34 | 29 | amaalli | 30 | 32 | 32 | 31 | 29 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 436 | tablan | 63 | 71 | 69 | 68 | 69 | ttaabllan | 64 | 69 | 72 | 70 | 70 |
| 437 | tablun | 65 | 67 | 72 | 68 | 71 | ttaabllun | 67 | 72 | 74 | 69 | 72 |
| 438 | tablin | 70 | 68 | 73 | 74 | 72 | ttaabllin | 73 | 72 | 70 | 75 | 73 |
| 439 | ham | 79 | 75 | 84 | 79 | 82 | haam | 80 | 82 | 79 | 85 | 84 |
| 440 | yawm | 76 | 70 | 79 | 78 | 73 | yaawm | 78 | 80 | 82 | 81 | 82 |
| 441 | mawz | 80 | 81 | 84 | 82 | 79 | maawzz | 81 | 84 | 86 | 87 | 86 |
| 442 | min | 83 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | min | 83 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 443 | aamil | 30 | 31 | 38 | 35 | 32 | aaamill | 38 | 45 | 43 | 42 | 40 |
| 444 | amala | 39 | 36 | 33 | 32 | 38 | amaallaa | 46 | 47 | 50 | 46 | 47 |
| 445 | numuw | 79 | 83 | 88 | 84 | 79 | numuw | 79 | 83 | 88 | 84 | 79 |
| 446 | fahama | 81 | 87 | 85 | 85 | 85 | faahaamaa | 77 | 85 | 87 | 87 | 84 |
| 447 | ghanamu | 62 | 65 | 70 | 68 | 64 | ghaanaamu | 65 | 68 | 69 | 67 | 68 |
| 448 | sanami | 39 | 44 | 45 | 43 | 38 | saanaami | 40 | 47 | 45 | 42 | 46 |
| 449 | alaman | 42 | 37 | 47 | 42 | 45 | allaaman | 45 | 47 | 50 | 53 | 53 |
| 450 | alamun | 44 | 52 | 42 | 46 | 48 | allaamun | 46 | 50 | 52 | 51 | 49 |
| 451 | alamin | 48 | 39 | 47 | 45 | 42 | allaamin | 45 | 47 | 49 | 52 | 50 |
| 452 | wana | 54 | 47 | 53 | 51 | 47 | waanaa | 56 | 51 | 57 | 56 | 54 |
| 453 | nahr | 71 | 67 | 73 | 70 | 68 | naahrr | 73 | 74 | 75 | 78 | 75 |
| 454 | nibr | 65 | 63 | 66 | 62 | 60 | nibrr | 67 | 64 | 69 | 68 | 70 |
| 455 | nuwr | 32 | 34 | 32 | 28 | 29 | nuwrr | 40 | 42 | 41 | 37 | 45 |
| 456 | fanar | 41 | 41 | 47 | 42 | 40 | faanaarr | 45 | 46 | 46 | 53 | 52 |
| 457 | saniya | 46 | 45 | 49 | 43 | 46 | saaniyaa | 47 | 46 | 49 | 48 | 50 |
| 458 | hunuw | 21 | 14 | 30 | 27 | 25 | hunuw | 21 | 14 | 30 | 27 | 25 |
| 459 | makana | 46 | 43 | 50 | 47 | 43 | maakkaanaa | 49 | 50 | 52 | 48 | 51 |
| 460 | nahnu | 39 | 35 | 46 | 42 | 37 | naahnu | 42 | 41 | 39 | 38 | 40 |
| 461 | thihni | 50 | 63 | 60 | 59 | 58 | dhihni | 54 | 59 | 63 | 58 | 62 |
| 462 | qarnan | 53 | 57 | 55 | 52 | 52 | kaarrnan | 58 | 60 | 64 | 59 | 63 |
| 463 | qarnun | 54 | 53 | 56 | 54 | 56 | kaarrnun | 57 | 60 | 60 | 63 | 60 |
| 464 | qarnin | 43 | 51 | 48 | 49 | 52 | kaarrnin | 57 | 62 | 61 | 60 | 59 |
| 465 | gharahu | 30 | 34 | 36 | 32 | 32 | ghaarraahu | 42 | 42 | 44 | 46 | 42 |
| 466 | thalahu | 70 | 62 | 73 | 69 | 66 | thaallaahu | 75 | 75 | 75 | 70 | 76 |
| 467 | hir | 61 | 58 | 63 | 58 | 56 | hirr | 69 | 70 | 71 | 67 | 69 |
| 468 | hawas | 76 | 63 | 76 | 71 | 67 | haawaas | 74 | 70 | 76 | 72 | 71 |
| 469 | huwid | 32 | 38 | 36 | 31 | 29 | huwid | 32 | 38 | 36 | 31 | 29 |
| 470 | rahiba | 58 | 46 | 56 | 49 | 52 | rraahibaa | 63 | 67 | 64 | 68 | 65 |
| 471 | rahufa | 56 | 53 | 58 | 56 | 48 | rraahufaa | 53 | 57 | 54 | 54 | 52 |
| 472 | qahara | 61 | 58 | 64 | 68 | 59 | kaahaarraa | 67 | 66 | 63 | 67 | 69 |
| 473 | nawaha | 67 | 72 | 73 | 64 | 68 | naawahaa | 66 | 64 | 68 | 68 | 70 |
| 474 | minhu | 86 | 77 | 85 | 76 | 80 | minhu | 86 | 77 | 85 | 76 | 80 |
| 475 | fyhi | 30 | 34 | 34 | 35 | 37 | fyhi | 30 | 34 | 34 | 35 | 37 |


