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### A central bioactive region of LTBP-2 stimulates the expression of TGF- $\beta$ 1 in fibroblasts via akt and p38 signalling pathways (Article)

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## Abstract

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Latent transforming growth factor- $\beta$ 1 binding protein-2 (LTBP-2) belongs to the LTBP-fibulin superfamily of extracellular proteins. Unlike other LTBPs, LTBP-2 does not covalently bind transforming growth factor- $\beta$ 1 (TGF- $\beta$ 1) but appears to be implicated in the regulation of TGF- $\beta$ 1 bioactivity, although the mechanisms are largely unknown. In experiments originally designed to study the displacement of latent TGF- $\beta$ 1 complexes from matrix storage, we found that the addition of exogenous LTBP-2 to cultured human MSU-1.1 fibroblasts caused an increase in TGF- $\beta$ 1 levels in the medium. However, the TGF- $\beta$ 1 increase was due to an upregulation of TGF- $\beta$ 1 expression and secretion rather than a displacement of matrix-stored TGF- $\beta$ 1. The secreted TGF- $\beta$ 1 was mainly in an inactive form, and its concentration peaked around 15 h after addition of LTBP-2. Using a series of recombinant LTBP-2 fragments, the bioactivity was identified to a small region of LTBP-2 consisting of an 8-Cys motif flanked by four epidermal growth factor (EGF)-like repeats. The LTBP-2 stimulation of TGF- $\beta$  expression involved the phosphorylation of both Akt and p38 mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) signalling proteins, and specific inactivation of each protein individually blocked TGF- $\beta$ 1 increase. The search for the cell surface receptor mediating this LTBP-2 activity proved inconclusive. Inhibitory antibodies to integrins  $\beta$ 1 and  $\alpha$ v $\beta$ 3 showed no reduction of LTBP-2 stimulation of TGF- $\beta$ 1. However, TGF- $\beta$ 1 upregulation was partially inhibited by anti- $\alpha$ v $\beta$ 3 integrin antibodies, suggestive of a direct or indirect role for this Integrin. Overall, the study indicates that LTBP-2 can directly upregulate cellular TGF- $\beta$ 1 expression and secretion by interaction with cells via a short central bioactive region. This may be significant in connective tissue disorders involving aberrant TGF- $\beta$ 1 signalling. © 2017 by the authors. Licensee MDPI, Basel, Switzerland.

## Reaxys Database Information

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## Author keywords

[Akt](#) [Fibroblast](#) [Fibrosis](#) [LTBP-2](#) [p38](#) [MAPK](#) [TGF- \$\beta\$](#) 

## Indexed keywords

 EMTREE drug terms: [beta3 integrin](#) [beta2 integrin](#) [beta5 integrin](#) [fibulin 1](#) [fibroblast growth factor 2](#) [latent transforming growth factor beta binding protein](#) [mitogen activated protein kinase](#) [mitogen activated protein kinase p38](#) [protein c fos](#) [protein c jun](#) [protein kinase B beta](#) [synaptophysin](#) [transforming growth factor beta1](#)

EMTREE medical terms:

[Akt signaling](#) [Article](#) [cell count](#) [controlled study](#) [enzyme linked immunosorbent assay](#) [fibroblast](#) [genetic transcription](#) [human](#) [human cell](#) [immunoblotting](#) [protein expression](#) [protein phosphorylation](#) [real time polymerase chain reaction](#) [signal transduction](#) [upregulation](#) [Western blotting](#)

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beta3 integrin, 166873-01-4; fibroblast growth factor 2, 106096-93-9; mitogen activated protein kinase, 142243-02-5

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