

Linguagens de consulta para bases de dados em grafos: um mapeamento sistemático

Query languages for graph databases: a systematic mapping

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Resumo: A popularização das redes sociais, associada à necessidade de analisar e sumarizar grandes volumes de dados oriundos das mesmas tem favorecido o uso de bases de dados em grafos. As linguagens de consulta a este tipo de base de dados devem, ao mesmo tempo, ter expressividade suficiente para a realização de consultas complexas e possibilitar o processamento eficiente de grandes volumes de dados. Este artigo apresenta um mapeamento sistemático sobre as linguagens de consulta para bases de dados em grafos, com foco nas suas características principais como paradigma ou capacidade de agregação de dados. O foco deste mapeamento é investigar e quantificar as publicações referentes às linguagens de consulta, caracterizando-as, identificando possíveis áreas de pesquisa, tendências e desafios.

Palavras-chave: bases de dados em grafos, linguagem de consulta, mapeamento sistemático

Abstract: The widespread use of digital social networks, together with the need for the analysis and summarisation of their contents is at the base of the widespread use of graph databases. Query languages for this kind of databases need to be expressive enough to express complex queries to be efficiently performed over enormous amounts of data. In this paper, we perform a systematic mapping about query languages for graph databases, covering aspects such as their paradigm or aggregation capabilities. We focus on the quantitative analysis of publications on the subject, to better identify trends and future challenges.

Keywords: graph database, query language, systematic mapping

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1 Introdução

Grafos são populares para representar dados. Eles podem ser usados para modelar relacionamentos entre objetos e recursos. Grafos podem ser definidos como uma coleção de vértices e arestas, onde os vértices representam entidades, e as arestas representam a forma como as entidades se relacionam [78]. As bases de dados em grafos fazem parte de um conjunto de tecnologias criadas ou redescobertas para suprir algumas limitações do modelo de dados relacional [1].

O modelo de dados em grafo pode ser definido como aquele em que tanto o esquema quanto as instâncias são modelados como grafos [3]. Nos últimos anos, este modelo de dados tem recebido muita atenção da indústria e da academia. Com o avanço da Internet, o compartilhamento de dados se tornou um tópico importante e uma grande quantidade de grafos está disponível em bases de dados para uso experimental [12]. Os grandes grafos ganharam destaque e cada vez mais aplicações são feitas para lidar com esse tipo de volume.

É possível notar o crescente interesse pelas bases de dados em grafos pela literatura, inclusive conferências específicas dedicadas ao assunto⁴. Estudos relacionados às bases de dados em grafos podem ser direcionados para a forma de armazenamento dos dados (estrutura dos dados), para a forma de manipulação desses dados através de uma linguagem de consulta e também nas restrições de integridade apropriadas para o contexto.

Este artigo apresenta um mapeamento sistemático [74] sobre as linguagens de consulta para bases de dados em grafos. Para atingir esse objetivo, também será investigado o retorno ao uso do modelo de dados em grafos, apresentando os números referentes a este tópico e as razões para este comportamento. Esta investigação envolve identificar o tipo de contribuição que os artigos se propõem, como também que tipo de problema eles tentam resolver, e que técnicas eles usam para atingir os seus objetivos.

Um mapeamento sistemático é um método para analisar um tópico de interesse seguindo passos bem definidos. Ao final da análise, deve-se responder um conjunto de questões de pesquisa que são lançadas no início do processo. Toda a investigação dos números do mapeamento devem servir de base para responder as questões lançadas. O objetivo deste trabalho é investigar e quantificar as publicações referentes às linguagens de consulta, caracterizando-as, identificando possíveis áreas de pesquisa, tendências e desafios.

Este artigo é organizado como segue. A Seção 2 apresenta conceitos referentes ao método usado para a confecção deste mapeamento sistemático, e considerações referentes ao modelo de dados em grafos e trabalhos relacionados. A Seção 3 apresenta todo o processo de mapeamento, etapa a etapa. A Seção 4 apresenta as análises quantitativas extraídas do

⁴Por exemplo, as conferências GraphConnect (<http://graphconnect.com/>) e o International Workshop on Querying Graph Structured Data (<http://www.isgroup.unimo.it/graphq2016/>).

mapeamento e a Seção 5 contém as conclusões finais.

2 Revisão Teórica

Esta seção é dedicada a apresentar o processo de mapeamento sistemático que será aplicado neste trabalho e apresentar conceitos referentes ao modelo de dados em grafos e linguagens de consulta.

2.1 Mapeamento sistemático

Um mapeamento sistemático é um tipo de estudo que fornece uma visão geral sobre uma área específica de pesquisa [74]. De forma geral, o processo é feito coletando artigos referentes a um assunto, publicados em uma época determinada. A partir dos dados coletados é realizado um mapeamento entre os diferentes aspectos dos artigos coletados, de forma a poder fazer uma análise quantitativa do conjunto, verificando relações e tendências. O mapeamento é feito geralmente a partir da leitura dos títulos e resumos dos artigos. A análise quantitativa é ilustrada com gráficos e tabelas. O método utilizado neste trabalho foi feito de acordo com [74], que contém cinco grandes etapas, como mostrado na Figura 1, e cada etapa será descrita a seguir.

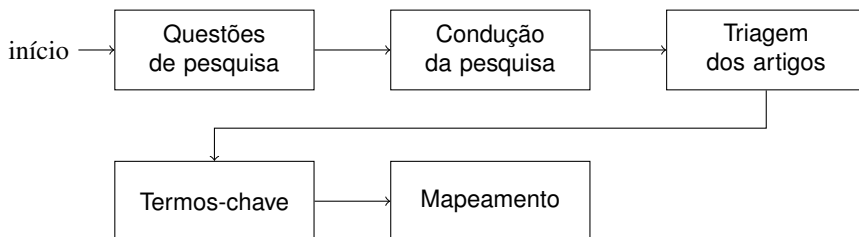


Figura 1. Etapas do mapeamento sistemático aplicadas neste trabalho.