|  | Alghamdi | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | Improved table 2 | T | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 476 | jaahan | 70 | 83 | 79 | 78 | 79 | jjaahan | 73 | 74 | 74 | 73 | 76 |
| 477 | jaahun | 78 | 84 | 85 | 82 | 78 | jjaahun | 73 | 74 | 76 | 72 | 72 |
| 478 | jaahin | 79 | 82 | 88 | 84 | 81 | jjaahin | 73 | 72 | 75 | 76 | 74 |
| 479 | witr | 89 | 84 | 84 | 82 | 85 | witrr | 92 | 93 | 93 | 91 | 90 |
| 480 | wujida | 80 | 78 | 83 | 79 | 85 | wujjidaa | 87 | 86 | 89 | 87 | 91 |
| 481 | aawidu | 40 | 47 | 47 | 43 | 45 | aaawidu | 50 | 51 | 49 | 52 | 52 |
| 482 | thawuw | 55 | 50 | 56 | 49 | 52 | dhaawuw | 62 | 60 | 59 | 63 | 62 |
| 483 | mahwu | 75 | 64 | 70 | 68 | 65 | maahwu | 80 | 77 | 74 | 78 | 74 |
| 484 | lahwi | 75 | 68 | 84 | 78 | 76 | llaahwi | 73 | 73 | 74 | 73 | 75 |
| 485 | sahwa | 75 | 82 | 79 | 85 | 81 | saahwaa | 73 | 73 | 75 | 74 | 74 |
| 486 | jarwan | 65 | 59 | 67 | 61 | 57 | jjaarrwan | 78 | 80 | 75 | 78 | 77 |
| 487 | jarwun | 62 | 68 | 65 | 62 | 61 | jjaarrwun | 76 | 76 | 75 | 77 | 76 |
| 488 | jarwin | 68 | 73 | 74 | 74 | 72 | jjaarrwin | 78 | 75 | 78 | 78 | 80 |
| 489 | yad | 90 | 79 | 90 | 83 | 87 | yaad | 92 | 85 | 87 | 90 | 91 |
| 490 | yusr | 79 | 79 | 80 | 83 | 78 | yusrr | 75 | 76 | 78 | 78 | 75 |
| 491 | yin | 90 | 86 | 95 | 93 | 91 | yin | 90 | 86 | 95 | 93 | 91 |
| 492 | sayara | 79 | 68 | 75 | 80 | 74 | saayaarraa | 75 | 77 | 75 | 74 | 75 |
| 493 | ayiya | 76 | 78 | 80 | 75 | 76 | ayiyaa | 80 | 79 | 82 | 81 | 80 |
| 494 | sawyi | 75 | 64 | 76 | 72 | 70 | saawyi | 67 | 70 | 66 | 69 | 68 |
| 495 | tayu | 71 | 67 | 74 | 77 | 73 | ttaayu | 75 | 80 | 75 | 77 | 78 |
| 496 | hayuUa | 71 | 66 | 70 | 68 | 64 | haayuUa | 70 | 65 | 68 | 70 | 69 |
| 497 | atyan | 57 | 54 | 57 | 53 | 56 | atyan | 57 | 54 | 57 | 53 | 56 |
| 498 | atyun | 59 | 57 | 59 | 56 | 58 | atyun | 59 | 57 | 59 | 56 | 58 |
| 499 | atyin | 72 | 75 | 72 | 72 | 71 | atyin | 72 | 75 | 72 | 72 | 71 |
|  | Total | 25946 | 24869 | 26018 | 25457 | 25280 | Total | 26964 | 26808 | 28052 | 27727 | 27518 |
|  | Average | 52 | 49.84 | 52.14 | 51.02 | 50.66 | Average | 54.04 | 53.72 | 56.22 | 55.57 | 55.15 |

