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# UPDATED GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTIONS OF MICHIGAN HERPETOFAUNA: A SYNTHESIS OF OLD AND NEW SOURCES

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ABSTRACT - Recently a comprehensive overview of reptiles and amphibians in Michigan was published. Unfortunately, the distributions of the species represented were compiled before widespread accessibility to technological tools providing greater access to museum and historical records as well as citizen science efforts. To update the known ranges of Michigan herpetofauna, published literature, museum collections, and photographic vouchers submitted to an online database were examined and 339 new county and island records were added, updating the maps for 48 of Michigan's 55 known species of reptiles and amphibians. I also present the first published list of Michigan amphibians that includes two new plethodontid salamanders, the Northern Dusky Salamander (*Desmognathus fuscus*) and Southern Two-lined Salamander (*Eurycea cirrigera*). This paper serves as an example of the wealth of information available to scientists that may have previously been unobtainable, and can be used for the distribution of herpetofauna elsewhere.

**Keywords**: Amphibia, Anura, Caudata, Citizen Science, Grey Literature, Natural History Collections, Range Expansion, Reptilia, Squamata, Testudines

#### INTRODUCTION

Many organisms have complex distributions, shaped by geology, climate, and even anthropogenic disturbances (e.g. Dale et al., 2001; Broennimann et al., 2007). Understanding the distribution of species is a focus of ecology, and fundamental to biogeography. The delineation of a species' range is an important resource that can be utilized in ecological and evolutionary studies (Guisan and Thuiller, 2005). For example, if a species has a fragmented distribution, isolated 'populations' may represent unique lineages or Evolutionary Significant Units (Moritz, 1994; 2002). Once a species' distribution is known, further studies can examine why it occurs in particular areas and subsequently predict their occurrence (Gonzalez et al., 2011). Understanding distributions is important in ecological modeling (e.g. Guisan and Thuiller, 2005; Thuiller et al., 2005), and if the boundaries of a species' range used in analyses are not completely known, conservation assessments may be misrepresented (Nelson et al., 1990; Graham et al., 2004). As the effects of climate change become more evident, a more complete knowledge of species distributions can contribute to a more complete understanding of how a changing environment impacts wildlife (Berry et al., 2002).

Northern latitudes have only been inhabitable by rep-

tiles and amphibians since the end of the Pleistocene glaciation, which has presumably resulted in relatively low numbers of northern herpetofauna (e.g. Holman, 2001; 2004; 2012). As global temperatures continue to increase, many ectothermic species continue to disperse, expanding their distributions northwards (e.g. Holman, 2001; 2004; 2012). It is important to document any northward range expansions to monitor this phenomenon. The four major regional landscape ecosystems in the state of Michigan (Holman, 2004; 2012) have been heavily affected by past glaciation events (e.g. Holman, 2001; 2004; 2012), thus making it ideal for the study of changing distributions.

Recently a much-needed overview of Michigan's herpetofauna was published (Holman, 2012). While other publications singled out specific taxa (i.e. snakes, Holman et al. 2006; turtles, Harding and Holman 1997; amphibians, Harding and Holman 1992) or encompassed a larger region that includes Michigan (Harding 1997), Holman (2012) has written the first comprehensive work on Michigan herpetofauna in over 80 years (Ruthven et al., 1928). Holman's book effectively summarizes many aspects of the biology of Michigan's reptiles and amphibians, including a paleontological perspective as well as distribution maps for each species. However, since

Holman's text, more sources of information have become available due to technological advances. Much of the data used for present distribution modeling comes from museums and natural history collections (Ponder et al., 2001; Reutter et al., 2003; Araújo and Guisan, 2006). While there is a wealth of information that can be found in museum collections on species distributions or population trends (Boundy, 2004; 2005), voucher specimens are typically collected by biologists. Over the past decade, technology has afforded greater access to published literature records, and collaborative efforts such as VertNet (http://www.vertnet.org) have made records from museum collections more readily available. As a result, I used many of these technical resources to update the current geographic distributions of Michigan's amphibians and reptiles, ultimately expanding on Holman's recent publication and demonstrating how these sources can be useful in gathering additional information to characterize species distributions.

#### **METHODS**

I performed literature searches (Google Scholar, Web of Knowledge) and examined museum records (HerpNet (records are now combined with VertNet), Museum of Cultural and Natural History at Central Michigan University (MCNH), University of Michigan's Museum of Zoology (UMMZ)) for every reptile and amphibian species known to occur in Michigan. I also reviewed maps provided by the Michigan Natural Features Inventory (MNFI). Any questionable specimens (primarily on the basis of range) were verified by collection managers. I further consulted the Michigan Herp Atlas Project (MHA) accessible at (www.miherpatlas.org), where citizens are encouraged to report sightings of reptiles or amphibians in Michigan and can submit photographic vouchers. All photographic vouchers used to fill in distributional gaps were personally verified by JGP. Any photograph that was not sufficient to identify the species and all non-vouchered reports were recorded with an 'unverified' designation. Such records are listed Appendix 4), but not included in distribution maps. Localities were identified to county or island.

I adhere to the taxonomy used by Holman with the following exceptions: 1) I use the genera *Anaxyrus* and *Lithobates* instead of *Bufo* and *Rana* (Crother, 2012); 2) I use *Acris blanchardi* instead of *A. crepitans blanchardi* for the Blanchard's Cricket Frog (Gamble et al., 2008); 3) I use *Pantherophis vulpinus* for all foxsnakes in Michigan (Crother et al., 2011); 4) I omit subspecific names. Ambiguous identifications were not included in the case

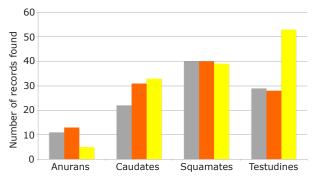


Figure 1. Number of 'new' Michigan herpetofaunal records compiled from literature searches (gray), museum specimens (orange), or photographic vouchers (yellow). Categories have some overlap (see Appendix 1).

of Gray and Cope's Gray Treefrogs (*Hyla chrysoscelis* and *H. versicolor*), as these species cannot be differentiated by morphological characters; 5) I do not include a category for hybrid *Ambystoma* salamanders. Holman includes two maps: one for the Blue-spotted Salamander (*A. laterale*) and the other for hybrids plus *A. laterale*. Hybrid *Ambystoma* do not occur across the entire range of *A. laterale*, and many older records fail to distinguish between the two, so I omitted this map.

#### **RESULTS**

A comprehensive review of literature and museum databases yielded 269 unreported county records (Appendix 1). Also compiled are a list of herpetofaunal records on Michigan islands in the Great Lakes (Appendix 2). Among the 269 unreported literature and museum records, 60 are supplemented by recent (2009-present) photographic vouchers from the MHA. In addition, another 70 MHA photographic vouchers represent new county records (Appendix 3), and an additional 74 unconfirmed MHA and other reports are also listed, but not included in the maps (Appendix 4). The combination of these findings altered the distribution maps from Holman 2012 for 48 of Michigan's 55 species of herpetofauna (Appendix 5), including many records from literature, voucher specimens, and citizen science reports (Figure 1).

Included among the updates are two species of plethodontid salamanders, the Northern Dusky Salamander (*Desmognathus fuscus*; MSUM, voucher HE.14494) and the Southern Two-lined Salamander (*Eurycea cirrigera*; UMMZ, voucher UMFS 12185, originally listed as a Northern Two-lined Salamander, *E. bislineata*), that have not been previously included in published contributions of Michigan herpetofauna (Ruthven et al., 1928; Harding and Holman, 1992; Harding, 1997; Holman, 2004; Holman, 2012). These specimens are known only from a single locality and may represent either recent introductions or relict populations. Both species likely represent well established breeding populations (Mifsud, pers. comm.), and should continue to persist in Michigan if anthropogenic disturbance is limited.

#### **DISCUSSION**

This contribution improves the understanding of herpetofaunal distributions in Michigan. The updated ranges for all Michigan herpetofauna (Appendix 5) can assist with future biodiversity assessments, ecological modeling, and species-specific studies. The plethora of sources used to compile these data also stands as an example of the amount of previously unavailable data present in museum collections and 'grey' literature. While older records reflect where a species has been found, many lack recent verification. Regardless, over 20% of the literature and museum records included here are supported by MHA photographic vouchers within the past five years. Given the uneven and sporadic sampling represented by these photographic vouchers (e.g. some regions of the Upper Peninsula (UP) and northern Lower Peninsula do not have many records submitted to MHA), I suspect many more historic records are representative of extant populations. Any record whose legitimacy may be questioned and is not backed by a voucher specimen is included in Appendix 4. Even with the addition of recent records, gaps in many species' range maps remain, indicating a need for further survey work. Those who encounter Michigan herpetofauna are encouraged to access The MHA (www.miherpatlas.org) and contribute any sightings, especially through photo documentation. Similar ventures in other states, provinces or countries that utilize citizen science in this fashion are likewise worthy of support.

This paper should be viewed as a supplement to the range maps presented within Holman (2012), but should not be treated as an absolute list of Michigan herpetofaunal distributions. The data presented serve as an example of the wealth of information that has recently been made available by technological advances in information sharing, and may prove useful in any attempts to catalogue the distributions within a region or to document extensions of known species distributions.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

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Appendix 1. A list of county records for Michigan herpetofauna in addition to the distribution maps in Holman 2012. Records come from published literature, museum vouchers, and the Michigan Natural Features Inventory (MNFI). When multiple specimens were present at museums, the number of records is indicated.

