



Paul, D. L., Jayatissa, C., Hilton, G. S., & Railton, C. J. (2010). Conformability of a textile antenna for reception of digital television. In Loughborough Antennas and Propagation Conference (LAPC) 2010, Loughborough. (pp. 225 - 228). Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE). 10.1109/LAPC.2010.5666168

Link to published version (if available):
[10.1109/LAPC.2010.5666168](https://doi.org/10.1109/LAPC.2010.5666168)

[Link to publication record in Explore Bristol Research](#)
PDF-document

University of Bristol - Explore Bristol Research

General rights

This document is made available in accordance with publisher policies. Please cite only the published version using the reference above. Full terms of use are available:
<http://www.bristol.ac.uk/pure/about/ebr-terms.html>

Take down policy

Explore Bristol Research is a digital archive and the intention is that deposited content should not be removed. However, if you believe that this version of the work breaches copyright law please contact open-access@bristol.ac.uk and include the following information in your message:

- Your contact details
- Bibliographic details for the item, including a URL
- An outline of the nature of the complaint

On receipt of your message the Open Access Team will immediately investigate your claim, make an initial judgement of the validity of the claim and, where appropriate, withdraw the item in question from public view.

Conformability of a textile antenna for reception of digital television

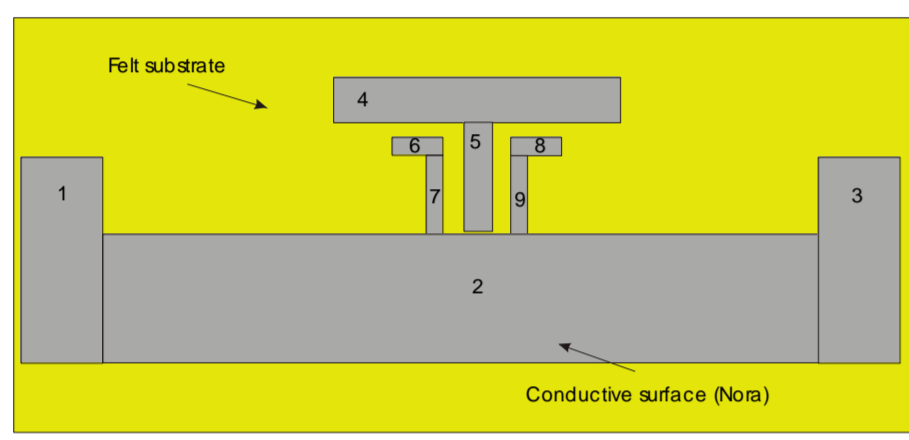
Dominique L. Paul, Chathura Jayatissa, Geoffrey S. Hilton, Chris J. Railton
 Centre for Communication Research, Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering,
 University of Bristol, Woodland Road, Bristol, BS8 1UB, UK

Abstract – The performance of a wide band UHF textile antenna for reception of digital television is enhanced by means of a parametric study using FDTD and robustness to variations in substrate height and permittivity is observed. Despite dimensions that are somewhat large for a human body, measurements of the antenna under curvature and in the presence of the body show that the antenna is robust to deformations, showing little change in input response when crumpled, rolled or worn on the chest and arm.

