Current Issues in PHARMACY

Qamar Uddin Ahmad



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Current Issues in Pharmacy

Editor

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CHAPTER 15

HERBS AS ANTIMICROBIAL REMEDIES AND THE SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCES

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Introduction

Herbs has long been traditionally proved as effective remedies in preventing and treating various microbial infectious diseases, such as ringworm, Athlete's foot, nail infections, scalp infections, vaginal and oral infections. The successful experience of using herbs as antimicrobial agents has been shared throughout generations and has guided the modern generations in using herbs as an alternative therapy towards conventional antimicrobial agents. The traditional use of certain herbs in treating infections also has been proved and supported with scientific evidences through ethnopharmacology and reverse pharmacology studies. Some herbs are also proved to be used as safe home remedies as practiced traditionally through evidences from scientific studies.

Antibiotic-resistant bacteria continue to be a major health apprehension worldwide. In particular, *Staphylococcus aureus*, both methicillin-resistant and -sensitive, are of great concern **m** their tendency to cause difficult skin and underlying tissue infections (Halcón & Milkus,

Human pathogenic dermatophytes, such as *Trichophyton rubrum*. *Trichophyton agrophytes*. *Microsporum gypseum* and *Candida albicans* cause both superficial and I mycoses that are difficult to cure. Some herbs such as *Piper betle* has been proved as a