Common Name	Scientific Name	County/Island	Source
Frogs and Toads Blanchard's Cricket Frog Blanchard's Cricket Frog Blanchard's Cricket Frog Blanchard's Cricket Frog Fowler's Toad Cope's Gray Treefrog Gray Treefrog Gray Treefrog Gray Treefrog Green Frog Pickerel Frog Pickerel Frog Northern Leopard Frog Northern Leopard Frog Wood Frog Spring Peeper Western Chorus Frog	Acris blanchardi Acris blanchardi Acris blanchardi Anaxyrus fowleri Anaxyrus fowleri Anaxyrus fowleri Anaxyrus fowleri Hyla chrysoscelis Hyla chrysoscelis Hyla versicolor Hyla versicolor Hyla versicolor Lithobates catesbeianus¹ Lithobates camitans Lithobates clamitans Lithobates palustris Lithobates palustris Lithobates pipiens Lithobates pipiens Lithobates sylvaticus Pseudacris crucifer Pseudacris triseriata¹	Genesee Newaygo St. Clair Emmet Isabella Leelanau Kalkaska Branch Missaukee Cass St. Clair Bois Blanc Island Drummond Island Genesee Ogemaw Wayne Bois Blanc Island Genesee Ogemaw Wayne Bois Blanc Island Genesee Ogemaw Wayne Bois Blanc Islands Coleman Island Genesee Ogemaw Wayne Bois Blanc Islands Coleman Islands Bois Blanc Islands Bois Blanc Islands	Lehtinen 2002 KU MCNH, MNFI 2011, Lehtinen 2002 Ruthven et al. 1928 MCNH Ruthven et al. 1928 UMMZ, Bogart and Jaslow 1979 USNM MCNH (4), MSUM MSUM (5) Ruthven et al. 1928 Holman 20123 UMMZ, Ruthven et al. 1928 MCNH USNM, Ruthven et al. 1912 <sup>4</sup> UMMZ MSUM MSUM Holman 2012 <sup>3</sup> Holman 2012 <sup>3</sup> USNM
Salamanders Blue-spotted Salamander Blue-spotted Salamander Blue-spotted Salamander Blue-spotted Salamander Blue-spotted Salamander Blue-spotted Salamander Spotted Salamander Eastern Tiger Salamander Eastern Tiger Salamander Eastern Tiger Salamander Eastern Tiger Salamander	Ambystoma laterale Ambystoma laterale Ambystoma laterale¹ Ambystoma laterale¹ Ambystoma laterale¹ Ambystoma laterale¹ Ambystoma laterale¹ Ambystoma maculatum Ambystoma maculatum Ambystoma maculatum Ambystoma maculatum² Ambystoma igninum Ambystoma maculatum² Ambystoma tigrinum Ambystoma tigrinum Ambystoma tigrinum Ambystoma tigrinum Ambystoma tigrinum	Arenac Isabella Oceana Ogemaw Genesee Tuscola Van Buren Barry Eaton Grand Traverse Leelanau Clare Tuscola Kalamazoo Wexford Isabella Montcalm Lapeer Lenawee	UMMZ (3), Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 MCNH MSUM (2) MCNH Carlson and Szuch 2007 WVZ (2) MCNH CAS, MVZ, Gibbs et al. 1905, Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>4</sup> MCNH CAS, MVZ, Gibbs et al. 1905, Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>4</sup> MCNH CAS, MVZ, Gibbs et al. 1905, Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>4</sup> MCNH MCNH Potter 1920, Ruthven et al. 1928 MCNH MCNH MCNH MCNH MCNH MCNH MCNH MCNH

Appendix 1 (continued). A list of county records for Michigan herpetofauna in addition to the distribution maps in Holman 2012. Records come from published literature, museum vouchers, and the Michigan Natural Features Inventory (MNFI). When multiple specimens were present at museums, the number of records is indicated.

Common Name	Scientific Name	County/Island	Source
Northern Dusky Salamander Southern Two-lined Salamander Four-toed Salamander Eastern Newt Eastern Newt Eastern Newt Eastern Red-backed Salamander Eastern Red-backed Salamander Eastern Red-backed Salamander	Desmognathus fuscus¹ Eurycea cirrigera Hemidactylium scutatum Necturus maculosus Neturus maculosus	Tuscola Tuscola Benzie Cass Crawford Gratiot Huron Iosco Isabella St. Clair St. Clair Manistee Van Buren St. Clair Macomb Wayne Drummond Island Saginaw Sanilac	MSUM, Carlson and Szuch 2005, 2007  UMMZ, Soderberg 2009, Soderberg et al. 2009  Casper and Anton 2008  MVZ (9), UMMZ (49)  MCNH (2)  MCNH (2)  UMMZ, USNM  MCNH (2)  UMMZ, Lehtinen et al. 2003  MVZ (8)  Carlson and Szuch 2007  MCZ (2), UMMZ, Ruthven et al. 1928  Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928  ANSP (3)7  KU, Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928  Ruthven et al. 1928  MCNH  Ruthven et al. 1928  Holman 2012³  Holman 2012³  Holman 2012³  Holman 2012³
Lizards Five-lined Skink North American Racer Ring-necked Snake	Plestiodon fasciatus Plestiodon fasciatus Plestiodon fasciatus¹ Coluber constrictor Coluber constrictor¹	Charlevoix Gratiot Isabella Kent Lake Lenawee Ottawa Tuscola Tuscola Gratiot Ionia Isabella Mecosta Saginaw Eaton	Ruthven et al. 1928  Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928  MCNH  MCNH  UMMZ  UMMZ  Gibbs et al. 1905, Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>4</sup> UMMZ  UMMZ  UMMZ  WCNH  Gibbs et al. 1905, Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928  MCNH  MCNH  MCNH  MCNH  MCNH  MCNH  MCNH  Gibbs et al. 1905 <sup>6</sup> MCNH  Gibbs et al. 1905 <sup>6</sup> MCNH  Gibbs et al. 1905 <sup>6</sup>

Appendix 1 (continued). A list of county records for Michigan herpetofauna in addition to the distribution maps in Holman 2012. Records come from published literature, museum vouchers, and the Michigan Natural Features Inventory (MNFI). When multiple specimens were present at museums, the number of records is indicated.

Common Name	Scientific Name	County/Island	Source
Ping-packed Spake	Diadophis punctatus	rutio+	Buthyon at al 1017 1028
	Diadophic punctatus	Glaciot Lixipacton	
Factors Digase	Deterotor platithing	E DE TION	
Eastell Hog-Hosed Shake	Dotorodon platificados-	Delizie Emmot	
Fastelli IIOg-IIOsed Sligke	Heterodon platinhinos	Cirtiot	PICINIT, OF INT.
	Hererodon platirninos	Gratiot	Kutnven et al. 1912, 1928
	Heterodon platirhinos	Leelanau	Casper and Anton 2008
Hog-nosed	$Heterodon\ platirhinos^1$	Montmorency	UMMZ, Ruthven et al. 1928
	Heterodon platirhinos $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$	Ottawa	MCNH
Eastern Hog-nosed Snake	${\sf Heterodon\ platirhinos^1}$	St. Clair	Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928⁴
Eastern Milksnake	Lampropeltis triangulum²	Genesee	LACM
Eastern Milksnake	Lampropeltis triangulum	Gratiot	USNM (2), Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928
Eastern Milksnake	Lampropeltis triangulum $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$	Mecosta	NAMZ
Eastern Milksnake	Lampropeltis triangulum	Saginaw	NAMZ
Eastern Milksnake	Lampropeltis triangulum	Van Buren	MCZ, Gibbs et al. 1905 <sup>6</sup> , Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928
Plain-bellied Watersnake	Nerodia erthyrogaster	Calhoun	MNFI 1992
Plain-bellied Watersnake	Nerodia erthyrogaster	Ingham	USNM
Northern Watersnake	Nerodia sipedon	Arenac	UMMZ (15), Ruthven et al. 1928
Northern Watersnake	Nerodia sipedon	Genesee	MCZ
Northern Watersnake	Nerodia sipedon	Gladwin	Ruthven et al. 1928
Northern Watersnake	Nerodia sipedon	Gratiot	Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928
Northern Watersnake	Nerodia sipedon <sup>1</sup>	St. Clair	NAMZ
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	Eaton	Gibbs et al. 1905, Ruthven et al. 1928
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	Genesee	MCZ
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	Gratiot	Ruthven et al. 1928
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	Hillsdale	Ruthven et al. 1928
	Opheodrys vernalis	Lenawee	NAMZ
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	Mason	Ruthven et al. 1928
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	Osceola	NAMZ
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis <sup>8</sup>	Saginaw	MCNH, TCWC
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis <sup>8</sup>	Wayne	UCM, USNM, Ruthven et al. 1928⁴
Queen Snake	Regina septemvittata	Isabella	MCNH
Queen Snake	Regina septemvittata	Shiawassee	NAMZ
Eastern Massasauga	Sistrurus catenatus <sup>1</sup>	Benzie	Gibbs et al. 1905€
Eastern Massasauga	Sistrurus catenatus	Gratiot	Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928, Hallock 1991
Eastern Massasauga	Sistrurus catenatus	Midland	MCNH, Szymanski 1998
Eastern Massasauga	Sistrurus catenatus	Roscommon	MNFI 1998, Szymanski 1998
Eastern Massasauga	Sistrurus catenatus	Wexford	Ruthven et al. 1928
Dekay's Brownsnake	Storeria dekayi¹	Alcona	UMMZ, Ruthven et al. 1928
Dekay's Brownsnake	Storeria dekayi	Arenac	MCNH, UMMZ
Dekay's Brownsnake	Storeria dekayi	Houghton	ВУИН
Dekay's Brownsnake	Storeria dekayi	Macomb	ZWWN
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata	Beaver Island	Holman 2012³ Blackard 1627
	stol el la occipitolifaculata	DOIS DIAITC ISIAITU	Didiiciidiu 1937

Appendix 1 (continued). A list of county records for Michigan herpetofauna in addition to the distribution maps in Holman 2012. Records come from published literature, museum vouchers, and the Michigan Natural Features Inventory (MNFI). When multiple specimens were present at museums, the number of records is indicated.

