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On a variational problem modelling necking deformation

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Lecture Notes in Mathematics

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Cetraro, Italy 2005

Editors: B. Dacorogna, P. Marcellini







C.I.M.E. means Centro Internazionale Matematico Estivo, that is, International Mathematical Summer have been involved in a way or another in C.I.M.E.'s activities during the past years. community where it remains in good health and spirit. Many mathematicians from all over the world Center. Conceived in the early fifties, it was born in 1954 and made welcome by the world mathematical

operators the main purposes and the functioning of the Centre may be summarized as follows: every So they already know what the C.I.M.E. is all about. For the benefit of future potential users and cocialists of international renown, plus a certain number of seminars mathematics are offered by application to mathematicians from all countries. Each session is generally year, during the summer, Sessions (three or four as a rule) on different themes from pure and applied based on three or four main courses (24-30 hours over a period of 6-8 working days) held from spe-

A C.I.M.E. Session, therefore, is neither a Symposium, nor just a School, but maybe a blend of both perspectives of some branch of live mathematics. The aim is that of bringing to the attention of younger researchers the origins, later developments, and

nity to young participants to be acquainted with the most advance research in the topics of the courses of the courses and the daily exchange among participants are a first building brick in the edifice of and the possibility of an interchange with the world famous specialists. The full immersion atmosphere cover the expertise of different countries and continents. Such combination, gave an excellent opportu international collaboration in mathematical research. The topics of the courses are generally of international resonance and the participation of the courses

Italy e-mail: zecca@unifi.it	50139 Florence	Via S. Marta, 3	Università di Firenze	Dipartimento di Energetica "S. Stecco"	Pietro ZECCA	C.I.M.E. Director
Italy e-mail: mascolo@math.unifi.it	50134 Florence	viale G.B. Morgagni 67/A	Università di Firenze	Dipartimento di Matematica	Elvira MASCOLO	C.I.M.E. Secretary

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and Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations Calculus of Variations

held in Cetraro, Italy June 27–July 2, 2005 C.I.M.E. Summer School Lectures given at the

With a historical overview by Elvira Mascolo

Editors: Bernard Dacorogna, Paolo Marcellini





CIME Courses on Partial Differential Equations and Calculus of Variations

Elvira Mascolo

Dipartimento di Matematica "U.Dini", Università di Firenze, viale Morgagni 67/A, 50134 Firenze, Italy mascolo@math.unifi.it

David Hilbert used to say

every real progress walks hand in hand with the discovery of more and more rigorous tools and simpler methods which meanwhile make easier the understanding of previous theories.

Nevertheless Augustus De Morgan used to say

The mental attitude which stimulate the mathematical invention is not only a sharp reasoning but rather a deep imagination.

The "progress" Hilbert was talking about is based – in mathematics more than in other scientific fields – upon teaching and collaboration and the "imagination" De Morgan was referring to, must be stimulated through a progressive and gradual learning.

Both history and everybody personal experience show that mathematical learning and its improvement is not just a matter of studying books and original articles, but rather that of a continuous and effective relationships with our own teacher(s) and collegues, rising new questions and discussing together their possible answers.

In the Fifties a group of outstanding Italian mathematicians, all member of the Scientific Committee of UMI (the Union of Italian Mathematicians) under the presidency of Enrico Bompiani, decided that it was the moment to rise the mathematical research in Italy to the level it was before the Second Worldly War and that it should be done through the organisation of high level courses. They realized the importance of providing the young researchers with the possibility of learning the new theories, subjects and themes which were appearing in those years and of mastering the new techniques and tools.

It was right in those years that the CIME was founded and the first course was held in Varenna (a charming small city on the Como lake) in 1954. The subject was on Functional Analysis, which can be considered at that time a new subject. More precisely:

Funzionali Analitici ed Anelli Normati Varenna (Como), June 9–18, 1954

Seminars: M. Cugiani (Univ. Milano), F. Pellegrino (INAM, Roma), G.B. Lorch (Columbia Univ.) Lectures: L. Amerio (Politecuico Milano), L. Fantapié (Univ. Roma), E.R.