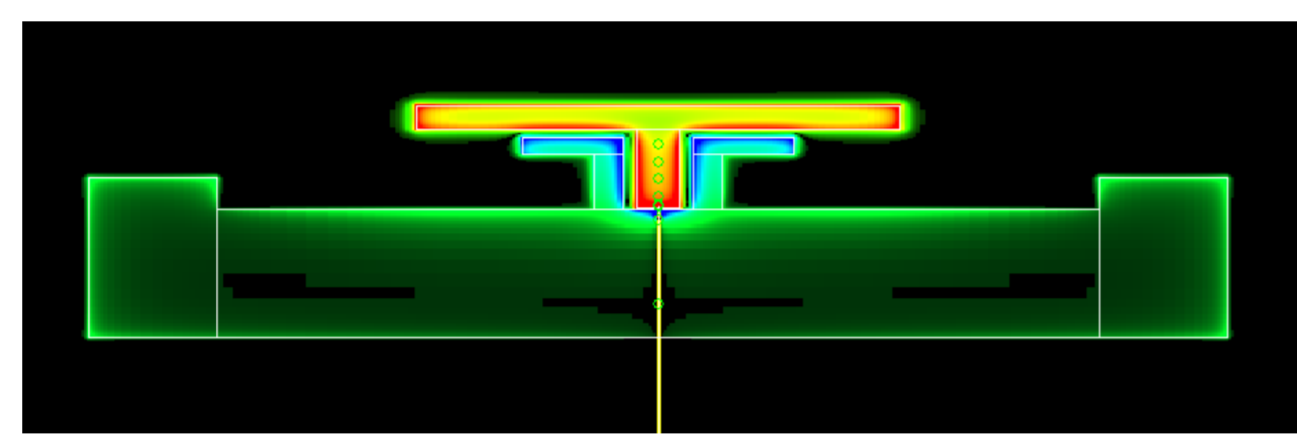
Motivation

- Textile antennas are widely developed for wearable applications as they are light weight, inherently conformal to the human body and comfortable to wear
- Mostly proposed for RF frequencies from 2.45 GHz to 10 GHz
- Only very few narrow-band textile antennas exist in the UHF band and below
- Digital television (DTV) antennas are emerging for laptops and portable media players but only one prototype proposed to receive television on textiles [1]

Parametric study of initial DTV antenna

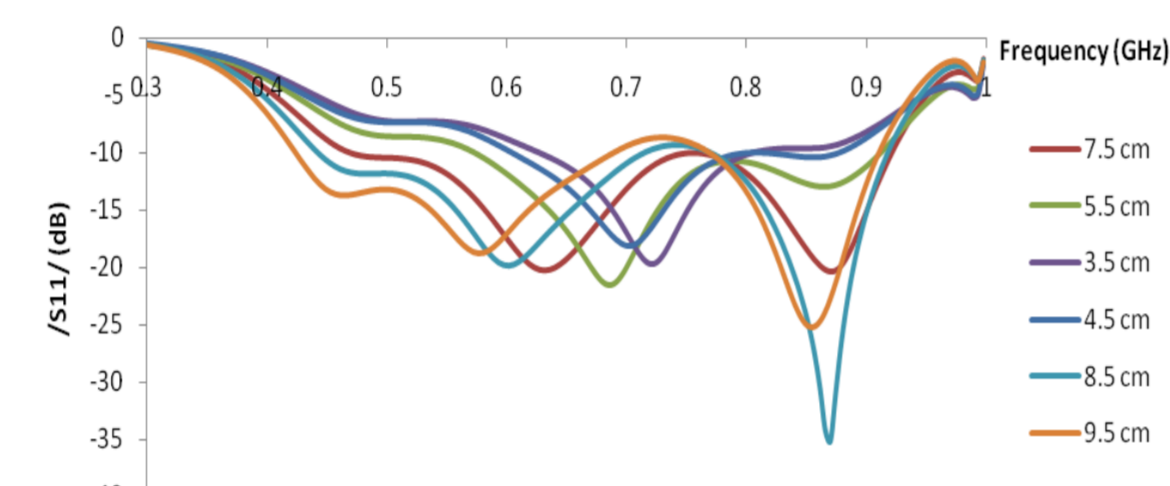


Front view of Digital Television antenna in [1]

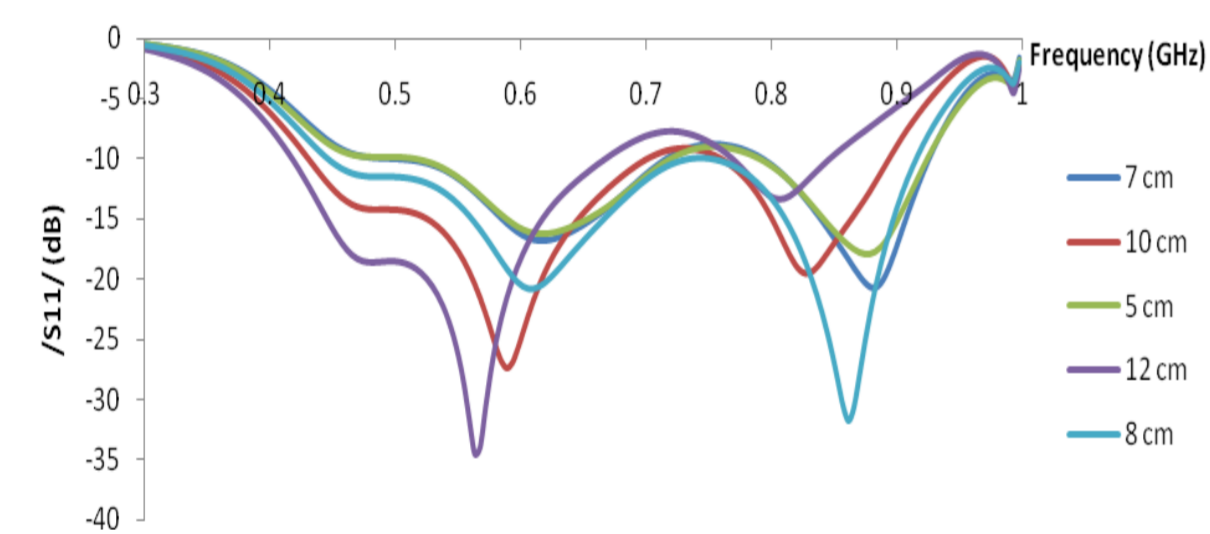


FDTD snapshot showed that the field normal to antenna plane is concentrated near the edges