Table 2 Alghamdi and improved DT table comparison Accuracy evaluation by expert 2
T= Total
R1, R2, R3, R4= Recording 1, Recording 2, Recording 3, Recording 4.

## Appendix <br> V

## Published Papers

# The First International Symposium on Computers and Arabic Language 2007 

(ISCAL-07)

# Arabic speech recognition using English based engines 

Ghadeer Khalil, Graham Tranfield and Tony Allen<br>School of Computing and Informatics, Nottingham Trent University, Clifton Lane, Nottingham, UK

NG8 11NS

Keywords: Arabic speech recognition, voice recognition systems, Civil Aviation Organisation code, accuracy rates, mobile applications.

This paper reports on research that is designed to evaluate the use of commercially available, English based speech engines, to recognise limited Arabic vocabularies. Although it is recognised that speech engines that are designed specifically for Arabic would have better recognition rates, using this approach would enable mixed language systems to be built, which is a typical requirement for medical applications in the Arabic world where much of the technical language is English but names of patients and other information is in Arabic. As a first step, an application has been built to recognise code words for the letters of the Arabic alphabet and it has been evaluated on 30 Arabic speakers. At present there are limits on its accuracy, and strategies that can improve performance are discussed.

## 1. Introduction

In recent years, the use of speech and natural language interface technologies have shown great promise for significantly improving the usability of many mobile computer based applications. Examples are use by the police (Cohen, 2005) and by medical staff (Baumgart, 2005) and (Moffett, 2003). There are many reasons for this new focus but according to (Holmes, 2001), one of the main reasons is the recent introduction of reasonably effective speaker independent speech recognition technologies. Voice is a natural interface that the majority of people are capable of using without any technical training. The creation of speaker-independent, speech-enabled interface systems for mobile applications, are thus likely to be of increasing benefit to users.

There are several commercially available voice recognition systems such as Dragon Naturally speaking (Nuance, 2006) and IBM ViaVoice (IBM, 2006). The majority have been developed for the English language although there are several speech engines that have been developed for other languages (Peissner, 2002). Systems can additionally be categorised as those that are speaker dependent or independent and those that deal with limited vocabularies as opposed to those that try to recognise the whole of the specified language.

Arabic is one of the Semitic languages and is an important language in literature and religion. It is spoken by almost 250 Million people of which roughly 195 million are first language speakers and 55 million are second language speakers (Lewis, 2003). As a consequence, a number of Arabic speech recognition systems have been developed. The Sakr company have developed a system to recognise limited Arabic vocabularies for telephony applications (Sakhr, 2006) and other Arabic speech engines have been developed by IBM (IBM Research, 2006) and Aculab (Aculab, 2006).

However many applications in the Arabic world are in fact mixed language applications. For example, in hospital applications, a doctor may want to record Arabic names of patients, but use English words for the names of drugs. The creation of applications using two, or more speech engine would be difficult to implement on mobile devices so the idea of using English speech engines to recognize both English and Arabic words in one application is very attractive.

This research therefore investigates the feasibility of this approach by exploring the effectiveness of using English based speech engines to recognise Arabic words.