2.1.1 Questões de pesquisa A primeira parte do mapeamento consiste em definir o objetivo principal do mesmo. As questões de pesquisa definem o assunto e o objetivo do mapeamento. As questões indagam sobre o assunto escolhido e indicam quais são os interesses específicos. As questões de pesquisa são importantes também para definir quais artigos devem fazer parte do mapeamento.

2.1.2 Condução da pesquisa Este passo refere-se ao processo de coletar artigos nas bases de dados que reúnem as publicações de conferências e periódicos científicos. A condução da

pesquisa consiste em três etapas: definição dos termos de consulta; escolha das bases de dados; e a execução da consulta nas bases de dados.

A definição dos termos de consulta refere-se à criação de palavras ou termos (*string* de busca) usados para consultar os artigos nas bases de dados. A escolha das bases de dados deve levar em conta as bibliotecas mais populares e abrangentes. Atualmente as consultas geralmente são feitas em bibliotecas digitais *on-line* que reúnem publicações das principais conferências e periódicos científicos. A execução da consulta nas bases de dados consiste em utilizar a *string* de busca nas bibliotecas digitais e recuperar todos os artigos que casaram com a consulta feita.

2.1.3 Triagem dos artigos A fase de triagem é feita após a recuperação dos artigos das bases de dados de bibliotecas digitais previamente selecionadas. Os artigos recuperados são organizados em listas e a triagem serve para escolher quais artigos devem ser selecionados para fazer parte do mapeamento ou não. A triagem é feita com a leitura dos títulos e resumos dos artigos somente, com base em critérios de inclusão e exclusão de artigos.

Os critérios de inclusão e exclusão são definidos baseando-se nos objetivos do mapeamento, principalmente usando as questões de pesquisa. Os critérios definem quais artigos são relevantes ou não para o mapeamento. É importante incluir nos critérios de exclusão a verificação de artigos repetidos, haja vista que um mesmo artigo pode estar incluído em mais de uma base de dados.

2.1.4 Termos-chave A busca por termos-chave é usada para criar uma classificação dos artigos. Os termos-chave são identificados durante a leitura dos títulos e resumos dos artigos. Estes termos são aqueles que identificam a contribuição do trabalho, pontos importantes como o objetivo, os métodos e tecnologias usados. A classificação neste contexto, é o ato de combinar os termos identificados e definir um conjunto de categorias. A divisão em categorias é importante e ajuda no momento de fazer uma análise e tirar conclusões. Os artigos selecionados para o mapeamento devem ser distribuídos dentro das categorias definidas.

2.1.5 Mapeamento Nesta etapa os artigos devem estar distribuídos entre as categorias definidas. A classificação não precisa ser estática, ela pode evoluir por exemplo com a criação ou mesclagem de categorias. Esta é a fase onde o mapeamento toma forma e as análises são feitas. A análise dos resultados deve ter como foco o número de publicações em cada categoria. Isso permite visualizar a progressão das publicações, como elas se distribuem aos longo dos anos, ou se algum assunto está em ênfase ou caindo em desuso. Neste ponto, também é oportuno identificar se há uma relação entre as categorias, e ilustrá-las se for o caso. Ao final da análise é importante que as questões de pesquisa sejam respondidas com base nos resultados obtidos com o mapeamento.

2.2 Modelo de dados em grafos e linguagens de consulta

Modelos de dados são usados para representar a forma ou esquema dos dados de uma organização. Um modelo de dados consiste em (i) um conjunto de tipos estruturados de dados, (ii) um conjunto de operadores ou regras de inferências, e (iii) um conjunto de regras de integridade [1]. Este trabalho tem maior foco no conjunto de operadores, ou seja, nas linguagens de consulta que são usadas para manipular os dados. O uso das bases de dados em grafos tem captado o interesse da indústria e academia na última década [101]. É possível observar um aumento no número de artigos publicados neste contexto a partir da década de 2000. Este comportamento pode ser observado na Seção 4.

O surgimento de novas aplicações relacionadas com a Internet, como as redes sociais digitais e a web semântica, demandaram novas tecnologias. Dentre estas novas tecnologias, o *Resource Description Framework* (RDF) [22] surgiu como um formato para representar metadados na *Web*, mas atualmente ele é bastante usado como uma extensão do modelo de dados em grafos [2]. Um documento do tipo RDF é uma coleção de triplas no padrão *sujeito-predicado-objeto* representando, dessa forma, os arcos de um grafo (o predicado), ligando um par de nodos (sujeito e objeto). Este tipo de grafo, que é considerado por alguns como um modelo de dados, é uma das tecnologias usadas na web semântica que provê um ambiente onde aplicações podem manipular (consultar/alterar) dados e fazer inferências [86]. A linguagem de consulta SPARQL é a linguagem recomendada pela W3C[8] para grafos RDF, mas de forma geral, não há uma linguagem de consulta padrão para bases de dados em grafos [12].

Outro tipo de tecnologia voltada para o modelo de dados em grafos são os sistemas nativos. Os sistemas nativos consideram a estrutura de grafos tanto no armazenamento físico dos dados quanto no processamento de consultas [72]. Estes sistemas são feitos especificamente para gerenciar grafos e usam listas de adjacência para processá-los. Um exemplo para esse tipo de sistema é o Neo4j⁵, que utiliza a linguagem de consulta Cypher, que também dá suporte ao SPARQL.

