EMI Data, preparing for the finish line



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EGI Community Forum, Munich, Mar 26, 2012

EMI INECO. PI. 26161

EMI is partially funded by the European Commission under Grant Agreement RI-261611

Content



Introduction

Deployment Status

EMI Data Tasks "Percentage done"

Tasks
Done
In Progress
Cancelled

EMI Data Lib

Storage Accounting

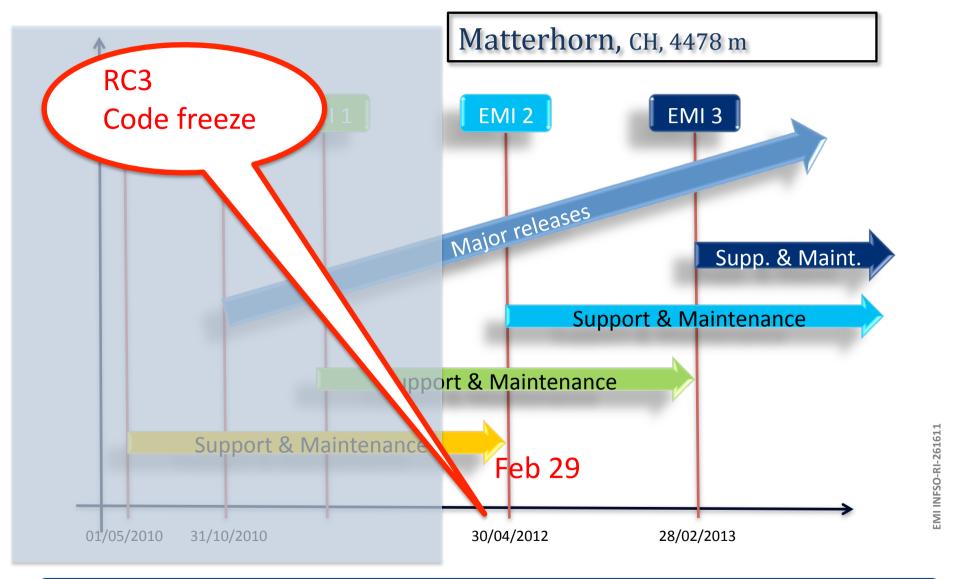
Catalogue Synchronization

Standards
NFS 4.1 / pNFS
WebDAV
WebDAV for LFC/SE

Something new

Project status (Well known overview)

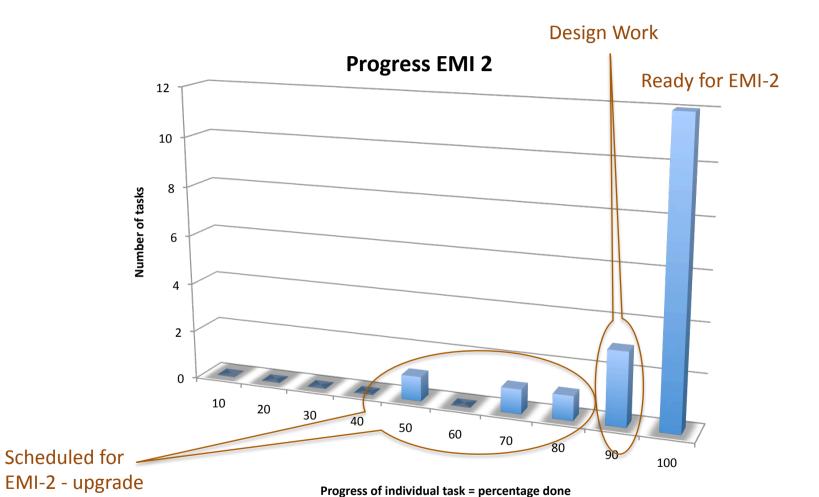




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Status of EMI 2 Data Tasks





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Some objectives/tasks needed to be cut