## 2. Methodology

The first stage has been to develop an application that can recognise the names of the Arabic letters of the alphabet in order to allow Arabic words to be spelt out. The application has been developed in Microsoft Visual Basic and uses the Microsoft Speech SDK 5.1 to create an interface to the Microsoft English (U.S.) V6. Recognizer speech recognition engine.

It was programmed to recognise a series of words that are used to represent the letters in a similar way to that used in the Civil Aviation Organisation code to identify letters of the English alphabet (Alpha, Bravo .....Zulu).

In fact, no such similar code exists for Arabic letters (except for a names code that was used by the Iraqi Army which was not available to the authors), so it was first necessary to create a code by choosing words that would be familiar to Arabic speakers, but that would be sufficiently different from one another to be easily distinguished by the application. Work was then undertaken to identify the best English spelling to represent the phonetic structure of these Arabic words. Finally the recognition rate of the application was evaluated with a variety of Arabic speakers with a wide range of characteristics such as age, sex and regional origin.

The development was undertaken in the following steps:

1. A web-based survey was used to collect the words that people most commonly associated with the letters of the Arabic alphabet, and up to 3 most chosen code-words candidates for each letter of the alphabet (suggested by the participants) were chosen.
2. Different English spellings for each of the chosen Arabic words were tried, in order to find the spelling that sounded closest to correct Arabic pronunciation.
3. The best word for each letter based on recognition rates by the ten users was identified.
4. The initial list of words was refined by finding words within this vocabulary that were most frequently confused by the application.
5. The application was then tested on a sample population of Arabic speakers

### 2.1. Lexicon construction

Table 1
Initial Code Word Selection

| Word | No. of People | Word | No. of People | Word | No. of people |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { í } \\ & \text { Arnab* } \\ & \text { Asad } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 59 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | j <br> Zahraa <br> Zarafa <br> Zak kaah* | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \\ & 16 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | ق <br> Galam <br> Galb <br> Gassi* | $\begin{aligned} & 44 \\ & 41 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ |
| Batta <br> Boostan* <br> Baab | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \\ & 28 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | س <br> Samaaka <br> Samak <br> Sakan* | $\begin{aligned} & 56 \\ & 34 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | ك <br> Kalb <br> Korrssay* | $\begin{aligned} & 75 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ |
| Toofah* <br> Toot <br> Tem sah | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \\ & 9 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | J <br> Laimoon <br> Lail <br> Lee bas* | $\begin{aligned} & 63 \\ & 23 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ |
| Thaalab <br> Thoor <br> Thoom* | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \\ & 21 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | ص <br> Sagor <br> Soorah* <br> Sadeeq | $\begin{aligned} & 72 \\ & 18 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ |
| ج <br> Jamal <br> Jazar <br> Jowz* | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \\ & 21 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | ض <br> Dhifdaaa <br> Dha baaab <br> Dhameer* | $\begin{aligned} & 90 \\ & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | Nasr* <br> Naml | $\begin{aligned} & 51 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\tau$ <br> Hemar <br> Ham mama* <br> Hessan | $\begin{aligned} & 44 \\ & 14 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | b <br> Taawela <br> Taa era <br> Teen* | $\begin{aligned} & 62 \\ & 27 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | Hood hood* Herra | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\dot{\text { خ }}$ <br> Khaa roof <br> Khawkh <br> Kho soof* | $\begin{aligned} & 78 \\ & 7 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | ظ <br> The laam* <br> Tharf | $\begin{aligned} & 47 \\ & 42 \end{aligned}$ | Wa rdda Wadi* Wet waat | $\begin{aligned} & 77 \\ & 9 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |
| Dob Deek* | $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & 39 \end{aligned}$ | $\varepsilon$ <br> Ayn <br> Asal <br> Aali* | $\begin{aligned} & 84 \\ & 10 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | ي <br> Yas meen* <br> Yad <br> Yam mama | $\begin{aligned} & 83 \\ & 10 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |
| ذ <br> Thora <br> The a bab * | $\begin{aligned} & 63 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\dot{\varepsilon}$ <br> Gazal* <br> Ghoraab | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| J <br> Roomaaan <br> Reeesh* | $\begin{aligned} & 47 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | Feeel Fanoos | $\begin{aligned} & 87 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

### 2.2. Initial Word Selection

The initial selection of words was made by publishing a web-based survey. Friends, family and first year computing students at Al Ahlia University in Bahrain were invited to fill in the questionnaire and 100 people took part.