The second was also held in Varenna in the month of August of the same

Rizza (Univ. Genova)

Quadratura Delle Superficie e Questioni Connesse Varenna (Como), August 16–25,

Univ.), Chr.Y. Pauc (Univ. Rennes) Lectures: R. Caccioppoli (Univ. Napoli), L. Cesari, (Univ. Bologna, Purdue

Seminars: A. Finzi (Technion, Haifa), A. Zygmund (Univ. Chicago)

Geometric Theory of Measure. Caccioppoli to the development of the modern Functional Analysis and the without the suspect of being limited the contributions given for example by Renato Caccioppoli, Lamberto Cesari and Antoni Zygmund. How can we recall The exceptional personalities were the teachers chosen in that occasion:

contacts among distinguished scientists and young researchers, coming from in Italy. In fact the CIME activities have favoured and promoted personal crucial role in promoting and developing the mathematical research, not only basically every aspect of mathematics, both pure and applied, thus playing a all over the world. In the subsequent fifty-one years the CIME organized 163 courses covering

the young investigators and a real support for the most mature ones. and the organization of courses is an exceptional instrument of formation for The mathematics in last years has known a nearly explosive development

methods to new problems, to start joint papers. to develop new subjects, to suggest new methods, to learn how to apply old The full immersion, permitted by a common location, is the right preamble

mean of diffusion of the mathematical culture. that they have been all published and the C.I.M.E. Sessions are an essential One main reason for the success of CIME courses was in particular the fact

The texts of lectures and seminars of each Session were all published:

- The volumes of Sessions 1-39 are actually out of print
- Firenze, Italy The volumes of Sessions 39-70 are on the Catalogue of Edizioni Cremonese
- The volumes of Sessions 71-83 are on the Catalogue of Liguori Editore,
- Since 1981 all courses notes are being published by Springer Verlag in Subseries (Fondazione C.I.M.E.) of the Lectures Notes in Mathematics

courses held on these topics in the past fifty years of his history. of the Calculus of Variation ad Nonlinear Differential Equation via the CIME My aim today is to guide you in a ideal journey through the development

the beginning of the past century, have blowed up during the entire century himself could have never imagined. been so fast than the so-called "variational questions" raised by Hilbert at be considered as standard; however in these fifty years the developments have (particularly the second half), in so many and different directions that Hilbert For the majority of younger people these arguments and techniques are to

Quoting James Serrin we could say that

new ideas and results appeared from the end of the Second Worldly only a few years ago would have thought of as unbelivable.... more War until the present day than from the time of Talete until the year the relevant field of investigation is nowadays so spread and wide that

scientific level of the directors and lectures. The CIME courses on these subjects are all worthy of remark for the high

the last 51 years. allows to appreciate the significant role that the CIME Foundation played in In the following I will give a short presentation of each of them which

In 1958 Alessandro Faedo was the Scientific Direction of a session, strictly related with the variational questions and in particular devoted to the minima principles and their applications. v

Principio di Minimo e le sue Applicazioni in Analisi Funzionale Pisa, September 1–10, 1958

Director: S. Faedo (Univ. Pisa)

Seminars: S. Agmon (Hebrew Univ. Jerusalem), G. Fichera (Univ. Roma), California, Berkeley), L. Nirenberg (Courant Institute) Lectures: L. Bers (Courant Institute), Ch. B. Morrey Jr. (Univ. Of

are published on Annali Scuola Normale di Pisa. two of the most important among the personalities in the Calculus of Notice the presence as lectures of Charles Jr. Morrey, and Louis Niremberg, G. Stampacchia (Univ. Genova). Variations and Partial Differential Equations of past century. The notes

In 1961 Enrico Bompiani was the Scientific Director of a session which can of Variations. be considered a first approach to the geometric methods in the Calculus

Geometria del Calcolo delle Variazioni Saltino (Firenze), August 21-30, 1961

Director: E. Bompiani (Univ. Roma).

Lectures: H. Busemann (Univ. of Southern Calif., Los Angeles), E.T. Davies (Univ. Southampton), D. Laugwitz (Technische Hochschule, Darmstadt).

• In 1964, Guido Stampacchia was the Scientific Director of a very interesting session, in which we note the relevance not only the lecturers but also of the young researchers which gave a seminar.