- ✓ Implementing cloud strategies
 - This might be worked on based on user requirements independently of EMI
- ✓ Persistent Data ID's (Evaluation)
- ✓ Deploying SRM with ssl/https instead of GSI
 - Could be shown to work
 - Delegation agreement will be used for WebDAV 3rd party copy (e.g. with FTS)
 - Watching the WLCG TE-Group(s)
- \checkmark Permission synchronization (2nd part of cat-sync initiative)

Objectives already achieved



- ✓ GLUE 2.0 in servers and clients
 - Publishing EMI version numbers
- ✓ ARGUS integration (Blacklisting) in SE's
- ✓ WebDAV for storage elements.
- ✓ WebDAV for LFC
- ✓ POSIX access to EMI storage elements.
 - NFS 4.1/pNFS for dCache and DPM
 - Native through GPFS/Lustre for StoRM
- ✓ Storage accounting record defined and introduced to OGF (working group)
- ✓ Agreement on delegation and introduction to OGF (working group)



UNICORE

Access

To EMI Storage

By Christian Löschen See
Presentation
By
Christian
In this session



The EMI Data Library

By Jon Kerr Nielsen The design

Status and Timeline

Beyond EMI

The EMI Data Lib

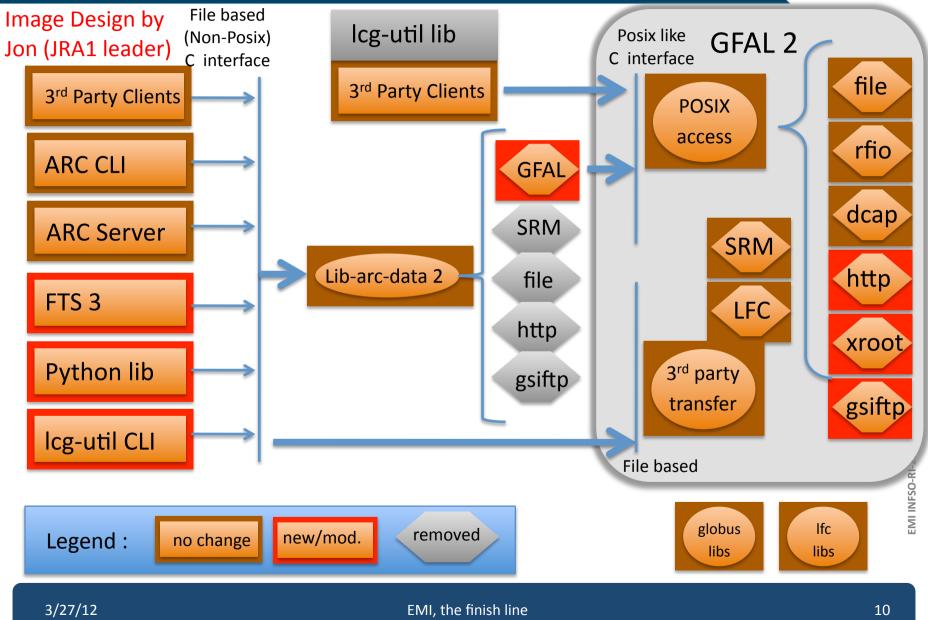


What and why

- ✓ Merging the GFAL (gLite) and libarcdata (ARC) data client libraries
- ✓ Reduces the number of components to support in the future
- ✓ Makes fixes easier, as there is only one library to take into account.

Design of the EMI data lib





EMI Data Lib, Status and Timeline



Status and timeline

Stolen from Jon

- Design agreement within the EMI data group, waiting for PTB endorsement
- ✓ Main building blocks (libarcdata GFAL2 plugin, GFAL2) already implemented on prototype level
- ✓ Demo/test results to be shown at CHEP 2012 poster session May 2012
- ✓ Will be released in an EMI 2 update in June 2012 (not ready for EMI 2 release in April)
- ✓ Testing and bug fixing during fall 2012

