

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL
INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND.

R E P O R T
ON THE
SEA AND INLAND FISHERIES OF IRELAND
FOR
1903.

IN TWO PARTS.

PART I.—GENERAL REPORT.

PART II.—SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATIONS.

PART I.—GENERAL REPORT.

Presented to Parliament by Command of His Majesty.

AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION
(IRELAND) ACT, 1899.
(62 AND 63 VIC., CAP. 50.)



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To

His Excellency WILLIAM HUMBLE, EARL OF DUDLEY, Lord Lieutenant-
General and General Governor of Ireland.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

I am directed by the Vice-President to submit to Your
Excellency Part I. of the Report on the Sea and Inland Fisheries of
Ireland for the year 1903.

I have the honour to remain,

Your Excellency's faithful Servant,

T. P. GILL,

Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND,
UPPER MERRION-STREET,
DUBLIN, 4th July, 1904.

DUBLIN CASTLE,
5th July, 1904.

Sir,

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 4th
instant, forwarding, for submission to His Excellency the Lord
Lieutenant, Part I. of the Report on the Sea and Inland Fisheries
of Ireland for the year 1903.

I am,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

J. B. DOUGHERTY.

THE SECRETARY,
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND.

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DUTY ON SALT OR PICKLED FISH IN BARRELS
ENTERING THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Subsequent to the printing of this Report a further decision of the United States Board of General Appraisers, respecting the duty on salt or pickled fish in barrels entering the United States, has been transmitted to this Department. It is as follows :—

“The weight of the brine in which salt or pickled fish in barrels
“is immersed is not part of the dutiable weight of the fish. Said
“dutiable weight is the actual weight of the fish, including
“whatever brine may cling to it or may have been absorbed by
“it.”

The effect of this decision is that the practice heretofore followed will be restored.

Cd. 2154.—REPORT on the SEA and INLAND FISHERIES of IRELAND for
1903—Part I.

(This slip to face page v.)

SEA AND INLAND FISHERIES OF IRELAND, 1903.

REPORT

TO THE

SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND.

SIR,

We have the honour to submit Part I. of the Report for the year 1903 on the Sea and Inland Fisheries of Ireland.

PART I.—GENERAL REPORT.

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.

In spite of the storms which prevailed in 1903, it was, from the fisherman's point of view, the best year, except 1899, of the past decade. The money they realized by sale of sea fish amounted to nearly £428,000.

It is obviously a matter of some difficulty to closely approximate the total value of the Irish fisheries. The figure above given is landing value only, but the handling, transit, and other charges which the yield has to bear before it reaches the retailer or leaves the Country, and which represent money left at home, are very considerable; and bearing in mind the increasing value of the Salmon Fisheries, it is probable that the sum of £1,000,000 is the lowest that would represent, this year, the gross value to Ireland of her fisheries.

The mackerel capture showed a considerable improvement, and must, one way or another, have brought in over £200,000. The demand in America at the beginning of the season led to high prices; but unfortunately at the end it declined, and stocks were left on hand.

At the time when the market failed, a new difficulty arose in the United States about the duty to be paid.

Hitherto an import duty of two dollars per barrel has had to be met by the Irish fish landed in America, but a recent decision of the Customs to render the pickle also liable for duty has had the result of adding about another dollar per barrel on all recent consignments. This three dollar duty, if insisted on, will prove a serious blow to the Irish trade, as the difference of a dollar a barrel is often sufficient to close down the whole market and stop the fishing. The Department are endeavouring to secure more favourable treatment for this important trade.

The herring fisheries of the year, though large in quantity, were not, from a money point of view, so good as those of the previous year owing to the bulk of the take being from those portions of the coast where lower prices prevail.

The system of distributing, by telegraph, to mackerel fishing centres in Ireland semi-weekly information as to the progress of

that industry has been adopted in regard to the herring fisheries. The stations selected were Burtonport, Mulroy, Buncrana, and Portrush on the North coast; Portavogie, Ardglass, Kilkeel, Howth, and Arklow on the East coast; Dunmore East, Helvick Head, Kinsale, and Baltimore on the South coast. There were about 2,100 telegrams containing this class of intelligence despatched from the branch during the year.

The diagram showing the fluctuations in the mackerel and herring fisheries of the Country, which was published in the report for 1901, has been brought up to date of 31st December, 1903, and is annexed.

The capture of prime fish, such as soles and turbot, showed a falling off in 1903, notwithstanding the fact that the trawlers working in the Irish sea met with improved catches of soles.

The steam trawling fleets have devoted more of their time to the capture of coarse fish, such as hake, cod and whiting, than they did in former years; and great catches of the former have been made by English trawlers during the spring months in a depth of 150 fathoms west of the Kerry coast; but they find no place in Irish statistics.

The good prices for lobsters in 1902 would seem to have induced over-fishing, as the supply has not only proved short in 1903, but the lobsters caught on some of the best grounds were of small size. The falling off is represented by the difference between 115,000 dozen and 72,000 dozen. Owing, however, to the method of despatch by well-smacks to England the particulars of large quantities do not appear in our Statistics.

At all the drift-net fishings the steam drifter is coming more and more into evidence; and although a number of Irish boats have, during the year, obtained loans for providing *steam hauling gear*, steam, as a motive power for vessels of this description, has not yet—probably on account of its great expense—been adopted in Ireland.

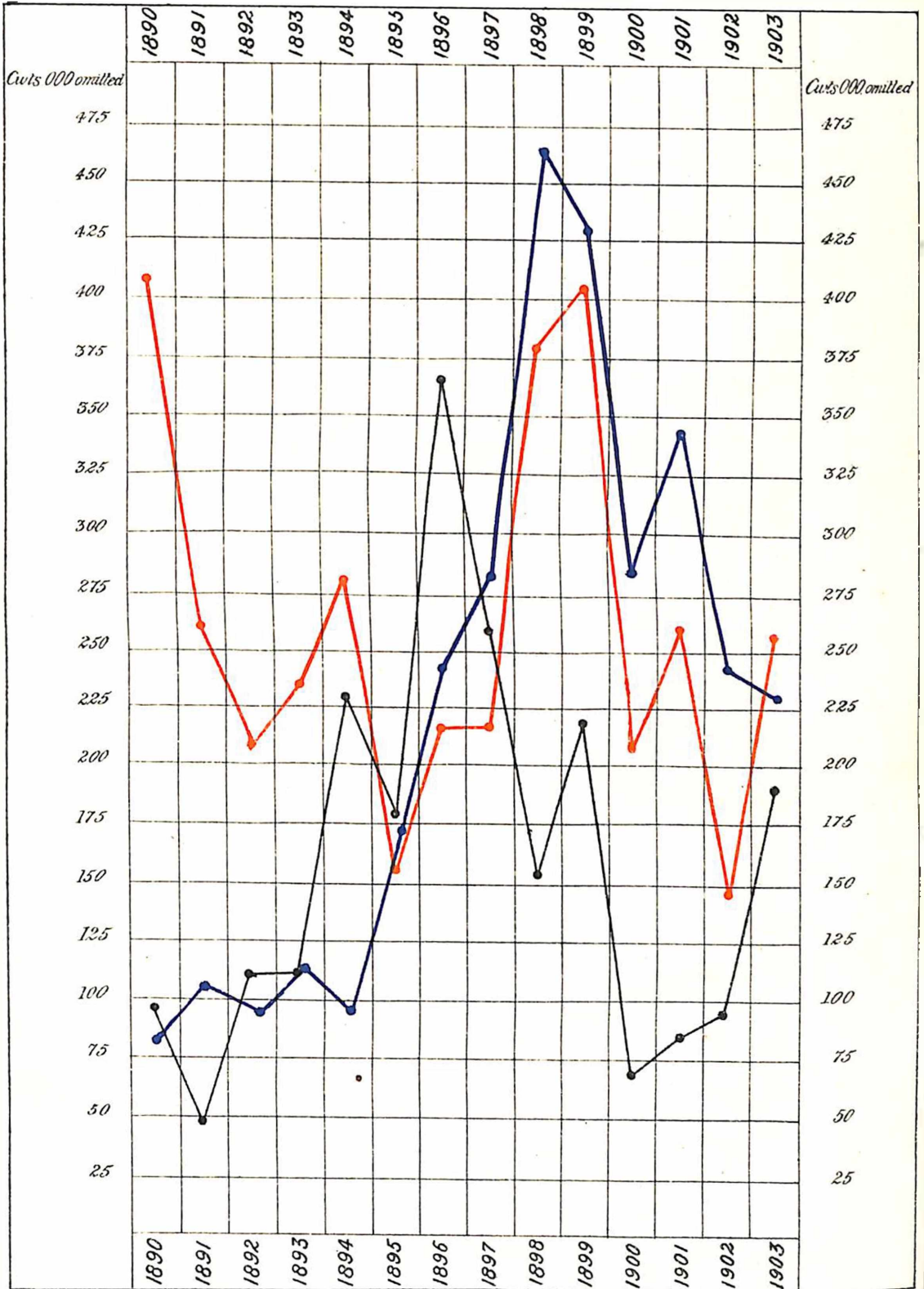
The Report of the Royal Commission on the pollution of shell-fish was issued during the past year; and it shows that the oyster beds of the West coast of Ireland are singularly free from those forms of pollution which produced such a disastrous scare in the oyster trade.

Instruction in various matters concerning fishing was given at certain places where there seemed to be an opening for improving the existing methods; and a few coopers, whose trade has declined since the failure of demand for butter firkins, were sent to a cooperage owned by the Congested Districts Board to receive the necessary knowledge to enable them to make fish barrels of approved pattern, and so find a new outlet in the fish-curing industry for their trade.

The assistance of a competent instructor was afforded to a Port Ballintrae crew, who took part in the Downings Bay herring fishery with the object of obtaining practical information as to the management of a large herring boat.

Between police duty and scientific research the Department's Cruiser "Helga" was kept very busy throughout the whole year.

Diagram to illustrate the fluctuations in the Mackerel and Herring Fisheries during the Years 1890-1903.



Herrings . . . blue line
 Spring Mackerel . . . red ..
 Autumn Mackerel . . . black ..

THE SEA FISHERIES.

Vessels, Men, and Boys.

There were 6,235 vessels actually engaged in the sea fisheries in 1903, as compared with 6,245 in 1902, showing a decrease of 10.

This year's figures are composed of 376 first, 2,939 second, 2,790 third class boats, 79 unclassified open row boats and canoes of 18 feet and upwards in length, and 51 unclassified open row boats of under 18 feet. The net falling off above-mentioned results from an increase of 10 in the first class, 6 in second, 58 in unclassified open row boats, and a decrease of 84 in the third class. The general tendency is the substitution of large for small boats.

There were 24,206 men and 527 boys employed, being 263 men more and 57 boys less than in the previous year.

Beam trawling was carried on by 1 steam and 172 sailing boats. Otter trawling was carried on by 11 steam and 242 sailing boats. Of the steamers, 8 ranged between 46 and 66 tons, one is 21 tons, one is 20 tons, and two are 10 tons, net register. Of the sailing trawlers 286 were under 10 tons, 52 between 10 and 20 tons, 39 between 20 and 30 tons, 14 between 30 and 40 tons, 19 between 40 and 50 tons, and 4 over 50 tons.

There were about 1,500 men and 30 boys engaged in trawling.

Fishing by long lines was carried on by about 5,500 men and 70 boys, in 43 first class, 841 second class, and 528 third class boats.

About 750 persons were engaged gathering oysters off the public beds.

About 4,000 persons were engaged at the lobster and crab fisheries.

About 200 persons were engaged picking mussels, 300 picking cockles, and 4,000 in gathering periwinkles.

Further details are given in the Appendices.

The number of boats engaged in the mackerel fisheries are referred to on pages xiv. and xv., and in the herring fisheries in Appendices Nos. 5 and 6.

There were 42 first, 563 second, 433 third class, and 11 unclassified, boats that did not fish during the year.

One first class boat from Portavogie and eight from Arklow attended the Scotch herring fishery; and one from Ardglass the Isle of Man herring fishery.

Review of Statistics of Fish (excluding Salmon) Landed.

According to the returns received, the total quantity of sea fish (other than shell fish) captured in 1903 was 838,412 cwts., valued at £376,049. In 1902 the corresponding figures were 634,016 cwts. and £334,783. The former, therefore, show increases in capture of 204,396 cwts., and of £41,266 in money.

The following figures will show at a glance a comparison of the takes on the different coasts during the two years:—

—		Cwts.	Value.
			£
North Coast,	1903,	69,541	33,803
„	1902,	74,087	39,273
East Coast,	1903,	205,181	104,353
„	1902,	189,026	108,801
South Coast,	1903,	274,348	113,593
„	1902,	197,953	81,683
West Coast,	1903,	289,342	124,300
„	1902,	172,950	105,026

The average price per cwt. of the total catch in 1903 was about 8s. 11½*d.*, as compared with 10s. 6½*d.*, in the previous year.

Including shell-fish, the total value for 1903 was £427,800, and for 1902, £402,013.

The following is a comparison between this year and 1902 in respect to quantities, values, and average prices of the different kinds of sea fish landed in Ireland:—

Brill.—The total capture of brill in 1903 was 637 cwts., valued at £1,430.

The average price per cwt. was about £2 4s. 10½*d.*

This fish was included in the previous year under “Other kinds (not shell fish).”

Soles.—The total capture of soles in 1903 was 3,636 cwts., valued at £14,088, as compared with 4,053 cwts., valued at £16,311, in 1902.

The average price in 1903 was almost £3 17s. 6*d.* per cwt., and in 1902 £4 0s. 5½*d.* per cwt.

Turbot.—The total capture of turbot in 1903 was 843 cwts., valued at £3,961, as compared with 1,081 cwts., valued at £3,964 in 1902.

The average price in 1903 was almost £4 13s. 11½*d.* per cwt., and in 1902 £3 13s. 4*d.* per cwt.

Cod.—The total capture of cod in 1903 was 16,741 cwts., valued at £12,454, as compared with 14,855 cwts., valued at £11,496, in 1902.

The average price per cwt. in 1903 was slightly over 14s. 10½*d.*, and in 1902 about 15s. 5½*d.*

Conger eel.—The total capture of conger eel in 1903 was 7,036 cwts., valued at £4,091.

The average price per cwt. was about 11s. 7½*d.*

This fish was included in the previous year under "Other kinds (not shell fish)."

Haddock.—The total capture of haddock in 1903 was 8,411 cwts., valued at £7,014.

In the previous year the total capture was 7,085 cwts., and the total value £8,306.

The average price in 1903 was slightly over 16s. 8*d.* per cwt., and in 1902 about £1 3s. 5½*d.*

Hake.—The total capture of hake in 1903 was 18,831 cwts., valued at £11,868, as compared with 18,906 cwts., valued at £14,247 in 1902.

The average price per cwt. in 1903 was about 12s. 7¼*d.*, and in 1902 about 15s. 0¾*d.*

Herrings.—The total capture of herrings in 1903 was 232,980 cwts., valued at £84,446.

In the previous year the total capture was 241,872 cwts., and the total value £93,304.

The average price in 1903 was nearly 7s. 3*d.* per cwt., and in 1902 about 7s. 8½*d.* per cwt.

Ling.—The total capture of ling in 1903 was 4,148 cwts., valued at £2,125, as compared with 5,623 cwts., valued at £2,858, in 1902.

The average price per cwt. in 1903 was almost 10s. 3*d.*, and in 1902 about 10s. 1¾*d.*

Mackerel.—The total capture of mackerel in 1903 was 448,217 cwts., valued at £183,865.

In the previous year the total capture was 243,004 cwts., valued at £121,270.

The average price per cwt. in 1903 was nearly 8s. 2½*d.*, and in 1902 about 9s. 11¾*d.*

Plaice.—The total capture of plaice was 19,242 cwts., valued at £19,018.

The average price per cwt. was almost 19s. 9¼*d.*

This fish was included in the previous year under "Other kinds (not shell fish)."

I

Ray or Skate.—The total capture of ray or skate in 1903 was 8,313 cwts., valued at £2,442.

The average price per cwt. was 5s. 10½*d.*

This fish was included in the previous year under "Other kinds (not shell fish)."

Sprats.—The total capture of sprats in 1903 was 8,306 cwts., valued at £1,005.

In the previous year the total capture was 5,934 cwts., valued at £812.

The average price per cwt. in 1903 was about 2s. 5*d.*, and in 1902 about 2s. 8¾*d.*

Whiting.—The total capture of whiting in 1903 was 21,259 cwts., valued at £11,367, as compared with 23,019 cwts., valued at £13,356, in 1902.

The average price per cwt. in 1903 was about 10s. 8¼*d.*, and in 1902 about 11s. 7¼*d.*

Other kinds (not including shell fish).—The total capture in 1903 was 39,812 cwts., valued at £16,875.

The average price per cwt. in 1903 was about 8s. 5¾*d.*

In the year 1902 this heading included Brill, Conger eel, Plaice, and Ray or Skate, which are separately treated this year. If these fish were included under the heading "Other kinds (not shell fish)" in 1903, the comparison would be as follows:—

1903.—Total amount 75,040 cwts., valued at £43,856; average price 11s. 8¼*d.* per cwt. 1902.—Total amount, 68,584 cwts., valued at £48,859; average price, 14s. 2¾*d.* per cwt.

Shell Fish.

Oysters.—The returns received show that about 25,328 hundreds of oysters were taken off the public beds in 1903, and that the value thereof was £5,030. The figures for the previous year were 38,837 hundreds, and £6,977.

From the private beds, so far as returns are obtainable, about 26,875 hundreds of oysters were lifted. The value of these is estimated at £5,420. The figures for the previous year were 23,614 hundreds, and £5,378.

See also Appendices No. 12, p. 61, and No. 19, p. 96.

Lobsters.—The returns received show that about 72,698 dozens of lobsters were captured in 1903, and that their value was £29,314. The figures for the previous year were 115,684 dozens and £42,761.

See also Appendix No. 9, p. 52.

Crabs.—The returns received show that about 27,857 dozens of crabs were taken in 1903, and that their value was about £2,364. The figures for the previous year were 31,319 dozens, and £2,193.

See also Appendix No. 10, p. 56.

Mussels.—The returns received show that the weight of the mussels taken this year was about 1,061 tons, and that the value thereof was about £1,581. The previous year's figures were 1,723½ tons, and £2,243.

See also Appendix No. 13, p. 64.

Cockles.—The returns received show that about 43,661 gallons of cockles were picked in 1903, and that their value was about £1,251. The figures for the previous year were 30,562 gallons, and £885.

See also Appendix No. 14, p. 65.

Periwinkles.—The returns received show that the weight of periwinkles taken this year was somewhere about 1,630 tons, and that the value thereof was £6,520. The figures for the previous year were 1,625 tons, and £6,608.

See also Appendix No. 15, p. 66.

Shrimps.—Shrimping is not largely followed around the Irish coast. The cases mentioned in Appendix No. 11, page 60, are the only ones in which reports came to hand that shrimps had been taken. It is estimated that the value was about £269. The figure for the previous year was £185.

The total value of the shell fish, as furnished in the returns for 1903, is estimated at £51,751, as against £67,230 for 1902.

Dublin Market Returns.

During 1903 weekly returns of the sea fish passing through the Dublin market were obtained, giving, as far as possible, the districts in which they were caught.

The total quantity, excluding almost all the herrings and mackerel and shellfish, was—71,304 boxes, 7,191 hampers, and 6,892 "cleaves"; in all, some 4,743 tons weight.

Of this total, the nine steam trawlers fishing out of Dublin were responsible for 63,699 boxes, or 3,185 tons, to a value of about £35,000.

Whiting was the fish which was taken in largest quantities by them, viz. : 23,811 boxes, principally in the winter months. Next in quantity was hake, 9,311 boxes, the best months being from May to September.

Cod, haddock, ray, and gurnard, were the other kinds which were landed in large quantities. Of flat fish there were 1,034 boxes of plaice, 1,430 of dabs, 447 of black sole, 521 white sole, 85 lemon sole, 1,031 ox sole, 252 brill, 438½ turbot, and 22 of halibut.

The next most important source of supply was Howth, from where came 6,892 "cleaves," or 387 tons of fish, nearly all cod and whiting, with a little conger, ling, and ray, the boats being principally liners. The first five months in the year seem to have been the most successful for this class of fishing.

The sailing trawlers of Dublin Bay and other smaller boats supplied 2,798 hampers, or 280 tons of fish, of which 1,134 were plaice, and 677 ray, the rest of the catch consisting of many different kinds of fish, principally whiting and sole.

The fleet of sailing trawlers in Galway Bay sent 2,573 hampers, or 257 tons, principally whiting and plaice, and lesser quantities of hake, haddock, sole, &c. January, February, July, and October were their best months.

The Dingle trawlers contributed 1,820 hampers, or 182 tons, largely of valuable fish, there being 604 of plaice and 532 of black sole, the balance being made up of cod, pollack, turbot and brill. March, April, May and June were the most successful months.

At the end of February and the beginning of March the prevalence of easterly winds had the effect of checking the supplies from the East Coast, while the Dingle and Galway boats sent consignments which were the heaviest for many years.

There also reached the Dublin market from various Irish centres some 4,996 boxes or 250 tons, principally plaice and whiting, the winter months being again the most productive.

The imported fish amounted to 1,270 boxes or 127 tons, consisting principally of haddock, plaice and cod; March, September, October and December being the months in which these supplies mostly arrived.

It is satisfactory to find Dublin supplied almost entirely with home-caught fish of these kinds, as compared with other Irish centres like Belfast, which derive their supplies principally from England and Scotland.

Spring Mackerel Fishery.

It is pleasing to note that the depression in the spring mackerel fishery, shown by the figures of last year, was not of a permanent character, and that this year's figures indicate a remarkable recovery. The catch was nearly double (over 5,000 tons more), while the money earned by the fishermen was £90,015, as compared with £61,841 in 1902.

From Valentia Harbour the heaviest fishing took place (39,673 cwts.), and the railway facilities which exist at that port made it possible for local buyers to deal with the whole catch, for which £13,513 was paid to the fishermen. Baltimore comes second on the list as to catch (35,580 cwts.), while Kinsale (34,334 cwts.), Berehaven (33,985 cwts.), and Fenit (31,350 cwts.) did well, and the fishing was good all up to the Mayo coast.

A peculiarity of the season was that the fishing continued right on into July, no break being noticed in many places between

the dispersal of the spring schools of breeding fish and the influx of the young autumn mackerel; and good prices, such as 15s. per hundred, prevailed in July, which was altogether a new feature.

The good prospects in America led to a large curing business here, 10,463 barrels having been put up before the 1st of July, as compared with 572 in 1902.

On the north of Donegal, where, during the last two years, a spring herring fishing has been in operation, small mackerel were taken in the herring nets, and in such numbers that they could not be disposed of. They are not included in our statistics. The fact shows that mackerel at this time of the year had pushed further to the northward than usual, and it is hoped that some provisions may next season be made for their utilisation. They are unavoidably taken with the more valuable herrings then present in these northern waters.

The system of telegraphic intelligence between the principal stations which had worked with success in 1902 was continued during the present season, the method adopted being the same, and the following is a general review of the intelligence that was circulated twice weekly during the fishing season:—

Although a few fish were taken early in April, the fishing may be taken as having commenced at about the same time as in the previous year—viz.: the week ending on April 18th—and to have lasted until July 11th.

As a result of the comparative success of the eastern stations in 1902, a large number of boats assembled there at the beginning of this season, but their number rapidly decreased in May and June owing to the fact that the fish were found in greater quantities to the westward.

To take the stations seriatim:—

At Kinsale a few fish were caught as early as April 1st, but it was not until the latter end of the month, when 180 boats were fishing, that the takes were of any considerable amount. The best week was that of May 11th, when 122 boats fishing on three nights landed 4,520 boxes, an average of 12·3 boxes per boat per night (a box containing about 1 cwt. of fish). This average does not compare favourably with the best one of the previous year, viz.: 27·6 for the week of May 10th. The season ended here on June 27th.

At Baltimore the season also started badly, with the result that after five weeks fishing the number of boats sharply declined from sixty-seven to twenty or thirty. The best week was that of May 23rd, when twenty-nine boats, fishing on four nights, landed 6,163 boxes, an average of 53·1. This average is far in excess of all records from any station during the previous season. Fish were landed in small quantities during the week of April 11th, and were still being taken on July 18th.

At Castletownbere there was no large gathering of boats at the commencement, only three fishing on April 25th, but later on the information of the catches conveyed to the other stations by our telegrams seems to have attracted boats from the eastern ports,

with the result that during the week of May 30th seventy boats were fishing at Castletownbere, and the numbers were fairly well maintained until the end on July 11th. The best average catch for a week was that of May 16th, when five boats on three nights landed 572 boxes, an average of 38·1, with the result that during the next week twenty-five boats fished, and during the following one seventy, catching 11,913 boxes in five nights, an average of 3·4.

At Valentia the heavy fishing was commenced by twenty-three boats during the week of April 18th, and continued until June 27th. The best week was that of May 23rd, when forty boats on four nights, landed 6,185 boxes, an average of 38·7.

At Fenit fifty-three boats fished during the week of April 18th, but the good fishing did not begin until the week of May 23rd when the number of boats had decreased to twenty-eight, which took 11,086 boxes on five nights, an average of 79·2. This latter figure is far in excess of that for any other station, and is about double the best of the previous season. The average (63·8) was again good during the week of June 6th. The fishing ended about the 20th of that month.

At Arran Islands there was a welcome change from the disastrous preceding season. A few fish were taken early in April, the best weeks being those of May 9th and June 6th, which showed averages of 27·9 and 29·1 respectively. The highest average during the previous season was only 10·5. The Arran boats ceased fishing about the middle of June, but the Roundstone boats fishing on the same coast did very well up to the end of July, and profited by the rise in prices.

Taking the stations collectively, the first week during which all were at work, was that of April 25th, when the average number of boxes per boat per night for all stations was 4·6, the following weeks showing averages of 6·1, 18·0, 18·6, 32·9, 20·4, 31·9, 14·3, and 23·9, on that of June 20th. The best average weeks are thus—those of May 23rd and June 6th. These figures show a great improvement on those of the previous season.

The following are the numbers of Irish boats engaged in the Spring Mackerel Fishery in 190 :—

1st Class,	.	.	.	.	216
2nd „	.	.	.	.	309
3rd „	.	.	.	.	781
Unregistered,	.	.	.	.	8
Unclassed,	.	.	.	.	39

The following are the approximate numbers of boats belonging to other nationalities engaged :—

English,	.	.	.	.	37
Scotch,	.	.	.	.	20
Manx,	.	.	.	.	129
French,	.	.	.	.	82

See also Appendix No. 3, p. 10.

Autumn Mackerel Fishery.

Stormy weather prevailed throughout all the fishing seasons of 1903, and prevented the fishermen from fully availing themselves of the abundance of fish which was off the coast; and as gales from the South were most frequent, those parts exposed to that point suffered in the greatest degree. Notwithstanding these unfavourable conditions, the past year's catch of autumn mackerel showed a great improvement on those of the preceding years, and was, from this point of view, the best since 1899. The cash paid for fish was about £94,000, and the number of barrels cured for the American market was 54,183.

On the south coast a considerable fleet of first-class boats engaged in this fishery, those belonging to Irish ports numbering over 100. There were also thirteen Cornish boats. This fleet worked from three to ten miles off the shore. At the same time a large number of small craft followed the fishing close to land—on the west of Kerry and Clare the bulk of the fishing was done by canoes.

That part of the coast which showed the greatest increase in fish caught was the south shore of the Kenmare River—from Ardroom to Dursey Island. In this district the industry is carried on by row-boats, and the value of the mackerel landed amounted to a sum of about £23,300, while several thousands of pounds were earned by the fishermen's families in curing the fish. On the Dingle peninsula large takes were also made, and about £15,000 came to the fishermen. The local curers also did good business by selling on the spot, at a good profit, their barrels of cured mackerel to agents of American firms.

One of the poorest coasts of Ireland is that of North Mayo, from Broadhaven to Killala Bay; but along these shores the fishermen were paid, during the autumn mackerel season, over £5,000, which compared favourably with the amount (£1,686) that they earned in 1902.

For full details of this fishery the tables in the Appendix No. 4, p. 14, must be examined; and in the chart between pages vi. and vii. the relative importance of this year's catch can be noted.

The following are the numbers of Irish boats attending this fishery in 1903:—

Irish, 1st Class,	.	.	.	134
„ 2nd „	.	.	.	627
„ 3rd „	.	.	.	1,293
„ unregistered,	.	.	.	18
„ unclassified,	.	.	.	61

The following are the approximate numbers of boats belonging to other nationalities engaged:—

English,	.	.	.	.	13
Manx,	.	.	.	.	1

Summer Herring Fishery.

The herring fishing, which began in the spring and continued through the summer, showed a falling off of 20,000 cwts. in quantity, but only of about £1,000 in value, as compared with the similar season of 1902. The reason for the apparent want of proportion between quantity and price is that the heaviest deficiency in fish occurred on the East coast, where a cheap class of herring is usually taken. The decrease at Ardglass, for example, amounted to 10,000 cwts., but there was an increase on the coast of Donegal, where very high prices were the rule. At Downings Bay, while the increase in the amount of fish landed was only 500 cwt, that in cash paid was over £3,400.

The whole of this summer herring fishing brought in over £30,000, but undoubtedly a great portion of the amount was earned by Scottish boats—the large Irish boats being at the early part of the season engaged in the mackerel fishery. On the Donegal coast the few local boats which took part in the fishing did well. Twelve steam drifters worked from Lough Swilly and Downings Bay. The fish lie far away at sea, and none but large sea-going boats can deal with this branch of the industry.

The by-law which was made by the Department prohibiting the landing of herrings on the north of Donegal before the month of May, worked well; and although there were a few objections before it came into operation, the general consensus of opinion among the fishermen and buyers turned to be in favour of it, and the result was a larger take of high-class fish. All the fish cured in this district went to Germany, where they fetched the highest prices that were paid in that market.

On the west coast of Donegal the fishing was not as good as in 1902. The same may be said for that off the Arran Islands, but the spring fishing from Kinsale was better than in the previous year.

Particulars will be found on pp. 20-23.

Autumn and Winter Herring Fishery.

The storms of 1903 affected the Autumn Herring Fishing, making its prosecution in some districts quite impossible. The total catch was 177,517 cwts. being about 1,150 tons greater than in the previous similar season, while the amount realized by the fishermen (£56,599) was about £4,500 less.

There was a complete failure of the fishing at Dunmore East.

At Downings Bay on the Donegal Coast great preparations were made in October; and the largest fleet of Irish and Scotch boats that have ever been there assembled; but week after week dragged on without any fishing. At last the bulk of the fleet left, and almost all the local boats were laid up. Then, in the very end of the year the herrings appeared, and a good fishing by local boats lasted well on into January. The catch however was only 6,129 cwts. compared with 17,792 cwts. in 1902.

On another part of the Donegal Coast (Dawros Bay) there was an unexpected development of herring fishing; and the amount landed (24,000 cwts.) compared well with that (7,300 cwts.) in the previous year. Unlike the Downing's Bay fishing, these herrings were all taken by small yawls; and this proved to be the most remarkable feature of what was generally a bad season.

There was an improvement on the East Coast, the catches at Kilkeel, Balbriggan, and Howth being about double those of the preceding Autumn and Winter.

The curing of herrings for the local markets was carried on at Galway. The chief centres for curing for export are situated on the Donegal Coast, where high prices prevailed, most of the fish being sent to the American and Continental markets.

The number of barrels cured was only 11,669, compared with 16,757 in 1903.

Particulars will be found on pp. 24-33.

Loans.

There were received during the year 120 applications, from 157 persons, for loans amounting to £2,978 4s. 10d. Of these there were recommended 114 loans to 150 persons, to the amount of £2,723 11s. The sum actually issued during the year was £2,682 18s. 11d.

Since the passing of the Purchase of Land and Congested Districts (Ireland) Act, 1891, under which a sum of £20,000 was reserved for administration in non-congested districts (which fund has been placed at the disposal of the Department by the Act 62 and 63 Vic., cap. 50), the sum of £31,997 9s. 2d. was advanced by way of loan up to the 31st December, 1903. The promissory notes signed to secure principal and interest amounted to £34,460 8s. 0d. The repayments were £26,652 10s. 0d.; the outstanding notes not arrived at maturity £7,100 2s. 2d., of which, however, £149 15s. 0d. is known to be irrecoverable. The arrears on the £34,460 8s. 0d. consisted of £707 15s. 10d., of which £203 18s. 6d. are irrecoverable. It will be thus seen that the *bad debts* are a little over 1 per cent.

On 31st December, 1903, the Fund stood thus:—

	£	s.	d.
Government Stock,	20,000	0	0
Cash,	1,354	13	6
Outstanding Promissory Notes not arrived at maturity (less £149 15s. 0d. known to be irrecoverable),	6,950	7	2
Arrears (excluding £203 18s. 6d. irrecoverable),	503	17	4

The work of actually issuing these loans and collecting the repayments, which was formerly carried out by the Board of

Works, devolves on this branch of the Department as from 1st April, 1904.

Further particulars in connection with these loan transactions will be found in Appendix No. 16, pages 68-71.

Casualties.

The number of fishermen who lost their lives, in the year ended 30th September, 1903, while actually in pursuit of their calling, was sixteen, as compared with nineteen in the previous year. Three were drowned while conveying seaweed, provisions, materials, &c., and when engaged in work not immediately connected with fishing. There were the same number of casualties of that nature last year.

Four first, fourteen second, and nineteen third-class boats were lost this year while engaged in fishing, as compared with six first, eleven second, and five third class, respectively, in the previous year. Three first, seven second, and nineteen third-class boats were seriously damaged, as compared with one first-class boat and one second-class in the previous year. Three first-class boats were wrecked when engaged in work not immediately connected with fishing, as compared with a first-class and a third-class in the previous year.

The following are the particulars of the casualties, as furnished by the Coast Guard Officers at the various Stations:—

From Howth Station.—A fisherman was drowned in Howth Harbour on 30th March, 1903. It is supposed that he fell overboard.

From Ringsend Station.—During a storm in February, 1903, a second-class boat sank in the Alexandra Basin. She was not raised, being very much damaged. The skipper of a first-class sailing trawler was drowned off Lambay in April, 1903. In September following, in the same vicinity, a boy belonging to another first-class trawler fell overboard and sank immediately.

From Arklow Station.—A third-class boat foundered during a squall in Arklow Bay on the 17th December, 1902. Four men thereby lost their lives. A second-class boat was run down in Arklow Bay whilst herring fishing on 19th of the same month. She became a total wreck. The crew were saved.

From Wexford Station.—A first-class boat, when returning from the fishing-ground, ran ashore on the point of Rosslare Fort. Endeavours were made to float her, but without success.

From Crosshaven Station.—In September, 1903, two second-class boats were washed ashore and broken up on the beach.

From Ring Bar Station.—On 10th September, 1903, two second-class boats, hauled up on the shore at Barry's Cove, were washed away.

From Galley Head Station.—A second-class boat was broken up during a gale on the night of the 27th September, 1903.

From Castletownsend Station.—On 19th August, 1903, a fisherman fell from the boat "Safe Return," while proceeding from Baltimore to Ballycottin, and was drowned.

From Castletownbere Station.—A fisherman was drowned when returning from the shore to his vessel on 22nd June, 1903.

From Ballinskelligs Station.—Two third-class boats were damaged by a heavy sea whilst being beached at Boat Cove on the 21st September, 1903.

From Knightstown Station.—A third class boat foundered off Bray Head in a heavy sea on the 22nd September, 1903. The crew were saved.

From Caherciveen Station.—Three third-class boats were washed off the strand at Coosroom on the 12th December, 1902, and were not recovered.

From Dingle Station.—During the night of the 26th February, 1903, a severe storm caused a first-class vessel to break from her moorings and collide with another boat of the same class. Both vessels sank. One of them was floated and repaired, but the other was totally wrecked. A first-class boat was also damaged.

From Fenit Station.—In January, 1903, a second-class vessel broke from its moorings, collided with the pier, and became a total wreck.

From Kileredane Station.—In February, 1903, a canoe was washed from the beach near Carrigaholt and totally destroyed. On 10th September, 1903, a canoe, running for shelter, struck Beale Point, and was immediately broken up.

From Kilkee Station.—Five canoes were washed away and broken up during the storm of the 26th and 27th February, 1903.

From North Arran Station.—On 6th February, 1903 a canoe, returning from hauling her nets, was swamped during a squall. Two of the crew were drowned. A first-class boat was also lost. It struck on a reef of rocks at the south end of Straw Island on the 18th December, 1902, and could not be got off.

From Rosmoney Station.—A third-class boat was totally lost in Cleggan Bay in August, 1903, whilst landing fish from a first-class vessel.

From Ballyglass Station.—A fisherman, whilst returning from market at Belmullet on the 17th December, 1902, was drowned. His boat capsized off Moyrahan Point.

From Ballycastle (Co. Mayo) Station.—Whilst fishing for bream in the month of August, 1903, a man was washed off the rocks and drowned.

From Rosses Point Station.—Four third-class boats were smashed by a heavy sea on 27th February, 1903.

From Teelin Station.—A third-class boat was blown over a cliff, and broken up on the rocks below, on the 15th March, 1903.

From Malinmore Station.—An exceptionally high tide, on 16th December, 1902, washed a second-class boat from the slip. The vessel was completely broken up on the rocks.

From Portnoo Station.—A man was drowned whilst herring-fishing at Rosbeg on 11th December, 1902, and two second-class boats were destroyed by a gale on 24th February, 1903.

From Mulroy Station.—On the 15th October, 1902, a second-class vessel was totally destroyed, and a first-class and seven second-class boats damaged, owing to the parting of some of their cables and the collision of the vessels with each other.

From Malin Head Station.—A fisherman was drowned whilst picking limpets for bait on Inishtrahull Island in November, 1902.

From Larne Harbour Station.—In the middle of February, 1903, a fisherman was drowned when engaged in trawling.

From Portaferry Station.—Two fishermen who had been employed piloting a vessel to Killyleagh on the 16th January, 1903, were found two days later on Jackdaw Island frozen to death. Their boat, which lay beside them, was broken.

From Carlingford Station.—A fisherman was drowned whilst putting fresh water on board a fishing vessel in Carlingford Lough on 15th August, 1903.

From Giles Quay Station.—Two second-class boats were broken up on the beach by the gale on the 26th February, 1903.

From Balbriggan Station.—A first-class vessel stranded on the Cardy Rocks on the 16th July, 1903, and became a total wreck.

Piers and Harbours.

In the Report of the Inspectors of Irish Fisheries for the year 1894, a return was given relating to works under the Sea Fisheries (Ireland) Act, 1883 (46 and 47 Vic., c. 26), up to the 31st March, 1895.

Since that time particulars of the yearly expenditure under the Act have been given in the Annual Reports of the Fishery Authorities.

The expenditure during the year ended 31st March, 1904, was as follows:—

Pier Works.	£	s.	d.
Ardmore,	486	0	11
Portstewart,	12	15	10
Portavogie,	1,802	11	9
	<hr/>		
	2,301	8	6
Engineering Staff Expenses,	362	17	6
	<hr/>		
	£2,664	6	0

The following sums were offered during the year by the Department, at the instance of this Branch, by way of contribution to the cost of marine works:—

At Ardmore, Co. Waterford, where £1,000 had been previously promised, a further sum of £200 was guaranteed for the purpose of meeting the total liability involved in the construction of a breakwater, slip and pathway at that place.

At Minard, Co. Kerry, a sum not exceeding £300, being one half the estimated cost of the construction of a new boat slip.

At Foynes, Co. Limerick, the sum of £450 towards the expense (£900) of repairing the quay at that place.

At Liscaunor the sum of £2,833, being one-third the estimated cost of improving the harbour, so that the special State assistance provided by the Marine Works (Ireland) Act, 1902 (on condition that this one-third were forthcoming), could be availed of.

At Salthill, Co. Galway, £500 towards cost of erecting a pier.

At Buncrana, Co. Donegal, one-third the expense of a proposed pier extension—the Department's grant not to exceed £2,000.

At Port-an-dhu, Co. Antrim, one-half (within a limit of £1,500) the outlay in rebuilding the breakwater and boat slip.

At Loughshinny, Co. Dublin, half the estimated cost of £3,000 of extending the pier.

The promised contributions of £137 10s. for clearing out Ballinagoul Harbour and £100 (part of £175) for improvements in the landing accommodation at Ballycastle, Co. Antrim, were actually paid by the Department during the year.

Marine Superintendence.

Between the month of March, 1903, and the date of this Report the cruisers at the disposal of the Department captured five steam trawlers working in areas closed to that mode of fishing. The magistrates imposed fines in one case of £30, in two of £5 each (and nets forfeited) in one of £100, and in one of £10. Costs were awarded in all cases.

The s.s. *Helga* also seized two herring nets that were found set during prohibited hours off the Donegal coast.

LEGISLATION.

The Ulster Electric Power Bill, which was introduced into Parliament in February last, proposed to take water for motive power from the rivers Bann and Erne in such quantities as, in the opinion of this Branch, to seriously affect the fisheries of these rivers. Failing to arrive at a suitable arrangement with the promoters, a Departmental Petition against the Bill was lodged. As a result, the promoters decided to abandon that portion of their scheme affecting the rivers in question.

A Bill was introduced into the House of Lords at the instance of the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries (England) having for its object the prohibition of the landing of undersized flat fish. The chief aim of the promoters was to protect certain fishing grounds in the North Sea; but as it was desirable that the Act should be applicable to all the coasts of the British Islands, this Department were invited to express their opinion on the measure before the Select Committee to whom the Bill had been referred.

The measure had not, at date of this Report, passed through Parliament.

INLAND FISHERIES.

Salmon Fisheries.

The satisfactory condition of the salmon fisheries in 1902 has continued in 1903, the amount of fish captured again being in excess of that in the previous year. The returns received by the Department from the railway companies show an increase of six per cent. in the amount carried over their systems.

The value of the salmon and trout fisheries is at present probably between £350,000 and £400,000, of which some £60,000 is what the Department estimate to be the nett profit of private proprietors, the balance being the amount derived by the public from the industry, and this value is nearly equal to that of all the sea fish landed in Ireland.

Salmon fishermen exercising the public right of fishing in the sea, employés of private proprietors, bailiffs and professional anglers, all of whom were men more or less dependent on this industry, numbered about 10,000.

Sixteen of the fishery districts report an improvement, two no change, and six a decline in the amount captured as compared with 1902. In the Waterford district the open season for salmon was the best for the past twenty years. In the Skibbereen and Dundalk districts also the improvement was remarkable.

Very large takes of salmon and grilse were made by drift nets fishing at sea off the North and North-west coasts, as many as 160 fish being taken in one haul, and some boats' crews earning £150 each. This fishing lasts only five or six weeks, and extends to a distance of six miles from the land in places.

The reports on angling are, in nearly all cases, most satisfactory, the weather conditions being, on the whole, favourable.

Offences against the fishery laws have diminished in sixteen districts, in two show no change, and in seven have unfortunately increased, but in only one case, viz., Sligo, has the increase been great. The position of affairs in this respect is satisfactory, as, with a larger supply of fish, a greater amount of poaching might have been expected.

Cases of malicious poisoning of rivers by lime or spurge show a welcome decrease, there being only six reported. Of these, two occurred in the Kenmare district, which has in past years been distinguished for the prevalence of this offence. Three cases of killing fish with an explosive occurred in the Limerick District, but unfortunately the perpetrators were not detected.

The Department altered the form of the licence for stake nets in the Limerick District, so that each licence will in future indicate the particular fixed engine for which it is issued.

An inquiry was held into the working of a By-law dated 17th February, 1871, in the Ballina District, by which angling for trout was restricted during the descent of salmon fry. A new By-law relaxing to some extent these restrictions was made by the Department.

Contributions to the funds of Conservators for protection were,

on our recommendation, made by the Department in the Waterford, Dublin, Killarney, Skibbereen, and Drogheda districts, on conditions which seemed suitable in each case; and financial aid was also given to the Lough Mask Angling Association for the protection of trout.

A sum was also allocated for the improvement of the fish-passes on the rivers Glyde and Dee, provided certain conditions were locally complied with.

The output of Salmon and Trout fry from hatcheries was not so large as in 1902, the number being approximately 4,800,000 from 24 hatcheries.

This decrease was due in many cases to the difficulty of capturing spawners in consequence of the very general prevalence of floods throughout the year. The fact that the conditions of natural spawning were improved by the same state of affairs is a compensation for the decrease.

Full details of the hatchery operations will be published in Part II. of this Report.

The total number of rod licences issued was 2,931, compared with 2,533 in 1902. As to engines used in the tidal waters by fishermen who fish on common law rights, the number of draft net licences issued was 699, an increase of 17 on the previous year; and drift nets, 372, an increase of 33.

The total amount received by Boards of Conservators for licences in 1903 was £9,795 15s. The total ten per cent. rate collected on the poor-law valuations of fisheries was £859 16s. 6d. Fines, and the sale of forfeited engines, &c., produced £897 5s. 4d., and subscriptions came to £1,841 8s. 1d. The grand total was £13,394 4s. 11d., as compared with £12,602 16s. 8½d., in 1902.

See Appendices No. 24, p. 142, and No. 27. p. 162.

Pollen Fisheries.

The amount of pollen captured in Lough Neagh during 1903 was somewhat greater than in the previous year. Over 95 per cent. of the take is exported. There were 372½ tons so dealt with, as against 338½ in 1902. At an average price of £16 a ton, the value of the export would be £5,960.

Licences were issued in 1903 for 85 trammel and 172 draft nets for pollen, producing £343. It requires two men to work one of these engines.

Many scientific and other reports have been received during the year; and this opportunity is taken of thanking those who placed at the disposal of the Department the valuable information they contain.

Great assistance in the enforcement of the salmon fisheries laws, and in the investigation of numerous matters of detail arising out of our administration of the loan funds, was rendered by the Inspector-General, Officers, and men of the Royal Irish Constabulary, and also by the Officers, Warrant Officers, and men of the Coast Guard in so far as they were permitted by the orders of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty; and the Fishmongers' Company of London have continued the important assistance hitherto rendered, and which has had a marked effect in the direction of the suppression of salmon poaching in Ireland.

We have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servants,

WM. SPOTSWOOD GREEN,

Chief Inspector of Fisheries.

DANIEL H. LANE,

Inspector of Fisheries.

Department of Agriculture and
Technical Instruction for Ireland.
Fisheries Branch,
27th day of June, 1904.

APPENDIX TO PART I.

OF THE

REPORT

ON THE

SEA AND INLAND FISHERIES OF IRELAND

FOR THE YEAR 1903.

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APPENDIX

STATEMENT of the Total Quantity and Value of the Fish returned as that landed

	North Coast.				East Coast.			
	Quantity.		Value.		Quantity.		Value.	
	1903.	1902.	1903.	1902.	1903.	1902.	1903.	1902.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	£	£	Cwts.	Cwts.	£	£
Brill,					411	°	1,136	°
Soles,	105	173	444	688	1,065	1,110	5,063	5,458
Turbot,	23	171	71	400	357	305	2,034	1,131
Total Prime Fish,	129	344	515	1,088	1,843	1,415	8,233	6,587
Cod,	846	797	381	565	13,545	11,822	10,719	9,679
Conger Eel,	39	°	33	°	6,627	°	3,909	°
Haddock,	1,993	111	926	91	4,269	5,662	4,890	7,062
Hake,					7,600	10,733	7,003	9,822
Herrings,	55,536	65,580	26,463	33,231	114,338	99,614	36,162	32,467
Ling,	2	3	1	2	2,050	3,822	1,120	2,002
Mackerel,	4,027	1,284	1,178	445	1,669	1,831	435	686
Plaice,	3,202	°	2,843	°	10,352	°	11,203	°
Ray or Skate,	570	°	220	°	7,220	°	2,111	°
Sprats,								
Whiting,	29	3	6	2	11,264	13,204	7,262	8,560
All other, except Shell Fish,	3,163	5,965	1,237	3,876	24,404	40,893	11,316	31,936
Total of all Fish, save Shell Fish,	69,541	74,087	33,803	39,273	205,181	189,026	104,353	108,801
SHELL FISH :	No.	No.			No.	No.		
Crabs (returned by collectors of statistics),	22,868	36,329	104	125	85,084	118,603	613	595
Do. (additional information),	175,542	173,571	1,275	1,169	24,812	29,242	172	165
Lobsters (returned by collectors of statistics),	23,831	31,933	696	834	74,132	69,573	3,315	2,789
Do. (additional information),	89,793	89,435	3,213	2,835	86,272	180,603	3,157	5,288
Mussels (returned by collectors of statistics),		†		†	12,009	†	430	†
Do. (additional information),		†		†	3,891	†	505	†
Oysters (returned by collectors of statistics),								
Do. (additional information),	42,600	57,600	172	191	3,1702	74,050	120	179
					3,503,018	3,837,610	6,073	5,932
Other Shell Fish (returned by collectors of statistics),								
Do. (additional information),	204	800	21	105	4,998	27,464	1,793	2,620
	371	420	207	131	2,018	4,181	146	281
Total of Shell Fish,			5,088	5,356			10,930	17,749
Grand Total,			39,491	44,650			121,283	126,550

° Included under "all other,
† Included under "other Shell

No. 1.

landed on the Irish Coasts during the Year 1903, as compared with during 1902.

South Coast.				West Coast.				TOTAL.			
Quantity.		Value.		Quantity.		Value.		Quantity.		Value.	
1903.	1902.	1903.	1902.	1903.	1902.	1903.	1902.	1903.	1902.	1903.	1902.
Cwts.	Cwts.	£	£	Cwts.	Cwts.	£	£	Cwts.	Cwts.	£	£
5	•	12	•	191	•	282	•	637	•	1,430	•
280	399	1,211	1,577	2,185	2,371	7,370	8,590	3,636	4,053	14,088	16,311
38	55	162	211	445	550	1,624	2,222	843	1,081	3,961	3,964
323	454	1,385	1,783	2,821	2,921	9,316	10,812	5,116	5,134	19,479	20,275
404	505	392	556	1,946	1,431	962	696	16,741	14,855	12,454	11,496
134	•	62	•	236	•	87	•	7,036	•	4,091	•
63	185	45	162	2,081	1,127	1,153	991	8,411	7,085	7,014	8,308
9,377	6,188	4,038	3,441	1,854	1,085	827	984	18,831	18,906	11,868	14,247
30,883	36,780	9,183	12,089	32,223	30,868	12,618	15,511	232,980	241,872	84,446	93,504
780	795	492	470	1,316	1,003	512	381	4,148	5,623	2,125	2,858
214,551	136,291	92,766	56,136	227,970	103,595	89,486	61,033	418,217	213,004	183,865	121,270
1,905	•	1,753	•	3,783	•	3,219	•	19,242	•	19,018	•
132	•	24	•	391	•	87	•	8,313	•	2,442	•
8,302	5,931	1,001	812	4	•	4	•	8,306	5,934	1,005	812
1,362	2,054	587	906	8,604	7,758	3,512	3,828	21,269	23,019	11,367	13,356
6,132	8,464	1,865	5,263	6,113	13,262	2,457	7,784	39,812	68,584	16,875	48,859
274,348	197,953	113,593	81,683	289,342	172,950	121,300	105,026	838,412	634,016	376,049	334,783
No.	No.			No.	No.			No.	No.		
6,249	7,612	50	58	2,490	1,144	11	8	116,291	163,688	778	786
17,539	7,017	139	62	•	2,281	•	21	217,993	212,141	1,586	1,407
31,228	59,076	1,074	1,877	38,481	34,788	1,228	1,109	170,672	195,370	6,313	6,609
91,301	119,520	2,782	3,869	431,533	797,280	13,849	24,660	701,701	1,192,838	23,001	36,152
Cwts.	Cwts.			Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.		Cwts.	Cwts.		
•	†	•	†	1,466	†	107	†	13,475	†	543	†
100	†	10	†	3,750	†	523	†	7,750	†	1,038	†
No.	No.			No.	No.			No.	No.		
27,980	53,300	75	132	445,354	517,508	309	269	507,936	614,858	504	580
•	466,300	•	951	1,106,895	2,487,678	3,103	4,095	4,712,431	6,849,218	9,948	11,776
Cwts.	Cwts.			Cwts.	Cwts.			Cwts.	Cwts.		
3,659	4,055	491	547	9,807	10,028	1,832	2,184	18,668	42,347	4,140	5,350
2,528	1,557	1,149	990	11,748	20,737	2,398	3,160	17,165	26,838	3,900	4,565
•	•	5,773	7,989	•	•	23,360	36,106	•	•	51,751	67,230
•	•	119,366	89,672	•	•	147,660	141,132	•	•	427,800	402,013

except Shell Fish" in 1902.
Fish" in 1902.

APPENDIX

ABSTRACT of RETURNS from COAST-GUARD of the NUMBER of

TABLE No. 1.—REGISTERED, UNREGISTERED, and UNCLASSED

No.	NAME OF DIVISION.	Divisional Officer.	Solely engaged					
			First Class.			Second Class.		
			Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.
1	Kingstown, . . .	A. H. Shirley, Comm., R.N., . . .	34	208	25	25	79	2
2	Wicklow, . . .	Murray T. Parks, Comm., R.N., . . .	42	315	19	83	277	13
3	Wexford, . . .	J. F. Stuart, Comm., R.N., . . .	1	5	-	12	45	-
4	Waterford, . . .	E. F. Talbot, Lieut., R.N., . . .	-	-	-	10	28	2
5	Youghal, . . .	George W. Cornish, Lieut., R.N., . . .	-	-	-	21	111	-
6	Queenstown, . . .	W. V. Cole, Comm., R.N., . . .	7	27	-	38	119	-
7	Kinsale, . . .	H. W. Steele, Comm., R.N., . . .	32	192	31	5	12	-
8	Skibbereen, . . .	E. A. Day, Lieut., R.N., . . .	44	323	17	3	12	-
9	Castletown Bere, . . .	William Butler, Divisional Officer, . . .	-	-	-	5	36	-
10	Valentia, . . .	A. H. Ozzard, Lieut., R.N., . . .	1	4	-	14	58	-
11	Dingle, . . .	Lot Connell, Divisional Officer, . . .	17	68	-	7	30	-
12	Ballyheige, . . .	John G. Fletcher, Divisional Officer, . . .	1	6	1	-	-	-
13	Seafeld, . . .	Philip G. Tillard, Lieut., R.N., . . .	-	-	-	1	4	-
14	Galway, . . .	Walter J. W. Steward, Lieut., R.N., . . .	32	163	31	34	161	6
15	Chifden, . . .	S. C. Weigall, Lieut., R.N., . . .	11	67	-	47	180	-
16	Keel, . . .	W. S. Patterson, Divisional Officer, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Belmullet, . . .	Arthur H. Fanshawe, Lieut., R.N., . . .	-	-	-	13	86	-
18	Ballycastle, Killala, . . .	R. A. Cathie, Lieut., R.N., . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Pulleniva, . . .	G. H. Greenham, Divisional Officer, . . .	-	-	-	6	15	-
20	Sligo, . . .	John Ritty, Divisional Officer, . . .	-	-	-	30	120	2
21	Killybegs, . . .	John Gunn, Divisional Officer, . . .	2	7	-	76	432	-
22	Guidore, . . .	Thomas Onslow, Divisional Officer, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rathmullen, . . .	H. M. Wyatt, Lieut., R.N., . . .	3	9	-	22	79	6
24	Moville, . . .	Edward M. Hale, Lieut., R.N., . . .	-	-	-	113	431	-
25	Ballycastle, Antrim, . . .	Henry J. D. Laxton, Comm., R.N., . . .	1	4	-	54	103	1
26	Carrickfergus, . . .	Richard H. L. Risk, Comm., R.N., . . .	-	-	-	30	84	-
27	Donaghadee, . . .	J. S. Clarke, Comm., R.N., . . .	18	103	15	116	327	14
28	Strangford, . . .	Geo. Horner, Divisional Officer, . . .	-	-	-	21	50	5
29	Newcastle, . . .	J. H. Goldfinch, Lieut., R.N., . . .	13	83	13	22	81	4
30	Dundalk, . . .	Wm. Sims, Lieut., R.N., . . .	1	7	1	49	234	-
31	Malahide, . . .	Reginald R. Growse, Comm., R.N., . . .	13	84	7	17	44	-
		Totals for 1903, . . .	273	1,665	160	873	3,241	54
		Do. 1902, . . .	272	1,663	157	944	3,550	57

No. 2.

VESSELS, BOATS, and CREWS engaged in the SEA FISHERIES in 1903.

VESSELS that fished during the Year 1903.

in Fishing.