A agregação é uma função bastante usada no modelo de dados relacional. Uma função de agregação usa o resultado de uma consulta como valor intermediário para fazer uma outra operação. As funções de agregação mais comuns são soma, média, maior valor e menor valor. O uso desse tipo de função nas linguagens de consulta é observado neste mapeamento.

2.3 Trabalhos relacionados

Existem vários trabalhos que fazem comparativos, ilustram o estado-da-arte, ou fazem revisões da literatura dedicados às bases de dados em grafos. Esses trabalhos normal-

⁵<http://neo4j.com/>

mente exploram os diversos modelos de dados e diferentes tipos de aplicações. Alguns deles dedicam-se exclusivamente às linguagens de consulta para grafos. Peter Wood mostra em [101] uma visão geral das linguagens de consulta para grafos desenvolvidos nos últimos 25 anos. O autor explora diferentes sintaxes e aspectos das funcionalidades.

O *survey* [5] tem como objetivo apresentar linguagens de consulta propostas para os principais formalismos da web semântica, tais como RDF e outros. O artigo discorre sobre várias linguagens e tenta destacar importantes aspectos sobre elas. Os autores Angles e Gutierrez escreveram o *survey* [3] que é uma referência para o modelo de dados em grafos. Eles dedicam uma seção para descrever as linguagens de consulta para grafos que servem como referência na área.

Este presente mapeamento pode ser visto como um complemento aos *surveys* já existentes e com o diferencial de ser apresentado em um formato (mapeamento sistemático) que não foi encontrado abordando o assunto em questão. Um mapeamento tem também como objetivo quantificar as publicações encontradas em um determinado período, dando a oportunidade de fazer conjecturas baseando-se nestes números. A maior diferença entre os *surveys* e o mapeamento sistemático está no fato de que o mapeamento dá uma ênfase maior nos números de publicações, divisão em grupos, análise quantitativa.

3 Processo de mapeamento sistemático

A execução deste mapeamento foi feita seguindo o método proposto em [74], o qual foi apresentado na Seção 2.1. Nesta seção, será descrito em detalhes como foi desempenhada cada etapa do processo de mapeamento. A última etapa, referente à extração de dados e mapeamento será apresentada na Seção 4.

3.1 Questões de pesquisa

O objetivo deste mapeamento sistemático é investigar quais linguagens de consulta para bases de dados em grafos são mais usadas e quais suas principais particularidades. Características das linguagens como a agregação estão entre as contribuições buscadas e ainda, quais paradigmas são mais usados para a construção dessas linguagens.

Baseado neste objetivo foram definidas três questões de pesquisa para a condução deste mapeamento:

- *QPI: Quais são as linguagens de consultas mais usadas no modelo de dados em grafos ao longo dos anos?* Esta pergunta ajudará a identificar as linguagens mais usadas dentro do modelo de dados em grafos, se há novas linguagens sendo propostas e também

será possível analisar, de acordo com o número de publicações, se certas linguagem estão definindo tendências.

- *QP2: Quantas dessas linguagens possuem suporte a agregação?* As funções de agregação são muito úteis quando é necessário fazer algum tipo de cálculo ou medida que envolve o agrupamento do resultado de uma consulta. O modelo de dados relacional tem suporte para a agregação, então é importante verificar em números o que está sendo feito para o modelo de dados em grafos para suprir essa necessidade.
- *QP3: Quais paradigmas são mais usados na definição das linguagens de consulta para o modelo de dados em grafos?* Esta questão tem o objetivo de identificar as tendências na definição das linguagens, e também se isso vem mudando ao longo dos anos.

3.2 Condução da pesquisa

A primeira parte consistiu em definir a *string* de busca a partir das questões de pesquisa. As principais palavras-chave definidas foram: “grandes volumes de dados”, “linguagem de consulta”, “modelo de dados em grafo” e “funções de agregação”. A busca deve recuperar artigos publicados nas principais bases de dados. Dessa forma, os termos devem ser buscados em inglês, haja vista que as principais publicações são feitas nesta língua. Assim sendo, as palavras-chave da busca usadas foram: *big data*, *query language*, *graph database* e *aggregation*. A partir destas palavras foram criadas variações destas para que a abrangência da consulta fosse maior.

As variações devem ser criadas porque para chegar à *string* de consulta final antes são feitos alguns testes. Normalmente as primeiras consultas não trazem resultados satisfatórios, ou a consulta é abrangente demais e retorna um número muito alto de resultados, ou a consulta é restrita demais e retorna um número muito baixo de resultados. As variações incluem adicionar o plural de alguns termos, e/ou adicionar sinônimos.

Baseado nas palavras-chave foi criada a seguinte consulta: ((“*big data*” OR “*large data*” OR “*large dataset*” OR “*social network*” OR “*social networks*”) AND (“*query language*”) AND (“*graph database*” OR “*graph databases*” OR “*graph data*” OR “*large graph*”) AND (“*aggregation*” OR “*summarisation*” OR “*aggregate*”)).

A segunda parte consistiu na escolha das bases de dados a serem consultadas. Foram escolhidas três bases de dados: *Science Direct*, *IEEE Xplore*, e *ACM digital library*. Estas bases foram escolhidas porque (i) elas são disponibilizadas na Internet, (ii) são populares para a área da Ciência da Computação, e (iii) agregam um grande número de conferências e periódicos científicos. Estas bases são disponibilizadas pela plataforma Portal de Periódicos

Tabela 1. Resultado da execução da consulta nas bibliotecas digitais.

