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Acting and Modeling the Future of Dams: Knowledge Production Processes in Sustainability Science

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Recommended Citation

Diessner, Natallia Leuchanka; Ashcraft, Catherine; Mo, Weiwei; and Song, Cuihong, "Acting and Modeling the Future of Dams: Knowledge Production Processes in Sustainability Science" (2017). *New Hampshire EPSCoR*. 10.

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Thank you!

Acting and Modeling the Future of Dams

Knowledge Production Processes in Sustainability Science



Presenter: Natallia Leuchanka

1st Year Student, Natural Resources & Earth System Science Program, UNH Research Assistant, New England Sustainability Consortium & the EPPS Lab @NatLeuchanka @eppslab

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UNH Department of Civil & Environmental Engineering



National Science Foundation # IIA-1539071





















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What is the "Future of Dams"?



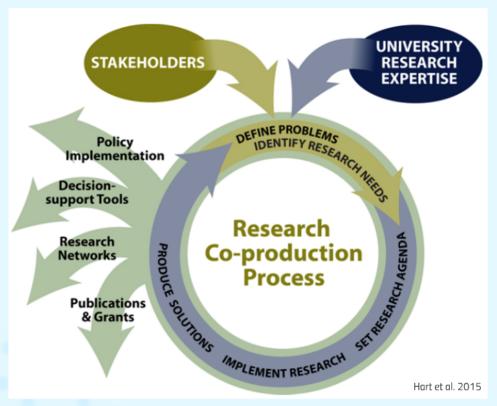
About Us	The Future of Dams
Safe Beaches & Shellfish	Helping New England Communities Use Science to Make Decisions about Dams Hydropower is a major source of renewable energy in New England with more than 50 dams scheduled for relicensing in the next decade. However, dams can have adverse effects on coastal ecosystems and
The Future of Dams Dams in the News	
Publications	
Videos	
Education	economies. They provide recreational and water

http://www.newenglandsustainabilityconsortium.org/dams

supply benefits for many communities, but some pos-

Project Goals & Key Principles:

- Advance Sustainability Science
- Co-produce knowledge about coupled socialecological systems
- Link knowledge with action
- Foster interdisciplinary integration and organizational innovation



Sustainability science (or the science of sustainability) describes the concept of **"multiple sciences addressing the common theme"** of sustainability (Clark and Dickinson, 2003).

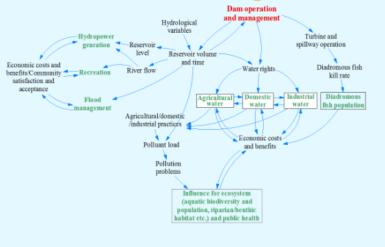
SS calls for "innovative **interdisciplinary research** that is both **problem-focused and use-inspired** to advance the theory and practice of sustainable development." (Hart et al. 2015)

The Future of Dams: Convergence for Advancing Sustainability Science

Participatory
System
Dynamics
Simulation



System Dynamics Modeling

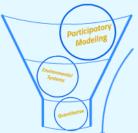


Role-Play Simulation

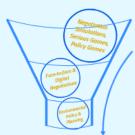


Image credit: www.waterfutures.org

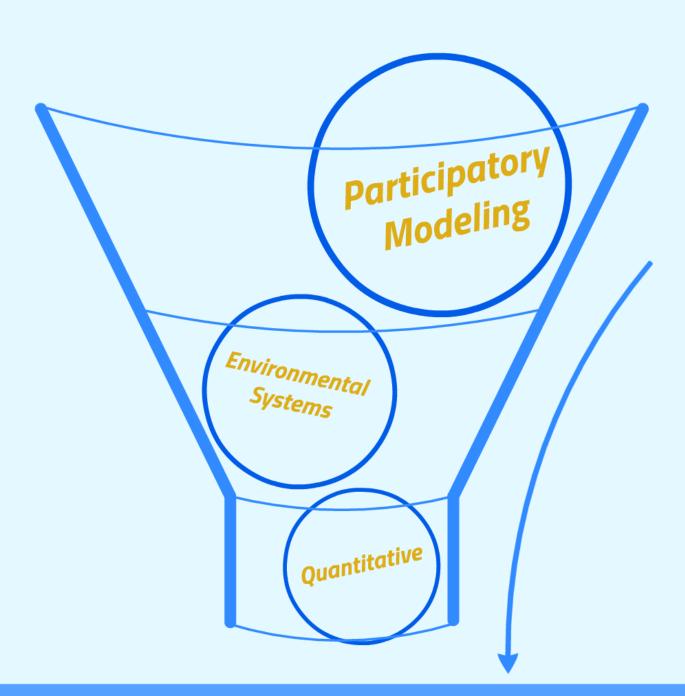
System Dynamics Modeling (SDM) Literature Boundaries