Third Class.			Unclassed A.			Unclassed B.			Totals.			No.
Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	
13	42	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	72	329	28	1
8	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	133	613	32	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	-	19	56	-	3
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	28	12	4
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	111	-	5
7	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	164	-	6
5	11	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	216	32	7
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47	335	17	8
4	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	59	-	9
7	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	90	-	10
55	201	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	299	-	11
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	6	1	12
51	150	3	4	12	-	-	-	-	56	166	3	13
1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67	318	37	14
19	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	77	303	-	15
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	86	-	17
9	69	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	69	-	18
16	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	53	-	19
27	91	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	211	5	20
21	68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	407	-	21
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	88	5	23
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113	431	-	24
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	107	1	25
4	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	90	1	26
6	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	140	433	30	27
5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	57	5	28
3	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	171	17	29
4	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	253	1	30
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	128	7	31
265	815	10	4	12	-	6	6	-	1,421	5,760	224	
273	869	15	-	-	-	6	5	-	1,491	6,096	229	

APPENDIX

ABSTRACT OF RETURNS FROM COAST-GUARD OF THE NUMBER OF

TABLE NO. I.—REGISTERED, UNREGISTERED, and UNCLASSIFIED

No.	NAME OF DIVISION.	Divisional Officer.	Partially engaged								
			First Class.			Second Class.			Third Class.		
			Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.
1	Kingstown.	A. H. Shirley, Comm., R.N.	-	-	-	28	83	-	9	23	1
2	Wicklow.	Murray T. Parks, Comm., R.N.	-	-	-	14	51	-	20	80	1
3	Wexford.	J. F. Stuart, Comm., R.N.	-	-	-	63	217	-	2	12	-
4	Waterford.	E. F. Tallot, Lieut., R.N.	-	-	-	56	132	3	11	26	2
6	Youghal.	G. W. Cornish, Lieut., R.N.	1	6	1	31	133	-	23	95	-
6	Queenstown.	W. V. Cole, Comm., R.N.	1	4	-	12	30	3	26	67	3
7	Kinsale.	H. W. Steele, Comm., R.N.	1	8	-	102	416	6	48	215	5
8	Skibbereen.	E. A. Day, Lieut., R.N.	48	339	22	250	964	50	85	332	16
9	Castletown Bere.	Wm. Butler, Divisional Officer.	2	10	-	98	415	6	229	997	5
10	Valentia.	A. H. Ozzard, Lieut., R.N.	-	-	-	89	370	-	208	1,473	37
11	Diogle.	Lot Connell, Divisional Officer.	2	8	-	17	63	-	252	777	-
12	Ballyheige.	J. G. Fletcher, Divisional Officer.	1	2	-	16	39	-	41	131	-
13	Seafield.	P. G. Tillard, Lieut., R.N.	-	-	-	2	6	-	129	310	8
14	Galway.	W. J. W. Steward, Lieut., R.N.	1	7	-	267	809	54	309	795	17
15	Ohlden.	S. C. Weigall, Lieut., R.N.	2	13	-	93	371	7	228	801	8
16	Keel.	W. S. Patterson, Divisional Officer.	2	8	-	18	84	-	271	1,176	-
17	Beimuliet.	Arthur H. Fanshawe, Lieut., R.N.	-	-	-	10	31	-	159	621	-
18	Ballycastle (Killala).	R. A. Cathie, Lieut., R.N.	-	-	-	1	8	-	123	733	-
19	Pullendiva.	G. H. Greenham, Divisional Officer.	-	-	-	11	48	-	25	157	-
20	Sligo.	J. Ritty, Divisional Officer.	-	-	-	33	153	1	41	188	4
21	Killybegs.	J. Gunn, Divisional Officer.	1	7	-	77	436	-	21	105	-
22	Guidore.	T. Onslow, Divisional Officer.	-	-	-	269	1,220	9	14	65	-
23	Rathmullen.	H. M. Wyatt, Lieut., R.N.	28	196	1	144	581	7	31	64	-
24	Moville.	Edward M. Hale, Lieut., R.N.	-	-	-	79	402	-	1	3	-
25	Ballycastle (Antrim).	H. J. D. Laxton, Comm., R.N.	1	3	-	34	81	-	13	25	-
26	Carrickfergus	R. H. L. Risk, Comm., R.N.	-	-	-	25	61	4	14	22	4
27	Donaghadee.	J. S. Clarke, Comm., R.N.	2	9	1	31	66	-	10	16	-
28	Strangford.	Geo. Horner, Divisional Officer.	-	-	-	27	46	2	5	7	-
29	Newcastle.	J. H. Goldfinch, Lieut., R.N.	10	69	9	82	285	1	2	7	-
30	Dundalk.	Wm. Sims, Lieut., R.N.	-	-	-	72	250	-	71	174	-
31	Malahide.	Reginald R. Growse, Comm., R.N.	-	-	-	9	16	3	4	8	-
Totals for 1903.			103	689	34	2,066	7,906	156	2,525	9,438	111
Do. 1902.			94	542	26	1,985	7,446	195	2,601	9,597	133

No. 2—continued.

VESSELS, BOATS, and CREWS engaged in the SEA FISHERIES in 1903.

VESSELS that fished during the Year 1903.

in Fishing.						Totals.			Grand Totals of all engaged in 1903.			No.
Unclassed A.			Unclassed B.			Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	
Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.							Vessels.	Men.	Boys.	Vessels.	Men.	Boys.
-	-	-	-	-	-	37	106	1	109	435	29	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	31	131	1	167	744	33	2
8	48	-	-	-	-	73	277	-	92	333	-	3
-	-	-	1	3	1	63	161	6	78	189	8	4
-	-	-	-	-	-	55	234	1	76	345	1	5
-	-	-	-	-	-	39	101	6	91	265	6	6
1	4	-	3	8	-	155	681	11	197	896	43	7
-	-	-	-	-	-	389	1,635	88	436	1,970	105	8
-	-	-	-	-	-	320	1,422	11	338	1,481	11	9
11	50	-	2	4	-	406	1,906	37	422	1,996	37	10
1	3	-	-	-	-	272	851	-	351	1,150	-	11
-	-	-	3	12	-	61	184	-	62	190	1	12
19	55	-	9	10	-	159	411	8	216	577	11	13
15	42	-	12	26	-	604	1,679	71	671	1,997	108	14
-	-	-	11	44	-	331	1,229	15	411	1,532	15	16
5	20	-	2	6	-	298	1,294	-	298	1,294	-	16
12	41	-	1	2	-	182	801	-	195	687	-	17
2	17	-	-	-	-	126	758	-	135	827	-	18
-	-	-	-	-	-	46	205	-	67	258	-	19
1	4	1	1	2	-	76	317	6	133	558	11	20
-	-	-	-	-	-	99	548	-	198	1,015	-	21
-	-	-	-	-	-	283	1,285	9	283	1,285	9	22
-	-	-	-	-	-	203	841	8	228	929	13	23
-	-	-	-	-	-	80	405	-	193	839	-	24
-	-	-	-	-	-	48	109	-	103	216	1	25
-	-	-	-	-	-	39	83	8	73	173	9	26
-	-	-	-	-	-	43	91	1	183	524	31	27
-	-	-	-	-	-	32	53	2	55	110	7	28
-	-	-	-	-	-	94	301	10	132	532	27	29
-	-	-	-	-	-	143	424	-	197	677	1	30
-	-	-	-	-	-	13	21	3	43	152	10	31
75	287	1	45	117	1	4,814	18,437	303	6,235	24,205	527	
25	77	1	42	85	-	4,751	17,847	355	6,245	23,943	584	

APPENDIX NO. 2—continued.

TABLE NO. 2.—RETURN of BOATS that did NOT Fish during the Year.

DIVISION.	1st Class Vessels.	2nd Class Vessels.	3rd Class Vessels.	Unclassed A.	Unclassed B.	Total.
1 Kingstown,	2	10	4	-	-	16
2 Wicklow,	3	27	15	-	-	45
3 Wexford,	-	20	1	-	-	21
4 Waterford,	1	24	3	-	1	26
5 Youghal,	1	6	7	-	1	15
6 Queenstown,	2	18	10	-	-	30
7 Kinsale,	2	33	28	-	2	65
8 Skibbereen,	5	21	24	-	-	50
9 Castletown Bere,	1	1	-	-	-	2
10 Valentia,	2	14	59	-	-	75
11 Dingle,	-	-	7	4	-	11
12 Ballyheige,	-	4	18	-	1	23
13 Seafield,	1	1	11	-	-	13
14 Galway,	10	18	21	-	-	49
15 Clifden,	1	13	9	-	-	23
16 Keel,	-	2	46	-	-	48
17 Belmullet,	-	2	35	-	-	37
18 Ballycastle, Killybegs,	-	-	4	-	-	4
19 Pulleniva,	-	-	16	-	-	16
20 Sligo,	-	8	22	-	-	30
21 Killybegs,	1	15	18	2	-	36
22 Guldore,	-	77	45	-	-	122
23 Rathmullen,	1	18	6	-	-	25
24 Moville,	-	49	-	-	-	49
25 Ballycastle, Antrim,	-	44	6	-	-	50
26 Carrickfergus,	-	18	2	-	-	20
27 Donaghadee,	4	21	2	-	-	27
28 Strangford,	-	15	7	-	-	22
29 Newcastle,	1	32	9	-	-	42
30 Dundalk,	1	44	3	-	-	48
31 Malahide,	3	11	1	-	-	15
Total,	42	563	433	6	6	1,049

APPENDIX 3.

SPRING MACKEREL FISHING, 1903.

APPENDIX

SPRING MACKEREL

No.	Places where Fish are landed.	Collecting Stations	Date when Fishing may be said to have commenced.	Date when Fishing may be said to have ended.	Quantity captured.	Total approximate Value.	AVERAGE PRICES	
							March.	April.
					Cwts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	Dunmore East,	Dunmore East,	—	—	3,558½	618 6 0	—	—
2	Ballinacourty,	Ballinacourty.	—	—	12	1 10 0	—	—
3	Dungarvan, ...	Helvick Head,	—	—	695	138 5 0	—	—
4	Youghal, ...	Youghal, ...	—	—	17	13 8 0	—	—
5	Ballycotton, ...	Ballycotton, ...	5th May, ...	18th June,	485	120 0 0	—	—
6	Queenstown,	Queenstown,	—	—	186	62 9 0	—	—
7	Kinsale, ...	Upper Cove, ...	4th April,	30th June,	34,334	16,582 9 0	—	1 10 0
8	Union Hall and Glandora.	Union Hall, ...	9th April,	30th June,	3,236	1,011 13 0	—	2 0 0
9	Courtmacsherry,	Courtmacsherry,	—	—	3	2 0 0	—	—
10	Castletownsend,	Castletownsend,	17th April,	30th June,	242	66 11 0	—	1 10 0
11	Baltimore, ...	Baltimore, ...	11th April,	30th June,	35,580	11,853 1 0	—	1 5 0
12	Schull, ...	Schull, ...	10th June,	30th June,	302	77 10 0	—	—
13	Bantry, ...	Bantry, ...	—	—	21	9 0 0	—	—
14	Castletown Berhaven.	Castletown Berhaven.	13th April,	30th June,	33,985	13,594 0 0	—	0 18 0
15	Tranferia, Ballydonegan, and Fogher.	Ballydonegan,	16th April,	20th June,	283½	144 3 6	—	1 4 0
16	Garinish and Durecy.	Garinish and Durecy.	25th April,	3rd May, ...	3,195½	1,168 11 0	—	0 13 0
17	Ballycrovane, Urban, and Travarra.	Ballycrovane,	16th April,	24th June,	1,390	426 0 0	—	1 5 0
18	Rineen, Derrynane, and West Cove.	Waterville, ...	1st April,	1st week in June.	400	270 0 0	—	2 0 0
19	Ballinskelligs, Boolakeel, Dungagon, and Boat Cove.	Ballinskelligs, .	17th April,	25th May,	965	482 0 0	—	1 0 0
20	Portmagee, ...	Portmagee, ...	14th April,	22nd June,	4,518½	1,122 4 0	—	1 7 0
21	Knightstown and Renard Point.	Knightstown,	2nd April,	30th June,	39,673	13,513 0 0	—	1 10 0
22	Cahiriveen, Coosroom, and Coonana.	Cahiriveen, ...	4th April,	30th June,	941	628 14 0	—	1 13 0
23	Gleesk Cove, Rhodes and Kells Bay.	Kells, ...	—	—	10	3 10 0	—	—
24	Dingle and Ballymore.	Dingle, ...	1st April,	Middle of June.	790	225 0 0	—	1 0 0 to 1 10 0

MEMO.—The season is taken as closing on 30th June.

No. 3.

FISHING, 1903.

PER HUNDRED.		Number of Steamers carrying the Fish to England.	Number of Ice Hulks.	Number of Tons of Ice Imported.	Number of Barrels of Fish cured for Exportation.	Rate of Harbour Dues, &c.	Observations.	No.
May.	June.							
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Caught in Herring nets.	1
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Landed by a Scotch boat.	2
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Caught in Herring nets.	3
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
0 10 0	0 10 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Caught in Herring nets.	6
0 19 0	0 10 0	8	2	1,970	417	10s. and 5s. paid in advance.	—	7
0 15 0	0 11 0	—	—	—	480	—	—	8
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
1 0 0	0 10 0	—	—	—	70	—	—	10
0 17 0	0 10 0	6	3	723	197	10s. per annum, paid at end of season.	—	11
—	0 10 0	—	—	—	75	—	—	12
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 cwt. value £1, landed in February.	13
0 15 0	0 17 0	6	2	1,000	2,314	—	—	14
0 16 0	0 10 0	—	—	—	374	—	69½ cwt., value £51 8s., landed in January and February.	15
0 13 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	474½ cwt., value £327 12s., landed in January and February.	16
0 17 0	0 10 0	—	—	—	69	—	4 cwt., value £4, landed in January.	17
0 18 0	0 10 0	—	—	—	15	—	—	18
0 19 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	19
0 11 0	0 9 9	3	—	—	858	—	77½ cwt., value £28 11s. 6d., landed in January and February.	20
0 14 0	0 11 0	—	4	635	1,980	—	28 cwt., value £32, landed in January.	21
1 4 0	0 11 0	—	—	—	84	—	7 cwt., value £8 15s., landed in January.	22
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	23
0 15 0 to 0 18 0	0 14 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	24

APPENDIX

SPRING MACKEREL

No.	Places where Fish are landed.	Collecting Stations.	Date when Fishing may be said to have commenced.	Date when Fishing may be said to have ended.	Quantity captured	Total approximate Value.	AVERAGE PRICES	
							March.	April.
					Cwts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
25	Dunquin and Ventry.	Ventry, ...	14th April,	20th June,	1,158	386 0 0	—	1 5 0
26	Ferritor's Cove, Smarwick, Gortadoo, Ballynagaul Glassabeg, and Ballydavid.	Smarwick, ..	5th April,	30th June,	3,913	1,118 0 0	—	0 12 0
27	Brandon Creek.	Brandon Creek,	13th March,	26th June,	2,112½	570 0 0	2 10 0	1 5 0
28	Brandon Bay...	Brandon Bay,...	9th April,	19th June,	1,177	356 0 0	—	2 0 0
29	Fenit, ...	Fenit, ...	7th April,	18th June,	31,350	12,103 14 6	—	1 10 0
30	Carrigaholt, ...	Kilcredane, ...	1st April,	20th June,	183	45 12 0	}	1 0 0
31	Ross and Kilbaha.	Ross, ...	17th April,	17th June,	472½	142 12 7		
32	Moveon, ...	Moveon, ...	—	—	6	6 0 0		
33	Kilkee, ...	Kilkeo, ...	27th May,	27th June,	126	42 0 0	}	—
34	Farraby, ...	Coosheen, ...	28th May,	17th June,	143	36 5 0		
35	Kilronan, ...	North Arran, ...	1st week in April,	Last week in June.	16,915½	3,855 8 0	—	1 6 0
36	Roundstone, ...	Roundstone, ...	9th April,	30th June,	8,840	1,540 4 5	—	1 5 0 to 0 14 0
37	Clifden, Bunowen, and Doonloughan.	Clifden, ...	1st April,	30th June.	1,536	460 0 0	—	1 0 0
38	Cleggan, Inishbofin, and Inishark.	Cleggan, ...	9th April,	30th June,	18,822½	5,024 0 0	—	0 16 0
39	Westport and Carrowkeeran.	Rosmoney, ...	3rd May,	18th June,	39	17 8 0	—	—
40	Keel and Doonagh.	Keel, ...	—	—	194	12 10 0	—	—
41	Blacksod, ...	Blacksod Point,	16th April,	19th June,	3,568	892 0 0	—	1 6 0 to 0 15 0
42	Rathlacken, Kilcummin and Dock.	Kilcummin, ...	April, ...	30th June,	1,000	550 0 0	—	0 14 0
43	Burtonport, ...	Burtonport, ...	—	—	17	6 15 0	—	—
44	Downies, ...	Mulroy, ...	—	—	42	4 9 0	—	—
45	Buncrana, ...	Buncrana, ...	17th Feb.,	22nd May,	2,622	876 0 0	—	0 13 4
Total, ...					258,816½	50,015 0 0	—	—

No. 3—*continued.*

FISHING, 1903—*continued.*

PER HUNDRED.		Number of Steamers carrying the Fish to England.	Number of Ice Hulks.	Number of Tons of Ice Imported.	Number of Barrels of Fish cured for Exportation.	Rate of Harbour Dues, &c.	Observations.	No.
May.	June.							
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	—	—	—	—	—	—	25
0 18 0	0 10 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	26
0 10 0	0 10 0	—	—	—	—	2s. per boat per annum.	95 cwts., value £110 1s., landed in January and February.	26
0 10 0	1 13 0	—	—	—	42	—	82½ cwts., value £67, landed in January.	27
0 10 0	0 10 0	—	—	—	300	—	70 cwts., value £70, landed in January.	28
1 0 0	0 13 0	1	3	1,150	—	2s. 6d. for sailing boats. 10s. for steamers.	—	29
0 12 0	0 12 0	—	—	—	134	—	—	30
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15 cwts., value £11 11s., landed in January.	31
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Landed in January.	32
0 10 0	0 10 0	—	—	—	8	—	12 cwts., value £6, landed in January.	33
0 12 0	0 7 0	1	2	700	420	—	2 cwts., value £1, landed in January.	34
0 12 0	0 7 0	1	1	130	341	—	1½ cwts., value £1 8s., landed in January.	35
0 12 0	0 7 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	36
0 12 0	0 8 0	—	—	—	262	—	—	37
0 12 6	0 9 0	—	1	400	1,896	—	54½ cwts., value £60 2s., landed in January.	38
0 12 0	0 12 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	39
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	40
0 10 0	0 7 0	—	1	140	140	—	—	41
0 14 0	0 14 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	42
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Caught in Herring nets,	43
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Do., do.	44
0 13 4	0 13 4	—	—	—	—	—	60 cwts., value £20, landed in February.	45
—	—	—	—	—	10,463	—	—	

APPENDIX

AUTUMN MACKEREL

PARTICULARS of the FISHING carried

No.	Coast Guard Station.	Date on which fishing commenced.	Date on which fishing ended.	Places where Fish Landed.
		1903.	1903.	
1	Howth,	1st August,	2nd October,	Howth,
2	Kingstown,	—	—	Kingstown,
3	Arklow,	—	—	Arklow,
4	Kilmore,	July,	September, .	Kilmore Quay,
5	Bar of Lough,	—	—	Bar of Lough,
6	Bannow,	—	—	Bannow,
7	Fethard,	—	—	Fethard,
8	Arthurstown,	—	—	Passage East,
9	Dunmore East,	—	—	Dunmore East,
10	Tramore,	August,	October,	Boatsbrand,
11	Bonmahon,	—	—	Bonmahon and Stradbally,
12	Ballinacourty,	24th July,	20th October,	Dungarvan,
13	Helvick Head,	—	—	Dungarvan,
14	Ardmore,	—	—	Ardmore,
15	Youghal,	—	—	Youghal,
16	Ballycottin,	—	—	Ballycottin,
17	East Ferry,	—	—	Queenstown,
18	Upper Cove,	1st July,	18th December, .	Kinsale,
19	Union Hall,	1st July,	18th November, .	Glandore and Union Hall,
20	Castletownshend,	1st July,	30th November, .	Castletownshend and South Reen,
21	Baltimore,	4th July,	20th November, .	Baltimore,
22	Schull,	1st July,	26th November, .	Schull, Cape Clear, and Lower Letter.
23	Crookhaven,	12th August,	26th November, .	Dunmanus Pier, Cauty Cove, and Gurrhove.
24	Castletownbere,	1st July,	30th November, .	Bantry
25	Ballydonegan,	17th August,	31st December, .	Geahles, Gurnakilla, and Castletownbere.
26	Ballycrovane,	18th August,	31st December, .	Ballydonegan, Tranferka, Reen-trisk, and Esquavade.
27	Ballycrovane,	18th August,	31st December, .	Garrinish and Dursey,
28	Ballycrovane,	18th August,	31st December, .	Cod Head, Gurtahig, Urban, Travarr, Eyeries, Ballycrovane, Kilcatherine, Clenderry, and Ardgroon.

No. 4.

FISHERY, 1903.

on at or near the following places:—

Quantity of Fish taken during the Season.	Total amount estimated to be realized by Fishermen.	Fish Cured for Exportation.		Observations.	No.
		Where Cured.	Number of Barrels.		
Cwts.	£ s. d.				
678	188 15 0	Howth,	58	—	1
39½	8 11 0	—	—	—	2
1	0 15 0	—	—	Caught in herring nets.	3
234½	51 18 1	—	—	—	4
27	10 0 0	—	—	—	5
30	12 0 0	—	—	—	6
520	128 9 0	—	—	—	7
28	5 0 6	—	—	—	8
256	72 19 6	—	—	—	9
700	350 0 0	—	—	—	10
16	4 10 0	—	—	—	11
543	59 11 0	Dungarvan,	66	—	12
2,667½	366 15 8	—	—	Caught in herring nets.	13
90	31 0 0	—	—	—	14
237	63 15 0	—	—	Caught in herring nets.	15
60	15 0 0	—	—	—	16
135½	67 3 0	—	—	—	17
18,803½	7,299 16 0	Kinsale,	5,859	—	18
7,567	3,492 6 0	Glandore and Union Hall, . . .	1,915	—	19
2,029	769 6 0	Castletownshend and South Beon,	575	—	20
4,367½	1,899 16 0	Baltimore,	1,568	—	21
7,000	3,600 0 0	Schull, Kilorobane, Lower Letter, and Cape Clear	3,430	—	22
4,480	3,136 0 0	Dunmannus, Dunkelly, and Gurthdove.	1,793	—	23
343½	172 3 0	Bantry,	142	—	24
5,287	1,420 4 0	Gearries, Gurtmakilla, and Castletownbere.	1,208	July fish mostly sold fresh.	24
7,200½	2,671 12 0	Ballydonegan, Esquavale, Tranteria, and Recentrisk.	2,113	—	25
20,672	10,509 8 6	Garrinish and Dursey,	5,168	—	25
13,580	10,192 0 0	Urban, Travara, Ardgroom, Colaris, Bunana, Eyeries, Ballycrovane, Kilealberine, Clendoury, Berryyegil, Cod Head, and Gurtahig.	3,883	—	26

APPENDIX

AUTUMN MACKEREL

PARTICULARS of the FISHING carried

No.	Coast Guard Station.	Date on which fishing commenced.	Date on which fishing ended.	Places where Fish Landed.
		1903.	1903.	
27	Waterville.	1st August.	End of November.	Rineen, Derrynane, and West Cove.
28	Ballinskelligs.	10th July.	20th November.	Ballinskelligs, Boolakeel, Rynroe Point, Dunganon, and Boat Cove
29	Portmagee.	7th July.	30th December.	Portmagee and Corobeg.
30	Knightstown.	1st July.	30th December.	Knightstown, Renard Point, and Dohilla.
31	Cahereiveen.	1st week in August.	31st December.	Cahereiveen, Cooseroun, and Coonana.
32	Kells.	4th September.	30th November.	Kells.
33	Dingle.	1st week in July.	End of December.	Dingle, Ballymore and Doonshean.
34	Do.	1st September.	31st December.	Brandon Bay.
35	Ventry.	1st week in September.	Last week in December.	Dunquin.
36	Smerwick.	September.	31st December.	Smerwick, Ballinranig, Ballinagall, Dooneen, & Ballydavid N.
37	Do.	6th August.	30th December.	Brandon Creek.
38	Kileredane.	Middle of September.	29th December.	Ross and Tullig.
39	Kilkee.	15th September.	28th December.	(Moveen, Kilkee, Goleen, and Killard, Farraby.
40	Seafeld.	1st September.	19th December.	Seafeld and Caberrush.
41	Liscannor.	20th August.	31st December.	Ballaghaline and Liscannor.
42	Ballyvaughan.	—	—	Dereen and Gleninagh.
43	North Arran.	July.	December.	Kilronan and Kilnuryy.
44	Spiddal.	10th July.	10th December.	(Galway, Spiddal.
45	Roundstone.	1st July.	30th August.	Roundstone.
46	Clifden.	1st July.	24th December.	Dunloughan, Bunown, and Turbot Island.
47	Cleggan.	1st July.	21st December.	Cleggan, Inishboffin, and Inishark.
48	Tully.	Middle of October.	Middle of December.	Renvyle Pier and Glassilaun.
49	Rosmoney.	15th July.	30th September.	Westport, Carrowkeeran, Mullranny, Newport, Burrisboole, Roscahill, and Rosmoney.
60	Achlbeg.	1st August.	24th August.	Curraun, Darby's Point, Doogea, and Clare Island.
61	Keel.	—	—	Doogh.
62	Ballyglass.	13th September.	30th December.	Muingereena, Tip, and Inver.
63	Belderrig.	14th July.	28th December.	Belderrig, Porturlin, and Portlucy.
64	Ballycastle (Kil- lala).	—	—	Ballycastle and Ballymacno.
65	Kilcummin.	1st July.	31st December.	Rathblacken, Kilcummin, Dock, and Rathfran.

No. 4—*continued.*

FISHERY, 1903—*continued.*

on at or near the following places—*continued.*

Quantity of Fish taken during the Season.	Total amount estimated to be realized by Fishermen.	Fish Cured for Exportation.		Observations.	No.
		Where Cured.	Number of Barrels.		
Cwts.	£ s. d.				
1,290	800 0 0	Rineen, Derrynane, and West Cove.	413	—	27
1,170	700 0 0	Boat Cove, Boolakeel, and Ballinskelligs.	198	—	28
5,698½	2,704 17 0	Portunagee and Coromoro.	1,519	—	29
11,744½	6,607 0 0	Knightstown, Dobilla, and Re-nard Point.	2,679	—	30
4,461½	2,335 17 0	Caheriveen, Cooseroom, and Coonana.	1,006	—	31
75	37 0 0	Kells	10	—	32
923½	247 18 0	Dingle,	7,330	Fish from Smerwick, Brandon Creek, and Ventry cured at Dingle.	33
5,220	3,000 0 0	Brandon	1,740	—	34
5,000	3,000 0 0	Dunquin,	300	—	35
8,000	4,200 0 0	Smerwick, Ballyferrier, and Ballinagall.	615	—	36
8,000	4,200 0 0	Brandon Creek,	300	—	37
996	647 0 0	Kilbaha, Ross, and Carrigaholt,	314	—	38
463½	195 13 0				
2,439½	1,282 0 0	Goleen, Kulkee, Farrahy, and Rillard.	1,314	—	39
851	565 10 0				
3,260½	1,555 16 10	Seafield and Cahertrush,	918	—	40
685	391 0 0	Ballyhalme,	210	—	41
35½	9 14 0	—	—	—	42
2,636	1,267 12 2	Kilroan and Kilmurvy,	753	—	43
70	19 4 0	—	—	—	
44½	8 4 0	—	—	—	44
1,816	980 0 0	Roundstone,	519	—	45
1,124	674 0 0	Dunloughan, Bunowen, and Turbot Island.	382	—	46
7,437	3,718 0 0	Cloggan, Inishbafin, and Inishark.	2,070	—	47
2,540	1,524 0 0	Tully and Glasslaun,	830	—	48
130	45 0 0	—	—	—	49
190	53 14 0	Clare Island,	17	—	50
2½	1 3 0	—	—	—	51
1,400	700 0 0	Muingereena and Tip,	263	—	52
6,950	2,975 0 0	Belderrig, Porturlin, and Portacloy.	1,659	—	53
90	16 0 0	—	—	—	54
3,400	1,425 0 0	Ratblacken,	543	—	55

APPENDIX

AUTUMN MACKEREL

PARTICULARS of the FISHING carried

No.	Coast Guard Station.	Date on which fishing commenced.	Date on which fishing ended.	Places where Fish Landed.
		1903.	1903.	
58	Ross,	—	—	Ross and Killala,
57	Mullaghmore,	10th July,	15th December,	Mullaghmore,
58	Ballyshannon,	2nd week in July,	1st week in December,	Bundoran, Inishfad, Bunatreehan, and Kildoney,
59	Tribane,	July,	October,	Ballysiggart, Ballyetherland,
60	Killybegs,	—	—	Killybegs,
61	Malinmore,	July,	August,	Malinbeg, Malinmore, and Glen,
62	Portnoo,	—	—	Rosbeg,
63	Inishbofin,	Middle of July,	1st week in September,	Tory Island,
64	Sheephaven,	—	—	Dunfanagly,
65	Mulroy,	—	—	Downies Pier,
66	Port Ballintoy,	—	—	Milltown, Port Braddon, and Port Ballintoy,
67	Newcastle,	—	—	Newcastle,
68	Ardglass,	—	—	Ardglass,
69	Kilkeel,	—	—	Kilkeel,
70	Greenore,	—	—	Greenore,
71	Clogher Head,	—	—	Clogher Head,
72	Skerries,	—	—	Skerries,
				Total,

No. 4—*continued.*

FISHERY, 1903—*continued.*

on at or near the following places—*continued.*

Quantity of Fish taken during the Season.	Total amount estimated to be realized by Fishermon.	Fish Cured for Exportation.		Observations.	No.
		Where Cured.	Number of Barrels.		
Cwts.	£ s. d.				
55	25 0 0	—	—	—	56
1,256½	148 10 0	—	—	—	57
160	44 0 0	—	—	—	58
143½	42 10 0	—	—	—	59
175	17 0 0	—	—	—	60
54½	16 10 0	—	—	—	61
270	100 0 0	—	—	—	62
22	3 0 0	—	—	—	63
275	175 0 0	Tory Island,	250	—	64
26	7 8 6	—	—	—	65
378	85 0 0	Downies,	120	Caught in herring nets.	66
45	20 0 0	—	—	—	67
7½	6 1 0	—	—	—	68
84	12 10 0	Ardglass,	24	Caught in herring nets.	69
605	135 0 0	Kilkeel,	79	Caught in herring nets.	70
121	60 10 0	—	—	—	71
60½	8 4 0	—	—	Caught in herring nets.	72
72½	16 5 0	—	—	Caught in herring nets.	
189,404	93,818 5 6	—	54,183		

APPENDIX
SUMMER HERRING

No.	Coast Guard Station.	Ports or Creeks from which the Fishing was carried on.	Places at which the Boats discharge their Fish.	Date when Fishing may be said to have commenced.
1	Howth,	Howth.	Howth,	8th June,
2	Kingstown,	—	Kingstown,	—
3	Arklow,	Arklow,	Arklow,	30th June,
4	Courtown,	—	Courtown,	—
5	Dunmore East,	Dunmore East,	Dunmore East,	4th April,
6	Ballinacourty,	—	Dungarvan,	—
7	Helvick Head,	Ballinagoul,	Dungarvan,	2nd May,
8	Youghal,	Youghal,	Youghal,	21st April,
9	Ballycotton,	Ballycotton,	Ballycotton,	May,
10	East Ferry,	—	Queenstown,	—
11	Upper Cove,	Kinsale,	Kinsale,	2nd May,
12	Courtmacsherry,	—	Courtmacsherry,	—
13	Castletownbere,	—	Bantry, Castletownbere,	— —
14	Portmagee,	Portmagee and Corobeg,	Portmagee,	—
15	Knightstown,	—	Valentia,	—
16	Smerwick,	—	Brandon Creek,	—
17	Fenit,	—	Fenit,	—
18	Kilcedane,	—	Carrigaholt, Doonagh, and Querrin,	—
19	South Aran,	South Aran,	South Aran,	—
20	North Aran,	Kilronan,	Kilronan,	1st February,
21	Spiddle,	Between Spiddle and Gal- way.	Between Spiddle and Gal- way,	1st February,
22	Roundstone,	—	Roundstone,	—
23	Cleggan,	—	Cleggan,	—
24	Keel,	—	Doonagh,	—
25	Killybegs,	—	Killybegs,	—
26	Teelin,	Teelin,	Teelin,	—
27	Burtonport,	Burtonport,	Burtonport,	23rd April,
28	Mulroy,	Off Downies, Horn Head, and Tory Island,	Downies Pier,	1st May,
29	Buncrana,	Horn Head to Malin,	Buncrana,	do.,
30	Malin Head,	Portmore and Malin Head,	Malin Head Pier,	6th May,
31	Moville,	Lough Foyle,	Moville,	22nd April,
32	Cloghy,	Portavogie,	Portavogie,	22nd May,
33	Portaferry,	—	Cook-street and Quay,	20th May,
34	Ardglass,	Ardglass,	Ardglass,	20th May,
35	Newcastle,	—	Newcastle Pier,	—
36	Loestone,	Kilkeel,	Kilkeel Harbour,	13th May,
37	Carlingford,	Off Station,	Carlingford Harbour,	—
38	Greenore,	—	Greenore,	—
39	Clogher Head,	Clogher Head,	Clogher Head,	—
40	Skerries,	—	Skerries,	—

No. 5.

FISHING 1903.

Date when Fishing may be said to have ended.	Quantity landed.	Value.	Quantity cured for Exportation.	Quantity sold for local consumption.	Quantity despatched to distant markets for sale as fresh Fish.	No.
31st July.	Cwts. 4,831	£ s. d. 2,761 10 0	—	—	All.	1
—	68½	51 4 0	—	—	—	2
21st July.	39	41 18 0	—	All.	—	3
—	4	0 8 0	—	—	—	4
24th June.	12,088	3,254 16 0	About one-eleventh kippered.	About one-tenth.	Balance.	5
—	126½	15 12 0	—	—	—	6
14th July.	520	268 0 6	—	—	All.	7
13th June.	210	37 15 0	—	About three-eighths.	About five-eighths.	8
June.	213	99 5 0	—	All.	—	9
—	263½	114 18 0	—	—	—	10
13th June.	8,462½	2,133 11 0	—	—	All.	11
—	49	3 14 0	—	—	—	12
—	608½	196 12 2	—	—	—	13
—	280½	152 7 6	—	—	—	14
—	33	16 4 0	—	—	—	15
—	244	173 0 0	—	—	—	16
—	44	12 0 0	—	—	—	17
—	10	2 10 0	—	—	All.	18
—	14	0 18 0	—	—	—	19
—	112½	15 3 0	10 barrels.	Mostly used for but.	—	20
31st March.	671	208 13 0	215 barrels.	—	Balance.	21
20th March.	400	80 0 0	—	All.	—	22
—	8	3 0 0	—	—	—	23
—	50½	17 5 6	—	All.	—	24
—	12	8 0 0	—	All.	—	25
—	2½	3 0 0	—	All.	—	26
—	5	1 0 0	—	—	—	27
9th May.	176	88 0 0	All kippered.	—	—	28
17th June.	9,303	8,807 15 0	4,160 barrels.	Balance.	—	29
do.	2,411	1,741 11 0	Almost all.	—	—	30
18th June.	100	100 0 0	All.	—	—	31
1st May.	171	76 0 0	—	All.	—	32
31st July.	3,300	660 0 0	—	One-half.	One-half.	33
End of July.	180	62 5 0	—	—	All.	34
31st July.	12,513½	6,410 15 0	—	30 cwts.	All but 30 cwts.	35
—	20	4 16 0	—	All.	—	36
31st July.	7,680	2,390 8 3	—	Over nine-tenths.	Balance.	37
—	60	17 10 0	—	—	—	38
—	57½	287 0 0	—	—	—	39
—	247½	115 19 0	—	—	—	40
—	22	8 6 0	—	—	—	
	65,976	30,437 12 11				

APPENDIX

AUTUMN AND WINTER

No.	Coast Guard Station.	Ports or Creeks from which the fishing was carried on.	Places where the Boats discharged their fish.	Date on which the fishing may be said to have commenced.
		(1)	(2)	(3)
1	Howth,	Howth,	Howth,	1st August,
2	Wicklow,	Wicklow,	Wicklow Harbour,	October,
3	Arklow,	Arklow,	Arklow,	5th August,
4	Courtown,	Courtown, Ardamine, and Pollshone.	Courtown, Ardamine, and Pollshone.	15th October,
5	Cahore,	Poulduff Pier,	Poulduff Pier,	18th October,
6	Curracloe,	Curracloe, Red Gap, and Ballyconigar.	Curracloe, Red Gap, and Ballyconigar.	18th October,
7	Rosslare,	From Hill of Sea to Rosslare Point.	Wexford, Rosslare Strand,	November, 14th October,
8	Ballygeary,	Ballygeary and New Quay.	Ballygeary,	20th October,
9	Ballycottin,	Ballycottin,	Ballycottin,	October,
10	East Ferry,	Glenmore and Queenstown,	Glenmore and Queenstown,	October,
11	Castletownbere,	Bantry, Castletownbere, Gearhies, and White Horse.	Bantry, Castletownbere and Gearhies.	3rd August,
12	Lackeen Point,	Rosdohan, Rossmore, Templenos, Greenano, and Kenmare.	Sneaen, Templenos, Greenane, and Kenmare.	August,
13	Ballinskelligs,	Ballinskelligs, Boolakeel, Horse Island, Renroe Point, Dungagon, and Boat Cove.	Ballinskelligs, Boolakeel, Renroe Point, Dungagon, and Boat Cove.	17th August,
14	Cappa,	Cappa, Kilrush, Querrin, and Scatterry Island.	Cappa, Kilrush, Querrin, and Scatterry Island.	Middle of August,
15	Kileredane,	Carrigaholt, Querrin, and Ross.	Carrigaholt, Querrin, and Ross.	Middle of August,
16	North Aran,	Kilronan,	Kilronan,	August,
17	Spiddal,	Galway,	Galway and Spiddal,	1st August,
18	Rosmoney,	Westport, Carrowkeeran, Newport, Mulranny, Burrenshole, Kilmeeena, and Rosmoney.	Westport, Carrowkeeran, Newport, Mulranny, Burrenshole, Kilmeeena, and Rosmoney.	15th September,
19	Achillbeg,	Curraun, Darby's Point, and Clare Island.	Curraun, Darby's Point, and Clare Island.	2nd September,
20	Kilcummin,	Rathlacken, Kileummin, Dock, Castlenagecha, and Rathfran.	Rathlacken, Kileummin, Dock, Castlenagecha, and Rathfran.	26th September,
21	Ross,	Ross, Killala, Rosserk, and Carrowkelly.	Ross, Killala, Rosserk and Carrowkelly.	21st September,
22	Innisrone,	Innisrone,	Innisrone,	3rd September,
23	Derkmore,	Kellystown, Ballisodare, Culleenamora, Streamstown, and Ballinleg.	Ballysodare, Kellystown, and Culleenamora.	3rd October,
24	Rosses Point,	Sligo River, Pool Doy, and Drumcliff River.	Sligo and Rosses Point,	October,

No. 6.

HERRING FISHING, 1903-4.

Date on which the fishing may be said to have ended.	Quantity captured	Value.	Quantity cured for exportation.	Quantity sold for local consumption.	Quantity despatched to distant markets for sale as fresh fish.	No.
(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
12th December, .	Cwts. 13,010	£ s. d. 5,153 5 0	Barrels. —	—	Nearly all.	1
December, .	710½	226 10 0	—	All,	—	2
24th December, .	5,303½	1,376 4 0	—	All,	—	3
31st December, .	3,552½	903 11 3	—	All,	—	4
31st December, .	1,400	320 0 0	—	All,	—	5
24th December, .	3,050	938 0 0	—	Somewhat less than one-half.	Over one-half.	6
End of December,	1,071	669 6 0	—	All,	—	7
20th December, .	2,914½	1,210 8 6	—	All,	—	8
6th December, .						
23rd December, .	422½	173 17 0	—	—	All.	9
December, .	851½	291 0 0	—	—	All	10
15th January, 1904	3,880½	1,276 3 6	400	Balance,	Four-fifths.	11
January, 1904	1,861	723 16 0				
January, 1904	350	108 0 0	—	All,	—	12
26th January, 1904	1,112	500 0 0	—	One-third,	Two-thirds.	13
16th December, .	375	187 10 0	—	All,	—	14
Middle of January, 1904.	430	200 0 0	—	All,	—	15
January, 1904, .	1,325½	311 5 9	25½	—	Balance,	16
23rd December, .	6,187½	2,387 13 0	—	Two-thirds,	One-third.	17
18th November, .	682½	292 15 0	—	—	All.	18
22nd October, .	822½	450 0 0	200	—	Balance.	19
31st January, 1904,	5,700	2,548 0 0	—	—	All.	20
6th January, 1904.	440	176 0 0	—	All,	—	21
18th November, .	2,222½	905 6 0	—	All,	—	22
30th November, .	2,271½	701 8 6	—	—	All.	23
December, .	700	175 0 0	—	One-tenth,	Nine-tenths.	24

APPENDIX

AUTUMN AND WINTER

No.	Coast Guard Station.	Places where Herrings were cured for Exportation.	Average price obtained by the Fishermen			
			August.	September.	October.	November.
		(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1	Howth,	—	15s. per mease.	18s. per mease.	22s. per mease.	9s. per mease.
2	Wicklow,	—	—	—	13s. per mease.	13s. per mease.
3	Arklow,	—	—	—	16s. 6d. per mease.	11s. per mease.
4	Courtown,	—	—	—	17s. 3d. per mease.	11s. 9d. per mease.
6	Cahore,	—	—	—	18s. 6d. per mease.	13s. per mease.
6	Curracloe,	—	—	—	19s. per mease.	11s. per mease.
7	Rosslare,	}	—	—	9s. 6d. per cwt.	10s. per cwt.
8	Ballygeary,		—	—	4s. per hundred.	—
9	Ballycottin,		—	—	8s. 6d. per cwt.	6s. per cwt.
10	East Ferry,	—	—	—	—	—
11	Castletownbere,	Gearhies,	10s. per mease.	12s. per mease.	12s. per mease.	15s. per mease.
12	Lackeen Point,	—	3s. 6d. per hundred.	3s. per hundred.	2s. 6d. per hundred.	2s. 6d. per hundred.
13	Ballinskelligs,	—	5s. 6d. per hundred.	4s. per hundred.	4s. 6d. per hundred.	5s. per hundred.
14	Cappa,	—	—	4s. 6d. per hundred.	4s. 6d. per hundred.	5s. per hundred.
16	Kilredane,	—	6s. per hundred.	10s. per hundred.	5s. per hundred.	4s. per hundred.
16	North Aran,	Kilronan,	3s. 6d. per hundred.	3s. 6d. per hundred.	—	—
17	Spiddal,	—	10s. per cwt.	9s. per cwt.	8s. to 8s. 6d. per cwt.	7s. per cwt.
18	Rosmoney,	—	—	8s. per hundred.	5s. per hundred.	4s. per hundred.
19	Achilbeg,	Clare Island,	—	5s. per hundred.	5s. per hundred.	—
20	Kilcummin,	—	—	9s. to 10s. per hundred.	6s. per hundred.	4s. 6d. per hundred.
21	Ross,	—	—	10s. per cwt.	6s. per cwt.	5s. per cwt.
22	Inniscrone,	—	—	£1 11s. 6d. per mease.	£1 1s. 0d. per mease.	14s. 9d. per mease.
23	Derkmore,	—	—	—	4s. per hundred.	4s. per hundred.
24	Rosbeg Point,	—	—	—	3s. per hundred.	2s. per hundred.

No. 6.

HERRING FISHING, 1903-4.

from the Buyers.		Month in which greatest quantity of Herrings was captured.	Usual Number of Irish large fishing vessels (1st or 2nd class) employed.	Number of Irish Row Boats (not Canoes or Currachs) employed.	Number of Currachs or Canoes employed.	Number of Steam drifters that fished.	Number of Irish Row Boats using Seine or Ring nets.	Observations.	No.
December.	January.								
(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	
9s. per mease.	—	November, .	55	—	—	—	—	—	1
13s. per mease.	—	November, .	—	14	—	—	—	—	2
12s. per mease.	—	November, .	34	—	—	—	—	—	3
13s. 3d. per mease.	—	November, .	14	7	—	—	—	—	4
14s. per mease.	—	November, .	2	5	—	—	—	—	5
16s. per mease.	—	November, .	—	16	—	—	—	—	6
9s. per cwt.	—	November, .	29	—	—	—	—	—	7
5s. per hundred.	—	November, .	4	—	—	—	—	—	8
7s. per cwt.	—	December, .	—	7	—	—	—	—	9
9s. per mease.	10s. per mease.	October, .	—	3	—	—	3	—	10
2s. 6d. per hundred.	2s. 6d. per hundred.	September, .	—	25	—	—	25	—	11
5s. per hundred.	3s. 9d. per hundred.	September, .	1	26	—	—	One-third of them	—	12
5s. per hundred.	—	August, .	—	12	—	—	6	—	13
3s. 6d. per hundred.	—	September, .	—	—	21	—	—	—	14
—	3s. 6d. per hundred.	December, .	—	—	11	—	—	—	15
7s. to 6s. 6d. per cwt.	3s. per cwt.	September, .	15	—	4	—	—	—	16
—	—	October, .	102	20	—	—	—	—	17
—	—	October, .	—	65	—	—	—	—	18
—	—	September, .	5	30	—	—	—	—	19
4s. 6d. per hundred.	3s. to 4s. per hundred.	January, .	—	30	—	—	—	—	20
5s. per cwt.	4s. 6d. per cwt.	November, .	—	6	—	—	—	—	21
—	—	October, .	—	18	—	—	—	—	22
—	—	October, .	—	23	—	—	—	—	23
2s. 6d. per hundred.	—	November, .	10	35	—	—	—	—	24

APPENDIX

AUTUMN AND WINTER

No.	Coast Guard Station.	Ports or Creeks from which the fishing was carried on.	Places where the Bonts discharged their fish.	Date on which the fishing may be said to have commenced.
		(1)	(2)	(3)
25	Ragbley, . . .	Sligo Bay,	Ragbley,	10th October, . . .
26	Mullaghmore, . . .	Mullaghmore,	Mullaghmore,	1st October, . . .
27	Ballyshannon, . . .	Kildoney and Bunatreehan,	Bunatreehan Quay, . . .	1st week in August,
28	Tribane,	Inver, Ballyetherland, Ballysiggart, Ballydonald, and Tribane.	Inver, Ballysiggart, Ballyetherland, and Port.	September,
29	Portnoo,	Portnoo, Rosbeg, and Loughros.	Portnoo, Rosbeg, and Loughros.	1st December, . . .
30	Bunbeg,	Gola Roads,	Gola Island and Magheragallon	23rd November, . .
31	Burtonport,	Burtonport,	Burtonport,	23rd September, . .
32	Do.,	Kineasslagh,	Kineasslagh,	do.,
33	Sheephaven,	Dunfanaghy and Portnablagh.	Dunfanaghy and Portnablagh.	5th October,
34	Mulroy,	Sheephaven Bay, Downies Bay, and Mulroy.	Downies Pier,	1st September, . . .
35	Moville,	Moville,	Moville,	22nd August,
36	Cloghy,	Portavogie,	Portavogie,	1st August,
37	Portaferry,	Killyleagh Bay and Strangford Lough.	Portaferry,	10th August,
38	Strangford,	Quoile River, Ardmillan, Killyleagh, Ballydorn, Strangford, and Kiltief.	Quoile River, Ardmillan, Killyleagh, Ballydorn, Strangford, and Kiltief.	1st September, . . .
39	Ardglass,	Ardglass,	Ardglass,	1st August,
40	Kilkeel,	Kilkeel,	Kilkeel,	1st August,
41	Greenore,	Greenore and Ballaghan,	Greenore and Ballaghan,	—
42	Giles Quay,	Giles Quay,	Giles Quay,	1st September, . . .
43	Soldier's Point, . . .	Blackrock,	Blackrock,	Last week in September.
44	Dunany Point,	Annagassan,	Annagassan,	1st September, . . .
45	Clogher Head,	Clogher Head,	Clogher Head,	1st August,
46	Balbriggan,	—	Balbriggan,	August,
47	Skerries,	Skerries,	Skerries,	10th August,
48	Loughshinney,	Loughshinney,	Loughshinney,	13th October,
49	Rush,	—	Rush,	15th October,

* In addition 15 barrels were cured at Buncrana,

No. 6—*continued.*

HERRING FISHING, 1903-4—*continued.*

Date on which the fishing may be said to have ended.	Quantity captured.	Value.	Quantity cured for exportation.	Quantity sold for local consumption.	Quantity despatched to distant markets for sale as fresh fish.	No.
(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
16th December, .	800	£ s. d. 320 0 0	Barrels, —	—	All.	25
15th December, .	315½	70 0 0	—	All,	—	26
1st week in Jan., 1904.	1,100	330 0 0	—	All,	—	27
January, 1904, .	6,591½	2,489 5 0	—	—	Nearly all,	28
31st January, 1904,	24,098½	6,502 15 7	2,881	Balance,	Five-eighths.	29
19th December, .	11,910½	4,420 19 5	3,445	400 cwts.,	Balance.	30
23rd January, 1904,						
do.,	6,275	1,902 0 0	2,030	50 crans,	100 crans.	32
24th December, .	2,121	756 11 6	392	Balance,	About half.	33
21st December, .	6,129	3,718 1 0	2,010	About 90 cwt.,	About 30 cwt.	34
4th December, .	475½	216 12 0	—	All,	—	35
1st November, .	4,000	800 0 0	—	One-half,	One-half,	36
20th November, .	940	235 0 0	—	One-seventh,	Six-sevenths.	37
1st December, .	1,400	350 0 0	—	One-third,	Two-thirds.	38
2nd November, .	11,830	3,590 19 6	—	About one-third,	About two-thirds.	39
29th December, .	12,024	2,788 14 0	—	Over one-third,	Balance.	40
—	1,080	488 10 0	—	—	Nearly all.	41
11th December, .	745	300 0 0	—	—	All.	42
3rd week in Jan., 1904.	1,040	184 0 0	—	—	All.	43
17th December, .	1,000	250 0 0	—	All,	—	44
24th December, .	4,113½	933 11 0	—	All,	—	45
December,	8,820	1,210 1 6	—	—	Almost all.	46
18th December, .	1,187½	645 3 0	—	Balance,	Nearly all.	47
18th December, .	1,372	392 17 0	—	—	All.	48
23rd December, .	496	116 14 0	—	—	—	49
Total,	174,237	55,239 13 0	11,654 ²			

and 15 boxes kippered at Passage East.

APPENDIX

AUTUMN AND WINTER

No.	Coast Guard Station.	Places where Herrings were cured for Exportation.	Average price obtained by the Fishermen			
			August.	September.	October.	November.
		(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
25	Rahley, . . .	—	—	—	4s. per hundred.	4s. per hundred.
25	Mullingmore, . .	—	—	—	£1 per mease.	11s. 6d. per mease.
27	Ballyshannon, . .	—	5s. 9d. per cwt.	5s. 6d. per cwt.	6s. per cwt.	6s. 6d. per cwt.
28	Tribane, . . .	—	—	8s. per cwt.	9s. 6d. per cwt.	6s. per cwt.
29	Portnoo, . . .	Rosbeg and Lough- ros.	—	—	—	—
30	Bunbeg, . . .	Magheragallon and Gola Island.	—	—	—	£1 8s. to 15s. per cran.
31	Burtonport, . . .	Burtonport, Kinca- slagh, Magheragallon, and Gola Island.	—	10s. per cran.	£1 5s. per cran.	£1 4s. to £1 7s. per cran.
32	Do. . . .	Kinca-slagh,	—	do.	do.	do.
33	Sheephaven, . . .	Portnablagh,	—	—	£1 4s. 6d. per cran.	£1 10s. per cran.
31	Mulroy, . . .	Downies, . .	—	£1 17s. 0d. per cran.	£2 3s. 4d. per cran.	£1 2s. 0d. per cran.
35	Moville, . . .	—	3s. 3d. per hundred.	3s. 8d. per hundred.	—	5s. per hundred.
36	Ologhy, . . .	—	6s. to 8s. per mease.	8s. to 9s. per mease.	10s. to 12s. per mease.	12s. per mease.
37	Portaferry, . . .	—	14s. per mease.	9s. per mease.	12s. 2. per mease.	16s. per mease.
38	Strangford, . . .	—	—	12s. per mease.	10s. per mease.	10s. per mease.
39	Ardglass, . . .	—	11s. 6d. per mease.	15s. per mease.	13s. per mease.	—
40	Kilkeel, . . .	—	12s. 4d. per mease.	12s. 6d. per mease.	14s. 9d. per mease.	7s. per mease.
41	Greenore, . . .	—	10s. to 20s. per mease.	10s. to 20s. per mease.	—	10s. to 20s. per mease.
42	Gles Quay, . . .	—	—	£1 3s. 6d. per mease.	£1 per mease.	11s. per mease.
43	Soldier's Point, . .	—	—	17s. per mease.	15s. per mease.	15s. per mease.
44	Dunany Point, . . .	—	—	£1 2s. 6d. per mease.	15s. per mease.	7s. per mease.
45	Clogher Head, . . .	—	9s. 6d. per mease.	£1 0s. 9d. per mease.	17s. per mease.	6s. 6d. per mease.
46	Balbriggan, . . .	—	6s. per cwt.	6s. per cwt.	5s. per cwt.	2s. 3d. per cwt.
47	Skerries, . . .	—	15s. per mease.	12s. per mease.	15s. per mease.	5s. per mease.
48	Loughshinney, . . .	—	—	—	18s. per mease.	8s. per mease.
49	Rush, . . .	—	—	—	9s. per cwt.	3s. 9d. per cwt.

No. 6—*continued.*

HERRING FISHING, 1903-4—*continued*

from the Buyers.		Month in which greatest quantity of Herrings was captured.	Usual Number of Irish large fishing vessels (1st or 2nd class) employed.	Number of Irish Row Boats (not Canoes or Carracks) employed.	Number of Carracks or Canoes employed.	Number of Steam drifters that fished.	Number of Irish Row Boats using Seine or Gill net.	Observations.	No.
December.	January.								
(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	
5s. per hundred.	—	November, .	—	24	—	—	—	—	25
5s. per measure.	—	November, .	10	—	—	—	—	—	26
6s. 6d. per cwt.	6s. 6d. per cwt.	September and October.	—	8	—	—	—	—	27
7s. per cwt.	7s. per cwt.	November, .	—	20	—	—	—	—	28
4s. per hundred.	4s. 6d. per hundred.	December, .	—	270	—	—	—	—	29
£1 4s. to 15s. per cran.	—	November, .	1	30	—	—	—	—	30
£1 3s. to £1 10s. per cran.	£1 6s. to £1 8s. per cran.	December, .	—	100	—	—	—	—	31
do.	do.	do. .	10	62	—	—	—	—	32
£1 4s. 6d. per cran.	—	December, .	2	30	6	—	—	—	33
£1 15s. 8d. per cran.	—	December, .	51	19	25	—	—	—	34
5s. 6d. per hundred.	—	September, .	—	5	—	—	—	—	35
—	—	August, .	60	—	—	—	—	—	36
—	—	September, .	17	—	—	—	—	—	37
—	—	October, .	3	—	—	—	—	—	38
—	—	August, .	80	—	—	—	—	—	39
4s. 6d. per measure.	—	August, .	71	—	—	—	—	—	40
10s. to 20s. per measure	—	August, .	—	—	—	—	—	Nearly all the fish landed was purchased at sea from the Kilkeel fishing fleet.	41
6s. per measure.	—	September, .	—	30	—	—	—	—	42
12s. per measure.	5s. per measure.	January, .	6	—	—	—	—	—	43
5s. per measure.	—	December, .	4	—	—	—	—	—	44
5s. per measure.	—	December, .	46	—	—	—	—	—	45
3s. per cwt.	—	November, .	26	15	—	—	—	—	46
8s. per measure.	—	November, .	12	—	—	—	—	—	47
14s. per measure.	—	November, .	9	—	—	—	—	—	48
7s. per cwt.	—	November, .	—	—	—	—	—	—	49

APPENDIX NO. 6—continued.