Base de dados	Endereço eletrônico	Artigos recuperados
<i>Science Direct</i>	<i>www.sciencedirect.com</i>	67
<i>IEEE Xplore</i>	<i>ieeexplore.ieee.org</i>	89
<i>ACM digital library</i>	<i>dl.acm.org</i>	105
Total		261

CAPES⁶, facilitando assim o acesso aos artigos. A plataforma Google Acadêmico⁷ também foi considerada para ser incluída nas bases, mas ela foi descartada pelo fato de que grande parte dos resultados retornados já constarem nas outras bibliotecas digitais selecionadas, e ela também retorna muitos artigos de baixa representatividade.

A terceira parte desta etapa do processo consistiu na execução da *string* de busca em cada uma das bases de dados escolhidas. A execução da consulta resultou em um total de 261 artigos. A quantidade de artigos recuperados por base de dados pode ser visualizado na Tabela 1. Na tabela, a primeira coluna indica o nome da base de dados, seguido do endereço eletrônico desta base na Internet, e a quantidade de artigos recuperados.

3.3 Triagem dos artigos

Esta fase do mapeamento consiste em identificar quais artigos farão parte do mapeamento sistemático ou não, levando em conta os critérios estabelecidos. Os critérios de inclusão e exclusão de artigos foram definidos baseados no objetivo do mapeamento, levando em conta as questões de pesquisa. Os critérios definidos para este mapeamento podem ser lidos na Tabela 2.

Dentre os critérios de inclusão, os trabalhos devem mencionar alguma relação com linguagem de consulta e ter sido publicado em algum periódico, conferência ou *workshop*. Já os critérios de exclusão, cada um deles é um item eliminatório, ou seja, se um artigo se enquadra em algum dos critérios ele é eliminado.

Os trabalhos que não mencionam o uso de linguagens de consulta foram excluídos porque fugiam do escopo do mapeamento. Os capítulos de livros não foram considerados porque apresentam conteúdo que não é interessante para os números do mapeamento e sim para o uso no referencial teórico. A opção pela língua inglesa ocorreu para limitar os artigos que fossem possíveis de ser lidos pela autora, como também para eliminar possíveis artigos de mais baixa expressividade, escritos em língua nativa. Os anais completos abrangem uma

⁶<http://www.periodicos.capes.gov.br/>

⁷<https://scholar.google.com.br/>

Tabela 2. Critérios de inclusão e exclusão de artigos.

Inclusão
Trabalhos que mencionam linguagens de consulta em grafos nos resumos. Artigos publicados em periódicos científicos, conferências ou <i>workshops</i> .

Exclusão
Trabalhos que não mencionam o uso de linguagens de consulta em grafos nos resumos. Capítulos de livros. Artigos escritos em língua diferente da língua inglesa. Anais de congressos completos e índices. Artigos repetidos. Artigos sem resumo disponível.

grande quantidade de artigos com temas diversos que fogem ao escopo do mapeamento e os índices somente trazem os títulos, sem resumos. Os artigos sem resumo não entram no mapeamento, porque este mapeamento é feito baseado nos títulos e resumos. Um dos critérios de exclusão é a verificação de artigos repetidos, e esta verificação foi a primeira etapa da triagem.

Com os artigos organizados em listas, uma lista por base de dados, foi feita uma triagem em busca de trabalhos repetidos. Esta triagem foi feita com a leitura dos títulos dos artigos e a comparação entre as listas. Artigos com títulos iguais eram separados para uma verificação mais precisa do conteúdo. Estes eram verificados se apresentavam o(s) mesmo(s) autor(es) e o mesmo resumo. Ao constatar que o artigo era o mesmo, este era marcado como excluído, mantendo apenas um dos exemplares. Alguns artigos foram identificados como repetidos apenas após a leitura do resumo. Isso acontece porque há artigos em que os títulos são diferentes mas trata do mesmo trabalho. Muitas vezes o segundo artigo é uma versão estendida para um periódico ou uma continuação de um trabalho inicialmente já publicado. Em casos onde a diferença não é substancial o artigo é marcado como repetido. Ao todo foram identificados e excluídos 11 artigos repetidos.

Em seguida, a triagem continuou com base na leitura do título e dos resumos dos artigos e levando em conta os demais critérios de inclusão e exclusão. Após a finalização da triagem foram excluídos um total de 149 artigos. A totalização dos artigos pode ser vista na Tabela 3. A lista final contém um total de 101 artigos.

Tabela 3. Totalização após inclusão e exclusão de artigos.

	Science Direct	IEEE	ACM	Total
Artigos recuperados	67	89	105	261
Artigos repetidos	2	1	8	11
Artigos excluídos	44	53	52	149
Total	21	35	45	101

3.4 Termos-chave

A classificação dos artigos foi feita baseando-se em termos-chave que foram definidos, levando-se em conta as questões de pesquisa. A classificação levou à criação de três categorias. Cada categoria foi dividida em subcategorias para facilitar o processo de análise. As categorias e suas respectivas subcategorias são descritas a seguir.

Tipo de contribuição Esta categoria refere-se à principal contribuição do trabalho que está sendo analisado, o que está sendo proposto como objetivo principal. As divisões propostas para esta categoria foram (a) *linguagem* que indica se o trabalho apresenta uma nova linguagem ou a extensão de uma já existente; (b) *método* que indica se o trabalho apresenta um método para a resolução de um problema; (c) *survey/estado-da-arte/comparativo*; e ainda duas subcategorias complementares que indicam se o trabalho realizou (d) *experimentos* e disponibilizou (e) *ferramenta*.