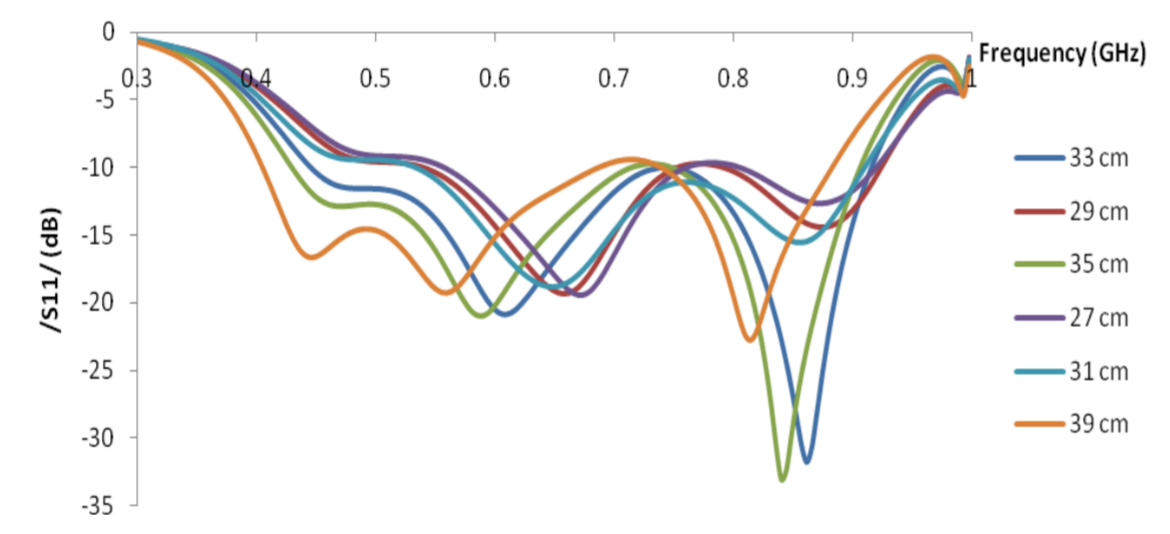
It was observed by simulation that the match could be improved by several dB when the height of blocks 1 and 3 was reduced from 10 to 5 cm



The width of blocks 1 and 3 had a marked effect on the bandwidth (optimum: 7.5 cm)

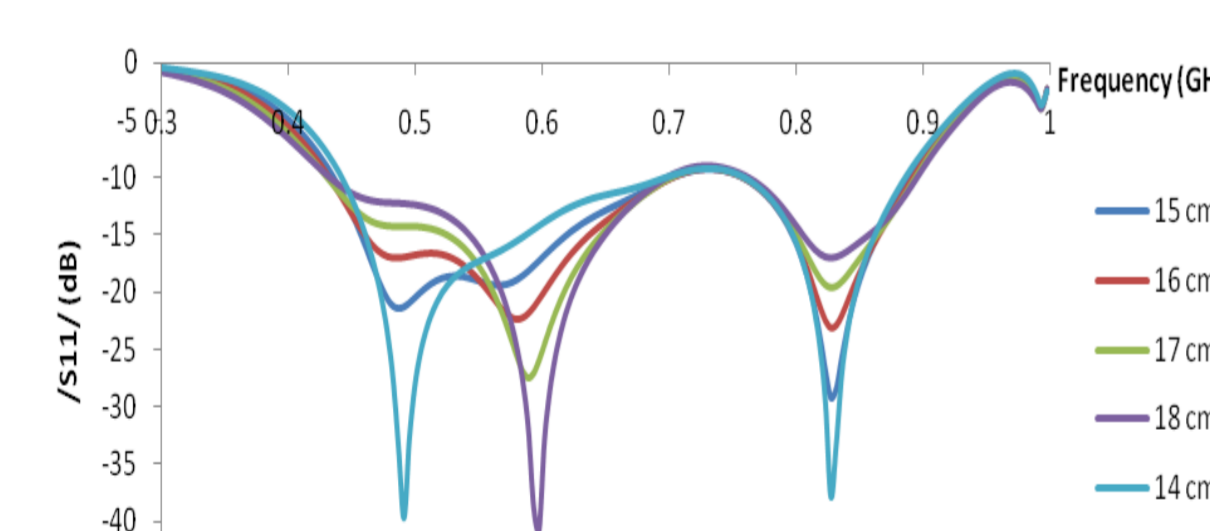


Influence of the height of block 2 (optimum: 10 cm)