Table 1 shows the 3 most frequently suggested words for each letter of the alphabet as chosen by the participants. Also included in the table are the approximate number of people who chose each of the words (unsuitable words and blank spaces were omitted from the results).

### 2.3. Choosing the Spellings

The next stage was to find the most effective spelling for each of the words that were being considered. Being Arabic words, there is no 'correct' English spelling to be used in the vocabulary for the speech recognition application. For example the Arabic word , can be spelt in many different ways such as jaws, jooz, or jows.

A variety of potential spellings were considered and these were then typed into a text to speech program called Free Natural Reader. The spelling was then chosen on the basis of how close each spelling sounded compared to normal Arabic pronunciation.

### 2.4. Selection of Words

The next phase was then to select the most appropriate word to use for each of the letters of the alphabet. Ten Arabic speaking students living in Nottingham ( 5 males and 5 females) were used in the study.

The list of words shown in table 1 was presented to the subjects. Each person was asked to read each word clearly using a microphone and the recognition rates were calculated. After that, the same table was presented to the same subjects and they were asked to conduct the same test again and the recognition rates were calculated again.

Word accuracy recognition or word accuracy percentage rates were defined using the formula:

$$
\text { Word Accuracy }=\frac{\text { Number of words correctly recognized }}{\text { Total number of words tested }} \times 100
$$

The results of the second attempts only are shown in Table 2.

Table 2 Recognition rates for candidate words

| Word | Accuracy <br> rate \% | Word | Accuracy <br> rate \% |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Arnab* | 90 | Dhifdaaa <br> Asad <br> Dha baaab <br> Dhameer* | 0 <br> 0 <br> 20 |
| Batta | 20 | Taawela | 20 |
| Boostan* | 90 | Taa era | 0 |
| Baab | 80 | Teen* | 90 |
| Toofah* | 80 | The laam* | 50 |
| Toot | 50 | Tharf | 10 |
| Tem sah | 60 |  |  |
| Thaalab | 10 | Ayn* | 50 |
| Thoor | 30 | Asal | 40 |
| Thoom* | 100 | Aali | 90 |
| Jamal | 40 | Gazal* | 90 |
| Jazar | 70 | Ghoraab | 70 |
| Jowz* | 100 |  |  |
| Hemar | 10 | Feeel | 70 |
| Ham mama* | 90 | Fanoos* | 90 |
| Hessan | 10 |  |  |
| Khaa roof | 20 | Galam | 30 |
| Khawkh | 10 | Galb | 40 |
| Kho soof* | 90 | Gassi* | 100 |
| Dob | 50 | Kalb | 50 |
| Deek* | 100 | Korrssay* | 90 |
| Thora | 20 | Laimoon | 50 |
| The a bab* | 60 | Lail | 30 |
|  |  | Lee bas* | 80 |
| Roomaaan | 20 | Maawz | 30 |
| Reeesh* | 100 | Madrasa* | 80 |
| Zahraa | 20 | Nasr* | 80 |
| Zarafa | 10 | Naml | 40 |
| Zak kaah* | 80 |  |  |
| Samaaka | 50 | Hood hood* | 90 |
| Samak | 50 | Herra | 30 |
| Sakan* | 80 |  | 20 |
| Shams* | 90 | Wa rdda | 90 |
| Shabaka | 50 | Wadi* | Wet waat |

### 2.5 Refining the selection

From tables $1 \& 2$ it can be seen that if the most popular words in each section were to be selected as the lexicon then the average recognition rate would only be $46 \%$. However, if the lexicon were to be chosen based on the words with the best recognition rate (indicated by *) in each section then the average recognition rate would be $85 \%$. The following set therefore shows the set of chosen words.

