Thyroid cancer cells in space during the TEXUS-53 sounding rocket mission – The THYROID Project

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Supplementary Information Table 1 and Figure 1

Supplemental Table 1: Flight data of TEXUS-53

11		

QUICKLOOK

T E X U S – 53

Launching date	January, 23	2016
Launching time	09:30:00	LT
μ-g Time	367	Sec
Payload weight	400.1	Kg
Payload length	5215	Mm

Motor First stage

Peak thrust acceleration	8.3g @ 2.2	Sec
Mean thrust acceleration	5.2	G
Burnout	11.9	Sec
Motor Separation	12.9	Sec

Motor Second stage

Ignition	15.0	Sec
Peak thrust acceleration	12.1g @ 34.9	Sec
Mean thrust acceleration	6.6	G
Burnout 0%	43.4	Sec
Spin at burnout (derived from rate sensor signal)	2.8	Hz
YoYo despin	56.0	Sec
Roll rate after YoYo despin	-18.7 @ 57.6	°/sec
Motor separation	59.0	Sec

RCS Acquisition & Control

59.0	Sec
59.0 - 66.0	Sec
	Sec
399.6 – 403.8	Sec
60.9 458 3	Sec Sec
151°/sec @ 476.3	Sec
	59.0 - 66.0 399.6 - 403.8 60.9 458.3 151°/sec @

Zero-g phase

μ-g achieved signal	66.0	Sec
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Start of zero-g (< 1* 10exp-4 at sensors)	73.0	Sec
Time of apogee (derived from GPS data)	257.8	Sec
Apogee (derived from GPS data)	252.6	Km
End of zero-g (> 1* 10exp-4 at sensors)	440.0	Sec

Reentry & Recovery

Tip ejection	55.3	Sec
Reentry decelerations $X = -15.4g Y = +9.7g Z = -0.2g$	480.7/479.7/482.0	Sec
Maximum residual reentry deceleration	15.7g @ 481.0	Sec
Heat shield release	4.3g @ 583.9	Sec
Pilot parachute de-reefed	3.8g @ 593.5	Sec
Main parachute release	608.5	Sec
Main parachute de-reefed	2.1g @ 620.1	Sec
Sink rate	7.8	m/s

Housekeeping

Maximal skin temperature descent (POS4)	123.5°C @ 493.4	Sec
Cananal		

General

Loss of TM-Data & GPS last message at	877.0	Sec
Loss of GPS (4 samples) 0.0	0 - 3.0	Sec
Last coordinates derived from onboard GPS	via TM 68°30.1385'	N
	21°02.6830′	E
Landing coordinates from onboard recorder	68°30.1589'	N
	21°02.6645'	Е
Slant Range Distance (Azimuth = 357.9°)	67.9	Km
Landing Altitude	640	M
Impact decelerations (max.) $X = -0.2g / Y = -0.2g$	0.3g / Z = 8.5g 887.6/887.9/887.6	Sec
Payload recovery time	5:30	Н
Weather conditions	Fog in lower altitude, above clear sky	-23.5
		°C
Air pressure (Launcher)	975	Mbar
Number of count-downs	1	

Supplementary Information

Supplemental Figure 1: Illustration of the different acceleration stimulations during launch and microgravity phase. In the hyper-*g* phase after lift-off the acceleration forces act perpendicularly towards the cells. When entering the microgravity phase the in-flight centrifuge turns on. Due to the special arrangement of the experimental units (brown boxes) on the pivotal platform, the cells are stimulated with 1*g* parallel to the cell growth surface. The figure was drawn from scratch by MK.