Tipo de problema Refere-se ao tipo de problema que os autores pretendem abordar. Esta categoria apresenta as seguintes divisões: (a) *processamento de consultas* que indica se o foco da contribuição está em melhorias para o processamento de consultas; (b) *manipulação de grandes grafos* que indica se o trabalho está apto a lidar com grafos muito grandes (*big data*). (c) *funções de agregação* que indica se a linguagem implementa funções de agregação; (d) *consultas por palavras-chave* que indica o uso de palavras-chave para fazer consultas; (e) *top-k* que são aquelas linguagens que fazem consultas com um número limitado (preestabelecido) de resultados; (f) *integração de dados* quando o objetivo é unir dados de fontes diferentes; (g) *otimização de desempenho* que indica a implementação de alguma técnica de melhora no desempenho do algoritmo.

Paradigma tecnológico Refere-se ao modelo de programação, paradigma de programação ou ao tipo de tecnologia empregada a qual o problema envolve. Esta categoria apresenta as seguintes divisões: (a) *RDF* que é um modelo de dados muito usado para disponibilizar informações na *Web*; (b) *paralelismo* que indica o modelo paralelo de

programação; (c) *distribuição de dados* que indica manipulação de dados distribuídos; (d) *linguagem declarativa* que indica o uso do paradigma declarativo.

Os artigos incluídos no mapeamento foram classificados de acordo com as três categorias acima listadas. O resultado da classificação foi sumarizado nas Tabelas 4 a 6 que estão em um Anexo no final do artigo. As tabelas contém as referências dos artigos separados por categoria e subcategorias. Os dados foram analisados quantitativamente levando em conta a classificação proposta e enfatizando o número de publicações em cada categoria. A próxima seção mostrará a última etapa do processo de mapeamento sistemático, onde os resultados das análises feitas serão mostrados e as questões de pesquisa respondidas.

4 Análise e Discussões

Nesta seção serão apresentadas análises quantitativas e qualitativas do mapeamento sistemático relacionado às linguagens de consulta em grafos. A análise quantitativa apresentará os números de acordo com a classificação que foi indicada na seção anterior. A análise qualitativa apresentará relações entre os resultados quando for o caso, e discussões acerca dos números.

Recentemente, numerosos projetos para processamento, consulta e análise de bases de dados em grafos tem surgido [78]. Este retorno de interesse por esse modelo pode ser observado no gráfico da Figura 2. Este gráfico, lista a quantidade de artigos incluídos no mapeamento publicados por ano.

No gráfico é possível observar um crescimento do número de publicações a partir de 2008. Este mapeamento sistemático recuperou artigos publicados entre 1989 e 2015. Do total de artigos utilizados neste mapeamento 85% deles foram publicados entre 2009 e 2014. A condução da pesquisa de artigos nas bibliotecas foi feita até o dia 06/11/2014, por essa razão a quantidade de artigos publicados em 2015 está baixa. Antes de 2009 as publicações referentes às linguagens de consulta eram mais numerosas na área de XML[10]. Pode-se observar no gráfico que o número de artigos publicados nesta época na área de linguagens de consulta em grafos não foi expressivo. Antes da década de 2000 o número de publicações foi pequeno. Os anos de 1989, 1990, 1992, 1993, 1996 e 1999 tiveram um artigo em cada ano, e dois artigos no ano 2000.

O gráfico da Figura 3 apresenta o número de publicações por ano e por base de dados. O gráfico indica as três bases de dados usadas nesse mapeamento: SD (*Science Direct*), IEEE (*IEEE explore*) e ACM (*ACM digital library*). É possível observar que a base ACM se mantém com o maior número de publicações ao longo dos anos. Os artigos repetidos e que foram removidos não tem influência nesse resultado já que foi desta base a maior quantidade de artigos repetidos que foram excluídos. Isso pode ser constatado na Tabela 3.

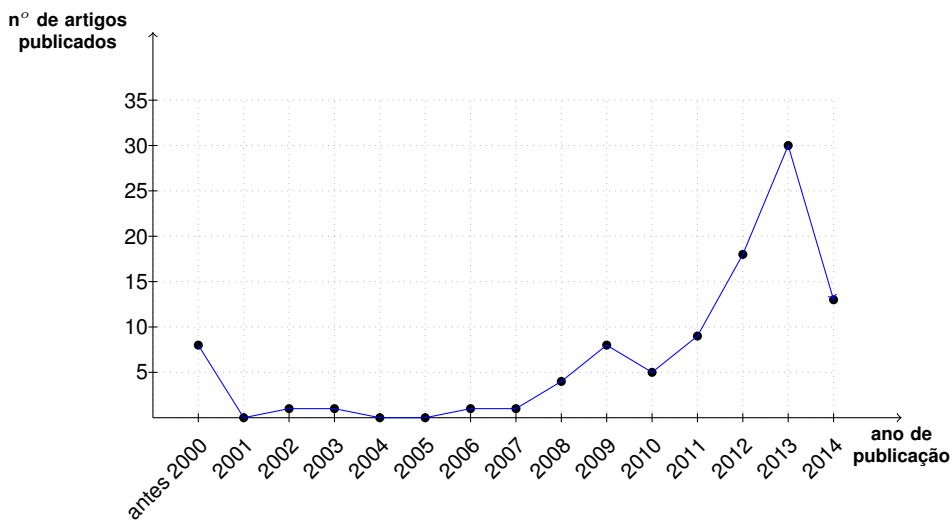


Figura 2. Publicações por ano.