Herrings were also landed at the places set forth below, which are not included in the foregoing Return.

Coast Guard Station.	Places where landed.	Quantity.	Value.
		Cwts.	£ s. d.
Kingstown, . . .	Kingstown,	52	42 6 0
Ballymoney, . . .	Ballymoney,	100	25 0 0
Carasore,	Carasore Pier,	51½	21 17 6
Arthurstown, . . .	Ballylack and Passage East,	215	78 7 6
—	Waterford,	4	1 10 0
Dunmore East, . . .	Dunmore East,	28	12 7 6
Ballinacourty, . .	Dungarvan,	118½	65 6 0
Helvick Head, . . .			
Ardmore,	Ardmore,	8	4 0 0
Youghal,	Youghal,	82½	32 14 0
Oyster Haven, . . .	Oyster Haven and Belgooly,	100	30 0 0
Upper Cove,	Kinsale,	142½	50 15 0
Courtmacsherry, . .	Courtmacsherry,	9½	6 3 6
Union Hall,	Union Hall,	82½	24 0 0
Castletownsend, . .	Castletownsend,	½	0 10 0
Crookhaven,	Goleen, Spanish Cove, and Crookhaven,	222½	105 10 0
Ballycrovane, . . .	Ballycrovane,	7½	3 15 0
Portmagee,	Portmagee,	39½	15 2 6
Knightstown, . . .	Valentia,	145	103 0 0
Caherciveen,	Caherciveen,	7½	3 0 0
Dingle,	Dingle,	4½	2 16 0
Minard,	Minard and Annascaul,	75	38 0 0
Ventry,	Ventry,	23½	19 0 0
Smerwick,	Smerwick and Brandon Creek,	8	4 10 0
Fenit,	Fenit,	19½	13 6 0
Tarbert,	Saleen,	80	60 0 0
Seafield,	Seafield,	15	12 10 0
Liscannor,	Liscannor,	24	27 16 10
South Aran,	South Aran Strand,	55	16 16 10
Costello Bay,	Costello Bay,	2½	1 10 0

APPENDIX NO. 6—*continued.*

Herrings were also landed at the places set forth below, which are not included in the foregoing Return—*continued.*

Coast Guard Station.	Places where landed.	Quantity.	Value.
		Owts.	£ s. d.
Roundstone, . . .	Roundstone,	12	7 5 0
Keel,	Keel,	4	0 8 0
Doohooma,	Ferry and Doohooma,	10	0 0 0
Elly Bay,	Elly Bay,	50	20 0 0
Belmullet,	Belmullet,	133	46 5 6
Blacksod Point,	Cartron and Clogher,	8	3 0 0
Ballyglass,	Tip, Ballyglass, and Inver,	28	9 5 0
Belderrig,	Belderrig,	16	5 0 0
Pullocheny,	Pullocheny,	227½	93 10 0
Ball Hill,	Donegal and Mount Charles,	100	48 0 0
Killybegs,	Killybegs,	11½	7 0 0
Knockalla,	Knockalla and Newbridge,	100	30 0 0
Rathmullen,	Rathmullen and Newbridge,	132	53 0 0
Buncrana,	Buncrana,	93	32 11 0
Culdaff Bay,	Glebe, Portahack, Portaleen, and Portnasantally,	6	3 0 0
Larne Harbour,	Larne Harbour,	17½	6 0 0
Burr Point,	Ballyhalbert,	60	18 0 0
Newcastle,	Newcastle,	8½	5 17 0
Annalong,	Annalong Harbour,	83	26 2 6
Cranfield,	Cranfield, Mill Bay, and Soldier's Point,	50	12 10 0
Omeath,	Greer's Quay,	160	56 0 0
Carlingford,	Carlingford,	220	50 0 0
	Total,	3,280½	1,360 1 2

APPENDIX

BEAM AND OTTER

(REPLIES FROM

Number.	Station.	Was trawling carried on off your Station? If so, where? Was it by Sailing Vessels or Steamers?
		(1)
1	Howth, .	Yes; between Ireland's Eye and the mainland; sailing vessels,
2	Ringsend, .	Yes; between Poolbeg Lighthouse and Ringsend; sailing vessels,
3	Arklow, .	Yes; between Kilmichael Point and Mizzen Head; sailing vessels,
4	Courtown, .	Yes; off Ballymoney and Courtown Stations; sailing vessels,
5	Wexford, .	Yes; between Blackwater Head and Raven Point, and in Wexford South Bay; sailing vessels.
6	Fethard, .	Yes; off Fethard Station; sailing vessels,
7	Arthurstown, .	Yes; from Cheek Point to Dunmore East; sailing vessels,
8	Helvick Head, .	Yes; between Helvick Head and Minc Head; sailing vessels,
9	Ballycottin, .	Yes; in Ballycottin Bay; sailing vessels,
10	East Ferry, .	Yes; between Long Point, Glenmore, and East Ferry; sailing vessels,
11	Upper Cove, .	Yes; and also from Hake Head to Old Head; sailing vessels,
12	Courtmacsherry, .	Yes; in Courtmacsherry Bay; and also between Duncannon Point and Dunny Cove Point; sailing vessels.
13	Union Hall, .	Yes; by sailing vessels,
14	Castletownsend, .	Yes; by sailing vessels,
15	Baltimore, .	Yes; between Cape Clear and the Stags; by sailing vessels,
16	Schull, .	Yes; between Sheep's Head and Cape Clear; by sailing vessels,
17	Castletownbere, .	Yes; in Bantry Bay; sailing vessels and a steamer,
18	Ballycrovane, .	Yes; east of Killeatherino; sailing vessel,
19	Lacken Point, .	Yes; from Kenmare to West Cove; sailing vessel,
20	Dingle, .	Yes; in Dingle Bay, and also in Ballinskelligs and St. Finan's Bays; and between the Skelligs and Bray Head; sailing vessels.
21	Spiddle, .	Yes; in Galway Bay; sailing vessels,
22	North Aran, .	Yes; in Aran Sound; sailing vessels,
23	Roundstone, .	Yes; by sailing vessels,
24	Rosmoney, .	Yes; in Clow Bay; sailing vessels,
25	Belmullet, .	Yes; and also in Blacksod Bay; by a sailing vessel,
26	Inniscrone, .	Yes; in Kiltala Bay; sailing vessels,
27	Ragley, .	Yes; by sailing vessels,
28	Mullaghmore, .	Yes; from Streedagh to Tullaghan; sailing vessels,
29	Ballyshannon, .	Yes; by sailing vessels,
30	Ball Hill, .	Yes; in Donegal Bay; sailing vessels,
31	Knockalla, .	Yes; from Carrick O'Donnell to Newbridge; sailing vessels,
32	Buncrana, .	Yes; from Inch Island to Ballymaddock Bay; sailing vessels,
33	Greencastle, .	Yes; by sailing vessels,
34	Moville, .	Yes; outside and inside Lough Foyle; sailing vessels,
35	Portrush, .	Yes; from Lough Foyle to Giant's Head; steam and sailing vessels,
36	Port Ballintoy, .	Yes; off White Park Strand, and in Lurrybane Bay; sailing vessels,
37	Cushodall, .	Yes; in Red Bay; steamers,
38	Glenarm, .	Yes; in Carnlough Bay; sailing vessels and a steamer,
39	Larne Harbour, .	Yes; in Larne Lough; sailing vessels,
40	Portmuck, .	Yes; by one sailing vessel,
41	Carrickfergus, .	Yes; by sailing vessels,
42	Bangor, .	Yes; by sailing vessels,
43	Burr Point, .	Yes; by sailing vessels,
44	Cloghy, .	Yes; by sailing vessels,
45	Balbriggan, .	Yes; off Balbriggan, and north and south along the Coast; by steamers and sailing vessels.
46	Skerries, .	Yes; by steamers and sailing vessels,
47	Rush, .	Yes; off Rogerstown Bar; sailing vessels,

No. 7.

TRAWLING, 1903.

COAST GUARD.)

Where did the boats hail from ? (2)	How many boats were regularly engaged in beam trawling from Ports within your Station ? (3)		How many boats were regularly engaged in Otter trawling from Ports within your Station ? (4)		Number.
	Steam.	Sailing.	Steam.	Sailing.	
Howth,	-	2	-	-	1
Ringsend,	-	22	9*	-	2
Arklow,	-	3	-	1	3
Courtown,	-	12	-	1	4
Wexford,	-	13	-	-	5
Fethard,	-	-	-	6	6
Duncannon, Ballyhack, and Passage East,	-	20	-	-	7
Ballinagoul,	-	-	-	19	8
Ballycotton,	-	-	-	7	9
Rathcoursey,	-	10	-	5	10
Cork and Kinsale,	-	-	-	3	11
Courtmacsherry and Rathcoursey,	-	-	-	2	12
Union Hall, Glandore, and Myross,	-	-	-	14	13
Castletownsend and Skibbereen,	-	-	-	2	14
Collatrum, Skeamea, and Baltimore,	-	5	-	-	15
Schull and Baltimore,	-	6	-	-	16
Sailing vessels from Skibbereen, steamer from Bantry,	1†	-	-	-	17
Kilmakiloge,	-	1	-	-	18
Kenmare,	-	1	-	-	19
Dingle,	-	19	-	-	20
Galway and Dublin,	-	20	-	-	21
Galway and Aran,	-	3	-	-	22
Roundstone, Carna, Cashel, and Feenish Island,	-	-	-	5	23
Rosmoney,	-	5	-	12	24
Behnullet,	-	1	-	-	25
Innisronea,	-	-	-	13	26
Ragley,	-	-	-	8	27
Mullaghmore,	-	-	-	16	28
Bundoran, Bunatreehan, and Kildoney,	-	-	-	8	29
Donegal,	-	2	-	6	30
Buncrana and Newbridge,	-	-	-	1	31
Buncrana, Fahan, Newbridge, and Moville,	-	-	-	6	32
Moville, Greencastle, and Inishowen,	-	-	-	17	33
Moville, Redcastle, Quigley's Point, Carrowkeel, Turo, Myroe, and Magilligan,	-	-	-	41	34
Sailing vessels from Portrush and Portstewart,	-	-	-	21	35
Port Ballintoy, Port Braddon, and Milltown,	-	-	-	14	35
Red Bay and Carn Lough,	-	-	1‡	-	37
Carnlough Bay,	-	-	-	2	38
Larne,	-	-	-	6	39
Portmuck,	-	-	-	1	40
Carrickfergus,	-	6	-	-	41
Baogor,	-	11	-	-	42
Portlavigie,	-	-	-	3	43
Portlavigie,	-	-	-	3	44
Sailing vessels from Balbriggan,	-	6	-	-	45
Steamers from Dublin; sailing vessels from Ringsend, Balbriggan, Rush, and Skerries,	-	1	-	-	46
Rush,	-	3	-	-	47
Totals,	1	172	11	242	

* One of 65 tons, one of 63 tons, one of 62 tons, one of 58 tons, two of 48 tons, one of 46 tons, one of 21 tons, and one of 19 tons. † One of 20 tons. ‡ One of 50 tons. § One of 10 tons.

APPENDIX
BEAM AND OTTER

(REPLIES FROM

Number.	Station.	How many men from your Station were engaged in the trawling industry? (5)	What was the tonnage of the sailing boats?					
			(6)					
			Under 10 tons.	Between 10 and 20 tons, inclusive.	Between 20 and 30 tons, inclusive.	Between 30 and 40 tons, inclusive.	Between 40 and 50 tons, inclusive.	Over 50 tons.
1	Howth,	7	1	-	1	-	-	-
2	Ringsend,	137 men and 12 boys.	10	1	-	-	7	4
3	Arklow,	14	4	-	-	-	-	-
4	Courtown,	64	13	-	-	-	-	-
5	Wexford,	51	7	6	-	-	-	-
6	Fethard,	12	6	-	-	-	-	-
7	Arthurstown,	41	20	-	-	-	-	-
8	Helvick Head,	106	16	3	-	-	-	-
9	Ballycottin,	11	1	3	-	-	-	-
10	East Ferry,	40	10	1	4	-	-	-
11	Upper Cove,	9	3	-	-	-	-	-
12	Courtmaesberry,	10	1	1	-	-	-	-
13	Union Hall,	70	9	3	2	-	-	-
14	Castletownsend,	19	-	1	1	-	-	-
15	Baltimore,	20	-	-	5	-	-	-
16	Schull,	23	1	-	6	-	-	-
17	Castletownbere,	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Ballycrovane,	4	-	-	-	1	-	-
19	Lackeen Point,	4	-	-	1	-	-	-
20	Dingle,	76	-	1	12	4	2	-
21	Spiddle,	70 men and 18 boys.	-	-	-	-	-	-
22	North Aran,	12	-	1	2	8	10	-
23	Roundstone,	20	3	2	-	-	-	-
24	Rosmoney,	50	14	3	-	-	-	-
25	Behmullet,	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Inniscrone,	33	13	-	-	1	-	-
27	Ragbly,	21	8	-	-	-	-	-
28	Mullaghmore,	64	16	-	-	-	-	-
29	Ballyshannon,	28	8	-	-	-	-	-
30	Ball Hill,	13	-	2	-	-	-	-
31	Knockalla,	3	-	1	-	-	-	-
32	Bunerana,	14	-	6	-	-	-	-
33	Greencastle,	62	17	-	-	-	-	-
34	Moville,	112	41	-	-	-	-	-
35	Portrush,	42 men and 1 boy.	16	4	1	-	-	-
36	Port Ballintoy,	42	14	-	-	-	-	-
37	Cushendall,	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
38	Glenarm,	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
39	Larne Harbour,	18	-	3	-	-	-	-
40	Portmuck,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
41	Carrickfergus,	15	6	-	-	-	-	-
42	Bangor,	27	10	1	-	-	-	-
43	Burr Point,	9	3	-	-	-	-	-
44	Ologhy,	12	-	3	-	-	-	-
45	Balbriggan,	30	-	4	2	-	-	-
46	Skerries,	4	-	1	-	-	-	-
47	Rush,	13	1	1	1	-	-	-
		1,440 men & 31 boys	286	62	39	14	19	4

No. 7—*continued.*

TRAWLING, 1903—*continued.*

COAST GUARD.)

During what months did these boats fish? (7)	Do the trawlers referred to follow that class of fishing throughout the year, or do they fit out for other fishings? (8)	Number.
December to October.	The larger boat fitted out for herring fishing—the smaller was used as a pleasure boat during the summer.	1
Steamers and first class sailing boats all the year. Second class sailing boats January to March, and August to December.	Trawling only.	2
April to September.	Fit out for other fishing.	3
All the year, except during the autumn herring season.	Fit out for herring fishing.	4
All the year.	Trawling only.	5
April, May, October, and November.	Fit out for other fishing.	6
June to December.	do.	7
All the year.	Fit out for long line, trammel, and drift net fishing.	8
do.	Fit out for hand line fishing.	9
do.	Trawling only.	10
Occasionally throughout the year.	Fit out for other fishing occasionally.	11
March to December.	Trawling only.	12
Large boats January to March, and October to December; boats under 10 tons all the year.	Fit out for other fishing.	13
January to March, and November.	Fit out for spring and autumn mackerel fishing.	14
January to March, July, August, and December.	Fit out for mackerel fishery.	15
January to March, and September to December.	The first class vessels fit out for mackerel fishing.	16
All the year.	Trawling only.	17
March to November.	do.	18
February to October.	do.	19
All the year when not mackerel fishing.	During the autumn mackerel season the trawlers are used by the fishermen as their head quarters.	20
All the year.	Trawling only.	21
July to December.	Fit out for mackerel fishing.	22
Occasionally in January and February, November and December.	Fit out for drift net, long line, and lobster fishing.	23
April to October.	Fit out for mackerel and herring fishing.	24
All the year.	Trawling only.	25
May to October.	Fit out for other fishing.	26
April to October.	Trawling only.	27
May to October.	Fit out for other fishing.	28
March to October.	Fit out for long line and lobster fishing.	29
All the year.	Trawling only.	30
Occasionally.	do.	31
March to November.	do.	32
April, May, and September.	Fit out for long line and salmon fishing.	33
Some all the year; others from March to October.	Some trawling only; others fit out for long line, herring, salmon fishing, &c.	34
All the year.	Trawling only.	35
July to September.	Fit out for crab, lobster, and hand line fishing.	36
January to March, and October to December.	Fit out for line fishing sometimes.	37
September to November.	One boat fits out for lobster and conger eel fishing.	38
October to December.	Fit out for other fishing.	39
April and September.	do.	40
All the year.	Some fit out for oyster fishing.	41
do.	Trawling only.	42
January to March, October to December.	Fit out for herring fishing.	43
January to April.	do.	44
All the year.	Trawling only.	45
do.	Fit out for herring fishing.	46
May to October.	Fit out for long line fishing.	47

APPENDIX

BEAM AND OTTER

(REPLIES FROM

Number.	Station.	Where was the fish from the trawlers referred to in Queries Nos. 3 and 4 landed ?
		(9)
1	Howth,	Howth,
2	Ringsend,	Dublin, Ringsend, Kingstown, and sometimes Skerries and Balbriggan,
3	Arklow,	Arklow,
4	Courtown,	Courtown,
6	Wexford,	Wexford,
6	Fethard,	Fethard,
7	Arthurstown,	Duncannon, Ballyhack, and Passage East,
8	Helvick Head,	Dungarvan,
9	Ballycottin,	Ballycottin,
10	East Ferry,	Queenstown,
11	Upper Cove,	Kinsale,
12	Courtmacsherry,	Courtmacsherry,
13	Union Hall,	Union Hall, Glandore, and Myross,
14	Castletownsend,	Castletownsend and Keen,
15	Baltimore,	Glandore, Union Hall, Castletownsend, Schull, and Ballydehob,
16	Schull,	Schull,
17	Castletownbere,	Bantry and Castletownbere,
18	Ballycrovane,	Kilmakiloge,
19	Lackeen Point,	Kilmakiloge and Kenmare,
20	Dingle,	Dingle,
21	Spiddle,	Galway,
22	North Aran,	Kilronan,
23	Roundstone,	Roundstone, Cashel, and Carna,
24	Reamoney,	Oarrowkeeran, Westport, and Newport,
25	Belmullet,	Belmullet and Achil,
26	Iniscrone,	Iniscrone,
27	Ragley,	Ragley,
28	Mullaghmore,	Mullaghmore,
29	Ballyshannon,	Bundoran and Bunatoochan,
30	Ball Hill,	Mountcharles and Donegal,
31	Knockalla,	Buncrana,
32	Buncrana,	Buncrana and Fahan,
33	Greencastle,	Moville, Greencastle, and Magilligan,
34	Moville,	Moville, Redcastle, Whitecastle, Magilligan, Myroe, &c.,
35	Portrush,	Portrush and Portstewart,
36	Port Ballintoy,	Port Ballintoy, Port Braddon, and Milltown,
37	Cushendall,	Red Bay and Carnlough,
38	Glenarm,	Carnlough,
39	Larne Harbour,	Larne Harbour,
40	Portmuck,	Portmuck,
41	Carrickfergus,	Carrickfergus,
42	Bangor,	Bangor and Belfast,
43	Burr Point,	Portavogie,
44	Cloghy,	Portavogie,
45	Balbriggan,	Balbriggan,
46	Skerries,	Skerries,
47	Rush,	Rush,

No. 7—*continued.*

TRAWLING, 1903—*continued.*

COAST GUARD.)

Where was it sold ? (10)	How was it conveyed to market ? (11)	Number.
Locally,	—	1
Dublin,	By cart and rail,	2
Arklow,	—	3
Courtown,	By cart and rail,	4
Wexford,	By rail and steamer,	5
Waterford, and some locally,	By cart and steamer,	6
Waterford, and some locally,	By boats, cart, and steamer,	7
Dungarvan,	By cart,	8
Ballycotton,	By cart,	9
Queenstown,	By boat,	10
Kinsale,	—	11
Cork, and some locally,	By rail,	12
Skibbereen, Cork, Dublin, and Liverpool,	By cart and rail,	13
Castletownsend and Reen,	By cart,	14
Glandore, Union Hall, Castletownsend,	—	15
Schull, and Ballydeob,	By rail,	16
Cork,	By rail and steamer,	17
Kenmare, Killarney, and Cork,	By cart and rail,	18
Kenmare, Killarney, and Dublin,	By cart and rail,	19
Dublin and inland towns,	By cart and rail,	20
Dublin and elsewhere,	By rail,	21
Dublin,	By steamer and rail,	22
Roundstone, Cashel, and Carna,	—	23
Carrowkeeran, Westport, and Newport,	By carts and boats,	24
Belmullet and Dublin,	By cart and rail,	25
Innisrone,	By carts,	26
Ragley,	By carts,	27
Mullaghmore,	By cart and rail,	28
Bundoran and Ballyshannon,	By carts,	29
Londonderry and Dublin,	By rail,	30
—	—	31
Londonderry and Belfast, and some locally,	By rail,	32
Movillo, Greenacastle, and Magilligan,	By rail and steamer,	33
Londonderry, Liverpool, and Glasgow,	By steamer,	34
English markets, and some locally,	By rail and steamer,	35
Belfast, and some locally,	By cart and rail,	36
Ballymena and Belfast,	By cart and rail,	37
Belfast, and some locally,	By cart and rail,	38
Larne and Manchester,	By steamer and rail,	39
Belfast,	By rail,	40
Belfast, and some locally,	By cart and rail,	41
Bangor and Belfast,	By boat,	42
At Portavogie for Belfast,	By cart,	43
Portavogie,	By cart,	44
Dublin,	By cart and rail,	45
Dublin,	By cart and rail,	46
Dublin, and some locally,	By cart,	47

APPENDIX

BEAM AND OTTER

(REPLIES FROM

Number.	Station.	Were the fish caught by the trawlers of a fair size, having regard to the ordinary length of each kind of fish?	Is the size of the fish captured noticed to be smaller than it formerly was? If so, in regard to what kinds?
		(12.)	(13.)
1	Howth,	Yes,	No,
2	Ringsend,	Yes,	No,
3	Arklow,	Yes,	Yes, with regard to plaice,
4	Courtown,	Yes,	No,
6	Wexford,	Yes,	Yes, with regard to plaice,
6	Fethard,	Yes,	Yes,
7	Arthurstown,	No,	Yes, with regard to soles,
8	Helvick Head,	Yes,	No,
9	Ballycottin,	Yes,	No,
10	East Ferry,	Yes,	No,
11	Upper Cove,	Yes,	No,
12	Courtmacsherry,	Yes,	No, much larger than usual,
13	Union Hall,	Yes,	No; all fish captured this year was of a fair size.
14	Castletownsend,	Yes,	Yes, with regard to sole and plaice,
15	Baltimore,	Not observed,	Not observed,
16	Schull,	Yes,	No,
17	Castletownbere,	Yes,	No,
18	Ballycrovane,	Yes,	No,
19	Lackeen Point,	Yes,	No,
20	Dingle,	Yes,	No,
21	Spiddle,	Yes,	No,
22	North Aran,	Yes,	No,
23	Rondestone,	Yes,	No,
24	Rosmoney,	Yes,	No,
25	Belmullet,	Yes,	No,
26	Inniscrone,	Yes,	Yes, with regard to soles,
27	Raghley,	Yes,	Yes, with regard to soles and plaice,
28	Mullaghmore,	Yes,	Yes, with regard to plaice,
29	Ballyshannon,	Yes,	Yes, with regard to plaice,
30	Ball Hill,	Yes,	No,
31	Knockalla,	Yes,	Yes, with regard to plaice,
32	Buncrana,	Yes,	No,
33	Greencastle,	Yes,	No,
34	Moville,	Yes,	No,
35	Portrush,	Yes,	No,
36	Port Ballintoy,	Yes,	No,
37	Cushendall,	Yes,	No,
38	Glenarm,	Yes,	No,
39	Larne Harbour,	Yes,	Yes,
40	Portmuck,	Yes,	No,
41	Carrickfergus,	Yes,	Yes, with regard to plaice,
42	Bangor,	Yes,	Possibly smaller,
43	Burr Point,	Yes,	Yes, with regard to plaice,
44	Cloghy,	Yes,	No,
45	Balbriggan,	Yes,	Yes, with regard to plaice,
46	Skerries,	No,	Yes, with regard to plaice and fluke,
47	Rush,	Yes,	Yes, with regard to plaice,

APPENDIX

BEAM AND OTTER

(REPLIES FROM

Number.	Station.	Does the trawling industry suffer from want of local accommodation? If so, how?
		(16)
1	Howth,	No,
2	Ringsend,	No,
3	Arklow,	No,
4	Courtown,	Accommodation good, but industry suffers through silting up of mouth of harbour.
5	Wexford,	No,
6	Fethard,	Yes; harbour too small to accommodate the boats,
7	Arthurstown,	No,
8	Helvick Head,	No,
9	Ballycottin,	No,
10	East Ferry,	No,
11	Upper Cove,	No,
12	Courtmaesherry,	No,
13	Union Hall,	Yes; want of railway to Skibbereen or Clonakilty,
14	Castletownsend,	No,
15	Baltimore,	No,
16	Schull,	No,
17	Castletownbere,	No,
18	Ballycrovane,	No,
19	Lacken Point,	No,
20	Dingle,	No,
21	Spiddle,	No,
22	North Aran,	No,
23	Roundstone,	No,
24	Rosmoney,	No,
25	Balmullet,	No,
26	Innisrone,	No,
27	Ragley,	Yes; no harbour to run into in bad weather and low tides,
28	Mullaghmore,	Yes; want of depth inside harbour at low tides; boats have to stop trawling to save their tide,
29	Ballyshannon,	If Bundoran Pier were extended it would afford better accommodation,
30	Hall Hill,	No,
31	Knockalla,	No,
32	Buncrana,	Yes; from want of water between half ebb and half flood tides,
33	Greencastle,	No,
34	Moville,	Yes; no secure harbour accommodation,
35	Portrush,	No,
36	Port Ballintoy,	Yes; boats of a large class cannot enter the port, the harbour being filled up with sand,
37	Cushendall,	Yes; no shelter from east winds,
38	Glenarm,	No,
39	Larne Harbour,	Yes; want of a landing place,
40	Portmuck,	No,
41	Carrickfergus,	No,
42	Bangor,	Yes; want of a suitable harbour,
43	Burr Point,	Yes; want of facilities for transit to Belfast,
44	Cloghy,	No,
45	Balbriggan,	No,
46	Skerries,	No,
47	Itush,	No,

No. 7—*continued.*

TRAWLING, 1903—*continued.*

COAST GUARD.)

Were any Foreign Vessels trawling off your Station during the year? If so, give any particulars you can.					Have any new boats been purchased within your guard during the past year for the purpose of trawling? If so, of what tonnage?					Number.
(17)					(18)					
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	1
No.	.	.	.	.	Yes; one second-class boat of about 6 tons,	.	.	.	.	2
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	3
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	4
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	5
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	6
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	7
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	8
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	9
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	10
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	11
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	12
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	13
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	14
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	15
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	16
Yes.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	17
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	18
No.	.	.	.	.	Yes; one of 21 tons,	.	.	.	.	19
No.	.	.	.	.	Yes; one of 20 tons, but it had not fished previous to date of Coast Guard's report.	.	.	.	.	20
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	21
No.	.	.	.	.	Yes; one of 22 tons, which was totally wrecked on its first trip.	.	.	.	.	22
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	23
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	24
No.	.	.	.	.	Yes; a sailing vessel of 31 tons,	.	.	.	.	25
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	26
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	27
No.	.	.	.	.	Yes; one of 2 tons and one of 3 tons,	.	.	.	.	28
No.	.	.	.	.	Yes; two of about 3 tons and one of 4 tons.	.	.	.	.	29
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	30
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	31
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	32
No.	.	.	.	.	Yes; one of 6 tons.	.	.	.	.	33
No.	.	.	.	.	Yes; one of 10 tons.	.	.	.	.	34
No.	.	.	.	.	Yes; one of about 11 tons.	.	.	.	.	35
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	36
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	37
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	38
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	39
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	40
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	41
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	42
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	43
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	44
No.	.	.	.	.	Yes; one of 21 tons, which had not been fitted out at date of Coast Guard's report.	.	.	.	.	45
No.	.	.	.	.	Yes; one of 12 tons.	.	.	.	.	46
No.	.	.	.	.	No.	.	.	.	.	47

APPENDIX
LONG LINE
(REPLIES FROM

Number.	Coast Guard Division.	How many men and boys were engaged in long line fishing this year?		How many boats were engaged in long line fishing?		
				1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
				(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		Men.	Boys.			
1	Kingstown, . . .	203	17	13	30	16
2	Wicklow, . . .	71	—	—	11	6
3	Wexford, . . .	8	—	—	2	—
4	Waterford, . . .	6	—	—	2	—
5	Youghal, . . .	49	—	—	11	—
6	Queenstown, . . .	91	1	—	16	3
7	Kinsale, . . .	267	6	12	53	23
8	Skibbereen, . . .	536	21	—	100	36
9	Valentia, . . .	68	—	—	6	8
10	Dingle, . . .	268	—	—	2	70
11	Ballyhoigo, . . .	25	—	—	—	8
12	Seafield, . . .	123	—	—	—	41
13	Galway, . . .	574	20	1	120	43
14	Clifden, . . .	315	—	8	33	39
15	Keel, . . .	272	—	1	8	47
16	Belmullet, . . .	290	—	—	9	89
17	Ballycastle, . . . (<i>Kilika.</i>)	8	—	—	—	1
18	Pullondiva, . . .	11	—	—	—	4
19	Sligo, . . .	255	—	—	28	24
20	Killybegs, . . .	691	—	1	93	32
21	Guidore, . . .	216	—	—	67	4
22	Rathmullen, . . .	197	—	—	54	16
23	Moyle, . . .	376	—	—	89	1
24	Ballycastle, . . . (<i>Antrim.</i>)	66	—	—	19	5
25	Carrickfergus, . . .	33	1	—	7	7
26	Donaghadee, . . .	32	—	—	8	2
27	Newcastle, . . .	152	—	—	31	—
28	Dundalk, . . .	133	—	—	29	—
29	Malahide, . . .	97	7	7	14	3
	Total, . . .	5,421	72	43	841	628

No. 8.

FISHERY, 1903.

COAST GUARD.)

How many men go to each crew? What number of hooks forms each man's share?						
1st class boats.		2nd class boats.		3rd class boats.		Number.
No. of each crew. (5)	No. of hooks to each man's share. (6)	No. of each crew. (7)	No. of hooks to each man's share. (8)	No. of each crew. (9)	No. of hooks to each man's share. (10)	
8	400	2 to 4	240 to 1,000	2 to 3	240 to 1,000	1
—	—	4 to 5	250 to 500	3 to 4	250	2
—	—	3	70	—	—	3
—	—	3	50 to 80	—	—	4
—	—	4 to 5	150	—	—	5
—	—	5 to 6	200	2 to 0	200	6
6	150	3 to 6	100 to 260	3 to 6	100 to 260	7
—	—	3 to 6	150 to 600	3 to 5	150 to 600	8
—	—	4 to 5	200	4	200	9
—	—	4	200	3 to 4	200 to 300	10
—	—	—	—	3	250	11
—	—	—	—	3	250 to 350	12
6	450	3 to 5	180 to 350	2 to 4	100 to 500	13
6	300	3 to 7	150 to 300	3 to 6	120 to 200	14
5	500	4 to 6	100 to 400	4 to 6	100 to 300	15
—	—	4 to 5	100	2 to 5	100 to 300	16
—	—	—	—	8	300	17
—	—	—	—	2 to 4	600	18
—	—	4 to 8	200 to 800	4 to 7	200 to 800	19
7	500	4 to 8	300 to 400	2 to 7	200 to 300	20
—	—	3 to 4	150 to 300	3 to 4	150	21
—	—	2 to 5	200 to 300	2 to 3	200 to 300	22
—	—	4 to 6	150 to 200	3	125	23
—	—	2 to 4	160 to 500	2*	—	24
—	—	1 to 5	80 to 500	2	80 to 200	25
—	—	2 to 5	200	2	400	26
—	—	2 to 7	350 to 500	—	—	27
—	—	4 to 6	350 to 500	—	—	28
7 to 9	500 to 600	2 to 4	200 to 500	3	200	29
—	—	—	—	—	—	—

* These men do not fish by the share, the lines belonging to the owners of the boats,
 G 2

APPENDIX

LONG LINE

(REPLIES FROM

Number.	Coast Guard Division.	Where do they usually fish—How far from land?
(11)		
1	Kingstown.	1st class boats, Colling and Kish Banks and off Lambay Island; 2nd and 3rd class boats from the Bailey Light to Malahide, from Booterstown to Sandycove, off Dalkey, and from Killiney to Wicklow—1 to 8 miles.
2	Wicklow.	Off Wicklow Station and inside Arklow Banks, 1 to 5 miles from land.
3	Wexford.	Off Wexford Harbour, about 2 miles.
4	Waterford.	From Dollar Point to Hook Tower, within 1 mile.
5	Youghal.	East of Helvick Head, off Capel Island, and Ballycotton—8 to 16 miles from land.
6	Queenstown.	Off Ballycotton and in Ballycrooneen Bay—1 to 9 miles from land.
7	Kinsale.	Off Upper Cove and Seven Heads, in Courtmaesherry Bay, between Galley Head and Daunt's Rock Lightship, in Clonakilly Bay, to the south of Dunny Cove, and off Galley Head—1 to 20 miles from land.
8	Skibbereen.	West of Galley Head, south of Glandore Harbour, off Castletownsend, Baltimore, and Schull, and in Crookhaven Harbour and Ballydiblin Bay— $\frac{1}{2}$ to 15 miles from land.
9	Valentia.	Off Portmagee—1 to 9 miles from land.
10	Dingle.	In Dingle Bay, Brandon Bay, off Castlegregory, Short Strand, Smerwick, and Ballydavid Head—about 3 miles from land.
11	Ballyheige.	In Tralee Bay—1 to 5 miles from land.
12	Seafeld.	Off George's Head, Bishop's Island, in Farrihy Bay, off Seafeld Station, and from N.W. of Freigh Point to one mile N.E. of Crab Island—1 to 3 miles from land.
13	Galway.	In Galway Bay, off Gorumna Island, and around South Aran Island—1 to 6 miles from land.
14	Clifden.	Off Skyrd Rocks, Bunowen, and Slyne Head; off Clifden, and between Inishboffin and Inishark and the mainland—1 to 6 miles from land.
15	Keel.	In Clew Bay, between Clare Island and Old Head, and off Keel—1 to 3 miles from land.
16	Belmullet.	Off Doohooma, Dooyork, Belmullet Station; from Erris Head to Kidd Island, off Elly Bay Station in Blacksod Bay, off Falmore and Inishkea Islands— $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to 5 miles from land.
17	Ballycastle. (Killala.)	In Killala Bay—about 2 miles from land.
18	Pullendivn.	In Killala Bay—2 to 3 miles from land.
19	Sligo.	In Sligo Bay, off Raghley and Ballyconnell, and in Donegal Bay—1 to 10 miles from land.
20	Killybegs.	In Donegal Bay, off Doorin Point and Tribane, Killybegs and Teelin Stations—1 to 10 miles from land.
21	Guidorc.	Between the Stag Rocks and Ballyconnell Rocks, in Gola Roads, and off Aran Island—1 to 3 miles from land.
22	Rathmullen	Off Tory Island, in Sheephaven Bay, between Horn Head and Doocy, in Lough Swilly, off Fanad Point and off Rathmullen— $\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 miles from land.
23	Noville.	On Hempton Bank, in Inishtrahull Sound, in Lough Foyle and off Inishowen Head—1 to 20 miles from land.
24	Ballycastle. (Antrim.)	From River Foyle to Skerries Island; off Port Ballantrae Station, between Bengore Head and Sheep Island, and in Red Bay—1 to 7 miles from land.
25	Carrickfergus.	In Glanarm and Carnlough Bays, off Ballygally and Larne Stations, south end of Muck Island, from Black Head to Gobbin Head, and in Belfast Lough— $\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 miles from land.
26	Donaghadee.	Between Holywood and Whiteabbey; off Groomsport, and between the Copeland Islands and the South Rock Lightship—3 to 7 miles from land.
27	Newcastle.	Off Ardglass, Newcastle, Annalong, and Kilkeel—1 to 10 miles from land.
28	Dundalk.	Off Giles Quay, from Ologher Head to Carlingford Bar, and off Dunany Point—4 to 8 miles from land.
29	Malahide.	Off Balbriggan and Skerries; between Rockabil and Lambay Island, along the coast from Ardglass to Arklow; between Portrane and Baidoyle, and between Rockabil and the Kish Lightship— $\frac{1}{2}$ to 30 miles from land.

* The long line fishing off Tory Island was a complete failure this year.

No. 8—*continued.*

FISHERY, 1903—*continued.*

COAST GUARD.)

During what months do they fish with long lines? (12)	Do the men return home after shooting the lines, or remain over them? (13)	What do the men look upon as their principal fishing—with long lines, <i>i.e.</i> , "Ling fishing," or "Cod fishing," &c.? (14)	Number
All the year,	Both,	Haddock, cod, ling, eel, skate, whiting, conger, and plaice fishing.	1
January to March, and September to December.	Both,	Cod fishing.	2
January to March,	Remain,	Cod fishing.	3
January, February, November, and December.	Remain,	Codling, whiting, plaice, and conger fishing.	4
February to April and July to October.	Both,	Ling, cod, and conger fishing.	5
All the year,	Remain,	Cod, ling, haddock, conger, and pollock fishing.	6
All the year,	Both,	Cod, hake, and ling fishing.	7
All the year,	Remain,	Ling, cod, conger, bream, whiting, pollock, and flat-fish fishing.	8
February to April,	Return,	Ling fishing.	9
All the year,	Both,	Ling, cod, pollock, and conger fishing.	10
January to March, and November and December.	Both,	Whiting and cod fishing.	11
January to August, November and December.	Both,	Ling, cod, whiting, haddock, bream, and pollock fishing.	12
January to June, and November and December,	Both,	Cod, ling, haddock, hake, and conger fishing.	13
All the year,	Both,	Ling, cod, conger, pollock, skate, and bream fishing.	14
January to October,	Both,	Ling, cod, whiting, and flat fish fishing,	15
All the year,	Both,	Flat fish, cod, ling, and whiting fishing.	16
January to March,	Remain,	Ling, cod, and haddock fishing.	17
January to May and December	Remain,	Haddock, whiting, cod, and ling fishing	18
All the year,	Both,	Cod, flat fish, and haddock fishing.	19
January to May, and October and December.	Both,	Cod, haddock, whiting, and ling fishing.	20
February to August,	Both,	Whiting, plaice, bream, fluke, and haddock fishing.	21
All the year,	Both,	Ling, cod, haddock, plaice, whiting, fluke, and codling fishing.	22
All the year,	Both,	Turbot, cod, ling, and codling fishing	23
All the year,	Both,	Cod, ling, eel, skate, haddock, codling, and fluke fishing.	24
All the year,	Both,	Conger, plaice, cod, ling, and pollock fishing.	25
All the year.	Return,	Cod and flat-fish fishing.	26
All the year,	Remain,	Whiting, haddock, cod, plaice, and ray fishing.	27
All the year,	Remain,	Plaice, codling, whiting, haddock, cod, and flat fish fishing.	28
All the year,	Both,	Cod, plaice, fluke, gurnet, pollock, codling, conger, haddock, whiting, skate, and ling fishing.	29

APPENDIX
LONG LINE
(REPLIES FROM

Number.	Coast Guard Division.	Do the men pursue any other mode of fishing at any other time of the year?	Have the men any occupation on land, or how are they usually employed when not fishing for any length of time?
		(15)	(16)
1	Kingstown, .	Herring, mackerel, trammel net, lobster, and salmon fishing.	Some employed on yachts and in pleasure boats during the summer season. In winter various other employments.
2	Wicklow, .	Salmon and herring fishing.	Some employed as pilots, manning coasting vessels, and discharging and stowing cargoes. Some are idle.
3	Wexford, .	Trawling,	No occupation on land.
4	Waterford, .	Trawling, salmon, and herring fishing.	Labouring on farms,
5	Youghal, .	Trawling and trammel net fishing, .	Farming,
6	Queenstown, .	Herring, mackerel, and trammel net fishing.	Mending fishing gear and farming, .
7	Kinsale, .	Mackerel, trammel net, hand line, crab and lobster fishing.	Farming, labouring, repairing fishing gear, and in Royal Naval Reserve.
8	Skibbereen, .	Mackerel and lobster fishing, .	Farming and labouring,
9	Valentia, .	Seine and drift net fishing.	Some in farming,
10	Dingle, .	Mackerel, herring and lobster fishing.	Farming and labouring,
11	Ballyheige, .	Mackerel and herring, fishing, .	Farming, and discharging vessels, .
12	Seafeld .	Mackerel, bream and other fishing.	Kelp making and farming,
13	Galway, .	Lobster, mackerel, herring, and hand line fishing.	Farming, turf cutting, and kelp making.
14	Clifden, .	Mackerel, herring, gurnard, and lobster fishing.	Farming and kelp making,
15	Keel, .	Herring and mackerel fishing, .	Farming,
16	Belmullet, .	Mackerel, herring, hand line, and lobster fishing.	Farming,
17	Ballycastle, .	Yes.	Labouring,
18	(Killala.) Pullediva, .	Trawling and drift net fishing, .	Repairing lines and nets,
19	Sligo, .	Pollock, plaice, glasson, otter trawling and net fishing.	Farming and repairing boats and gear.
20	Killybegs, .	Herring, mackerel, and lobster fishing.	Farming, repairing gear, and discharging vessels.
21	Guidore, .	Herring, crab, lobster, and salmon fishing.	Farming and discharging vessels, .
22	Rathmullen, .	Hand line, seine net, drift net, and herring fishing.	Farming and labouring,
23	Moville, .	Hand line, drift net, crab, lobster, trawling, and salmon fishing.	Farming and repairing gear,
24	Ballycastle, .	Trawling salmon, haddock, flat fish, hand line, and drift net fishing.	Farming and repairing lines and crab pots.
25	(Atrium.) Carrickfergus, .	Crab and lobster fishing,	Farming, repairing nets and lines, and discharging vessels.
26	Donaghadee, .	Lobster and hand line fishing.	Piloting, yachting, repairing gear, and labouring.
27	Newcastle, .	Herring and mackerel fishing, .	In the merchant service, labouring, and farming.
28	Dundalk, .	Herring, salmon, and lobster fishing, .	Farming and repairing nets, lines, and lobster pots.
29	Malahide, .	Trawling, lobster, crab, herring, and draft net fishing.	Discharging vessels, using their boats as pleasure boats, repairing gear, and various other employments.

No. 8—*continued.*

FISHERY, 1903—*continued.*

COAST GUARD.)

How is the capture disposed of? (17)	If sent away to market, how is it conveyed there? (18)	Number.
Sold locally and in Dublin,	By cart and rail,	1
Sold locally and in Dublin,	do.,	2
Sold locally,	By boat,	3
Sold locally,	By boat, cart, and steamer,	4
Some sold locally, and some cured for home consumption, Sold locally,	By boats and carts,	5
Sold locally,	By cart,	6
Sold locally, and in Cork and Clonakilty; some cured.	By cart and rail,	7
Sold locally; some cured for home consumption. Sold locally,	By boat and cart,	8
Sold locally,	By carts,	9
Some sold locally, and some cured for home consumption. Sold locally,	By rail and cart,	10
Sold locally,	By cart,	11
Sold locally,	By cart and rail,	12
Sold locally, and some cured,	By cart and steamer,	13
Sold locally, and in Dublin, Manchester, and London; some cured.	By cart, rail, and steamer,	14
Sold locally,	By boats, carts, and rail,	15
Some sold locally; some cured for home consumption. Sold locally,	By boat and cart,	16
Sold locally,	By cart,	17
Sold locally,	By cart,	18
Sold locally and some sent to London,	By boat, cart, rail, and steamer,	19
Sold locally, and some cured,	By cart and rail,	20
Sold locally, and some used as bait for lobster pots. Sold locally,	By boat, rail, and steamer,	21
Sold locally, and some sold to fish merchants, who send it to English and Scotch markets.	By cart, rail, and steamer,	22
Part sold locally, and part sent to Belfast and Liverpool.	do.,	23
Sold locally, and in Belfast, Liverpool, and Manchester.	do.,	24
Sold locally, and in Belfast,	do.,	25
Sold locally, and in Belfast,	By rail,	26
Sold locally, and in Belfast,	do.,	27
Sold locally,	By cart,	28
Part sold locally, part sent to Dublin market, and part cured.	By rail and cart,	29

APPENDIX

LONG LINE

(REPLIES FROM

Number.	Coast Guard Division.	Can you give any idea as to what was the total amount made (on an average) by each man by long line fishing during this year, i.e., how much per week, and for how many weeks? The replies refer to the different Stations in the Division, but the information is not available from some Stations.
(19)		
1	Kingstown, .	15s. per week for 52 weeks, 12s. per week for 52 weeks, and 20s. per week for 16 weeks.
2	Wicklow, . .	9s. to 10s. per week for about 23 weeks, and 10s. per week for 5 weeks.
3	Wexford, . .	20s. per week for 14 weeks,
4	Waterford, .	4s. per week for 2 weeks,
5	Youghal, . .	8s. per week for 8 weeks, and 30s. per week for 11 weeks.
6	Queenstown,	3s. per week for 20 weeks,
7	Kinsale, . . .	15s. per week for 24 weeks, 9s. per week for 4 weeks, 5s. per week for 12 weeks, and 12s. per week for 14 weeks.
8	Skibbereen,	20s. per week for 12 weeks, 20s. per week for 20 weeks, 6s. to 7s. per week for 14 weeks.
9	Valentia, . .	---
10	Dingle, . . .	8s. per week for 12 weeks,
11	Ballyheige, .	16s. per week for 9 weeks,
12	Sanfield, . .	8s. per week for 19 weeks, and 4s. 6d. per week for 21 weeks, .
13	Galway, . . .	13s. per week for 20 weeks, 14s. per week for 16 weeks, and 4s. per week for 30 weeks.
14	Clifden, . . .	9s. 6d. per week for 15 weeks, and 8s. per week for 12 weeks,
15	Keel,	9s. per week for 6 weeks, 8s. per week for 12 weeks, and 2s. per week for 21 weeks.
16	Belmullet, . .	9s. per week for 20 weeks, 20s. per week for 10 weeks, and 2s. 6d. per week for 18 weeks.
17	Ballycastle .	10s. per week for 12 weeks,
	(Killala.)	
18	Pullendiva, .	14s. per week for 23 weeks,
19	Sligo,	6s. per week for 9 weeks, 10s. per week for 20 weeks, and 12s. per week for 24 weeks.
20	Killybegs, . .	8s. per week for 20 weeks,
21	Guidore, . . .	5s. per week for 14 weeks,
22	Rathmullen,	7s. per week for 10 weeks, and 8s. per week for 52 weeks,
23	Moville, . . .	10s. per week for 3 weeks, 10s. per week for 12 weeks, 5s. per week for 26 weeks, and 16s. per week for 20 weeks.
24	Ballycastle, .	4s. per week for 33 weeks, 10s. per week for 52 weeks, and 7s. per week for 9 weeks.
	(Antrim.)	
25	Carrickfergus,	10s. per week for 12 weeks, 30s. per week for 26 weeks, 40s. per week for 9 weeks, and 10s. per week for 24 weeks.
26	Donaghadee,	10s. per week for 40 weeks, and 8s. per week for 24 weeks,
27	Newcastle, . .	10s. per week for 40 weeks, 2s. 6d. per week for 20 weeks, and 7s. per week for 17 weeks.
28	Dundalk, . . .	7s. per week for 24 weeks, 15s. per week for 25 weeks, 20s. per week for 16 weeks, and 9s. per week for 20 weeks.
29	Malahide, . . .	9s. per week for 18 weeks, 8s. per week for 30 weeks, 25s. per week for 20 weeks, 6s. to 7s. per week for 52 weeks, and 20s. per week for 52 weeks.

No. 8—*continued.*

FISHERY, 1903—*continued.*

COAST GUARD.)

Was the total take by long lines greater or less than last year? (20)	What bait is most frequently used? Is the supply ample? (21)	Number
Less at Howth and Dalkey; about the same at Kingstown and Bray.	Mackerel, herrings, scollop, squid, lug, whelk, and razor fish. Supply ample, save at Dalkey, where whelks are rather scarce.	1
Less at Wicklow, and greater at Arklow,	Lug worm, whelks, and mussels. Supply ample.	2
Less,	Whelks. Supply ample.	3
Less,	Sprats and lug worm. Supply ample.	4
Less at Helvieck Head, and greater at Knockadoon.	Conger, flat fish, sprats, herrings, and mussels. Supply ample.	5
Less,	Sprat, whiting, conger, herring, and mussels. Supply not ample.	6
Less,	Herrings, mackerel, lug worm, and sand eels. Supply ample.	7
Greater at Mill Cove; less at Castletownsend and Schull; about the same at Union Hall, Baltimore, and Crookhaven.	Mackerel, lug, sand eels, and small fish. Supply ample, save at Castletownsend during the winter.	8
Greater,	Mackerel, conger, and herring. Supply ample.	9
Less,	Lug worm, mussels, crabs, and mackerel. Supply ample.	10
Much less,	Mussels, sand eels, herring, and lug worm. Supply ample.	11
Less,	Eels, mackerel, crabs, lug worm, conger eel, haddock, and limpets. Supply ample.	12
Slightly greater at Ballyvaughan; about the same at Spiddal; less at Costello Bay and South Aran.	Lug worm, herring, lug, conger, and crabs. Supply ample.	13
Much less at Roundstone and Clifden; greater at Cleeghan.	Herring, lug worm, crabs, and mackerel. Supply ample.	14
Greater,	Lug worm. Supply ample.	15
About the same at Dooooma, Eily Bay, and Blackod Point; less at Belmullet, and greater at Ballyglass.	Sand eels, lug, herring, mackerel, and crabs. Supply ample.	16
Less,	Lug. Supply ample.	17
Greater,	Lug. Supply ample.	18
Less at Rosses Point and Raghley; much greater at Mullaghmore, and greater at Ballyshannon.	Lug worm, razor fish, and herring. Supply ample at Rosses Point and Raghley. Lug scarce at Mullaghmore and Ballyshannon.	19
About the same at Ball Hill and Killybegs; less at Tribane and Teelin.	Mussels, herring, lug worm, and sprat. Supply ample, save at Teelin.	20
Less,	Lug worm and conger eel, Supply ample.	21
Greater at Mulroy; less at Knockalla and Rathmullen.	Eel, lug worm, whelks, mussels, and scollops. Supply ample, save at Knockalla.	22
Less, except at Moyville, where the capture was greater.	Conger, horns, whelks, and mussels. Supply ample.	23
Less,	Whelks, conger eel, limpets, sand eel, and lug worm. Supply ample, save at Cushendall.	24
Greater at Glenarm; about the same at Ballygally and Larne Harbour; less at Whitehead and Carrickfergus.	Mussels, lug worm, buckie, and pollock. Supply ample.	25
Less,	Lug worm and whelks. Supply ample.	26
Less; save at Kilkeel where the capture was greater.	Mussels, lug worm, and sand eels. Supply ample.	27
Less at Giles Quay and Clogher Head; greater at Soldiers Point and Dunany Point.	Lug worm and mussels. Supply ample.	28
Less, except at Loughshinny, where the capture was greater, and at Baldoyle, where it was about the same.	Lug, limpets, whelks, mackerel, herrings, and broken fish. Supply ample, save at Balbriggan and Malahide.	29

APPENDIX No. 9.—LOBSTER FISHERY.

Number.	Coast Guard Division.	Where captured in largest quantities?	How many boats engaged in Lobster fishing this year?		How many people (total) followed it?
			2nd Class. (3)	3rd Class. (4)	
	(1)	(2)			(5)
1	Kingstown.	Between North and the Bailey Light; from Poolbeg Light to Bray Head; and off Dalkey and Killiney.	14	11	55
2	Wicklow.	Off Wicklow Head.	-	2	4
3	Wexford.	Between Carnsore Pier and Carnsore Point; around Saltee Islands and outlying shoals and rocks.	15	-	38
4	Waterford.	Off Fethard Station; between Creadan Head and Portally, Hook Point and Loftus Hill, Rathmoylan Cove and Brownstown Head, and from Tramore Bay to Dunabrattin Head.	25	3	65
5	Youghal.	Between Helyick Head and Mine Head; off Ballymacart, Curran, and Ram Head, and in Whiting Bay.	4	4	24
6	Queenstown.	Off Ballycotton Island.	1	1	2
7	Kinsale.	From Bangman's Point to Flat Head; in Oyster Haven; off Seven Heads and Old Head; off Barry's Cove; between Duneen Point and Dunowen Head; off Dulic and Clout Rock.	13	8	67
8	Skibbereen.	Off Ballycaine and Mill Cove; off Baltimore, Schull, and Crookhaven.	119	18	537
9	Castletownbere.	Off Ballydonegan Station; around Bero Island; in vicinity of Sheep Head and west of Berthaven; in Ballycrovane Harbour.	22	37	204
10	Valentia.	Captured off all stations in the Division, with the exception of Cromane Point.	10	50	141
11	Dingle.	From Minard Head to Red Cliff; in Dingle Bay; off Brandon and Castlegregory; off the Blaskets and Dunquin; off Smerwick Station.	-	91	274
12	Ballyheige.	From Ballyheige Coast Guard Station to Kerry Head.	-	6	16
13	Seafield.	Between Carrigaholt Castle and Kilclogher Head; off Kilkee, Loughdonnell, and Caherrush; on the south side of Lisannor Bay, inside Freigh Point, and in the vicinity of Crab Island.	-	33	91
14	Galway.	Off Love Rock and Deer Island; between Crumlin Bridge and Galway; off north-east coast of North Aran Island; off Kilkeel, Gorumna Island, and Mynish Island.	28	62	260
15	Clifden.	All along the Division.	70	120	603
16	Keel.	In Newport Bay; around Clare Island; off Keel, Doonagh, and Keem.	-	11	37
17	Belmullet.	Off Ardmore, Scotch Port, Annagh, Inishgloria Island, and Doohoon Head.	-	53	114
18	Ballycastle. (Killala.)	Off Belderrig, Porturlin, Portacloy, Renroe, and Ballycastle; and around Kileummin Head and Patrick's Rocks, and in Killala Bay.	-	18	112
19	Pullenviva.	East side of Killala Bay; between Innisrone and Pulloc-heny; off Leenadoon Point and Fannad; off Derkmore Station.	1	6	25
20	Sligo.	Off Ballyconnell, Inishmurray, Mullaghmore Head, Morlin Rocks; west of Bundoran Pier; north-east and west of Bunatruohin Pier.	11	14	93
21	Killybegs.	Off West Rocks, Tribane, St. John's Point, Ballysiggart, and Ballytherland; in McSwyne's Bay and Riches Bay; off Drumonee, Mackross, Malinbeg, Glen, Port, Portnoo, Rosbeg, and Dawros.	34	8	146
22	Guidore.	All along the Division.	42	4	121
23	Rushmullin.	Off Tory Island, Inishbooy, Inishboffin, and Fannad Point; from Carrick O'Donnel to Newbridge; from Dunree to Dunaff Head, and off Melmore Head.	14	6	62
24	Moville.	Off Malin Head, Carrickaveal, Portaleen, and Dunmore Head; between Kinigoe Head and Tremone Bay; off Inishoven Head.	25	-	135
25	Ballycastle. (Antrim.)	Off Skerries Islands and Bengore Head; from Sheep Island to Kinbane Head; off Rathlin Island; between Fair Head and Torr Carr Point; off Garron Point.	21	6	53
26	Carrickfergus.	Between Whitehead and Glenarm.	7	4	26
27	Donaghadee.	Off Copland Island, Black Head, and White Head; between Groomsport, Bangor, and Croferta Beacon; off Ballyferrie Point, Burial Island, and Cloghy Station.	27	1	68
28	Strangford.	Off Fann, Killeel and Strangford; Gunn's Island and Killard Point; in Strangford Lough.	16	7	50
29	Newcastle.	In vicinity of Ardglass Harbour; off Annalong Station, Killeel, and Derryogue; between Widow's Row, Newcastle, and Morgan's Point; off Killough Station.	17	-	40
30	Dundalk.	Outside and inside Carlingford Bar; from Haulbowline Light to Whitestown, and Ballagan Point to Greenore, and around Green Island; between Ballagan and Giles Quay; off Dunany Point, and around Clogher Head.	29	2	88
31	Malahide.	Off Curry Rocks, St. Patrick's Island, Red Island, Shenick Island, Lambay Island, and Rockabill.	9	2	30
		Total.	674	577	3,671

1903.—(REPLIES FROM COAST GUARD.)