Common Name	Scientific Name	County/Island	Source
		:	
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata	Gratiot	Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata	Huron	UMMZ (3), Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata	Kalamazoo	ANSP, Gibbs et al. 1905 <sup>6</sup> , Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>4</sup>
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata	Leelanau	Ruthven et al. 1928
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata¹	Mecosta	NAMZ
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata	Menominee	MSUM (3), UMMZ
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata	Montcalm	MONH
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata	Van Buren	MCZ
	Storeria occipitomaculata	Wexford	ROM (2)
Butler's Gartersnake	Thamnophis butleri	Alcona	ZWWD
Butler's Gartersnake		Isabella	MCNH, MSUM
Eastern Ribbonsnake		Alcona	Ruthven et al. 1928
Eastern Ribbonsnake	Thamnophis sauritus	Arenac	MCNH, UMMZ
Eastern Ribbonsnake	-,	Monroe	, ZWMU
Eastern Ribbonsnake	Thamnophis sauritus <sup>1</sup>	Montmorency	UMMZ, Ruthven et al. 1928
Eastern Ribbonsnake	Thamnophis sauritus $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$	Ottawa	Gibbs et al. 1905 <sup>6</sup> , Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>4</sup>
Eastern Gartersnake	Thamnophis sirtalis	Menominee	Holman 2012 <sup>3</sup>
	Thamnophis sirtalis <sup>1</sup>	Muskedon	Holman 2012³
Eastern Gartersnake		Van Buren	Ruthven et al. 19124, Holman 2012³
Color Coffeboli		,,,,	701 30 5MM
Spirity Solltshell	Apaiolle spirillera	Day	UMMZ, Douglas 1977
Spiny Sortshell	Apaione spinifera	Iosco	Lagier 1943
Spiny Softshell	Apalone spinifera <sup>1</sup>	Isabella	MCNH
Spiny Softshell	<i>Apalone spinifera²</i>	Kent	Ruthven et al. 1928, Lagler 1943
Spiny Softshell	Apalone spinifera	Saginaw	NMMZ
Spiny Softshell	Apalone spinifera $^{1}$	St. Clair	YPM
Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina <sup>2</sup>	Arenac	UMMZ, Ruthven et al. 1928
Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina <sup>1</sup>	Bay	MCNH, UMMZ
Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$	Benzie	Lagler 1943, Casper and Anton 2008
Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina <sup>1</sup>	Clare	MCNH, Lagler 1943
Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina¹	Emmet	Lagler 1943
Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina¹	Lapeer	UMMZ, Ruthven et al. 1928
Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina <sup>1</sup>	Macomb	Kannan et al. 2005
Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina¹	Midland	MCNH, UMMZ, Wooten 2003
Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$	Ogemaw	Lagler 1943
Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina¹	Osceola	Lagler 1943
Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina	Oscoda	Ruthven et al. 1928
Painted Turtle	Chrysemys picta	Bay	UMMZ (2), USNM (3), Ruthven et al. 1928
Painted Turtle	$Chrysemys\ picta^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$	Lapeer	MCNH, UMMZ, Ruthven et al. 1928
Painted Turtle	Chrysemys picta <sup>1</sup>	Monroe	UMMZ (5), Ruthven et al. 1928
Painted Turtle	Chrysemys picta <sup>1</sup>	Sanilac	ROM, UMMZ, USNM
Painted Turtle	Chrysemys picta $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$	Tuscola	UMMZ

Appendix 1 (continued). A list of county records for Michigan herpetofauna in addition to the distribution maps in Holman 2012. Records come from published literature, museum vouchers, and the Michigan Natural Features Inventory (MNFI). When multiple specimens were present at museums, the number of records is indicated.

Source	Edgren 1942, Lagler 1943 CUMV UMMZ, Ruthven et al. 1928 MNFI 2011 Beauvais 2013 MNFI 2000	Kuthven et al. 1912, 1928 MNF1 2003 MPM MNF1 2000 MCNH	Casper and Anton 2008 Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 MSUM (2), YPM MSUM (16) UAZ MCNH (17) CM (2), Lagler 1943 UMMZ (4) MSUM (2) MCNH USNM, Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>4</sup> MCNH, Gibbs et al. 1905 <sup>6</sup> MNFT 2008. Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>4</sup>
County/Island	Van Buren Antrim Ionia Manistee Benzie Chippewa	Gratiot Sanilac Alger Ogemaw Bay	Benzie Berrien Clare Clinton Crawford Isabella Lake Lenawee Oceana Oscoda Eaton Isabella
Scientific Name	Chrysemys picta¹ Clemmys guttata Clemmys guttata Clemmys guttata Emydoidea blandingii¹ Emydoidea blandingii²	Emydoidea blandingii+ Emydoidea blandingii† Glyptemys insculpta Glyptemys insculpta Graptemys geographica	Graptemys geographica Graptemys geographica Graptemys geographica¹ Graptemys geographica¹ Graptemys geographica¹ Graptemys geographica¹ Graptemys geographica¹ Graptemys geographica¹ Graptemys geographica² Sternotherus odoratus Sternotherus odoratus
Common Name	Painted Turtle Spotted Turtle Spotted Turtle Spotted Turtle Blanding's Turtle Blanding's Turtle Blanding's Turtle	Blanding's Turtle Blanding's Turtle Wood Turtle Wood Turtle Northern Map Turtle	Northern Map Turtle Eastern Map Turtle Northern Map Turtle Northern Map Turtle Eastern Musk Turtle Eastern Musk Turtle Eastern Musk Turtle

These records are confirmed by photographic vouchers in the Michigan Herp Atlas Project (2009-present).
These records are supported by the Michigan Herp Atlas Project (No voucher available, recorded 2004-present).
These records are cited in Holman 2012, but omitted from his maps. To avoid confusion, I include them here. These records are all either island records or widespread species that are "recorded from every county"

according to Holman.

Holman 2012 reports that L. pipiens is absent from Bois Blanc and Drummond Islands, citing an erroneous mention in a previous work (Harding and Holman, 1992). These vouchers validate the 1992 text. Gibbs the set al. may be unreliable. In their 1905 paper they include Plethodon glutinosus, Carphophis amonens, and Thannophis radix, in their list of Michigan herpetoiduna. To my knowledge, none of these three species test in their 1905 paper they include Plethodon glutinosus, Carphophis amoents, and Thannophis value is the Michigan Several of Gibbs et al. seports are supplemented by museum specimens or photographic vouchers (Michigan Adas), and most fall within the known ranges of species has ever been collected in Michigan. Several of Gibbs et the locality data on other specimens (N. Gilmore, pers. comm.), so it is plausible to consider that some of these are also inaccurate. Records from This record is listed in Ruthven et al. 1912 and 1928 as an unvouchered 'report,' in contrast to the majority of Ruthven's records that were supported by museum vouchers. Records from this source are only included here if supported by additional records.

this source are only included here if supported by additional records. This record is supplemental by the author's (JGP) personal observations.

These specimens are catalogued under the genus Liochlorophis in their respective institutions. The current accepted genus is Opheodrys (Crother, 2008).
Holman writes that E. blandingii is missing from 'Alger and Luce' Counties in the eastern Upper Peninsula (UP), but in maps lists this species as present in Alger while absent in Chippewa and Mackinac counties in multiple published distributions (Holman, 2004; 2012), therefore I treat Chippewa County as an unreported record.

Sciences (CAS), Carnegie Museum of Natural History (CM), Central Michigan University Museum of Cultural and Natural History (MCNH), Cornell University Museum of Natural History (LOW), University Museum of Natural History Museum of Natural History Louisiana State University (LACM), Louisiana Museum (MO), Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County (LACM), Louisiana Museum of Natural History, Louisiana State University (LACM), Michigan State University Museum (MOM), Museum of Natural History (MOX), Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum (MOM), Museum of Natural History (LACM), Amphibia University of California-Berkeley (MAZ), University of Museum (MOMH), Royal Ontain Museum (MOM), Texas Cooperative Wildlife Collection, Thyrophy (MAZ), University of Museum of Natural History (USNM), Peabody Museum, Yale University (YPM). Records from the Michigan Natural Features Inventory (MNFI) are included Museum abbreviations are as follows: American Museum of Natural History (AMNH), The Academy of Natural Sciences (ANSP), Monte L. Bean Museum, Brigham Young University (BYUH), California Academy of with the date of most recent record denoted.

Appendix 2. Herpetofaunal records for Michigan Islands not included in the distribution maps presented either in the present work or in Holman (2012). This table is adapted from Holman (2012) who adapted from Bowen and Gillingham (2004). All numbered islands denote new additions to the islands listed in Holman 2012.

