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A Competence-Based Curriculum for Environmental Health

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One Road......Many Paths!

A Competence-based Curriculum for Environmental Health

Maurice Brennan; Birmingham University, UK
Tony Lewis; Chartered Institute of Environmental Health, UK
Steve Konkel; Dublin Institute of Technology, Dublin, Eire





The Problem

- In a fast changing world, qualifications that base themselves on the attainment of knowledge:
 - Have a limited 'half-life' c.18 months
 - Tend to be parochial i.e. country-focussed
 - May be perceived as the keys to an 'exclusive' club





Question

 Is there an approach that addresses this problem and focuses on what Environmental Health Practitioners can actually do?





Solution?

"Competence.....not qualifications"

UK Cabinet Office 2007





The key definitions - Competence

 A cluster of related knowledge, skills and attitudes that affect a major part of one's job (role or responsibilities), that can be <u>measured</u> against some sort of occupational standards and can be improved by training and development
 (Parry 1996)





More than just knowledge, because.....

Knowledge <u>without</u> experience is merely information

Albert Einstein





The key definitions - Capability

 Describes an individual's <u>potential to</u> develop and is to do with future competence

Chartered Society of Physiotherapists (2005)





The key definitions - Competencies

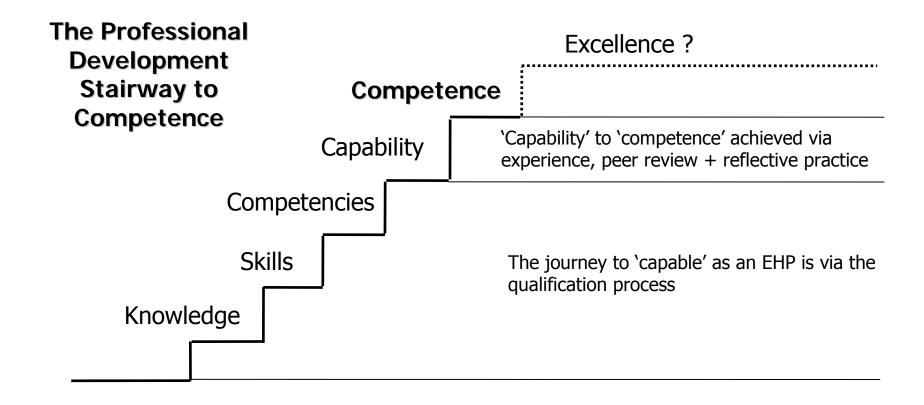
 A range of applied abilities and skills that relate to capability

Chartered Society of Physiotherapists (2005)





Competence - how do I develop it ?







Competence – the key questions

- Why is it important?
- How do I develop it ?
- How do I (or others) measure it ?
- What if I'm not ?





Competence - why is it important?

To me:

- Personal satisfaction
- Career development
- Recognition by colleagues
- Recognition by employers/customers





Competence - why is it important?

To the Environmental Health Profession:

Professional standing (legal, political, interprofessional, international)





Competence - why is it important?

To the wider Community:

- Confidence in us to deliver to the appropriate standard ('fit for purpose')
- Our decisions are accepted and trusted





Competence - the bigger picture

- International Perspective
 - Global market
 - Transferability of qualifications
 - Irrespective of where we practice there is a common core to that activity





Competence - how do I develop it?

- Begins with:
 - Course of study
 - Practice and reflection upon it via learning portfolios
 - Professional assessments





