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The smart method to support a decision based on multi attributes identification

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The smart method to support a decision based on multi attributes identification

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Abstract. Simple Multi Attribute Rating Technique (SMART) is method used to data processing in computing. This research uses SMART method with case study of election house-livable in the village. There are 6 stages how SMART method working. Firstly, determine the number of attributes used, specify the attribute weights for each attribute using the interval of 1-100 at each attribute with the most important priority, calculate the normalization of each attribute, assign the attribute parameter value to each attribute for each alternative, specify the value of the utility by changing the attribute value in each attribute becomes the value of the raw data attribute and determine the final value of each attribute by diverting the values obtained from the normalization of the raw data attribute value with the normalization of this SMART method is to provide recommendations of data presented based on the calculation and rating, in this case there are ratings a homeowner who helped surgical house-livable so they could be used the village head as decision maker.

1. Introduction

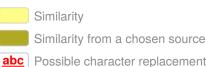
Simple Multi Attribute Rating Technique (SMART) is a method used to solve problems computationally in decision support systems. This method was one of multi-attributes decision support system since 1977 [1]. The implementation of this method has been widely applied in several issues related to decision making.

The Case study of this research is about the problems selection of the poor in rural areas which is appropriate to get home surgery to be livable house. There are several attributes used for the selection of the house. SMART method is one method that can perform multi-attribute computation [2].

In previous study, there are 6 steps how SMART method is working. 1. determine the number of attributes used, 2.specify the attribute weights for each attribute using the interval of one to one hundred at each attribute with the most important priority, 3.calculate the normalization of each attribute, 4.assign the attribute parameter value to each attribute for each alternative, 5.specify the value of the utility by changing the attribute value in each attribute becomes the value of the raw data attribute, 6. Determine the final value of each attribute by diverting the values obtained from the normalization of the raw data attribute value with the normalization value of the attribute weights [3].

However this study did not reach application. Other research discussed about calculation model of SMART method on each steps which can be contributed to the pseudo code design process in this study [4]. This study improve that there are 12 attributes chosen to determine the poor should get home surgery

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program in a village. This research also includes making pseudo code of the SMART method and its application. The impact of implementing this SMART method will result in output accurate data of rank from poor homeowners selected for home surgery livable [5].

2. Research method

In the development of system, researchers referring to model of waterfall. There are four development steps in the waterfall approach. In short, model of development was described as figure 1.

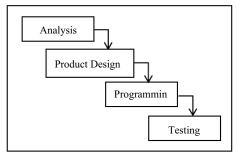


Figure 1. Software development model of Waterfall.

There are 4 steps of development the application. Firstly, conduct analysis through interviews and observation to get an attribute information used in the research. Secondly, making design. It means designing the system in the form of diagrams using UML. Third, create application program using PHP programming language and MySQL database. Forth, software testing by create the master data needed to do calculation with SMART method which has been built in the application to get the final result of rating data. The ratings indicate the priority of the people who are eligible for home surgery program [6][7].

3. Results and discussion

3.1. Data analysis

In this process preparing the attributes to determine which house appropriate to get home surgery program. There are 12 attributes on the resulting data to be used as in table 1.

Table 1. Identification 12 attributes selected.

No.	Attribute
1	Status of residential land (own, contract / rent, free of rent, official)
2	Floor area (m ²)
3	Type of widest floor (marble, ceramic, rug, high quality wood, cement / red brick, bamboo, low quality wood, soil)
4	The widest type of wall (walls, plastering of woven bamboo, wood, woven bamboo, wooden sticks)
5	Type of roof (concrete tile, ceramic tile, metal roof tile, clay tile, asbestos, roofing, shingle, bamboo)
6	Bedrooms amount (rooms)
7	Source of drinking water (branded bottled water, refill water, plumbing meter, retail ledge, pumping well, protected well, protected spring, unprotected springs, river / reservoirs, rainwater)
8	How to get drinking water(retail, be a customer, not buying)
9	Main source of lighting (PLN, Non PLN, not electricity)
10	Fuel energy to cook (electricity, gas> 3 Kg, gas 3 Kg, biogas, kerosene, briquettes, charcoal,
	firewood)
11	Toilet facilities (independent, shared, public, none)
12	Waste disposal feces (tank, SPAL, ground hole, garden / rice field / river / sea).

2

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3.2. Stages of SMART Method

There are 6 steps calculation of SMART method, they are [1]:

- determine the number of attributes used,
- specify the attribute weights for each attribute using the interval of one to one hundred at each attribute with the most important priority,
- calculate the normalization of each attribute, Formula used:

Normalization =
$$\frac{w_j}{\sum w_j}$$
 (1)

Notes: Wj = A weight criteria

∑Wj = Total amount of weigh

- assign the attribute parameter value to each attribute for each alternative,
- specify the value of the utility by changing the attribute value in each attribute becomes the value of the raw data attribute. The utility value is obtained by using the formula:

$$u_{i}(a_{i}) = 100 \frac{(C_{max} - C_{out\,i})}{(C_{max} - C_{min})}\%$$
(2)

Notes:

 $u_i(a_i)$: utility value of the 1st criteria for the i-th criteria

- C_{max} : maximum criteria value
- C_{min} : minimum criteria value

C_{out i} : criteria value i-th

• Determine the final value of each attribute by diverting the values obtained from the normalization of the raw data attribute value with the normalization value of the attribute weights.