EMI Data Lib, Beyond EMI



Stolen from Jon

Beyond EMI

- ✓ lcg_utils and ARC CLIs will still be there after EMI
- ✓ CERN data will continue to support GFAL2 and plug-ins after EMI (BTW: FTS3, the new file transfer service, is based on GFAL2)
- ✓ ARC will support the GFAL2 plug-in as long as it is used
- ✓ EMI_datalib will be supported by ARC and CERN-DM after EMI
 - If it works as good as or better than current solution
 - Until some better solution appears ©



The Storage Accounting Record

By Jon Kerr Nielsen Timeline

Current Status

Beyond EMI

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The Storage Accounting Record



Timeline Stolen from Jon

- ✓ Design agreed within EMI June 2011
- ✓ Submitted for public hearing within OGF February 2012.
 - Informational document as input to UR 2.0
 - Open for comments until OGF34 (Oxford, beginning of March)
- ✓ Implementing accounting sensors in the EMI storage elements due in May 2012 for EMI 2 update
 - dCache NDGF already use StAR in production using SGAS
 - StoRM will implement in March-April 2012
 - Implementation progress will be discussed in EGI Accounting session in EGI-CF/EMI-TF in Munich end of March 2012
- Accounting publishers (APEL) to publish storage records in June
 2012
- ✓ Storage elements to test and deploy accounting sensors for EMI 3

 Monte Bianco RC1 December 2012
- ✓ Testing and bugfixing in EMI 3 RCs January-April 2013
- ✓ Storage elements publishing StAR records released in April 2013

The Storage Accounting Record



□Current status

Stolen from Jon

- ✓ Not planned for EMI 2 release
- ✓ Status should be clearer after EGI session in Munich (Thursday)
- ✓ Next milestone May 2012 accounting sensors
 - Still seems realistic

☐Beyond EMI

- ✓ WLCG TEG sees StAR as the most realistic approach to storage accounting.
- ✓ Clear interest from OSG
- ✓ StAR is taken as input to storage part of next generation OGF UR
- ✓ Sustainability through standardization and wide adoption



Catalogue

Synchronization

By Fabrizio The problem

What can we solve

How do we solve it

The Problem



- ☐ Various catalogues keep information that is related
 - E.g. LFC keeps info about the content of remote
 Storage Elements, each one with its own catalogue
 - Dangling References: If a SE looses a file unnoticed by the LFC
 - Dark Data: If a new file is not correctly registered -> dark data
 - ACL Synchronization: A change in the permissions of a file in LFC is not automatically reflected by the peripheral catalogue
- ☐ Keeping them in sync is a very hard problem
 - ☐ See presentation "Consistency between grid storage elements and file catalogue for the LHCb experiment" by Elisa.
- □ Namespace scanning for 'diffs' is an expensive workaround

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What can we solve



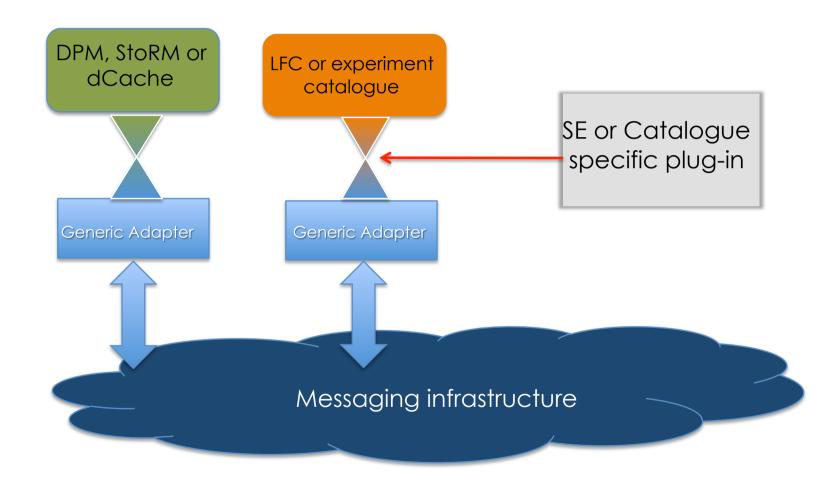
Stolen from Fabrizio

Make the various catalogues/SE able to talk to each other

- ✓ In order to exchange messages that keep them synchronized in real-time
- √ Two problems fixed:
 - Central Catalogue->SE (downstream)
 - e.g. to propagate changes in the permissions
 - SE->Central Catalogue (upstream)
 - e.g. to propagate info about lost and missing files
- ✓ No fix for : dark data