Common Name	Species	Island(s)
Blue-spotted Salamander	Ambystoma laterale	Garden, High, Trout
Spotted Salamander	Ambystoma maculatum	N. Manitou, S. Manitou
Red-backed Salamander	Plethodon cinereus	Garden, High, Hog¹, N. Fox, N. Manitou, S. Fox, S. Manitou
Eastern Newt	Notophthalmus viridescens	Squaw, St. Martin <sup>2</sup>
Eastern American Toad	Anaxyrus americanus	Big Summer <sup>2</sup> , Garden, High, Hog, Little Summer <sup>2</sup> , N. Fox, N. Manitou, S. Fox, S. Manitou, Squaw, Trout, Whiskey
Gray Treefrog	Hyla versicolor	Trout
Spring Peeper	Pseudacris crucifer	Garden, Gull, N. Fox, N. Manitou,
		S. Manitou, Trout
American Bullfrog	Lithobates catesbeianus	N. Manitou
Green Frog	Lithobates clamitans	Garden, High, N. Manitou
Northern Leopard Frog	Lithobates pipiens	Big Summer <sup>2</sup> , Garden, S. Manitou
Wood Frog	Lithobates sylvaticus	Harbor, N. Manitou, St. Martin <sup>2</sup>
Eastern Milksnake	Lampropeltis triangulum	Garden, High, N. Fox, Whiskey
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	S. Fox <sup>3</sup>
Eastern Foxsnake	Pantherophis vulpinus	Big Summer <sup>2</sup> , Little Summer <sup>2</sup> , N. Manitou <sup>4</sup> , S. Fox <sup>5</sup> , St. Martin <sup>2</sup> , Summer <sup>2</sup>
Ring-necked Snake	Diadophis punctatus	Big Summer <sup>2</sup> , Garden, N. Fox, N. Manitou,
		S. Fox, S. Manitou, St. Martin2
Northern Watersnake	Nerodia sipedon	Garden, High, Hog, N. Fox, Squaw,
		St. Martin², Whiskey
Dekay's Brownsnake	Storeria dekayi	Hog6, N. Manitou, S. Fox, S. Manitou
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata	Garden, High, Hog <sup>7</sup> , Squaw, Whiskey
Northern Ribbonsnake	Thamnophis sauritus	N. Manitou
Eastern Gartersnake	Thamnophis sirtalis	Big Summer <sup>2</sup> , Garden, High, Little Summer <sup>2</sup> , N. Fox, N. Manitou, S. Fox, S. Manitou, Squaw, St. Martin <sup>2</sup> , Trout, Whiskey
Eastern Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina	Garden, N. Manitou, S. Manitou
Painted Turtle	Chrysemys picta	Garden, High, Hog8, N. Manitou, S. Manitou

Seefelt et al. 2013b

Long and Long 1976

Casper and Anton 2008

Bowen et al. 2007

Previously, the South Fox Island specimen was believed to be a cataloguing error (Casper and Anton, 2008; Harding pers. comm.), but more recent records of *P. vulpinus* on Lake Michigan islands (Bowen et al., 2007; MHA) indicate that this specimen may represent an accurate record.

Seefelt et al. 2013c

Blanchard 1937

Seefelt et al. 2013a

Appendix 3. Additional records supplied by the Michigan Herp Atlas, supplemented by verified photographic vouchers. Year of the most recent record is noted.

Common Name	Species	County	Year
Frogs and Toads	Anura	·	
Fowler's Toad	Anaxyrus fowleri	Benzie	2014
Fowler's Toad	Anaxyrus fowleri	Mecosta	2014
Towler's Toda	Allaxyrus rowler	Mecosta	2014
Salamanders	Caudata	Masamb	2012
Blue-spotted Salamander	Ambystoma laterale	Macomb Sanilac	2012 2014
Blue-spotted Salamander	Ambystoma laterale	St. Clair	2014
Blue-spotted Salamander Spotted Salamander	Ambystoma laterale Ambystoma maculatum	Huron	2012
Spotted Salamander	Ambystoma maculatum	Isabella	2011
Spotted Salamander	Ambystoma maculatum	Macomb	2012
Spotted Salamander	Ambystoma maculatum	Muskegon	2012
Spotted Salamander	Ambystoma maculatum	St. Clair	2012
Marbled Salamander	Ambystoma macuratum Ambystoma opacum	Monroe	2015
Eastern Tiger Salamander	Ambystoma tigrinum	Clinton	2013
Eastern Tiger Salamander	Ambystoma tigrinum	Macomb	2014
Eastern Tiger Salamander	Ambystoma tigrinum Ambystoma tigrinum	Mason	2014
Four-toed Salamander	Hemidactylium scutatum	Clare	2010
Four-toed Salamander	Hemidactylium scutatum	Hillsdale	2012
Four-toed Salamander	Hemidactylium scutatum	Lapeer	2012
Four-toed Salamander	Hemidactylium scutatum	Wexford	2015
Mudpuppy	Necturus maculosus	Mason	2013
Eastern Newt	Notophthalmus viridescens	Clare	2019
Edstern Newt	Notophthallhas viriaeseens	Cidic	2010
Snakes	Squamata		
North American Racer	Coluber constrictor	Osceola	2015
Eastern Hog-nosed Snake	Heterodon platirhinos	Alcona	2014
Eastern Hog-nosed Snake	Heterodon platirhinos	Montcalm	2011
Eastern Hog-nosed Snake	Heterodon platirhinos	Presque Isle	2004
Eastern Milksnake	Lampropeltis triangulum	St. Clair	2014
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	Macomb	2012
Gray Ratsnake	Pantherophis spiloides	Clinton	2013
Gray Ratsnake	Pantherophis spiloides	Montmorency	2014
Eastern Foxsnake	Pantherophis vulpinus	Shiawassee	2013
Dekay's Brownsnake	Storeria dekayi	Cass	2014
Dekay's Brownsnake	Storeria dekayi	Ionia	2013
Dekay's Brownsnake Red-bellied Snake	Storeria dekayi	Oceana	2015 2011
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata	Benzie	
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata Storeria occipitomaculata	Eaton Jackson	2014 2008
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata	Lake	2008
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata	Manistee	2012
Butler's Gartersnake	Thamnophis butleri	Lapeer	2015
Butler's Gartersnake	Thamnophis butleri	Tuscola	2013
Eastern Ribbonsnake	Thamnophis sauritus	Benzie	2013
Eastern Ribbonsnake	Thamnophis sauritus	Calhoun	2013
Eastern Ribbonsnake	Thamnophis sauritus	Hillsdale	2013
Timbles	Technology		
Turtles	Testudines Apalone spinifera	Conocco	2013
Spiny Softshell	•	Genesee	
Spiny Softshell	Apalone spinifera	Mason Mecosta	2008 2013
Spiny Softshell	Apalone spinifera		2015
Spiny Softshell Spiny Softshell	Apalone spinifera Apalone spinifera	Shiawasee Wayne	2015
Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina	Gladwin	2007
Painted Turtle	Chrysemys picta	Baraga	2013
Painted Turtle Painted Turtle	Chrysemys picta Chrysemys picta	Baraga Benzie	2012
Painted Turtle	Chrysemys picta	Macomb	2011
Painted Turtle Painted Turtle	Chrysemys picta Chrysemys picta	Wayne	2012
Painted Turtle Painted Turtle	Clemmys guttata	Benzie	2014
Wood Turtle	Glyptemys insculpta	Antrim	2012
	Crypterry's moduptu	/ WIGHTI	2011

Appendix 3 (continued). Additional records supplied by the Michigan Herp Atlas, supplemented by verified photographic vouchers. Year of the most recent record is noted.

Common Name	Species	County	Year
Northern Map Turtle	Graptemys geographica	Gratiot	2014
Northern Map Turtle	Graptemys geographica	Manistee	2012
Northern Map Turtle	Graptemys geographica	Midland	2013
Northern Map Turtle	Graptemys geographica	Saginaw	2011
Northern Map Turtle	Graptemys geographica	St. Clair	2013
Northern Map Turtle	Graptemys geographica	Osceola	2009
Eastern Musk Turtle	Stenotherus odoratus	Lake	2012
Eastern Musk Turtle	Stenotherus odoratus	Mason	2013
Eastern Box Turtle	Terrapene carolina	Macomb	2011
Eastern Box Turtle	Terrapene carolina	Midland	2011
Eastern Box Turtle	Terrapene carolina	Wayne	2014
Pond Slider	Trachemys scripta	Emmet	2012
Pond Slider	Trachemys scripta	Lapeer	2009
Pond Slider	Trachemys scripta	Macomb	2013
Pond Slider	Trachemys scripta	St. Clair	2012
Pond Slider	Trachemys scripta	Wayne	2014

Appendix 4. Additional records whose accuracy has come into question. These include literature and museum specimens that may have incorrect identification or locality data as well as records submitted by the Michigan Herp Atlas (MHA), unverified by photographic vouchers. All abbreviations follow Appendix 1.

