

Document details

< Back to results | 1 of 1

[↗ Export](#) [↓ Download](#) [🖨 Print](#) [✉ E-mail](#) [📄 Save to PDF](#) [★ Add to List](#) [More... >](#)

International Medical Journal Malaysia [Open Access](#)
Volume 17, Issue Specialissue2, 2016, Pages 267-271

Improving health care delivery through Islamization of medical practice (Article)

Rathor, M.Y. [✉](#), Shah, A.S.M. [👤](#)

Dept. of Internal Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, International Islamic University Malaysia, Malaysia

Abstract

[View references \(53\)](#)

Advances in modern science and technology have not only reduced mortality from communicable diseases but increased physical comfort, life expectancy and quality of life. However its advances have generated changes in the moral values and basic philosophies of mankind, a bi-product being loss of faith in religion as a partner in healing. This has resulted in changes in lifestyle, moral degradation, laxity in sexual behaviours, and disrupting social values. New diseases caused by negative lifestyles such as sexual promiscuity, alcoholism, illicit drug use and smoking, take the greatest toll in terms of deaths and disability among young people. As a consequence, relevant international organizations have supported more novel approaches to health promotion. Good health is the basic requirement of every human being and one of the greatest blessings of ALLAH (SWT) on mankind. The Islamic way of life is a system of divine principles sent by Allah swt through revelation on Prophet Muhammad (saw) which covers physical, intellectual and spiritual needs of human life. It has many constructive ideas to offer in the field of health care and medical practice. It contains many teachings that urge nurturing of one's health and rejecting any behaviour, which are contradictory to health. Therefore by adopting an "Islamic way of life" we can promote behavioural change. Since Islam encourages adoption of modern technology and science in support of a greater good, we must understand it and

Metrics [?](#)

0 Citations in Scopus
0 Field-Weighted Citation Impact



PlumX Metrics [v](#)

Usage, Captures, Mentions, Social Media and Citations beyond Scopus.

Cited by 0 documents

Inform me when this document is cited in Scopus:

[Set citation alert >](#)

[Set citation feed >](#)

Related documents

adopt all that is good in it and propagate it in the spirit of Tawhid (Unity of God), for the benefit of all humanity. This paper seeks to analyse how medical professionals can promote healthy behaviour to specific target groups and public in general through teachings of Islam. © 2019 Default.

SciVal Topic Prominence ⓘ

Topic: Spirituality | Religion | Spiritual struggles

Prominence percentile: 97.262 ⓘ

Author keywords

Attitudes Behaviour Health promotion Islamic lifestyle Islamization

ISSN: 18234631

Source Type: Journal




Original language: English

Document Type: Article

Publisher: International Islamic University Malaysia

References (53)

[View in search results format >](#)

All [Export](#)  Print  E-mail  Save to PDF [Create bibliography](#)

- 1 Koenig, H.G., King, D.E., Carson, V.B.
"A history of religion, medicine, and healthcare,"
(2012) *Handbook of Religion and Health*, pp. 15-34.
Oxford University Press, New York, NY, USA, 2nd edition

Health promotion research:
Thinking critically about
knowledge production

Corbin, J.H.
(2016) *Health Promotion
International*

How international is health
promotion?

Van Den Broucke, S.
(2016) *Health Promotion
International*

The spiritual aspect of patient
care in the curricula of colleges of
pharmacy

Cooper, J.B. , Brock, T.P. , Ives,
T.J.
(2003) *American Journal of
Pharmaceutical Education*

[View all related documents based
on references](#)

[Find more related documents in
Scopus based on:](#)

[Authors >](#) [Keywords >](#)

-
- 2 Koenig, H.G.
Religion and medicine i: Historical background and reasons for separation

(2000) *International Journal of Psychiatry in Medicine*, 30 (4), pp. 385-398. Cited 37 times.
doi: 10.2190/2RWB-3AE1-M1E5-TVHK

[View at Publisher](#)

- 3 Zimmet, P., Alberti, K.G.M.M., Shaw, J.
Global and societal implications of the diabetes epidemic

(2001) *Nature*, 414 (6865), pp. 782-787. Cited 3968 times.
doi: 10.1038/414782a

[View at Publisher](#)

- 4 Stampfer, M.J., Hu, F.B., Manson, J.E., Rimm, E.B., Willett, W.C.
Primary prevention of coronary heart disease in women through diet and lifestyle

(2000) *New England Journal of Medicine*, 343 (1), pp. 16-22. Cited 1183 times.
doi: 10.1056/NEJM200007063430103

[View at Publisher](#)

- 5 (2006)
-

- 6 (1986) *Ottawa Charter for Health Promotion*. Cited 2325 times.
http://www.who.int/hpr/NPH/docs/ottawa_charter_hp.pdf
-

- 7 O'Donnell, M.P.
Evolving definition of health promotion: What do you think?

(2008) *American Journal of Health Promotion*, 23 (2), p. iv. Cited 4 times.

