## Early detection of gastric cancer using global, genome-wide and IRF4, ELMO1, CLIP4 and MSC DNA methylation in endoscopic biopsies

## Supplementary Materials



Supplementary Figure 1: (A) Discovery (Global $n=80$; Gene-specific $n=116$ ) and Validation (Global and Gene-specific methylation $n=180$ ) data sets. (B) Discovery (Epigenome-wide $n=30$ patients from Peru) and Validation (Epigenome-wide $n=306$ patients from the Cancer Genome Atlas project) data sets. (C) Global DNA methylation analyses (Discovery ( $n=80$ and Validation $n=180$ ) were performed to obtain the Global DNA Methylation Index cut-off levels for gastric cancer; Epigenome-wide DNA methylation analyses (Discovery $n=30$ and Validation $n=306$ ) were performed to identify differentially methylated promoters. These were used to develop quantitative Methylation Specific PCR (qMSP) primers and probes that were then tested in a Discovery cohort ( $n=116$ ) and a Validation cohort $(n=180)$.


Supplementary Figure 2: Correlation between the natural logarithm of IRF4, ELMO1, CLIP4 and MSC methylation and age.


Supplementary Figure 3: The association between GDMI and depth of inflammation. The unadjusted probability of deep inflammation by GDMI is shown by the red line. The blue line is drawn after age adjustment.

Supplementary Table 1: Study participants characteristics

| Variable Obs | Mean (Std Dev) | Min |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sex | 361 | $43 \%$ Male | 18 | 88 |
| age | 362 | $61.2(14.9)$ |  |  |
| Case-control | 376 | $34 \%$ Cases | 0 | 23.43 |
| Methylation: | 259 | $4.9(4.04)$ | 0 | 1270.8 |
| Global | 296 | $6.47(74.27)$ | 0 | 1157.2 |
| IRF4 | 290 | $7.93(69.43)$ | 0 | 162.67 |
| ELMO1 | 294 | $3.9(17.16)$ | 0 | 254.46 |
| CLIP4 | 295 | $4.88(23.81)$ |  |  |
| MSC |  |  |  |  |
| Sydney Criteria: | 241 | 234 | $19.09 \%>0 \%, 12.45 \%>=10 \%$ |  |
| Intestinal metaplasia | 236 | $33.90 \%>$ superficial |  |  |
| Glandular atrophy | 239 | $62.34 \%>$ normal |  |  |
| Inflammation depth | 239 | $55.65 \%>$ normal |  |  |
| inflammation level |  |  |  |  |
| activity |  |  |  |  |

Supplementary Table 2: Age and sex distribution by outcome variables

| \% Male |  | Age | Obs |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gastritis | 38.98 | 59.5 | 236 |
| Gastric cancer | 51.64 | 64.5 | 122 |
| Metaplasia $=0$ (gastritis patients) | 37.63 | 58.1 | 186 |
| Metaplasia $>0$ (gastritis patients) | 44.44 | 65.5 | 45 |

Supplementary Table 3: Global DNA methylation index (GDMI) as a tool to identify gastric cancer patients in endoscopic biopsies

|  | GDMI cutoff=6.5 |  | GDMI cutoff=9 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cancer vs Gastritis | Metaplasia $<\mathbf{1 0}$ vs <br> Metaplasia $>=10$ | Cancer vs Gastritis | Metaplasia < 10 vs <br> Metaplasia $>=\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| sensitivity | $84.78 \%$ | $87.50 \%$ |  | $96.3 \%$ |
| Specificity | $32.82 \%$ | $35.09 \%$ | $11.70 \%$ | $13.46 \%$ |
| Pos. Pred. value | $30.71 \%$ | $15.91 \%$ | $29.36 \%$ | $16.15 \%$ |
| Neg. pred. value | $86.00 \%$ | $95.24 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $95.46 \%$ |

Supplementary Table 4: Correlation between various gene-specific methylation, age and sex

| Log of methylation in: | IRF4 | CLMO1 | CLIP4 | age | sex |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IRF4 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 295 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ELMO1 | 0.8948 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 289 | 289 |  |  |  |  |
| CLIP4 | 0.6308 | 0.7192 | 1 |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 294 | 288 | 294 |  |  |  |
| MSC | 0.7718 | 0.7829 | 0.7177 | 1 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 295 | 289 | 294 | 295 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{a g e}$ | 0.2365 | 0.2463 | 0.2679 | 0.2934 | 1 |  |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 282 | 276 | 281 | 282 | 362 |  |
| $\mathbf{s e x}$ | 0.0492 | 0.0001 | 0.0143 | 0.0032 | 0.0296 | 1 |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 281 | 275 | 280 | 281 | 359 | 361 |

Supplementary Table 5: Summary statistics for global DNA methylation index in gastric cancer case control study in perú

| Cases | Controls |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Sample size | 50 | 151 |
| Range | $0.0-9.7$ | $0.0-23.4$ |
| Mean | 3.7 | 5.7 |
| Median | 3.4 | 4.2 |
| Standard Deviation | 2.5 | 4.5 |
| Interquartile range | 3.9 | 5.0 |

Supplementary Table 6: Classification of control study group according to pathological characteristics ( $n=151$ )

| Level of Inflammation |  | 41 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mild | 33 | 18 |
| Moderate | 12 | 34 |
| Severe |  | 12 |
| Atrophy | 85 | 40 |
| Negative | 2 | 24 |
| Positive |  | 34 |
| Intestinal Metaplasia | 83 | 30 |
| Negative | 4 | 36 |
| Positive |  | 27 |
| Helicobacter Pylori | 33 | 34 |
| Negative | 54 | 27 |
| Positive |  |  |

Supplementary Table 7: Primers ad probe sequences for CLIP4, ELMO1, IRF4 and MSC

| GENE | BISULFITE SEQUENCING | MSP | PROBES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLIP4 | F 5'-GCTGCCAGCAGGGAACTGGTGGAT-3' | F 5'-TTAAGACGGGTAAGATTAGGTTTTC-3' | 5'-CGCCGCGAAACCAAACGACCCC-3' |
|  | R 5'-CACTCCCCAACAATCAAATAATC-3' | R 5'-CCAACAATCAAATAATCGAACG-3' |  |
| ELMO1 | F 5-'AGGCAAAGTGCAGTGGGCAG-3' | F 5'-GACCAGGCAGGGTGCGGGCG-3' | 5'-CGAACGCTACGAAATTACAACCG-3' |
|  | R 5'-5CTTCCTCCTGCTGGCCAGAGAC-3' | R 5'-AAGGGCATCCGGAGATCAGCCGCG-3' |  |
| IRF4 | F- 5'-TGTGAGGTTGATATTAGAGAGGATT-3' | F 5'-TTTAGGGTAGCGTAGGGTATTTC-3' | 5'-CGAAACTCCAAAACGAAACGCGCTC-3' |
|  | R 5'-AACCTTAAAACCCAAACCAAC-3' | R 5'-GAACAAAACCAAAAAAACGAA-3' |  |
| MSC | F 5'-TGGAAAGACTGGCAGGCAAGCAGAG-3' | F 5'-ATTATTTGGGGGTAGAAGTATCGTC-3' | 5'-CCGACGACCCTTCAACATACTAC-3' |
|  | R 5'-ATCTGTACTCCTTGGAACAAACCAC-3' | R 5'-TACCGAAAAACGATTAATAAAAACG-3' |  |