Species	County/Island	Source	
Frogs and Toads			
Blanchard's Cricket Frog	Acris blanchardi	Leelenau	Holman 2012
Blanchard's Cricket Frog	Acris blanchardi	Antrim	Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>1</sup>
Blanchard's Cricket Frog	Acris blanchardi	Cheyboygan <sup>2</sup>	Ruthven et al. 1912,
3		, , , ,	Blanchard 1928
Blanchard's Cricket Frog	Acris blanchardi	Mason <sup>3</sup>	MCNH
Blanchard's Cricket Frog	Acris blanchardi	Presque Isle⁴	MSUM
Fowler's Toad	Anaxyrus fowleri	Beaver Island <sup>5</sup>	MCNH
Cope's Gray Treefrog	Hyla chrysoscelis6	Alcona	MHA 2011
Cope's Gray Treefrog	Hyla chrysoscelis <sup>6</sup>	Oakland	MHA 2012
Cope's Gray Treefrog	Hyla chrysoscelis <sup>6</sup>	Ottawa	MHA 2011
Cope's Gray Treefrog	Hyla chrysoscelis <sup>6</sup>	Delta	MHA 2013
American Bullfrog	Lithobates catesbeianus	Emmet	Ruthven et al. 1928 <sup>1</sup>
American Bullfrog	Lithobates catesbeianus	Saginaw	MHA 2015
Boreal Chorus Frog	Pseudacris maculata <sup>7</sup>	Houghton	MHA 2011
Salamanders			
Blue-spotted Salamander	Ambystoma laterale8	Gratiot	Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928
Blue-spotted Salamander	Ambystoma laterale	Mecosta	MHA 2014
Blue-spotted Salamander	Ambystoma laterale	Midland	MHA 2014
Blue-spotted Salamander	Ambystoma laterale	Montmorency	MHA 2014
Blue-spotted Salamander	Ambystoma laterale <sup>8</sup>	Saginaw	CAS
Spotted Salamander	Ambystoma maculatum	Genesee	MHA 2012
Eastern Tiger Salamander	Ambystoma tigrinum	Eaton	Gibbs et al. 19059,
			Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>1</sup>
Southern Two-lined Salamander	Eurycea bislineata	Berrien	Maldonado-Koerdell and
			Firschein 1947 <sup>10</sup>
Four-toed Salamander	Hemidactylium scutatum	Mecosta	MHA 2014
Mudpuppy	Necturus maculosus	Allegan	Gibbs et al. 19059,
			Ruthven et al. 1912, 19281
Mudpuppy	Necturus maculosus	Ottawa	Ruthven et al. 1912, 19281
Eastern Newt	Notophthalmus viridescens	Shiawassee	MHA 2002
Lizards		_	
Five-lined Skink	Plestiodon fasciatus	Barry	Gibbs et al. 19059,
		_	Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>1</sup>
Five-lined Skink	Plestiodon fasciatus	Genessee	Ruthven et al. 1912 <sup>1</sup>
Five-lined Skink	Plestiodon fasciatus	Kalamazoo	Gibbs et al. 19059,
F: 1: 1.01: 1	51 1		Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>1</sup>
Five-lined Skink	Plestiodon fasciatus	Montcalm	Gibbs et al. 1905 <sup>9</sup> ,
F: 1: 1 Cl : 1	51 11 1 5 11	C1 1 1	Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>1</sup>
Five-lined Skink	Plestiodon fasciatus	St. Joseph	Gibbs et al. 1905 <sup>9</sup> ,
Fire the d Chief	District des foreigns	\/ D	Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>1</sup>
Five-lined Skink	Plestiodon fasciatus	Van Buren	Gibbs et al. $1905^{9}$ , Ruthven et al. $1912$ , $1928^{1}$
Chalcas			
Snakes North American Racer	Coluber constrictor	Arenac	Gibbs et al. 1905 <sup>9</sup>
North American Racer	Coluber constrictor	St. Clair	Gibbs et al. 1905 <sup>9</sup>
Ring-necked Snake	Diadophis punctatus	Kalamazoo	Gibbs et al. 1905,
Killy-liecked Sliake	Diadophis puliciatus	Kalailla200	Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>1</sup>
Ring-necked Snake	Diadophis punctatus	Montcalm	Gibbs et al. 1905°,
Tang neeked Shake	Diadopins pulicialus	Toncain	Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>1</sup>
Ring-necked Snake	Diadophis punctatus	Van Buren	Gibbs et al. 1905 <sup>9</sup> ,
Tang needed Snake	Diadopins pulicialus	vali Daleli	Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>1</sup>
Eastern Milksnake	Lampropeltis triangulum	Alger	MHA 2012
Eastern Milksnake	Lampropeltis triangulum	Macomb	MHA 2013
Eastern Milksnake	Lampropeltis triangulum	Montcalm	Gibbs et al. 1905°,
			Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>1</sup>
Eastern Milksnake	Lampropeltis triangulum	Ottawa	Gibbs et al. 1905 <sup>9</sup> ,
	r - r		Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>1</sup>
			Natified Ct air 1912, 1920

Appendix 4 (continuted). Additional records whose accuracy has come into question. These include literature and museum specimens that may have incorrect identification or locality data as well as records submitted by the Michigan Herp Atlas (MHA), unverified by photographic vouchers. All abbreviations follow Appendix 1.

Species	County/Island	Source	
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	Barry	Gibbs et al. 1905 <sup>9</sup> , Ruthyen et al. 1928 <sup>1</sup>
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	Kalamazoo	Gibbs et al. 1905°, Ruthven et al. 1928¹
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	Kent	Gibbs et al. 1905°, Ruthven et al. 1928¹
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	Montcalm	Gibbs et al. 1905°, Ruthven et al. 1928¹
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	Sanilac	MHA 2003
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	Van Buren	Gibbs et al. 19059, Ruthven et al. 19281
Gray Ratsnake	Pantherophis spiloides	Macomb	MHA 2012
Eastern Foxsnake	Pantherophis vulpinus	Leelanau	MSUM11
Queen Snake	Regina septemvittata	Crawford	MHA 2011
Queen Snake	Regina septemvittata	Eaton	Gibbs et al. $1905^9$ , Ruthven et al. $1912$ , $1928^1$
Queen Snake	Regina septemvittata	Montcalm	Gibbs et al. 19059, Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>1</sup>
Queen Snake	Regina septemvittata	Van Buren	Gibbs et al. 19059, Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>1</sup>
Eastern Massasauga	Sistrurus catenatus	Leelanau	MHA 2007
Dekay's Brownsnake	Storeria dekayi	Hillsdale	MHA 2012
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata	Barry	MHA 2014
Red-bellied Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata <sup>12</sup>	Bois Blanc Island	MHA 2012
Butler's Gartersnake	Thamnophis butleri	Berrien	MHA 2013
Butler's Gartersnake	Thamnophis butleri	Midland	MHA 2015
Butler's Gartersnake	Thamnophis butleri	Ottawa	MHA 2014
Eastern Ribbonsnake	Thamnophis sauritus <sup>13</sup>	Chippewa	MHA 2014
Eastern Ribbonsnake	Thamnophis sauritus <sup>13</sup>	Ontonagon	MHA 2014
Turtles		_	
Spiny Softshell	Apalone spinifera	Eaton	Gibbs et al. $1905^{\circ}$ , Ruthven et al. $1912$ , $1928^{\circ}$
Spiny Softshell	Apalone spinifera	Macomb	MHA 2013
Spiny Softshell	Apalone spinifera	Montcalm	Gibbs et al. 19059,
Wood Turtle	Glyptemys insculpta14	Ingham	Ruthven et al. 1912, 1928 <sup>1</sup> MSUM, MNFI 1983
Wood Turtle Wood Turtle	Glyptemys insculpta <sup>14</sup>	Lapeer	Schuett 1979
Wood Turtle	Glyptemys insculpta <sup>14</sup>	Livingston	TCWC, Schuett 1979
Wood Turtle	Glyptemys insculpta <sup>14</sup>	Washtenaw	UMMZ
Northern Map Turtle	Graptemys mscuipta Graptemys geographica	Macomb	MHA 2013
Eastern Musk Turtle	Stenotherus odoratus	Mecosta	MHA 2013 MHA 2012
Eastern Box Turtle	Terrapene carolina <sup>15</sup>	Baraga	MNFI 1977
Eastern Box Turtle	Terrapene carolina <sup>16</sup>	Cheboygan	Blanchard 1928,
Lastern box fartic	retrapene caronna	Cheboygan	Ruthven et al. 1928 <sup>1</sup>
Eastern Box Turtle	Terrapene carolina15	Houghton	MNFI 1977
Pond Slider	Trachemys scripta	Bay	MHA 2013
Pond Slider	Trachemys scripta	Jackson	MHA 2014
			· <del>-</del> - ·

<sup>1</sup> This record is listed in Ruthven et al. 1912 and 1928 as an unvouchered 'report,' in contrast to the majority of Ruthven's records that were supported by

This report is possibly a misidentification. There is no known evidence to suggest P. maculata is found on the mainland (Harding, pers. comm.).

This is well north of the previously accepted range for *A. blanchardi* (specimen originally listed as *A. gryllus*), so I report this record cautiously. However, F.N. Blanchard, the namesake of this species was considered an outstanding herpetologist in his day (Holman, 2012), so this may represent a legitimate specimen from a relict population (likely no longer extant).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This individual is outside of the commonly accepted range for A. blanchardi, and the specimen was unavailable for confirmation, so I report this record cautiously.

This record is outside of the commonly accepted range for *A. blanchardi*. The specimen has been verified by J. Harding, however it may have been

inappropriately catalogued.

This is outside the known range of A. fowleri. Unfortunately, the specimen is no longer available for examination. This species is morphologically similar to A. americanus, which is well documented from Beaver Island so I report this record cautiously.
 These specimens are backed by photographic vouchers, but were not identified by call, and therefore are considered unverified.