[View at Publisher](#)

- 8 Booth, J., Martin, J.E.
Spiritual and religious factors in substance use, dependence, and recovery
(1998) *In Handbook of Religion and Mental Health*, pp. 175-200. Cited 43 times.
ed. HG Koenig

- 9 Jeffrey, S., Levin Harold, Y.
Vanderpool
(2008) *Religious Factors in Physical Health and the Prevention of Illness Prevention in human services*, 9 (2), pp. 41-64.

- 10 Pargament, K.I., Magyar-Russell, G.M., Murray-Swank, N.A.
The sacred and the search for significance: Religion as a unique process

(2005) *Journal of Social Issues*, 61 (4), pp. 665-687. Cited 148 times.
doi: 10.1111/j.1540-4560.2005.00426.x

[View at Publisher](#)

- 11 Jeff, S.
Levin and Harold Y. Vanderpool, "Is Frequent Religious Attendance Really Conducive to Better Health?"
(1987) *Towards an Epidemiology of religion," Social Science Medicine*, 24, pp. 589-600.
-

12 "Constitution of WHO: principles"
<http://www.who.int/about/mission/en/>

13 Piedmont, R.L.
Spiritual transcendence as a predictor of psychosocial outcome from an outpatient substance abuse program

(2004) *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, 18 (3), pp. 213-222. Cited 89 times.
doi: 10.1037/0893-164X.18.3.213

[View at Publisher](#)

14 Koenig, H.G., McCullough, M.E., Larson, D.B.
(2001) *Handbook of religion and health*. Cited 3080 times.
New York: Oxford University Press

15 Hummer, R.A., Rogers, R.G., Nam, C.B., Ellison, C.G.
Religious involvement and U.S. adult mortality

(1999) *Demography*, 36 (2), pp. 273-285. Cited 471 times.
<http://www.springerlink.com/content/0070-3370/>
doi: 10.2307/2648114

[View at Publisher](#)

16 Bensley, R.J.
Defining spiritual health: A review of the literature

(1991) *Journal of Health Education*, 22 (5), pp. 287-290. Cited 42 times.
doi: 10.1080/10556699.1991.10614636

[View at Publisher](#)

- 17 Moreira-Almeida, A., Koenig, H.G., Lucchetti, G.

Clinical implications of spirituality to mental health: Review of evidence and practical guidelines (Open Access)

(2014) *Revista Brasileira de Psiquiatria*, 36 (2), pp. 176-182. Cited 51 times.

<http://www.scielo.br/pdf/rbp/v36n2/1516-4446-rbp-2014-36-2-176.pdf>

doi: 10.1590/1516-4446-2013-1255

[View at Publisher](#)

- 18 Barnard, D., Dayringer, R., Cassel, C.K.

Toward a person-centered medicine: Religious studies in the medical curriculum

(1995) *Journal of the Association of American Medical Colleges*, 70 (9), pp. 806-813. Cited 41 times.

doi: 10.1097/00001888-199509000-00018

[View at Publisher](#)

- 19 Levin, J.S., Larson, D.B., Puchalski, C.M.

Religion and spirituality in medicine: Research and education

(1997) *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 278 (9), pp. 792-793. Cited 144 times.

<http://jama.jamanetwork.com/journal.aspx>

doi: 10.1001/jama.278.9.792

[View at Publisher](#)

- 20 Salem, M.O.

(2006) *Religion, Spirituality and Psychiatry*. Cited 5 times.

[Electronic Version]

- 21 De Leeuw, E., Hussein, A.A.
Islamic health promotion and interculturalization ([Open Access](#))

(1999) *Health Promotion International*, 14 (4), pp. 347-353. Cited 9 times.
doi: 10.1093/heapro/14.4.347

[View at Publisher](#)

- 22 Ezzati, M., Lopez, A.D., Rodgers, A., Vander Hoorn, S., Murray, C.J.L.
Selected major risk factors and global and regional burden of disease

(2002) *Lancet*, 360 (9343), pp. 1347-1360. Cited 2442 times.
<http://www.journals.elsevier.com/the-lancet/>
doi: 10.1016/S0140-6736(02)11403-6

[View at Publisher](#)

- 23 *WHO Tobacco Fact Sheet No 339*
Updated July 2015
<http://www.who.int/mediacentre/factsheets/fs339/en/>

- 24 Nicotine addiction in Britain; Royal College of Physicians 2000
-

- 25 Willard and Schoenborn
(1995) *Helping Adolescents at Risk: Prevention of Multiple Problem Behaviours*
<https://books.google.mu/books?isbn=1593852398>
-

□ 26 Kmietowicz, Z.

Doctors told to treat nicotine addiction as a disease

(2000) *BMJ (Clinical research ed.)*, 320 (7232), p. 397. Cited 4 times.
doi: 10.1136/bmj.320.7232.397

[View at Publisher](#)

□ 27 Lim, H.K., Ghazali, S.M., Kee, C.C., Lim, K.K., Chan, Y.Y., Teh, H.C., Yusoff, A.F.M., (...), Salleh, S.

Epidemiology of smoking among Malaysian adult males: Prevalence and associated factors ([Open Access](#))

(2013) *BMC Public Health*, 13 (1), art. no. 8. Cited 55 times.
doi: 10.1186/1471-2458-13-8

[View at Publisher](#)

□ 28 *Al-Qur'an*, 4, p. 29.