3.3. Pseudo code design of smart method implementation Implementation of SMART pseudo code method used.

input : list attribute
input : list value of the candidate's attributes
normal weight
for each list attribute
normal weight = list attribute / 10; end for each
return normal weight result
for each normal weight
result = normal weight* list value of
the candidate's attributes
end for each
return result
sum result
sort desc result
output : result







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3.4. Programming

On the programming process conduct generating program code according to the result of design product stages. Stages of the program implements the results into lines of code. The appearance of the system is according its function. This is the view of the program [8].

• MIN	IMUM SCORE SETTIN						
Show	v 10 + entries				Search:		
No	ld Attribute	Attribute	Weight	Normalization Weight	Status	Action	
1.	KR11001	Status lahan tempat tinggal	7.14 %	0.0714	Abot	k DETAIL	
2.	KR11002	Luas lantai	0.96	D	Tidale Aver	I DE TAIL	
з.	KR11003	Jenis lantai terluas	7.14 %	0.0714	Aksif	I DETAIL	
4.	KRI1004	Jenis dinding terluas	7.14 %	0.0714	Akst	E DETAIL	
5.	KR11005	Jenis atap	7.14 %	0.0714	Aktor	i DETAR	

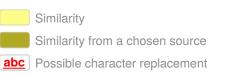
Figure 2. Form master attribute.

In Figure 2 is a multi-attribute master data page that will be used to calculate by SMART method.

	MELAH									
Show 10 + entries								Search:		
No	NIK	Name	Gender	Place of birth	Address	Status	Action	Action		
1.	3322110807850002	PUPUT HENDRO SAPUTRO	Laki-laki	SEMARANG	SUTOJAYAN RT 6 RW 3	Belum	OF USAH	B HAPUS		
2,	3322140208710002	ARIF AGUS SUSETYO	Laki-laki	YOGYAKARTA	DSN SUMBERHARJO RT 1 RW 3	Belum	GF UG/01	I HAPUS		
з.	3505110405740006	SUDARTO	Laki-laki	TRENGGALEK	SUTOJAYAN RT 4 RW 2	Bolium	OF USH	C HAPUS		
4.	3505191705870002	DARMANTO	Laki-laki	BLITAR	SUTOJAYAN RT 4 RW 1	Beilum	(Prusail	B HAPUS		
5.	3506141303850003	NUR MUHAIMIN	Laki-laki	MALANG	SUTOJAYAN RT 2 RW 1	Bolum	12 UBAH	# HAPUS		

Figure 3. Master people form.

In figure 3 is a resident master data page which will be used as alternative data. Alternative data is data of all residents to be selected as candidates who will receive assistance.





4



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No	NIK	Name	Gender	Place of birth	Address	Status	Action
1.	3322110807850002	PUPUT HENDRO SAPUTRO	Laki-laki	SEMARANG	SUTOJAYAN RT 6 RW 3	Kandidat	PROSES
2.	3322140208710002	ARIF AGUS SUSETYO	Laki-laki	YOGYAKARTA	DSN SUMBERHARJO RT 1 RW 3	Kandidat	PROSES
3.	3505110405740006	SUDARTO	Laki-laki	TRENGGALEK	SUTOJAYAN RT 4 RW 2	Kamdidat	PROSES

Figure 4. People Candidate selection form.

In figure 4 is the candidate data page. The data is obtained after filling the attribute values in each selected people profile.

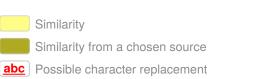
Shov	w 10 + entries	11		195			Search:	
	.8				Hou	se Photos		
10	NIK				Front	Inside	Score	Action
I.	167101050270	i è				T	98.53	 ✓ 191.041
2.	2171112608859004	MOCHAMMAD SAIHU RIZKI HARIS	SUTOJAYAN NO 10 RT 1 RW 3	2018- 05-04			97.10	 ✓ 191,04

Figure 5. Selection of people priorities.

In Figure 5 is a people priority data page after calculation using smart methods.

Copy	CSV Excel	PDF Print		Search:			
No	NIK	Name	Address	Date	Score	Status	Detail
1.	1671010502700001	SUPRIYANTO	JL. BENGAWAN SOLO RT 1 RW 10	2018-05- 04	98.53	Pemah	O DETAIL
2.	2171112608859004	MOCHAMMAD SAIHU RIZKI HARIS	SUTOJAYAN NO 10 RT 1 RW 3	2018-05- 04	97.10	Female	O DETAIL
3.	3507140811600006	SINAWAR	SUTOJAYAN RT 7 RW 1	2017-01- 01	Data lama	Pernah	O DETAIL
4,	3507190102750008	SUPRAPTO	SUTOJAYAN RT 7 RW 2	2017-01- 01	Chetta Same	Pernah	0 DETAIL
5.	3507190306640001	NGATENO	SUTOJAYAN RT 8 RW 7	2017-01-	Costa sons	Pernah	O DETAIL

Figure 6. Page calculated by using smart method.





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In figure 6, its shows the final results of the simulation of SMART method. The result was a people rating who can receive home surgery program by the village government.

4. Conclusion

After conducting the waterfall stage, this research succeeded in making a decision support system beneficiaries livable home improvement with SMART method in the village. After testing the system, it can be deduced that the system can generate a list of beneficiary ratings based on predetermined attributes. Besides ranking produced more precisely and objectively. Thus, the ratings can help the village head in making the appropriate decisions.

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