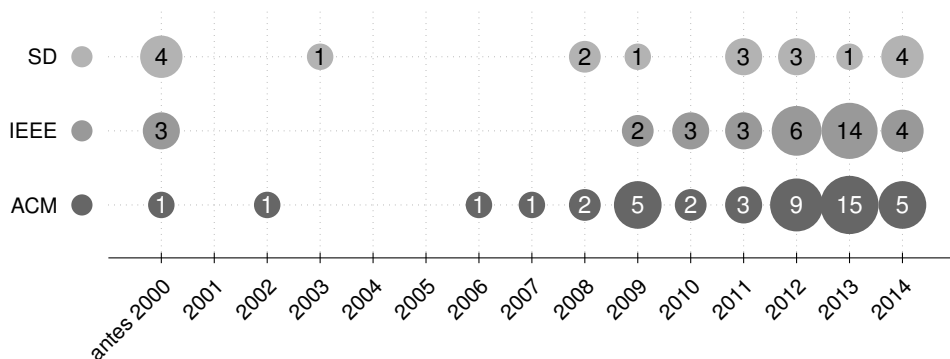


Figura 3. Publicações por ano e editora.

Há vários fatores que podem explicar esse retorno do modelo de dados em grafos. As redes sociais digitais, que ganharam popularidade nos últimos anos, são comumente representadas pelo modelo de dados em grafos. Os grafos são uma boa opção para as redes sociais por causa da sua característica de interconectividade, onde os vértices são entidades e as arestas são os relacionamentos entre as entidades. Nesses contextos a topologia, ou seja

a estrutura do grafo, é importante [3]. Neste mapeamento os tópicos relacionados às redes sociais são abordados nos resumos de 25% dos artigos selecionados.

Os grandes volumes de dados ou grandes grafos são gerados pelas redes sociais digitais e também estão presentes em diversos outros segmentos como análise social e *business intelligence* [40] [69] [34] [9] [90], farmacologia [37], partição e gerenciamento de dados [98] [87] [19] [81] [105], catálogos de referências bibliográficas [80], entre outros. Os tópicos relacionados a *big data* são abordados nos resumos de 48% dos artigos listados.

4.1 Análise das categorias

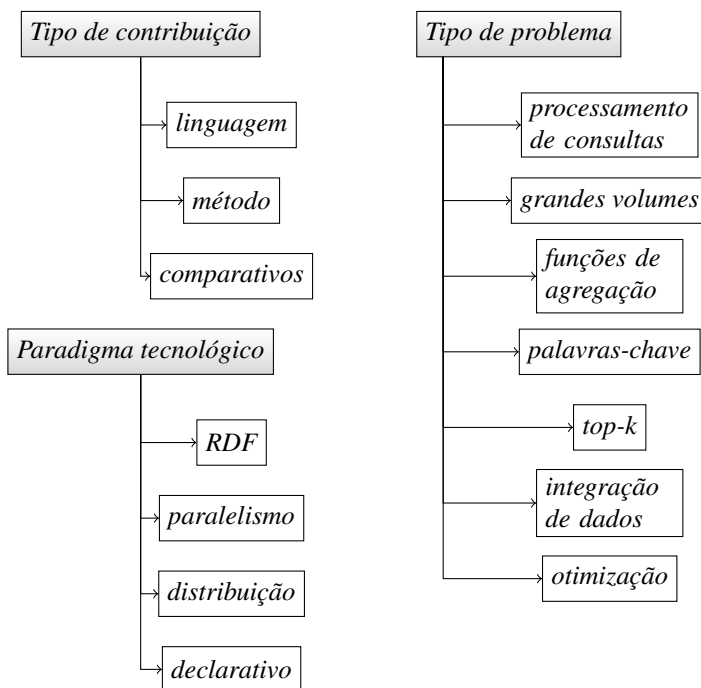


Figura 4. Divisão das categorias

Nesta seção serão analisadas as categorias de forma quantitativa, e também serão destacadas percepções a partir dos números apresentados. A Figura 4 apresenta um organograma de como as categorias foram divididas.

4.1.1 Tipo de contribuição Esta categoria teve como propósito indicar a principal contribuição do trabalho, o seu objetivo. A classificação do tipo de contribuição atribuía a um artigo se ele descrevia uma nova linguagem, um método ou conduzia um estudo comparativo. Como complemento a classificação também indicava se o artigo apresentava experimentos, e disponibilizava uma ferramenta.

Os artigos que apresentam uma nova linguagem de consulta ou uma extensão de uma linguagem já existente totalizaram 23%. Os artigos que apresentavam um método totalizaram 62%, e os estudos comparativos, que englobam *surveys* e estado-da-arte (visão atual sobre uma determinada área de estudo) totalizaram 17%. De todos esses artigos, 36% conduziram e apresentaram experimentos, e apenas 7% disponibilizavam ferramentas.

O número de artigos que conduziram e apresentaram experimentos foi considerada pequena pelos autores, sendo que menos da metade os apresentaram (36%). O experimentos são importantes na validação de um método ou ferramenta. Eles também são importantes para dar a possibilidade da audiência poder replicar o experimento e fazer comparativos.

4.1.2 Tipo de problema Esta categoria teve como propósito indicar o tipo de problema que o artigo pretende atacar. A classificação do tipo de problema se deu da seguinte forma: técnicas de processamento de consultas, gerenciamento de grandes volumes de dados, implementação de funções de agregação, técnicas de consultas por palavras-chave, técnicas de consultas *top-k*, integração de dados, e métodos de otimização de desempenho.