□ 29 *Related in Sahi-Bukhari Muslim*

□ 30 Doi, A.R.

Shariah: The Islamic law

(1984) *London: Ta Ha*, pp. 2-84. Cited 2 times.

31 Ghouri, N., Atcha, M., Sheikh, A.

Influence of Islam on smoking among Muslims

(2006) *British Medical Journal*, 332 (7536), pp. 291-294. Cited 69 times.
doi: 10.1136/bmj.332.7536.291

[View at Publisher](#)

32 Gatrad, A.R., Sheikh, A.

Medical ethics and Islam: Principles and practice [\(Open Access\)](#)

(2001) *Archives of Disease in Childhood*, 84 (1), pp. 72-75. Cited 61 times.
doi: 10.1136/adc.84.1.72

[View at Publisher](#)

33 Abraham, C., Sheeran, P., Spears, R., Abrams, D.

Health beliefs and promotion of HIV-preventive intentions among teenagers: a Scottish perspective.

(1992) *Health psychology : official journal of the Division of Health Psychology, American Psychological Association*, 11 (6), pp. 363-370. Cited 61 times.
doi: 10.1037/0278-6133.11.6.363

[View at Publisher](#)

34 Van Den Bree, M.B.M., Pickworth, W.B.

Risk factors predicting changes in marijuana involvement in teenagers [\(Open Access\)](#)

(2005) *Archives of General Psychiatry*, 62 (3), pp. 311-319. Cited 128 times.
<http://archpsyc.ama-assn.org/cgi/reprint/62/3/311.pdf>
doi: 10.1001/archpsyc.62.3.311

[View at Publisher](#)

□ 35 Ahmad, K.M., Harrison, J.
Untapped Potential: Cultural Sensitivity-Islamic Persuasive Communication in Health Promotion Programs
(2007) *Paper presented at the Global Communication and Development Conference*, pp. 16-21. Cited 4
times.
Shanghai, China

□ 36 *Al-Qur'an*, 5, p. 90.

□ 37 (1939) *Related in Mishkat-ul-Masabih*, pp. 2-571.

□ 38 National Strategic Plan for ending Aids, Ministry of health Malaysia Putrajaya, 2015

□ 39 Woldehanna, S., Ringhein, K., Murphy, C.
(2006) *Faith in action: Examining the role of faith-based organizations in addressing HIV/AIDS*. Cited 27
times.
Washington: Global Health Council

□ 40 *Al-Qur'an*; 17: 32 & *Al-Qur'an* 6: 151

□ 41 *Related in Ibnu Majah*

-
- 42 Katz, D.L.
Childhood obesity trends in 2013: Mind, matter, and message

(2013) *Childhood Obesity*, 9 (1), pp. 1-2. Cited 6 times.
doi: 10.1089/chi.2013.9101

[View at Publisher](#)

- 43 Related in Tirmidhi Majah I.
-

- 44 Al-Qur'an; 7: 31
-

- 45 *Related in sahih-Muslim*
-

- 46 Aboul-Enein, B.H.
Health-Promoting Verses as mentioned in the Holy Quran

(2016) *Journal of Religion and Health*, 55 (3), pp. 821-829. Cited 10 times.
<http://www.kluweronline.com/issn/0022-4197>
doi: 10.1007/s10943-014-9857-8

[View at Publisher](#)

- 47 *Related in sahih-Muslim*
-

48 Easthope, G.
(2006) *Lifestyle, health and disease*. Cited 2 times.
New York: Routledge

49 (2002)
Geneva: WHO

50 Reference information not available.


51 Related in Sahih-Bukhari Muslim

52 (2005) *Investigating in the children of the Islamic world*. Cited 6 times.
New York: The United Nations children's Fund (UNICEF)

53 De Leeuw, E., Hussein, A.A.
Islamic health promotion and interculturalization ([Open Access](#))

(1999) *Health Promotion International*, 14 (4), pp. 347-353. Cited 9 times.
doi: 10.1093/heapro/14.4.347

[View at Publisher](#)

 Rathor, M.Y.; Dept. of Internal Medicine, Faculty of Medicine International Islamic University Malaysia, Jalan Sultan Ahmad Shah, Kuantan, Pahang, Malaysia; email:rathor@iium.edu.my

© Copyright 2019 Elsevier B.V., All rights reserved.

About Scopus

- [What is Scopus](#)
- [Content coverage](#)
- [Scopus blog](#)
- [Scopus API](#)
- [Privacy matters](#)

Language

- [日本語に切り替える](#)
- [切换到简体中文](#)
- [切换到繁體中文](#)
- [Русский язык](#)

Customer Service

- [Help](#)
- [Contact us](#)

ELSEVIER

[Terms and conditions](#) ↗ [Privacy policy](#) ↗

Copyright © 2019 Elsevier B.V. ↗. All rights reserved. Scopus® is a registered trademark of Elsevier B.V.

We use cookies to help provide and enhance our service and tailor content. By continuing, you agree to the use of cookies.

 RELX