Table 3 Set of Chosen words

| Arnab | $\tau$ <br> Ham mama | $j$ <br> Zak kaah | b Teen | $\begin{aligned} & \ddot{\theta} \\ & \text { Gassi } \end{aligned}$ | Hood hood |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ب } \\ & \text { Boostan } \end{aligned}$ | $\dot{\text { خ }}$ Kho soof | Sakan | ظ <br> The laam | ك | $\begin{aligned} & \text { و Wadi } \end{aligned}$ |
| Toofah | Deek | ش <br> Shams | $\begin{aligned} & \varepsilon \\ & \text { Aali } \end{aligned}$ | 」 <br> Lee bas | ي <br> Yas meen |
| Thoom | 」 The a bab | Soorah | $\begin{array}{\|l} \dot{\varepsilon} \\ \text { Gazal } \end{array}$ | Madrasa |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ج } \\ & \text { Jowz } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | J <br> Reeesh | ض <br> Dhameer | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \dot{\text { Fanoos }} \end{array}$ | ن Nasr |  |

## 3. Evaluation

This vocabulary was then tested more systematically on a range of different Arabic speakers. Of the thirty subjects, 16 were females and 14 males. They included a marketing specialist, 23 students ( 4 school students and 19 university students), two managers, and 4 teachers participated in the study. None of the participants had used a Speech Recognition application before.

The 28 chosen words were presented to the subjects and each person was asked to read each word clearly using a microphone. The recognition rates were calculated.

After a few minutes the same table was presented to the same subjects and they were asked to conduct the same test again and the recognition rates were calculated again.

The purpose of conducting the same test twice is that some of the subjects sounded shy first time, and by doing it for the second time they overcame their shyness and in effect became trained in using the application. The results of the second attempts only have been used in this study, and first attempts were considered as practice.

The subjects are from different parts of the Arab region, 26 spoke Gulf Arabic, 3 Egyptians and one spoke Lebanese. Gulf Arabs were from 3 different countries, 24 Bahrainis, one Qatari and a Saudi. The subjects are from 4 different age groups 10-15, 15-20, 20-25 and over 25.

Table 4
Evaluation results. F/A = first attempt S/A $=$ second attempt

|  | Occupation | S $\mathbf{e}$ $\mathbf{x}$ | Region | National ity | Age | Accu racy Rate F/A | Accu racy Rate S/A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Student | F | Gulf | Bahraini | 20-25 | 93 | 97 |
| 2 | Student | M | Gulf | Bahraini | 20-25 | 80 | 100 |
| 3 | Student | F | Gulf | Bahraini | 10-15 | 40 | 63 |
| 4 | Student | F | Gulf | Bahraini | 10-15 | 73 | 80 |
| 5 | Student | F | Gulf | Bahraini | 10-15 | 43 | 43 |
| 6 | Student | F | Gulf | Bahraini | 20-25 | 40 | 80 |
| 7 | Student | F | Gulf | Bahraini | 10-15 | 37 | 63 |
| 8 | Teacher | F | Gulf | Bahraini | over 25 | 90 | 93 |
| 9 | Student | F | Gulf | Bahraini | 20-25 | 80 | 90 |
| 10 | Student | M | Gulf | Bahraini | 20-25 | 63 | 77 |
| 11 | Student | M | Gulf | Bahraini | 20-25 | 73 | 87 |
| 12 | Teacher | M | North African | Egyptian | over 25 | 60 | 73 |
| 13 | Teacher | M | North African | Egyptian | over 25 | 60 | 60 |
| 14 | Teacher | M | North African | Egyptian | over 25 | 73 | 80 |
| 15 | Marketing Specialist | F | Gulf | Bahraini | 20-25 | 73 | 83 |
| 16 | Student | F | Gulf | Bahraini | 15-20 | 30 | 53 |
| 17 | Student | F | Gulf | Bahraini | 15-20 | 53 | 73 |
| 18 | Student | M | Gulf | Qatari | 15-20 | 63 | 80 |
| 19 | Student | F | Gulf | Saudi | 20-25 | 73 | 83 |
| 20 | Student | F | Gulf | Bahraini | 20-25 | 63 | 73 |
| 21 | Student | F | Gulf | Bahraini | 20-25 | 53 | 60 |
| 22 | Manager | M | Gulf | Bahraini | over 25 | 80 | 87 |
| 23 | Student | F | Gulf | Bahraini | 15-20 | 80 | 87 |
| 24 | Student | F | Gulf | Bahraini | 15-20 | 53 | 73 |
| 25 | Student | M | Gulf | Bahraini | 20-25 | 63 | 80 |
| 26 | Student | M | Gulf | Bahraini | 20-25 | 80 | 80 |
| 27 | Student | M | Gulf | Bahraini | 20-25 | 80 | 87 |
| 28 | Student | M | Gulf | Bahraini | 20-25 | 80 | 83 |
| 29 | Student | M | Gulf | Bahraini | over 25 | 87 | 90 |
| 30 | Manager | M | Levantine | Lebanese | over 25 | 90 | 97 |