Equazioni Differenziali non Lineari Varenna (Como), August 30 – September 8, 1964

Director: G. Stampacchia (Univ. Pisa).

Lectures: P. Lax (New York Univ.), J. Leray (Collège De France), J. Moser (New York Univ.).

Seminars: R. Courant (New York Univ.), E. Degiorgi (Scuola Normale Superiore, Pisa), J. Friberg (Univ. Lund), J. Necas (CSAV, Praha), I. Segal (M.I.T.), G. Stampacchia (Univ. Pisa) O. Vejvoda (CSAV, Praha). Unfortunately there is not the text of the seminar given by Ennio de Giorgi. In 1966 Roberto Conti, one of the most important Italian mathematician and in some sense the father of CIME (he was Scientific Secretary since 1954 to 1974 and the Director of CIME Foundation since 1975 to 1998) was the Scientific Director of a session dedicated to the applications of the methods of Calculus of Variation to Control Theory that at that times was called "modern" Calculus of Variations.

Calculus of Variations, Classical and Modern Bressanone (Bolzano), June 10–18, 1966

Director: R. Conti (Univ. Firenze).

Lectures: A. Blaquiere (Univ. Paris-Orsay), L. Cesari (Univ. Michigan), E. Rothe (Univ. Michigan), E. O. Roxin (Univ. Buenos Aires).

Seminars: C. Castaing (Univ. Caen), H. Halkin (Univ. California, La Jolla), C. Olech (Univ. Krakow).

In 1972 Enrico Bombieri was the Scientific Director of a session dedicated to the Geometric measures. The lecturers are one of the most important in the field: Enrico Giusti, Frederik Almgren and Mario Miranda.

Geometric Measure Theory and Minimal Surfaces Varenna (Como), August 25 – September 2, 1972

Director: E. Bombieri (Univ. Pisa).

Lectures: W.K. Allard (Princeton Univ.), F.J. Almgren (Princeton Univ.), E. Bombieri, E. Giusti (Univ. Pisa), M. Miranda (Univ. Ferrara).

Seminars: J. Guckenheimer (Princeton Univ.), D. Kinderlehrer (Univ.)

Seminars: J. Guckenheimer (Princeton Univ.), D. Kinderlehrer (Univ. Minnesota), L. Piccinini (SNS, Pisa).

In 1973 Guido Stampacchia and Gianfranco Capriz were the Scientific Directors of an important session on the Variational Methods in Mathematical Physics, which at that time were called "new".

New Variational Techniques in Mathematical Physics Bressanone (Bolzano), June 17-26, 1973

Directors: G. Capriz (Univ. Pisa), G. Stampacchia (SNS, Pisa).

Lectures: G. Duvaut (Univ. Paris XIII), J.J. Moreau (Univ. Languedoc, Montpellier), B. Nayroles (Univ. Poitiers).

Seminars: C. Baiocchi (Univ. Pavia), Ch. Castaing (Univ. Languedoc, Montpellier), D. KinderJehrer (Univ. Minnesota), H. Lanchon (Univ. Essex), J.M. Lasry (Univ. Paris-Dauphine), W. Noll (Carnegie Mellon Univ.), W. Velte (Univ. Wurzburg).

• In 1984 Enrico Giusti was the Scientific Director of a session devoted to the Harmonic Mapping.

Harmonic Mappings and Minimal Immersions Montecatini Terme (Pistoia), June 24 – July 3, 1984

Director: E. Giusti (Univ. Firenze).

Lectures: S. Hildebrandt (Univ. Bonn), J. Jost (Univ. Bonn), L. Simon

(Australian Nat. Univ., Canberra).

Seminars: J.H. Sampson (Johns Hopkins Univ.), M. Seppala (Univ.)

 In 1987 Mariano Giaquinta was the Scientific Ddirector of a session in which different aspects of the Calculus of Variations were presented.

Topics in Calculus of Variations Montecatini Terme (Pistoia), July 20–28, 1987

Director: M. Giaquinta (Univ. Firenze).

Lectures: L. Caffarelli (IAS, Princeton), A. J. Moser (ETH, Zurich), L. Nirenberg (Courant Inst.), R. Schoen (Univ. California, San Diego), A. Tromba (Max-Planck Inst., Bonn).