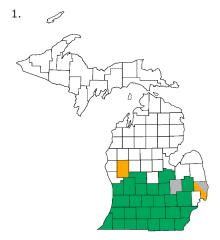
These records are listed as A. jeffersonianum, but A. jeffersonianum (Unisexual hybrid complex) and A. laterale were considered the same species as recently as the 1970's (Harding, pers. comm.), so these records may represent either one or both species. Unisexual Ambystoma are unverified in northern Michigan.

Appendix 4 (continuted). Additional records whose accuracy has come into question. These include literature and museum specimens that may have incorrect identification or locality data as well as records submitted by the Michigan Herp Atlas (MHA), unverified by photographic vouchers. All abbreviations follow Appendix 1.

- Gibbs et al. may be unreliable. In their 1905 paper they include Plethodon glutinosus, Carphophis amoenus, and Thamnophis radix, in their list of Michigan herpetofauna. To my knowledge, none of these three species has ever been collected in Michigan. Several of Gibbs et al.'s reports are supplemented by museum specimens or photographic vouchers (Michigan Herp Atlas), and most fall within the known ranges of these species. It should be noted that Gibbs incorrectly recorded the locality data on other specimens (N. Gilmore, pers. comm.), so it is plausible to consider that some of these are also
- This represents a record of 'E. bislineata' that has been questioned (Mittleman, 1966). Given that both the Tuscola population and populations in Indiana have been identified as E. cirrigera (Kozak et al., 2006), I include it here as a potential historical record.
   Previously, this specimen was believed to be a cataloguing error (Casper and Anton, 2008; Harding pers. comm.), but more recent records of P. vulpinus
- on Lake Michigan islands (Bowen et al., 2007; MHA) indicate that this specimen may represent an accurate record.
- <sup>12</sup> This report is from Stephen Ross, and is not explicitly available through the MHA.

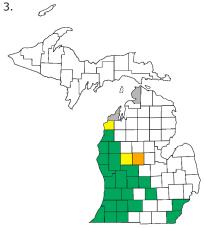
  <sup>13</sup> *T. sauritus* has never been confirmed in Michigan's Upper Peninsula (UP). These records are photos without the resolution to unequivocally determine identity beyond the genus level.
- <sup>14</sup> These likely represent introduced specimens (Harding, pers. comm.), and are disjunct from the known range of *G. insculpta*.
   <sup>15</sup> These specimens are reported by MNFI and are well out of the known range of *T. carolina*. This species is otherwise absent from the whole of the UP as well as northern Wisconsin (Harding, 1997). These reports are not accompanied by vouchers, so I report these skeptically.
   <sup>16</sup> This report by F. N. Blanchard is well north of the known range of *T. carolina*. As stated above, Blanchard is regarded as a prominent expert in Michigan
- herpetology, but due to the proximity of this record to known *T. carolina* populations I report this record cautiously.

Appendix 5. The geographic distribution for all 55 species of reptiles and amphibians found in the state of Michigan, Localities are represented at the county level, but four main islands are also included (Beaver, Bois Blanc, Drummond, and Isle Royale), following the methods of Holman (2012). Counties recorded by Holman (2012) are in green, museum vouchers (orange), literature reports (gray) and photographic vouchers (yellow) are differentiated in the maps.



#### **Blanchard's Cricket Frog** (Acris blanchardi)

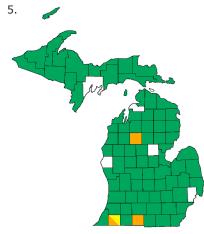
Three new records brings the total number of counties from which A. blanchardi has been found in Michigan to 30. This species occurs predominantly in the southern third of Michigan, but may be found in some counties adjacent to its current range where suitable habitat is present.



## Fowler's Toad

(Anaxyrus fowleri)

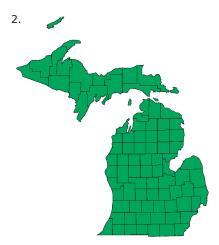
Five new records brings the total number of counties from which A. fowleri has been found in Michigan to 27. This species occurs predominantly in the western half of the Lower Peninsula (LP) of Michigan, but may be found in some counties adjacent to its current range where suitable habitat is present.



## **Gray Treefrog**

(Hyla versicolor)

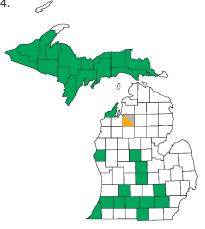
Three new records (all from museum specimens) brings the total number of counties from which H. versicolor has been found in Michigan to 78. This species occurs statewide and is only 'missing' from five counties (Charlevoix, Delta, Gladwin, Macomb, Oceana). It is difficult to identify apart from Cope's Gray Treefrog (H. chrysoscelis), but may be present in all five of these counties.



## **Eastern American Toad**

(Anaxyrus americanus)

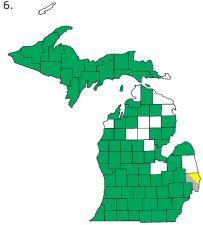
The distribution of A. americanus already encompassed all 83 counties and major islands in Michigan. There was no range extension added by this publication.



## Cope's Gray Treefrog

(Hyla chrysocelis)

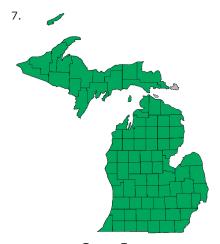
One new record brings the total number of counties from which H. chrysoscelis has been found in Michigan to 30. This species occurs across most of the Upper Peninsula (UP) and in the southern portion of the LP of Michigan. Since is it difficult to identify apart from the Gray Treefrog (H. versicolor), it may occur elsewhere throughout the state.



#### **American Bullfrog**

(Lithobates catesbeianus)

One new record brings the total number of counties from which L. catesbeianus has been found in Michigan to 72. This species occurs statewide and is only 'missing' from 11 counties. It is found in counties adjacent to each of these and may be present in all of these counties where suitable habitat exists.



## **Green Frog**

(Lithobates clamitans)

The distribution of *L. clamitans* already encompassed all 83 counties in Michigan. However, literature records also place *L. clamitans* on Drummond and Bois Blanc Islands in Lake Huron.



### **Northern Leopard Frog**

(Lithobates pipiens)

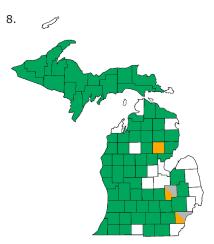
The distribution of *L. pipiens* already encompassed all 83 counties in Michigan. However, museum specimens also place *L. pipiens* on Drummond and Bois Blanc Islands in Lake Huron. The only major island where *L. pipiens* has not been found is Isle Royale in Lake Superior.



### **Wood Frog**

(Lithobates sylvaticus)

With one new record (Kalkaska Co.) *L. sylvaticus* occupies all counties in Michigan. The distribution of *L. sylvaticus* already encompassed 82 counties in Michigan. *Lithobates sylvaticus* also occurs on all major islands except Drummond Island, where it may be found where suitable habitat is present.



#### **Pickerel Frog**

(Lithobates palustris)

Three new records brings to the total number of counties from which *L. palustris* has been found in Michigan to 69. This species occurs statewide and is only 'missing' from 14 counties. It is found in counties adjacent to each of these and may be present in all of these counties where suitable habitat exists.



#### MINK Frog

(Lithobates septentrionalis)

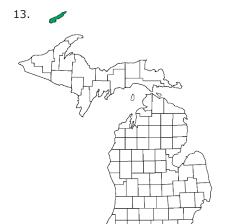
The distribution of *L. septentrionalis* already encompassed all 15 counties in Michigan's UP plus Isle Royale. No new records were added by this publication. There is no indication that *L. septentrionalis* may be present in the LP, although it might be found on some Michigan islands (e.g. Drummond Island).



## Spring Peeper

(Pseudacris crucifer)

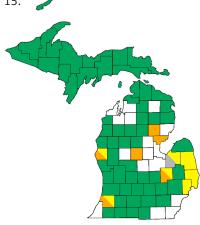
The distribution of *P. crucifer* already encompassed all 83 counties in Michigan. However, a literature record also places *P. crucifer* on Drummond Island in Lake Huron. This species is now known from all major Michigan islands.



## **Boreal Chorus Frog**

(Pseudacris maculata)

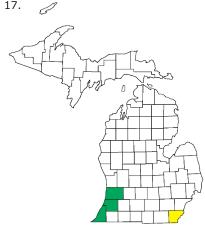
This species is only known from Isle Royale in Michigan. An unconfirmed report places *P. maculata* in Houghton County on the mainland UP, but there is no evidence to support that.



## **Blue-spotted Salamander**

(Ambystoma laterale)

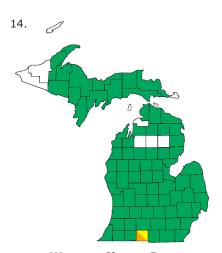
Ten new records brings the total number of counties from which *A. laterale* has been found in Michigan to 67. This species occurs statewide and is only 'missing' from 16 counties. It is found in counties adjacent to each of these and may be present in all of these counties where suitable habitat exists.



## **Marbled Salamander**

(Ambystoma opacum)

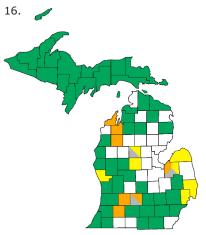
This species was only known from three counties in southwest Michigan and had not been recorded in the state since 1989 (Holman 2012). However, a participant of the Michigan Herp Atlas discovered an *A. opacum* in Monroe County in southeastern Michigan in 2015.