During what months?	What was the total number captured by all the boats?	Where were the Lobsters sold?	What was the average price?	Number.
(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
All the year,	Dozens. 1,208	Locally, and in Dublin,	Per dozen, 9s. to 12s.	1
April to August,	22	Locally, and in Dublin,	15s.	2
May to September,	215	Locally, and in Wexford, Liverpool, and Manchester,	7s. 6d. to 8s.	3
January to October,	1,254	Locally, and in Waterford,	5s. to 11s.	4
April to August,	356	Dungarvan, Youghal, and Cork,	5s. to 8s.	5
March to October,	10	Locally, and in Cork,	14s.	6
April to September,	3,291	Locally, and to English lobster cutters; some sent to Cork.	6s. 6d. to 8s.	7
May to October,	3,542	Locally, and to lobster smacks from Milford and Southampton,	6s. to 8s.	8
May to September,	1,790	Locally, and in Southampton,	7s. to 9s.	9
All the year,	2,783	Locally, and to English lobster smacks; some sent to Birmingham and Liverpool,	7s. to 10s.	10
April to September,	9,570	Locally, and in Dublin, Milford Haven, and Southampton,	8s. to 14s.	11
June to September,	69	Locally, and to an English lobster smack,	8s. 6d. to 9s.	12
May to September,	279	Locally,	6s. to 12s.	13
April to October,	3,803	Locally, and in Dublin,	4s. 6d. to 9s.	14
April to November,	10,772	Locally, and in Dublin, London, Manchester, and Leeds	6s. to 10s.	15
March to October,	176	Locally,	7s. 6d. to 10s.	16
April to October,	2,540	Locally, and in London,	6s. to 10s.	17
January to August, and Nov. and Dec.	519	Dublin and London,	5s. to 10s.	18
April to August, and October,	202	Locally, and in Dublin, Ballina, and Sligo,	6s. to 10s.	19
All the year,	1,598	Locally, and in Dublin, London, Birmingham, Liverpool, and Manchester,	6s. 6d. to 14s. 6d.	20
All the year,	7,107	Londonderry, Dublin, London, Liverpool, Birmingham, Manchester, and Belfast,	6s. to 12s.	21
May to October,	1,877	To local buyers,	5s. to 6s.	22
June to December,	1,013	Locally, and in Liverpool, Manchester, London, and Glasgow,	5s. to 12s.	23
March to October,	5,151	Locally, and in Manchester,	8s. to 12s.	24
March to October,	1,411	Locally, and in Belfast, Liverpool, and Manchester,	6s. to 12s.	25
All the year,	456	Locally, and in Belfast, Liverpool, and Manchester,	6s. to 15s.	26
All the year,	1,750	Locally, and in Belfast and Liverpool,	6s. to 14s.	27
All the year,	891	Locally, and in Belfast, Manchester, and Liverpool,	6s. to 8s.	28
March to October,	1,292	Locally, and in Belfast, Manchester, and Liverpool,	3s. 9d. to 12s.	29
February to October,	5,181	Locally, and in Liverpool, Manchester, Birmingham, Dublin, and Drogheda,	3s. to 10s. 6d.	30
All the year,	2,567	Locally, and in Dublin,	6s. to 18s.	31
	72,698			

APPENDIX No. 9—continued.—LOBSTER FISHERY,

Number.	Coast Guard Division.	By what conveyance were they sent to market?	How are the Lobsters packed for market? Have you any observations to offer on this point?
		(10)	(11)
1	Kingstown .	By rail,	In baskets and creels,
2	Wicklow,	do.,	In hampers, with sea-weed,
3	Wexford,	By cart, rail, and steamer,	Packed in boxes with sea-weed,
4	Waterford,	do.,	Packed in boxes and in hampers and baskets with sea-weed,
5	Youghal,	By cart and rail,	In hampers, with sea-weed,
6	Queenstown,	do.,	In hampers, packed with sea-weed,
7	Kinsale,	By cart, rail, and lobster smack,	In boxes and baskets with sea-weed, in hampers with damp heather,
8	Skibbereen,	By cart and lobster smack,	In baskets, and in the wells of the lobster smacks,
9	Castletownhere,	By lobster smack,	In large nets in the wells of the lobster smacks,
10	Valentia,	By cart, rail, and lobster smacks,	In boxes, and in the wells of the lobster smacks,
11	Dingle,	By rail, steamer, and lobster smacks,	In barrels and boxes with sea-weed, in well of lobster smack, and tanks,
12	Ballyhelge,	By cart, rail, and lobster smack,	In boxes and baskets, and in tank of lobster smack,
13	Scudfeld,	By cart and rail,	Packed in boxes and baskets with wet grass or wet sea-weed,
14	Galway,	By cart, rail, and smacks,	Loose in boats; with sea-weed in boxes, barrels, and hampers,
15	Clifden,	By cart, rail, and lobster smacks,	In boxes and barrels, and in wells of the lobster smacks,
16	Keel,	By boat and cart,	In boxes and baskets, with sea-weed,
17	Belmullet,	By boat and in the wells of smacks,	Loose in the boats and in creels, and packed in ice and heather,
18	Ballycastle,	By cart, rail, and steamer,	Packed in boxes, with sea-weed,
19	(<i>Albion</i>) Pallendiva,	By cart and rail,	Packed in boxes, with sea-weed,
20	Sligo,	By cart, rail, and steamer,	In boxes and barrels with sea-weed, hay, straw, and heather,
21	Killybegs,	do.,	Packed in boxes and barrels with straw, hay, rushes, ferns, and heather,
22	Guidore,	By rail,	Packed in boxes,
23	Rathmullen,	By cart, rail, and steamer,	In boxes, baskets, and barrels, with sea-weed,
24	Moville,	do.,	Packed in barrels, boxes, and creels, with sea-weed and heather,
25	Ballycastle,	do.,	Packed in boxes, barrels, and hampers, with hay, straw, and sea-weed,
26	Carrickfergus,	do.,	Packed in boxes with straw and sea-weed,
27	Donaghadee,	do.,	Packed in boxes and baskets with hay, sea-weed, and straw,
28	Strangford,	do.,	Packed in boxes and baskets with sea-weed,
29	Newcastle,	do.,	Packed in boxes with sea-weed, ferns, bracken, heather, and hay,
30	Dunlalk,	do.,	Packed in hampers and boxes with sea-weed,
31	Malahide,	By cart and rail,	Packed in baskets and hampers with sea-weed,

1903—continued. —(REPLIES FROM COAST GUARD.)

How are the men engaged when not Lobster fishing?	What is the average length of the Lobsters taken?	Value.	General Observations.	Number.
(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
Long line, salmon, and other fishing, and plying for hire in pleasure boats.	Inches, 8 to 15	£ 619	—	1
Long line and hand line fishing.	11	16	Bad season.	2
Hand line fishing, and farming.	9 to 14	81	Weather unfavourable.	3
Hand line and other fishing and farming.	9 to 16	589	—	4
Hand line and trammel net fishing.	9 to 14	119	—	5
Hand line and trammel net fishing.	9 to 12	7	A very bad season at Ballycotton.	6
Line, trammel net, and other fishing, and farming.	8 to 11	1,245	It is reported from Courtmacsherry that, although more stormy than usual, it has been a very good season.	7
Other fishing, farming and labouring.	9 to 20	1,140	Greater capture and better prices than last year at Crookhaven.	8
Mackerel and other fishing, and farming.	12 and upwards.	672	Fishing not quite so good as usual at Castletownbere, owing to stormy weather.	9
Mackerel and other fishing, and farming.	9 to 15	1,057	—	10
Mackerel and other fishing, and farming.	8 to 12	4,062	Weather unfavourable off Minard and Dingle stations.	11
Discharging vessels, piloting, farming, &c.	9 to 14	31	A large number of pots lost at Fenit, owing to bad weather	12
Mackerel and other fishing, farming, and kelp making.	9 to 13	119	Bad season off Kileredane station, owing to unfavourable weather.	13
Other fishing, and farming.	9 to 18	1,356	A good season off Spiddle station.	14
Hand line, mackerel, and other fishing, farming and kelp making.	8 to 12	4,110	Weather very unfavourable.	15
Other fishing, and farming.	10 to 12	81	Weather unfavourable.	16
Farming.	9 to 12	1,061	Great decrease in capture of lobsters off Blacksod Point station, owing to rough weather.	17
Other fishing, and farming.	9 to 14	226	Weather unfavourable.	18
Long line fishing, trawling, netting, herring fishing, and farming.	10 to 14	125	—	19
Other trawling, line, and other fishing, and farming.	9 to 14	652	—	20
Hand line, long line, and other fishing, and farming.	10 to 16	2,197	Decreasing in number off Pointoo station.	21
Herring fishing and farming.	9 to 11	479	Fishing for lobsters off Bumber station not so vigorously pursued as usual, owing to a great number of fishermen engaging in salmon fishing.	22
Other fishing, kelp making, and farming.	8 to 16	350	—	23
Hand line, long line, and salmon fishing, and farming.	9 to 12	2,589	Bait scarce off Port Kinnigoe station.	24
Hand line, long line, and salmon fishing, trawling, farming, and repairing and making lobster pots.	8 to 14	491	Bait difficult to obtain at Cushendall.	25
Long line and other fishing, piloting, and farming.	8 to 15	330	—	26
Hand line, long line, and herring fishing, piloting, cutting delise, farming, and employed on yachts.	9 to 15	918	—	27
Attending South Rock lightship, farming, labouring, and hand line and other fishing.	9 to 12	318	—	28
Repairing gear, hand line, herring, and other fishing, and farming.	8 to 11	436	—	29
Repairing gear, line and net fishing, and farming.	8 to 14	2,370	Very poor season at Giles Quay.	30
Cod and herring fishing, providing bait, repairing trawl nets, and lobster pots.	10 to 14	1,435	—	31
	Total,	29,314		

APPENDIX
CRAB
(REPLIES FROM

Number.	Coast Guard Division.	Where captured in largest quantities? (1)	How many boats engaged in Crab fishing this year?		How many men followed it? (4)
			2nd Class. (2)	3rd Class. (3)	
1	Kingstown, .	Between Howth and the Bailey Light; from Poolbeg Light to Bray Head, and off Dalkey.	13	10	48
2	Wicklow, .	Off Wicklow Head,	—	2	4
3	Wexford, .	Around the Saltee Islands and outlying rocks and creeks.	7	—	14
4	Waterford, .	Off Fethard Station; between Credan Head and Portally, Hook Point, and Loftus Hall; Rathmoylan Cove and Brownstown Head; and from Tramore Bay to Dunabrattin Head.	25	2	62
5	Youghal, .	Between Helvick Head and Mine Head, and off Ballymacart, Currane, Ram Head, and in Whiting Bay.	4	4	24
6	Kinsale, .	From Hangman's Point to Flat Head; in Oyster Haven; from Hake Head to Ringalurisky Point; off Seven Heads, and Old Head; between Duneen Point and Dunny Cove Point.	6	3	30
7	Castletownbere,	Off Lawrence Cove Station,	2	—	4
8	Seafeld, .	Off Kilkee Station,	—	10	30
9	Guidore, .	All along the Division,	42	4	121
10	Rathmullen,	Off Farnad Point, and from Carrick O'Donnell to Newbridge.	3	—	7
11	Moville, .	Off Malin Head, Carrickaveel, Portaleen, and Dunmore Head; between Kinnigoe Head and Tramore Bay, and off Inishowen Head.	26	—	139
12	Ballycastle, (Antrim).	Off Skerries Islands, Bengore Head; from Sheep Island to Kinbane Head; off Rathlin Island, Torr Head, and Garron Point.	21	5	60
13	Carrickfergus,	Between Whitehead and Glenarm.	3	1	7
14	Strangford .	Off Ballydora, Killyleagh, Kilchief, Strangford, Gunn's Island, and Killard Point.	10	3	21
15	Newcastle, .	Off Annalong Station, and off Kilkeel and Derryogue.	9	—	23
16	Dundalk, .	Off rocks to south-east of Greenore Station, and off Ologher Head and Dunany Point.	6	—	21
17	Malahide, .	Off Lambay Island and Rockabill.	7	—	22
Total,			184	44	627

NOTE.—Crabs of good size are plentiful in Killary Bay, but

No. 10
FISHERY, 1903.
COAST GUARD.)

During what months ? (5)	What was the total number captured off your Station by all boats ? (6)	Where were the Crabs sold ? (7)	What was the average price ? (8)	Number.
All the year,	No. 21,950	Locally, and in Dublin,	Per dozen. 1s. to 4s.	1
April to August,	144	Locally,	2s.	2
May to August,	683	Locally,	1s.	3
April to September,	7,011	Locally, and in Waterford, .	2s. to 3s.	4
April to September,	1,567	Locally,	2s.	5
April to August, .	13,084	Locally, and in Cork and Kinsale.	10d. to 3s.	6
May to September,	1,440	Locally,	1s. 6d.	7
June to September,	2,090	Locally,	2s.	8
May to October, .	25,752	To local buyers,	6d.	9
July and August,	500	Londonderry,	2s. 6d.	10
March to October,	112,548	Locally, and in Manchester,	1s. 6d. to 2s.	11
April to October, .	59,710	Locally, and in Belfast, Liverpool, and Manchester.	1s. 6d. to 5s.	12
April to September,	3,548	Locally, and in Belfast,	6d. to 6s.	13
All the year,	4,000	Locally, and in Belfast and Liverpool.	2s. 3d.	14
March to October,	7,168	Locally, and in Belfast, Manchester, and Liverpool,	1s. to 4s.	15
June to September,	5,660	Locally, and in Drogheda and Liverpool.	6d. to 1s.	16
February to September,	67,426	Dublin,	1s. 6d.	17
	334,284			

when taken are only used for baiting the lobster pots.

APPENDIX
CRAB
(REPLIES FROM

Number.	Const Guard Division.	By what conveyance were they sent to market? (9)	How are the Crabs packed for market? Have you any observations to offer on this point? (10)
1	Kingstown, .	By rail.	In baskets and creels,
2	Wicklow, .	—	—
3	Wexford, .	—	—
4	Waterford, .	By cart, rail, and steamer.	In boxes, baskets, and hampers with sea-weed,
5	Youghal, .	By cart, .	In hampers with sea-weed,
6	Kinsale, .	By cart, and rail.	In baskets and boxes with sea-weed,
7	Castletownbere,	—	—
8	Seafeld, .	By cart, .	In baskets,
9	Guidore, .	By rail, .	In boxes and barrels,
10	Rathmullen, .	By boat and rail.	In boxes and baskets,
11	Moville, .	By cart, rail, and steamer.	In barrels, boxes, and creels, with heather and sea-weed.
12	Bullycastle, . (Antrim).	By cart, rail, and steamer.	In boxes, barrels, and hampers, with hay, straw, and sea-weed.
13	Carrickfergus,	By cart and rail, .	In boxes with sea-weed,
14	Strangford, .	By cart, rail, and steamer.	In boxes and baskets,
15	Newcastle, .	By cart, rail, and steamer.	In boxes with sea-weed, ferns, bracken, heather, and hay.
16	Dundalk, .	By cart, rail, and steamer.	In sea-weed; some cooked,
17	Malahide, .	By cart, .	In baskets,

No. 10—*continued.*

FISHERY, 1903—*continued.*

COAST GUARD.)

How are the men engaged when not Crab fishing? (11)	What is the average breadth of the Crabs taken? (12)	Value. (13)	General Observations. (14)	Number
	Inches.	£		
Long line fishing, and some ply for hire in pleasure boats.	4 to 8	214	Great improvement off Kings-town station.	1
Long and hand line fishing.	5 to 6	1	Bad season.	2
Hand line fishing.	6 to 10	3	—	3
Other fishing, farming, and labouring.	4 to 12	67	—	4
Hand line and trammel net fishing.	5½ to 8	13	—	5
Line, trammel, lobster, and other fishing and farming.	4 to 6	97	In addition to those given, 9,000 crabs were captured and used by the fishermen.	6
Farming, &c.,	5 to 6	9	—	7
Other fishing and kelp making.	5 to 8	11	—	8
Herring fishing, farming and labouring.	4 to 8	64	Crab fishery not pursued as vigorously as usual, owing to a large number of fishermen engaging in salmon fishing.	9
Other fishing and farming.	6	5	—	10
Long line, hand line, and salmon fishing, and farming.	5 to 8	813	Bait scarce off Port Kinnigoe station.	11
Long line, hand line, and salmon fishing, trawling, and farming.	5 to 9	477	Bait scarce off Cushendall station.	12
Long line and other fishing.	4½ to 6	50	Improved off Glenarm station.	13
Labouring, farming, and hand line fishing.	5	38	The crabs caught by two of the men in a second class boat were used for bait, and are not included in the number captured, or value.	14
Herring and whiting fishing, repairing gear, and farming.	5 to 7	42	—	15
Long line fishing and farming.	4½ to 6	18	—	16
Cod and herring fishing.	5 to 7	422	—	17
Total,	—	£2,361		

APPENDIX NO. 11.

SHRIMP FISHERY, 1903.

(REPLIES FROM COAST GUARD.)

Coast Guard Division.	Are Shrimps fished for off your Division? (1)	About how many people are so engaged? (2)	How is the catch disposed of? (3)	What amount is sent to market in the year? (4)	What is the average price? (5)	What method of capture is adopted? (6)	During what months does the fishing last? (7)	Value. (8)
Queenstown,	Yes,	21	Sold in Queenstown, Cork, London, and Birmingham.	Ton cwt. qrs. 5 1 0	5d. to 6d. per lb.,	Shrimp trawls with iron or wooden frames, and hand nets with wooden frames.	May to November,	£ 263
Kinsale,	Yes,	2	Sold locally,	0 3 0	4d. per lb.,	Shrimp trawls,	April to September,	6
Ballycastle (Antrim).	Yes,	9	Used as bait,	—	—	Nets,	April to July,	—
Total,		32		5 4 0				269

APPENDIX No. 12.

OYSTER FISHERY, 1903.
PUBLIC BEDS.—(REPLIES FROM COAST GUARD.)

Coast Guard Division.	Where are the Public Beds situated? (1)	What is their state as to stock and cleanliness? (2)	Are they showing signs of improvement or decay? (3)	Was there any Spitting during the most recent close season. (4)
Wicklow, .	In Arklow Bay, and from Roney Point to Morris Castle.	Good and clean,	Improvement in Arklow Bay bed; other bed not worked this year.	Not known.
Wexford, .	Two miles off land in South Bay of Wexford.	Very dirty—covered with mussels and star fish.	No.	Yes.
Waterford,	Between Creadon Head and Ballyhack.	Dirty, owing to clinkers thrown overboard by steamers.	No.	Yes.
Skibbereen,	River Ilen,	Small stock. Nothing done in the way of cleaning or re-stocking the beds.	Decay,	No.
Ballyheige,	At Spa, Tralee, off Saleen, and between Tarbert and Foynes.	Good at Spa; poor and dirty at Saleen, Tarbert, and Foynes.	Improvement in size, but not in quantity, at Spa; decay at Saleen, Tarbert, and Foynes.	Yes, at Spa. No. at Saleen, Tarbert, and Foynes.
Galway, .	In Tyrone Bay, at Stradbally and Weir, and in Oranmore Bay.	Good and clean,	Improvement,	Yes, a great deal.
Clifden,	Ballynakill Bay,	Fair,	Decay,	No.
Keel,	In Westport and Newport Bays,	Indifferent,	Decay,	No.
Rathmullen,	In Lough Swilly, from Inch to Manorcunningham, and Fort Stewart to Rathmullen.	Bad,	Decay,	Yes; but it is thought that it is either carried away by storms or destroyed by mud silting over it.
Moville,	Between Myroe, Ballykelly, and Longfield-land.	Good,	Improvement,	Yes.
Carrickfergus,	Two miles south-east of Carrickfergus Castle.	Fair,	Improvement	Yes.
Dundalk, .	In Channel at Omearh, from Narrow Water Ferry to Two Mile River.	Good,	Improvement,	Yes; very good.

In addition to the above, oysters are taken on licensed and private unlicensed beds. Only 271 hundreds of the latter are included in Appendix No. 1.

APPENDIX No. 12—continued.

OYSTER FISHERY, 1903—continued.

PUBLIC BEDS.—(REPLIES FROM COAST GUARD.)

Appendix to the Report for the year 1903 on

Coast Guard Division.	Are undersized Oysters taken from them for sale? If so, kindly give particulars? (5)	Are undersized Oysters taken from them to stock other beds? (6)	How many boats were engaged in the Oyster fisheries this year?			The total number of men engaged in the Oyster fisheries this year. (10)	During what months was the fishing carried on? (11)	How many hundreds were taken during the entire season? (12)	What was the average price per hundred obtained by the fishermen? (13)
			1st Class. (7)	2nd Class. (8)	3rd Class. (9)				
Wicklow,	No.	No.	—	6	—	30	January and February.	195	4s.
Wexford,	No.	No.	—	—	—	—	Beds not worked this year.	—	—
Waterford,	No. any taken are returned to the sea.	No.	—	2	—	4	September to November, .	9	10s.
Skibbereen,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ballyheige,	No.	No.	1	11	12	66	January to March, and November and December.	5,713	1s. to 7s. 6d.
Galway,	No. any taken are returned to the sea.	No.	—	24	117	340	December,	25,394	2s. 9d. to 6s.
Clifden,	No.	No.	—	—	2	6	January to April, and October to December.	21	7s.
Keel,	No.	No.	—	—	3	8	January to April, and October to December.	11	8s.
Rathmullen,	No.	No.	—	—	—	—	—	Beds not fished this year.	—
Moville,	No.	No.	—	5	—	12	February to March, and September to November.	425	8s. 1d.
Carrickfergus,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Beds not fished this year.	—
Dundalk,	No.	No.	—	30	49	263	January, November, & December.	13,560	5s.
		Total,	1	78	183	729		25,328	

*This includes the actual number of oysters taken at Clarenbridge. In previous years only an approximation could be obtained.

APPENDIX No 12—*continued.*

OYSTER FISHERY, 1903—*continued.*

PUBLIC BEDS.—(REPLIES FROM COAST GUARD.)

Coast Guard Division.	Where were the Oysters sold? (14)	How were they conveyed there? (15)	How were the men occupied when not Oyster fishing—Have they any land? (16)	Value. (17)
Wicklow,	Arklow,	Landed from the boats,	Herring and mackerel fishing, and trawling,	£ 39
Wexford,	—	—	—	—
Waterford,	Waterford,	By steamer,	Trawling, herring and salmon fishing,	5
Skibbereen,	—	—	—	—
Ballyheige,	Spa, Kiltinora, Kiltrush, and Limerick,	By boat,	Farming, discharging vessels, and carrying turf,	386
Galway,	Locally to dealers who forward them to Dublin, etc.	By cart and rail,	Other fishing and farming,	1,027
Clifden,	Letterfrack,	By boat,	Other fishing and farming,	7
Eeel,	Locally,	By boat,	Other fishing and farming. Yes, small holdings,	4
Rathmullen,	—	—	—	—
Moville,	Belfast, Limavady, and London,	By cart, rail, and steamer,	Other trawling and farming,	172
Carrickfergus,	—	—	—	—
Dundalk,	Locally, and in Liverpool and Manchester,	By rail and steamer,	Farming,	3,390
			Total,	5,030

APPENDIX NO. 13.

MUSSEL FISHERY, 1903.

(REPLIES FROM COAST GUARD.)

Coast Guard Division.	Are Mussels gathered for export or local sale? (1)	If exported, to what place? (2)	What amount was gathered this year for export and local sale? (3)	How much of this was for export? (4)	What was the average price for those exported? (5)	How were they sent to market? (6)	How many people find employment gathering Mussels? (7)	During what months was it carried on? (8)	Value (to nearest £). (9)	Observations. (10)
			Tons.	Tons.	Per Ton. £ s. d.					
Wexford.	For export.	Bristol and Liverpool.	40	All.	2 15 0	By steamer.	4	All the year.	115	—
Queenstown.	Local sale.	—	5	—	—	By boat.	12	October to December.	10	—
Valentia.	For export.	London, Leeds, and Bradford.	137½	All.	2 6 0	By cart.	40	January, February, October, and November.	536	—
Pullendiva.	For export.	Liverpool and Glasgow.	55½	All.	4 10 0	By cart, rail, and steamer.	20	January to April, and September to December.	155	—
Sligo.	For export.	Liverpool and Manchester.	62½	All.	0 13 0	By cart, rail, and steamer.	20	January to April, and October to December.	56	—
Killybegs.	For export.	Liverpool and Preston.	8	All.	2 10 0	By cart, rail, and steamer.	10	January and February, and from October to December.	19	—
Carrickfergus.	For export.	Eyemouth.	502½	All.	0 10 0	By steamer.	6	All the year.	219	—
Donaghadee.	For local sale.	—	2	—	3 0 0	By cart and rail.	2	May and June.	6	Gathered for bait only.
Dundalk.	For export and local sale.	Liverpool and Manchester.	250½	210½	2 5 0	By rail and steamer.	93	All the year.	576	Some used for bait.
		Total.	1,061½	1,014½			207		1,581	

APPENDIX NO. 14.

COCKLE FISHERY, 1903.

(REPLIES FROM COAST GUARD.)

Coast Guard Division.	Are Cockles gathered for export or local sale?	If exported, to what place?	How many gallons were gathered this year?		What was the average price per gallon?		How were they sent to market?	How many people had employment picking Cockles?	During what months was it carried on?	Value (to nearest £).
			For export.	For local sale.	For those exported.	For those sold locally.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
Kingstown, .	For local sale,	—	—	21,121	—	6 <i>d.</i> to 8 <i>d.</i>	Carried by gatherers.	36	All the year, .	£ 699
Wexford, .	For local sale,	—	—	1,800	—	4 <i>d.</i>	Carried by gatherers.	11	April to Aug. .	30
Waterford, .	For local sale,	—	—	3,590	—	9 <i>d.</i>	By cart and rail.	14	All the year. .	131
Kinsale, .	For local sale,	—	—	2,100	—	4 <i>d.</i>	Carried by gatherers.	16	April to Oct. .	35
Dingle, .	For local sale,	—	—	2,600	—	8 <i>d.</i> to 1 <i>s.</i> 4 <i>d.</i>	Carried by gatherers.	10	Jan. to Oct. .	171
Clifden, .	For local sale,	—	—	100	—	8 <i>d.</i>	Carried by gatherers.	50	Mar. and Sep.	3
Keel, .	For local sale,	—	—	5,000	—	2 <i>d.</i>	By boat and cart.	25	April to Aug. .	42
Ballycastle (Kilala.)	For local sale.	—	—	1,000	—	4 <i>d.</i>	By carts and carts.	6	May to Sept. .	17
Sligo, .	For export, .	London and Manchester.	3,200	—	2 <i>d.</i>	—	By cart, rail, and steamers.	30	Mar. to June, .	8
Carrickfergus,	For local sale,	—	—	1,700	—	8 <i>d.</i>	By cart, .	11	April to Aug. .	57
Newcastle, .	For local sale.	—	—	300	—	1 <i>s.</i>	By rail, .	6	June to Sept. .	15
Dundalk, .	For local sale,	—	—	1,140	—	8 <i>d.</i>	By cart, and carried by gatherers.	50	All the year, save Sept.	38
Malahide, .	For local sale,	—	—	100	—	1 <i>s.</i>	Carried by the gatherers.	6	May to Sept. .	5
		Total,	3,200	40,461				265		1,251

Belmullet Division.—Cockles are gathered at Elly Bay for home consumption, and the shells are used for making lime.

APPENDIX

PERIWINKLE

(REPLIES FROM

Number.	Coast Guard Division.	Are Periwinkles gathered for export or local sale?	If exported, to what place?	What amount was gathered this year?	
				For export. (3)	For local sale. (4)
		(1)	(2)	Tons.	Tons.
1	Wexford,	For export,	Bristol and Liverpool	45	—
2	Waterford,	For local sale,	—	—	13
3	Youghal,	For export,	London, Liverpool, and Bristol.	46	—
4	Queenstown,	For export and local sale.	London,	109½	—
5	Kinsale,	For export,	do.,	20½	—
6	Castletownbere,	do.,	do.,	47½	—
7	Valentia,	do.,	London and Manchester.	44½	—
8	Dingle,	For export and local sale.	London,	21	½
9	Ballyheige,	For export,	London, Liverpool, and Manchester.	60	—
10	Seafield,	For export and local sale.	London and Manchester.	91	½
11	Galway,	For export,	do.,	289	—
12	Clifden,	do.,	London and Dublin,	25½	—
13	Keel,	do.,	London, Liverpool, and Glasgow.	133	—
14	Belmullet,	do.,	Dublin, London, Liverpool, and Scotland.	145	—
15	Ballycastle, (Killala),	do.,	London,	7	—
16	Fullondiva	do.,	London, Glasgow, and Liverpool.	91	—
17	Sligo,	do.,	London, Manchester, Liverpool, and Dublin.	96½	—
18	Killybegs,	do.,	Manchester, Liverpool, London, and Dublin.	27	—
19	Guidore,	do.,	London,	20	—
20	Rathmullen,	do.,	Glasgow, Liverpool, and London.	13½	—
21	Moville,	do.,	Liverpool and Glasgow.	20	—
22	Carrickfergus,	For local sale,	—	—	60
23	Donaghadee,	For export and local sale.	Belfast, Liverpool, and London.	36	3½
24	Strangford,	For export,	Belfast,	½	—
25	Newcastle,	do.,	London and Liverpool.	31½	—
26	Dundalk,	For export and local sale.	London, Liverpool, Manchester, Leicester, and Birmingham.	119	½
27	Malahide,	For export,	Dublin and Liverpool.	14½	—
Total,				1,558	72½

No. 15.

FISHERY, 1903.

COAST GUARD.)

What was the average price obtained by the gatherers for those exported?	How were they sent to market?	How many people and employment gathering Periwinkles?	During what months was the gathering carried on?	Value.	Number.
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	£	
Per ton.					
£2 17s.	Steamer,	10	April to July,	86	1
—	Cart and steamer,	7	January to April, and October to December	32	2
£4 13s. 4d. to £11 4s.	Cart, rail, and steamer,	45	January to March, and September to Dec.	499	3
£1 to £5 6s. 8d.	do.,	91	All the year,	317	1
£2 to £3	do.,	72	January to April and September to Dec.	53	5
£1 to £5	do.,	330	January to April, and October to Dec.	211	6
£1 to £4	do.,	165	January to June, and September to Dec.	112	7
£5 to £7	Rail and steamer,	44	January to October, and December.	146	8
£4 to £7	Cart, rail, and steamer,	165	January to June, and August to December.	391	9
£3 to £5 6s. 8d.	do.,	251	January to May, and July to December.	370	10
£2 8s. to £7 6s. 8d.	do.,	690	All the year,	1,371	11
£3 to £8	do.,	510	do.,	97	12
£1 10s. to £6 13s. 4d.	Rail and steamer,	230	do.,	628	13
£1 10s. to £4	Steamer and rail,	210	do.,	287	14
£2 to £4	Cart and rail,	41	do.,	23	15
£1 10s. to £3	Cart, rail, and steamer,	120	do.,	226	16
£2 8s. to £8	do.,	111	do.,	249	17
£3 to £3 10s.	do.,	42	January to March, and September to Dec.	89	18
£4	Rail and steamer,	200	April to August,	80	19
£2 6s. 8d. to £7 10s.	Cart, rail, and steamer,	49	All the year,	41	20
£5 6s. 8d.	do.,	80	February to June,	107	21
—	Cart,	10	March to October,	233	22
£3 10s. to £6 13s. 4d.	Cart, rail, and steamer,	109	All the year,	214	23
£4	Rail,	7	January to April, and Nov. and Dec.	2	24
£2 10s. to £5	Cart, rail, and steamer,	29	All the year,	127	25
£3 to £7 17s 3d	do.,	160	do.,	477	26
£3 8s. to £6 10s.	do.,	40	do.,	52	27
		3,818		6,520	

APPENDIX NO. 16.

LOANS.

The following tables show the transactions in regard to Loans out of the
SEA AND COAST FISHERIES FUND.

TABLE NO. 1.

TABLE showing the Loans applied for and recommended out of the £20,000 reserved (in accordance with the Purchase of Land and Congested Districts (Ireland) Act, 1891). from the Sea and Coast Fisheries Fund, for administration in Non-Congested Districts, during 1903.

COUNTY.	Number of Applications.	Number of Applicants.	Amount of Loans applied for in 1903.	Number of Loans Recommended.	Number of persons to whom Loans Recommended.	Amount of Loans Recommended in 1903.	Amounts actually issued between 1st January and 31st December, 1903.
			£ s. d.			£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Antrim.	4	7	318 18 8	4	7	319 0 0	204 5 0
Clare.	9	15	277 6 8	8	11	174 0 0	157 0 0
Cork.	18	29	254 14 0	16	26	217 15 0	212 7 0
Donegal.	5	6	51 0 0	4	5	46 0 0	46 0 0
Down.	3	5	510 0 0	3	5	510 0 0	490 0 0
Dublin.	1	1	225 0 0	1	1	225 0 0	223 16 11
Galway.	33	33	387 0 0	33	33	387 0 0	407 4 0
Kerry.	3	5	31 0 0	3	5	31 0 0	34 0 0
Leitrim.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Limerick.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Londonderry.	5	7	307 0 0	5	7	307 0 0	307 0 0
Louth.	2	4	100 0 0	2	4	100 0 0	100 0 0
Mayo.	22	23	162 10 0	22	23	162 10 0	169 0 0
Meath.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sligo.	7	12	76 5 0	7	12	76 5 0	76 5 0
Waterford.	2	4	103 0 0	1	3	9 0 0	—
Wexford.	5	5	49 11 0	4	4	36 1 0	36 1 0
Wicklow.	1	1	120 0 0	1	1	120 0 0	120 0 0
Total.	120	157	2,978 4 10	114	140	2,723 11 0	2,652 18 11

* Includes £13 1s. 0d. expenses in connection with boat "Arrow."

APPENDIX NO. 16—continued.
SEA AND COAST FISHERIES FUND.
(NON-CONGESTED DISTRICTS)

TABLE NO. 2.

STATEMENT by the Commissioners of Public Works in Ireland, showing the various transactions between 1st January, 1903, and 31st December, 1903, in pursuance of the Act 54 & 55 Vic., cap. 48, Part II., by which the sum of £20,000 was set apart for Loans in Non-Congested Districts.

COUNTIES.	Balance on 31st December, 1903.		Cash received during year 1903.			Stock purchased in the year.	Expenditure during 1903.			Balance on 31st December, 1903.	
	Government Stock.	Cash.	Repayments on Loans.	Dividend on stock.	Total.		No. of Loans	Advances on Loans for Fishery purposes.	Cash invested in purchase of Stock.	Government Stock.	Cash.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Antrim.			142 1 10				5	201 5 0			
Clare,			86 10 2				6	157 0 0			
Cork,			302 5 7				16	242 7 0			
Donegal,			51 18 9				4	48 0 0			
Down,			178 10 0				2	490 0 0			
Dublin,			339 8 7				1	293 16 11			
Galway,			604 19 5				39	394 0 0			
Kerry,			78 2 7				3	113 4 0			
Limerick,	14,000 0 0	6,590 19 2	50 18 2	367 10 0	2,784 16 9	6,000	34 0 0	5,338 3 6	20,000 0 0	1,354 13 6	
Londonderry,			131 16 0				5	207 0 0			
Louth,			49 18 6				2	100 0 0			
Mayo,			131 12 0				20	169 0 0			
Sligo,			48 16 9				7	76 5 0			
Waterford,			80 0 8								
Wexford,			30 0 5				4	36 1 0			
Wicklow,			104 9 4				1	120 0 0			
	14,000 0 0	6,590 19 2	2,417 6 9	367 10 0	2,784 16 9	6,000	100	2,682 18 11	5,338 3 6	20,000 0 0	1,354 13 6

* Expenses in connection with boat "Arrow."

APPENDIX

(NON-CONGESTED)

TABLE

STATEMENT of the Total Amounts Advanced, and the Total Repayments from 5th August, 1891, to 31st December, 1903, together

COUNTIES.	Total Number of Loans Advanced.	LOANS		
		To 31st December, 1902.	During the year 1903.	Total to 31st December, 1903.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Antrim,	31	813 5 5	201 5 0	1,017 10 5
Clare,	103	882 0 0	157 0 0	1,039 0 0
Cork,	178	5,037 17 4	242 7 0	5,330 4 4
Donegal,	61	1,019 9 2	46 0 0	1,065 9 2
Down,	37	1,423 4 6	490 0 0	1,913 4 6
Dublin,	28	3,627 7 6	293 16 11	3,921 4 5
Galway,	280	6,763 17 4	394 0 0	7,157 17 4
Kerry,	52	2,182 1 4	34 0 0	2,216 1 4
Limerick,	11	659 19 4	—	659 19 4
Londonderry	53	1,358 8 0	307 0 0	1,665 8 0
Louth,	29	330 0 4	100 0 0	430 0 4
Mayo,	277	1,919 15 0	169 0 0	2,038 15 0
Sligo,	70	806 12 0	76 5 0	882 17 0
Waterford,	50	812 8 10	—	812 8 10
Wexford,	42	511 10 2	36 1 0	577 11 2
Wicklow,	8	1,070 0 0	120 0 0	1,190 0 0
	1,310	29,327 14 3	2,669 14 11	31,997 0 2

No. 16—*continued.*

DISTRICTS.)

No. 3.

on Open Accounts, the Amounts of Promissory Notes given as Security with the Balance outstanding and the Amounts in Arrear.

ADVANCED.		Repayments to 31st December, 1903.	Outstanding Promissory Notes not arrived at maturity.	ARREARS.	
Promissory Notes given as security for Principal and Interest at 2½ per cent. per annum.				No. of Loans.	Amount.
£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
1,118	0 7	720	8 6	3	15 6 11
1,096	7 0	859	10 4	7	18 13 0
5,790	9 3	4,655	2 3	13	105 3 11
1,129	7 11	936	13 7	2	6 4 10
2,077	12 9	1,010	10 10	2	36 10 4
4,263	9 1	3,161	16 6	1	*24 4 6
7,718	1 3	5,865	6 8	11	1367 5 3
2,338	8 8	2,224	10 3	4	32 4 8
732	19 4	727	13 0	—	—
1,789	19 9	1,204	7 7	2	4 2 3
456	7 0	317	5 6	2	9 19 8
2,200	5 6	1,911	11 7	3	58 8 0
937	7 10	792	1 2	4	8 10 0
871	3 2	667	11 3	4	171 17 0
617	11 6	494	10 9	—	—
1,322	17 6	1,023	10 3	—	—
31,460	8 0	26,652	10 0	58	707 15 10

Irrecoverable:—

* £24 4s. 6d.

† £149 15s. 0d.

‡ £103 13s. 0d.

Bont "Arrow."

§ £24 4s. 0d.

|| £71 17s. 0d.

APPENDIX No. 17.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel Fisheries of IRELAND.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
ALL TRAWLING.	
All Trawling. DUBLIN BAY. (10th Oct., 1842.)	Prohibiting Trawling inside lines drawn from the Bally Lighthouse at Howth, to the Easternmost point of the rocks called the "Mugglins"; thence by a straight line to the Southern point of Dalkey Island; thence by a straight line across Dalkey Sound, in the direction of the signal station on Killiney Hill.
EAST COAST. (14th Feb., 1851.) (31st Dec., 1872.)	Prohibiting Trawling within a line drawn from Dunany Point to Cranfield Point in the County Down. (Remainder of By-law repealed, <i>see post</i> .) Repealing so much of the By-law, dated 15th February, 1851, as prohibits Trawling at all times within or to the Westward of the limit formed as follows, namely, by a straight line drawn from the Nose of Howth to the Eastern Point of St. Patrick's Island (Skerries), in the County of Dublin, and from the Eastern Point of St. Patrick's Island (Skerries), in the County of Dublin, to Clogher Head, in the County of Louth, and from said Clogher Head to Dunany Point in the County of Louth; and the effect thereof prohibiting to use any Trawl Net within the limits named above between the Nose of Howth and Dunany Point, between the 1st of November in each year, and the 1st of May in the year following.
DUNDRUM BAY, &c. (3rd Dec., 1851.)	Prohibiting Trawling from Hellyhunter Rock, off Cranfield Point, to St. John's Point, both in the County Down.
BELFAST LOUGH, (20th April, 1894.)	Repealing and rescinding the By-law of 27th November, 1863, and enacting as follows:— 1. The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited at all times in that part of Belfast Lough inside, or to the Westward and Southward of an imaginary line drawn from Whiteabbey (in the County of Antrim), in a S.E. direction to Holywood (in the County of Down). 2. The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited during the months of January, February, March, April, May, and June, both by day and by night, in that part of the Belfast Lough situated between the following imaginary lines:— a. A straight line from Green Island (in the County of Antrim) to Cultra (in the County of Down). b. A straight line from Whiteabbey (in the County of Antrim) to Holywood (in the County of Down). 3. The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited between the hours of sunset and sunrise during the months of July, August, September, October, November, and December, in that part of the Belfast Lough situated between the following imaginary lines:— a. A straight line from Green Island (in the County of Antrim) to Cultra (in the County of Down). b. A straight line from Whiteabbey (in the County of Antrim) to Holywood (in the County of Down). 4. The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited between the hours of Six o'clock in the Evening, and Six o'clock in the Morning, during the months of December, January, and February, in that part of the Belfast Lough inside, or to the Westward and Southward of a straight line drawn from the Castle of Carrickfergus (in the County of Antrim) to Rockport (in the County of Down).
LOUGH SWILLY, (County of Donegal.) (3rd November, 1897.)	Prohibiting Trawling in that part of Lough Swilly (County of Donegal), lying inside or to the southward of an imaginary line drawn in a westerly direction from Hawk's Nest Point on the Island of Inch to the Bridge over the conjoined Rivers Ballasallagh and Glenalka.
INVER BAY, DONEGAL BAY, (16th Feb., 1857.)	Prohibiting Trawling within a straight line from the Blinn Rock, to a place called Doorin Point.

APPENDIX NO. 17—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
DONEGAL BAY, (15th Nov., 1870.)	Repealing such part of the By-Law of 16th February, 1837, as prohibits Trawling in that part of Donegal Bay from a place called, on the Ordnance Map of Ireland, "Blind Rock," in the Townland of Drumaneary, to the Northern Point of the Townland of Rosknowlagh Lower, and from thence to Kildoney Point, in the Townland of Kildoney, and from thence to a place called, on the Ordnance Map of Ireland, Pointinchose, near Tynte Lodge, in the Townland of Tullaghan.
LACKEN BAY, (7th July, 1891.)	Prohibiting Trawling, in Lacken Bay, County Mayo, inside or to the South-west of an imaginary line drawn from Kileummin Head to Crovagh, all in said County, at all times save during the months of June and July in each year.
ACHILL ISLAND, (21th April, 1897.)	Prohibiting the method of Fishing known as Trawling off that part of the South Shore of Achill Island (County of Mayo), lying inside or to the northward of an imaginary line from Achill Head to Doogha Head.
GALWAY BAY, (9th Jan., 1854.)	When large shoals of Herrings shall have set in the Bay, and while Boats are engaged in Drifiting for Herrings or Mackerel, and when Boats shall commence Fishing for Herrings or Mackerel, Trawl Boats shall keep at a distance of three miles from them.
GALWAY BAY, (11th Jan., 1891.)	Prohibiting, during the months of January, February, and March, in each year, to use the method of fishing known as Trawling in that part of Galway Bay, inside or to the Eastward of an imaginary line drawn from the Quay at Barna, in the County of Galway, to the Martello Tower on Finvarra Point, in the County of Clare.
SEAS ADJACENT TO ARRAN ISLANDS, (1st Oct., 1896.)	Prohibiting Trawling during the months of March, April, and May, in each year, within the distance of two miles seaward of an imaginary line drawn along the line of low water mark of Spring tides on the coast of Inishmore, or North Arran Island; and also within the distance of half a mile seaward of an imaginary line drawn along the line of low water mark of Spring tides on the Coast of Inisheer, or South Arran Island, save and except on that portion of the Western and North Western Coasts of the said Inishmore, or South Arran Island, which extends from Tonfeehny Point to Ballyhee Point.
BRANDON BAY, (23rd Aug., 1860.)	Prohibiting Trawling within a line drawn from Brandon Point to Coosanea.
COAST OF THE COUNTY OF KERRY, (13th November, 1897.)	Prohibiting Trawling in Smerwick Harbour, within or to landwards of an imaginary line from Ballydavid Head to East Sister (both in the County of Kerry); except between the Fifteenth day of May and the Fifteenth day of July in each year, both days inclusive.
COUNTY KERRY, (Between Bray Head and Puffin Island.) (9th Sept., 1892.)	Prohibiting at all times, save and except during the months of May and June, in each year, to use the method of Fishing known as Trawling in that part of the Sea off the Coast of County Kerry, inside or to the Eastward of an imaginary line drawn from Bray Head, Valentia Island, in a Southerly direction to Black Head, the South-western extremity of Puffin Island.
KENMARE BAY, (7th June, 1894.)	The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited in that part of Kenmare Bay, situated between the following Imaginary lines, during the months of September, October, November, and December, in each year:— a. A straight line from the Western Point of Ross-dohan Island to the Western Point of the entrance to Kilmakilloge Harbour. b. A straight line from Lackeen Point to Boat Cove on the opposite shore.

All Trawling con.

APPENDIX No. 17—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
All Trawling—con. BANTRY BAY, (4th June, 1894.)	<p>Repealing and rescinding the By-Laws of 27th March, 1858, and 11th September, 1861, and enacting as follows—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited at all times in that part of Bantry Bay comprised within a straight line drawn from Crowdy Point, in the Townland of Bearnagh, Parish of Kilsaskan, and Barony of Bear, to Carrigs-kye Rock, off the Townland of Ardaturrishmore, in the Barony of Bantry, and from Carrigs-kye Rock to Reenavanny Point in the Townland of Reenavanny, Parish of Kilmocomoge, and Barony of Bantry, on the north shore of Whiddy Island, and also inside or to the east of the Bar between Whiddy Island and the mainland. 2. The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited at all times in that part of Bantry Bay situated between the following imaginary lines:— <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. A straight line from Piper Point to Na-glos Point. b. A straight line from the Perch (at the entrance to Castletown Harbour), to the point of land on Bear Island, adjacent to Sheep Islands.
BANTRY BAY—con. NOTE—See following By-Law:—	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. The method of Fishing known as Trawling is hereby prohibited between sunset and sunrise in that part of Bantry Bay situated inside or to the North East of an imaginary line from Sheep's Head on the South, to Doonbeg Head on Bear Island, and continued by a line from the point of land on Bear Island, adjacent to Sheep Islands, to the Perch (at the entrance to Castletown Harbour).
BANTRY BAY, (6th April, 1897.)	<p>Repealing and rescinding the 3rd of the above By-Laws of the 4th June, 1894, and in lieu thereof—</p> <p>Prohibiting the method of Fishing known as Trawling between sunset and ten of the clock in the forenoon of the following day in that part of Bantry Bay situated inside or to the North East of an imaginary line from Sheep's Head on the South, to Doonbeg Head on Bear Island, and continued by a line from the point of land on Bear Island, adjacent to Sheep Islands, to the Perch (at the entrance to Castletown Harbour).</p>
BANTRY BAY, (7th April, 1897.)	<p>Prohibiting the method of Fishing known as Trawling between ten of the clock in the forenoon, and sunset, in that part of Bantry Bay situated between the following imaginary lines:—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a.) A straight line from Coarraid Point to Palmer Point. (b.) A straight line from Bull Island to Ronearrig Island and thence to Loneport Point.
COAST OF THE COUNTY OF CORK, (7th Nov., 1903.)	<p>Prohibiting to use any Trawl Net at any time—save between eight of the clock in the morning and sunset, during the months of March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, and November, in each year—within or landwards of imaginary straight lines (a) to the Beacon on Alderman Rocks, from the point of the mainland nearest thereto, and (b) from the Beacon on Alderman Rocks to Castle Point; all in the county of Cork.</p>
WATERFORD HARBOUR, (15th Dec., 1873.)	<p>Prohibiting Trawling by Boats exceeding ten tons measurement, within a line drawn from Gaultier Cottage, County Waterford, to Braemhill Point, County Wexford.</p>
WEXFORD COAST, (20th April, 1849.)	<p>1stly—Prohibiting Trawling in all places where there are Boats engaged in Herring or Mackerel Drift Net Fishing; 2ndly, Trawl Boats shall keep at a distance of at least three miles from all Boats fishing for Herrings or Mackerel with Drift Nets; 3rdly, Whenever Herring or Mackerel Boats shall commence Drift Net Fishing in any place, on or off the Coast of Wexford, the Trawl Boats shall depart therefrom, and keep at least three miles distant from the Drift Net Herring or Mackerel Boats.</p>

APPENDIX No. 17—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law
<p>COAST OF COUNTY OF WEXFORD. (30th Nov., 1898.)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">STEAM TRAWLING ONLY.</p> <p>Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling off the Coast of the County of Wexford, situated within imaginary straight lines from Hook Head to Coningbeg Light Ship thence to the Barrels Rock Light Ship, thence to the Tuskar Rock Light, thence to the Blackwater Light Ship, and thence to Calore Point, in the County of Wexford.</p> <p>And repealing the By-law of the 9th day of September, 1890, by which Steam Trawling was prohibited off that part of the Coast of the County of Wexford comprised within the space bounded by imaginary lines drawn from Crossfarnoge Point near Kilmore to the North Point of the Island called North Saltee—and from the Southern Point of the said Island of North Saltee to the North Point of the Island called South Saltee—and from the South Point of the said Island of South Saltee to Coningmore Rock, and from said Coningmore Rock to Coningbeg Light Ship, and from said Coningbeg Light Ship to the Barrels Rock Light—and thence to Carnsore Point.</p>
<p>COAST OF THE COUNTIES OF CORK, WATERFORD, AND WEXFORD (10th July, 1897.)</p>	<p>Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling off the Coast of the Counties of Cork, Waterford, and Wexford, situated within an imaginary line from Ballycotton Pier to the Light House on Ballycotton Island, and thence in an easterly direction to Hook Head, in the County of Wexford, and also within the distance of three miles seaward of said imaginary line. And also repealing and rescinding the By-law of the 19th day of December, 1890, by which Steam Trawling was prohibited in that part of Waterford Harbour, lying to the northward of an imaginary line drawn from Gaultier Cottage in the County of Waterford, to Broomhill Point in the County of Wexford—this area being included in the area set forth in the foregoing By-law.</p>
<p>COAST OF THE COUNTY OF CORK. (20th November, 1897.)</p>	<p>Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling off that part of the Coast of the County of Cork, situated within or landwards of the following imaginary lines, namely—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. From Sheep's Head to Three Castle Head, both in the County of Cork. b. From Mizen Head in the County of Cork, to the Fastnet Rock; thence to the Stags of Castletavern; and thence to Galley Head in the County of Cork. <p>And also prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling off that part of the Coast of the County of Cork, situated within or to landwards of, and also within a distance of three miles seaward of, the following imaginary line, namely—</p> <p>A line from Galley Head to Seven Heads, thence to the Old Head of Kinsale, and thence to Ballycotton Light House—all in the County of Cork.</p>
<p>BANTRY BAY, (5th April, 1897.)</p>	<p>Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, of more than twenty tons nett register, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling, in Bantry Bay inside an imaginary line from Crow Head to Sheep's Head, both in the County of Cork.</p>

APPENDIX NO. 17—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Steam Trawling— <i>con.</i> COAST OF THE COUNTIES OF KERRY AND CORK. (23rd December, 1903.)	Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling between sunset and sunrise during the Months of April, May, and June in each year in the following area, namely:— Within or landwards of imaginary straight lines extending from Dunmore Head, in the County of Kerry, to the most westerly point of the Great Basket Island; thence to the Great Foze Rock; thence to the Lighthouse on the Great Skellig; thence to the Lighthouse on the Bull Rock; thence to Dursey Head (on Dursey Island); and thence to Crow Head, in the County of Cork.
KENMARE BAY. (5th July, 1897.)	Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling in Kenmare Bay, within imaginary lines from Hogs Head to the outermost point of Scariff Island, in the County of Kerry, thence to Dursey Head (on Dursey Island), and thence to Crow Head, in the County of Cork.
COUNTY KERRY, (Between Bray Head and Puffin Island). (9th Sept., 1892.) (See following By-Law.)	Prohibiting at all times, to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as Trawling, in that part of the Sea off the Coast of County Kerry, inside or to the Eastward of an imaginary line drawn from Bray Head, Valentia Island, in a Southerly direction to Black Head, the South-Western extremity of Puffin Island.
COAST OF THE COUNTY OF KERRY. (13th Nov., 1897.)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as Beam Trawling or other trawling in Smerwick Harbour within or to landwards of an imaginary line from Ballydavid Head to East Sister (both in the County of Kerry), between the 15th day of May and the 15th day of July in each year, both days inclusive. 2. Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as beam trawling or other trawling within or to the landwards of the following imaginary lines, namely— From Dunmore Head to the Great Basket Island, and from the most westerly point of the latter to Lemon Rock and thence to Scariff Island, all in the County of Kerry.
GALWAY BAY, (14th Dec., 1891.)	Prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as Trawling, in Galway Bay, Counties Galway and Clare, inside or to the East of imaginary lines drawn from Hag's Head in the County of Clare, to Beeragh Island, at the North-Westerly point of Innishmore or North Arran Island, and thence to Golam Head in the County of Galway.
CLEGGAN BAY, (County Galway.) (24th July, 1895.)	Prohibiting during the months of January, February, March, April, May, and June in each year, Steam Trawling in Cleggan Bay, County of Galway, within or to the Southward of an imaginary line drawn from the most Northerly part of Cleggan Point in the County of Galway, to Roellaun Island, and thence in a South-easterly direction to the nearest point of the mainland of the County of Galway.