In this session for the first time Luis Caffarelli was a lecture. It is the begin of his valuable collaboration with C.I.M.E..

 In 1989 Arrigo Cellina was the Scientific Director of a session devoted to non convex problems and the methods for studying different subjects.
 In particular the non convex functionals of Calculus of Variations were considered.

Methods of Nonconvex Analysis Varenna (Como), June 15–23, 1989

Director: A. Cellina (SISSA, Trieste).

Lectures: I. Ekeland (Univ. Paris, Dauphine), P. Marcellini (Univ. Firenze), A. Marino (Univ. Pisa), C. Olech (PAN, Warszawa), G. Pianigiani (Univ. Siena), T.R. Rockafellar (Univ. Washington, Seattle), M. Valadier (USTL, Montpellier).

In 1995 Italo Capuzzo Dolcetta and Piere Louis Lions were the Scientific tions in several fields of Partial Differential Equations. Directors of a session devoted to the viscosity solution and their applica-

Montecatini Terme (Pistoia), June 12–20, 1995 Viscosity Solutions and Applications

(Univ. Paris Dauphine). Directors: I. Capuzzo Dolcetta (Univ. Roma, La Sapienza), P.L. Lions

Mellon Univ.), P.E. Souganidis (Univ. Wisconsin) Barbara), L.C. Evans (Univ. California, Berkeley), M.H. Soner (Carnegie Lectures: M. Bardi (Univ. Padova), M.G. Crandall (Univ. California, Santa

partecipated several times in the CIME activities. One of the lecturers was L. C. Evans, which in the subsequent years has

and the Plateau Problem the Ginzburg-Landau equations, the microstructure and phase transitions of a session, devoted to the contributions of the variational methods for In 1996 Stefan Hildebrandt and Michael Struwe were Scientific Directors

Calculus of Variations and Geometric Evolution Problems Cetraro (Cosenza), June 15-22, 1996

Diego), S. Muller (ETH, Zurich), K. Steffen (Univ. Dusseldorf). Lectures: F. Bethuel (ENS, Cachan), R. Hamilton (Univ. Califonia, San Directors: S. Hildebrandt (Univ. Bonn), M. Struwe (ETH, Zurich).

In 2001 Luis Caffarelli with Sandro Salsa were the Scientific Directors of considering different point of views and perspectives, a session which represents a basic guide on Optimal Transportation, by

Martina Franca (Taranto), September 2–8, 2001 Optimal Transportation and Applications

Directors:Caffarelli (Univ. Texas, Austin), S. Salsa (Politecnico

VI), C. Villani (Ecole Normale Sup., Lyon). L.C. Evans (Univ. California, Berkeley), Y. Brenier (LAN-UPMC, Paris Lectures: L. Caffarelli (Univ. Texas, Austin), G. Buttazzo (Univ. Pisa),

the Calculus of Variations is still an interesting and alive subject the history of C.I.M.E.. Such wide partecipation is a clear indication that this session, with almost 150 partecipants, the most attended course of Bernard Dacorogna and Paolo Marcellini are the Scientific Directors of

Calculus of Variations and NonLinear Partial Differential Equations

Cetraro (Cosenza), June 27 – July 2, 2005

Firenze) Directors: Bernard Dacorogna (EPLF, Lausanne) Paolo Marcellini (Univ.

> Berkeley, Usa), G. Dal Maso (SISSA, Trieste), N. Fusco (Univ. Napoli). Crandall (Univ. California, Santa Barbara), L.C. Evans (Univ. California, Lectures L. Ambrosio (SNS Pisa), L.A. Caffarelli (Univ. Texas, Austin), M.

Nonlinear PDE a new field to be added to the traditional ones coming from In these last years social and human sciences offered to the theory on

physics and natural sciences. fulness and opportunity of the interactions between reason-and experience for Even Hilbert in his famous conference in Paris in 1900, stressed the fruit-

search is important and absolutely necessary, also without direct applications the development of the mathematical theories However, nowadays it is a widespread opinion that pure mathematical re-

Let me conclude by recalling the opinion of Cantor: The essence of mathematics is freedom and independence....

freedom expressed as driving curiosity of a bright child.... world we all live in. freedom to pursue innocent fascination until it finally touched the