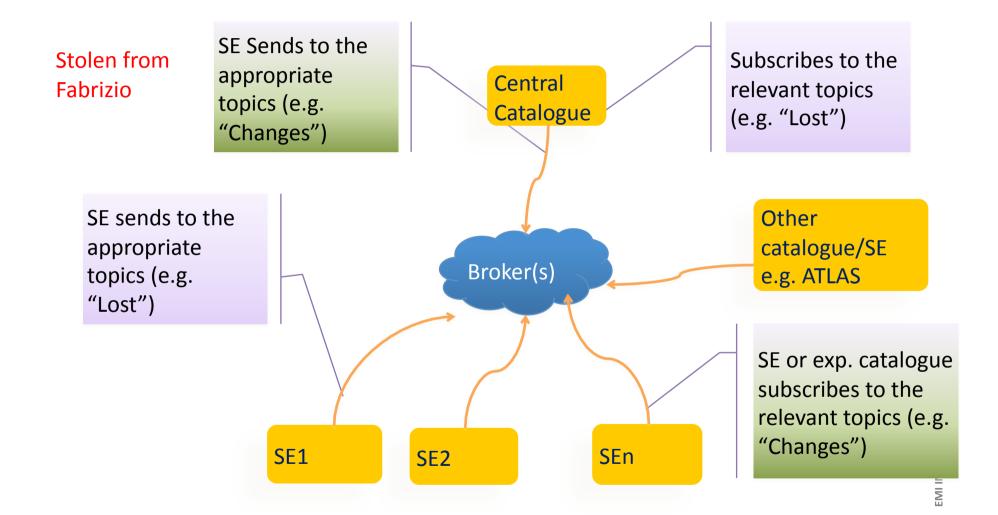
How is it solved





How is it solved





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Catalogue synchronization



Status

- ✓ Starting with "File lost" message from SEs
- ✓ DPM: Publishing 'file lost' is ready.
- ✓ LFC: Sets the reported entry to 'temp. unavailable'.
- ✓ Prototype for one experiment catalogue, but waits for dCache to be ready as well.
- ✓ Code available in dCache for WebDAV door, but still waiting go be merged with EMI-2 branch. Other doors following soon.
- ✓ Permission synchronization is on hold until sufficient interest has been demonstrated by customers.



Standard Protocols EMI

NFS 4.1 /pNFS

By CERN-IT-GT dCache.org

Standard protocols: NFS 4.1 / pNFS



☐ Reminder NFS 4.1 / pNFS

- ✓ Industry Standard
- ✓ Allows direct connection between client and the data source for distributed storage systems (First open NFS providing this)
- ✓ Provides build-in security (part of the spec. not on top)
- ✓ Mounts into your file system as easy as your memory stick
- ✓ Data clients are provided by the OS providers similar to xfs/ext3/...
- ✓ Allows to prevent vendor locks as the storage system can be easily expanded to a heterogeneous setup w/o changing the client nodes setup.
- ✓ It's really cool

Standard protocols: NFS 4.1 / pNFS



☐ Current status

- ✓ DPM and dCache servers are ready to serve data with NFS 4.1 / pNFS
- ✓ Vendors now start to provide 'test' NFS4.1/pNFS machines to 'friends'.
 - ✓ E.g. NetApp
- ✓ Authentication : Kerberos included (client and server)
- ✓ Authentication: X509: some attempts made but still evaluating.
- ✓ Clients (= linux kernel module) are available by now