Os artigos que tem como foco técnicas de aperfeiçoamento do processamento de consultas são a maioria, representam 90%. Uma grande parte dos trabalhos está interessado em resolver problemas com o gerenciamento de grandes volumes de dados, estes representam 48%. A implementação de funções de agregação foi citada em 11% dos artigos. Consultas por palavras-chave e integração de dados representam 11% cada. Técnicas de consultas *top-k*, onde o número de resultados de uma consulta é limitado a um valor *k* representam 10%. E por fim, os artigos que implementam métodos de otimização de desempenho somaram 12%.

Como o foco principal deste mapeamento está nas linguagens de consulta para grafos era esperado que a maioria dos artigos tivessem como foco algum método ou algoritmo para melhoramento do processamento de consultas de uma forma geral. Dentro desta categoria, também foi possível observar que dentre todos os artigos que lidam com grandes volumes de dados (48% do total), 66% destes também implementam métodos para otimizar o seu desempenho. Lidar com um grande volume de dados frequentemente vem associado à busca de soluções para a melhoria do desempenho.

O aparecimento de diversos artigos que focam em consultas *top-k* mostra que nem sempre resultados completos são necessários. Dependendo do contexto, limitar estes resultados pode ser uma boa solução. Alguns trabalhos que lidam com *big data* como [71] e

[51] implementam consultas *top-k* que mostram apenas os resultados mais relevantes, seja porque os resultados completos não são necessários ou por uma questão de desempenho do algoritmo.

4.1.3 Paradigma tecnológico Esta categoria teve como propósito identificar o modelo de programação, paradigma de programação ou o tipo de tecnologia empregada. O paradigma de interesse para este mapeamento foi o declarativo, também entraram na classificação os grafos do tipo RDF, processamento paralelo e a distribuição de dados.

O paradigma declarativo foi detectado em 37% do total de artigos. Dentre os artigos que apresentam novas linguagens, 70% destas novas linguagens usam o paradigma declarativo. Os artigos que usam o modelo de dados RDF totalizaram 23%. Artigos que utilizam processamento paralelo somaram 12% e a distribuição de dados foi identificada em 8%. O uso do processamento paralelo, embora bastante popular, apresentou baixa percentagem neste mapeamento. Isso é explicado pelo fato de que o contexto deste trabalho está mais voltado para bancos de dados. O uso de termos como “linguagem de consulta” (*query language*) limita o aparecimento de trabalhos mais voltados para o processamento paralelo.

4.2 Relação entre as categorias

As Figuras 5 e 6 apresentam dois gráficos que fazem uma relação entre as categorias. O gráfico da Figura 5 apresenta uma relação entre a categoria “Tipo de contribuição” com as categorias “Tipo de problema” e “Paradigma tecnológico”. O gráfico da Figura 6 apresenta uma relação entre as categorias “Tipo de problema” e “Paradigma tecnológico”. Nestes gráficos é possível observar o número de publicações relacionando as subcategorias entre si.

Através do gráfico mostrado na Figura 5 é possível visualizar um maior volume de publicações relacionadas à melhoria no processamento de consultas e situações que envolvem grandes volumes de dados (lado esquerdo do gráfico). No lado direito do gráfico é possível visualizar que os grafos RDF também tem presença expressiva, especialmente com relação subcategoria “Método”. Também é expressiva a relação entre as contribuições “Linguagem” e “Método” e o paradigma “Declarativo”, onde 70% (16/23) das linguagem e 30% (18/62) dos métodos estão relacionados ao paradigma declarativo.

No gráfico da Figura 6 é possível fazer a seguinte observação: 61% (14/23) dos trabalhos que usam grafos RDF como base de dados estão associados com os grandes grafos. E ainda, (6/11) 55% implementam funções de agregação.

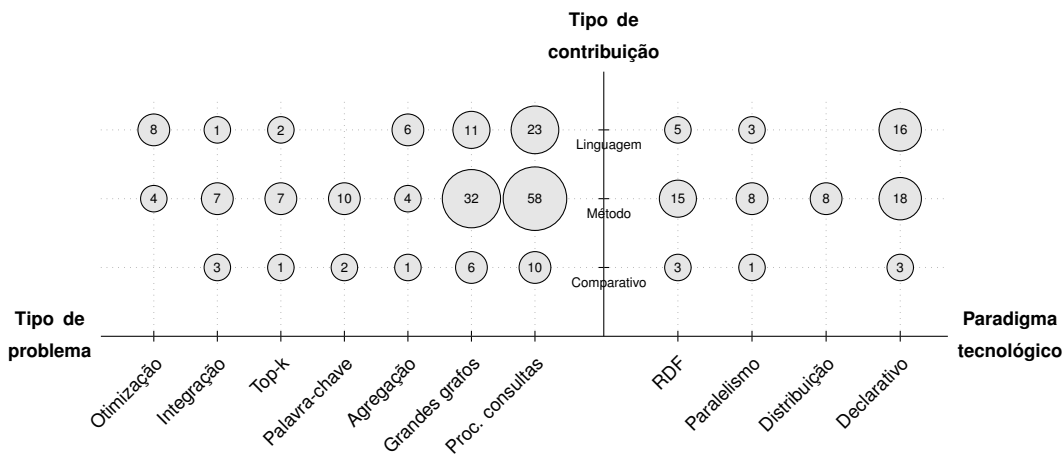


Figura 5. Relação entre a categoria “Tipo de contribuição” e as categorias “Tipo de problema” e “Paradigma tecnológico”.

4.3 Questões de pesquisa

Nesta seção será apresentada uma análise baseada nas questões de pesquisa que foram lançadas no início deste mapeamento.