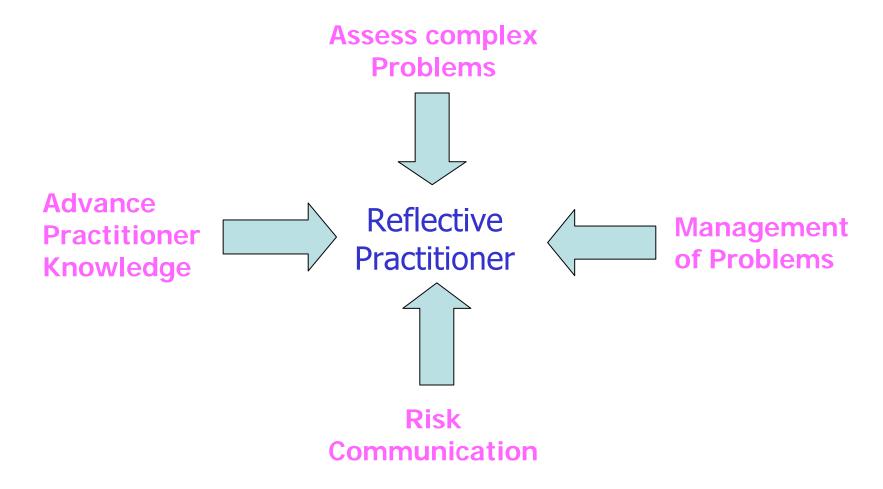
Continues with life long learning.....

- Vocational PG courses
- CPD courses.
- Conferences, seminars etc
- Work-based learning





Focuses on the reflective practitioner







International recognition question

 Whilst competence might deal with the knowledge and exclusivity issues, how does it solve the international recognition question?





International recognition question (2)

 It can do so IF we can construct a framework of competencies that encapsulates the essence of who and what we are!





IFEH involvement

 In 2000 (Sweden) IFEH tasked the academic community to develop an international environmental health framework for curricula







10TH WORLD CONGRESS ON ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

International Faculty Forum

Griffith University

May 11, 2008







Sunday 11th May 2008

- Discussion facilitated by Steve Konkel
- Consideration of previously circulated document, "Environmental Health Qualifications (Draft 1) Dec. 2007 Draft" by Barbara Delaney, DIT, Dublin
- Essential to involve both Internal and External Stakeholders of IFEH
- Conclusions by consensus







Benefits

- Mobility / Useful "shield"
- Recruitment of EHOs and EHPs
- Retention of EHOs and EHPs
- "International Visibility" & Image
- Attracting Students to the Field
 - Mobility
 - Placement
 - Research opportunity







Challenges

- Representative of all countries
- Applicable to all countries
- Uniformity in application
- Problems with international transposition of terms and terminology







Understanding the Key Competency Base

- Transferable skills are most highly valued
- Problem solving and critical thinking skills are key to resolving pressing Environmental Health issues
- Examples of key words:
 - 'identify'
 - 'articulate'
 - 'integrate'
- Additional articulation can be found in the work of Maurice Brennan and Tony Lewis







IFF outcomes

- Essential to develop a common framework for environmental health practice
- Use a competency-based approach
- Benefits greatly outweigh the downside
- Seek wide consultation of the IFEH Membership
- <u>Before</u> final decisions:
 - Instruct participants to fully represent their values in developing country-specific requirements
- Foster efforts to represent all countries





2008

 IFF agrees that 'EHness' should be the basis of such a framework for curricula





'EHness' is what EHPs have and others do not !!!

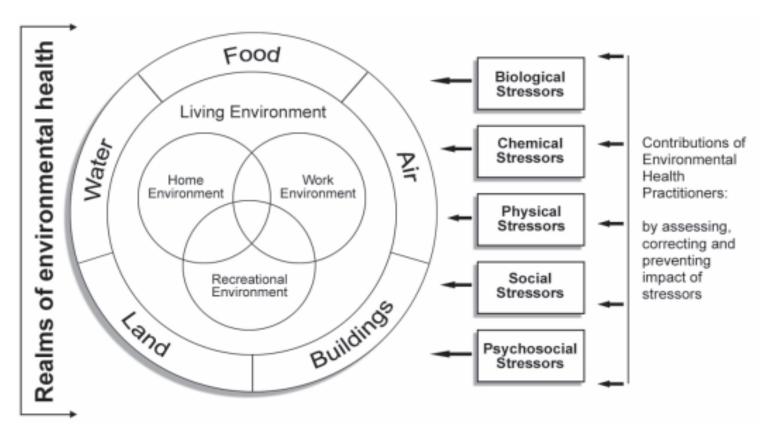
 It's an ability to identify, assess and manage risks to (public) health that arise from the impact of a range of stressors on our world