SL 6	Kernel 2.6.32 – 220+
SL C 6	?
Fedora 16	Kernel 3.2.x
Currently in ebian unstable, Will be in "Wheezy"	Kernel 3.2.0-1
And more. E.g. ORACLE Unbreakable Enterprise K.	3.0.16 reads as 2.6.39

Standard protocols: NFS 4.1 / pNFS



□ NFS deployed

- ✓ dCache NFS 4.1 already in production at DESY for Photon Science for about a year.
- ✓ dCache NFS 4.1 evaluated at FERMIlab by "Running Experiments

 Department, Grid Support Group" for their "Fermilab Intensity Frontier experiments" customer.
- ✓ DPM, NFS 4.1 evaluation cluster in Taipei
- ✓ NFS 4.1/pNFS is a done deal. Nice success story.
- ✓ New communities are smart enough to start evaluation/production now.
- ✓ Wide area
 - Dima (DESY) mounted a dCache/NFS4.1 system, located in Taipei at A. S during ISGC., from an NFS client at DESY, copied a binary into it and executed it. Worked like a charm. However: found problems with WAN.
 - In general we don't have enough experience yet with NFS/pNFS WAN access.
 That still needs to be evaluated.



Standard Protocols EMI

WebDav

By CERN-IT-GT dCache.org



webdav.dcache.org

Connected as: WebDAV

Disconnect

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That's what you already know:

- ITEF Standard
- Everybody, using the internet, has a http/WebDAV client at his/her fingertips
- Allows "File system like" access with
 - Mac OS
 - •Linux
 - Windows
- •Either supported by OS or Browsers.
- Authentication: x509 Certificates, User/Password



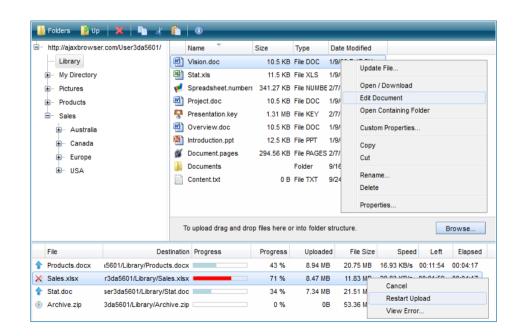
More important:

- Ready for DPM and dCache in EMI-2.
- StoRM will follow soon.
- Experiments are now seriously considering to use http(s)/WebDAV for data access and transfers.
 - See presentation "DDM Site Services: A Solution for Global Replication of HEP Data" by Fernando.
- WebDAV is in the development plan for FTS.

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- In addition, dCache provides a 3rd party drag&drop javascript interface for browsers.
- Another proof that standards allow easy integration of 3rd party software





Common WebDAV Frontend to LFC and SE's

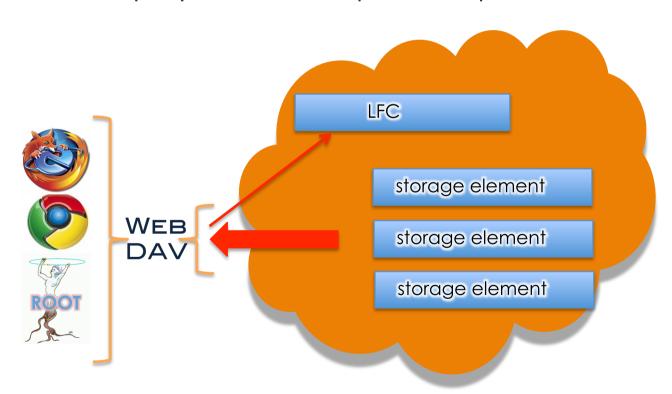
By CERN-IT-GT dCache.org (StoRM)

Common WedDAV frontend for LFC/SE



□Goal

- ✓ Provide transparent access to data through catalogues, using standard protocols : http(s), WebDAV
- ✓ Redirection from catalogues to the final data source doesn't require intermediate steps by the user but is part of the protocol.