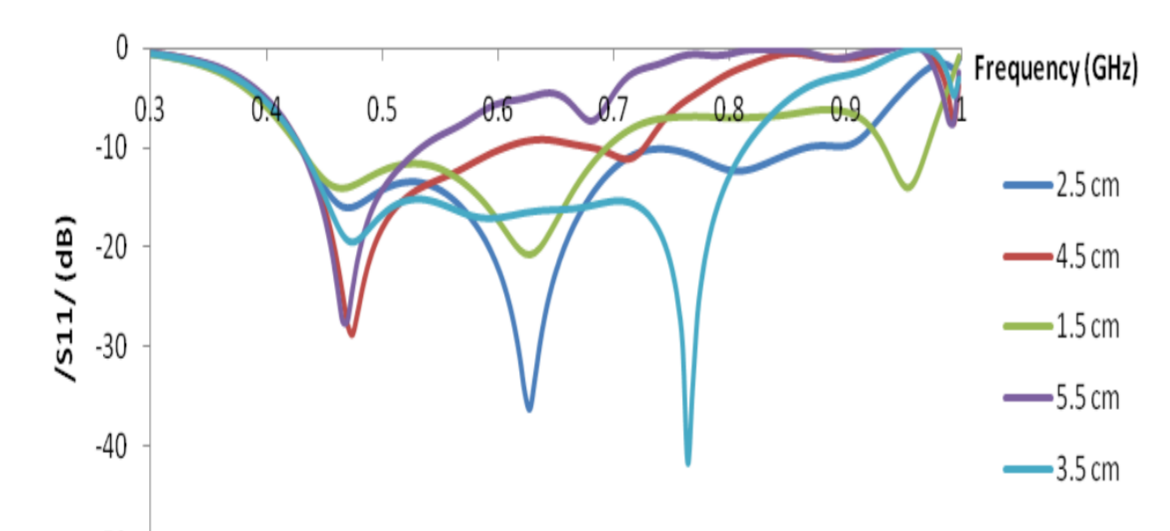


Influence of the width of block 2 (optimum: 33 cm)

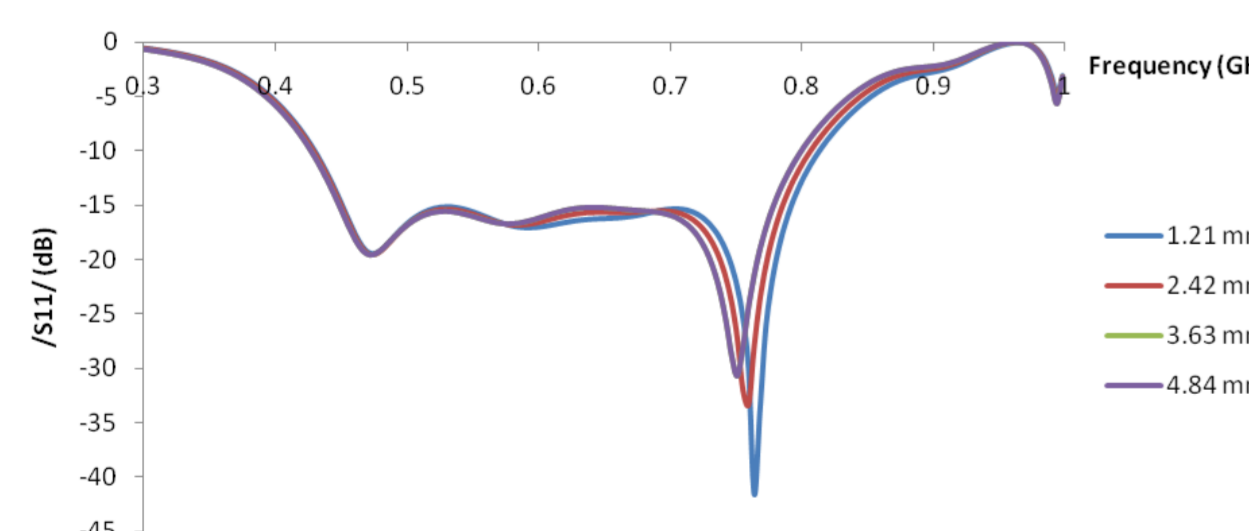
→ All parts of the ground plane were found to have a major influence on the response