The overall results gave an average recognition rate of $79 \%$ with males achieving a slightly higher result (83\%) than females ( $76 \%$ ).

Figure 1.
The Accuracy
Rates of Words Recognition


Figure 1 shows that the words Dhameer, The Laam and Zak Kaah had very poor recognition rates which was usually due to the application failing to make a match at all when these words were spoken. In other cases words were wrongly identified as shown in Table 5

Table 5
Misrecognition of words

| Word | Misrecognised as |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Kho soof | Gazal (27\%) |  |
| Deek | Teen (39) |  |
| Aaali | Gassi $(50 \%)$ | Wadi (45\%) |
| Korrssay | Gassi $(50 \%)$ |  |
| Teen | Reeesh $(33 \%)$ |  |

A final attempt is conducted to change some words to obtain better recognition rates.
So (Kho soof) is changed to (khoorfa kaan), (The a bab) is changed to (Thee kkraa), (Gassi) to (Ghaa noon), (Gazal) to (Ghaanna), (Wadi) to (Waseela) and (Thoom) to (Thamer), Dhameer spelling is also changed to Dhameeer, so that the pronunciation is closer to Arabic.

The following table shows the finalized set of chosen words

Table 6 Final set of Words

| Arnab | $ح$ <br> Ham mama | $j$ <br> Zak kaah | $\begin{aligned} & \hline b \\ & \text { Teen } \end{aligned}$ | ق <br> Ghaa noon | Hood hood |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Boostan } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ | $\dot{\text { خ }}$ <br> Khoorfa kaan | Sakan | ظ <br> The laam | ك <br> Korrssay | Waseela |
| Toofah | Deek | ش Shams | $\varepsilon$ Aaali | 」 <br> Lee bas | ي <br> Yas meen |
| Thamer | ذ Thee kkraa | Soorah | $\dot{\varepsilon}$ Ghaanna | Madrasa |  |
| ج Jowz | Reeesh | ض <br> Dhameeer | - <br> Fanoos | ن Nasr |  |

This vocabulary was then tested on a range of different Arabic speakers ( the subjects are a sub-set of the 30 speakers used in the main experiment) in two different environments, a quiet and a noisy environment (the experiment was performed in a room with only one other individual present (the experimenter). Background noise was a factor, the air conditioner and other computers were on during the experiment. Of the twenty subjects, 10 were females and 10 males.

Then recognition rates were calculated.

Table 7
Recognition rates

| Environment | Males Accuracy <br> rates | Females A/R | Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Noisy | 90 | 93 | 91.5 |
| Quiet | 91.1 | 93.4 | 92.25 |

The accuracy results in a noisy environment gave an average recognition rate of $91.5 \%$ vaguely lower than the rate in a quiet environment $92.2 \%$.

The overall accuracy results have improved significantly and a final average recognition rate of $91.87 \%$ was achieved.

## 4. Conclusion \& Discussion

The results show that it is possible to create an application for the purpose of recognizing the letters of the Arabic alphabet using a standard English speech recognition engine.

However, despite taking care to choose an appropriate set of words, the recognition rates are still limited. In addition, although some care has been taken to get a range of Arabic speakers, they mainly came from or lived in Bahrain; as did the author of the paper who was responsible for selecting the words and spellings for the application. It is likely that the recognition rates would be even lower for the full Arabic speaking population.

Future work will therefore concentrate on how this recognition rate can be improved. Three strategies are being considered. The first could be to select different words that can be more easily distinguished by the application, although this approach may well have been exhausted by the efforts made so far.