## **Western Chorus Frog**

(Pseudacris triseriata)

With one new record (Branch Co.) the distribution of *P. triseriata* encompassed 77 counties in Michigan. This species occurs statewide and is only 'missing' from 6 counties. It is found in counties adjacent to each of these and may be present in all of these counties where suitable habitat exists.



## **Spotted Salamander**

(Ambystoma maculatum)

Thirteen new records brings the total number of counties from which *A. maculatum* has been found in Michigan to 59. This species occurs statewide and is only 'missing' from 24 counties. It is found in counties adjacent to most of these and may be present in all of these counties where suitable habitat exists.

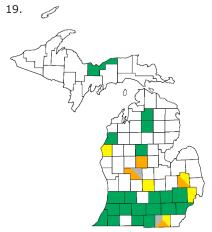


## **Small-mouthed Salamander**

(Ambystoma texanum)

This species is only known from five counties in southeast Michigan. This publication does not expand the range of *A. texanum* in Michigan, but it may occur in adjacent counties where suitable habitat is present.

Appendix 5 (continued). The geographic distribution for all 55 species of reptiles and amphibians found in the state of Michigan. Localities are represented at the county level, but four main islands are also included (Beaver, Bois Blanc, Drummond, and Isle Royale), following the methods of Holman (2012). Counties recorded by Holman (2012) are in green, museum vouchers (orange), literature reports (gray) and photographic vouchers (yellow) are differentiated in the maps.



## Eastern Tiger Salamander (Ambystoma tigrinum)

Seven new records brings the total number of counties from which *A. ti-grinum* has been found in Michigan to 21. This species has been found in one county (Alger) in the UP and occupies a patchy distribution throughout portions of the LP. It may occur in adjacent counties where suitable habitat is present.



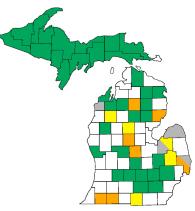
Northern Dusky Salamander (Desmognathus fuscus)

This species is new to the herpetofauna of Michigan and is only known from a single site in one county (Tuscola). While there is some uncertainty as to whether *D. fuscus* is introduced or represents a relict population in Michigan, there appears to a sustainable population (Mifsud, pers. comm.).



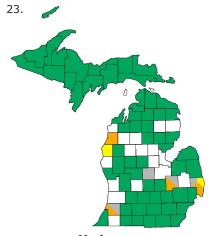
Southern Two-lined Salamander (Eurycea cirrigera)

This species is new to the herpetofauna of Michigan and is known from a single site in one county (Tuscola). It is uncertain whether *E. cirrigera* is introduced or represents a relict population in Michigan, However, there is a sustainable population (Mifsud, pers. comm.). Initially, identified as the Northern Two-lined Salamander, *E. bislineata*, genetic work suggested the population was in fact *E. cirrigera* (Soderberg 2009).



Four-toed Salamander (Hemidactylium scutatum)

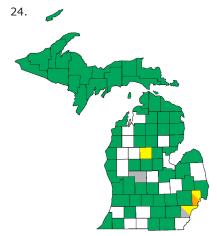
Fourteen new records brings the total number of counties from which *H. scutatum* has been found in Michigan to 50. This species occupies a patchy distribution statewide and is 'missing' from 33 counties. It is found in counties adjacent to each of these and may be present in all of these counties where suitable habitat exists.



**Mudpuppy** (Necturus maculosus)

Six new records brings the total number of counties from which *N. maculosus* has been found in Michigan to 66. This species is only 'missing' from 17 counties. It is found in counties adjacent to each of these and may be present in all counties. It is found on some islands in the Great Lakes, but has not been recorded

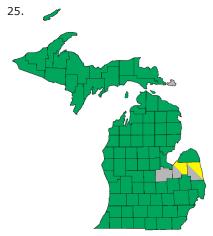
from Beaver or Bois Blanc Islands.



**Eastern Newt** 

(Notophthalmus viridescens)

Four new records brings the total number of counties from which *N. viridescens* has been found in Michigan to 66. This species occurs statewide and is only 'missing' from 17 counties. It is found in counties adjacent to each of these and may be present in all of these counties where suitable habitat exists.



## Eastern Red-backed Salamander (Plethodon cinereus)

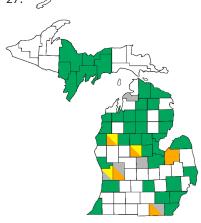
With three new county records plus Drummond Island (all listed in the text of Holman 2012), *P. cinereus* has been recorded in every county and major island in the state of Michigan.



## Western Lesser Siren

(Siren intermedia)

This species is only known from two counties in southwest Michigan and has not been recorded in the state since 1961 (Holman 2012). This publication does not expand the range of *S. intermedia* in Michigan, and it is unknown if it still occurs in the state.



#### **Five-lined Skink**

(Plestiodon fasciatus)

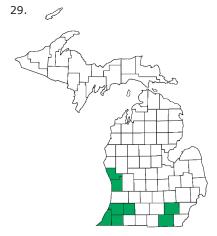
Eight new records brings the total number of counties from which *P. fasciatus* has been found in Michigan to 44. This species occupies a patchy distribution statewide and is 'missing' from 39 counties. It is found in counties adjacent to most of these and may be present in all of these counties where suitable habitat exists, at least in the LP. In the UP, *P. fasciatus* has only been found in the central counties.



## Six-lined Racerunner

(Aspidoscelis sexlineatus)

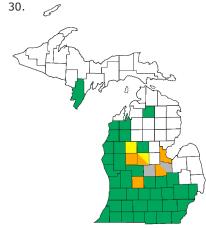
This species only known from a single site in one county (Tuscola). While there is some uncertainty as to whether *A. sexlineatus* is introduced or represents a relict population in Michigan, there appears to a sustainable population. This publication does not expand the range of *A. sexlineatus*.



### Kirtland's Snake

(Clonophis kirtlandi)

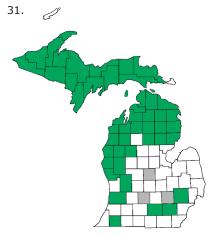
This species is only known from eight counties in southern Michigan. This publication does not expand the range of *C. kirtlandi* in Michigan. It may occur in adjacent counties where suitable habitat is present.



## **North American Racer**

(Coluber constrictor)

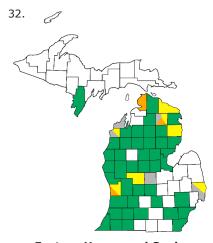
Seven new records brings the total number of counties from which *C. constrictor* has been found in Michigan to 45. This species is found in one county in the UP (Menominee) and throughout the southern and western portions of the LP. It may occur in adjacent counties where suitable habitat is present.



#### Ring-necked Snake

(Diadophis punctatus)

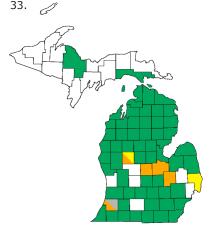
Three new records (all literature) brings to the total number of counties from which *D. punctatus* has been found in Michigan to 48. This species is found throughout the western and northern LP, and UP (Menominee) with a fragmented distribution in the southern LP. It may occur in adjacent counties where suitable habitat is present.



## Eastern Hog-nosed Snake

(Heterodon platirhinos)

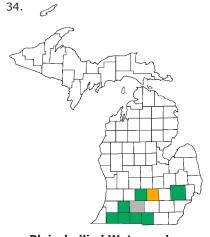
Ten new records brings the total number of counties from which *H. platirhinos* has been found in Michigan to 53. This species occupies a fragmented distribution throughout the LP, and is also found in one county in the UP (Menominee). It may occur in adjacent counties where suitable habitat is present.



#### Eastern Milksnake

(Lampropeltis triangulum)

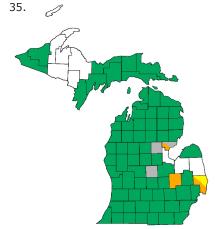
Six new records brings the total number of counties from which *L. triangulum* has been found in Michigan to 64. This species is found throughout the LP, and two counties in the UP (Mackinac and Marquette). It is 'missing' from only six counties in the LP, and has been found in counties adjacent to all of these. It may be found throughout the LP where suitable habitat is present.



## **Plain-bellied Watersnake**

(Nerodia erythrogaster)

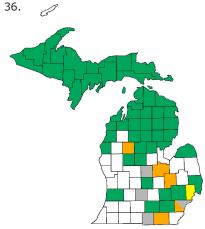
Two new records brings the total number of counties from which *N. erythrogaster* has been found in Michigan to nine. This species occurs in the southern portion of the LP of Michigan. This species is protected in Michigan and is not common, but may occur in adjacent counties where suitable habitat is present.



#### **Northern Watersnake**

(Nerodia sipedon)

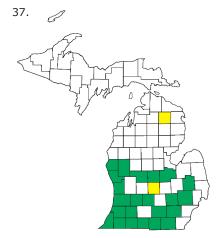
Five new records brings the total number of counties from which *N. sipedon* has been found in Michigan to 76. This species is found throughout the LP, only absent from three counties (Bay, Sanilac, Tuscola), and is also found throughout the UP except in a cluster of five counties in the western portion It may occur in adjacent counties where suitable habitat is present.



## **Smooth Greensnake**

(Opheodrys vernalis)

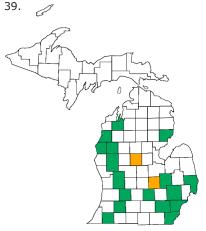
Nine new records brings the total number of counties from which *O. vernalis* has been found in Michigan to 58. This species is found throughout the UP and northern LP with a scattered distribution in the southern LP. It may occur in adjacent counties where suitable habitat is present.