WedDAV frontend: Progress

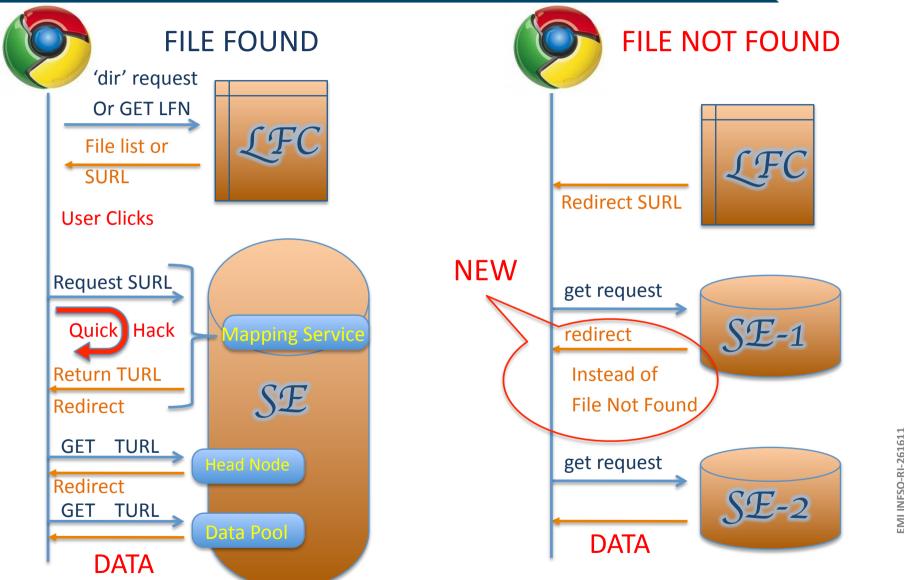


Progress

- First functional prototype introduced by CERN-IT-GT for the 'EMI all hands meeting' in Padova, Oct 2011, using LFC and DPM.
- ✓ Semi-Final design document provided by Ricardo, circulated and improved, circulated and improved ... , circulated and approved.
- ✓ dCache developer worked at CERN for 6 weeks to integrate the design to dCache.
- ✓ Unfortunate issue: As LFC contains SRM-SURLS, some implicit assumptions need to be made to translate to SE-TURL, resp. to find the WebDAV endpoint.
- ✓ Proposed solution: SRM-light SURL->TURL mapping service (pure http)

WedDAV frontend: Some Insight





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New Objective for EMI Y 3

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The
Dynamic
Federation
Project

By
CERN-IT-GT
dCache.org
Slides by Fabrizio

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The Dynamic Federation Project



The Idea

Accessing federated/replicated data with a standard protocol (http/WebDAV), using a single (possibly replicated) endpoint.

Add-on: Best replica is picked by algorithms considering

- 1. Geo Data resp. network topology
- 2. Availability and/or performance of SE endpoint
- 3. Configuration

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The Dynamic Federation Project



Stolen from Fabrizio

- ☐ Technically "loosely coupled storage systems"
- ☐ Idea: a single entry point for a federation of endpoints
 - > single storage elements (e.g. dCache, DPM, plain HTTP servers)
 - > site/VO catalogues (e.g. LFCs) pointing to storage elements
- ☐ This entry point knows its endpoints
- ☐ An approach with many interesting possibilities
 - Federate third party outsourced HTTP/DAV servers (also clouds)
 Federate the content of SQUID caches
 - Federate them together with the information of some experiment's DB
 - When clicking on a file we would download it from an endpoint that is good for us, it could be a cache or a non-cache one
 - > See as one experiment's DBs (e.g. LFC), also considering what's in the SQUID caches worldwide
 - Direct access to the official replicas AND the cached ones as well

The Dynamic Federation Project



☐ The endpoints are a federation, hence they are homogeneous
 ✓ Same access protocol (e.g.HTTP/WebDAV)