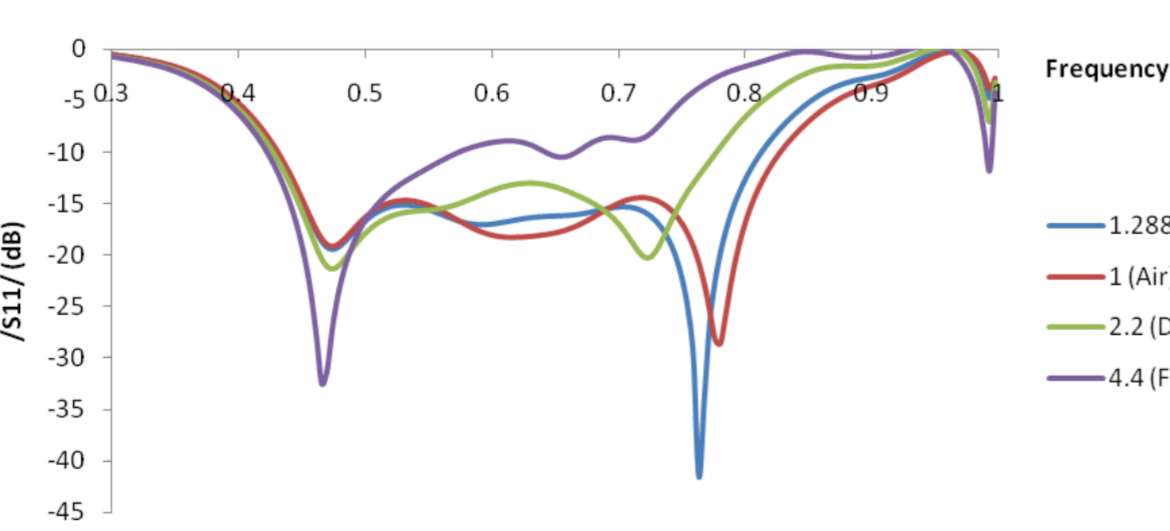
Influence of the width of block 4: match is affected but not bandwidth (optimum: 15 cm)



Parasitic element had most influence on rise in reflection at 750 MHz hence on bandwidth (optimum width for blocks 6 and 8: 3.5 cm as in [1])



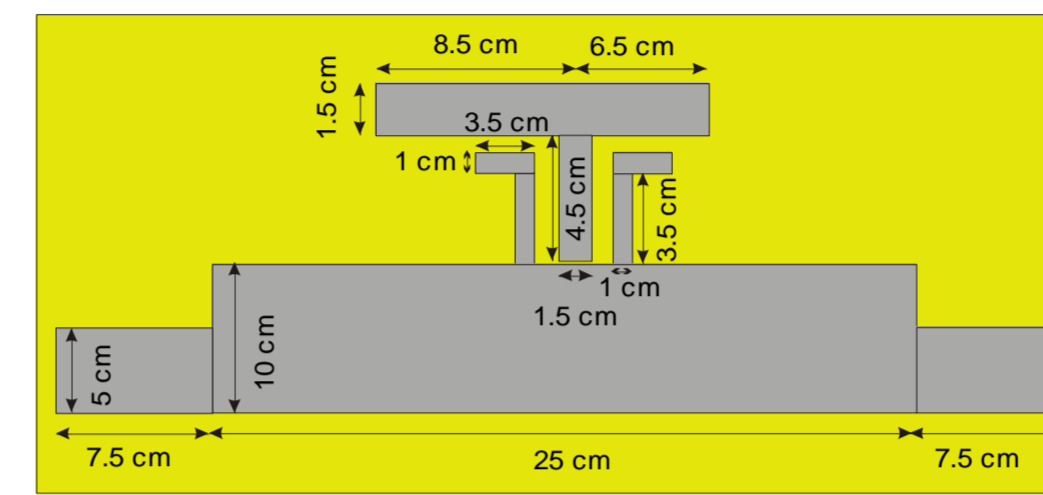
Antenna response is robust to substrate thickness variations



