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Development of bipolar prosthecae by candidate phylum Acetothermia bacteria

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Background

Bacteria from the candidate phylum Acetothermia (OP1) are globally dispersed and occupy many diverse habitats (see figure to the right). However, little is known about their physiology and ecology. We previously observed that Acetothermia bacteria were the most abundant bacteria in the metagenome from an anaerobic digester.

To learn more about their abundance, morphology, and physiological and ecological function.

Conclusions

Proposed life cycle

M2

2x

Aim

- Specific FISH probes were designed and used to study the Acetothermia bacterium in situ.
- The morphology was unusual and composed of a central rod-shaped cell with bipolar prosthecae.
- This may allow for increased nutrient uptake at low concentrations by greatly expanding the cell surface area.
- We obtained the first closed genome from the candidate phylum Acetothermia.
- Genome annotation suggests an anaerobic chemoheterotrophic lifestyle.

FISH combined with Syto9 staining reveal an unusual morphology composed of a central rod-shaped cell with bipolar prosthecae

M2

M3







Raman spectra of the prosthecae and central rod cell showed similar chemical compositions suggesting shared cytoplasm



Genome annotation and metabolic reconstruction suggested an anaerobic chemoheterotrophic lifestyle





AFM shows that prosthecae greatly expand the cell surface area