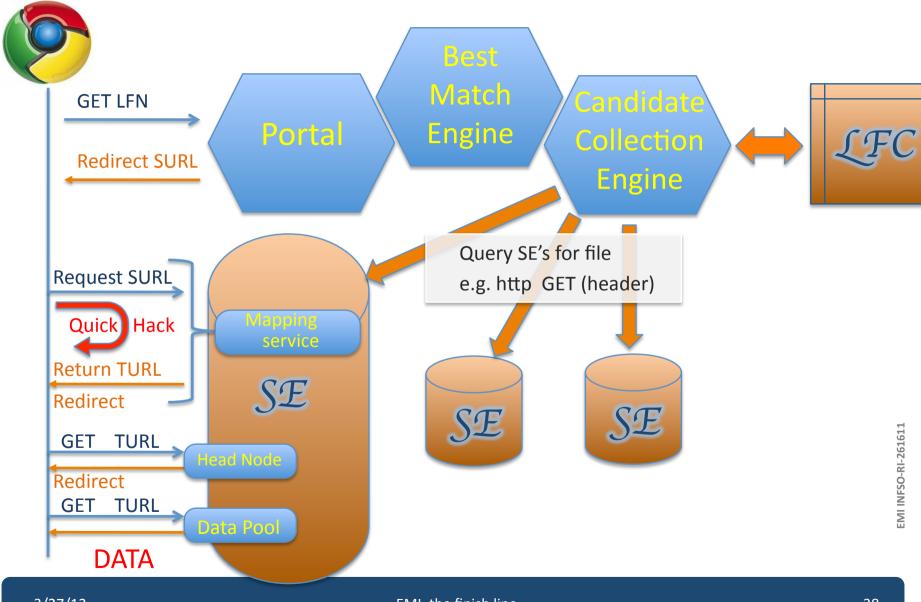
Stolen from Fabrizio

- ✓ Same name space (file content consistency problem)
- ✓ The same file / replica has the same (or compatible) path/name (mapping problem)
- √ They grant access to the same groups of users (permission problem)
- ☐ This entry point learns dynamically, automatically about their metadata content
 - ✓ As clients contact it to get access to files
 - ✓ It can ask the endpoints for information on the fly
- ☐ This entry point redirects each client to the proper endpoint
 - ✓ Eventually applying some smart criteria, e.g. proximity
- ☐ In principle it would work for any data access protocol that
 - ✓ works over WAN
 - ✓ supports redirections
- Our focus is towards HTTP/WebDAV for now
 - ✓ DPM and dCache are releasing support for it
- Work in progress, priority is read access
 - ✓ As, in general, write access is done in the local site

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Oversimplified Picture





By CERN-IT-GT Zsolt Molnár

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FTS 3 (next generation file transfer)



FTS 3 Demo 1

Rewritten C++ CLI, on top of WS-I compatible WSDL
Backward compatibility: you can submit to FTS2 servers as
well
FTS server daemon, in C++ (Java removed). Capabilities:
Working multithreaded C++ web server and FTS agent
integrated, capable of handling submit/status commands
Host config part of "
https://svnweb.cern.ch/trac/fts3/wiki/Configuration"
implemented
Store/retrieve job data in Oracle database, using generic
database interface and Oracle plug-in

Summary and outlook



- EMI Data is well on track in terms of the expected tasks to be delivered for EMI-2.
- New requests from TCB are being discussed
 - ✓ Some of which make sense
 - ✓ Others are too challenging for the remaining EMI project time
- ☐ EMI-Data beyond EMI
 - ✓ EMI Data PT are 'stable'
 - They existed before EMI
 - Their products are in heavy use and the funding is guarantied for the foreseeable future
 - They will continue to exist after EMI funding ends.
 - ✓ EMI Data PT's have a long history in collaborating (SRM,GLUE...)
 - ✓ Avoiding unnecessary PT interactions by consistently using standards.



Thank you

EMI is partially funded by the European Commission under Grant Agreement INFSO-RI-261611

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