APPENDIX No. 17—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
CLEW BAY, (18th Nov., 1897.)	<p>Repealing the By-law dated 30th June, 1892, which prohibited during the months of January, February, March, and April, in each year, to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as Trawling, in Clew Bay, County of Mayo, inside or to the Eastward of imaginary lines drawn from Achilbeg in the County of Mayo, to the Light House on Clare Island, and from Kinnacorra Point in Clare Island, to Roonagh Head in the County of Mayo.</p> <p>And in lieu thereof prohibiting to use from any Steamer or Steamship, or Vessel propelled by steam, the method of fishing known as Beam Trawling or other trawling in Clew Bay, County of Mayo, inside or to the Eastward of imaginary lines drawn from Achilbeg, in the County of Mayo, to the Light House on Clare Island, and from Kinnacorra Point in Clare Island, to Roonagh Head in the County of Mayo.</p>
BLACKSOD BAY (23rd July, 1896.)	<p>Prohibiting Steam Trawling in Blacksod Bay, inside or to the Eastward of imaginary straight lines drawn from Achil Head in the County of Mayo, to Turduvillaun, and thence through the group of Islands of which Duvillaunmore is the chief, to Blacksod Point on the Mullet, County of Mayo.</p>
LACKEN BAY, (County of Mayo.) (7th March, 1891.)	<p>Prohibiting Steam Trawling in Lacken Bay, County Mayo, inside or to the South-west of an imaginary line drawn from Kileummin Head to Crevagh, all in said County.</p>
KILLALA BAY, (Counties of Mayo and Sligo.) (7th March, 1891.) (2nd August, 1894.)	<p>Prohibiting Steam Trawling in any part of Killala Bay, at any time when large shoals of Herrings or Mackerel shall have set in, and while Boats are at such time engaged in Drift Net Fishing for taking of Herrings or Mackerel.</p> <p>Prohibiting Steam Trawling in that part of Killala Bay lying inside or to the Southward of an imaginary line drawn from the Coast Guard Station at Kileummin, in the County of Mayo, to the Coast Guard Station at Innisronee, in the County of Sligo, between the 1st day of August in any year, and the 1st day of May in the year following.</p>
DONEGAL BAY, (14th March, 1895.)	<p>First.—Prohibiting at all times Steam Trawling in that part of Donegal Bay lying inside or to the Eastward of an imaginary line drawn from the Light House on St. John's Point, in the County of Donegal, to the Watch House at the Coast Guard Station at Mullaghmore, in the County of Sligo.</p> <p>Second.—Prohibiting during the months of January, February, September, October, November, and December in each year, Steam Trawling in that part of Donegal Bay lying inside or to the Eastward of an imaginary line drawn from the Watch House at the Coast Guard Station at Teelin in the County of Donegal, to the Western point of the Island of Inishmurray, and thence to Streedagh Point in the County of Sligo.</p>
SHEEPHAVEN BAY (County of Donegal). (3rd April, 1891.) (2nd July, 1894.)	<p>Prohibiting Steam Trawling in that part of Sheephaven Bay, inside or to the Southward of an imaginary line drawn from Horn Head to Rinnafaglia, otherwise Doocy Point, at any time when large shoals of Herrings or Mackerel shall have set in, and while Boats are at such time engaged in Drift Net Fishing for Herrings or Mackerel.</p> <p>Prohibiting Steam Trawling in that part of Sheephaven Bay, lying inside or to the Southward of an imaginary line drawn from Breghey Head to Rinnafaglia, otherwise Doocy Point, both in the County of Donegal.</p>

APPENDIX NO. 17—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Steam Trawling— COASTS OF ANTRIM, LONDON- DERRY AND DONEGAL. (5th August, 1890.)	Prohibiting Steam Trawling off that part of the Coasts of the Counties of Antrim, Londonderry, and Donegal, comprised within the space bounded to seaward by an imaginary line drawn from Ramore Head at the Point of Portrush in the County of Antrim in a westerly direction to a place called Warren Point on the opposite shore in the County of Donegal, and bounded landward by the shores of the respective Counties, and an imaginary line drawn across the mouth of Lough Foyle from Magilligan Point to Greencastle.
COAST OF COUNTY DOWN, - (10th Sept., 1896.)	Prohibiting Steam Trawling within the distance of three miles seaward of an imaginary straight line drawn from St. John's Point to Ringfad Point, and thence to Phennick Point; and of a line drawn thence along the line of low water mark of Spring tides to the Northernmost point of Gun's Island, all in the County of Down.
PARTS OF EAST COAST, (25th Nov., 1902.)	Prohibiting Steam Trawling in the following areas:— 1. An area off the coasts of the Counties of Dublin, Meath, Louth, and Down, bounded landward by the shores of the said Counties of Dublin, Meath, Louth and Down; and bounded seaward by imaginary straight lines from the Nose of Howth to the most easterly point of Lambay Island; thence to the Light on Rockabill; thence to the Lighthouse on Skerries Pier; and thence to Cranfield Point, in the County of Down. 2. An area off the coasts of the Counties of Louth and Down, bounded landward by the shores of the said Counties of Louth and Down; and bounded seaward by an imaginary straight line from Clogher Head, in the County of Louth, to St. John's Point, in the County of Down.
TRAMMEL NETS.	
Trammel Nets. DUBLIN BAY. (23rd Feb., 1895.)	First—Permitting to use between sunrise and sunset, Trammel Nets for the capture of Sea Fish in any part of the Bay of Dublin, within or to the Westward of the limit formed as follows, namely, by a straight line from the Baily Light House at Howth, to the Easternmost point of the Rocks called the Mugglins; thence by a straight line to the Southern point of Dalkey Island; thence by a straight line across Dalkey Sound, to Sorrento Point. Second—Prohibiting the use of any Trammel Net in any part of the Bay of Dublin, within or to the Westward of the limit described in the foregoing either between sunset and sunrise, or between sunrise and sunset, of a greater depth than six feet, measured from the foot rope to the cork rope, when the Net is mounted ready for fishing.
DUNGARVAN BAY. (4th July 1849.)	Prohibiting the use of Trammel and every other Fixed or Moored Net (except Bag or other Nets for the taking of Salmon) in Dungarvan Bay, within the limit formed as follows, namely, the space lying between a line passing due East and West, through the Northernmost point of Helvick Head, and a line passing due East and West through the Southernmost point of Ballinacourty Head, in the Co. Waterford; but to the North and East of the line through Ballinacourty Head, and to the South and West of the line through Helvick Head, such Trammel or Moored Nets may be set, and remain set in the water from Three o'clock p.m., of one day, until nine o'clock, a.m., in the following day, during January, March, October, November, and December in each Year; and from Five o'clock, p.m., of one day, to Seven o'clock, a.m., in the following day, during May, June, July, August, and September. Also prohibiting such nets athwart or within 200 yards of any boat, which at the time of setting such Net shall be moored, and the Crew thereof engaged in Line Fishing; and to every train of such Trammel or Moored Nets shall be attached at least one floating buoy or board, upon which shall be painted in legible characters not less than one inch in length, in white upon a black ground, the Letter of the District and the name of the Owner to which such Net belongs.

APPENDIX NO. 17—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the *Sea Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
BALLYCOTTIN BAY, . (16th February, 1897.)	Repealing By-law of 13th April, 1889, of permitting the use of Trammel Nets for the capture of Sea Fish in that part of Ballycottin Bay outside an imaginary line drawn one-quarter of a mile from and parallel to low water mark of ordinary Spring Tides, and inside an imaginary line drawn from Knockadoon Head to the Lighthouse on Ballycottin Island, and thence to Ballycottin Pier, between sunrise and sunset. Trammel Nets—<i>con.</i>
Do., . (9th May, 1903.)	Repealing so much of the By-Laws dated 16th February, 1897, as permitted the use of Trammel Nets for the capture of Sea Fish between sunrise and sunset in that part of Ballycottin Bay outside an imaginary line drawn one-quarter of a mile from and parallel to low water mark of ordinary Spring Tides, and inside an imaginary line drawn from Knockadoon Head to the Lighthouse on Ballycottin Island and thence to Ballycottin Pier. And in lieu thereof:
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Permitting to use Trammel Nets for the capture of Sea Fish between sunrise and sunset during the months of January, February, March, September, October, November, and December, in each year, in Ballycottin Bay—by which is meant, for the purposes of this By-Law, that portion of the Sea inside or landward of imaginary straight lines from the point of the mainland nearest Ballycottin Lighthouse to Ballycottin Lighthouse; thence to the old Telegraph Tower on Knockadoon Head. 2. Permitting to use Trammel Nets for the capture of Sea Fish between sunrise and sunset during the months of April, May, June, July, and August, in each year, in said Ballycottin Bay (as above described), except in those portions thereof which are mentioned in the following By-Law (No 3). 3. Prohibiting to use any Trammel Net for the capture of Sea Fish between sunset and sunrise during the months of April, May, June, July, and August, in each year, in the following two portions of said Ballycottin Bay (as above described):— <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a.) That portion lying within or landwards of an imaginary straight line from the point of the mainland nearest Ballycottin Lighthouse to the said Lighthouse, and an imaginary straight line from the said Lighthouse to Kilmallon Church. (b.) That portion lying within or landwards of an imaginary straight line from the Roman Catholic Church at Ballycottin to Ballycreenne Castle.
OLD HEAD AND FLAT HEAD, KINSALE. (1st April, 1887.)	Prohibiting to set or use off or to the southward of any part of the coast of the County Cork, between the Old Head of Kinsale and Flat Head, any Trammel Net within 250 yards of any boat which at time of setting such Net shall be moored, and crew thereof engaged in line fishing.
BANTRY BAY, . (27th August, 1897.)	Permitting use of Trammel Nets in Bantry Bay, County Cork, during months of October, November, December, January, February, and March, between sunrise and ten o'clock in the forenoon, and between three o'clock in the afternoon and sunset, and during months of April, May, June, July, August, and September, between sunrise and seven o'clock in the forenoon, and between five o'clock in the afternoon and sunset.
KENMARE RIVER ESTUARY, (31st Dec., 1861.)	Permitting within the Estuary of the Kenmare River, in the County of Kerry, and eastward of a line drawn from the western point of Lamb's Head to the western point of Cod's Head, the use of Trammel and other Moored Nets for the capture of Sea Fish, from the hour of Three o'clock

APPENDIX NO. 17—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Trammel Nets—con. KENMARE RIVER ESTUARY— <i>continued.</i>	in the Afternoon of any one day to the hour of Nine o'Clock in the Morning of the day next following, during the months of October, November, December, January, February, and March, in each year; and from the hour of Five o'clock in the Afternoon of any one day to the hour of Seven o'Clock in the Morning of the day following, during the months of April, May, June, July, August, and September.
INVER BAY, (24th Feb., 1860.)	Prohibiting the use of Trammel Nets within or to the North-east of a line drawn from the Mouth of the Bunlaghy River to Doorin Point.
DUNDALK BAY, (25th March, 1899.)	Authorizing the use, between sunrise and sunset, from the 14th day of March to the 14th day of August in each year, both said days inclusive, of Trammel Nets for the capture of Sea Fish in any part of the Bay of Dundalk, within or to the Westward of the limit formed as follows, namely, by a straight line from Dunany Point to Ballaghan Point (both in the County of Louth).
Do., (3rd June, 1899.)	Prohibiting the use of Trammel Nets in Dundalk Bay (between Dunany Point and Ballaghan Point) between the 15th day of August and the 30th day of September in each year, both said days inclusive.
General. DROGHEDA & DUNDALK DISTRICTS (East Coast). (8th Oct., 1861.)	<p style="text-align: center;">GENERAL.</p> <p>Repealing By-law, dated 22nd October, 1873, and in lieu thereof enacting the following By-laws, Rules, and Regulations:—</p> <p>First.—The use, for the Capture of White Sea Fish, of Nets commonly called and known as Draw or Wade Nets, having Meshes of less dimensions than Three and One-half Inches from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or Fourteen Inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements to be taken in the clear when the Net is wet), is hereby prohibited on that part of the Sea Coast and in the Tidal parts of all Rivers flowing into the Sea, situated between Ballywalter, opposite Newtown House, and the Mouth of the Annagassan River, both in the County Louth.</p> <p>Second.—The use, for the Capture of White Sea Fish, of Nets commonly called or known as Draw or Wade Nets, of greater length than Fifty yards, or of greater depth than Forty Meshes, or having Meshes of less dimensions than One and Three-quarter Inches from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or Seven Inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements to be taken in the clear when the Net is wet), is hereby prohibited on that part of the Sea Coast and in the Tidal parts of all Rivers flowing into the Sea, situated between Ben Head, in the County Meath and Ballywalter, opposite Newtown House, in the County Louth.</p> <p>Third.—The use of nets, commonly called and known as Draw or Wade Nets, is hereby prohibited during the <i>Annual Close Season for Salmon and Trout</i>, on that part of the Coast situated within a distance of a quarter of a statute mile from the Bar at the mouth of the River Boyue, such distance to be measured along the Coast from each side of said River.</p>

APPENDIX No. 17—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
DUNDALK DISTRICT, STRANGFORD LOUGH. (1st Dec., 1873.)	Prohibiting use of Poke Nets for capture of Fish inside a line drawn across Lough Strangford, from Mullog Point on the west to Ballyquintin Point on the east, between the last day of January and first day of November in each year.
DUNDRUM BAY, (31st Oct., 1898.)	Prohibiting to use Nets commonly called and known as Ground Seines or Tuck Nets hauled by steam power for the capture of sea fish in Dundrum Bay, off the Coast of the County of Down, between St. John's Point and Mullartown Point.
BELFAST LOUGH, (25th Sept., 1893.)	Prohibiting to use for the capture of Fish in Belfast Lough, Nets of the description commonly called and known as Poke Nets.
SEA COAST between Inishowen Head, CO. DONEGAL, and Macgilligan Point, CO. LONDONDERRY (including Lough Foyle.) (19th August, 1895.)	<p>First.—Prohibiting the use of nets commonly called and known as Draw or Wade Nets or any other description of Draft Nets for the capture of White Sea Fish on that part of the Sea Coast between Inishowen Head, County Donegal, and Macgilligan Point, County Londonderry (including Lough Foyle), and in all tidal parts of Rivers flowing into the Sea between said points; but this By-Law is not to be construed to prohibit the use of legal draft nets for the capture of Salmon.</p> <p>Second.—Prohibiting to have in possession, or in any boat, for the purpose of taking any White Sea Fish on that part of the Coast between Inishowen Head, County Donegal, and Macgilligan Point, County Londonderry (including Lough Foyle), or in the tidal portions of any Rivers flowing into the Sea between those points, or in any part of the Sea between said points, any Draw or Wade Net or any other description of Draft Net, save and except legal Draft Nets for the capture of Salmon during the period in which it is now legal to have such draft nets for the capture of Salmon, on board any boat in that part of the Sea Coast above mentioned.</p>
SEA COAST, COUNTY DONEGAL, (30th Jan., 1874.)	Prohibiting use of Draw or Wade Nets for capture of Fish between Dunaff Head and Dunmore Head, and tidal parts of rivers flowing into the sea between said points and around the shores of Inishtrahull.
SEA COAST (between Dunaff Head and Dunmore Head), COUNTY DONEGAL, (2nd September, 1886.)	<p>First.—Prohibiting the use of Draw or Wade Nets or any other description of Draft Nets for the capture of White Sea Fish, save legal Draft Nets having meshes of at least one and three-quarter inches from knot to knot, or seven inches in the round, used for the capture of salmon, between Dunaff Head and Dunmore Head, and tidal parts of rivers flowing into the sea between said points and around the shores of Inishtrahull, or any other islands off said coast.</p> <p>Second.—Prohibiting having in possession, or in any boat, for the purpose of taking any White Sea Fish, any Draw or Wade Net, or any other description of Draft Net, save legal Draft Nets for the capture of salmon, on that part of the coast between Dunaff Head and Dunmore Head, and tidal parts of rivers flowing into the sea, between said points and around the shores of Inishtrahull, or any other islands off said coast, or in any part of the sea between said points or off said islands.</p>

APPENDIX NO. 17—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
General— <i>con.</i> SEA COAST (between Dunmore Head and Oldcastle Point), COUNTY DONEGAL, (29th January, 1889.)	<p>Firstly—Prohibiting to use or have in possession or in any boat, for the purpose of taking any White Sea Fish, any Nets commonly called and known as Draw or Wade Nets, or any other description of Nets, for the capture of White Sea Fish on that part of the Sea Coast of the County of Donegal, between Dunmore Head and Oldcastle Point, and in all tidal waters of rivers flowing into the sea, between the said points, and around the shores of any Rocks or Islands situated off that portion of the said Coast, or in any part of the Sea between said points, between the 1st day of December in any year, and the 14th day of August in the following year; <i>provided always</i> that the By-Law is not to be construed to prohibit the use of legal Draft Nets, having meshes of at least one-and-three-quarter inches from knot to knot, or seven inches in the round when the Net is wet, for the capture of Salmon or Trout during the open season, and where the right to exercise the same exists.</p> <p>Secondly—Prohibiting to use or have in possession, or in any boat, for the purpose of taking any White Sea Fish, any Net for the capture of White Sea Fish on that part of the Sea Coast of Donegal between Dunmore Head and Oldcastle Point, and in all Tidal Waters of Rivers flowing into the Sea between the said points, and also around the shores of any Rocks or Islands situated off that portion of the said Coast, or in any part of the Sea between said points, with meshes of less than one inch from knot to knot, or four inches in the round when the Net is wet, between the 14th day of August in any one year, and the 1st day of December in the same year.</p>
SEA COAST, COUNTY DONEGAL, Bloody Foreland to Malin Head, (20th January, 1903.)	Prohibiting to have any drift net for the capture of herrings on board any fishing vessel, during the month of April in each year, within three miles of any part of the Coast which extends from the Bloody Foreland to Malin Head.
SHEEPHAVEN, (19th July, 1898.)	Prohibiting to use between sunrise and sunset any Draft or Seine Net, or any Net commonly called and known as a "Ring" Net, for the capture of Herrings in Sheephaven, inside or to the south of a line from Horn Head to Kinnafaglia Point.
TRAWENAGH BAY, (11th July, 1900.)	Prohibiting at all times, save between the 1st day of November and the thirty-first day of December, in each year (both said days inclusive), to use any net commonly called and known as a "Ring" net; or to use any net in the manner in which a "Ring" net is used, for the capture of herrings, in Trawenagh Bay, inside, or to the eastwards of an imaginary straight line from Doney Point to Falchorrib Point, both in the County of Donegal.
DONEGAL BAY, (21st April, 1874.)	Repealing By-law of 24th February, 1860, prohibiting use of Nets with Meshes less than one inch for capture of fish of any kind on that part of the coast of the County Donegal inside or to the north-east and north of lines drawn from Rossan Point to Teelin Head, and from Teelin Head to Carrigan Head, and from Carrigan Head to Muckcross Point, all in the Barony of Bannagh and County of Donegal.
Do., (30th Nov., 1898.)	Prohibiting to use Nets commonly called and known as Ground Seines or Tuck Nets hauled by steam power for the capture of sea fish in Donegal Bay, inside or to the Eastward of an imaginary line drawn from the Watch House at the Coast Guard Station at Teelin, in the County of Donegal, to the Western point of the Island of Inishmurray, and thence to Streedagh Point in the County of Sligo.

APPENDIX NO. 17—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
<p>FERTA OR VALENTIA RIVER AND ESTUARY. (19th Dec., 1896.)</p>	<p>Prohibiting to use any net for the capture of Coarse Fish (that is, Fish not Salmon and Trout), in the Ferta or Valentin River and also in that part of the Estuary of the said Ferta or Valentia River within or to the Northeast of an imaginary straight line drawn from Laght Point across the Estuary at right angles with the main current of the stream, during the Weekly Close Season for Salmon and Trout, and also during the Annual Close Season as now fixed, or may hereafter be fixed, as that in which the capture of Salmon and Trout by Nets is prohibited in said River, and in said part of said Estuary. General— <i>con.</i></p>
<p>ESTUARY OF THE RIVERS MAINE, LAUNE, CARAGH, AND BEHY. (19th Dec., 1896.)</p>	<p>1. Prohibiting to use for the capture of fish in the common Estuary of the Rivers Maine, Laune, Caragh, and Behy or Rossbehy, any Net of the description commonly called and known as a "Pusher" Net, the meshes of which shall be more than two and three-quarter inches from knot to knot, or eleven inches in the round (such measurements to be taken in the clear when the net is wet).</p> <p>2. Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, in or on the Banks of the said common Estuary of the Rivers Maine, Laune, Caragh, and Behy or Rossbehy, or in or on any boat, cot, curragh, or other vessel in said common Estuary, any Net of the description commonly called and known as a "Pusher" Net, the meshes of which shall be more than two and three-quarter inches from knot to knot, or eleven inches in the round (such measurements to be taken in the clear when the net is wet).</p>
<p>BALLINSKELIGS BAY, . (7th October, 1884.)</p>	<p>Prohibiting the throwing into the sea any stones or other matter, or thing, whereby the taking of fish may be impeded or whereby Nets or other Fishing Gear may be injured.</p>
<p>COURTMACHERRY BAY, (30th June, 1896.)</p>	<p>Prohibiting to use any Net, save Nets duly licensed and legally used for the capture of Salmon and Trout, and save also Sprat Nets, and Draft Nets for Herrings, in that part of Courtmacherry Bay, inside or to the Northward of an imaginary line drawn from Coolmain Point to Land Point, both in the County of Cork.</p>
<p>RIVER BANDON, . (5th Feb., 1897.)</p>	<p>Prohibiting to use any Sprat Net in that part of the River Bandon, situated above the Western or Iron Bridge at Kinsale.</p>
<p>Do., (6th Feb., 1897.)</p>	<p>Prohibiting to use any Sprat Net during the annual and weekly Close Seasons for Salmon and Trout, in that part of the River Bandon, inside the defined mouth thereof, in which the use of Sprat Nets is not otherwise prohibited.</p>
<p>Do., (10th Jan., 1898.)</p>	<p>Prohibiting to use any Net save Salmon Nets and Landing Nets used as auxiliary to fishing legally with Rod and Line in that part of the River Bandon, situated between lines drawn across the said River, from Ballywilliam Point to Ballyhauder Creek, and from the Stream on the east side of said River, dividing the Townlands of Coolmoreen and Skanagore, to the Stream on the opposite Shore dividing the Townlands of Dromkeen and Knockroe.</p>
<p>ARDMORE BAY, . (12th Nov., 1897.)</p>	<p>Prohibiting to use any drift net, save a drift net duly licensed and legally used for the capture of Salmon or Trout in Ardmore Bay, County of Waterford, within or to the north-west of an imaginary line from Ardmore Head to Mine Head.</p>

APPENDIX NO. 17—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, * and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
General— <i>con.</i>	<p>WATERFORD HARBOUR, (20th Oct., 1900.)</p> <p>Permitting to use Drift Nets for the capture of Herrings, between twelve of the clock, noon, and sunset, during the months of September, October, November, and December, in each year, within the limits bounded by the following imaginary lines, that is to say—on the South an imaginary straight line from Hook Tower, in the County of Wexford, to the Light House at Dunmore East, in the County of Waterford; and on the North, an imaginary straight line across the River Barrow at the Bridge at New Ross, and an imaginary straight line across the River Suir at the Bridge in the City of Waterford.</p>
<p>RIVER SLANEY and TRIBU- TARIES. (13th April, 1899.)</p>	<p>1. Prohibiting to use any Drift Net in the River Slaney and its Tributaries inside the defined mouth thereof. (Repealed, see By-Law of 2nd Dec., 1902.)</p> <p>2. Repealing the By-Law dated 25th March, 1854 (prohibiting the use of Nets of any kind in the River Slaney between Ferry Carrig Bridge and the Town of Enniscorthy, during the Close Season for Salmon), and in lieu thereof prohibiting to use any Net for the capture of any kind of Fish in the River Slaney and its Tributaries above Wexford Bridge, during the Annual Close Season for the capture of Salmon and Trout by Nets in said part of said River and Tributaries.</p>
<p>Do. (2nd December, 1902.)</p>	<p>3. Prohibiting to beat the waters of the River Slaney and its Tributaries below or seawards of Enniscorthy Bridge, with a stick or other implement, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of injuring fish which may be therein, or procuring the capture or killing thereof.</p> <p>Repealing No. 1 of the By-Laws of the 13th day of April, 1899; and enacting the following By-Law:</p> <p>It is hereby prohibited to use drift nets in the River Slaney, inside the defined mouth thereof, with the following exceptions, namely:—drift nets with meshes not exceeding one and a quarter inches from knot to knot, or five inches in the round (measured when the net is wet) if used for the capture of herrings during the months of October, November, and December in each year, within that part of the above prohibited area which lies between the following imaginary lines:—</p> <p>(a.) On the east, straight lines from Raven Point to Molly's Buoy, from Molly's Buoy to M'Guire's Buoy, from M'Guire's Buoy to Cull Buoy, and from Cull Buoy to the Wharf on the Townland of Rosslarefort.</p> <p>(b.) On the west, a straight line from the Patent Slip in the Dockyard of the Town of Wexford, drawn in a north-easterly direction to the Stone Beacon on the Training Wall, and thence a line following the line of the said Training Wall, to the point where it abuts the land.</p>
Oysters.	<p>SOUTH-EAST COAST OF IRELAND, from WICKLOW HEAD to CARNSORE POINT. * (1st Sept., 1868.)</p> <p>The Close Time, during which it shall not be lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy any Oysters or Oyster Brood, on or off the South-east coast of Ireland, between Wicklow Head and Carnsore Point, shall be between the 30th April and the 1st September in each year.</p>

APPENDIX NO. 17—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.	
<p>COASTS OF DUBLIN, WICKLOW, and WEXFORD. (23rd April, 1869.) Approved by Her Majesty in Council, 29th April, 1869.</p>	<p>Prohibiting between the 30th April and 1st September in each year the dredging for, taking, catching, or destroying any Oyster or Oyster Brood on or off any part of the East and South-East Coast of Ireland, within the distance of Twenty Miles measured from a straight line drawn from the Eastern point of Lambay Island, in the County Dublin, to Carnsore Point, in the County Wexford, outside the exclusive Fishery Limits of the British Islands.</p>	<p>Oysters— con.</p>
<p>DUBLIN BAY, (16th March, 1866.)</p>	<p>Permitting to dredge for, take, or have in possession American and Portuguese Oysters, in that part of Dublin Bay, in the County of Dublin, known as the Clontarf Oyster Beds, adjacent to the Townland of Greenlanes, Parish of Clontarf, and Barony of Coolock, during the Close Season for Oysters in said Dublin Bay.</p>	
<p>Do.,</p>	<p>Permitting to dredge for, take, or have in possession American and Portuguese Oysters, in that part of Dublin Bay, in the County of Dublin, known as the Sutton Creek Oyster Beds, adjacent to the Townland of Sutton North, Parish of Howth, and Barony of Coolock, during the Close Season for Oysters in said Dublin Bay.</p>	
<p>SOUTH-EAST COAST, between Wicklow Head and Raven Point. (30th Oct., 1880.)</p>	<p>All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters on the Coast of the Counties of Wicklow and Wexford, between Wicklow Head and Raven Point, shall, immediately on any Oysters being taken, cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall immediately throw back into the sea all Oysters of less dimensions than two inches at the greatest diameter thereof, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells raised or taken in such fishing; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed within the limits aforesaid, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall take from any rock, strand, or shore of said Coast between the limits aforesaid, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, knowing the same to have been taken within the limits aforesaid; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p>	
<p>WEXFORD COAST, (8th April, 1862.)</p>	<p>First.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters off the Wexford Coast, south of Raven Point, shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than three inches, at the greatest diameter thereof, and shall immediately throw back into the sea all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells as shall be raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and no person shall take from any Oyster Bed, Rock, Strand, or Shore, off said Wexford Coast, south of Raven Point, any Oyster of less dimensions than three inches, at the greatest diameter thereof; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Second.—All persons are prohibited from throwing into the Sea, on any Oyster Bed, or Oyster Fishing Ground off the Wexford Coast, the ballast of any boat, or any other matter or thing injurious or detrimental to the Oyster Fishery; and all persons acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p>	

APPENDIX NO. 17—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Oysters— con. CORK HARBOUR, (29th Feb., 1876.)	<p>First.—Between the 1st day of May and the 1st day of September in any year, no boat shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, between the periods aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat in Cork Harbour and the Estuaries of the Rivers flowing into same, any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof; and shall immediately throw back into the water all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells as shall be raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and no person shall take from any rock, strand, bed, or shore of Cork Harbour and the Estuaries of the Rivers flowing into same, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half, at the greatest diameter thereof; nor sell, expose for sale, give, transfer or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody, or possession, any such Oysters so taken; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence forfeit and pay a sum of Five Pounds.</p> <p>Third.—All persons are prohibited from throwing into the Water, on any Oyster Bed or Oyster Fishing Ground in Cork Harbour or the Estuaries of the Rivers flowing into same, the ballast of any boat, or any other matter or thing injurious or detrimental to the Oyster Fishery; and all persons acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Fourth.—No person shall, between Sunset and Sunrise, dredge for, take, or catch any Oysters in Cork Harbour or the Estuaries of the Rivers flowing into same; and every person acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Five Pounds.</p>
No., (25th Aug., 1899.)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Permitting to use for the taking of Oysters in Cork Harbour and the Estuaries of the Rivers flowing into same, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof, the instrument commonly called and known as the Dredge during the following period, namely, from the 1st day of May to the 14th day of June (both days inclusive), in each year. 2. Prohibiting to use for the taking of Oysters in the said Cork Harbour and the Estuaries of the Rivers flowing into same, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof, the instrument commonly called and known as the Dredge during the following period, namely, from the 1st day of September to the 14th day of October (both days inclusive), in each year.
KINSALE HARBOUR and BANDON RIVER. (22nd August, 1872.)	<p>All persons fishing for or taking Oysters in any part of the Fishing Grounds or Oyster Beds situated in Kinsale Harbour and Bandon River, in the County of Cork, shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught, and shall not remove from such Fishing Grounds or Oyster Beds any Oyster of less dimensions than three inches at the greatest diameter thereof, but shall immediately throw back into the water all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p>

APPENDIX NO. 17—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
LOUGH MAHON, Co. CORK, (7th January, 1887.)	Permitting to take, dredge for, or have in possession American, Portuguese, French, or other foreign Oysters, in that part of Lough Mahon known as the Carrigrenan Oyster Beds from 1st May to 31st August. Oyster— con.
TRALEE BAY, (7th Aug., 1872.)	The Close Time during which it shall not be lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy any Oysters or Oyster Brood within Tralee Bay, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof shall be between the 10th day of March and the 1st day of November in each year.
TRALEE BAY, (29th Feb., 1876.)	<p>First.—During the Close Season for Oysters in the Bay of Tralee, no boat, in the Bay of Tralee, shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, during the period aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in the Bay of Tralee, shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half, at the greatest diameter thereof and shall immediately throw back into the Sea all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells as shall be raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and no person shall take from any rock, strand, or shore of the Bay of Tralee, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half, at the greatest diameter thereof; nor sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession, any such Oysters so taken; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p>
RIVER SHANNON, &c., (29th Feb., 1876.)	<p>First.—During the Close Season for Oysters, which is between the 1st May and 1st September in the River Shannon, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, no boat, in the River Shannon, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters and if, during the period aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in the River Shannon, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught, and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof, and shall immediately throw back into the water all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells as shall be raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and no person shall take from any Rock, Strand, or Shore of the River Shannon, or of any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof; nor sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any such Oysters so taken; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p>

APPENDIX NO. 17—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Oysters— 40N. RIVER SHANNON, &c.—con.	Third.—All persons are hereby prohibited from throwing into the water, on any Oyster Bed or Oyster Fishing Ground in the River Shannon, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof as aforesaid, the ballast of any boat, or any other matter or thing injurious or detrimental to the Oyster Fishery; and all persons acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds. Fourth.—No person shall, between sunset and sunrise, dredge for, take, or catch, any Oysters within the River Shannon or within any of the Bays or Inlets thereof as aforesaid; and every person acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
GALWAY BAY, (13th August, 1877.)	The Close Time during which it shall not be lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy by any means whatsoever any Oysters or Oyster Brood on or off the Public or Natural Oyster Beds within Galway Bay, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof, shall be between the 1st day of January and the 30th day of November in each year, both said days inclusive.
GALWAY BAY (8th Nov., 1877.)	First.—It shall not be lawful for any person to dredge for take, or catch any Oysters in Galway Bay, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, between the 1st day of January and the 30th day of November in each year, both said days inclusive, being the Close Season for Oysters in the said Bay, Bays, and Inlets, or between Sunset and Sunrise at any Season of the year; and any person offending against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Three Pounds. Second.—No Boat, in Galway Bay, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, shall, between the 1st day of January and the 30th day of November in each year, both said days inclusive, have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Three Pounds. Third.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Galway Bay, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, shall, immediately on any Oysters being brought on board any boat, cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught, and shall immediately throw back into the water all Oysters of less dimensions than three inches at the greatest diameter thereof, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells raised or taken while engaged in such fishing and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than three inches at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall pick, gather, or take from any rock, strand, or shore of Galway Bay, or of any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than three inches at the greatest diameter thereof, nor sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
BALLYNAKILL and BERNADERG BAYS. (16th May, 1892.)	First.—It shall not be lawful for any person to dredge for, take, or catch, any Oysters in Ballynakill and Bernaderg Bays, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, between the 1st day of May and the 31st day of August in each year, both said days inclusive, being the Close Season for Oysters in the said Bays, and Inlets, or between Sunset and Sunrise at any season of the year; and any person offending against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each such offence forfeit and pay a sum of Three Pounds.

APPENDIX NO. 17—*continued*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND.—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
<p>BALLYNAKILL and BERNADEG BAYS—<i>continued.</i></p>	<p>Second.—No Boat, in Ballynakill and Bernadeg Bays, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, shall, between the 1st day of May and the 31st day of August in each year, both said days inclusive, have on Board any dredge or other Implement for the taking of Oysters; and the Master or Owner of such Boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Three Pounds.</p> <p>Oysters—<i>con.</i></p> <p>Third.—All persons engaged in fishing for, or taking, Oysters in said Ballynakill and Bernadeg Bays, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, shall, immediately on any Oysters being brought on Board any boat, cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall immediately throw back into the water all Oysters of less dimensions than Three Inches at the greatest diameter thereof, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than Three Inches at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall pick, gather, or take, from any Rock, Strand, or Shore, of Ballynakill and Bernadeg Bays, or of any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than Three Inches at the greatest diameter thereof, nor sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation, shall for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p>
<p>ACHILL SOUND and CLEW BAY, (19th Nov., 1860.)</p> <p>Season altered so far as BLACK-SOD and BROADHAVEN BAYS are concerned, making Close Season 1st May to 1st Sept. (<i>See post</i> for By-laws relating to these places.)</p>	<p>First.—Between the 1st day of April and the 1st day of October in any year, being the Close Season for Oysters in Clew Bay and Achill Sound, no boat, in Clew Bay and Achill Sound shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, between the periods aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Five Pounds.</p> <p>Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Clew Bay, and Achill Sound, shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half, at the greatest diameter thereof, and shall immediately throw back into the Sea all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells as shall be raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and no person shall take from any rock, strand, bed, or shore of Clew Bay and Achill Sound, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half, at the greatest diameter thereof; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Third.—All persons are hereby prohibited from throwing into the Sea, on any Oyster Bed, or Oyster Fishing Ground in Clew Bay and Achill Sound, the ballast of any boat, or any other matter or thing injurious or detrimental to the Oyster Fishery; and all persons acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Fourth.—No person shall, between sunset and sunrise, dredge for, take or catch, any Oysters within Clew Bay and Achill Sound; and every person acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Five Pounds.</p>

APPENDIX No. 17—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Oysters— <i>con.</i> BLACKSOD and BROADHAVEN BAYS, &c. (18th April, 1882.)	The Close Time during which it shall not be lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy by any means whatsoever any Oysters or Oyster Brood on or off the Public or Natural Oyster Beds within Blacksod and Broadhaven Bays, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof, shall be between the 1st day of May and the 31st day of August in each year, both said days inclusive.
BLACKSOD and BROADHAVEN BAYS. (25th Nov., 1882.)	<p>Repealing By-Laws, Rules, and Regulations, dated the 19th day of November, 1869, so far as they relate to Blacksod and Broadhaven Bays and the Bays and Inlets connected therewith, and in lieu thereof—</p> <p>First.—During the Close Time now fixed, or which may hereafter be fixed, within which it is not lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy any Oyster or Oyster Brood in Blacksod and Broadhaven Bays, and the Bays or Inlets connected therewith, no Boat shall have on board any Dredge or other Implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, between the period aforesaid, there shall be on board any Boat any such Dredge or other Implement for the taking of Oysters, the Master or Owner of such Boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Blacksod and Broadhaven Bays, and the Bays or Inlets connected therewith, shall, immediately on any Oysters being taken, cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall immediately throw back into the sea all Oysters of less dimensions than Two Inches and One-half at the greatest diameter thereof, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells raised or taken in such Fishing; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed within the limits aforesaid, any Oyster of less dimensions than Two Inches and One-half at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall take from any Rock, Strand, or Shore of Blacksod and Broadhaven Bays, and the Bays and Inlets connected therewith by any means whatsoever any Oyster of less dimensions than Two Inches and One-half at the greatest diameter thereof, and no person shall sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, knowing the same to have been taken within the limits aforesaid; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Third.—No person shall, between sunset and sunrise, dredge for, take, or catch, any Oysters within Blacksod and Broadhaven Bays and the Bays and Inlets connected therewith aforesaid; and every person acting contrary hereto, shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p>
SLIGO, BALLISODARE, and DRUMCLIFFE BAYS. (19th July, 1884.)	The Close Time during which it shall not be lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy by any means whatsoever any Oysters or Oyster Brood within Sligo, Ballisodare, and Drumcliffe Bays, shall be between the 30th day of April and the 1st day of June in each year.
SLIGO, BALLISODARE, and DRUMCLIFFE BAYS. (29th April, 1876.)	First.—During the Close Season for Oysters in Sligo, Ballisodare, and Drumcliffe Bays, no boat, in Sligo, Ballisodare, and Drumcliffe Bays, shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, and if, during the Close Season aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.

APPENDIX NO. 17—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES of IRELAND—con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
<p>SLIGO, BALLISODARE, and DRUMCLIFFE BAYS—<i>con.</i></p>	<p>Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Sligo, Ballisodare, and Drumcliffe Bays, shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught, and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster or less dimensions than two inches and one-half, at the greatest diameter thereof, and shall immediately throw back into the water all oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells as shall be raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and no person shall take from any Rock, Strand, or Shore of Sligo, Ballisodare, and Drumcliffe Bays, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half, at the greatest diameter thereof, nor sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any such Oysters so taken; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Third.—All persons are hereby prohibited from throwing into the water on any Oyster Bed, or Oyster Fishing Ground in Sligo, Ballisodare, and Drumcliffe Bays, the ballast of any boat, or any other matter or thing injurious or detrimental to the Oyster Fishery; and all persons acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Fourth.—Every dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters shall have a number corresponding with the number of the boat on which it is employed, or to which it belongs, stamped thereon, and all persons acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p>
<p>LOUGH SWILLY, &c. &c. (15th Feb., 1876.)</p>	<p>First.—During the Close Season for Oysters in Lough Swilly, or in any of the Bays, Creeks, or Inlets thereof (which is between 1st May and 1st September), no boat, in the said Lough Swilly, or in any of the Bays, Creeks, or Inlets thereof, shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, during the period aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Lough Swilly, or in any of the Bays, Creeks, or Inlets thereof, shall cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof; and shall immediately throw back into the sea all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells as shall be raised or taken while engaged in such fishing; and no person shall take from any Rock, Strand, or Shore of Lough Swilly, or of any of the Bays, Creeks, or Inlets thereof, by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof, nor sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any such Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p>

APPENDIX No. 17—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Oysters— <i>con.</i> LOUGH SWILLY, &c., &c.— <i>con.</i>	Third.—All persons are hereby prohibited from throwing into the water, on any Oyster Bed, or Oyster Fishing Ground, in Lough Swilly, or in any of the Bays, Creeks, or Inlets thereof as aforesaid, the ballast of any boat, or any other matter or thing injurious or detrimental to the Oyster Fishery; and all persons acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
LOUGH FOYLE, &c., &c., (25th Oct., 1878.)	<p>First.—Between the first day of May and the first day of September in any year, that being the close time within which it is not lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy any Oyster or Oyster Brood in Lough Foyle, no boat, in Lough Foyle shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, between the periods aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Lough Foyle shall, immediately on any Oysters being taken, cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall immediately throw back into the sea all Oysters of less dimensions than three inches at the greatest diameter thereof, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells raised or taken in such fishing; and shall not remove from any Fishing Ground or Oyster Bed any Oyster of less dimensions than three inches at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall take from any rock, strand, or shore of Lough Foyle by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than three inches at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall sell, expose for sale, give, or transfer, purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession, any Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, so taken; and any person offending in any respect against this By-Law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Third.—No person shall, between sunset and sunrise, dredge for, take, or catch, any Oysters within Lough Foyle; and every person acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p>
STRANGFORD LOUGH, . (13th Nov., 1877.)	The Close Time during which it shall not be lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy by any means whatsoever any Oysters or Oyster Brood on or off the Public or Natural Oyster Beds within Strangford Lough, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof shall be between the 1st day of March and the 31st day of August in each year, both said days inclusive.
STRANGFORD LOUGH, . (31st Dec., 1877.)	<p>First.—Between the first day of March and the first day of September in any year (that being the close time within which it is not lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy any Oyster or Oyster Brood in Strangford Lough), no boat in Strangford Lough shall have on board any dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, between the periods aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the master or owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.</p> <p>Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Strangford Lough shall, immediately on any Oysters being brought on board any boat, cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall not remove from any fishing</p>

APPENDIX NO. 17—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
STRANGFORD LOUGH— <i>con.</i>	ground or oyster bed any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof, and shall immediately throw back into the sea all Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells raised or taken in such fishing; and no person shall take from any rock, strand or shore of Strangford Lough by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall sell, expose for sale, give, transfer or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any such Oysters so taken; and any person offending in any respect against this By-law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . (21st June, 1877.)	Third.—No person shall, between sunset and sunrise, dredge for, take, or catch, any Oysters within Strangford Lough; and every person acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . (20th Oct., 1881.)	Prohibiting at any time after the 1st day of November, 1877, to use for the taking of Oysters in any part of Carlingford Lough, in either of the counties of Louth and Down respectively, the instrument commonly called and known as the grape, or any other instrument or device of the like construction or nature. Any person offending against this By-Law shall forfeit and pay for each offence the sum of Four Pounds, and every such grape, or other instrument or device which shall be used contrary to this By-Law, shall be forfeited.
CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . (20th Oct., 1881.)	First.—During the Close Time now fixed, or which may hereafter be fixed, within which it is not lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy any Oyster or Oyster Brood in Carlingford Lough, no boat in Carlingford Lough shall have on board any Dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters; and if, between the period aforesaid, there shall be on board any boat any such Dredge or other implement for the taking of Oysters, the Master or Owner of such boat shall, for each such offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . (20th Oct., 1881.)	Second.—All persons engaged in fishing for or taking Oysters in Carlingford Lough shall, immediately on any Oysters being taken, cull all such Oysters as may be taken or caught; and shall immediately throw back into the sea all Oysters of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof, as well as all gravel and fragments of shells raised or taken in such fishing; and shall not remove from any fishing ground or Oyster bed within the limits aforesaid, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall take from any rock, strand, or shore of Carlingford Lough by any means whatsoever, any Oyster of less dimensions than two inches and one-half at the greatest diameter thereof; and no person shall sell, expose for sale, give, transfer, or purchase, receive, carry, or have in his or her custody or possession any Oysters of less dimensions than aforesaid, knowing the same to have been taken within the limits aforesaid; and any person offending in any respect against this By-law, Rule, or Regulation shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . (15th Aug., 1893.)	Third.—No person shall, between sunset and sunrise, dredge for, take, or catch, any Oysters within Carlingford Lough; and every person acting contrary hereto shall, for each offence, forfeit and pay a sum of Two Pounds.
CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . (15th Aug., 1893.)	The Close Time during which it shall not be lawful to dredge for, take, catch, or destroy by any means whatsoever any Oysters or Oyster Brood within Carlingford Lough, or in any of the Bays or inlets thereof, or off or from any of

APPENDIX NO. 17—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel* FISHERIES of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Oysters— con.	the shores or rocks thereof, shall be between the First day of January and the Thirtieth day of November in each year, both the said days inclusive.
CARLINGFORD LOUGH—con. CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . (25th Jan., 1894.)	<p>Permitting to take, or have in possession, American Portuguese, and Dutch Oysters, in Carlingford Lough, between the Counties of Louth and Down, by any person possessed of, or interested in, any Oyster Fishery in said Lough, during part of the Close Season for Oysters in said Carlingford Lough, viz.—from the 1st day of January to the 30th day of April, and from the 1st day of July to the 30th day of November, in each year, all said days inclusive.</p> <p>Revoking Order dated the 5th day of May, 1885, by which it was permitted to dredge for, take, or have in possession, American Oysters, in that part of Carlingford Lough in the County of Louth, known as the Ballinteskinn Oyster Beds, adjacent to the Townland of Ballinteskinn, Parish of Carlingford, and Barony of Lower Dundalk, during the then Close Season for Oysters in said Carlingford Lough.</p> <p>Also revoking Order dated 17th day of July, 1890, by which it was permitted to dredge for, take, or have in possession, American, or Dutch Oysters, in that part of Carlingford Lough in the County of Louth, known as the Carlingford Oyster Beds, adjacent to the Townlands of Carlingford and the Liberties of Mullatee, Parish of Carlingford, and Barony of Lower Dundalk, during the then Close Season for Oysters in said Carlingford Lough.</p>
CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . (4th Jan., 1899.)	<p>Permitting to use for the taking of Oysters in Carlingford Lough, or in any of the Bays or Inlets thereof, or off or from any of the shores or rocks thereof, the instrument commonly called and known as the Dredge during the following periods, namely, from the 1st to the 15th day of January, both days inclusive, and also during the entire month of November, in each year.</p>
Mussels.	MUSSELS.
BELFAST LOUGH, . (18th Nov., 1898.) (17th Oct., 1901.)	<p>Prohibiting the taking from Belfast Lough (inside the aforesaid line), of any Mussel that will pass freely through a ring one inch in diameter; or the having in possession of any such Mussel.</p>
CARLINGFORD LOUGH, . (6th Feb., 1899.)	<p>1. Fixing the period in each year within which it shall not be lawful to take, or attempt to take, by means of the instrument commonly called and known as a dredge, any Mussels from that part of Carlingford Lough and Newry River between the following imaginary lines, namely:— (a) A straight line from Warrenpoint drawn in a Westerly direction to the opposite shore through the Eel Rock. (b) A straight line drawn in an Easterly direction from the Ferry (South of the Training Wall) to the Quay on the opposite shore (a little north of Narrow Water Castle); or to have in possession or custody, or sell, or attempt to sell, Mussels so taken from said locality, to be from the 1st day of March to the 30th day of September, both said days inclusive.</p> <p>2. Fixing the period in each year within which it shall not be lawful to take, or attempt to take, by means of the instrument commonly called and known as a dredge, any Mussels from that part of the said Carlingford Lough outside or to the Southward of an imaginary straight line, from Warrenpoint, drawn in a westerly direction to the opposite shore through the Eel Rock, or to have in possession or custody, or sell, or attempt to sell, Mussels so taken from said locality, to be from the 16th day of January to the 31st day of October, both said days inclusive.</p>

APPENDIX No. 17—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the *Sea, Oyster, and Mussel FISHERIES* of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
<p>CASTLEMAINE HAVEN, . (18th Nov. 1893.)</p>	<p>First.—Fixing the period in each year within which it shall not be lawful to take, or attempt to take, any Mussels from Castlemaine Haven (inside a line from Rosbehy Point to Inch Point, both in the County of Kerry), or to have in possession or custody, or sell, or attempt to sell, Mussels taken from said locality, to be from the 1st day of April to the 31st day of May, both said days inclusive.</p> <p>Second.—Fixing the period in each year within which it shall not be lawful to take, or attempt to take, any Mussels from below low water mark, in Castlemaine Haven (inside a line from Rosbehy Point to Inch Point, both in the County of Kerry), or to have in possession or custody, or sell, or attempt to sell, Mussels taken from said locality, to be from the 1st day of June to the 30th day of September, both said days inclusive.</p> <p>Third.—Prohibiting the taking from Castlemaine Haven (inside a line from Rosbehy Point to Inch Point, both in the County of Kerry), of any Mussel that will pass freely through a ring one inch in diameter; or the having in possession of any such Mussel.</p>

Mussels—
227.

APPENDIX No. 18.

PARTICULARS OF LICENCES to plant OYSTER BEDS REVOKED since date of last Report.

Date of Licence.	Person to whom Granted.	Locality of Bed.	No. of Acres, about	Date of Revocation.
<p>County Wicklow</p>	<p>Henry Pomeroy Truell,</p>	<p>Clonmannon Lough.</p>	<p>63</p>	<p>7th November, 1903.</p>

APPENDIX

LIST of LICENCES to Plant OYSTER BEDS *in force* at date of this Report,

No. of Licence.	Date of Licence.	Persons to whom Granted.	Alleged present Owner or Lessee, or Agent.	Locality of Beds.
County Cork.				
77	15th July, 1867.	John Smyth,	John J. Smyth	Midleton River
145	27th December, 1876,	Standish D. O'Grady and Rev. E. H. Newenham.	Selina H. O'Grady and Major W.W. Newenham.	Owonboy River
County Kerry.				
5	5th February, 1851,	John Mahony,	Robert McClure,	Estuary of Kenmare River.
6	Do.,	Rev. Denis Mahony,	Mary H. Mahony,	Do.,
60	30th December, 1865,	Richard Mahony,	Sir J. C. R. Colomb,	Kenmare Estuary,
78	15th July, 1867,	Stephen E. Collis,	Stephen E. Collis,	River Shannon,
84	11th February, 1868,	Charles Sandes,	Charles F. Sandes,	Do.,
91	11th March, 1869,	Richard J. Mahony,	Sir John C. R. Colomb	Kenmare Bay,
92*	Do.,	Sir John C. R. Colomb,	Do.,	Do.,
125	14th June, 1873,	Robert McCowen,	W. H. McCowen,	Barrow Harbour,
155	30th November, 1878,	Samuel T. Heard,	S. T. Heard,	Kenmare Bay,
158	6th October, 1879,	Charles Sandes,	Charles F. Sandes,	River Shannon,
162	17th November, 1882,	Do.,	Do.,	Do.,
County Clare.				
179	24th June, 1902,	The Burren Fisheries, Limited.	The Burren Fisheries, Limited.	Foulnaclogh Bay,
180	29th July, 1903,	James Hynes,	James Hynes,	Do.,

* Transferred to present Grantee on 24th October, 1895.

No. 19.

and substance of Reports received in respect of year to 30th April, 1903.

No of Licence.	Area of Beds.	Average area of Beds available.	SUBSTANCE OF REPORTS RECEIVED AS TO STATE OF BEDS.
	A. R. P.	Acres.	
County Cork.			
77	10 2 0	5	Bed kept clear of seaweed. Very little stock on it. Slight fall of spat observed.
145	A39 1 2 B36 2 19	21 } 24 }	Bed is in a good state. Oysters have been taken up for private use 6,000 Tralee oysters laid down.
County Kerry.			
5	165 2 0	140	There is a good lot of oysters on this bed. Bed has been kept clean, and some young oysters planted. 4,600 oysters, value £27 12s., taken up; 10,500 Tralee oysters laid down in November, 1902. A fair fall of spat.
6	147 2 0	15-20	Nothing done since last report.
60	30 0 0	1	Beds Nos. 60, 91, and 92 are in a good state. They have been cleaned, and oysters sorted where required. About 10,000 Tralee oysters laid down. A good number of oysters taken up for private use. There has been a very slight fall of spat. Attempts have been made to collect the spat.
78	212 0 0	—	The bed has been kept clean and in good order.
84	65 0 0	15-20	Bed partially laid with oysters. About 7,800, value £20, taken up and sold. About 26,000 Tralee oysters laid down. Very slight fall of spat.
91	45 0 0	8	See No. 60.
92	195 0 0		
125	84 1 26	10	Bed is in a fair state. It has been cleaned regularly. A fattening and spawning bed has been laid down. 1,414 hundreds (126) taken up and sold, value (including cost of carriage by rail, boxes and delivery), £583 13s. 8d. 661 hundreds (126) from Tralee Bay laid down. Very small fall of spat.
155	117 3 35	—	No change since last report. Bed is not being interfered with, to see if it will improve. Some fall of spat observed.
158	217 0 23	—	Worked with bed No. 84.
162	40 2 27	—	Worked with bed No. 84.
County Clare.			
179	60 0 0	—	Portion of bed is being used for experimental purposes. 3,570 Clarenbridge, 2,600 Tralee, and about 500 oysters from Burnham-on-Crouch (Essex) laid down. There has been a fall of spat.
180	2 0 0	—	Licence only granted in 1903.

APPENDIX

LIST of LICENCES to Plant OYSTER BEDS in force at date of this Report.

No. of Licence	Date of Licence.	Persons to whom Granted.	Alleged present Owner or Lessee, or Agent.	Locality of Beds.
County Galway.				
12	15th November, 1854,	J. K. Boswell, .	Miss S. J. B. Nevill, .	Ballyconneely Bay, .
15	21st August, 1856,	William Foreman, .	W. Jackson, .	Ardbear Bay, .
19	3rd February, 1860,	Rev. R. H. Wall,	Do., .	Mannin and Ardbear Bays.
33	6th April, 1864, .	Lord Wallscourt, .	Lord Wallscourt, .	Galway Bay, .
37	31st October, 1864, .	John Kendal, .	W. Jackson, .	Ardbear and Mannin Bays.
46	31st December, 1864,	P. Macaulay, .	Lorenzo Henry, .	Ballinakil and Barnadere Bays.
114	26th December, 1871, .	Colin Hugh Thomson, .	Colin Hugh Thomson, .	Killary Bay, .
115	9th February, 1872, .	W. and J. St. George, .	J. St. George, .	Galway Bay, .
149	30th June, 1877, .	Lord Wallscourt, .	Lord Wallscourt, .	Do., .
140	9th June, 1892, .	Thomas Nilan (jun.), .	The Atlantic Oyster Fisheries Co. Ltd.	Do., .
171	9th November, 1893, .	John MacShoehy, .		(Ballinakill Harbour)
County Mayo.				
8	17th November, 1852, .	John C. Garvey, .	F. C. Garvey, .	Clew Bay, .
111	28th December, 1876, .	Francis Mulholland, .	Francis Mulholland, .	Do., .
144	14th September, 1876, .	Maria Russell, .	Thomas Russell, .	Do., .
172	6th May, 1896, .	William Casey, .	William Casey, .	Do., .
174	29th January, 1897, .	Colonel Wm. Arthur Gore Saunders-Knox-Gore.	Colonel Wm. Arthur Gore Saunders-Knox-Gore.	Killala Bay, .
175	29th December, 1896,	Brother Joseph Benedict Tully, .	Brother P. J. Molloy, .	Achill Sound, .
177	19th May, 1899, .	Charles R. S. Dickins, .	Charles R. S. Dickins, .	Achill Sound and Curraun Sound.
178	1st February, 1902, .	Neal O'Donnell, .	Neal O'Donnell, .	Bellaeragher Bay (Blacksod).
County Sligo.				
7	17th November, 1852, .	Thomas White, .	Brown & Brown, Ltd., .	Ballsodare Bay, .

*Licence No. 138, dated 16th August, 1875, to John Kendal

No. 19—*continued.*

and substance of Reports received in respect of year to 30th April, 1903—*con.*

No. of Licence.	Area of Beds.	Average area of Beds available.	SUBSTANCE OF REPORTS RECEIVED AS TO STATE OF BEDS.
County Galway.			
12	A. R. P. 233 0 0	Acres. 23	Beds left unutilized for some time. Property in Land Court.
15	90 2 0	2	No report received.
19	318 0 0	160	No report received.
33	1,770 0 0	100	Only a small stock of saleable oysters on beds at present, owing to bad spitting during the past three seasons. 23,393 have been taken up and sold, value £106. Very little fall of spat.
37	236 0 0	10	No report received.
46	150 0 0	150	Bed in good condition. About 200 oysters, value £1 10s., taken up for private use. Good fall of spat observed.
114	201 2 0	50	Bed is in good condition; it has been cleaned. 4,000 oysters, value about £20, taken up and sold. None laid down. There was a fall of spat, but not in any quantity. Foreign oysters never succeeded: they nearly all died.
115	810 0 0	80	Bed is in a good state. 155,000 oysters taken up and sold, value £510. 80,000 oysters from public oyster bed, east of Bird's Island, near Clarenbridge, and 50,000 from Trilce, laid down. There was a fall of spat.
149	153 3 8	—	Worked conjointly with No. 33.
170	502 3 2	—	Bed clean and in good condition. Only a sample taken up. No fall of spat observed.
171	330 3 0	—	Bed clean and in good condition. Only samples taken up. No fall of spat observed.
County Mayo.			
8	108 3 33	4	Bed fairly clean. A good number of young oysters on it. About 3,000 taken up for home consumption. A large fall of spat observed.
141	12 1 20	8	Bed is in a good state, and has been worked generally. About 5,000 oysters, value £25, have been taken up; 7,000, obtained locally, laid down. Small fall of spat.
144 ^a	4 1 10	4	Bed is in good condition; has been improved. 1,000 oysters taken up and sold for £5. 1,500 small oysters from Clew Bay laid down. Fair fall of spat.
172	44 0 37	10	Bed is in a good state. 1,000 oysters taken up and sold, value £5. 2,000 Clew Bay oysters laid down. Very little fall of spat.
174	375 0 0	—	Bed has been dredged for cleaning purposes and to observe growth of young oysters. Only a sufficient number of oysters have been taken up to enable progress to be observed. Fall of spat appears to be small, and efforts to collect it have not met with much success. The strength of the tide appears to prevent the retention of spat. Brittany oysters have done well, but Portuguese oysters failed.
175	125 0 0	—	Bed is well preserved, and stones laid down for protection. Some oysters taken up, but not for sale. It is believed that there has been a fall of spat.
177	317 2 20	—	Bed is in a fair state. About 80 oysters taken up for private consumption. No fall of spat observed; supposed to be carried off by tide, which runs rapidly in this locality.
178	1 0 32	—	Bed not yet completed. About 1,200 Trilce, and 5,000 Bellacragher Bay oysters laid down. About 3,000, value £12, taken up and sold. No fall of spat observed.
County Sligo.			
7	132 1 26	10	Bed in good condition. Has been cleared of weeds and stones, and old shells laid down to collect spat. There has been a slight fall of spat. This bed is worked and cultivated along with No. 103, and the report on this bed is applicable to bed No. 103.

cancelled and No. 172, granted in lieu thereof.