Environmental Health 2012 - A key partner in delivering the public health agenda

Sue Burke, Ian Gray, Karen Paterson and Dr Jane Meyrick; Health Development Agency, UK 2002







There are three dimensions to 'EHness'

- Knowledge
- Skills
- Method





The knowledge

- Anatomy physiology and basic toxicology
- Social, physical and natural sciences
- Communicable and non-communicable diseases

 vectors and control mechanisms (surveillance and control)
- Research methods
- Basic principles of risk assessment and management
- Principles of pest control and management





The knowledge (2)

- The built environment
- The principles of pollution prevention and control
- Health protection measures and methods
- Inequalities in health
- Principles of sustainable development
- Legal principles and processes





The Skills

- Determine and articulate the nature of a hazard and quantify the level of risk associated with that hazard
- Plan and execute statistically reliable sampling programmes, analyse and interpret data
- Plan and execute inspections, investigations and audits
- Obtain admissible evidence and apply due legal processes
- Design, implement and evaluate a research protocol





The Skills (2)

- Determining appropriate courses of action
- Organise self and work within organisations
- Effective communications
- Reflective practice
- Working with and within communities





The Method

- Identify and articulate the range of actual and potential biological, chemical, physical, social and psychosocial stressors that may act upon and within the physical, social and human worlds
- Identify and articulate the points of possible impact of the stressors on and within the worlds
- Identify and articulate the mechanism of impact of the stressors on and within the worlds
- Identify and articulate the potential and actual public health implications that (may) arise from the impact of stressors on and within the worlds
- Identify and articulate the points at which EHPs may intervene to prevent, control or mitigate the impact of stressors on and within the worlds





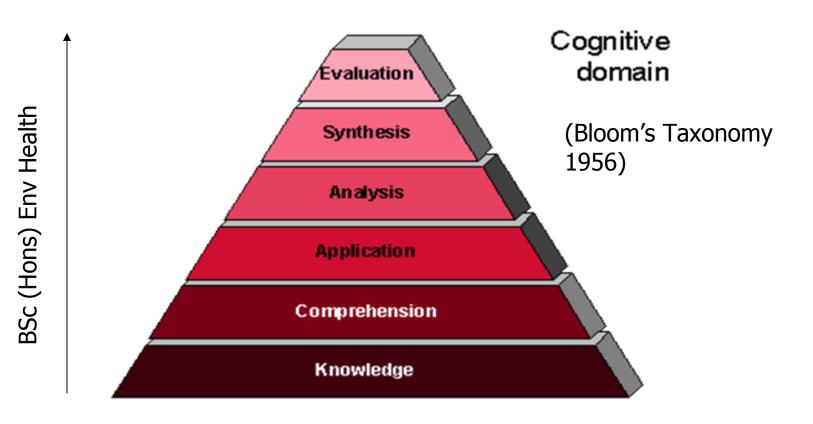
The Method (2)

- Identify, communicate and engage with partner organisations, agencies, fellow professionals and others with whom appropriate intervention strategies might need to be formulated
- Identify and articulate the most appropriate intervention to exercise, having regard to the factors, be they political, financial and technological that are likely to influence the decision making process
- Design and implement appropriate intervention strategies in collaboration with others
- Monitor and review the effectiveness of the intervention strategy; altering or adapting it, where necessary, according to the actual or predicted outcome





The Level





Chartered Institute of Environmental Health Australia 'EHness' **Underpinning** Knowledge UK Malaysia And **Skills** New Zealand The **International** 'Daisy'





Conclusions

- The world is small
- Environmental health practice throughout the world has a common base of knowledge, skills and competencies
- If we focus on these rather than qualifications then issues of mutual recognition will fade
- The concept of 'EHness' offers an international solution





Your Views

What do you think!





Send your comments to

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