Highly defatted insect meal in Siberian sturgeon juveniles feeds

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- 13 Recent investigations highlighted that insect protein meals can be a more sustainable alternative to
- 14 conventional protein used so far in aquaculture. Hermetia illucens (HI) is a good candidate due to
- 15 its valuable nutritional properties. The aim of this research was to evaluate the effects of fishmeal
- 16 (FM) substitution by a highly defatted HI larvae meal in sturgeon juveniles feeds.
- 17 Four diets were formulated: a control (70% of FM CF), two diets where FM was replaced by 25
- 18 (HI25) and 50% (HI50) of HI and a vegetable protein based diet without HI (CV).
- 19 352 Acipenser baerii were distributed in 16 fiberglass tanks. Each diet was assigned to 4 groups of
- 20 22 fish and feed was distributed to apparent satiation.
- 21 At the end of the trial (118 days) fish growth performances were calculated, and whole body
- 22 (WBC) proximate and fatty acid (FA) composition were analyzed.
- Data were statistically analyzed by one way ANOVA. Significance level was set at P<0.05.
- Results indicate that the inclusion of HI affected fish performances and WBC. Generally, up to 25%
- of FM substitution, fish performance was comparable to those of fish fed CF or CV while the 50%
- substitution induced a worsening of performance parameters and the same trend was observed for
- WBC. Lauric acid and total saturated FA contents were higher in fisg fed HI when compared to CF
- and CV groups. Monounsaturated, polyunsaturated, and n3 and n6 FA contents showed differences
- among groups, with lowest values for CF; however, no differences were found in the n3/n6 FA ratio
- in WB of CF and HI25 groups.