Secondly it may be possible to process the results of the speech recognition engine in a more intelligent way. At present the application simply uses the nearest match to a word in the vocabulary as defined by the speech
engine. However, it is possible to get confidence scores related to the degree of matching between the incoming sound and each of the words in the vocabulary. Static and intelligent thresholding (Chase, 1997) of these n-best confidence scores could be used as a means of generating more reliable recognition rates. Automatic error recovery methods such as re-speak with elimination (Murray, 1993) based on these confidence thresholds could also be investigated.

Finally, there may be opportunities to use information about the context in which the letters are being spelt in order to enhance recognition rates. N-grams (Chen, 1999) and predictive texting techniques (Dunlop, 2000) adapted to Arabic will be investigated as will the use of adaptive language modelling (Rosenfeld, 1994).

Eventually, the effects and constraints of porting the application onto a PDA will be considered with particular emphasis on achieving an optimal balance between memory footprint, processing speed and recognition rate (Lewis, 2003).

## References

Aculab. (2006), "Prosody with Nuance speech recognition products
"http://www.aculab.com/products/product_summary/nuance.htm.
Baumgart, D. (2005), Personal digital assistants in health care: experienced clinicians in the palm of your hand?, Lancet, October, 2005. Vol.366, 1210-22.

Chase L. (1997), Word and acoustic confidence annotation for large vocabulary speech recognition, In Proc. Of the $5^{\text {th }}$ European Conference on Speech Communications and Technology, Rhodes, Greece, pp. 815-818.

Chen, S. F. and. Goodman. J. (1999), "An empirical study of smoothing techniques for language modeling", Comput. Speech Lang., vol. 13, pp. 359-394.

Cohen ,M. (2005), " The Voice Response Translator: A Valuable Police Tool", NIJ JOURNAL, Issue 252.
Dunlop, M. D. \& Crossan, A. (2000), Predictive Text Entry for Mobile Phones, Personal Technologies 4(2), pp. 134-143.

Holmes, J.N. Holmes, W.J. (2001) "Speech Synthesis and Recognition", Taylor \& Francis.
IBM. (2006),Embedded ViaVoice Multiplatform Edition,
http://www306.ibm.com/software/pervasive/embedded_viavoice_multiplatform/.
IBM Research. (2006), "IBM Text-to-Speech Research", http://www.research.ibm.com/tts/.
Lewis, J. R., Commarford, P. M. (2003), "Developing a voice-spelling alphabet for PDAs", IBM SYSTEMS JOURNAL. VOL 42, NO 4.

Microsoft. (2006), "Speech SDK 5.1", http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?FamilyId=5E86EC97-40A7-453F-B0EE-6583171B4530\&displaylang=en\#Overview

Moffett, S., Menon, A.. (2003), " Preparing doctors for bedside computing", Lancet, July, 2003. Vol.362.
Murray, A. C., Frankish, C. R., \& Jones, D. M. (1993), Data-entry by voice: facilitating correction of misrecognitions, Interactive Speech Technology, Human Factors Issues in the Application of Speech Input/Output to Computers (Eds. Christopher Barber and Janet M Noyes) Taylor \& Francis, London, pp. 137-144 ISBN 0-7484-0127X.

Nuance. (2006), "Dragon NaturallySpeaking", http://www.nuance.com/naturallyspeaking/.
Peissner, M. (2002), What the Relationship between Correct Recognition Rates and Usability Measures Can Tell Us about the Quality of a Speech Application. In Proceedings of 6th International Scientific Conference on Work With Display Units, Berchtesgaden, Germany, Page 296-298.

Rosenfeld, R. (1994), Adaptive statistical language modeling, PhD Dissertation, Carnegie-Mellon University, Pittsburgh, PA.

Sakhr.(2006),"Sakhr
ASR",http://www.sakhr.com/Sakhr_e/Products/ASR.htm?Index=2\&Main=Products\&Sub=ASR


[^0]:    ' /* First, Open The File For APPEND (Add Stuff To It, Don't Over-write It)
    Open DesktopPath \& "llogfile2.txt" For Append As \#1
    ' /* Then, Actually Write The Stuff In The Textbox, To The File */
    Print \#1, Date \& Time \& Text2.Text

[^1]:    Table 1 Problematic letter/diaciritc pair alternatives

