Research Methodology in Chemistry

Edited by Fiona N.-F. How, Ph.D



RESEARCH METHODOLOGY IN CHEMISTRY

Edited by

-Fiona N.-F. How, Ph.D



Published by: IIUM Press International Islamic University Malaysia

First Edition, 2011 ©IIUM Press, IIUM

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without any prior written permission of the publisher.

Perpustakaan Negara Malaysia

Cataloguing-in-Publication Data

Fiona N.-F. How Research Methadology in Chemistry Fiona N.-F. How

ISBN 978-967-418-202-1

ISBN: 978-967-418-202-1

Member of Majlis Penerbitan Ilmiah Malaysia – MAPIM (Malaysian Scholarly Publishing Council)

Printed by:

IIUM PRINTING SDN. BHD.
No. 1, Jalan Industri Batu Caves 1/3
Taman Perindustrian Batu Caves
Batu Caves Centre Point
68100 Batu Caves
Selangor Darul Ehsan

Table of content

Preface

Contributor	
Reviewers	
Chapter - 1: Research Methodology: An Introduction (6467/19269)	X
Chapter – 2: Good Chemistry Research (6467/19275)	9
Part One: Chemical Synthesis Based Research	
Chapter – 1: Chemical Synthesis in General (5980/19279)	И
Chapter – 2: Design and Methodology (59% o/ 192%3)	1.7
Chapter - 3: Instrumentations for Chemical Analysis (5980/19290)	24
Chapter – 4: Separation and Purification Methods (5980/19293)	29,
Part Two: Natural Products Based Research	
Chapter - 1: Introduction (5641/19299)	3.7
Chapter – 2: Research in Natural Products (5641/19305)	40
Chapter – 3: Methods in Natural Products Research (5641/19308)	46
Chapter – 4: Bioactive Principle from Plants (5641/19311)	55
Chapter - 5: Biological Activity of Natural Products (5641/19489)	62
Chapter – 6: Standardization Process and Plant Metabolomics in Natural Products Research (5641/19490)	67
Part Three: Polymer Based Research	
Chapter – 1: Natural Polymers (6312/19492)	73
Chapter - 2: Synthetic Polymers (6312/19494)	77
Chapter – 3: Polymer Analysis and Characterization (6312/19497)	86
Part Four: Analytical Based Research	
Chapter – 1: Introduction (5678/19500)	92
Chapter – 2: Selecting a Research Topic and Writing a research proposal	9.7

Chapter - 3: Sampling, measurement and result analyses	(5678/ 19505)	105
Part Five: Laboratory Safety Practices		
Chapter – 1: General Laboratory Safety Practices (5777)	/ 19507)	Жı
Chapter – 2: Personal Safety Equipment (5777 / 1951))	417
Chapter – 3: Laboratory Safety Equipment (5777/195	15)	122
Chapter - 4: Laboratory Equipment Safety (5777/1951)	6)	129

CHAPTER - 6

STANDARDIZATION PROCESS AND PLANT METABOLOMICS IN NATURAL PRODUCTS RESEARCH

Deny Susanti

Introduction

Nowadays market of health-related products, especially herbal products, is very active and these products are manufactured and sold in all over the world. With this situation, standardization is necessary to make sure the availability of a uniform product. The standardization guarantees a consistently stronger product with guaranteed constituents.

Herbal formulations can be standardized schematically as to formulate the formulation using raw material and a comparative chemical efficacy of formulation is to be observed. And a preparation with the better clinical efficacy has to be selected.

There is several type of preparation of herbal product, known as phytomedicine, i.e. standardized extract, freeze dried product, extract, tincture, juice, dried powdered and fresh. But the standardized extract has an added value because there is a better information in term of chemical entities in the extract, effective concentration of the chemical compound and also chemical standardization. So, the standardization process is part of natural product research, especially to produce commercial product.

Method for Quality Assessment

Herbal medicine is a complicated system of mixtures if compared to synthetic drugs that only have one active ingredient in their formula. Thus, the method of choice for identification of phytomedicine are mainly intended to obtain a characteristic fingerprint of a specific plant that represent the presence of a particular quality defining chemical constituents and this extract that exhibit biological activity. For such purposes, chromatographic techniques such as high