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Effect of pre-treatment palm oil mill effluent POME on biohydrogen production by local isolate *Clostridium butyricum* (Conference Paper)

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Abstract

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Palm oil mill effluent (POME) contains approximately 6% fiber. The effectiveness of pre-treatment on POME can serve a very good feedstock for hydrogen production in fermentation process. In this research, the effectiveness of pre-treatment methods on POME treated using acid and base were analysed based total carbohydrate and reducing sugar content. By using 1M NaOH with heat treatment, 26.12% carbon source converted to reducing sugar while by using 1M H₂SO₄ with heat treatment, over 32.09% carbon source converted to reducing sugar. The highest increment of total carbohydrate where from acid-heat treatment with 26.1% increment from initial concentration. At the initial pH (5.5) with fermentation temperature 37°C, the highest hydrogen production rate given by acid-heat treatment was 0.5mL H₂/mL POME. Different for initial pH 7.0 with the same temperature, the highest hydrogen produced rate was given by base-heat treatment with 0.59 mL H₂/mL POME. The production of hydrogen in 2L bioreactor given much higher hydrogen production compare to production in serum bottle. This fermentation was run in batch mode with initial pH 7 and control at 5.5. The maximum hydrogen produce was 4304 mL H₂/ L POME from acid-heat treatment.

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SciVal Topic Prominence

Topic: Hydrogen production | Fermentation | mol H₂/mol

Prominence percentile: 99.786



Author keywords

[Batch mode](#) [Biohydrogen](#) [Palm oil mill effluent \(POME\)](#) [Pre-treatment](#)

Indexed keywords

Engineering uncontrolled terms

Acid-heat treatment, Batch modes, Bio-hydrogen, Bio-hydrogen production, Carbon source, Clostridium butyricum, Fermentation process, Fermentation temperature, Hydrogen production rate, Initial concentration, Initial pH, Palm oil mill effluent (POME), Palm oil mill effluents, Pre-Treatment, Pretreatment methods, Production of hydrogen, Reducing sugars, Serum bottles, Total carbohydrates

Engineering controlled terms:

Chemical engineering, Effluents, Fermentation, Heat treatment, Hydrogen, Hydrogen production, Organic compounds, pH, Sugars, Vegetable oils

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