

Cedarville University DigitalCommons@Cedarville

The Research and Scholarship Symposium

The 2014 Symposium

Apr 16th, 2:20 PM - 2:40 PM

Webcam Child Sex Tourism: An Emerging Global Issue

Emily Puffer Cedarville University, emilypuffer@cedarville.edu

Kelly McDonald Cedarville University, kamcdonald@cedarville.edu

Madison Pross Cedarville University, mpross@cedarville.edu

Deanna Hudson Cedarville University, dnhudson@cedarville.edu

Follow this and additional works at: http://digitalcommons.cedarville.edu/ research_scholarship_symposium



Part of the Social and Behavioral Sciences Commons

Puffer, Emily; McDonald, Kelly; Pross, Madison; and Hudson, Deanna, "Webcam Child Sex Tourism: An Emerging Global Issue" (2014). The Research and Scholarship Symposium. 15. http://digitalcommons.cedarville.edu/research_scholarship_symposium/2014/podium_presentations/15

This Podium Presentation is brought to you for free and open access by DigitalCommons@Cedarville, a service of the Centennial Library. It has been accepted for inclusion in The Research and Scholarship Symposium by an authorized administrator of Digital Commons@Cedarville. For more information, please contact digitalcommons@cedarville.edu.



Webcam Child Sex Tourism

Deanna Hudson, Kelly McDonald, Madison Pross, & Emily Puffer

Webcam Child Sex Tourism

- What is it?
- Supply and Demand
- Global Policy
- What can we do about it?

What is it?

Definition

Webcam Child Sex Tourism (WCST)

The newest form of child exploitation, where adults pay to direct and view live-streaming video footage of children in another country performing sexual acts in front of a webcam.

What is Webcam Child Sex Tourism

- New and largely unknown
- Involves children-primarily in the Philippines
- Makes it easier for child predators to get away with the acts
- Online Campaign/World Tourism Network on Child Protection Meeting



Sample of a conversation that took place on April 8, 2013 between a predator seeking a webcam sex performance from a Terre des Hommes Netherlands researcher posing on a public chat room as a 10-year-old Filipino girl.

Example Chat between perpetrator and child

Why the Philippines?

- "At this point in time, there's no other country yet. It is purely the Philippines where children are offered for this kind of service."
- "The Philippines is in the supply side of the problem... But WCST will not be limited to the Philippines...We have to address this source of the problem with international support,"
 - Hans Guijt, head of special projects and campaign of Terre Des Hommes Netherlands

Supply and Demand

Supply and Demand

- The Scope of WCST
 - Family-Run WCST Operations
 - -WCST "Dens"
 - -Individual WCST Operations
- The Effects of Childhood Sexual Trauma
 - Terre des Hommes Netherlands Study
 - Traumatic Sexualization, Betrayal, and Powerlessness

Supply and Demand

Global Demand

- Transient Traveling Sex Offenders (TTSO)
- 750,000 Sex Offenders Connected to the Internet at any given Moment

(Terre Des Hommes, 2013; Child Exploitation and Online Protection Centre, 2013)

Global Policy

The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC)

- Implemented in 1989
- International human rights treaty that grants all children and young people a set of rights
- Obligates governments to take action

Article 34

States Parties undertake to protect the child from all forms of sexual exploitation and sexual abuse. For these purposes, States Parties shall in particular take all appropriate national, bilateral and multilateral measures to prevent:

- (a) The inducement or coercion of a child to engage in any unlawful sexual activity;
- (b) The exploitative use of children in prostitution or other unlawful sexual practices;
- (c) The exploitative use of children in pornographic performances and materials.

Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child, on the Sale of Children, Child Prostitution, and Child Pornography (OPSC)

OPSC

• Implemented in 2002

Supplements the UNCRC

• Its definition of pornography and prostitution in Article 2 can be applied to Webcam Child Sex

Article 2

For the purposes of the present Protocol:

- (a) Sale of children means any act or transaction whereby a child is transferred by any person or group of persons to another for remuneration or any other consideration;
- (b) Child prostitution means the use of a child in sexual activities for remuneration or any other form of consideration;
- (c) Child pornography means any representation, by whatever means, of a **child engaged in real or simulated explicit sexual activities** or any representation of the sexual parts of a child for primarily sexual purposes.