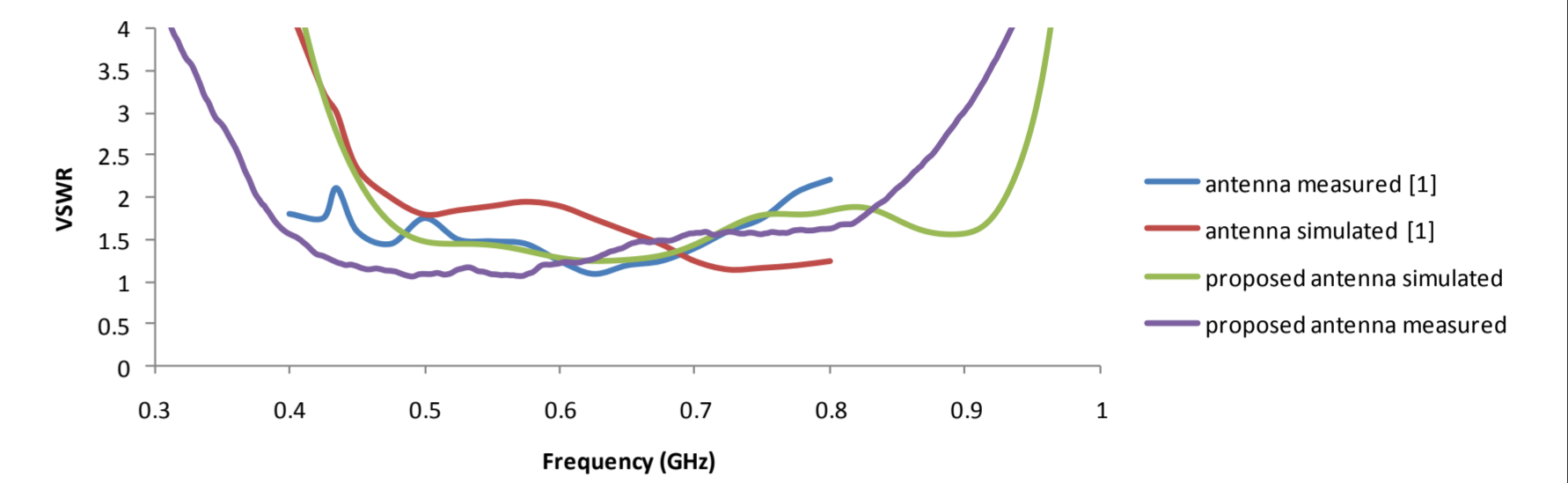
Variations of substrate permittivity show that the design with felt could readily be translated to other textiles

[1] K. Furuya, Y. Taira, H. Iwasaki, S. Yamamoto, N. Tamaki, T. Harada, A. Kuramoto, "Wide Band Wearable Antenna for DTV Reception", in *Proc. IEEE-Ant. & Propagat. Soc. Int. Symp., AP-S, 2008*