#### **Gray Ratsnake**

(Pantherophis spiloides)

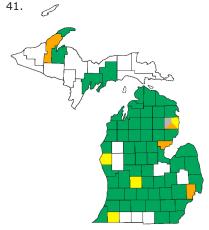
Two new records (both photo vouchers) brings the total number of counties from which *P. spiloides* has been found in Michigan to 25. This species is found the southern LP, although one new record is in Montmorency County, far north of its known distribution. It may occur in adjacent counties in southern Michigan where suitable habitat is present.



## Queen Snake

(Regina septemvittata)

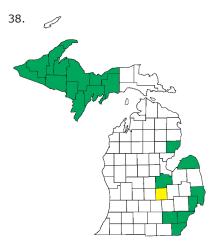
Two new records (museum specimens) brings the total number of counties from which *R. septemvitta-ta* has been found in Michigan to 18. This species occupies a fragmented distribution in the LP and may occur in adjacent counties where suitable habitat is present.



#### **Dekay's Brownsnake**

(Storeria dekayi)

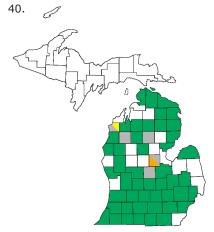
Seven new records brings the total number of counties from which *S. dekayi* has been found in Michigan to 66. This species occupies a fragmented distribution in the UP and is found in most counties in the LP. *Storeria dekayi* may occur in all counties in the LP where suitable habitat is present.



#### **Eastern Foxsnake**

(Pantherophis vulpinus)

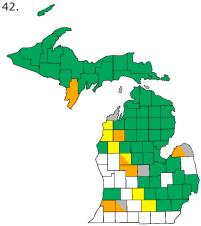
One new record (photo voucher) brings the total number of counties from which *P. vulpinus* has been found in Michigan to 21. This species is found in western/central UP and southeastern LP. It may occur in adjacent counties in southern Michigan where suitable habitat is present. Previously, *P. vulpinus* in Michigan has been considered as two species, but recent work (Crother et al., 2011) suggested that all Michigan foxsnake populations belong to *P. vulpinus*.



## Eastern Massasauga

(Sistrurus catenatus)

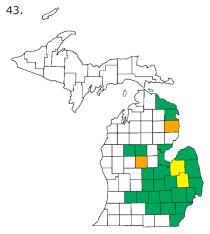
Five new records brings the total number of counties from which *S. catenatus* has been found in Michigan to 53. This species occupies a fragmented distribution in the LP and may occur in adjacent counties where suitable habitat is present. *S. catenatus* is listed as endangered in the State of Michigan. Any observations should be reported to the Michigan Department of Natural Resources.



## **Red-bellied Snake**

(Storeria occipitomaculata)

Sixteen new records brings the total number of counties from which *S. occipitomaculata* has been found in Michigan to 66 plus all major islands. This species is found throughout the UP and most counties in the LP. *Storeria occipitomaculata* may occur in all counties in the LP where suitable habitat is present, although it is notably absent in the southernmost tier of counties.



#### **Butler's Gartersnake**

(Thamnophis butleri)

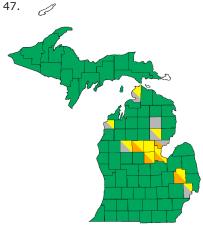
Four new records brings the total number of counties from which *T. butleri* has been found in Michigan to 28. This species is found only in the eastern and central portions of the LP. *Thamnophis butleri* may occur in adjacent counties where suitable habitat is present.



#### Eastern Gartersnake

(Thamnophis sirtalis)

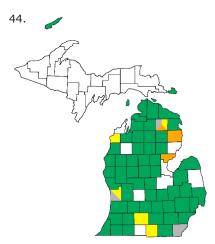
Three new records (from the text of Holman 2012) brings the total number of counties from which *T. sirtalis* has been found in Michigan to 83. The range of this species encompasses every county and major island in Michigan.



#### **Eastern Snapping Turtle**

(Chelydra serpentina)

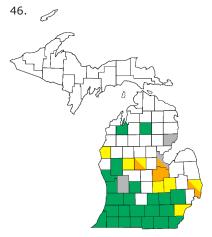
Twelve new records brings the total number of counties from which *C. serpentina* has been found in Michigan to 83 as predicted by Holman (2012). The range of this species encompasses every county and in addition to some islands of the Beaver Archipelago in Lake Michigan.



#### **Northern Ribbonsnake**

(Thamnophis sauritus)

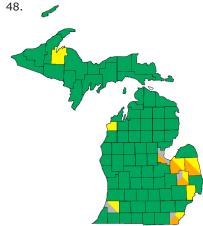
Eight new records brings the total number of counties from which *T. sauritus* has been found in Michigan to 60. This species is found throughout the LP in all but eight counties where it may be found where suitable habitat is present. *Thamnophis sauritus* is also known from all major islands in Michigan, but is unverified from the UP.



## Spiny Softshell

(Apalone spinifera)

Eleven new records brings the total number of counties from which *A. spinifera* has been found in Michigan to 34. This species is found consistently in the southern LP and occupies a fragmented distribution in the central portion of the state. *Apalone spinifera* may be present in additional counties where suitable habitat is present.

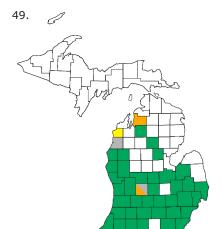


## Painted Turtle

(Chrysemys picta)

Nine new records brings the total number of counties from which *C. picta* has been found in Michigan to 83 as predicted by Holman (2012). The range of this species encompasses every county and major island in Michigan with the exception of Bois Blanc Island in Lake Huron.

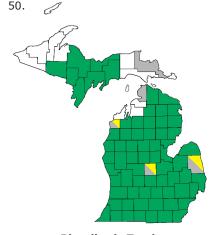
Appendix 5 (continued). The geographic distribution for all 55 species of reptiles and amphibians found in the state of Michigan. Localities are represented at the county level, but four main islands are also included (Beaver, Bois Blanc, Drummond, and Isle Royale), following the methods of Holman (2012). Counties recorded by Holman (2012) are in green, museum vouchers (orange), literature reports (gray) and photographic vouchers (yellow) are differentiated in the maps.



#### **Spotted Turtle**

(Clemmys guttata)

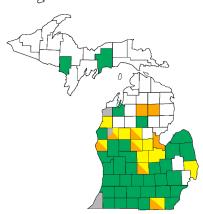
Four new records brings the total number of counties from which *C. guttata* has been found in Michigan to 42. This species is found consistently in the southern LP and occupies a fragmented distribution in the central portion of the state. *Clemmys guttata* may be present in additional counties where suitable habitat is present, but is protected in the state of Michigan and may prove difficult to find at additional localities.



## Blanding's Turtle

(Emydoidea blandingii)

Five new records brings the total number of counties from which *E. blandingii* has been found in Michigan to 73. This species is found consistently in the LP and central UP. *Emydoidea blandingii* may be present in additional counties where suitable habitat is present, but is protected in the state of Michigan and may prove difficult to find at additional localities.



#### **Northern Map Turtle**

(Graptemys geographica)

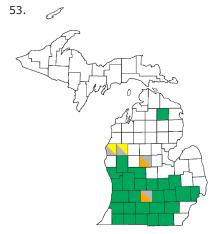
Seventeen new records brings the total number of counties from which *G. geographica* has been found in Michigan to 52. The new records move the range in the LP farther north than previously recorded. This species is found consistently in the LP and two counties in central UP. *Graptemys geographica* may be present in additional counties where suitable habitat is present.



#### **Wood Turtle**

(Glyptemys insculpta)

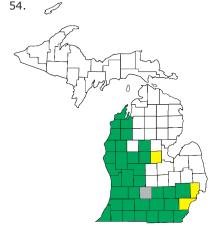
Three new records brings the total number of counties from which *G. insculpta* has been found in Michigan to 48. This species is found consistently in the UP and northern LP, but it absent from the southern portions of the state. *G. insculpta* may be present in additional counties where suitable habitat is present, but is protected in the state of Michigan and may prove difficult to find at additional localities.



### **Eastern Musk Turtle**

(Sternotherus odoratus)

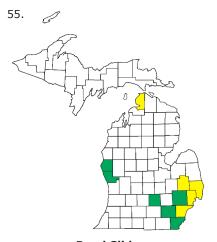
Four new records brings the total number of counties from which *S. odoratus* has been found in Michigan to 31. This species is found predominantly in the southern LP, but has been recorded in a few northern LP populations and may be present in additional counties where suitable habitat is present.



## **Eastern Box Turtle**

(Terrapene carolina)

Four new records brings the total number of counties from which *T. carolina* has been found in Michigan to 38. This species is found predominantly in the southern and western counties in the LP. *Terrapene carolina* may be present in additional counties where suitable habitat is present, but is protected in the state of Michigan and may prove difficult to find at additional localities.



## Pond Slider

(Trachemys scripta)

Five new records (all photo-vouchers) brings the total number of counties from which *T. scripta* has been found in Michigan to 11 BA). This species is found predominantly in the southeastern Michigan, but is nonnative to the state, and may continue to spread northward as it has proved to be a successful invasive species in other areas (Thomas et al. 2010).