APPENDIX

LIST of LICENCES to Plant OYSTER BEDS *in force* at date of this Report,

No. of Licence	Date of Licence	Persons to whom Granted.	Alleged present Owner or Lessee, or Agent.	Locality of Beds.
County Sligo--con.				
49	13th April, 1865,	Sir Robt. Gore Booth, bart.	Sir Josslyn Gore Booth, bart.	Drumcliffe Bay,
59	1st December, 1865,	Richard J. Verschoyle,	W. H. F. Verschoyle,	Ballisodare Bay,
66	15th June, 1867,	Sir Robt. Gore Booth, bart.	Sir Josslyn Gore Booth, bart.	Drumcliffe Bay,
86	13th March, 1868,	Col. Edward Cooper,	Reps. of the late Rt. Hon. Col. E. H. Cooper.	Ballisodare Bay,
99	10th September, 1869,	Owen Wynne,	Owen Wynne,	Sligo Bay,
100	Do.,	Do.,	Do.,	Do.,
101	12th March, 1870,	R. J. Verschoyle,	W. H. F. Verschoyle,	Ballisodare Bay,
102	22nd April, 1871,	Agnes M. Nicholson,	J. H. Rowe,	Sligo Bay,
121	24th February, 1873,	R. J. Verschoyle,	W. H. F. Verschoyle,	Ballisodare Bay,
135	27th January, 1875,	St. Geo. Jones Martin,	Frances Baker,	Sligo Estuary or Bay,
163	14th June, 1884,	Percy Harding Russ,	Brown & Brown, Ltd.,	Ballisodare Bay,
164	14th August, 1885,	William Cochrane,	Vernon Cochrane,	Do.,
169	22nd December, 1891,	Alex. Joseph Crichton,	Alex. Joseph Crichton,	Do.,
176	25th August, 1898,	Catherine Phibbs,	Owen Phibbs,	Do.,
County Donegal.				
110	27th July, 1871,	F. Mansfield,	E. C. Mansfield,	Lough Swilly,
133	15th October, 1874,	Do.,	Do.,	Do.,
County Louth.				
10	1st July, 1854,	Burton Bindon,	Lord de Vesci and others.	Carlingford Lough,
57	1st December, 1865,	John Obins Woodhouse.	Musson & Co.,	Do.,
66	4th June, 1866,	Do.,	Do.,	Do.,
97	10th September, 1869,	Lord Clermont,	Lord de Vesci and others.	Do.,

No. 19—*continued.*

and substance of Reports received in respect of year to 30th April, 1903—*con.*

No. of Licence.	Area of Beds.			Average area of Beds available.	SUBSTANCE OF REPORTS RECEIVED AS TO STATE OF BEDS.
	A.	R.	P.		
County Sligo—continued.					
49	148	3	0	40	Sand is still drifting on this bed.
59	51	0	0	20	Bed is in good working order. 6,000 oysters, value £30, taken up and sold. 18,000 oysters (2 inches to 3 inches), from Galway Bay laid down in December, 1902, and January, 1903. A very small fall of spat.
66	87	0	0	10	Bed is in a good state. A few oysters taken up for owner's private consumption. A slight fall of spat noticed.
86	190	0	0	10	Bed is in good condition, and has been kept clean. About 3,000 oysters, value £5 6s., taken up for consumption. 10,000 American East River, supplied by Musson & Co., Liverpool, laid down in April, 1903.
99	77	0	0	6	Beds silted over with mud.
100	53	0	0	20	do.
101	13	2	0	2	This bed is worked with bed No. 59.
102	52	2	10	25	Beds are clean and shells have been put out to collect spat, of which there has been a fall. About 25,000 oysters, value £125, taken up and sold.
121	114	0	20	9	Bed not fit for cultivation, but licence protects other beds.
135	77	1	33	35	Bed is clean and in a very good state. Sixty-eight and a half thousands taken up and sold for £430. 451 hundreds of oysters from Tralee, 342 hundreds from Galway, and 626 hundreds from Falmouth laid down. The fall of spat was maintained.
163	130	2	21½	14	Bed is in good condition. It has been continuously watched, tounded, and kept free from weeds. See report on No. 7.
164	41	1	0	—	Bed is in a good state. There was a fall of spat.
169	100	3	30	—	Bed lightly stocked. About 5,300 oysters taken up and sold, and about 300 oysters taken up for private consumption, value about £26 10s. About 8,400 Galway oysters laid down.
176	81	1	2	—	Bed clean, free from mud and weeds, and freshly gravelled. About 6,000 Tralee oysters laid down. No fall of spat observed. Tralee oysters do not suit this bed, but Galway oysters fatten well.
County Donegal.					
110	25	1	0	10	Beds in healthy condition, clean, and with a fair quantity of oysters on them.
133	12	2	0		
County Louth.					
10	51	3	10	—	Nothing done since last report.
57	54	0	0	50	2,451 barrels of American oysters from New York laid down in 1902. 2,162,250 American oysters, value £3,364 8s. 2d., taken up and sold. American oysters do fairly well on these beds. Portuguese oysters laid down did not succeed.
65	96	0	0		
97	64	0	0	—	Nothing done since last report.

APPENDIX No. 20.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
SALMON AND TROUT.	
Dublin District.	
River Liffey, (19th Jan., 1865.)	Prohibiting the catching, or attempting to catch, Salmon with any Net of greater length than 350 yards, in that part of the River Liffey which is situated between the Weir known as the Island Bridge Weir and a line drawn due North from Poolbeg Lighthouse.
Between Dalkey Island and Wicklow Head. (15th Oct., 1874.)	Permitting use of Nets with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot for capture of Salmon or Trout between Dalkey Island and Wicklow Head.
Broad Meadow Water and Swords River. (28th Aug., 1884.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with intent to take fish, at any season of the year, on or near the banks of the Broad Meadow Water and Ward or Swords River, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with Rod and Line).
Whole District, (28th Aug., 1893.)	Prohibiting to beat the water, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of driving Fish close in to the Banks of any River within the District.
Wexford District.	
River Slaney (12th Aug., 1881.)	Prohibiting the practice of keeping Nets on board Boat between Sunset and Sunrise, during the Annual Close Season for Salmon and Trout, in that part of the River Slaney situated between Ferrycarrig Bridge and the Town of Enniscorthy.
River Slaney, (12th Oct., 1882.)	Repealing By-law dated 4th March, 1862, which prohibited the use of nets with meshes of less size than one-and-three-quarter inches from knot to knot, during the open season, in that part of the River Slaney between Ferrycarrig Bridge and Enniscorthy.
River Slaney, (28th Dec., 1893.)	Repealing so much of the By-Law dated 12th October, 1882, as permitted the use of Nets with meshes of one-and-a-quarter inches from knot to knot, in the Tidal Waters of the said River Slaney, and in lieu thereof permitting the use of Nets with meshes of one-and-a-half inches from knot to knot (or Six inches to be measured all round each such mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet), for the capture of Salmon or Trout in the Tidal Waters of the said River Slaney, and its Tributaries, during the Open Season for the capture of Salmon and Trout.
River Slaney, (29th March, 1900.)	Prohibiting to use any Net at or near that part of the Mouth of the River Slaney comprised within the space bounded by imaginary lines drawn from the Coast Guard Watch House on the Townland of Rosslarefort to Bullock Bank; from Bullock Bank to Raven Point; from Raven Point to Molly's Buoy; from Molly's Buoy to Maguire's Buoy; thence to Cull Buoy; and thence to the Wharf on the aforesaid Townland of Rosslarefort.
River Slaney and Tributaries, (30th April, 1894.)	Prohibiting the use of any Net for the capture of Salmon and Trout, save a Net duly licensed in that behalf, in that part of the River Slaney, situate between Wexford Bridge and Ferrycarrig Bridge, and the Tributaries falling into that portion of the said River Slaney.
River Slaney and Tributaries, from Enniscorthy Bridge to Sources. (13th Dec., 1888.)	Prohibiting to beat the water or throw stones or other missiles in that portion of the River Slaney and its tributaries extending from Enniscorthy Bridge to the sources of the River Slaney and its tributaries, for the purpose of driving fish close in to the banks of the said River and said tributaries.

APPENDIX No. 20—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Wexford District—<i>continued.</i>	
River Slaney and Tributaries, (13th April, 1899.)	<p>1. Prohibiting to use any Drift Net in the River Slaney and its Tributaries inside the defined mouth thereof. (Repealed. See By-Law of 2nd December, 1902.)</p> <p>2. Repealing the By-Law dated 25th March, 1854 (prohibiting the use of Nets of any kind in the River Slaney between Ferry Carrig Bridge and the Town of Enniscorthy, during the Close Season for Salmon), and in lieu thereof prohibiting to use any Net for the capture of any kind of Fish in the River Slaney and its tributaries above Wexford Bridge, during the Annual Close Season for the capture of Salmon and Trout by Nets in said part of said River and Tributaries.</p> <p>3. Prohibiting to beat the waters of the River Slaney and its Tributaries below or seawards of Enniscorthy Bridge, with a stick or other implement, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of injuring fish which may be therein, or procuring the capture or killing thereof.</p>
Ditto, (2nd Dec., 1902.)	<p>Repealing No. 1 of the By-Laws of the 13th day of April, 1899; and enacting the following By-Law:</p> <p>It is hereby prohibited to use Drift Nets in the River Slaney, inside the defined mouth thereof, with the following exception, namely:—Drift Nets with meshes not exceeding one and a quarter inches from knot to knot, or five inches in the round (measured when the net is wet) if used for the capture of herrings during the months of October, November, and December in each year, within that part of the above prohibited area which lies between the following imaginary lines:</p> <p>(a) On the east, straight lines from Raven Point to Molly's Buoy, from Molly's Buoy to M'Guire's Buoy, from M'Guire's Buoy to Cull Buoy, and from Cull Buoy to the Wharf on the Townland of Rosslarefort.</p> <p>(b) On the west, a straight line from the Patent Slip in the dockyard of the town of Wexford, drawn in a north-easterly direction to the Stone Beacon on the Training Wall, and thence a line following the line of the said Training Wall, to the point where it abuts the land.</p>
Ditto, (30th March, 1900.)	Prohibiting to shoot, or snare, or grops for fish in any part of the River Slaney and its tributaries above Edermine Bridge.
Ditto, (30th May, 1900.)	Prohibiting to use any Night Line for the capture of any kind of fish in any part of the River Slaney and its tributaries above Edermine Bridge.
Derry Water and River Derry, (26th Oct., 1870.)	<p>Permitting use of Nets for the capture of Fish, having Meshes of one inch from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or four inches, to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet), in the rivers and streams following, that is to say, in the Derry Water, from its source near Killaveney to Annacurragh Bridge, with the stream flowing into same from Moyne Church through Ballinglen, and the Tomnaskela River; and in the Green-island, Shillelagh, and Derry River, from the bounds of the County Carlow, flowing past Tinnahely by Shillelagh, to the bounds of the County Wexford, with the small streams flowing into that portion of the said river, all said rivers and streams being in the County Wicklow, for and during the months of May, June, July, and August, in each year.</p>
Potter River, (26th Oct., 1870.)	<p>Permitting use of Nets for the capture of Fish with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or four inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear, when the Net is wet), in the tidal portion of the Potter River, situated below Brittas Bridge in the County of Wicklow.</p>

APPENDIX No. 20—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Wexford District—continued.	
Owenavorrhagh River, . . . (15th Feb., 1875.)	Permitting use of Nets with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot for capture of Salmon or Trout.
Inch River, (31st Oct., 1879.)	Permitting use of Nets with Meshes of one and a quarter inches from knot to knot for capture of Salmon or Trout.
Whole District Fresh Waters, (24th Sept., 1897.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any Season of the year, in or on the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries, in the Wexford District, or on Mill Dams or Weirs on said portions of said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Waterford District.	
Bessborough Demesne, Co. . . Kilkenny. (5th June, 1865.)	Permitting the use of Nets for the capture of Fish with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or four inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear, when the Net is wet), within the Waters in, and Rivers running through the Demesne of Bessborough, in the County of Kilkenny: Provided that no Net having a less Mesh than one inch and three quarters from knot to knot, shall be used in the said Rivers during the Months of April, May, and June.
Corrack River, (7th July, 1870.)	Permitting use of Nets with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or four inches to be measured all round such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet).
River Suir, (17th Aug., 1875.)	Prohibiting use of all Engines (save single Rods and Lines) for capture of Fish, between the Bridges at Suir Island and a line drawn due south across the River, and intersecting said Island at Clonmel.
River Suir, Nore, and Barrow, conjoined. (15th July, 1884.)	Repealing By-Law dated 13th July, 1881, and, in lieu thereof, prohibiting to use for capture of Salmon or Trout any Drift Net in the tidal portions of the River Suir, Nore, and Barrow conjoined, above a line drawn due West across said River from Kilmokea Point, County Wexford, to Drumdowney Point, in the County of Kilkenny, and by a line drawn due South from said Drumdowney Point, in the County of Kilkenny, to a point on the opposite shore in the County of Waterford.
Whole District, (24th Feb., 1885.)	1st. Each and every boat used in Salmon and Trout fishing in the Waterford District shall have marked on each bow with distinct figures of not less than six inches in length and one inch in breadth a number corresponding with the number on the Licence issued for the Net used with said boat. 2nd. The said numbers shall be painted in white oil colour on a black ground. 3rd. The numbers so placed on boats shall not be effaced, covered, or concealed in any manner whatsoever.
Whole District, (24th Feb., 1885.)	Prohibiting to beat the water or to throw stones or other missiles therein for the purpose of driving Fish close in to the banks of any Rivers within the Waterford District.
Ditto, 2nd March, 1900.)	Prohibiting to shoot, or snare, or grope for fish in any River in the Waterford District.
Tidal Waters, (24th Feb., 1885.)	Prohibiting to have any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout, in or on board any Boat, Cot, Curragh, or other Vessel in the Tidal Waters of the Waterford District, at any time between the hours of Eight of the Clock, A.M. on Saturday, and Four of the Clock on Monday morning.

APPENDIX NO 20—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Upper or Fresh Waters. (24th Feb., 1885.)	<p style="text-align: center;">Waterford District—continued.</p> <p>Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any Season of the year, on or near the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of any Rivers or on or near Mill Dams or Weirs, within the Waterford District, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).</p>
Rivers Barrow, Burren, and Anner. (18th Jan., 1890.)	<p>Prohibiting, 1stly, To use for the capture of any kind of fish in the River Barrow between Athy Bridge and the Weir at Bagenalstown, in the Counties of Kildare and Carlow, or in the River Burren or its Tributaries, in the County of Carlow, any night line for the capture of fish of any kind. Remainder of By-Law repealed by By-Law of 2nd March, 1900.</p>
River Suir (part of Tidal Waters). (6th Nov., 1891.)	<p>Prohibiting the use of any draft or seine net for the capture of Salmon or Trout in that part of the Tidal Waters of the River Suir, situated above an imaginary line drawn at right angles across said river from the mouth of the stream forming the boundaries of the Counties of Kilkenny and Tipperary to the opposite bank.</p>
River Suir (part of Tidal Waters). (30th Nov., 1891.)	<p>Prohibiting the use of any net for the capture of Salmon or Trout in that part of the Tidal Waters of the River Suir situated between a line drawn across said river at the Head or Upstream end of the Piers or Walls of the Canal or Navigation Basin at Carrickbeg, in the County of Waterford, and a line drawn across said river about two hundred yards below the Tail or down Stream end of said Piers or Walls.</p>
River Suir (part of Tidal Waters). (11th Feb., 1896.)	<p>Prohibiting to use any Draft or Seine Net of greater length than Forty yards in that part of the tidal waters of the River Suir and Tributaries situated between an imaginary line drawn at right angles across said River Suir from the mouth of the Stream forming the boundaries of the Counties of Kilkenny and Tipperary, to the opposite bank, and the Wooden Bridge at Fiddown.</p>
Tidal Waters of Suir, Nore, and Barrow conjoined (part of). (30th Oct., 1891.)	<p>Prohibiting the use of any drift net for the capture of Salmon or Trout of greater length than 120 fathoms extending from or fished by one boat, no matter of how many nets, or pieces of nets, that length of 120 fathoms may be composed or made up, in that part of the Tidal Waters of the Suir, Nore, and Barrow conjoined, situated between lines drawn across the rivers from Kilmokea Point, County Wexford, to Drumdowney Point, County Kilkenny, and from said Drumdowney Point drawn due South to a point on the opposite shore in the County Waterford, and the Spit of Passage.</p>
Fresh Waters of the entire District. (2nd Nov., 1891.)	<p>Prohibiting to have any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout, save landing Nets used as auxiliary to angling with rod and line, in or on Board any Boat, Cot, Curragh, or other Vessel in the Upper or Fresh Water portions of any River in said District, between the hours of eight of the clock in the evening and six of the clock in the following morning, and between the hours of nine of the clock on Friday evening, and six of the clock on Monday morning following.</p>
River Barrow. (28th Oct., 1891.)	<p>Prohibiting to use any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout in that part of the Tidal Waters of the River Barrow situated between the Navigation Weir known as St. Mullin's Weir, and an imaginary line drawn across said River at the Mill known as St. Mullin's Mill, about one mile below St. Mullin's Weir, in the Counties of Carlow and Kilkenny.</p>

APPENDIX NO. 20—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c. in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Waterford District—continued.	
River Barrow, (22nd June, 1896.)	Prohibiting to use in that part of the River Barrow and its tributaries above Atly Bridge, any Night Line for the capture of fish of any kind.
Rivers Barrow and Nore (part of Tidal waters). (31st Oct., 1891.)	Prohibiting to use any Draft or Seine Net, for the capture of Salmon or Trout in the Tidal Waters of the Rivers Barrow, and Barrow and Nore conjoined, situated between a line drawn across the River at St. Mullin's Mill and an imaginary line drawn across said River at right angles from the Northern boundary of the Townland of Carrickloney in the County of Kilkenny, to a point on the opposite bank in the Townland of Danganstown in the County of Wexford, and also below or Seaward of an imaginary line drawn across said Rivers at right angles from a point called Garraunbaun Rock in the Townland of Drumdowney Upper, in the County of Kilkenny, to a point on the opposite bank near Loughtown, in the Townland of Great Island, in the County of Wexford.
Rivers Barrow and Nore (part of Tidal waters). (3rd Nov., 1891.)	Prohibiting to use any Draft or Seine Net, of greater length than 120 yards, for the capture of Salmon or Trout in that part of the Tidal Waters of the Rivers Barrow and Nore conjoined, situated between an imaginary line drawn across said River at right angles from the Northern boundary of the Townland of Carrickloney in the County of Kilkenny to a point on the opposite bank in the Townland of Danganstown, in the County of Wexford, and an imaginary line drawn across the River at right angles from a point called Garraunbaun Rock in the Townland of Drumdowney Upper, in the County of Kilkenny, to a point on the opposite bank near Loughtown, in the Townland of Great Island, in the County of Wexford.
Lismore District.	
Whole District, (14th Dec., 1881.)	<p>1st. Each and every boat used in Salmon or Trout Fishing in the Lismore District shall have marked on each bow with distinct figures of not less than six inches in length and one inch in breadth, a number corresponding with the number on the Licence issued for the Net used with said boat.</p> <p>2nd. The said numbers shall be painted in white oil colour on a black ground.</p> <p>3rd. The numbers so placed on boats shall not be effaced, covered, or concealed in any manner whatsoever.</p>
Whole District (Fresh Waters), (8th January, 1883.)	Prohibiting the possession, between Sunrise and Sunset at any season of the year, on or near the banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of any River, or on or near Mill Dams or Weirs, within the District, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with Rod and Line).
Ditto, (20th April, 1898.)	<p>1st. Prohibiting to use in any of the Fresh Waters of the Lismore District, any "Night Line" for the capture of Fish of any kind.</p> <p>2nd. Prohibiting to shoot, or attempt to shoot, Fish in any of the Fresh Waters of the Lismore District.</p> <p>3rd. Repealing the By-law dated 22nd March 1897, by which it was prohibited to shoot, or attempt to shoot, Fish in the River Awbeg.</p>

APPENDIX No. 20—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Lismore District—<i>continued.</i>	
Between Helvick Head and Ballycotton, River Blackwater, &c. (6th Nov. 1871.)	<p>Repealing By-law of 2nd November, 1870, regulating Drift Net Fishing, and in lieu thereof providing as follows:—</p> <p>First.—No Drift Nets of greater length than 200 yards shall be used for the capture of Salmon and Trout in the Rivers or Estuaries flowing into the sea between Helvick Head and Ballycotton, or in the sea between those points.</p> <p>Second.—No two or more Drift Nets when fishing shall be attached together in any way.</p> <p>Third.—Drift Nets shall not be used at a less distance from each other than fifty yards in that portion of the River Blackwater situated within one mile of the mouth of the River as at present defined, each Drift Net shot and drifting to be kept at a distance of not less than fifty yards from the one preceding it on the tide and already drifting.</p>
Between Helvick Head and Ballycotton, River Blackwater, &c. (31st Aug., 1881.)	<p>Prohibiting to have any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout, in or on board any Boat, Cot, Carragh, or other Vessel in the Tidal waters of said District, which comprises the whole of the Sea along the Coast between Helvick Head, in the County of Waterford, to Ballycotton, in the County of Cork, with the whole of the Tideway along said Coast and Rivers, and the whole of the Tidal portion of the several Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into said Coast between said points, at any time between the hours of Eight of the Clock, A.M. on Saturday, and Four of the Clock on Monday morning.</p>
River Blackwater, (14th March, 1878.)	<p>Prohibiting to use for the capture of Salmon or Trout any Drift Net in the Tidal portion of the River Blackwater, or its Tributaries, above or to the Northward of a line drawn across said River from the Townland Boundary between the Townlands of Straucally and Newport East on the West, to the Townland Boundary between the Townlands of Coolbagh and Ballyuaclash on the East, all in the County of Waterford.</p>
River Blackwater, (7th January, 1888.)	<p>Prohibiting fishing for Salmon or Trout, by any means whatsoever, from or off the Mill-dam at Clondalane on said River Blackwater, in the County of Cork, or from any place within a space of thirty yards below said Mill-dam.</p>
River Blackwater and Tributaries. (30th June, 1888.)	<p>Prohibiting the use of Draft Nets for the capture of Salmon or Trout in any portion of the River Blackwater or its tributaries of greater length than 170 yards.</p>
River Blackwater, part of, (25th Jan., 1897.)	<p>Prohibiting to use, at any time, any Net (except a Landing Net used solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with Rod and Line), for the capture of Salmon or Trout in that part of the River Blackwater in the Lismore District, situated between the straight line defining the boundary between the Tidal and Fresh water portions of said River and the Bridge at Lismore.</p>

APPENDIX NO. 20—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Lismore District—continued.	
River Bride, (15th June, 1898.)	Prohibiting the method of fishing commonly known as Cot Net, or Snap Net fishing, in that part of the River Bride situated above an imaginary straight line drawn from Janeville Quay (in the Townland of Janeville and County of Waterford), across said River at right angles to its course.
Ditto, (16th June, 1898.)	Prohibiting the use of Draft Nets in that portion of the River Bride situated above Camphire Bridge (between the Townlands of Camphire and Headborough, in the County of Waterford.)
Cork District.	
Whole District, (1st June, 1865.)	Prohibiting the snatching or attempting to snatch Salmon or Trout in any Tidal or Fresh Water in the Cork District with any kind of Fish-hook, covered in part or in whole with any matter or thing, or uncovered.
Tidal Waters, (31st May, 1865.)	Prohibiting the catching or attempting to catch Salmon or Trout in any Tidal Water in the Cork District with a Spear, Lyster, Otter, Strokehaul, Dree-draw, or Gaff, except when the latter instrument may be used solely as auxiliary to angling with Rod and Line, or for the purpose of removing Fish from any legal Weir or Box by the Owner or Occupier thereof.
Tidal Waters, (17th January, 1883.)	<p>1st. Each and every boat used in Salmon or Trout Fishing on the Sea Coast, Sea and Tidal Waters, or in or from the Tidal Waters of any Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the Sea within that part of the Cork District situated between Ballycotton on the East, and Barry's Head, East of Oyster Haven, on the West, all in the county of Cork, shall have marked on each bow with distinct figures of not less than six inches in length, and one inch in breadth, a number corresponding with the number on the Licence issued for the Net used with said boat.</p> <p>2nd. The said numbers shall be painted in white oil colour on a black ground.</p> <p>3rd. The numbers so placed on boats shall not be effaced, covered, or concealed in any manner whatsoever.</p>
River Lee, Co. of the City of Cork. (7th January, 1863.)	Prohibiting, during the Close Season for Salmon the use of Draft Nets, or any other Net or Nets used as a Draft Net, having a foot-rope and leads or weights affixed thereto, within the following limits, viz.:—in that part of the River Lee, situate between Patrick's Bridge, in the City of Cork, and a line drawn across the said River Lee, from Black-rock Castle, on the south, to the Western extremity of the Townland of Dunkettle, on the North.
River Lee, (21st April, 1871.)	Prohibiting use of all Nets, except Landing-Nets as auxiliary to rods and lines in part of South Channel between George IV. Bridge and Friar's Weir.

APPENDIX No. 20—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Cork District—<i>continued.</i>	
River Lee, (31st March, 1876.)	Prohibiting the catching or attempting to catch Fish of any kind in that part of the River Lee situated between the Cork Waterworks Weir and St. Vincent's Bridge in the North Channel, and Clarke's Bridge in the South Channel, and in the millraces and inlets from such channels with a Spear, Lyster, Otter, Strokehaul, Dree-draw or Gaff, except when the latter instrument may be used solely as auxiliary to angling with Rod and Line, or for the purpose of removing Fish from any legal Weir or Box by the owner or occupier thereof.
River Lee and Rivers running into Cork Harbour. (16th Feb., 1877.)	Prohibiting the use of Drift Nets for Salmon or Trout in any Tidal Waters inside or to north of a line from Lighthouse at Roche's Point to mainland on the West.
Ditto, (26th Sept., 1878.)	Prohibiting to use any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout in any Tidal Water inside or to North of a line from Lighthouse at Roche's Point to Mainland on the West having Meshes of greater dimensions than two and one half inches from knot to knot, to be measured along the side of the square, or ten inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet.
Ditto, (17th Jan., 1883.)	Prohibiting having any Drift Net or any Net having Meshes of greater dimensions than two and one-half inches from knot to knot, or ten inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, in or on board any Boat, Cot, Curragh or other Vessel in any part of the Tidal Waters inside or to North of a line drawn in the direction of Templebreedy Church, from the Lighthouse at Roche's Point on the East to the Mainland on the West.
River Lee, (29th Sept., 1877.)	Prohibiting having Nets for capture of Salmon or Trout on board any Boat, Cot, or Curragh in that part of River seaward of a line drawn due south from the Western end of Myrtle Hill-terrace on the north, near a place known as the Brick Fields, to the opposite shore, or in the tidal part of any river flowing into River Lee, between 8 o'clock on Saturday morning and 6 o'clock on Monday morning; or in that part of said River between the line mentioned above and the point of the Custom House in the City of Cork, between 8 o'clock on Saturday morning and half-past 5 o'clock on Monday morning; or in the North Channel of said River between Northgate Bridge and Wellington Bridge, or in the South Channels between the slip at Danzey Bridge opposite Keyser's Hill, leading to Crosse's Green and St. Fin Barr's Quay, and the Bridge where the Western Road crosses South Channel, between 6 o'clock on Saturday morning and 6 o'clock on Monday morning.
Ditto, (3rd Jan., 1898.)	Prohibiting to use any Draft Net in that part of the River Lee situated between the Waterworks Weir and an imaginary line drawn from Blackrock Castle to Dunkettle Bridge aforesaid, during the Annual and Weekly Close Seasons for Salmon and Trout.

APPENDIX NO. 20—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report,
relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Cork District—continued.	
Cork Division of the Cork District. (29th Jan., 1897.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any season of the year, in or on the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries, in that part of the No. 5, or Cork District, situated inside or to the Northward of a straight line drawn in the direction of Templebreedy Church, from the Lighthouse at Roche's Point on the east to the Mainland on the west, all in the County of Cork, or on Mill Dams or Weirs on said portions of said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Ditto, (1st Nov., 1897.)	Prohibiting to heat the waters of the Rivers in that part of the Cork District, situated between Ballycotton on the East and Barry's Head, East of Oyster Haven, on the West, all in the County of Cork, with a stick or other implement, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of injuring Fish which may be therein, or procuring the capture or killing thereof.
Argideen River, (24th Feb., 1860.)	Prohibiting the use of Nets of any kind whatsoever in the tidal part of the river known as the Argideen River, in the County of Cork, situated between the junction of the Owenkeagh or Blind River with the said Argideen River and the Bridge of Timoleague, all in the Barony of the East Division of East Carbery, and County of Cork.
Argideen River, (16th Feb., 1877.)	Prohibiting the use of Drift Nets for Salmon or Trout in Tidal Waters of the Argideen River inside a line from Land Point in an easterly direction to the opposite shore.
Bandon River, (16th Feb., 1877.)	Prohibiting the use of Drift Nets for Salmon or Trout in Tidal Waters of the Bandon River inside a line from Stockeen Point in an easterly direction to Preehane Point.
Bandon River, (14th Feb., 1881.)	Prohibiting the use of Nets during the annual Close Season for Salmon and Trout in that part of the Tidal Waters of the River Bandon situated between the Bridge of Inishannon and a line drawn across said River at right angles from Rock Castle, in the Townland of Rockhouse, on the west, to a point on the opposite shore, in the Townland of Shippool, on the east.
Bandon River, (12th May, 1881.)	Prohibiting the use of any Spear, Lyster, Otter, Strokehaul, Dree-draw, or Gaff (except when the latter instrument is used solely as auxiliary to angling with Rod and Line) in that part of the Tidal Water of the River Bandon situated between the Bridge of Inishannon and a straight line drawn across said River from the Bridge of Frankford on the east to Cliffort on the west.

APPENDIX No. 20—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Cork District—continued.	
Bandon and Argideen Rivers, (12th Feb., 1886.)	Prohibiting having in possession between Sunrise and Sunset, at any season of the year, on or near the banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of the Bandon and Argideen Rivers, or on or near Mill Dams or Weirs on said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with Rod and Line).
Bandon River, (1st Feb., 1892.)	Repealing the By-Law of the 9th day of July, 1885, and prohibiting to use any Net (except Landing Nets as auxiliary to angling with Rod and Line) for the capture of Salmon or Trout in any part of the River Bandon, or its Tributaries above a line drawn across the said River, at right angles with the River's Course, from the Stream on the East side of said River dividing the Townlands of Coolmoreen and Sknagore, to the Stream on the opposite Shore dividing the Townlands of Dromkeen and Kneekroe.
Bandon River, (6th Feb., 1897.)	Prohibiting to use any Sprat Net during the annual and weekly Close Seasons for Salmon and Trout, in that part of the River Bandon, inside the defined mouth thereof, in which the use of Sprat Nets is not otherwise prohibited.
Bandon River and Bandon Division of the Cork District. (25th March, 1898.)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Prohibiting the use of all Nets, except Landing Nets used as auxiliary to fishing legally for Salmon or Trout with Rod and Line, during the weekly close time for Salmon in that part of the Bandon River which is situated between the Western or Iron Bridge at Kinsale and a line drawn from Ballywilliam Point to Ballybauder Creek on the opposite side. 2. Prohibiting the use of Gaffs as auxiliary to fishing legally for Salmon or Trout with Rod and Line in the Bandon Division of the Cork District, before the 15th day of March in each year.
Bandon Division of the Cork District (Fresh Waters.) (25th July, 1898.)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Prohibiting to wade the waters (having a pole or gaff) of any River in the Upper or Fresh Water portion of the Bandon Division of the Cork Fishery District, for the purpose of driving or searing, or with the intent to drive or scare, fish in such river. 2. Prohibiting to throw stones or other missiles, or substances, into any river in the Upper or Fresh Water portion of the Bandon Division of the Cork Fishery District, for the purpose of driving or searing, or with the intent to drive or scare, fish close into the banks of such river. 3. Prohibiting in any other similar manner to wilfully drive or scare fish in the Upper or Fresh Waters of any river in the said Bandon Division.
Bandon Division of the Cork District (Whole Division.) (4th January, 1898.)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Each and every boat used in Salmon and Trout fishing shall have marked on each bow with distinct figures of not less than six inches in length and one inch in breadth a number corresponding with the number on the Licence issued for the Net used with said boat. 2. The said numbers shall be painted in white oil colour on a black ground. 3. The numbers so placed on boats shall not be effaced, covered, or concealed in any manner whatsoever.

APPENDIX NO. 20—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—con.

Places affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Skibbereen District.	
River Ilan and Baltimore Bay, (27th Sept., 1878.)	Prohibiting to use for the capture of Salmon or Trout any Drift Net in that part of Baltimore Bay, and the Tidal waters of the River Ilan in the County of Cork, situated inside or to the North and North East of a line drawn from a point on the Townland of Cunnamore (on the mainland), to a point on the Townland of Farrnacoush (Sherkin Island), and inside or to the North of a line drawn from a point on the Townland of Kilmoon (Sherkin Island) to a point on the Townland of Baltimore (on the mainland).
River Ilan, (13th June, 1879.)	Repealing Bye-Law, dated the Twenty-eighth day of February, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four, which permitted the use of Nets for the capture of Salmon or Trout with Meshes of one-and-a-quarter inches from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or five inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet), in the River Ilan, in the County of Cork.
River Ilan, (29th June, 1893.)	Prohibiting to use any Net (save a Landing Net as auxiliary to angling with Rod and Line) in that part of the River Ilan situate between an imaginary line drawn across said River from the townland boundary of the Townlands of Lurriga and Coolnagar, due west to the opposite bank and the Mill Weir, across the said River first to the northwards of said imaginary line, and extending from the Townland of Maulbrack to the Townland of Curragh.
Fresh Waters of District, (25th September, 1895.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any Season of the year, on or near the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries, in the Skibbereen District, or on or near Mill Dams or Weirs on said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Stroke-haul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Whole District, (26th September, 1895.)	Prohibiting to beat the water, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of driving Fish close in to the Banks of any River within the Skibbereen District.
Bantry District.	
Tidal Waters, (7th March, 1879.)	Permitting use of Nets of a Mesh of one and a quarter inches from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or five inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet), in the tidal waters of the Bantry District, which comprises the whole of the sea along the coast between Mizen Head in the County Cork and Crow Head in the same County, and around any Islands or Rocks situate off same, with the whole of the Tideways along said Coast and Rivers, and the whole of the tidal portions of the several Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into said Coast.

APPENDIX NO. 20—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Bantry District—<i>continued.</i>	
Fresh Waters of Rivers flowing into Bantry Bay. (1st Nov., 1894.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any Season of the year, on or near the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their Tributaries, flowing into Bantry Bay, or on or near Mill Dams or Weirs on said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Stroke-haul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Whole District. (7th Nov., 1894.)	Prohibiting to beat the water, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of driving Fish close in to the Banks of any River within the Bantry District.
Snaeve or Coomhola, Mealagh, or Dunnamark, Owsnane, and Carrigboy Rivers. (21st June, 1871.)	Prohibiting use of all Nets (save Landing-Nets as auxiliary to rods and lines) in fresh-water portions of Rivers Snaeve or Coomhola, Mealagh or Dunnamark, Owsnane, and Carrigboy.
Kenmare District.	
Kenmare River or Bay. (2nd Dec., 1874.)	First.—Prohibiting to use any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout in any part of the said Kenmare River or Bay of greater length than One Hundred and Thirty Yards. Second.—Prohibiting to beat the water or to throw stones or other missiles therein during the time of shooting or drafting Nets for the capture of Salmon or Trout in Kenmare River or Bay.
Waterville District.	
* Whole District. Tidal Waters (8th Feb., 1865.)	Prohibiting the catching, or attempting to catch, Salmon in any tidal water in the Killarney District with a Spear, Lyster, Otter, Stroke-haul, Dree-draw, or Gaff, except when the latter instrument may be used solely as auxiliary to angling with rod and line, or for the purpose of removing fish from any legal Weir or box by the owner or occupier thereof.
Currane or Waterville River — Waterville Weir. (7th March, 1870.)	Permitting the space between the Bars or Rails of the Incales and of the Heck or upstream side of the Boxes or Cribs of the Waterville Weir to be one and a quarter inches apart.
Waterville River. (18th Feb., 1871.)	Prohibiting use of Nets between Waterville Weir and mouth of River as defined, between twelve o'clock noon on Friday and six o'clock on Saturday morning, and between six o'clock Monday morning and twelve o'clock noon same day in each week during Open Season.
Waterville or Currane River Estuary, and within half a mile of mouth of Waterville River. (5th April, 1890.)	Prohibiting to beat the water or to throw stones or other missiles therein during the time of shooting or drafting Nets for the capture of Salmon or Trout in Waterville or Currane River, the Estuary thereof, or within half a mile of the mouth of said River, in the county of Kerry.
* Fresh Waters of Rivers and Tributaries in the District. (13th May, 1895.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any Season of the year, on or near the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries, in the Killarney District, or on or near Mill Dams or Weirs on said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).
* Whole District. (20th Sept., 1895.)	Prohibiting to beat the water, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of driving fish close in to the Banks of any River within the Killarney District.

* Made before the division of the Killarney District into the "Killarney" and "Waterville" Districts.

APPENDIX NO. 20—*continued.*ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
The District, (26th Oct., 1901.)	<p style="text-align: center;">Waterville District—continued.</p> <p>Dividing the No. 7 or Killarney District into two Districts, namely:—No. 7¹ or Killarney District which extends from the most westerly point of Kells Bay to Dunmore Head (the Blaskets inclusive), all in the County of Kerry; and includes—</p> <p>A.—The whole of the sea along the Coast between the most westerly point of Kells Bay and Dunmore Head, and the Blaskets, and around any Islands or Rocks situate off the same, with the whole of the Tideway along said Coast and Rivers, and the whole of the Tidal portions of the several Rivers, and their Tributaries, flowing into the said Coast between said points.</p> <p>B.—The whole of the Upper or Freshwater portions of all Rivers, Lakes, and their Tributaries, terminating in the Tideway of that portion of the Tidal Electoral Division A, between the most westerly point of Kells Bay and Cromane point in Castlemaine Bay.</p> <p>C.—The whole of the Upper or Freshwater portions of all Rivers, Lakes, and their Tributaries, terminating in the Tideway of that portion of the Tidal Electoral Division A, between Cromane Point, in Castlemaine Bay, and Dunmore Head,</p> <p>and the No. 7² or Waterville District which extends from Lamb Head to the most westerly point of Kells Bay, all in the County Kerry, and includes—</p> <p>A.—The whole of the sea along the coast between Lamb Head and the most westerly point of Kells Bay, and around any Islands or Rocks situate off the same, with the whole of the Tideway along said Coast and Islands, and the whole of the Tidal portions of the several Rivers, and their Tributaries, flowing into the said Coast between said points.</p> <p>B.—The whole of the Upper or Freshwater portions of all rivers, Lakes, and their Tributaries, terminating in the Tidal Electoral Division A.</p>
Castlemaine Estuary, (27th Oct., 1888.)	<p style="text-align: center;">Killarney District.</p> <p>Prohibiting, during the Salmon Close Season, the use of Draft Nets having a foot-rope and leads or weights affixed thereto in the Estuary of Castlemaine inside the Bar of Inch.</p>
* Whole District, Tidal Waters. (8th Feb., 1865.)	<p>Prohibiting the catching, or attempting to catch, Salmon in any tidal water in the Killarney District with a Spear, Lyster, Ouler, Stroke-baul, Dree-draw, or Gaff, except when the latter instrument may be used solely as auxiliary to angling with rod and line, or for the purpose of removing fish from any legal Weir or Box by the owner or occupier thereof.</p>
Castlemaine Harbour (to E. or N.E of a line from Rosbehy Point to Inch Point), and tidal waters of Rivers Laune, Maine, and Carragh. (20th Sept., 1889.)	<p>Prohibiting to have any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout in or on board any boat, cot, curragh, or other vessel in Castlemaine Harbour inside or to the East or North-east of a line drawn from Rosbehy Point to Inch Point, and in the Tidal Waters or Estuaries of the Rivers Laune, Maine, or Carragh, at any time between the hours of Ten of the clock, a.m., on Saturday, and Three of the clock on Monday morning following.</p>
Castlemaine Harbour, (18th Sept., 1889.)	<p>Providing, 1stly.—That each and every boat used in Salmon or Trout fishing in Castlemaine Harbour shall have marked on each bow with distinct figures of not less than six inches in length and one inch in breadth, a number corresponding with the number on the Licence issued for the net used with said boat.</p> <p>2ndly.—That the said numbers shall be painted in white oil colour on a black ground.</p> <p>3rdly.—That the numbers so placed on boats shall not be effaced, covered or concealed, in any manner whatsoever.</p>

* Made before the division of the Killarney District into the "Killarney" and "Waterville" Districts.

APPENDIX NO. 20—*continued.*

ABSTRACT OF BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES OF IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Killarney District—continued.	
*Fresh Waters of Rivers and Tributaries in the District. (13th May, 1895.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any Season of the year, on or near the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries, in the Killarney District, or on or near Mill Dams or Weirs on said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).
*Whole District. (20th Sept., 1895.)	Prohibiting to beat the water, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of driving Fish close in to the Banks of any River within the Killarney District.
Lakes of Killarney. (9th July, 1897.)	The use of Cross Lines for the capture of Fish is hereby prohibited in the said Lakes of Killarney, known as Lough Leane, Muckross Lake, and Upper Lake.
The District. (26th Oct., 1901.)	<p>Dividing the No. 7 or Killarney District into two Districts, namely:—No. 7¹ or Killarney District which extends from the most westerly point of Kells Bay to Dunmore Head (the Blaskets inclusive), all in the County of Kerry, and includes—</p> <p>A.—The whole of the sea along the Coast between the most westerly point of Kells Bay and Dunmore Head, and the Blaskets, and around any Islands or Rocks situate off the same, with the whole of the Tideway along said Coast and Rivers, and the whole of the Tidal portions of the several Rivers, and their Tributaries, flowing into the said Coast between said points.</p> <p>B.—The whole of the Upper or Freshwater portions of all Rivers, Lakes, and their Tributaries, terminating in the Tideway of that portion of the Tidal Electoral Division A, between the most westerly point of Kells Bay and Cromane Point, Castlemaine Bay.</p> <p>C.—The whole of the Upper or Freshwater portions of all Rivers, Lakes, and their Tributaries, terminating in the Tideway of that portion of the Tidal Electoral Division A, between Cromane Point, in Castlemaine Bay, and Dunmore Head.</p> <p>and the No. 7² or Waterville District which extends from Lamb Head to the most westerly point of Kells Bay, all in the County Kerry, and includes—</p> <p>A.—The whole of the sea along the Coast between Lamb Head and the most westerly point of Kells Bay, and around any Islands or Rocks situate off the same, with the whole of the Tideway along said Coast and Islands, and the whole of the Tidal portions of the several Rivers, and their Tributaries, flowing into the said Coast between said points.</p> <p>B.—The whole of the Upper or Freshwater portions of all Rivers, Lakes, and their Tributaries, terminating in the Tidal Electoral Division A.</p>
Limerick District.	
River Shannon, Island Point. (5th Feb., 1856.)	Prohibiting Net Fishing in that part of the River Shannon between Wellesley Bridge and the Railway Bridge, between 1st June and 11th February, both inclusive
River Shannon. (22nd Nov., 1862.)	Prohibiting Draft Nets for the capture of Fish of any kind, of a mesh less than one and three quarter inches from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or seven inches to be measured all round each such mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet) in the tidal parts of the River Shannon, or in the tidal parts of any of the Rivers flowing into the River Shannon.

* Made before the Division of the Killarney District into the "Killarney" and "Watervilles" District.

APPENDIX NO. 20—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Limerick District—continued.	
River Shannon, (5th June, 1865.)	Prohibiting the Fishing for Salmon or Trout by any means whatsoever, within a space of Twenty Yards from the Weir Wall of Tarmoharry, on the River Shannon.
Rivers Shannon and Maigue, (5th June, 1867.)	Prohibiting the Shooting of Fish in that part of River Shannon between Portumna Bridge and Shannon Bridge, and also in River Maigue.
River Shannon, (1st March, 1872.)	Prohibiting having Nets for capture of Salmon or Trout on board any Cot or Curragh between mouth of Shannon and Wellesley Bridge, in the city of Limerick, or in tidal parts of any rivers flowing into the said River Shannon between said points between the hours of Nine o'clock on Saturday morning and Three o'clock on Monday morning; or between Wellesley Bridge and the Navigation Weir at Killaloo, in the County of Clare, between Eight o'clock on Saturday morning and Four o'clock on Monday morning.
River Deel, (6th June, 1877.)	Prohibiting the use of all Nets (except Landing Nets as auxiliary to angling with rod and line) for the capture of Salmon or Trout, in that part of River Deel situate between Broken Bridge and the mouth of River as defined.
Lough Derg, (19th June, 1877.)	Permitting the use of Nets not exceeding 12 yards in length, with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot for the capture of fish other than Salmon or Trout in Lough Derg.
Ditto, (9th January, 1899.)	Prohibiting at all times the use of Nets (except Landing Nets as auxiliary to fishing with Rod and Line), for the capture of any description of fish other than Eels within the said Lough Derg—Provided always that this prohibition shall not affect the permission granted by another By-Law dated 19th June, 1877, and approved by the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council of Ireland on the 18th December, 1877, for the use in the said Lough Derg of Nets not exceeding Twelve Yards in length for the capture of fish other than Salmon and Trout, with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or four inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet). Prohibiting to use for the capture of Fish of any kind, in the said Lough Derg, lines commonly called and known as "Tram Lines" or "Long Lines," baited with the fry or young of Fish.
River Shannon, (23rd June, 1877.) [Part repealed by following By-Law.]	Repealing the first clause of By-law dated 22nd November, 1862, which prohibited the use of similar nets, as hereinafter mentioned, between 20th July and 1st November; and in lieu thereof prohibiting between the 1st day of August, or such other day as at any time may be the first day of the Close Season in which no fish of the Salmon or Trout kind shall be killed, destroyed, or taken by any person or by any means whatsoever (save by single rod and line only), and the 1st day of November in each year, the use of Draft Nets or any other Net or Nets used as a Draft Net, having a foot rope and leads or weights affixed thereto, in that part of the River Shannon situate between the Fishing Weir known as the Lax Weir and a line drawn due North and South across the said River Shannon at the Western extremity of Graigue Island.

APPENDIX NO. 20—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Limerick District—<i>continued.</i>	
River Shannon, (7th August, 1896.)	<p>Repealing so much of the By-law of the 23rd day of June, 1877, as enacted that between the 1st day of August, or such other day as at any time might be the First day of the Close Season, in which no Fish of the Salmon or Trout kind should be killed, destroyed, or taken, by any person or by any means whatsoever (save by single Rod and Line only), in that part of the River Shannon hereinafter mentioned, and the 1st day of November in each year, the use of Draught Nets, or any other Net or Nets used as a Draught Net having a foot rope and leads or weights affixed thereto, was thereby prohibited within the following limits, viz. :—in that part of the River Shannon situate between the Fishing Weir known as the Lax Weir and a line drawn due North and South across the said River Shannon at the Western extremity of Graigue Island, such limits being within the Counties of Limerick and Clare, respectively, and enacting that :—</p> <p>Between the 1st day of August in each year and the 11th day of February in the year following (or during such other period as may hereafter be fixed as the Close Season for netting for Salmon and Trout in the River Shannon), the use of all Nets is prohibited within the following limits, viz. :— in that part of the River Shannon situate between the Fishing Weir known as the Lax Weir and a line drawn due North and South across the said River Shannon at the Western extremity of Graigue Island, such limits being within the Counties of Limerick and Clare, respectively.</p>
River Shannon, (2nd Sept., 1866.)	<p>Prohibiting the extension of any cord, rope, wire, or line of any kind whatsoever, attached to any door of any stake, flood, ebb, or head weir or stake net in River Shannon further inland or shorewards than the pouches, traps, chambers, or eyes to which said doors belong, or to adopt any contrivances by means of which said doors may be opened or shut from the shores or banks of said river.</p>
Lough Ree, River Shannon, (27th August, 1858.)	<p>Permitting the use of Nets in Lough Ree, having a mesh of five inches in the round, measured when the Net is wet.</p>
River Fergus, (26th June, 1865.)	<p>Prohibiting the Fishing for Salmon or Trout by any means whatsoever, within a space of Twenty Yards from the Weir Wall of Ennis, on the River Fergus.</p>
River Fergus, (16th Dec., 1870.)	<p>Prohibiting the use of Drift Nets in the Tidal parts of River Fergus, County Clare.</p>
Maigue River, (1st March, 1871.)	<p>Prohibiting use of all Nets, except Landing-Nets as auxiliary to rod and line in River Maigue, above Railway-bridge below Adare.</p>
Ditto, (22nd Nov., 1893.)	<p>Prohibiting to use, in the Fresh water portions of the River Maigue and its Tributaries, any "Night Line" for the capture of fish of any kind.</p>
River Mulcaire, (29th June, 1885.)	<p>Prohibiting to fish for Salmon or Trout by any means whatsoever, within a space of Fifty Yards below the Mill Weir at Ballyclough, on the River Mulcaire.</p>
Ditto, (23rd May, 1899.)	<p>Prohibiting to use, in the Fresh water portions of the River Mulcaire and its Tributaries, any "Night Line" for the capture of fish of any kind.</p>

APPENDIX No. 20—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report,
relating to the SALMON FISHERIES OF IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
	Limerick District—continued.
Maigue River, (12th Sept., 1885.)	Repealing By-Law dated the 17th October, 1864, prohibiting Draft Nets between Ferry Draw Bridge and Bridge of Adare; and in lieu thereof prohibiting the use of Draft Nets in that part of the Maigue River, between a line drawn across said River at the southern boundary of the Townland of Ballycasey on the West, in an easterly direction, to the opposite shore on the Townland of Clonanna and the Old Bridge of Adare, all in the County of Limerick.
Ditto, (5th Feb., 1897.)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. No Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout of greater length than Thirty-eight Yards shall be used in the River Maigue, inside the Mouth of said River, as such Mouth is at present defined, or may hereafter be defined under the Acts relating to the Salmon Fisheries of Ireland, in the District heretofore defined and known as the No. 4, or Limerick District.
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. The use of all Nets (save a Landing Net for use solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with single Rod and Line) is hereby prohibited in the Tidal Waters outside the Mouth of the said River Maigue, as such Mouth is at present defined or may hereafter be defined under the Acts relating to the Salmon Fisheries of Ireland, within imaginary straight lines drawn from Mellon Point to the outermost point of Way Rock, thence to the outermost point (at Low Water of ordinary Spring Tides) of Grass Island, and from the old Building in the centre of Grass Island to the nearest point of the Embankment in the Townland of Newtown, County Limerick.
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. The use of all Nets (save a Landing Net for use solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with single Rod and Line, and save also Nets duly licensed and legally used for the capture of Salmon or Trout) is hereby prohibited in the River Maigue within the Mouth of said River, as such Mouth is at present defined or may hereafter be defined under the Acts relating to the Salmon Fisheries of Ireland.
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. It is hereby prohibited to heat the water of the River Maigue with a stick or other implement or to throw stones or other missiles therein for the purpose of injuring fish which may be therein, or procuring the capture or killing thereof.
Ditto, (29th Oct., 1902.)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The use of all Nets (save a Landing Net for use solely as auxiliary to Fishing legally with Single Rod and Line), is hereby prohibited in that part of the River Maigue between a line drawn across said River at the southern boundary of the Townland of Ballycasey on the West, in an easterly direction, to the opposite shore on the Townland of Clonanna, and the Railway Bridge of Adare, all in the County of Limerick, between the hours of six o'clock in the evening and six o'clock on the following morning.
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. It is hereby prohibited to have any net (save a Landing Net for use solely as auxiliary to Fishing legally with Single Rod and Line), in or on board any boat, cot or curragh, or other vessel, in that part of the River Maigue between a line drawn across said river at the southern boundary of the Townland of Ballycasey on the West in an easterly direction, to the opposite shore on the Townland of Clonanna, and the Railway Bridge of Adare, all in the County of Limerick, between the hours of six o'clock in the evening and six o'clock on the following morning.
Cashen River, (5th June, 1899.)	Prohibiting the use in the River Cashen and its Tributaries (inside the defined mouth of the said River Cashen), of all Draft Nets of greater length than one hundred and fifty yards.

APPENDIX NO. 2—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Westmeath and Cavan Lakes, (4th Jan., 1890.)	<p style="text-align: center;">Limerick District—continued.</p> <p>Prohibiting, 1stly.—To use for the capture of fish of any kind in any of the Lakes situated in the Counties of Westmeath and Cavan, lines commonly called and known as "Tram Lines," baited with the fry or young of fish. Provided always that nothing in this By-law shall be construed to prohibit the use of lines used in trolling with Single Rods. 2ndly.—To use in any of said Lakes any engine, means, or device whatsoever for the capture of fry or young of fish, for the purpose of baiting such Tram Lines as aforesaid.</p>
Lough Owel (County Westmeath.) (21st Dec., 1897.)	Prohibiting to fish with nets (save landing nets used solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with rod and line), in Lough Owel.
River Feale, (2nd August, 1890.)	Prohibiting to beat the water in the River Feale in the County Kerry, or to throw stones or other missiles therein.
River Shannon, between Athlone and Portumna. (8th July, 1891.)	Prohibiting the use of any net of greater length than Forty yards in that portion of the River Shannon situated between Athlone and Portumna.
Rivers Shannon, Maigue, and Askeaton, and Clonderlaw Bay. (10th Nov., 1892, and 30th Nov., 1893.)	<p>First.—No Drift Nets of greater length than 130 yards shall be used for the capture of Salmon or Trout in any part of the River Shannon between Limerick and a line drawn across the River below Askeaton from Aughnish Point, in the County of Limerick, to Kildysart, in the County of Clare.</p> <p>Second.—No Drift Nets of greater length than 230 yards shall be used for the capture of Salmon or Trout in any other Tidal Waters of the River Shannon or in Clonderlaw Bay.</p> <p>Third.—No two or more Drift Nets shall be attached together in any way or be allowed to drift within 150 yards of each other in the River Shannon, or in Clonderlaw Bay.</p> <p>Fourth.—No Drift Nets below or seaward of a line drawn across the River Shannon, from Aughnish Point, in the County of Limerick, to Kildysart, in the County of Clare, shall be used within the line of low water mark of ordinary Spring Tides.</p> <p>Fifth.—No Drift Nets shall be used in Clonderlaw Bay above a line drawn from Knock to Lacknabahee, in the County of Clare.</p> <p>Sixth.—No Drift Nets shall be used in the Rivers Maigue or Askeaton.</p> <p>Seventh.—No Drift Net of a greater length than 130 yards shall be in, or on board of any boat, cot, curragh, or other vessel in the River Shannon between Limerick and a line drawn across said River below Askeaton, from Aughnish Point, in the County of Limerick, to Kildysart, in the County of Clare.</p>
River Shannon, (3rd September, 1894.)	Prohibiting to fish for Salmon or Trout by any means whatsoever in that part of the River Shannon, comprised between the sluice gates at Killaloe and a line across the River Shannon from a point fifty yards below the said sluices on the County Tipperary side, to a point on the Weir on the County Clare side about twenty-five yards below said sluices, measured along said Weir, the ends of which line are marked by Concrete Pillars.
River Dunratty, (20th August, 1896.)	Prohibiting the use of all Nets (save a Landing Net for use solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with single rod and line, and save also Nets duly licensed and legally used for the capture of Salmon or Trout) in the River Dunratty, and also in the Tidal Waters outside the mouth of said River, within imaginary straight lines drawn from the Towland Boundary between the Townlands of Ballymorris and Moyhill to the outermost rock of Green Island, thence to the outermost rock (at low water of ordinary Spring Tides) of Quay Island, and thence to Illammore Point in the Towland of Dunratty West.