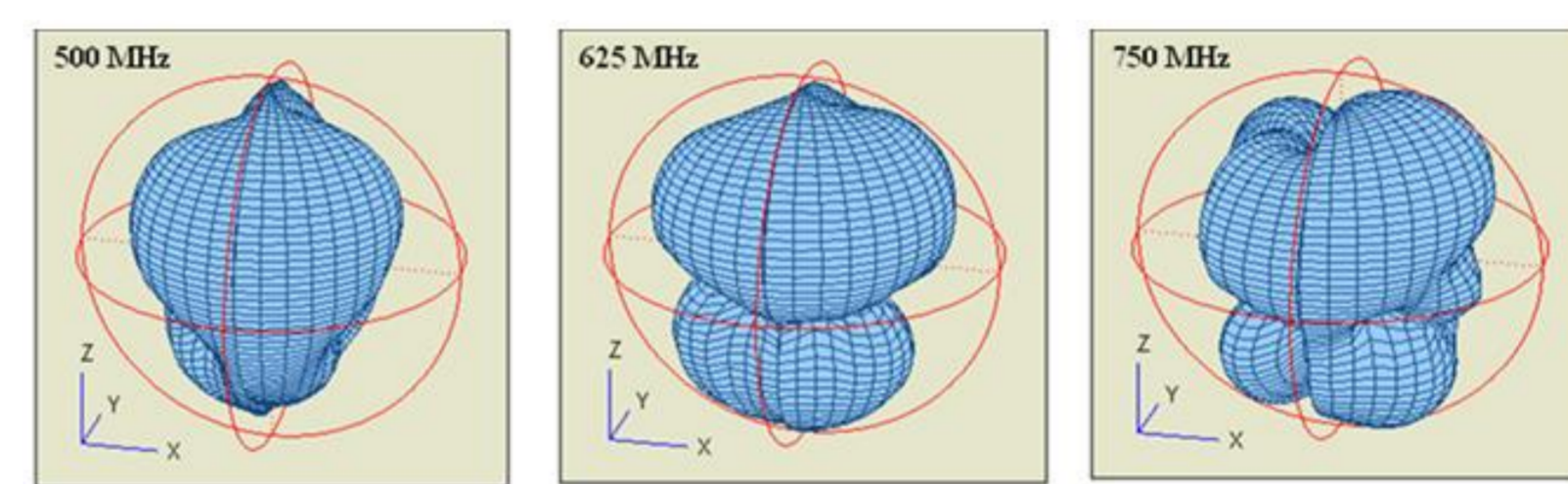
Performance of new wideband DTV antenna



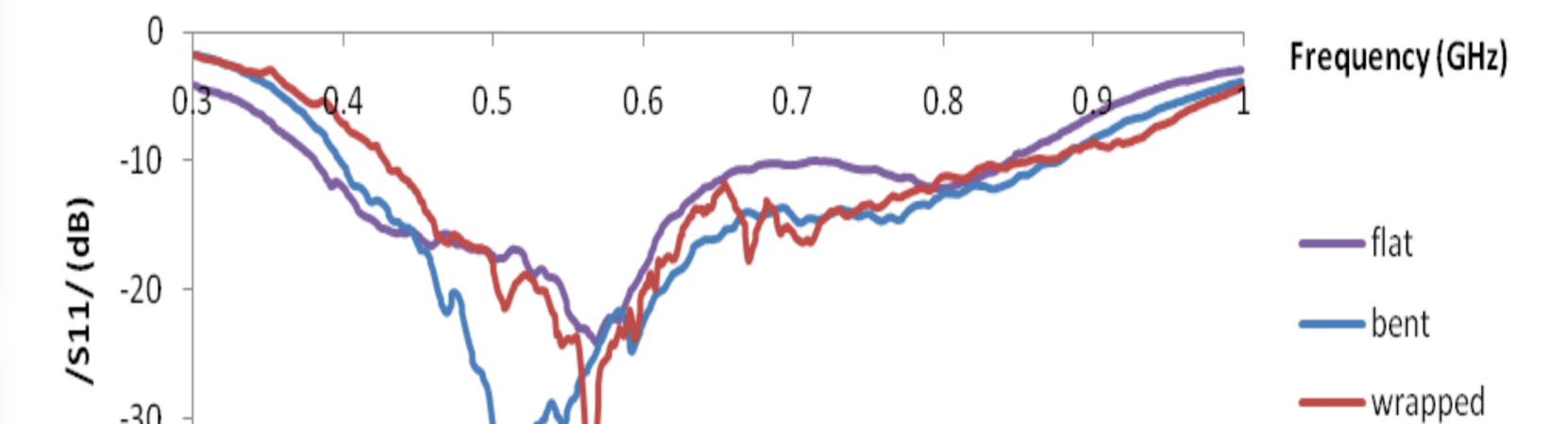
Optimised Digital Television antenna (Felt: thickness: 1.21 mm; dielectric constant: 1.288; loss tangent: 0.0366)



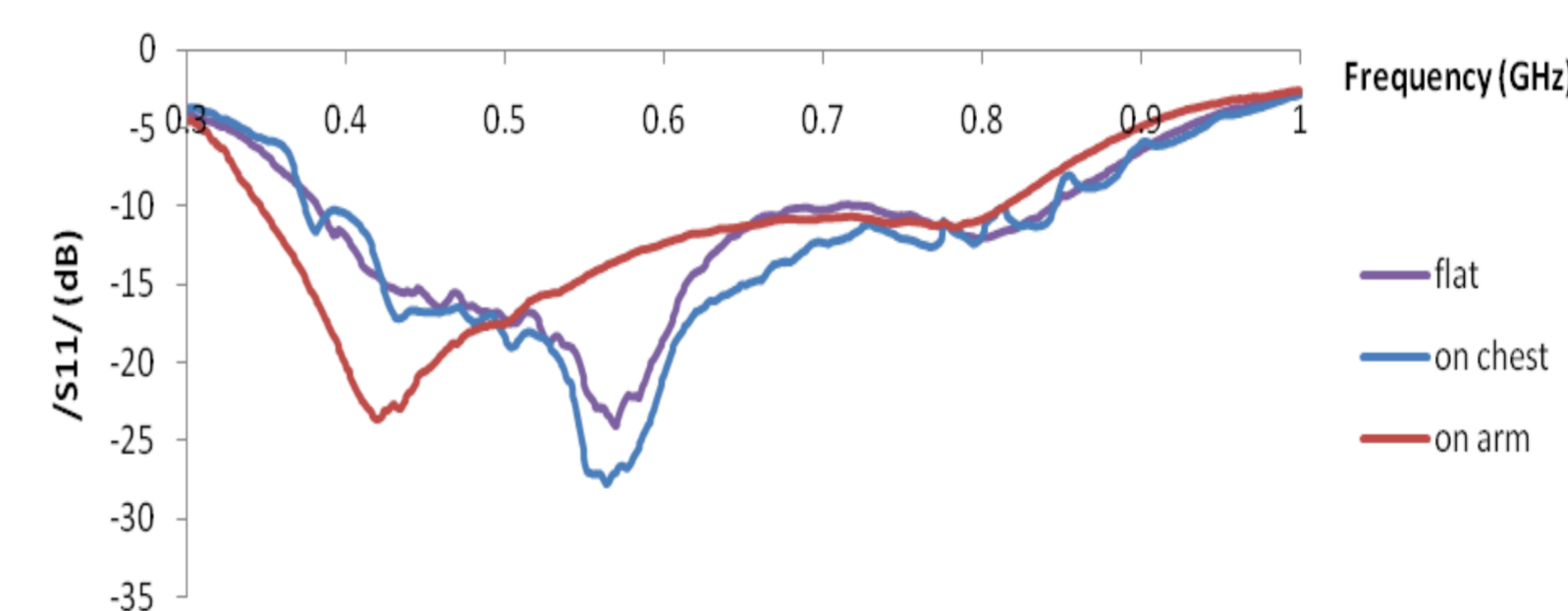
Input response of new DTV antenna showing enhanced bandwidth of 76%: (376-843 MHz as opposed to 470-770 MHz in [1])



