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## Correction to “Analysis of the summertime buildup of tropospheric ozone abundances over the Middle East and North Africa as observed by the Tropospheric Emission Spectrometer Instrument”

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[1] In the paper “Analysis of the summertime buildup of tropospheric ozone abundances over the Middle East and North Africa as observed by the Tropospheric Emission Spectrometer Instrument” by J. J. Liu et al. (*Journal of Geophysical Research*, *114*, D05304, doi:10.1029/2008JD010993, 2009), two entries in Table 1 were printed incorrectly. Under the North Africa receptor region, Middle East and North Africa source region names were reversed. The correct version is given here.

**Table 1.** Fractional Contribution to the Ozone Abundance in the Middle East and North Africa at 434 hPa in 2005 July From a GEOS-Chem Tagged Ozone Simulation<sup>a</sup>

Receptor Region	Source Region	UT <sup>b</sup>	MT <sup>b</sup>	BL <sup>b</sup>	Total
Middle East	Asia	13	10	8	31
	North America	1	1	2	4
	Europe	<1	<1	<1	<1
	Equatorial Africa	3	2	3	8
	North Africa	5	3	1	9
	Middle East <sup>c</sup>	8	16	8	32
	Rest of world Stratosphere				11 5
North Africa	Asia	6	4	4	14
	North America	3	3	5	11
	Europe	1	1	1	2
	Equatorial Africa	4	6	4	13
	Middle East	3	5	4	12
	North Africa <sup>c</sup>	5	12	3	20
	Rest of world Stratosphere				22 6

<sup>a</sup>Fractional contribution given as percent.

<sup>b</sup>UT denotes the upper troposphere (300 hPa to the tropopause), MT is the middle troposphere (700–300 hPa), and BL is the boundary layer (>700 hPa).

<sup>c</sup>This is the local ozone production.