ICUDBE2011 SHARING THE WORLD

MUSAWAH

International Conference on Universal Design in Built Environment (ICUDBE2011)

> KAED Briefing Room, Kulliyyah of Architecture and Environmental Design, International Islamic University Malaysia 22nd - 23rd November 2011



EDITORS:

Asiah Abdul Rahim (Chief Editor) Ismawi Zen Shamzani Affendy Mohd Din Izawati Tukiman

Supported by

Jointly organised by







Published by
KAED Universal Design Unit
Kulliyah of Architecture & Environmental Design
International Islamic University Malaysia
P.O. Box 10, 50728 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Tel: 603-6196769/5271/5221 Fax: 603-61964864

Printed in Malaysia

First Print 2011

ISBN: 978 9833 142156

Proceedings of ICUDBE2011 Sharing the World MUSAWAH International Conference on Universal Design in Built Environment (ICUDBE2011)

Editors
Asiah Abdul Rahim (Chief Editor)
Ismawi Zen
Shamzani Affendy Mohd. Din
Izawati Tukiman

Copyright © KAED Universal Design Unit, Kulliyyah of Architecture and Environmental Design, International Islamic University of Malaysia All rights reserved.

No part of this publication may be produced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronics, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the written permission of the publisher.

ADAPTABILITY AND MODULARITY IN HOUSING: A CASE STUDY OF RAINES COURT AND NEXT21

Zulkefle Ismail¹ & Asiah Abdul Rahim²
Kulliyyah of Architecture & Environmental Design,
International Islamic University Malaysia,
Jalan Gombak, 53100 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
zzulkefle@yahoo.fr¹, ar_asiah@yahoo.com²

ABSTRACT

Adaptable buildings are widely recognized as intrinsic to a sustainable built environment. The term adaptable architecture describes an architecture from which specific components can be changed in response to external stimuli, for example the users or environment. Further, if the parts that do change over time are designed for assembly, disassembly and reuse, if not recycling, this is an additional benefit in the service of a sustainable future. The paper presents idea to transform and industrialized the Malaysian construction industry to be more innovative in architectural design towards adaptability and modularity. The modular housing of Raines Court in London and adaptable housing of NEXT21 in Osaka was selected as a case study to assess the stage of modularization and adaptation of the building. The cross-sectional case study was carried out by semi-structured interviews and observation. They are used to evaluate the level and method of adaptation for the cases. Different levels of adaptation are determined to pinpoint the relations between the different connotations of To generalize the outcome of the analyses the different components of the building are categorized. As a conclusion, the studies suggested the series of specific design strategies such as integrated building design, and concept of recyclability and adaptability, as well as green effect to be carried out in Malaysia. Then it would meet the requirement of new techniques and a new level of adaptability for Malaysia as can be concluded as Architectural Programming.

Keywords: Adaptable Housing, Modular Housing, Industrialized Building System (IBS), Support & Infill, Innovative Architectural Design

INTRODUCTION

¹ A doctoral student at the Kulliyyah of Architecture & Environmental Design, International Islamic University Malaysia, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

A Professor and practicing architect, Department of Architecture, at the Kulliyyah of Architecture & Environmental Design, International Islamic University Malaysia, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia