



Document details

< Back to results | 1 of 1

Export Download Print E-mail Save to PDF Add to List More... >

[Full Text](#) View at Publisher

International Journal of Dynamics and Control
2020

Identification of a quadcopter autopilot system via Box–Jenkins structure

(Article in press ?)

Bnhamdoon, O.A.A.^a ✉, Mohamad Hanif, N.H.H.^a ✉, Akmeliawati, R.^b ✉

^aDepartment of Mechatronics Engineering, International Islamic University Malaysia, Gombak, Malaysia

^bSchool of Mechanical Engineering, The University of Adelaide, Adelaide, Australia

Abstract

View references (35)

This paper presents a method to precisely model a four rotor unmanned aerial vehicle, widely known as quadcopter autopilot system. Common system identification methods limit quadcopter models into first or second order systems, and do not count for noise characteristics. This leads to poor prediction accuracy of its longitudinal and lateral motion dynamics that ultimately affects the aircraft stabilization during flight and landing. To improve the quality of the estimated models, we utilized a statistically suitable discrete-time linear Box–Jenkins structure to model the plant and noise characteristics of the horizontal subsystems of a quadcopter autopilot system. The models were estimated using flight data acquired when the system were provided with pseudo-random binary sequence input. In this proposed method, by employing the prediction error method and least squares approach, the aircraft dynamics could be modeled up until the fifth order. The normalized root mean square fitness value showed that the predicted model output matches the experimental flight data by 94.72% in the one-step-ahead prediction test, and 84.52% in the infinite-step-ahead prediction test. These prediction results demonstrated an improvement of 52.8% when compared with a first and second order model structures proposed in previous works for the same quadcopter model. The output from this research works confirmed the effectiveness of the proposed method to adequately capture the autopilot dynamics and accurately predict the quadcopter outputs. These would greatly assist in designing robust flight controllers for the autopilot system. © 2020, Springer-Verlag GmbH Germany, part of Springer Nature.

SciVal Topic Prominence ⓘ

Topic: Unmanned aerial vehicles (UAV) | Control | Quadrotor unmanned

Prominence percentile: 99.689 ⓘ

Author keywords

Auto-regressive (AR) system Autopilot system Box–Jenkins (BJ) model Prediction error method (PEM) Quadcopter

ISSN: 2195268X

Source Type: Journal

Original language: English

DOI: 10.1007/s40435-019-00605-x

Document Type: Article

Publisher: Springer

Metrics ⓘ View all metrics >



PlumX Metrics

Usage, Captures, Mentions,
Social Media and Citations
beyond Scopus.

Cited by 0 documents

Inform me when this document
is cited in Scopus:

[Set citation alert >](#)

[Set citation feed >](#)

Related documents

System identification of the
quadrotor with inner loop
stabilisation system

Guo, M. , Su, Y. , Gu, D.
(2017) *International Journal of
Modelling, Identification and
Control*

An Adaptive Dynamic Controller
for Quadrotor to Perform
Trajectory Tracking Tasks

Santos, M.C.P. , Rosales, C.D. ,
Sarapura, J.A.
(2019) *Journal of Intelligent and
Robotic Systems: Theory and
Applications*

System identification of an
unmanned quadcopter system
using MRAN neural

Pairan, M.F. , Shamsudin, S.S.
(2017) *IOP Conference Series:
Materials Science and
Engineering*

View all related documents based
on references

Find more related documents in
Scopus based on:

All Export Print E-mail Save to PDF Create bibliography

-
- 1 Yang, H., Lee, Y., Jeon, S.-Y., Lee, D.
Multi-rotor drone tutorial: systems, mechanics, control and state estimation
(2017) *Intelligent Service Robotics*, 10 (2), pp. 79-93. Cited 6 times.
<http://www.springer.com/sgw/cda/frontpage/0,11855,4-40109-70-71454808-0,00.html>
doi: 10.1007/s11370-017-0224-y
[View at Publisher](#)
-
- 2 Ebeid, E., Skriver, M., Terkildsen, K.H., Jensen, K., Schultz, U.P.
A survey of Open-Source UAV flight controllers and flight simulators
(2018) *Microprocessors and Microsystems*, 61, pp. 11-20. Cited 13 times.
doi: 10.1016/j.micpro.2018.05.002
[View at Publisher](#)
-
- 3 Benkhoud, K., Bouallègue, S.
Dynamics modeling and advanced metaheuristics based LQG controller design for a Quad Tilt Wing UAV
(2018) *International Journal of Dynamics and Control*, 6 (2), pp. 630-651. Cited 10 times.
<http://www.springer.com/engineering/mechanics/journal/40435/PS2>
doi: 10.1007/s40435-017-0325-7
[View at Publisher](#)
-
- 4 Shraim, H., Awada, A., Youness, R.
A survey on quadrotors: Configurations, modeling and identification, control, collision avoidance, fault diagnosis and tolerant control
(2018) *IEEE Aerospace and Electronic Systems Magazine*, 33 (7), pp. 14-33. Cited 12 times.
doi: 10.1109/MAES.2018.160246
[View at Publisher](#)
-
- 5 Nadda, S., Swarup, A.
Decoupled control design for robust performance of quadrotor
(2018) *International Journal of Dynamics and Control*, 6 (3), pp. 1367-1375.
<http://www.springer.com/engineering/mechanics/journal/40435/PS2>
doi: 10.1007/s40435-017-0380-0
[View at Publisher](#)
-
- 6 Nascimento, T.P., Saska, M.
Position and attitude control of multi-rotor aerial vehicles: A survey
(2019) *Annual Reviews in Control*, 48, pp. 129-146. Cited 2 times.
<https://www.journals.elsevier.com/annual-reviews-in-control>
doi: 10.1016/j.arcontrol.2019.08.004
[View at Publisher](#)
-