APPENDIX NO. 20—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report,
relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Limerick District—continued.	
Barony of Corkaguiny, Co. Kerry. (23rd May, 1896.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset at any Season of the year, in or on the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their Tributaries, in that portion of the Barony of Corkaguiny County of Kerry, which is situated in the Limerick District, or on Mill Dams or Weirs on said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Galway District.	
Galway River, Lough Corrib, &c. (24th July, 1846.)	Prohibiting the use of the Instrument, commonly called Strokehaul or Snatch, or any other such instrument, in River Galway, Loughs Corrib or Mask, or their Tributaries.
Lough Corrib, &c., (20th Oct., 1898.)	Prohibiting the use of Cross Lines in Lough Corrib, and in all the Streams and Lakes which flow into it.
Whole District, (3rd March, 1865.)	Prohibiting the snatching or attempting to snatch Salmon in any Tidal or Fresh Water in the Galway District with any kind of Fish-hook, covered in part or in whole with any matter or thing, or uncovered.
Clare and Clare-Galway or Turloughmore Rivers, Co. Galway. (22nd Dec., 1862.)	Prohibiting the use of Nets of any kind whatsoever in any part of the Rivers known as the Clare and the Clare-Galway or Turloughmore Rivers, in the County of Galway, above the junction of the said Rivers with Lough Corrib, in the County of Galway.
Kilcolgan River, Tidal portion (21st Jan., 1889.)	<p>First.—Two Nets not to be in the water at same time within Forty Yards of each other, whether on same or opposite sides.</p> <p>Second.—Until the Net first shot has been beached, a second or other Net not to be shot on either side of River within Forty Yards of such first Net.</p> <p>Third.—A Net not to remain in the water more than one hour, that is, that the hauling shall not be allowed to occupy more than one hour, but hauling is not to be unnecessarily delayed to disadvantage or injury of a person wanting to use another Net.</p> <p>Fourth.—All Nets to be shot against the current of the tide.</p>
Lough Mask and Tributaries, (26th May, 1896.)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Prohibiting the use of all Nets for the capture of Fish (except a Landing Net used solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with single rod and line) in Lough Mask and in all the Streams and Lakes which flow into it. 2. Prohibiting the use of Cross Lines for the capture of fish in Lough Mask, and in all the Streams and Lakes which flow into it. 3. Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any season of the year, in or on the Banks of Lough Mask, and in or on the banks of all Streams and Lakes flowing into it, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with single rod and line). 4. Prohibiting to have any Net for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish (save a Landing Net for use when fishing legally with single rod and line), in or on board any boat, cot, or curragh or other vessel on Lough Mask, or on any of the Lakes or Rivers which flow into it.

APPENDIX NO. 20—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Whole District,* (3rd March, 1865.)	<p style="text-align: center;">Connemara District.</p> <p>Prohibiting the snatching or attempting to snatch Salmon in any Tidal or Fresh Water in the Galway District with any kind of Fish-hook, covered in part or in whole with any matter or thing, or uncovered.</p>
Owenmore River, Co. Mayo. (20th May, 1865.)	<p style="text-align: center;">Bangor District.</p> <p>Prohibiting the removal of gravel or sand from any part of the bed of the Owenmore River in the County of Mayo, where the spawning of Salmon or Trout may take place.</p>
Owenduff or Ballycrov, Owenmore and Munlim Rivers. (10th Feb., 1866.)	<p>Permitting the use of Nets with Meshes of one and a-half inches from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or six inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear, when the Net is wet,) within so much of the said Rivers Owenduff or Ballycrov, Owenmore and Munlim, as lies above the mouth as defined, during so much of the Months of June, July, and August, as do now or at any time may form part of the Open Season for the capture of Salmon or Trout, with Nets, in the said Rivers.</p>
Whole District, (21st May, 1870.)	<p style="text-align: center;">Ballina District.</p> <p>Permitting use of Nets with Meshes of one and a quarter inches from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or five inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear, when the Net is wet).</p>
Moy River and Tributaries, (11th Nov., 1903.)	<p>Repealing By-Law of 11th day of February, 1871; and in lieu thereof prohibiting to capture Trout by means of Rods and Lines, during the Months of April and May in each year, in all parts of the River Moy and its Tributaries which are accessible to Salmon, save in all Lakes on the course of the said River and its Tributaries.</p>
Killala Bay, (8th June, 1893.)	<p>First.—Prohibiting to catch or attempt to catch Salmon or Trout in Killala Bay by means of Drift Nets inside or to the southward of a line drawn from the Boat Port at Ennisrone in the County of Sligo to Ross Point in the County of Mayo.</p> <p>Second.—No Drift Nets of greater length than 400 yards shall be used for the capture of Salmon or Trout in any part of the Bay of Killala outside or to the northward of said line.</p> <p>Third.—No two or more Drift Nets shall be attached together in any way in the Bay of Killala or to the same boat while fishing in said Bay.</p> <p>Fourth.—Whenever a Drift Net shall be used for the capture of Salmon or Trout in the Bay of Killala it shall be attached to a boat which shall remain over said Net while fishing and the fishermen engaged in fishing with said Drift Net shall remain on board such boat whilst said Drift Net shall be in the water; provided always that nothing herein contained shall be construed to render liable to any penalty any person who shall be prevented by storm or stress of weather from remaining on board such boat whilst such Drift Net shall be in the water.</p>
Sligo River, (1st March, 1870.)	<p style="text-align: center;">Sligo District.</p> <p>Prohibiting the snatching or attempting to snatch, Salmon in Sligo River, with any kind of Fish-hook covered in part or in whole, or uncovered.</p>

* Made before the division of the Galway District into the "Galway" and "Connemara" Districts.

APPENDIX NO. 20—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &C., in force at date of this Report,
relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Sligo District—continued.	
Sligo River, . . . (25th Jan., 1897.)	<p>1st. In any part of the Tidal Waters of the Sligo or Garguogue River no two Nets shall be allowed in the water at the same time within 400 yards of each other, whether such Nets shall be on the same side or on opposite sides of the River.</p> <p>2nd. Until the Net that has been first shot has been beached and is wholly out of the water, no second or other Net shall be commenced to be shot on either side of the said River within 400 yards of such first Net.</p> <p>3rd. The use of all engines or devices for the capture of fish is hereby prohibited between Victoria Bridge and the portion of the Mill Dam which is above said Bridge.</p>
Lough Doon, . . . (24th March, 1871.)	Permitting use of Nets with meshes of half an inch from knot to knot, for capture of Fish.
Ballyshannon District.	
Upper or Fresh Water portions of District. (20th Oct., 1886.)	Prohibiting to have in possession between sunrise and sunset for purpose of taking fish or with intent to take fish, at any season of the year, on or near the banks of lakes and upper or fresh water portions of rivers, or in or near mill-dams or weirs in the Ballyshannon District, any spear, lyster, strokehaul, or gaff (except a gaff to be used solely as auxiliary to angling for salmon legally with rod and line).
Ditto, . . . (13th Feb., 1871.)	Permitting use of Nets with meshes of one inch from knot to knot in tideway of River Erne.
Erne River, . . . (1st June, 1872.)	Prohibiting the capture of Fish of any description with the instrument commonly called and known by the name of the Spoonbait, or any other instrument of the like nature or device during the months of January, February, and March in each year, in that part of the River Erne situated between the Falls of Belleek and a line drawn due south across the River from the point of Castle Caldwell demesne, by the Eastern point of the Muckinish, or White Island, to the opposite Bank, all in the County of Fermanagh.
Lower Lough Erne, . . . (30th June, 1874.)	Permitting use of nets with meshes of one inch from knot to knot for capture of fish by persons having right to use nets in said lough, between Emskillen and Belleek, between 1st May and first day of close season in each year.
Eany Water, or Inver River, (25th June, 1872.)	Permitting use of Nets for the capture of Fish with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot (to be measured along the side of the square, or four inches to be measured all round each such Mesh, such measurements being taken in the clear when the Net is wet), within so much of the River Eany Water, or Inver, in the County of Donegal, as lies above the mouth of said river as defined.
Letterkenny District.	
Crana or Buncrana River, (5th Nov., 1877.)	Permitting the use of nets for the capture of Salmon or Trout with Meshes of one inch from knot to knot in the Crana or Buncrana River, and within one mile seawards and eastwards thereof.

APPENDIX NO. 20—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Whole District, Fresh Water, (29th September, 1899.)	<p style="text-align: center;">Letterkenny District—<i>continued.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Prohibiting to beat the Freshwaters of any River in the Letterkenny District with a stick or other implement, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of injuring or chasing fish which may be therein, or procuring the capture or killing thereof. 2. Prohibiting in the Freshwaters of any River in the said Letterkenny District to catch or attempt to catch fish with the hands (unless such catching or attempting to catch fish with the hands is being used as auxiliary to legal fishing). 3. Prohibiting to have in possession, between sunrise and sunset, for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, at any season of the year, in or on the banks of the Upper or Freshwater portions of all Rivers and their tributaries in the said Letterkenny District, or on Mill Dams or Weirs on the said portions of said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing for Salmon legally with rod and line). 4. Repealing the By-Law dated 30th November, 1881, which prohibited to have in possession between sunrise and sunset, for the purpose of taking fish or with the intent to take fish at any season of the year, on the banks of the Banerama River and its tributaries within the said District, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).
River Foyle, (28th Feb., 1871.)	<p style="text-align: center;">Londonderry District.</p> <p>Permitting the use of Nets with meshes of one inch from knot to knot in Lough Foyle and tidal parts of River.</p>
Baronscourt Lakes and Streams. (22nd April, 1871.)	<p>Permitting the use of Nets for the capture of fish other than Salmon and Trout, with meshes of half an inch from knot to knot.</p>
Tidal Waters, (5th June, 1878.)	<p>Prohibiting having nets for capture of Salmon or Trout in or on board any boat, cot, or curragh in the Tidal Waters of said district, which comprises the whole of the sea along the coast between Malin Head, in the County of Donegal, and the townland boundary between the townlands of Drumagully and Downhill, in the County of Londonderry, with the whole of the tideway along said coast and rivers, and the whole of the tidal portion of the several rivers and their tributaries flowing into said coast between said points, at any time between the hours of twelve of the clock at noon on Saturday and four of the clock on Monday morning.</p>
Upper or Fresh Water portions of Rivers in District. (3rd Dec., 1879.)	<p>Prohibiting having in possession for the purpose of taking Fish, or with the intent to take Fish, between sunrise and sunset, at any season of the year, on or near the banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of any Rivers or Loughs within the said District, situated in the Counties of Tyrone, Donegal, and Londonderry, which comprise the fresh water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries flowing into the sea along the coast between Malinhead in the County of Donegal, and the Townland Boundary between the Townlands of Drumagully and Downhill in the County of Londonderry, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line).</p>

APPENDIX NO. 20—continued.

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report, relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—con.

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Londonderry District—continued.	
Upper or Fresh Water portions of Rivers in District. (15th April, 1896.)	Prohibiting to beat the water or to throw stones or other missiles therein for the purpose of capturing or driving Fish close in to the Banks of the freshwater portions of any River or catching, or attempting to catch Fish with the hands (unless such catching or attempting to catch Fish with the hands is being used as auxiliary to legal fishing) on any portion of the freshwaters of the Rivers within the District.
Whole District, (21st Sept., 1899.)	Prohibiting to snatch or attempt to snatch or foul hook Salmon in any tidal or fresh water in the said Londonderry District, with any kind of fish hook or combination of fish hooks, covered in part or in whole with any matter or thing, or uncovered, and whether used with a rod and line or otherwise.
Coleraine District.	
Lough Neagh, (27th April, 1860.)	Permitting Pollen to be taken by Trammel or Set Nets composed of Thread or Yarn of a fine texture, not less than ten fanks to the pound weight, doubled and twisted with a mesh of not less than one inch from knot to knot, and not greater than one and one quarter inches from knot to knot.
Whole District, (17th Oct., 1870.)	Prohibiting snatching or attempting to snatch Salmon in any of the tidal or fresh waters of District.
Tidal Waters, and Loughs Neagh and Beg. (16th Dec., 1878.)	<p>First.—Prohibiting to have any Net for the capture of Salmon or Trout, in or on board any boat, cot, or curragh, in the Tidal Waters of said District, which comprises the tidal portions of all Rivers and their tributaries flowing into the sea along the coast between the sea-point of the Townland Boundary between the Townlands of Downhill and Drumagully in the County of Londonderry, and the Point of Portrush in the County of Antrim, at any time between the hours of twelve of the clock at noon on Saturday and four of the clock on Monday morning.</p> <p>Second.—Prohibiting to have any Net for the capture of Salmon, Trout, or Pollen in or on board any boat, cot, or curragh, in Lough Neagh or Lough Beg, situated within the aforesaid District, at any time between the hours of eleven of the clock in the forenoon on Saturday and four of the clock on Monday morning.</p>
Upper or Fresh Water portions of Rivers in District. (3rd Nov., 1879.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking Fish, or with the intent to take Fish, between sunrise and sunset, at any season of the year, on or near the banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of any Rivers or Loughs within the said District, situated in the Counties of Londonderry, Antrim, Tyrone, Armagh, Monaghan, and Down, which comprise the fresh water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries flowing into the sea along the coast between the sea-point of the Townland Boundary between the Townlands of Downhill and Drumagully in the County of Londonderry, and the Point of Portrush in the County of Antrim, any Spear, Lyster, Strokhaul, or Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to angling for Salmon legally with rod and line)

APPENDIX No. 20—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report,
relating to the SALMON FISHERIES OF IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law and date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Coleraine District—<i>continued.</i>	
Lough Neagh, (30th Dec., 1879.)	Prohibiting having any Net for the capture of Salmon, Trout, or Pollen, in or on board any boat, cut, or curragh, in Lough Neagh, in said District, during the annual Close Season for Salmon, Trout, and Pollen, in said Lough Neagh.
Ditto, (12th Oct., 1895.)	<p>Repealing By-Law of 28th February, 1867 (which prohibited the use of Draft Nets for Pollen) and making By-Laws as follows:—</p> <p>First.—Prohibiting to use any Draft Net for the capture of Pollen within the distance of half a mile from the mouth of any River flowing into Lough Neagh; or in Toome Bay within the following imaginary lines, namely:—</p> <p>(a.) A line across Toome Bay from Tryad Point in the County of Londonderry, to the northern point of Pullan Bay, in the County of Antrim.</p> <p>(b.) A line across the River Bann at the Railway Bridge of the Belfast and Northern Counties Railway near Toome Station.</p> <p>Second.—Prohibiting to use any Draft Net for the capture of Pollen of a greater length than one hundred and thirty yards, or with meshes of less size than 42 rows of knots to the yard, that is each mesh must not be of less size than six-sevenths of an inch from knot to knot, or three and three-sevenths inches all round each mesh (such measurement to be taken in the clear when the net is wet).</p>
Whole District, Fresh Waters, (23rd May, 1899.)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Prohibiting to beat the Fresh waters of any River in the Coleraine District with a stick or other implement, or to throw stones or other missiles therein, for the purpose of injuring fish which may be therein, or procuring the capture or killing thereof. 2. Prohibiting in the Fresh waters of any River in the Coleraine District, to catch, or attempt to catch fish with the hands (unless such catching or attempting to catch fish with the hands is being used as auxiliary to legal fishing).
Ballycastle District.	
Bush River, (28th Feb., 1870.)	Repealing Definition of Bush River Estuary as fixed by the late Special Commissioners on 8th Feb., 1864.
Ditto, (19th Sept., 1898.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between sunrise and sunset, at any season of the year, in or on the banks of the River Bush and its tributaries inside the defined mouth of said River Bush, or on Mill Dams or Weirs on said River and tributaries, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing legally with rod and line).
Dundalk District.	
Between Clogher Head and Ballagan Point. (29th April, 1872.)	Prohibiting to catch or attempt to catch Salmon or Trout with any Net of greater length than 500 Yards on that part of the Sea Coast situated between Clogher Head and Ballagan Point, in the County of Louth.
Tidal Waters, (30th June, 1873.)	Prohibiting the catching or attempting to catch Salmon in any Tidal water of District between Dunany Point and Soldier's Point, in the County Louth, with a Spear, Lyster, Otter, Strokehaul, Dree-draw, or Gaff, except when the latter may be used solely as auxiliary to angling with Rod and Line, or for removing fish from any legal Weir or Box by the Owner or Occupier thereof.

APPENDIX NO. 20—*continued.*

ABSTRACT of BY-LAWS, ORDERS, &c., in force at date of this Report,
relating to the SALMON FISHERIES of IRELAND—*con.*

Place affected by By-Law, and Date thereof.	Nature of By-Law.
Dundalk District—<i>continued.</i>	
Tidal Waters, (17th April, 1888.)	Prohibiting the catching or attempting to catch Salmon in any Tidal water in that part of the Dundalk District situated between Soldier's Point and Ballagan Point, both in the County of Louth, with a Spear, Lyster, Otter, Strokehaul, Dree-draw, or Gaff, except when the latter instrument may be used solely as auxiliary to angling with Rod and Line, or for the purpose of removing fish from any legal Weir or Box by the Owner or Occupier thereof.
Whole District Fresh Waters, (23rd October, 1896.)	Prohibiting to have in possession for the purpose of taking fish, or with the intent to take fish, between Sunrise and Sunset, at any season of the year, in or on the Banks of the Upper or Fresh Water portions of all Rivers and their tributaries, in the Dundalk District, or on Mill Dams or Weirs on said portions of said Rivers, any Spear, Lyster, Strokehaul, Gaff, or any part or portion of a Gaff (except a Gaff for the purpose of being used solely as auxiliary to fishing for Salmon legally with rod and line).
Drogheda District.	
River Boyne Tidal Waters, (12th Jan., 1889.) (See following By-Law.)	<p>First.—Prohibiting use of Draft Nets of greater length than ninety-five yards.</p> <p>Second.—Prohibiting use of Draft Nets at a less distance from each other than one hundred yards.</p> <p>Third.—Prohibiting shooting of Nets simultaneously from points on both banks which are opposite each other, so as to have the Nets in the water at the same time, but ordering that the Net first shot from one bank shall be beached before that from the opposite point is shot.</p>
River Boyne Tidal Waters, (9th December, 1896.)	Repealing and rescinding the first of the above By-Laws of the 12th January, 1889, and in lieu thereof prohibiting Draft Nets of greater length than seventy-five yards for the capture of Salmon or Trout in the tidal parts of said River Boyne, that is below or seaward of the Boundary between the Tidal and Fresh Waters of said River, which boundary has heretofore been defined to be a straight line drawn across the River at right angles with its course, at the most easterly point of Grove Island, at Oldbridge.
River Boyne Fresh Waters, (29th Oct., 1890.)	Prohibiting the use of any Net of a greater length than forty yards in that portion of the River Boyne situated between Navan and the boundary between the Tidal and Fresh Waters of said River, which boundary has heretofore been defined to be a straight line drawn across the River, at right angles with its course at the most eastern point of Grove Island, at Oldbridge.

APPENDIX No. 21.

CERTIFICATES granted up to Date of this Report for Fixed Engines for fishing for Salmon or Trout (arranged in Districts).

No.	Place.	Name of Person to whom Certificate granted.	Date of Certificate.	Name of Person to whom Certificate transferred.	Date of Transfer.	District in which Not situated.	Description of Fixed Net.	Particulars of Size, &c.	Observations
65	River Moy.	Mary Anne Little and Andrew Clarke.	2 May, 1870.	Thomasina Little, Reverend Thomas Armstrong, Robt. Alexander Taylor, Robert M'Creagh (junior), John Clarke, John Malcolm, John Wingfield Malcolm, and Francis Edward Guise.	19 March, 1891.	Ballyn.	6 Fixed draft nets.	6 nets, from 150 to 250 yards in length.	Tide-way nets, River Moy.
67	Ditto.	J. W. Stratford.	18 May, 1870.	Thomasina Little, Reverend Thomas Armstrong, Robt. Alexander Taylor, Robert M'Creagh (junior), John Clarke, John Malcolm, John Wingfield Malcolm, and Francis Edward Guise.	30 April, 1891.	Ditto.	3 Ditto.	3 nets, not exceeding 80 yards in length.	Scourmore fixed nets.
85	Sea off coast, co. Mayo.	William Little.	8 June, 1870.	Thomasina Little, Reverend Thomas Armstrong, Robt. Alexander Taylor, Robert M'Creagh (junior), John Clarke, John Malcolm, John Wingfield Malcolm, and Francis Edward Guise.	28 April, 1891.	Ditto.	2 Bag nets.	Leaders, 50 fathoms long each; and each bag about 7 feet wide.	Kilcummin bag nets.
100	Sea off coast, co. Sligo.	Ditto.	16 May, 1872.	Ditto.	24 April, 1891.	Ditto.	3 Ditto.	Leaders, each 50 fathoms long; heads, 6 fathoms each.	Ennisone nets.
2	Sea off co. Antrim.	A. G. Fullerton.	5 September, 1865.	Ditto.		Ballycastle.	1 Ditto.	Leader, 72 yards; net, 29 yards.	Larrybane net.
3	Ditto.	Ditto.		Ditto.		Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Leader, 50 yards; net, 20 yards.	Carriek-a-mide net.
7	Ditto.	Sir E. Macnaghten.	Ditto.	R. M. Douglas.	16th June, 1890.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Leader, 246 feet; net, 84 feet.	Portbradden net.
9	Ditto.	Earl of Antrim.	22 November, 1865.	Ditto.		Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Leader, 150 feet; net, 48 feet.	Torr net.
14	Ditto.	J. C. Anderson.	23 October, 1865.	Allan Mill.	23 December, 1903.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Net, 316 feet: head, 63 feet.	Portfad net.
15	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	4 December, 1903.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Ditto, ditto.	Portmoan net.
50	Carnlough Bay.	Earl of Antrim.	8 February, 1870.	Ditto.		Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Leader, 115 yards long; head, 43 feet long.	Carnlough net.
59	Off coast, co. Antrim.	Sir E. W. Macnaghten, bart.	2 May, 1870.	Sir Francis Macnaghten.	26 January, 1891.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Leader, 95 yards long; head, 21 yards long.	Blackrock bag net.
60	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Leader, 74 yards long; head, 21 yards long.	Glashan Island bag net.
61	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Fixed draft net.	Length, 100 yards.	Cregganagh net.
66	Ballycastle Bay.	Sir H. H. Boyd, bart.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Length, 100 yards.	Ballycastle net.
71	Sea off Coast, co. Antrim.	John Finlay.	11 May, 1870.	Hugh M'Calmont M'Gildowney.	15 January, 1891.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Length, 104 yards.	Ballyvee fixed net.
72	Ditto.	John M'Gildowney.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Length, 90 yards.	Clarepark fixed net.
73	Ditto.	Edmund M'Neill.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Length, 116 yards.	Currysheskin fixed net.
74	Red Bay.	H. H. M'Neill.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Length, 100 yards.	Red Bay fixed draft net.
75	Sea off coast, co. Antrim.	Earl of Antrim.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Length, 75 yards.	Layd fixed draft net.
84	Ditto.	J. E. Leslie.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	120 yards long.	Templastragh net.
97	Ditto.	Earl of Antrim.	23 April, 1871.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Length, 100 yards.	Pier net.
100	Ditto.	Denis Black.	19 July, 1871.	Elizabeth Penelope M'Donnell, N.A. de la Cherois Crommelin, Henry Lyle, Baron Dunleath, and H. W. Montgomery.	18th June, 1891.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Length, 100 yards.	Moneyvat, otherwise Port Vinegar draft net.
116	Ditto.	John Finlay.	9 July, 1872.	Ditto.	4th May, 1903.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	48 fathoms long.	Slans net.
117	Ditto.	Robert Woodside.	10 July, 1872.	James Francis Mackinnon.	10 June, 1896.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Leader, 74 yards long; head, 26 yards long.	Cregganagh net.
131	Ditto.	Robert Gregg.	15 March, 1891.	Earl of Antrim.	19 November, 1895.	Ditto.	6 Bag nets.	Leaders, A net, 330 feet; B net, 240 feet; C and D nets, 330 feet; E net, 288 feet; and F net, 400 feet. Bags, 65 feet each.	Curran, Big Duncan, Skerryvan, Little Duncan, and Portnoon nets (A, or Flag Staff net in Coleraine District).
133	Ditto.	Robert A. Taylor and William Woodside, in lieu of No. 82.	21 July, 1881.	J. F. Mackinnon.	10 June, 1896.	Ditto.	1 Draft net.	90 yards long.	Kinbane net.
23	River Erne.	Alicia Shell.	20 January, 1866.	R. L. Moore and others.	20 October, 1879.	Ballyshannon.	1 Stake net.	Land arm, 210 yards flood.	Erue weir.
64	Sea off coast of Sligo.	William Cowper Temple.	2 May, 1870.	Hon. A. E. M. Ashley.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Fixed draft net.	Length, 120 yards.	Mullaghmore net.
78	Sea off coast, co. Donegal.	H. G. Murray Stewart.	13 May, 1870.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	2 Ditto.	2 nets, not exceeding 250 yards in length.	Muckross and Gortalia nets.
78	Inver Bay.	William Sinclair.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Length, 130 yards.	Inver nets.
80	Sea off coast, co. Donegal.	Marquis Conyngham.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Length, 90 yards.	Ballyvederane net.
88	Ditto.	Ebenezer Bustard.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	3 Ditto.	Each 200 yards long.	Drumbannan net.
90	River Erne.	R. L. Moore and others.	7 February, 1871.	John Bustard.	2 November, 1887.	Ditto.	1 Bag net.	Leader, 150 yards long; head, 18 yards long.	Tideway nets, River Erne.
92	Island of Achill.	Alexander Hector.	2 May, 1870.	Alexander Hector.	7th April, 1890.	Bangor.	3 Fixed draft nets.	3 nets, not exceeding 120 yards in length.	Keel net.
68	Owenmore River.	William Purrie.	18 May, 1870.	Charles Gallagher.	6 July, 1887.	Ditto.	7 Ditto.	800 ditto.	Owenmore nets.
69	Owenmore and Ballycrov Rivers.	Helen Little.	19 May, 1870.	Lowther H. Little.	9 July, 1886.	Ditto.	2 Bag nets.	Leaders, 40 fathoms long; heads, 5 fathoms long.	Tullaghan nets.
110	Sea off coast, co. Mayo.	Sir F. A. Knox Gore.	25 May, 1872.	Alexander Hector.	16 April, 1888.	Ditto.	2 Ditto.	Leaders, 40 fathoms long; and heads, 5 fathoms long.	Cushleeta and Dooghbeg nets.
111	Ditto.	William Pike.	1 July, 1872.	Ditto.	24 October, 1887.	Ditto.	4 Ditto.	Leaders, 40 fathoms; heads, 8 fathoms long.	Doogora nets.
112	Ditto.	Trustees Achill Mission.	Ditto.	Charles and Peter L. Petrie.	11 May, 1888.	Ditto.	6 Fixed Draft nets.	Not to exceed 300 yards in length.	Slieveone nets.
130	Owenmore and Ballycrov Rivers.	J. J. F. A. and D. Miller.	21 August, 1872.	Ditto.	27 January, 1890.	Ditto.	5 Bag nets.	Leaders, 40 fathoms long; head, 5 fathoms long.	Cweeella, Tribria, Tullaghanuff, Tullaghanuff, and Doohooma nets.
113	Sea off coast, co. Mayo.	Trustees Achill Mission.	Ditto.	Alexander Hector.	11 May, 1888.	Ditto.	3 Ditto.	Ditto, ditto.	Keel nets.
114	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	2 Ditto.	Leaders of each not exceeding 40 fathoms long; heads, 3 fathoms long; bags, 8 1/2 fathoms long.	Bondar and Gubanal nets.
120	Ditto.	C. S. S. Dickins.	13 December, 1873.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Bag net.	Net, 138 yards—first pole from shore, 12 yards; last do., 160 yards.	Ballyglagh net.
1	Sea off co. Londonderry.	Henry O'Neill.	21 August, 1865.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	4 Fixed draft nets.	Not exceeding 240 yards length.	Craugha and Ballyaghan strand nets.
93	Bann River.	The Irish Society.	15 February, 1871.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	4 Fixed draft nets.	Two nets 140 yards, and two 320 yards long.	East and West Tullaghmurry and Crossreagh nets.
121	Sea above, No. 131 in Ballycastle District.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Bag net.	Leader, 240 feet; length of net, 22 feet.	Ringabella net.
124	Sea off coast, co. Londonderry.	Henry O'Neill.	22 July, 1862.	Henry O'Hara O'Neill.	30 April, 1889.	Cork.	1 Stake net.	Length, 60 yards.	Cuskidy net.
20	Ringabella Bay.	Samuel Hodder.	6 March, 1867.	W. M. Hodder.	27 January, 1891.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Length, 158 feet.	Bennett's Court stako net.
86	Cork Harbour.	Sampson French.	22 September, 1870.	Savage French.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Length, 150 feet.	Barrymore net.
119	Ditto.	John Charles Bennett.	28 December, 1870.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Head weir.	South side, 627 feet; east side, 204 feet Fish Pass south side, 3 1/2 feet; open at end in river, 4 1/2 feet.	Castlebellingham weir.
128	Ditto.	Ditto.	28 March, 1880.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Bag net.	Leader, 360 feet; bag, 42 feet; first pole, 300 feet from fixed point on shore.	Drughstown net.
18	Sea off co. Louth.	Sir Alan E. Bellingham.	28 October, 1866.	Sir Henry Bellingham.	16 January, 1891.	Dundee.	1 Ditto.	Leader, 50 fathoms long; head, 9 fathoms.	St. Dennis's Well net.
18	Ditto.	John F. Jones.	10 November, 1865.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	2 Ditto.	Leader, 240 feet; net, 64 feet.	Rath net.
116	Ditto.	Arthur Newcomen.	10 July, 1872.	Jane Sophia Newcomen.	23 January, 1891.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	Leader, not exceeding 50 fathoms, and head, 2 fathoms long.	Thunsten net.
4	Komuro River.	E. B. Hartopp.	10 January, 1868.	Agnes Warden, William Warden, and James Augustus Stewart (Receiver over Estate).	16 July, 1898.	Kenmare.	1 Fixed draft net.	Length, 120 yards.	Leenane net.
127	Komuro Bay.	F. C. Bland.	10 January, 1868.	Ditto.	15 January, 1891.	Letterkenny.	3 Bag nets.	Leaders not exceeding 80 yards each in length, and the heads 24 yards in length and 10 yards in width.	Toru Head nets.
21	River Lecanoo (Estuary).	Sir J. Stewart, bart.	13 May, 1870.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Fixed draft net.	Length not exceeding 95 yards.	Crans fixed net.
118	Sea off coast, co. Donegal.	Charles F. Stewart.	10 June, 1878.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Fly net.	Weir, 190 feet; H. W. 21. to in-pole, 90 feet.	Shannon Lawn weir.
121	Estuary of Crana or Castle River.	Alexander A. Richardson.	3 October, 1877.	W. M. Hennrichsmett.	8 July, 1887.	Limerick.	1 Stake net.	Wing, 42 yards; ebb wing, 44 yards.	Ayleeogbeg weir.
17	River Shannon.	W. B. Barrington.	7 November, 1866.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Head weir.	138 feet; 18 feet eye.	Bunnity weir.
24	Ditto.	S. Cunningham.	16 March, 1860.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	1,254 feet.	Doonmore weir.
25	River Bunratty.	Thomas Studdert.	11 February, 1867.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	500 yards long.	Doonbeg weir.
21	Doonmore Strand.	John Scott.	10 May, 1868.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	The leader, 274 feet long; and head, 50 feet long and 18 feet wide.	Loonaman weir.
52	Doonbeg Strand.	W. Stackpoole.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	The first or second leader 167 yards long; the head 20 yards long and 14 yards wide. The second leader 136 yards long; and the second head 20 yards long and 14 yards wide. The second head 130 yards long; and the second head 20 yards long and 14 yards wide.	Mount Shannon weir.
26	Shannon.	William Cragh Fleckie.	8 February, 1870.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	The leader 60 yards long, and the head 20 yards long and 7 yards wide.	Millpark weir.
36	Ditto.	Colonel G. M. Vandoeuvre.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	The leader 116 yards long, and the head 20 yards long and 7 yards wide.	Lakyle weir.
37	Clonderalk Bay.	Lord Annull.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	The leader 78 yards long, and the head 20 yards long and 12 yards wide.	Lynch's Point weir.
38	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	The leader 80 yards long, and the head 20 yards long and 9 yards wide.	Park Rough weir.
39	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.	The leader 80 yards long, and the head 20 yards long and 9 yards wide.	
40	Ditto.	R. W. C. Reeves.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.		
41	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.		
42	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.		
43	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1 Ditto.		
44	Shannon.	Knight of Glin.	8 February, 1870.	D. F. Fitzgerald.	12 August, 1880.	Ditto.	1 Stake net.		

No.	Location	Name	Date	Owner	Year	Details	Notes
110	River Shannon (Estuary)	Sir J. Stewart, bart.	15 May, 1874	Agnes Warden, William Warden, and Charles Wallace Warden.	16 July, 1898	1 Fixed draft net	Leaders not exceeding 80 yards each in length and the heads 24 yards in length and 10 yards in width.
111	Sea off coast, co. Donegal	Charles F. Stewart	19 June, 1873	James Augustus Stewart (Receiver over Estate)	15 January, 1891	3 Bag nets	Length not exceeding 55 yards.
112	Estuary of Crana or Castle River	Alexander A. Richardson	3 October, 1877	W. M. Blennet-Hassett	8 July, 1887	1 Fixed draft net	Weir, 100 feet; H. W. M. to in-hole, 90 feet.
113	River Shannon	W. B. Barrington	7 November, 1868			1 Fly net	Wing, 92 yards; ebb wing, 41 yards.
114	River Banratty	S. Cunningham	16 March, 1866			1 Stake net	138 feet; 18 feet eye.
115	Doonmore Strand	Thomas Studdert	11 February, 1867			1 Head weir	600 feet.
116	Doonbeg Strand	John Scott	19 May, 1868			1 Salmon weir or mill	1,264 feet.
117	Shannon	W. Stackpoole	Ditto			1 Ditto	306 yards long.
118	Ditto	William Creagh Hickie	8 February, 1870			1 Stake net	The leader, 274 feet long; and head, 60 feet long and 19 feet wide.
119	Clonderlaw Bay	Colonel C. M. Vandeleur	Ditto			1 Ditto	The first or shore leader 167 yards long; 1st head 20 yards long and 14 1/2 yards wide. The second leader 136 yards long; and the second head 20 yards long and 14 1/2 yards wide.
120	Ditto	Lord Annaly	Ditto			1 Ditto	The first or shore leader, 163 yards long; first head, 20 yards long and 14 1/2 yards wide. The second leader, 130 yards long; second head, 20 yards long and 14 1/2 yards wide.
121	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	The leader 120 yards long, and the head 20 yards long by 14 1/2 yards wide.
122	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	The leader 80 yards long, and the head 20 yards long and 11 yards wide.
123	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	The first leader 492 feet long; first head 40 feet. Second leader, 224 feet long; second head, 73 feet; third leader, 242 feet long; third head, 71 feet; and the fourth leader, 272 1/2 feet long; fourth leader, 494 yards long; and head, 32 yards long.
124	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	The first leader, 108 yards long; first head, 14 yards long. Second leader, 111 yards long; second head, 17 feet wide.
125	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	The first leader, 322 feet long; first head, 20 feet long and 16 feet wide. Second leader, 233 feet long; second head, 73 feet long and 10 1/2 feet wide. Third leader, 183 feet long; head, 67 feet long and 17 feet wide.
126	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Entire length, 324 yards.
127	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Entire length, 167 yards.
128	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Leader, 200 feet long; head, 84 feet long.
129	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Leader, 187 feet long; head, 80 feet long, and 18 feet 6 inches wide.
130	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	The first leader, 508 feet long; first head, 102 feet long and 14 feet wide. Second leader, 235 feet long; second head, 96 feet long and 16 feet wide.
131	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	The first leader, 300 feet long; first head, 40 feet long and 33 feet wide. Second leader, 310 feet long; second head, 93 feet long, 18 feet wide.
132	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Size - 327 feet from high-water mark.
133	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Length, 117 yards.
134	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Length, 82 yards 2 feet.
135	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Leader, 110 yards long.
136	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Leader, 70 yards long.
137	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Leader, 103 yards long; head, 26 yards long, and 8 yards wide.
138	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Leader, 60 yards long; head, 7 yards long.
139	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			2 Ditto	E. Weir, leader, 78 yards long; head, 17 yards.
140	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Leader, 60 yards long; head, 17 yards long.
141	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	6 leaders, each 120 yards, and 3 heads, each 17 yards long.
142	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	4 heads, whole length not to exceed 350 yards.
143	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	No. 1, 112 yards in length, and No. 2, 90 yards in length.
144	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			2 Ditto	Three heads; the whole length not exceeding 350 yards.
145	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	C net, 300 yards long; D net, 138 yards long; and E net, 525 yards long.
146	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			3 Ditto	300 yards long.
147	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	103 yards in length from high-water mark.
148	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	No. 1, 148 yards in length, and No. 2, 130 yards in length.
149	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			2 Ditto	200 yards from high-water mark.
150	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	3 heads of 17 yards each; 3 leaders of 95 yards, 3 back rails of 60 yards, and 6 wings of 40 yards each.
151	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Length, 150 yards, including head.
152	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Length, 350 yards, with floating leader at shore end.
153	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Length, 75 yards.
154	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	400 yards, 4 heads, 4 leaders.
155	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	2 leaders of 35 and 50 yards respectively, 2 heads of 17 yards 2 wings of 20 yards each.
156	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	500 yards long.
157	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	90 yards long, including the head.
158	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Stake Net	271 feet.
159	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Bag net	185 feet leader.
160	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Stake net	Length of Shore-arm, 70 feet; body of Weir, 63 feet; Flood-arm 15 feet; large yard, width 18 feet; Fish pocket, width, 17 feet.
161	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Stake weir	Leader, 94 feet long; head, 108 feet.
162	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	In-pole of Shore Leader to outer pole of same, 153 feet; out-pole of do. to do. of Ebb Leader, 82 feet; out-pole of Shore Leader to outer pole of same, 156 feet; out-pole of do. to do. of Flood Leader, 112 feet; out-pole of chambers of net channelwards, 22 feet.
163	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	In-pole of Shore Leader to outer pole of same, 262 feet; out-pole of do. to do. of Flood Leader, 152 feet.
164	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	338 feet, inner to outer pole.
165	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Bag net	Leader, 270 feet; bag, 78 feet.
166	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Ditto, ditto.
167	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Leader, 315 yards long; head, 17 yards long.
168	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Two nets, 180 yards long; and one, 122 yards long.
169	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			3 Fixed draft nets	Not exceeding 240 yards length.
170	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	160 yards long.
171	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	150 yards long.
172	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			8 Ditto	From 100 to 200 yards long.
173	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Bag Net	Leader, 110 yards; length of net, 20 yards.
174	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	65 feet, inner to outer pole.
175	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			2 Fixed draft nets	Each not exceeding 135 yards length, 150 yards in length.
176	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	Shore wing, 225 feet; channel wing, 94 feet; space between shore wing and rock, 43 feet.
177	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Head Weir	
178	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Stake Net	The first leader, 383 yards long; and the second leader, 436 yards 1 foot long.
179	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Ditto	The first leader, 552 yards long; second leader, 398 yards 1 foot long.
180	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			2 Ditto	Lower weir-leader, 88 yards long; upper weir-leader, 33 yards long. The head or pocket of the former extending from west to east 34 yards in breadth, and the latter extending from west to east 22 yards.
181	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			1 Bag Net	Leader, 92 yards; head, 24 yards long.

* No. 131—One of these Bag Nets is in the Coleraine District.

No. 70 cancelled and No. 100 issued in lieu thereof. Nos. 8, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12 cancelled, and No. 131 issued in lieu thereof.

No. 76 cancelled, and No. 134 issued in lieu thereof. No. 82 cancelled, and No. 1 issued in lieu thereof.

† Certificate No. 105.—A new Certificate, No. 144 issued for Carrowdolia Western Weir mentioned in Certificate, No. 105. Total number of certificates 136.

APPENDIX No. 22.

CLOSE SEASON FOR SALMON AND TROUT

APPENDIX

TABLE showing the CLOSE SEASONS for SALMON and TROUT in the different

No. and Name of District.	Boundary of District.	Tidal	Fresh Water.
1. Dublin,	Skerries to Wicklow.	Between Howth and Dalkey Island, between 15th August and 1st February. Between Dalkey Island and Wicklow Head, between 30th September and 1st April. For remainder of District between 15th September and 4th March.	Same as Tidal, save between Dalkey Island and Wicklow Head, which is between 15th August and 1st April, with the exception of the Bray River, which is between the 30th September and the 1st April following.
2. Wexford,	Wicklow to Kilmoy Bay, East of Bandon Bay.	Between 15th September and 20th April, save in River Slaney, which is between 15th September and 11th April.	Between 15th Sept. and 20th April, save the River Slaney and Tributaries, which is between 15th Sept. and 11th April.
3. Waterford,	Kilmoy Bay to Helvick Head.	Between 15th August and 1st February.	Same as Tidal.
4. Lismore,	Helvick Head to Ballycotton.	Between 31st July and 1st February.	Same as Tidal
5. Cork,	Ballycotton Head to Galley Head.	From Ballycotton to Barry's Head, between 15th August and 1st February; and from Barry's Head to Galley Head (save in Bandon and Argideen Rivers), between 15th August and 15th February; for Bandon, between 15th August and 1st March; and for Argideen, between 31st August and 1st March.	Same as Tidal,
6. Skibbereen,	Galley Head to Mizen Head.	Between 30th September and 1st May.	Same as Tidal,
7. Bantry,	Mizen Head to Crow Head.	Between 30th September and 1st May.	Same as Tidal.

NOTE.—The 21st section of the 26th & 27th Vic., c. 114, requires there shall not be fewer than 168 days Close season in each Fishery.

No. 22.

Districts in Ireland at date of this Report (days mentioned *not* inclusive).

No.	Angling with Cross Lines.	Angling with Single Rod and Line.	Date of last change.	Principal Rivers in District. No.
1	Salmons for Nets in Fresh Water.	Between 31st Oct. and 1st day of Feb., save Broadmeadow Water and Ward Rivers, between 14th Oct. and 1st Feb.	{ 15th Oct., 1874. 21st July, 1882. 27th Jan., 1883. 4th Sept., 1893. }	1. Liffey, Bray, Vartry.
2	do.	Between 30th Sept. and 15th Mar., save River Slaney and Tributaries, between 31st August and 26th February.	{ 26th Dec., 1873. 2nd Oct., 1882. 24th Dec., 1888. 9th Feb., 1894. }	2. Slaney, Courtown, Inch, Urrin, Boro.
3	do.	Between 30th Sept. and 1st Feb., save River Suir and Tributaries, between 15th Oct. and 1st Feb.	{ 12th Nov., 1874. 17th Feb., 1883. }	3. Suir, Nore, and Barrow.
4	do.	Between 30th Sept. and 1st Feb.	8th Dec., 1891.	4. Blackwater
5	do.	{ From Ballycotton to Barry's Head, between 12th Oct. and 1st Feb., and from Barry's Head to Galley Head, between 12th Oct. and 15th Feb., save in the Argideen River, which is between the 31st Oct. and 15th Feb.	{ 20th Dec., 1875. 14th Dec., 1881. 5th April, 1889. }	5. Lee, Bandon, Argideen.
6 ¹	do.	Between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb.	17th June, 1891.	6 ¹ . Den.
6 ²	do.	Between 31st Oct. and 17th Mar.	29th Jan., 1873.	6 ² . Glengariff, Suave, &c

WEEKLY CLOSE SEASON.—By the 20th section of the 26th & 27th Vic., c. 114 no Salmon or Trout shall be fished for or taken in any way, except by Single Rod and Line, between six of the clock on Saturday morning and six of the clock on the succeeding Monday morning.

APPENDIX

TABLE showing the CLOSE SEASONS for SALMON and TROUT in the different

No. and Name of District.	Boundary of District.	Tidal.	Fresh Water.
69. Kenmare.	Crow Head to Lamb Head.	Between 15th September and 1st April.	Same as Tidal.
		Between the most westerly point of Kells Bay and Canglass Point, the sea and sea coast between these points, and all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the said sea between said points—between 31st August and 1st May.	
		Between Canglass Point and Bolus Head, embracing the islands and sea and coast between these points, and all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points—between 15th September and 1st June.	
72 Waterville.	Lamb Head to the most westerly point of Kells Bay	Between Bolus Head and Lamb Head, embracing the islands and sea and coast between these points and all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between those points (save the River Inny and the Waterville or Currane River and their Tributaries)—between 31st July and 1st May.	Same as Tidal.
		In the River Inny and its Tributaries—between 30th September and 1st May.	
		In the Waterville or Currane River and its Tributaries and all Lakes running into said River—between 15th July and 1st January.	
		Between Dunmore Head and the most westerly point of Kells Bay, embracing the Blasket Islands, the sea and sea coast between these points, and all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points (save the Rivers Maine, Laune, Carragh, and Rosbehy, or Behy, and their Lakes and Tributaries and their common Estuary)—between 31st August and 1st May.	
71. Killarney.	The most westerly point of Kells Bay to Dunmore Head (the Blaskets inclusive).	In Rivers Maine, Laune, Carragh, and Rosbehy or Behy, and their Lakes and Tributaries and in their common Estuary—between 31st July and 17th January.	Same as Tidal.

NOTE.—Close Season for the capture of Eels by means of any Coghill, Eel, or other net or Basketwork, in the eye, gap, between the 31st January and 1st July, and in all other rivers in the Limerick District between 31st December and 1st January, and in the Coleraine District, which is between 10th January and 1st June in each year, and save also in Corrib or Galway

No. 22—*continued.*

Districts in Ireland at date of this Report (days mentioned *not* inclusive)—*con.*

No.	Angling with Cross Lines.	Angling with Single Rod and Line.	Date of last change.	Principal Rivers in District. No.
6 ²	Same as for Nets in Fresh Water.	Between 31st Oct. and 1st April.	{ 7th Feb., 1856. 14th Nov., 1882. }	6 ² Black water. Roughly, Cloonoe, Smeem
7 ¹	do.	Between the most westerly point of Kells Bay and Canglass Point, and including all Lakes and all Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between those points—between 15th October and 1st February. Between Canglass Point and Bolus Head, and embracing all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between those points—between 15th September and 1st June. Between Bolus Head and Lamb Head, and embracing all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between those points—between 15th October and 1st February.	27th Sept., 1883.	7 ² Currane, Inny, Carhan, Forta, or Valentia.
7 ¹	do.	Between Dunmore Head and Inch Point, and embracing all Lakes and all Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between those points—between 31st October and 1st April. Between Inch Point and the most westerly point of Kells Bay, and including all Lakes and all Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between those points, save the Rivers Maine and Launc, and their Lakes and Tributaries—between 15th October and 1st February. In Rivers Maine and Launc, and their Lakes and Tributaries—between 31st October and 1st February.	{ 27th Sept., 1883. 29th Nov., 1893. 3rd Jan., 1894. }	7 ¹ Rosbehy, Maine Launc, Carragh.

or sluice of any Eol or other weir, between the 10th January and 1st July, save in the River Shannon, which is 1st July in year following, and save in Drogheda District, which is between 30th November and 1st July, and save River which is between the 10th February and 1st July in each year.

APPENDIX

TABLE showing the CLOSE SEASONS for SALMON and TROUT in the different

No. and Name of District.	Boundary of District.	Tidal.	Fresh Water.
5. Limerick.	Dunmore to Hags Head	<p>Between 31st July and 12th February, save Rivers Cashen and Maigue, and Tributaries, and save between Kerry Head and Dunmore Head, and between Loop Head and Hags Head, and all Rivers running into the sea between those points.</p> <p>For River Cashen (down to its mouth) and Tributaries, between 31st August and 1st June.</p> <p>For Maigue River, between 16th July and 1st February.</p> <p>Between Dunmore Head and Kerry Head, and all Rivers flowing into the sea between those points, between 15th September and 1st April.</p> <p>Between Loop Head and Hags Head, and all Rivers running into the sea between those points, between 15th September and 1st May.</p>	Same as Tidal
9. Galway.	Hags Head to Sea Point of Boundary between Townlands of Keeraunnagark South and Banraghbann South, S.E. of Cashla Coast Guard Station.	Between 15th August and 1st February, save in Corrib or Galway, which is between 31st August and 16th February.	Same as Tidal.
9. Connemara	Sea Point of Boundary between Townlands of Keeraunnagark South, and Banraghbann South, S.E. of Cashla Coast Guard Station, to Slyne Head.	Between 15th August and 1st February.	Same as Tidal.
10. Ballinakill.	Slyne Head to Pigeon Point.	<p>Between the 31st August and 16th February, save in Louisburgh and Carrownisky Rivers and Estuaries.</p> <p>For Louisburgh and Carrownisky Rivers and Estuaries, between 15th of September and 1st July.</p>	Same as Tidal.

No. 22—*continued.*

Districts in Ireland at date of this Report (days mentioned *not* inclusive)—*con.*

No.	Angling with Cross Lines.	Angling with Single Rod and Line.	Date of last change.	Principal Rivers in District. No.
		<p>Between 30th Sept. and 1st Feb., save in that part situated in the County Westmeath the waters of which flow into Lough Ree and the River Shannon, and save in Lough Sheelin; save Shannon, Feale, Geale, and Cashen, save in Mulcair River, and save in all rivers running into the sea, between Loop Head and Hags Head, and between Dunmore Head and Kerry Head, and save also in the Rivers Owenmore and Feohanagh, in the County of Kerry, which are situated between Dunmore Head and Kerry Head.</p> <p>For Rivers Shannon and Mulcair between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb. following.</p> <p>For Feale, Geale, and Cashen and Tributaries, between 31st October and 1st May; between Loop Head and Hags Head between 30th September and 1st March; and between Dunmore Head and Kerry Head (save in the Rivers Owenmore and Feohanagh) between 30th Sept. and 1st April.</p> <p>For Owenmore and Feohanagh, situated between Dunmore Head and Kerry Head, between 31st October and 1st May.</p> <p>For that part of the Limerick District situated in the County Westmeath, the waters of which flow into Lough Ree and the River Shannon, and for Lough Sheelin, between the 30th September and 1st March.</p>		
8	Same as for Nets in Fresh Water.		<p>13th Oct., 1874. 17th Sept., 1878. 27th Aug., 1879. 19th Aug., 1882. 8th Sept., 1885. 27th Aug., 1883. 14th Sept., 1889. 18th Jan., 1893.</p>	8. Shannon, Deel, Forgas, Doonbeg, Cashen, Maigne &c.
9 ^a	do.	<p>Between 15th Oct. and 1st Feb., save Spiddle and Crumlin, which is between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb.; and save Oughterard and Tributaries, which is between 30th Sept. and 1st Feb.</p>	<p>26th Dec., 1871. 23rd Oct., 1876. 20th Aug., 1878. 10th July, 1879. 27th Jan., 1887.</p>	9 ^a . Corrib, Spiddle, Crumlin, Oughterard, &c.
9 ^b	do.	<p>Between 15th Oct. and 1st Feb., save Doochulla, Cashla, Ballinajinch, Sreech, and Inver, which is between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb.</p>	<p>26th Dec., 1871. 17th Sept., 1877. 20th Aug., 1878.</p>	9 ^b . Cashla, Doochulla, Inver, Sreech, Ballinajinch, Gowla, &c.
10 ^a	do.	<p>Between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb., save in Carrownisky River—between 31st Oct. and 1st July, and save Louisburgh River and Tributaries, between 31st Oct. and 1st June.</p>	<p>1st June, 1872. 20th Dec., 1880.</p>	10 ^a . Erriff, Dauros, Louisburgh, Carrownisky.

APPENDIX

TABLE showing the CLOSE SEASONS for SALMON and TROUT in the different

No. and Name of District.	Boundary of District.	Tidal.	Fresh Water.
10. Bangor.	Figeon Point to Benwee Head.	Between 31st August and 16th February, save in Newport and Glendamoy Rivers. For Newport River and Estuary, 31st August and 20th March; Glendamoy River and Estuary, 15th September and 1st May.	Same as Tidal.
11. Ballina.	Benwee to Coonamore.	Between 12th August and 16th March, save Palmerstown and Enskay Rivers, which is between 31st August and 1st June.	Between 31st July and 1st Feb., save Palmerstown and Enskay Rivers, which is between 31st August and 1st June.
12. Sligo.	Coonamore to Mullaghtmore.	Between 19th August and 4th February, save in the Tidal Waters, Sligo River and its Estuary, which is between 15th July and 1st January, and save in the Ballisodare River and its Estuary, which is between 13th September and 4th March, following.	Between 19th August and 4th February, save Sligo River, which is between 31st July and 16th January, and save in Ballisodare River, which is between 13th September and 4th March following.
13. Ballyshannon	Mullaghtmore to Rossan.	Between 19th August and 1st March, save River Eske and Tributaries, and Estuary, which is between 17th September and 1st April.	Same as Tidal, save Bundowen, which is between 31st July and 1st February.
14. Letterkenny.	Rossan to Malin Head.	Between 19th August and 4th February, for Tidal, save Crana or Buncrana, and Gweebarra Rivers, Trawbreaga Bay, and Owenea and Owentocker Rivers. For Crana or Buncrana River, between 14th September and 15th April. For Gweebarra, between 30th September and 1st April. For Trawbreaga Bay, between 30th September and 1st July. For Owenea and Owentocker Rivers, between 31st August and 1st June.	Crana or Buncrana River, Lennan and Gweebarra Rivers, same as Tidal for these Rivers. Owenea and Owentocker Rivers, between 19th Aug. and 1st June. Remainder of District, save one mile above the tideway in such remainder, between 19th August and 1st March. One mile above the tideway within such remainder, between 19th August and 4th February.

No. 22—*continued.*

Districts in Ireland at date of this Report (days mentioned *not* inclusive)—*con.*

No.	Angling with Cross Lines.	Angling with Single Rod and Line.	Date of last change.	Principal Rivers in District. No.
10 ²	Same as for Nets in Fresh Water.	Between 30th Sept. and 1st May, save in Owenmore and Munhim, which is between 30th Sept. and 1st Feb.; and save in Burrisheole, between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb.; and save Owengarve and Glennamoy, between 31st Oct. and 1st May; and save Owenduff or Ballycrov, and Ballyveeny and Owenduff, and all rivers in Achill Island, between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb.	1st June, 1872. 7th Oct., 1875. 5th Dec., 1876. Do.	10 ⁵ . Newport, Owenmore, Burrisheole, Owengarve, Glennamoy, Ballycrov.
11	do.	Between 15th Sept. and 1st Feb., save Cloonaghmore or Palmerton River and Tributaries which is (in tidal) between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb., (upper) between 31st Oct. and 1st June; and save Easkey River and Tributaries, which is between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb.	19th Dec., 1870. 10th July, 1877. 25th Jan., 1881.	11. Moy, Easkey, Cloonaghmore.
12	do.	30th Sept. and 1st Feb., save in Drumcliffe River and Glencar Lake between 19th Oct. and 1st Feb., and in Grange River between 31st Oct. and 1st Feb., and save also in the tidal parts of the Sligo or Garvogue River, which is between 15th July and 1st January.	24th April, 1871. 27th Sept., 1877. 30th Jan., 1896. 11th Oct., 1886. 9th June, 1893.	12. Sligo, Ballisodare, Drumcliffe.
13	do.	Between 9th October and 1st March, save Bunduff, Bundrowes, and Erne Rivers and Tributaries; Bunduff River, 30th September and 1st February; Bundrowes, 30th September and 1st February, and Erne River, 30th September and 1st March.	24th Nov., 1871. 26th June, 1875. 3rd Dec., 1884. 31st Oct., 1891.	13. Glen, Inver, Eske, Bunduff, Bundrowes, Erne.
14	do.	From 1st November to 1st February, save in Crana or Bun-crana, which is between 31st October and 1st March, and Owena and Owentocker Rivers, between 30th September and 1st April.	2nd Sept., 1857. 28th Feb., 1874. 25th Nov., 1874. 21st March, 1875. 3rd Aug., 1885. 26th Aug., 1885.	14. Lennan, Gweedore, Gweebarra, Bun-crana.

APPENDIX

TABLE showing the CLOSE SEASONS for SALMON and TROUT in the different

No. and Name of District.	Boundary of District.	Tidal.	Fresh Water.
15 ¹ . Londonderry	Malin to Downhill Boundary.	Between 31st August and 15th April.	Same as Tidal.
15 ² . Coleraine.	Downhill Boundary to Portrush.	Between 19th August and 4th February.	Between 19th August and 1st March.
16. Ballycastle.	Portrush to Donaghadee.	Between 19th September and 17th March following.	Same as Tidal.
17 ¹ . Dundalk.	Donaghadee to Clogher Head.	<p>Between Ballaghan Point in County Louth, and Donaghadee in County Down, embracing all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, between 15th September and 1st April.</p> <p>Between Clogher Head and the Northern Boundary of the mouth of the River Annagassan, County Louth, embracing all Lake and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, between 19th August and 12th February.</p> <p>From the Northern Boundary of the mouth of the River Annagassan to Ballaghan Point, and embracing all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, between 30th September and 1st May following.</p>	<p>Between Ballaghan Point, in County Louth, and Donaghadee, in County Down, embracing all Lakes and Rivers, and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, between 15th September and 1st April.</p> <p>Between Clogher Head and the Southern Boundary of the mouth of the River Annagassan, County Louth, embracing all Lakes and Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, between 19th August and 1st April.</p> <p>From the Northern Boundary of the mouth of the River Annagassan to Ballaghan Point, County Louth, embracing all Lakes and Rivers, and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, between 30th September and 1st May.</p> <p>In the Annagassan, Glyde, and Dec Rivers and their Tributaries, 19th August and 12th February.</p>
17 ² Drogheda.	Clogher Head to Skerries.	Between 4th August and 12th February.	Same as Tidal.