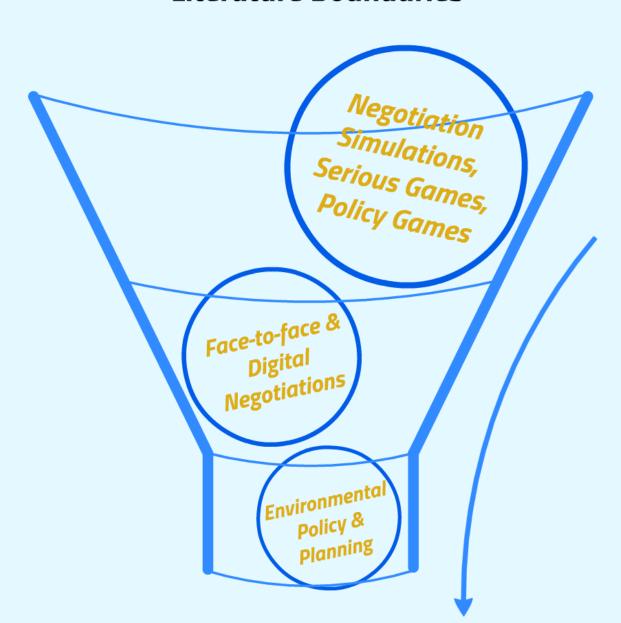




System Dynamics Modeling (SDM) Literature Boundaries



Role-Play Simulation (RPS) Literature Boundaries



Convergence for Advancing Sustainability Science

Participatory
System
Dynamics
Simulation
(PSDS)
System
Dynamics
Modeling
System
Simulation
System
Nodeling

Context: Dams in New England





In what ways can PSDS advance sustainability science? How can PSDS help us...

- Co-produce knowledge about coupled social-ecological systems
- Link knowledge with action
- Foster interdisciplinary integration and organizational innovation

Objectives of each KPP

Participatory Modeling

Education & Engagement

- Public engagement and empowerment
- Information sharing
- Modeling skills

Research

Evaluate equity impacts

Problem definition

 Develop shared understanding of system issues and relationships

Support policy decision-making

- Foster consensus (model)
- · Make better recommendations







Role-Play Simulations

Education & Engagement

- Science-policy in decision-making
- Facilitate communication
- Innovations in problem-solving

Research

- Evaluate as learning tool (ex. level of immersion)
- Change in participants' perspectives Support policy decision-making
 - Consideration of new policy options
 - Build consensus

KPP = Knowledge Production Process

Components of each KPP

Participatory Modeling

Stakeholder assessment

- Interviews/surveys
- Map and prioritize issues

Facilitated model building and refinement workshop(s)

- Qualitative conceptual model
- Quantitative models
- Develop and rank policy options (ex. sticky dot voting, card sorting)

Role-Play Simulations

Stakeholder assessment

- Interviews/surveys
- Map and prioritize issues

Facilitated role-play design and refinement workshop

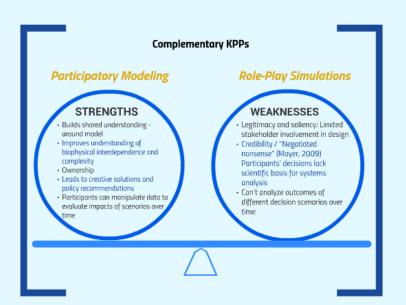
Expert facilitators

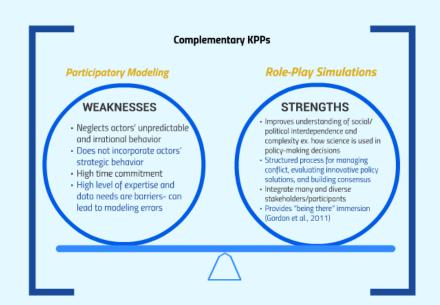
Switch roles for final decision-scenario workshop

- Assign roles and prepare
- Engage in (facilitated) decision-making
- Debriefing

KPP = Knowledge Production Process

Strengths & Weaknesses of each KPP





KPP = Knowledge Production Process

Complementary KPPs

Participatory Modeling

STRENGTHS

- Builds shared understanding around model
- Improves understanding of biophysical interdependence and complexity
- Ownership
- Leads to creative solutions and policy recommendations
- Participants can manipulate data to evaluate impacts of scenarios over time

Role-Play Simulations

WEAKNESSES

- Legitimacy and saliency: Limited stakeholder involvement in design
- Credibility / "Negotiated nonsense" (Mayer, 2009)
 Participants' decisions lack scientific basis for systems analysis
- Can't analyze outcomes of different decision scenarios over time



Complementary KPPs

Participatory Modeling

WEAKNESSES

- Neglects actors' unpredictable and irrational behavior
- Does not incorporate actors' strategic behavior
- High time commitment
- High level of expertise and data needs are barriers- can lead to modeling errors

Role-Play Simulations

STRENGTHS

- Improves understanding of social/ political interdependence and complexity ex. how science is used in policy-making decisions
- Structured process for managing conflict, evaluating innovative policy solutions, and building consensus
- Integrate many and diverse stakeholders/participants
- Provides "being there" immersion (Gordon et al., 2011)

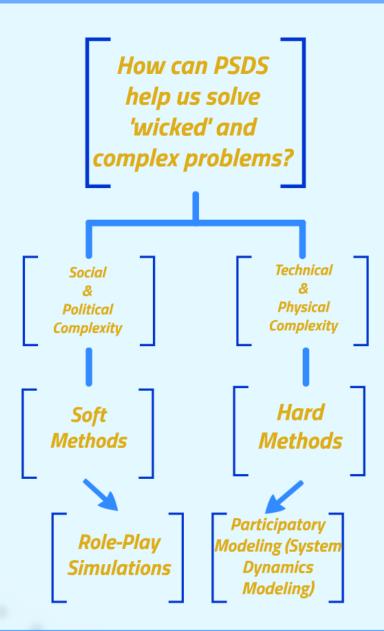


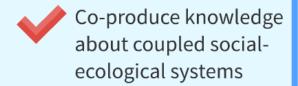
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- Link knowledge with action
 - Foster interdisciplinary integration and organizational innovation

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