(United Nation's Office of High Commissioner for Human Rights, 2012)

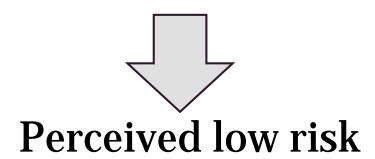
National Criminal Codes

• Philippine's Republic Act No. 10175

"The willful engagement, maintenance, control, or operation, directly or indirectly, of any lascivious exhibition of sexual organs or sexual activity, with the aid of a computer system, for favor or consideration"

Reactive vs. Proactive Policy

Current system relies on people to report acts of Webcam Child Sex



Sting Operations



(Terre Des Hommes, 2013)

Reactive vs. Proactive Policy

Sting operations



What can we do about it?

An estimated **750,000 pedophiles** are online, but only six men have so far been convicted of paying young people to perform sex acts in front of webcams.

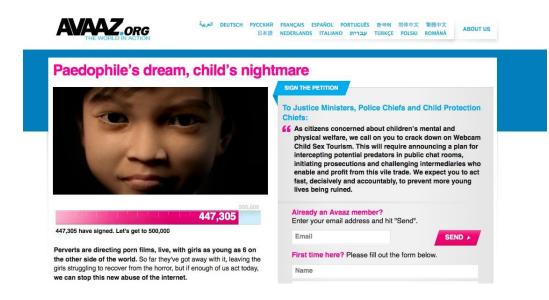
What can we do long term?

- Raise awareness for others
- Encourage others to research and understand the issue
- Help to create and implement stronger laws and law enforcement in other countries
- Support responsible businesses
- Avoid giving money to child beggars

What can we do right now?

Sign the online petition

-http://avaaz.org/en/wcst/



SIGN THE PETITION

To Justice Ministers, Police Chiefs and Child Protection Chiefs:

As citizens concerned about children's mental and physical welfare, we call on you to crack down on Webcam Child Sex Tourism. This will require announcing a plan for intercepting potential predators in public chat rooms, initiating prosecutions and challenging intermediaries who enable and profit from this vile trade. We expect you to act fast, decisively and accountably, to prevent more young lives being ruined.

Email		SEND
irst time here?	Please fill out the	form below.
Name		

Questions?

References

- American Psychological Association. (2014). *Child sexual abuse: What parents should know.* Retrieved from http://www.apa.org/pi/families/resources/child-sexual-abuse.aspx
- Child Exploitation and Online Protection Centre. (2013). *Threat assessment of child sexual exploitation and abuse*. London, England.
- Ronda, Rainer A. (2014). *Philippines main source of webcam child sex tourism*. Retrieved from http://www.philstar.com/metro/2014/02/14/1290123/phl-main-source-webcam-child-sex-tourism.
- Terre Des Hommes (2013). *Tens of thousands of child victims in international online sex crimes case closed* [Press release]. Retrieved from http://www.terredeshommes.org/wpcontent/uploads/2013/11/PR-Webcam-Child-Sex-Tourism-TDH-NL-04.11.2013.pdf.

References

Terre Des Hommes. (2013). *Webcam child sex tourism*. Netherlands: Terre Des Hommes.

United Kingdom's Department of Education. (2014). *United Nations*Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC). Retireved from http://www.education.gov.uk/childrenandyoungpeople/healthandwell eing/b0074766/uncrc.

United Nation's Children Fund. (2005). *Using the convention and protocols for children*. Retrieved from http://www/unicef.org/crc/index_using.htm l.

References

United Nation's Office of High Commissioner for Human Rights. (2012).

Optional protocol to the convention on the rights of the child on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography. Retrieved from http://www.ohchr.org/EN/ProfessionalInterest/Pages/OPSCCRC.aspx.

World Tourism Organization. (2013). 28th meeting of the World Touism Network on Child Protection. Berlin, Germany: World Tourism Network on Child Protection.