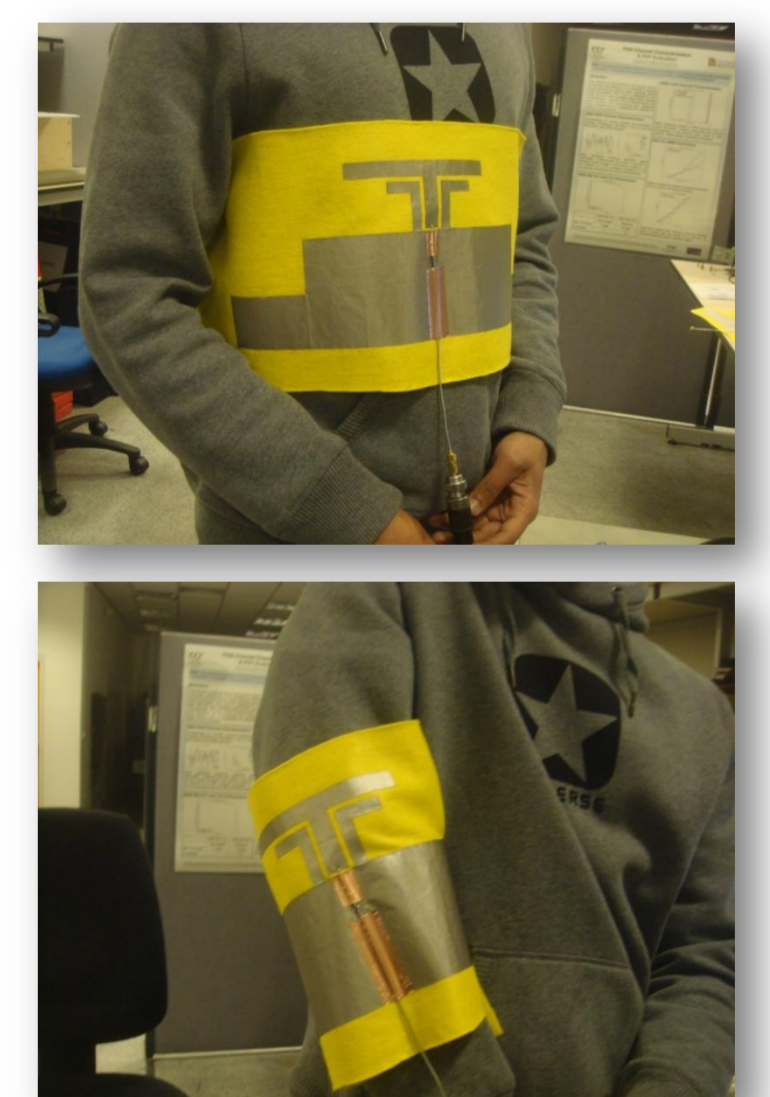
Radiation patterns of new DTV antenna are in good agreement with those from [1]



Measurements of the DTV antenna when bent or rolled showed that the input response was little affected by strong curvature



Measured input response of the DTV antenna remained satisfactory when worn on chest and arm



Acknowledgement: The authors wish to thank Dr. Robert Clarke and Dr. Kevin Lees from the National Physical Laboratory, Teddington, UK for their invaluable contribution in the dielectric measurement of the felt used in this project.

Conclusion

- Textile DTV antenna, using felt and high performance conductive textile, showed a wide bandwidth of 76% (376 MHz-843 MHz) covering DTV band in operation in most countries worldwide with good radiation patterns
- Ground plane dimensions were found to have a large influence on the bandwidth
- Antenna is robust to variations in substrate height and permittivity, hence the same design could potentially be applied to other textiles
- Performance maintained when bent, wrapped, worn on chest or rolled around the arm