- *QP1: Quais são as linguagens de consulta mais usadas no modelo de dados em grafo ao longo dos anos?*

Como não há uma linguagem padrão para uma base de dados em grafo, cada linguagem é criada ou estendida para atender ao seu problema específico [12]. A linguagem mais usada como base para a criação de novas linguagens é SQL (20% do total), a linguagem padrão para o modelo relacional, ou pelo menos estas novas linguagens usam uma sintaxe muito similar. Dentre elas podemos citar SQL/TC [23], BiQL [30], SoQL [79], SCOPE [108], e o trabalho apresentado em [97]. Dentre as baseadas em Datalog, uma linguagem de consulta para base de dados dedutivos, podemos citar Socialite [84], DatalogFS [65], Glog [34]. Dentre as baseadas em SPARQL, a linguagem de consulta recomendada para RDF, tem-se G-SPARQL [80], MashQL [46], SPARankQL [15]. A linguagem Cypher, que é a linguagem de consulta para sistemas Neo4j, foi usada como referência em [95][60][14]. Cypher também tem sido usada em comparativos, como em [42][4][43]. Outras linguagens que serviram como referência para novas linguagens são OQL e XPath.

- *QP2: Quantas dessas linguagens possuem suporte à agregação?*

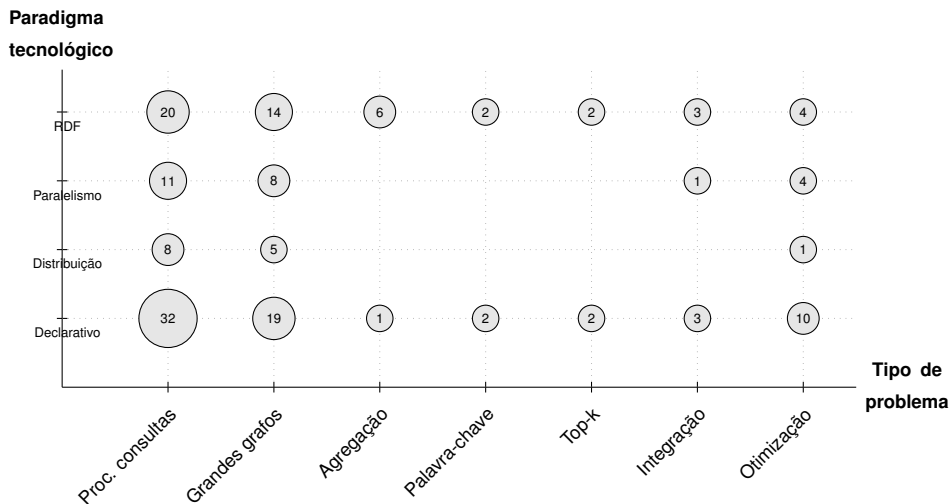


Figura 6. Relação entre “Tipo de problema” e “Paradigma tecnológico”.

A agregação é uma função bastante usada no modelo relacional, mas que não tem a mesma popularidade no modelo de dados para grafo. Uma função de agregação usa o resultado de uma consulta como valor intermediário para fazer uma outra operação. As funções de agregação mais comuns são soma, média, maior valor e menor valor. Os trabalhos que apontaram para o uso de funções de agregação somam apenas 11% do total. Aqui pode-se sinalizar uma área com potencial a ser explorado.

- *QP3: Quais paradigmas são mais usados na definição das linguagens de consulta para o modelo de dados em grafos?*

Das linguagens que foram identificadas neste mapeamento, a maioria delas, 70% são linguagens declarativas. Dentre estas, a maior parte usam o estilo de consultas “SELECT –WHERE –FROM” que é conhecido como o estilo SQL. O uso desse estilo é justificado muitas vezes pelo fato de ser muito conhecido, o que tornaria a compreensão da nova linguagem mais rápida.

5 Conclusões

Este mapeamento sistemático apresentou uma investigação acerca de linguagens de consulta para base de dados em grafos. Foram usados um total de 101 artigos que foram

distribuídos em categorias que facilitaram a extração e análise de informações sobre o tema.

A partir desta análise foi concluído que o uso da base de dados em grafos teve um aumento no número de publicações a partir da década de 2000. Com o avanço da internet e das redes sociais, a busca por diferentes tecnologias além do modelo relacional ficou evidenciada.

O modelo de dados em grafos não possui uma linguagem de consulta padrão, a maioria das contribuições são específicas para o domínio em que é aplicado. No entanto, os grafos RDF que possuem uma recomendação (*W3C recommendation*) para linguagem de consulta, usam o SPARQL como referência para novas linguagens e extensões.

Os números deste mapeamento destacaram o uso do paradigma declarativo para a construção de novas linguagens, sem indicativo claro de uma mudança nesse sentido para os próximos anos. Também foi identificado que as funções de agregação não são muito exploradas nas linguagens de consulta, indicando que este tópico tem potencial para trabalhos futuros.

Além das conclusões específicas deste estudo, o mesmo serviu para repertoriar as principais contribuições da área de linguagens de consulta para bases de dados em grafos, servindo, assim, como fonte de referências bibliográficas da área, em complemento a outras fontes como [10][3][5].

Contribuição dos autores:

- Simone de Oliveira SANTOS: Conduziu a pesquisa e escreveu o artigo.

- Mirian Halfeld Ferrari Alves e Martin A. Musicante: Supervisão da condução da pesquisa. Os co-autores indicaram bases de dados, trabalharam na formulação das strings de busca e revisaram a escrita do artigo. Também foram os responsáveis pelo direcionamento referente aos tipos de gráficos apresentados no trabalho e associações a serem feitas.

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ANEXO

Tabela 4: Categoria: tipo de contribuição.

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Tabela 5: Categoria: tipo de problema.

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Tabela 6: Categoria: paradigma tecnológico.

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