NOTE.—Close Season for Pollen Fishing by Trammel and Draft Net in

No. 22—*continued.*

Districts in Ireland at date of this Report (days mentioned *not* inclusive)—*con.*

No.	Angling with Cross Lines.	Angling with Single Rod and Line.	Date of last change.	Principal Rivers in District. No.
15 ¹	Same as for Nets in Fresh Water.	Between 10th October and 1st April, save in the Cullinif, which is between 15th October and 1st March.	27th Jan., 1862. 19th July, 1877. 30th Dec., 1880. 18th April, 1890.	15 ¹ . Foylo, Roe.
15 ²	do.	Between 30th September and 1st March, save Rivers Maine and Blackwater, between 31st October and 1st March.	15th Dec., 1856. 12th Sept., 1894.	15 ² . Bann.
16	do.	Between 31st October and 1st February, save in the Bush River, which is between 30th September and 1st February.	23rd July, 1890. 2nd Sept., 1895.	16. Ballyonatie, Glenariff, Bush Glendun.
17 ¹	do.	In the Upper or Fresh Waters between Clogher Head and the Northern Boundary of the mouth of the River Annagassan, and embracing all Lakes and all Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, 30th Sept. and 1st Feb. In the Upper or Fresh Waters between the Northern Boundary of the mouth of the River Annagassan and Ballaghan Point, and embracing all Lakes and all Rivers and their Tributaries flowing into the sea between said points, between 30th Sept. and 1st May. In the Upper or Fresh Waters between Ballaghan Point and Donaghadee, between 31st October and 1st March. In any Tidal Waters between Clogher Head and the Northern Boundary of the mouth of the Annagassan River, between 19th August and 12th Feb. In any Tidal Waters between the Northern Boundary of the mouth of the Annagassan and Ballaghan Point, between 30th Sept. and 1st May. In any Tidal Waters between Ballaghan Point and Donaghadee, between 31st October and 1st March.	30th Oct., 1890. 13th Dec., 1888. 16th Nov., 1892.	17 ¹ . Fane, Annagassan, Glyde, Dec.
17 ²	do.	Between 15th September and 12th February.	1st Oct., 1888. 6th Dec., 1892	17 ² . Boyne.

Lough Neagh between 1st November and 31st January, both days inclusive.

APPENDIX No. 23.

SCHEDULE of LICENCE DUTIES payable in each District on Engines used for Fishing for Salmon, &c., at Date of this Report.

DISTRICT.	1. Salmon Rods.	2. Cross Lines.	3. Snap Nets.	4. Draft Nets.	5. Drift Nets.	6. Trammel Nets for Pollen.	7. Draft Nets for Pollen.	8. Polo Nets.	9. Bag Nets.	10. Fly Nets.	11. Stake Nets.	12. Head Weirs.	13. Box, Crib &c.	14. Gap, Eye, &c.	15. Sweepers.	16. Coghills.	17. Loop Nets.	18. Long Lines for White Trout.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	s. d.
1. Dublin,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	-	-	-
2. Wexford,	1 0 0	2 0 0	0 15 0	3 0 0	1 10 0	-	-	2 0 0						0 10 0	-	1 0 0	-	-
3. Waterford,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	-	-	-
4. Lismore,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	-	-	-
5. Cork	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	-	-	-
6 ^a . Skibbereen,	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 15 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	1 0 0						0 10 0	-	-	-	-
6 ^b . Bantry,	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 15 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	1 0 0						0 10 0	-	-	-	-
6 ^c . Kenmare,	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 15 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	1 0 0						0 10 0	3 0 0	1 10 0	-	-
7 ^a . Killarney,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	0 15 0	0 15 0	1 0 0						0 10 0	-	-	-	-
7 ^b . Waterville,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	0 15 0	0 15 0	1 0 0						0 10 0	-	-	-	-
8. Limerick,	1 0 0	1 5 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	1 10 0	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	-	-	-
9 ^a . Galway,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0	10 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	6 0 0	10 0 0	1 0 0	-	1 0 0	-	-
9 ^b . Connemara,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	1 0 0	-	-
10 ^a . Ballynakill,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	-	-	-
10 ^b . Bangor,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	-	-	-
11. Ballina,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	-	-	-
12. Sligo,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	-	-	-
13. Ballyshannon,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	1 10 0	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	1 0 0	-	-
14. Letterkenny,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0						0 10 0	-	1 0 0	0 10 0	1 0 0
15 ^a . Londonderry,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	-	-	-
15 ^b . Coleraine,	1 0 0	2 0 0	0 15 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	1 0 0	1 10 0	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	3 0 0	-	-
16. Ballycastle,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	0 10 0	-	-
17 ^a . Drogheda,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	1 0 0	0 10 0	-
17 ^b . Dundalk,	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	2 0 0						1 0 0	-	1 0 0	-	-

Appendix to the Report for the year 1903, &c.

APPENDIX NO. 24.

SCHEDULE OF LICENCE DUTIES, &c.

APPENDIX

SCHEDULE of LICENCE DUTIES, &c., received by the

DISTRICT.	Number and Description of Licences sold.																	
	1. Salmon Rode.	2. Cross Lines.	3. Snap Nets.	4. Draft Nets.	5. Drift Nets.	6. Trammel Nets for Pollen.	7. Pole Nets.	8. Bag Nets.	9. Fly Nets.	10. Stake Nets.	11. Head Weirs.	12. Box, Crib, &c.	13. Cap, Eye, &c.	14. Sweepers.	15. Coghills.	16. Loon Nets.	17. Draft Nets for Pollen.	18. Long Lines for White Trout.
1. Dublin,	68	-	-	23	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Wexford,	123	2	-	62	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Waterford,	197	3	183	28	54	-	-	-	4	-	3	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Lismore,	228	4	17	18	71	-	1	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Cork,	151	-	-	32	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Do. (Bandon),	84	-	-	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Skibbereen,	27	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Bantry,	7	-	-	9	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Kenmare,	30	-	-	9	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
7. Waterville,	142	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Killarney,	191	-	-	71	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8. Limerick,	363	15	20	69	67	-	8	-	38	-	12	183	-	-	-	-	-	-
Galway,	192	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	29	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. Connemara,	155	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
10. Ballynakill,	64	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10. Bangor,	31	-	-	27	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11. Ballina,	85	-	-	25	2	-	-	-	-	-	7	25	-	-	-	-	-	-
12. Sligo,	31	-	-	10	10	-	-	1	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
13. Ballyshannon,	158	7	-	31	-	-	3	-	1	-	5	35	-	-	-	-	-	-
14. Letterkenny,	224	-	-	24	46	-	-	2	-	-	2	6	-	-	21	-	3	-
15. Londonderry,	195	-	-	32	108	-	3	4	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15. Coleraine,	79	-	-	20	11	85	-	1	-	-	4	-	-	53	-	172	-	-
16. Ballycastle,	49	-	-	16	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
17. Drogheda,	58	3	2	92	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	28	-	-	-	-	-	-
17. Dundalk,	49	-	-	28	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	27	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total, 1903,	2,931	31	222	699	372	87	18	40	-	49	1	47	355	4	51	21	172	3
Total, 1902,	2,533	21	218	682	339	89	18	39	-	51	2	47	371	1	18	21	164	2

The estimate of the average number of

1. Salmon Rode,	1 man.	5. Drift Nets,	5 men.
2. Cross Lines,	2 men.	6. Trammel Nets,	2 do.
3. Snap Nets,	4 do.	7. Pole Nets,	3 do.
4. Draft Nets,	6 do.	8. Bag Nets,	4 do.

* Not for pollen—issued under a misapprehension.

† Seven more were paid for by Licence distributors, but were returned, and the cost thereof was refunded to them.

‡ Overpayments were made for two more, but amounts were refunded.

No. 24.

BOARDS OF CONSERVATORS for the Year 1903.

Amount of Licence Duty.	Percentage on Poor Law Valuation.	Amount received for Fines, Sale of Forfeited Engines, Interest on Bank Account, Refunds, &c.	Amount of Subscriptions received.	Total Amount received.	Average No. employed.	DISTRICT.
£ s. d. 145 0 0	£ s. d. 2 10 0	£ s. d. 28 13 0	£ s. d. 9 7 0	£ s. d. 185 10 0	219	1. Dublin.
318 10 0	1 9 0	31 14 6	—	351 13 5	510	2. Wexford.
887 10 0	56 8 6	74 7 3	150 0 0	1,168 5 9	1,419	3. Waterford.
630 10 0	181 10 0	54 3 6	200 17 9	1,067 1 2	783	4. Lismore.
257 0 0	17 8 0	63 11 5	33 7 4	376 6 9	317	5. Cork
168 0 0	3 8 0	13 18 0	52 17 6	238 3 6	252	Do. (Bandon)
57 0 0	—	0 6 0	15 0 0	72 6 0	87	6 ^a . Skibbercen.
35 10 0	0 9 0	3 18 11	—	39 17 11	65	6 ^b . Bantry.
89 0 0	6 2 0	1 12 6	—	95 14 6	116	6 ^c . Kenmare.
183 0 0	—	13 13 8	2 0 0	198 13 8	185	7 ^a . Waterville.
401 0 0	8 4 0	110 11 2	112 0 0	634 15 2	617	7 ^b . Killaruey.
2,278 15 0	89 11 0	214 4 0	48 10 6	2,631 0 6	1,769	8. Limerick.
207 0 0	19 0 0	25 8 10	—	241 8 10	224	9 ^a . Galway.
159 0 0	64 10 0	—	—	223 10 0	163	9 ^b . Connemara.
112 0 0	2 0 0	8 0 6	62 10 0	184 10 6	160	10 ^a . Ballynakill.
292 0 0	10 10 0	25 6 8	—	327 16 8	295	10 ^b . Bangor.
261 0 0	113 12 0	41 7 3	5 0 0	420 19 3	298	11. Ballina.
107 0 0	43 15 0	2 4 8	169 0 0	311 19 8	167	12. Sligo.
386 0 0	1 0 0	4 17 1	245 18 0	637 15 1	443	13. Ballyshannon
490 10 0	7 0 0	14 2 5	—	511 12 5	619	14. Letterkenny.
751 0 0	92 0 0	65 16 2	703 0 0	1,616 16 2	964	15 ^a . Londonderry.
724 0 0	90 4 0	*73 6 11	30 0 0	917 10 11	827	15 ^b . Coleraine.
237 10 0	25 0 0	7 3 2	—	269 13 2	202	16. Ballycastle.
429 0 0	25 16 0	2 19 9	—	457 15 9	679	17 ^a . Drogheda.
186 0 0	8 10 0	15 18 2	2 0 0	212 8 2	280	17 ^b . Dundalk.
9,795 15 0	859 16 5	897 5 4	1,841 8 1	13,394 4 11	11,710	Total, 1903.
9,275 0 0	873 10 6	611 1 3	1,813 4 11½	12,602 16 8½	11,031	Total, 1902.

men employed is made up as follows:—

- | | |
|---|---|
| 9. Fly Nets, 4 men. | 14. Sweepers, 6 men. |
| 10. Stake Nets, 4 do. | 15. Coghills, 1 man. |
| 11. Head Weirs, 1 man. | 16. Loop or Frame Nets, 1 do. |
| 12. Box, Crib, &c. (over 5), 2 men. | 17. Draft Nets for Poller, 2 men. |
| 13. Gap Eye, &c. 2 do. | 18. Long Lines, 3 do. |

* Including 19s. overlodged by a licence distributor.
† 47 more was over collected and returned.

APPENDIX No. 25.

TABLE showing the Total Amount received in the various Fishery Districts from the sale of Licences between the years 1863 and 1903, inclusive.

Amount received for Licence Duty.			Amount received for Licence Duty.			Amount received for Licence Duty.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1863,	5,659	7 6	1877,	9,241	15 0	1891,	10,550	10 0
1864,	6,841	5 0	1878,	9,290	5 0	1892,	10,509	0 0
1865,	6,537	6 8	1879,	9,250	15 0	1893,	10,509	5 0
1866,	6,828	16 8	1880,	9,055	10 0	1894,	11,138	2 6
1867,	6,947	0 0	1881,	9,362	0 0	1895,	10,448	5 0
1868,	6,667	0 0	1882,	9,935	10 0	1896,	10,817	15 0
1869,	6,444	8 4	1883,	9,728	0 0	„	Unaccounted for in 1896,	18 0 0
1870,	7,233	3 4	1884,	9,976	0 0	1897,	10,525	0 0
1871,	8,364	5 0	1885,	10,746	15 0	1898,	10,421	0 0*
1872,	8,369	5 0	1886,	10,652	4 6	1899,	9,821	15 0†
1873,	8,515	5 0	1887,	9,802	10 0	1900,	9,521	15 0
1874,	8,776	0 0	1888,	10,625	0 0	1901,	9,210	10 0
1875,	8,894	5 0	1889,	10,020	10 0	1902,	9,275	0 0
1876,	9,265	15 0	1890,	10,005	10 0	1903,	9,795	15 0

* Includes 32 Eel Licences used in 1897, and not paid for until 1898.

† Includes 1 Salmon Rod, 2 Bag Nets, and 7 Eel Licences used in 1898, and not paid for until 1899.

APPENDIX No. 26.

ABSTRACTS OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVED FROM THE DIFFERENT DISTRICTS FOR THE YEAR 1903.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES NOT IN DUBLIN DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—	—	—	185	12	0
68 Salmon Rod Licences,	68	0	0			
23 Draft Net	69	0	0			
2 Drift Net	6	0	0			
1 Pole Net	2	0	0			
	<hr/>					
Total Licence Duty,	—	—	—	145	0	0
Fines received,	—	—	—	28	3	0
Produce of Sales of forfeited Engines,	—	—	—	0	10	0
Rate on Valuations of Fisheries,	—	—	—	2	10	0
Subscriptions,	—	—	—	9	7	0
	<hr/>					
Total,	—	—	—	£371	2	0

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	65	15	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	45	11	4			
Postage,	2	6	0			
Printing and Stationery,	5	18	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	27	17	6			
Salaries,	60	0	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	12	16	10			
	<hr/>					
Total,	—	—	—	220	4	8
Balance in Bank,	—	—	—	150	17	4
	<hr/>					
				£371	2	0

WEXFORD DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—	—	—	225	18	9
123 Salmon Rod Licences,	123	0	0			
2 Cross Lines	4	0	0			
62 Draft Net	186	0	0			
1 Drift Net	1	10	0			
2 Pole Net	4	0	0			
	<hr/>					
Total Licence Duty,	—	—	—	318	10	0
Fines received,	—	—	—	27	8	4
Rates on Poor Law Valuations of Fisheries,	—	—	—	1	9	0
Interest on Bank Account,	—	—	—	2	3	9
Refund of Amounts advanced by Conservators on behalf of Department of Agriculture,	—	—	—	2	2	4
	<hr/>					
Total,	—	—	—	£577	12	2

APPENDIX NO. 26.—*continued.*

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	251	10	6			
Prosecutions,	26	7	6			
Postage,	3	18	7			
Printing and Stationery,	9	1	10			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	12	12	10			
Salaries,	20	0	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	6	11	5			
Total,	—	—	—	330	2	8
Balance,	—	—	—	247	9	6
				£577	12	2

WATERFORD DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—	—	—	275	9	1
197 Salmon Rod Licences,	197	0	0			
3 Cross Line „	6	0	0			
183 Snap Net „	274	10	0			
28 Draft Net „	84	0	0			
54 Drift Net „	162	0	0			
4 Stake Net „	120	0	0			
3 Box or Crib „	30	0	0			
14 Gaps or Eyes for Eel Licences,	14	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—	—	—	887	10	0
Fines received,	—	—	—	68	18	6
Sale of Forfeited Engines,	—	—	—	0	5	0
Rates on Poor Law Valuation,	—	—	—	56	8	6
Miscellaneous Receipts,	—	—	—	5	3	9
Subscriptions,	—	—	—	150	0	0
Total,	—	—	—	£1,443	14	10

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	605	0	4			
Prosecutions,	55	12	7			
Postage,	7	0	3			
Printing and Stationery,	12	7	4			
Miscellaneous Expenses,	25	10	7			
Travelling,	34	14	11			
Salaries,	125	0	0			
Commission on Sale of Licences, &c.,	35	7	11			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	13	5	0			
Auditor's fee,	3	3	0			
Rent of Office,	10	0	0			
Total,	—	—	—	927	1	11
Balance	—	—	—	516	12	11
				£1,443	14	10

APPENDIX No. 26.—*continued.*

LISMORE DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
In Clerk's hands,	—			50	0	0
228 Salmon Rod Licences . . .	228	0	0			
4 Cross Line „ . . .	8	0	0			
17 Snap Net „ . . .	25	10	0			
18 Draft Net „ . . .	54	0	0			
71 Drift Net „ . . .	213	0	0			
1 Pole Net „ . . .	2	0	0			
3 Stake Net „ . . .	90	0	0			
1 Box or Crib „ . . .	10	0	0			
	<hr/>					
Total Licence Duty, . . .	—			630	10	0
Fines received, . . .	—			42	3	5
Sale of forfeited Engines, . . .	—			12	0	0
Rates on Poor Law Valuation, . . .	—			181	10	0
Subscriptions, . . .	—			200	17	9
Balance due to Bank . . .	—			74	15	9
	<hr/>					
Total,	—			£1,191	16	11

The Expenditure was as follows:—

By Overdraft on Bank, . . .	247	6	9			
Water Bailiffs, . . .	503	13	11			
Prosecutions, . . .	116	4	8			
Postage, . . .	5	13	2			
Printing and Stationery, . . .	9	14	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous, . . .	71	9	9			
Salaries, . . .	100	0	0			
Commission on Sale of Licences, . . .	11	17	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors, &c., . . .	24	7	0			
Expenses in connection with Inquiry held by Department at Ballycotton, . . .	10	15	6			
Rewards for killing Seals and Otters, . . .	3	5	0			
Rent of Office and Bailiff's Cottage, . . .	12	0	0			
Interest on Overdrafts, . . .	25	10	2			
	<hr/>					
Total,	—			1,141	16	11
In hands of Clerk, . . .	—			50	0	0
	<hr/>					
				£1,191	16	11

APPENDIX NO. 26—continued.

CORK DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance in Clerk's hands,	—	—	—	18	0	0
151 Salmon Rod Licences,	151	0	0			
34 Draft Net* „	102	0	0			
1 Bag Net „	10	0	0			
<hr/>						
Total Licence Duty,	—	—	—	263	0	0
Fines received,	—	—	—	63	11	5
Rates on Poor Law Valuation,	—	—	—	17	8	0
Subscriptions,	—	—	—	38	7	4
Balance due to Bank,	—	—	—	79	11	11
<hr/>						
Total,	—	—	—	£479	18	8

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Balance due to Bank on 31st						
October, 1902,	67	7	6			
Water Bailiffs, &c.,	226	17	4			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	0	15	6			
Postage,	0	18	3			
Printing and Stationery,	7	4	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous						
Expenses,	22	3	5			
Salaries and Commissions,	92	0	3			
Hire of Steam Launch,	20	0	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prose-						
cutors,	20	19	2			
Bank Interest,	0	13	3			
2 Draft Net Licence Duties re-						
funded — overpaid. (See * above),	6	0	0			
<hr/>						
Total,	—	—	—	464	18	8
Balance in hands of Clerk,	—	—	—	15	0	0
<hr/>						
				£479	18	8

* Including two referred to under "Expenditure."

APPENDIX No. 26—*continued.*

CORK DISTRICT (Bandon Division.)

	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Balance from previous year,	—	40 6 3
84 Salmon Rod Licences, . . .	84 0 0	
28 Draft Net „ . . .	84 0 0	
	<hr/>	
Total Licence Duty, . . .	—	168 0 0
Fines received, . . .	—	13 18 0
Rates on Poor Law Valuation, .	—	3 8 0
Subscriptions, . . .	—	52 17 6
Refund from Water Bailiff over- paid, . . .	—	0 2 0
Outstanding Cheque not now negotiable, . . .	—	0 15 0
		<hr/>
Total, . . .	—	£279 6 9

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs, . . .	155 10 10	
Expenses of Prosecutions, . . .	26 0 0	
Postage and Stationery, . . .	1 0 0	
Printing, . . .	0 15 0	
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses, . . .	2 1 10	
Salaries, . . .	12 12 0	
Commission on sale of Licences, .	8 8 0	
	<hr/>	
Total, . . .	—	206 7 8
Balance in Bank, . . .	71 17 5	
„ „ hands of Clerk, . . .	0 2 8	
„ „ „ Distributor, . . .	0 19 0	
	<hr/>	
		72 19 1
		<hr/>
		£279 6 9

SKIBBEREEN DISTRICT.

	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Balance from previous year, . .	—	22 18 5
27 Salmon Rod Licences, . . .	27 0 0	
10 Draft Net „ . . .	30 0 0	
	<hr/>	
Total Licence Duty, . . .	—	57 0 0
Interest, . . .	—	0 6 0
Subscriptions, . . .	—	15 0 0
		<hr/>
Total, . . .	—	£95 4 5

APPENDIX NO. 26—continued.

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	12	15	4			
Postage,	0	8	7			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	29	6	2½			
Printing and Stationery,	1	4	5			
Salaries,	12	11	8			
Commission on sale of licences,	2	17	0			
	<hr/>					
Total,	—			59	3	3
Balance,	—			36	1	2
				<hr/>		
				£95	4	5

BANTRY DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			33	13	5
7 Salmon Rod Licences,	7	0	0			
9 Draft Net „	27	0	0			
2 Trammel Net „	1	10	0			
	<hr/>					
Total Licence Duty,	—			35	10	0
Fines received,	—			3	8	8
Rates on Poor Law Valuation,	—			0	9	0
Interest,	—			0	10	3
	<hr/>					
Total,	—			£73	11	4

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	26	6	0			
Prosecutions,	8	7	6			
Postage,	0	4	4			
Printing and Stationery, &c.,	0	16	8			
Salaries,	9	0	0			
Commission on Licences,	1	15	6			
	<hr/>					
Total,	—			46	10	0
Balance,	—			27	1	4
				<hr/>		
				£73	11	4

APPENDIX No. 26—*continued.*

KENMARE DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			19	18	10
30 Salmon Rod Licences,	30	0	0			
9 Draft Net „	27	0	0			
2 Bag Net „	20	0	0			
4 Sweeper „	12	0	0			
	<hr/>					
Total Licence Duty, .	—			89	0	0
Extra Costs, &c.,	—			0	7	6
Fines received, .	—			1	0	0
Rates on Poor Law Valuation, .	—			6	2	0
Sale of Forfeited Engines, .	—			0	5	0
	<hr/>					
Total,	—			£116	13	4

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	65	0	11			
Prosecutions,	0	10	6			
Postage,	0	6	1			
Printing and Stationery,	0	14	2			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	0	18	0			
Salaries,	19	6	4			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	1	16	2			
	<hr/>					
Total,	—			88	12	2
Balance,	—			28	1	2
	<hr/>					
	—			£116	13	4

WATERVILLE DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			204	11	11
142 Salmon Rod Licences,	142	0	0			
7 Draft Net „	21	0	0			
2 Box or Crib „	20	0	0			
	<hr/>					
Total Licence Duty,	—			183	0	0
Fines received,	—			13	13	8
Subscriptions,	—			2	0	0
	<hr/>					
Total,	—			£403	5	7

APPENDIX NO. 26—*continued.*

The Expenditure was as follows:

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	139	3	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	1	15	0			
Printing and Stationery,	4	16	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses,	36	1	6			
Salaries for year ending 31st October, 1903,	35	0	0			
Lodged to credit of the Killarney Board of Conservators in respect of salary as Clerk of the Waterville District for 1902, paid by the former Board,	35	0	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	10	13	11			
Commission on Sale of Licences,	12	6	0			
Total,	—	—	—	274	15	5
Balance,	—	—	—	128	10	2
				£403	5	7

KILLARNEY DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—	—	—	256	2	11
191 Salmon Rod Licences,	191	0	0			
71 Draft Net „	213	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—	—	—	404	0	0
Fines received,	—	—	—	14	11	0
Miscellaneous Receipts,	—	—	—	96	0	2
Rates on Poor Law Valuation,	—	—	—	8	4	0
*Subscriptions, including £100 from Department of Agriculture, &c., and £10 from Congested Districts Board,	—	—	—	112	0	0
Total,	—	—	—	£890	18	1

The Expenditure was as follows:—

*Water Bailiffs,	309	8	7			
Prosecutions,	2	15	0			
Printing and Stationery,	7	0	4			
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses,	30	0	3			
Salaries,	110	0	0			
Commission on Sale of Licences,	12	10	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	1	3	4			
Total,	—	—	—	472	17	6
Balance in Bank,	—	—	—	418	0	7
				£890	18	1

* This does not include a sum of £45 15s. raised locally in connection with the Department's contribution which was paid direct to water bailiffs, and is not included in this account.

APPENDIX No. 26—*continued.*

LIMERICK DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			1,345	19	1
363 Salmon Rod Licences, . . .	363	0	0			
15 Cross Line „ . . .	18	15	0			
20 Snap Net „ . . .	30	0	0			
69 Draft Net „ . . .	207	0	0			
67 Drift Net „ . . .	201	0	0			
8 Pole Net „ . . .	16	0	0			
38 Stake Weir „ . . .	1,140	0	0			
12 Box or Crib „ . . .	120	0	0			
183 Gaps for taking Eel Licences, .	183	0	0			
Total Licence Duty, . . .	—			2,278	15	0
Fines received,	—			200	14	6
Rates on Poor Law Valuation, .	—			89	11	0
Subscriptions received, . . .	—			48	10	6
Interest on Bank Account, . . .	—			13	9	6
Total,	—			£3,976	19	7

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	£1,451	4	1			
Expenses of Prosecutions, . . .	154	1	10			
Postage,	26	18	7			
Printing and Stationery, . . .	21	10	11			
Travelling and Miscellaneous, .	336	8	9			
Salaries,	355	5	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecu- tors,	76	12	1			
Commission on Sale of Licences, .	113	15	0			
Total,	—			2,535	16	3
Balance,	—			1,441	3	4
				£3,976	19	7

APPENDIX No. 26—*continued.*

GALWAY DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
92 Salmon Rod Licences,	92	0	0			
12 Draft Net „	36	0	0			
5 Box or Crib „	50	0	0			
29 Gaps, Eyes or Basket Licences,	29	0	0			
	<hr/>					
Total Licence Duty,				207	0	0
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,				9	0	0
Fines received,				25	8	10
	<hr/>					
Total,				241	8	10
Balance due to Bank,				162	12	8
	<hr/>					
				£404	1	6

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Balance due to Bank as per last Account,	192	19	10			
Water Bailiffs,	135	18	6			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	28	15	3			
Postage and Telegrams,	2	0	3			
Printing, Advertising, and Stationery,	4	5	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,*	18	13	4			
Proportion of penalties to Prosecutors,	21	9	4			
Salaries (Clerical work is honorary),						
	<hr/>					
Total,				£404	1	6

CONNEMARA DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,				101	14	1
†162 Salmon Rod Licences,	162	0	0			
4 Gaps or Eyes or Basket Licences,	4	0	0			
	<hr/>					
Total for Licence Duties,				166	0	0
Rates on Poor Law Valuations, (see “Travelling and Miscellaneous” in Expenditure),				171	10	0
	<hr/>					
Total,				£339	4	1

* Including Interest on Debt, £10 3s. 4d.; and Commission on Sale of Licences, £3 12s.

† Including 7 Licences paid for by Licence distributors, but unused, and in respect of which £7 was refunded to them.

‡ Including £7 over collection.

APPENDIX No. 26—*continued.*

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	172	15	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	7	2	1			
Postage,	2	18	8			
Printing and Stationery,	2	9	7			
Travelling and Miscellaneous (in- cluding refund of over collection of 10 per cent. rate, £7, and £7 refunded to Licence dis- tributors in respect of 7 unused Licences),	37	16	1			
Salaries,	35	0	0			
Commission on Sale of Licences,	7	19	0			
	<hr/>					
Total,				266	0	5
Balance,				73	3	8
				<hr/>		
				£339	4	1

BALLYNAKILL DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,				105	7	4
64 Salmon Rod Licences,	64	0	0			
16 Draft Net	48	0	0			
	<hr/>					
Total Licence Duty,				112	0	0
Fines received,				8	0	6
Subscriptions,				62	10	0
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,				2	0	0
	<hr/>					
Total,				£289	17	10

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	135	10	0			
Postage,	0	8	5			
Printing and Stationery,	0	19	8			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	7	5	0			
Salaries,	15	0	0			
Commission,	5	5	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Pro- secutors,	2	12	6			
	<hr/>					
Total,				167	0	7
Balance,				122	17	3
				<hr/>		
				£289	17	10

APPENDIX NO. 26—continued.

BANGOR DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—	—	—	260	7	11
81 Salmon Rod Licences,	81	0	0			
27 Draft Net „	81	0	0			
13 Bag Net „	130	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—	—	—	292	0	0
Rates on Poor Law Valuation,	—	—	—	10	10	0
Fines received,	—	—	—	25	6	8
Total,	—	—	—	£588	4	7

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	224	0	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	4	11	3			
Postage,	0	10	0			
Printing and Stationery,	2	13	6			
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses,	8	5	0			
Salaries,	25	0	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	14	11	0			
Premium on Fidelity Bond,	3	15	0			
Total,	—	—	—	283	5	9
Balance,	—	—	—	304	18	10
				£588	4	7

BALLINA DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—	—	—	323	0	4
85 Salmon Rod Licences,	85	0	0			
25 Draft Net „	75	0	0			
2 Drift Net „	6	0	0			
7 Box „	70	0	0			
25 Gaps for taking Eels Licences,	25	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—	—	—	261	0	0
Fines received,	—	—	—	41	7	3
Rates on Poor Law Valuation,	—	—	—	113	12	0
Subscriptions,	—	—	—	5	0	0
Total,	—	—	—	£743	19	7

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	349	0	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	49	11	1			
Postage,	1	0	0			
Printing and Stationery,	1	1	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	5	0	0			
Salaries,	40	0	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	37	19	5			
Total,	—	—	—	483	11	6
Balance,	—	—	—	260	8	1
				£743	19	7

APPENDIX No. 26—*continued.*

SLIGO DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—	—	—	102	0	5
31 Salmon Rod Licences,	31	0	0			
10 Draft Net „	30	0	0			
10 Drift Net „	30	0	0			
1 Bag Net „	10	0	0			
6 Gaps or Eyes „	6	0	0			
	<hr/>					
Total Licence Duty, .	—	—	—	107	0	0
Subscriptions received, .	—	—	—	159	0	0
Rates on Poor Law Valuation, .	—	—	—	43	15	0
Fines,	—	—	—	2	4	8
	<hr/>					
Total,	—	—	—	£414	0	1

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	292	2	6			
Prosecutions,	10	5	0			
Postage,	1	10	0			
Printing and Stationery,	2	3	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	2	1	9			
Salaries,	25	10	0			
	<hr/>					
Total,	—	—	—	333	12	3
Balance,	—	—	—	80	7	10
	<hr/>					
				£414	0	1

BALLYSHANNON DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—	—	—	415	3	5
158 Salmon Rod Licences,	158	0	0			
7 Cross Line „	14	0	0			
31 Draft Net „	93	0	0			
3 Pole Net „	6	0	0			
1 Stake Net „	30	0	0			
5 Box or Crib „	50	0	0			
35 Gaps or Eyes „	35	0	0			
	<hr/>					
Total Licence Duty,	—	—	—	386	0	0
Fines received,	—	—	—	4	9	4
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—	—	—	1	0	0
Subscriptions,	—	—	—	245	18	0
Bank Interest,	—	—	—	0	7	9
	<hr/>					
Total,	—	—	—	£1,052	18	6

APPENDIX NO. 26—continued.

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	584	17	4			
Postage,	2	10	0			
Printing and Stationery,	4	15	6			
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses,	2	17	0			
Salaries,	60	0	0			
Total,	—			654	19	10
Balance,	—			397	18	8
				£1,052	18	6

LETTERKENNY DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—			19	14	1½
224 Salmon Rod Licences,	224	0	0			
24 Draft Net	72	0	0			
46 Drift Net	138	0	0			
2 Bag Net	20	0	0			
2 Box or Crib	20	0	0			
6 Gaps or Eyes	3	0	0			
21 Loop Net	10	10	0			
3 Long Lines for White Trout,	3	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—			490	10	0
Fines received,	—			12	14	10
Rate on Poor Law Valuation,	—			7	0	0
Sale of Forfeited Engines,	—			0	5	0
Interest on Banking Account,	—			1	2	7
Total,	—			£531	6	6½

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	128	8	4			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	10	11	8			
Postage,	4	18	2			
Printing and Stationery,	8	7	7			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	74	6	2			
Salaries,	70	0	0			
Proportion of Penalties to Prosecutors,	2	6	8			
Total,	—			298	18	7
Balance—						
In Bank, £234 11 10				221	13	10
Less Outstanding Cheques, 12 18 0						
In hands of Clerk, 10 14 1½						
				232	7	11½
				£531	6	6½

APPENDIX No. 26—*continued.*

LONDONDERRY DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,				287	2	2
195 Salmon Rod Licences,	195	0	0			
32 Draft Net " "	96	0	0			
108 Drift Net " "	324	0	0			
3 Pole Net " "	6	0	0			
4 Bag Net " "	40	0	0			
3 Stake Net " "	90	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—	—	—	751	0	0
Fines received,	—	—	—	65	16	2
Rates on Poor Law Valuation,	—	—	—	92	0	0
Subscriptions received,	—	—	—	708	0	0
Total,	—	—	—	£1,903	18	4

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	1,105	10	6			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	102	19	9			
Printing and Stationery,	0	16	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	0	10	0			
Salaries,	125	0	0			
Total,	—	—	—	1,344	16	3
Balance,	—	—	—	569	2	1
				£1,903	18	4

COLERAINE DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,				507	14	10
79 Salmon Rod Licences,	79	0	0			
20 Draft Net " "	60	0	0			
11 Drift Net " "	33	0	0			
85 Trammel Net for Pollen Licences,	85	0	0			
1 Bag Net Licence,	10	0	0			
4 Box or Crib Licences,	40	0	0			
53 Coghill " "	159	0	0			
172 Draft Nets for Pollen Licences,	258	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—	—	—	724	0	0
Fines received,	—	—	—	69	6	4
Contributions from Lessees of Toome Eel Fisheries towards assisting Eel Fry,	—	—	—	30	0	0
Rates on Poor Law Valuation,	—	—	—	90	4	0
Rent for Boat House,	—	—	—	2	0	0
Interest on Bank Account,	—	—	—	1	1	7
Over-lodged by Distributor,	—	—	—	0	19	0
Total,	—	—	—	£1,425	5	9

APPENDIX No. 26—continued.

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	603	6	0			
Protection of Eel Fry,	118	1	10			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	207	18	0			
Postage,	4	19	3			
Printing and Stationery,	19	14	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	177	1	2			
Hire of Steam Launch,	15	0	0			
Salaries,	225	0	0			
Commission on sale of Licences,	46	13	0			
Total,	—	—	—	1,422	13	3
Balance,	—	—	—	2	12	6
				£1,425	5	9

BALLYCASTLE DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—	—	—			
49 Salmon Rod Licences,	49	0	0			
16 Draft Net „	48	0	0			
14 Bag Net „	140	0	0			
1 Coghill „	0	10	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—	—	—	237	10	0
Fines received,	—	—	—	7	3	2
Rates on Poor Law Valuation	—	—	—	25	0	0
Total,	—	—	—	£269	13	2

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	—	—	—	224	19	1
Expenses of Prosecutions,	—	—	—	18	17	2
Postage,	—	—	—	0	4	11
Printing and Stationery,	—	—	—	2	7	0
Travelling and Miscellaneous,	—	—	—	1	1	0
Salaries,	—	—	—	10	0	0
Commission and reductions on Licences,	—	—	—	12	4	0
Total,	—	—	—	£269	13	2

DUNDALK DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—	—	—	58	12	5
49 Salmon Rod Licences	49	0	0			
28 Draft Net „	84	0	0			
2 Bag Net „	20	0	0			
1 Head Weir „	6	0	0			
27 Gaps or Eyes for Eels Licences,	27	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—	—	—	186	0	0
Fines received,	—	—	—	15	18	2
Rates on Poor Law Valuation,	—	—	—	8	10	0
Subscriptions,	—	—	—	2	0	0
Total,	—	—	—	£271	0	7

APPENDIX No. 26—*continued.*

The Expenditure was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Water Bailiffs,	67	10	0			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	6	3	6			
Postage,	0	15	4			
Printing and Stationery,	2	0	0			
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses,	19	6	4			
Salaries,	60	0	0			
Proportion of penalties to Prosecutors,	0	10	0			
Total,	—	—	—	156	5	2
Balance,	—	—	—	114	15	5
				<u>£271</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>7</u>

DROGHEDA DISTRICT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from previous year,	—	—	—	167	12	9
58 Salmon Rod Licences,	58	0	0			
3 Cross Line „	6	0	0			
2 Snap Net „	3	0	0			
92 Draft Net „	276	0	0			
6 Box or Crib „	60	0	0			
26 Gaps, Eyes, or Baskets,	26	0	0			
Total Licence Duty,	—	—	—	£429	0	0
Fines received,	—	—	—	2	19	9
Rates on Valuations of Fisheries,	—	—	—	25	16	0
Total,	—	—	—	<u>£625</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>6</u>

The Expenditure was as follows:—

Water Bailiffs,	275	15	9			
Expenses of Prosecutions,	6	4	6			
Postage,	3	7	2			
Printing and Stationery,	4	15	9			
Travelling and Miscellaneous Expenses (including £80 towards hatchery),	151	4	0			
Salaries,	95	8	6			
Commission on collection of Rates,	3	17	3			
Commission on sale of Licences,	3	12	0			
Transferred to Mattock Improvement Deposit Account,	30	0	0			
Total,	—	—	—	£572	4	11
Balance in Bank,	—	—	—	53	3	7
				<u>£625</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>6</u>

Deposit Account opened in the names of Lieut.-Col. J. N. Coddington, Messrs. Leland and Connolly, in connection with the improvement of the Mattock River. The Mattock Improvement Deposit Fund now stands as follows:—

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
T. Transfer from General Account on following date:—				By Balance in Bank, as per deposit receipts in the names of above, which Clerk holds,			
1903 - August 7,	30	0	0		30	0	0
	<u>£30</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>		<u>£30</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

APPENDIX

SUBSTANCE of REPORTS received from Clerks of

DISTRICT.	What is the general state of the Salmon Fisheries in this District? Are they as a rule improving or declining?	Has the take of Salmon and Grilse by nets and weirs throughout the District been more, or less productive in the present year than in the past one?
Dublin,	Fair; slight improvement,	More productive,
Wexford,	Improving,	More salmon; less grilse,
Waterford,	Improving; the open season as regards take of salmon was the best for the past twenty years.	Far more salmon, but less grilse.
Lismore,	Good; improving,	The take generally shows a very good increase, as compared with previous years.
Cork,	Fairly good; declining,	Less productive,
Cork (Bandon)	Good; improving,	More productive,
Skibbereen,	Great improvement; has been the best season for net fishermen for some years.	More productive,
Bantry,	Good; improving,	Less productive,
Kenmare,	Fair; but not as good as in previous year.	Less productive,
Waterville,	Fair; no change for the past two years.	Less productive,
Killarney,	Fair; improving,	More productive,
Limerick,	On the whole more satisfactory than in recent depressed years.	Less productive,
Galway,	Not so good as last year, either as to supply or capture.	Less productive,
Connemara,	Fair; improving,	—
Ballinakill,	Declined since last year.	Very much less,
Bangor,	Not so good as in preceding year; declining.	Less productive,
Bellins,	Fair; improving,	Slightly more productive,
Sligo,	Fair; improving,	About the same,
Ballyshannon,	Good; neither improving nor declining.	Less productive,
Letterkenny,	Fair,	More productive,
Londonderry,	Satisfactory; improved,	More productive,
Coleraine,	Not quite so good as last season,	Less productive,
Ballycastle,	Declining,	Less productive,
Dundalk,	Generally very good; improving,	More productive,
Drogheda,	A general improvement on preceding year	An increase in the take of salmon, but not in that of grilse.

No. 27.

Conservators relative to Salmon Fisheries.

Has the take of Sea Trout by nets and weirs been more, or less productive this year than in the past one?	What is your report as to Angling in the District?	What was the highest wholesale price given for Salmon this season?	What was the lowest wholesale price?
		s. d.	s. d.
Less productive,	Exceptionally favourable in March, April, and May; more Salmon than usual were taken in the upper waters.	2 8	0 10
More productive,	Improving, owing to wet season,	2 6	0 9
Very little netting for Sea Trout.	The best season since 1833, especially in the Upper Suir.	2 6	0 10
More productive,	The angling for both Salmon and Trout was good.	2 6	0 10
About the same,	Fairly good,	3 0	1 0
More productive,	Good; best season for several years,	2 8	0
More productive,	Very good for both Salmon and Trout,	1 3	0
Less productive,	Very good,	0 9	0 8
No nets for Sea Trout used in this District.	Very little angling carried on in the District,	2 0	0 8
Very few Sea Trout taken in the District by nets.	Not good for Salmon, but very good for Sea Trout.	5 0	0 10
About the same,	A good all round season; some anglers took 60 Salmon during the season.	2 11	0 7
This kind of fishing is never of any consequence in Shannon.	In some districts angling was very much better than last year, in others not.	2 7	0 10
Less,	Bad in Spring on account of high floods; fairly good in Summer and Autumn.	2 8	0 8
	Good in Rivers Gowla, Screeb, and Upper and Lower Costello; fair in other rivers.		
Very much less,	Very good,	1 0	0 7
Less productive,	Very good,	3 6	0 8
No,	Fairly good,	2 6	0 9
No,	Much improved,	3 9	0 8
Slightly more productive in River Erne.	Good in the River Erne, but not so good in other rivers.	2 6	1 0
More productive,	Better than previous year,	2 9	1 0
More productive,	Very good,	2 0	0 9
Less productive,	Fair on the inland rivers, not so good at end of season owing to floods, particularly on River Bann.	2 4	0 8
Very few taken,	Very bad in early part of season, but latter part showed a marked improvement.	2 4	0 10
Less productive,	There has been a decided improvement,	3 6	0 9
Considerably less,	Improvement on last year, but such improvement seems to have been confined to a portion of the river.	2 10	0 9

APPENDIX

SUBSTANCE of REPORTS received from Clerks of

DISTRICT.	In your opinion was the weather favourable or unfavourable in each month of the open season?	
	(i.) To Netting.	(ii.) To Angling.
Dublin,	Favourable,	Favourable,
Wexford,	Unfavourable,	Favourable,
Waterford,	Favourable,	Favourable,
Lismore,	Favourable,	Favourable,
Cork,	Unfavourable,	Unfavourable,
Cork (Bandoo),	Unfavourable for first four or five weeks.	Favourable,
Skibberreen,	Favourable,	Favourable,
Bantry,	Unfavourable,	Favourable,
Kenmare,	Favourable to middle of July.	Favourable to middle of July,
Waterville,	Unfavourable,	Unfavourable,
Killarney,	Part of the season was unfavourable in the rivers owing to floods, but favourable in the lakes.	Favourable on the whole,
Limerick,	Very unfavourable in Spring; normal in Summer.	Very favourable for some districts; unfavourable in others.
Galway,	Unfavourable in Spring; moderately favourable during Summer months.	Very unfavourable during February, March, and April; moderately favourable in May, June, and July.
Connemara,	Unfavourable,	Favourable,
Ballinakill,	Unfavourable,	Favourable,
Bangor,	Unfavourable,	Favourable,
Ballina,	Favourable,	Favourable,
Sligo,	Favourable,	Favourable,
Ballyshannon,	Favourable in the beginning, but unfavourable in the later part of the season.	Favourable,
Letterkenny,	Favourable,	Favourable,
Londonderry,	Fairly favourable,	Favourable,
Coleraine,	Favourable in inland waters; unfavourable in tidal.	Unfavourable,
Ballycastle,	Unfavourable,	Unfavourable in early part of season; improved towards the end.
Dundalk,	Favourable on the whole, but to some extent interrupted by floods	Favourable,
Drogheda,	The heavy waters subsequent to the storm of 26th February, 1903, interfered with both angling and netting in the upper waters.	The heavy waters subsequent to the storm of 26th February, 1903, interfered with both angling and netting in the upper waters.

No. 27—*continued.*

Conservators relative to Salmon Fisheries—*continued.*

Have there been cases of poisoning the rivers in the District? If so, give particulars of the different cases, and if by Lime, Spurge, or Flax Water.	Have offences against the Fishery Laws increased or diminished? What proportion (approximately) may be attributed to those who took out licences and those who did not?
One case in River Liffey at Island Bridge.	Slight increase. None by licence holders.
No,	Diminished. 1 to 22.
No,	Diminished.
No,	Decreased. About equal.
One case of poisoning by spurge.	Diminished. The greater number of offences were committed by unlicensed persons.
One case of poisoning by flax water,	Diminished. Only one case against a licensed angler.
No,	Diminished.
One case of poisoning by spurge in the Ballylickey River.	Increased. All offences were committed by unlicensed persons.
Two cases of poisoning by spurge in tributaries of the Roughy River.	Decreased. All offences were committed by unlicensed persons.
No,	Diminished. None by licence holders.
One case of poisoning by lime in the Brown Flesk.	About the same. About two per cent. fished without a licence.
No,	Diminished. Majority of offences committed by licensed persons.
No,	Slight increase owing to greater quantity of fish in tributaries and small streams.
No,	Diminished. All offences were committed by unlicensed persons.
No,	No increase.
No,	Slightly increased.
No,	Increased during close season.
No,	Much increased.
None, except by flax water,	Diminished.
A few cases of flax water poisoning.	Diminished. About 1 per cent. by licence holders
One serious case of malicious poisoning by chloride of lime at Carrickmore. There were also many cases of flax water poisoning.	Increased. Many breaches of the weekly close time are committed by licensed net fishermen.
Yes: twenty-seven cases of flax water pollution, and four of pollution by effluent from factories.	Greatly diminished. 1 to 99
A few cases of flax water poisoning.	Diminished. None by licence holders.
No,	Diminished. Committed only by unlicensed persons.
	Diminished.

APPENDIX

RETURNS OF FISH CARRIED BY

Returns of Fish conveyed over the

GREAT SOUTHERN AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.			
		Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.
From all Stations.	—	680	15	.	.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout				Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).							
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.		
Dublin.	Particulars not furnished.	39	3	18	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Howth.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Rush.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Skerries.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Balbriggan.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Laytown.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Drogheda.		.	514	15	3	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Beauparc.		.	100	2	.	1	23	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Navan.		.	123	1	2	1	16	.	.	.	.	7	.	9	.	.	.
Virginia Road.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	35	3	13	2	.	.
Dunleer.		.	7	.	4	2	23	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Castlebellingham.		.	179	8	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dundalk.		.	50	2	13	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Warrenpoint.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Fortadown.		.	60	4	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	830	58	.	.	.	.
Lurgan.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	845	53	18	1	.	.
Ballinderry.	39	1	19	1	.	.	
Glenavy.	663	34	3	1	.	.	
Crumlin.	588	32	1	1	.	.	
Aldergrove.	.	22	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	300	17	1	3	.	.	

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).						
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	
Belfast,	Particulars not furnished.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1,080	81	.	.	
Tynan, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	3	.
Ballybaise, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	19	.	19	1
Belturbet, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	50	2	14	3
Annaghmore, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	82	4	19	1
Stewartstown,		1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	206	12	12	.
Cookstown, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	15	1
Culloville, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	103	4	8	.
Newtownbutler, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	.	15	1
Lisnaskea, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	94	6	8	.
Lisbellaw, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	76	5	13	2
Irvinestown, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	112	10	1	2
Kesh,		24	.	5	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	30	1	8	2
Pettigo,		159	2	4	2	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	32	1	8	1
Belleek,		122	.	11	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	272	20	1	.
Ballyshannon,		450	45	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Bunderan,		97	4	5	2	16	20	.	10	.	.	.	30	2	11	2
Sion Mills,		18	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Strabane,		10	.	10	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Porthall,	7	.	6	3	21	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
St. Johnston,	21	.	11	.	20	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Londonderry,	43	3	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total,	2,052	97	16	2	4	96	9	6	.	.	.	5,550	357	8	1	

DUNDALK, NEWRY, AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Greenore,	Irish Stations,	.	.	.	.	.
Dundalk,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
Carlingford,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
Omeeath,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
Total,	.	.	.	.	.	.

COMPANY (IRELAND)—*continued.*

Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.				Oysters.			Other Shell Fish.				
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwtls.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwtls.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwtls.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwtls.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwtls.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	1,000	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
.
.
.
15	4	19	.	21	18	4	1	19	1	3	3	.	.	.	.	12	1	6	.
.	.	.	.	101	9	11	.	51	1	10	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	6	3
.
.	.	.	.	199	23	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	139	9	3	.
345	30	5	.	16,583	1,218	8	.	211	6	1	1	138	6	10	1	377	26	14	3

GREENORE RAILWAY.

Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				Herrings.			Lobsters.			Oysters.			
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwtls.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwtls.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwtls.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwtls.	Qrs.
.	20	3	4	15	2	1	3	19	1	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	*14	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	2	2	.	.	.	4	.	4	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	291	24	5	.
.	20	3	4	15	4	3	3	19	1	295	24	9	3
.	.	.	.	*14	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

* Salted Herrings.

BELFAST AND NORTHERN

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.			
		Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Belfast,	Carrick, Larne, Ballyclare, Antrim, Kilrea, Garvagh, Ballymena, Cullybackey, Dunloy, Ballymoney, Coleraine, Portstewart, Portrush, Castlerock, Magilligan, Limavady, Toome, Magherafelt, Randalstown.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Birmingham, Euston, Manchester, St. Helen's, Wigan, Blackburn, Manchester, Leeds, Leicester, London.	.	.	.	.
Carrick,	Belfast, . . . . .	.	.	.	.
Larne,	Belfast, Liverpool, Manchester,	.	6	.	.
Larne Harbour,	Belfast, Liverpool, Manchester, Wigan.	.	3	1	.
Toome,	London, Manchester, Birmingham, Leicester, Warrington, Preston.	10	8	2	.
Money more,	London, Manchester, Birmingham, .	.	4	3	.
Ballymoney,	St. Pancras, Euston, Manchester, Liverpool, Belfast, Ballymena, Cullybackey.	11	19	2	.
Coleraine,	Birmingham, Liverpool, Manchester, Euston, Wigan, St. Pancras, Belfast, Ballymena, Maghera, Garvagh, Portrush, Castlerock, Londonderry.	40	11	.	.
Portstewart,	Belfast, Liverpool,	4	17	1	.
Carrickhuc,	Bellarena, . . . . .	.	.	.	.
Parkmore,	Belfast, Ballymena, . . . . .	.	13	3	.
Bellarena,	Liverpool, Belfast, Birmingham, Cookstown, Ballymena, Ballymoney, Maghera, Coleraine, Dungen, Limavady, Londonderry.	.	15	.	.
Magilligan,	Liverpool, Manchester, Belfast, Ballymena, Coleraine, Portstewart, Limavady.	11	8	3	.
Limavady Junction,	Birmingham, London, Manchester, Belfast, Coleraine, Londonderry.	8	18	.	.
Antrim,	Manchester, Leeds, Liverpool, Blackburn, B. a. f. d., St. Helen's, &c.	.	.	.	.
Portrush,	Belfast, Londonderry, Liverpool, Wigan, Bolton, &c.	45	7	1	.
Londonderry,	Belfast, Manchester, Leeds, Bolton, Bradford, Liverpool, &c.	313	10	.	.
	Total,	481	.	3	.

BELFAST AND COUNTY

From what Stations.	To	Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			Salted Mackerel.					
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Newtownards, .	Belfast,	.	.	.	.	20	1	10	.	.	.	.	.
Donaghadee,	do.,	.	.	.	.	241	12	1	.	.	.	.	.
Downpatrick, .	do.,	.	.	.	.	31	1	18	1	.	.	.	.
Dundrum,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Newcastle,	do.,	.	.	.	.	292	16	11	.	.	.	.	.
Killough,	do.,	.	.	.	.	9	.	11	1	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Downpatrick.	.	.	.	.	15	.	13	1	.	.	.	.
Araglass,	Belfast,	.	.	.	.	64	4	.	.	36	5	3	.
Do.,	Newtownards,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Saintfield,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Ballinabinch,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Downpatrick,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Newcastle,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Ballynoe,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Killough,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Bangor,	Belfast,	19	1	10	.	325	17	5	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Holywood,	.	.	.	.	12	.	9	1	.	.	.	.
	Total,	19	1	10	.	1,009	11	19	.	36	5	3	.

Weight includes that

BALLYCASTLE

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Ballycastle, .	Ballymoney, for re-book- ing to English, &c.,	180	11	14	1	.
Do.,	Belfast,	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	180	11	14	1	.

The weight includes that

DOWN RAILWAY.

Herrings.				Lobsters.				Oysters.			Other Shell Fish.				
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	174	5	12	.	.	.	.	.	18	1	16	.
.	.	.	.	47	1	3	.	.	.	.	.	53	4	18	.
26	1	13	2	20	.	9	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	1	6	.
.
.	.	.	.	135	5	18	3	.	.	.	.	266	37	18	2
.
12,100	780	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
*35	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
16	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
*6	.	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
4	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
11	.	13	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
16	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
2	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	4	.	63	5	16	2
.
12,477	784	17	1	376	13	3	1	4	.	4	.	408	51	15	.
*41	5	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

of the packages, &c.

* Salted Herrings.

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				Fresh Mackerel.			Lobsters.			Other Shell Fish.				
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
90	6	12	1	2	2	1	17	1	1	2	153	4	5	.
116	8	7	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
215	14	19	2	2	2	1	17	1	1	2	158	4	6	.

of packages and ice.

LONDONDERRY, LOUGH SWILLY, AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Buncrana,	Londonderry,	9		3		16	62	3	13	2	
Do.,	Glasgow,	6		6							
Do.,	London,	26	1	8	1						
	*Total,	41	1	17	1	16	62	3	13	2	
Burton Port,	London,	1,096	81	4							
Do.,	Birmingham,	80	7	15							
Do.,	Manchester,	209	11	19							
Do.,	Cheltenham,										
Do.,	Derby,										
Do.,	Nottingham,										
Do.,	Huddersfield,										
Do.,	Leicester,	2		2							
Do.,	Liverpool,	11		15							
Do.,	Preston,										
Do.,	Belfast,										
Do.,	Dublin,										
Do.,	Omagh,										
Do.,	May's Bridge,										
Do.,	Derry,										
	*Total,	1,389	98	15							
Carndonagh,	Londonderry,	20		6	1						
Do.,	Manchester,	434	30	14	2		2			3	1
Do.,	Birmingham,	163	15	4							
Do.,	Liverpool,	24	1	13							
Do.,	London,	47	4	14							
Do.,	Bradford,										
	†Total,	688	61	11	3		2			3	1
Creeslough,	Manchester,										
Do.,	Birmingham,	4		4	3						
Do.,	London,	17	1	1	3						
Do.,	Glasgow,										
	†Total,	21	1	6	2						
Clogmany,	Londonderry,	49	1	4	1	20					
Croly,	Birmingham										
Do.,	Preston,										
Do.,	Leicester,										
Do.,	Abbingdon,										
	‡Total,										

* Gross Weight.

† Weight includes that of the ice and packages.

‡ Weight includes packages.

LETTERKENNY RAILWAY.

Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			Fresh Mackerel			Herrings.			Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.				
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	a1909	165	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	1909	165	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	140	13	13	.	220	11	17	.	3	2	.
.	b6904	34	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	150	13	14	.	21	.	19	.	1	18	.
.	b168	1	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	b110	1	3	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.
.	3	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	6	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	b64	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	b64	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	49	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	1	11	.
.	b64	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	41	4	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	b100	.	15	.	.	.	.	.	1	4	.
.	30	3	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	11	1	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	149	16	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	6	.	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	5	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	b61	9	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	b148	65	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	b76	70	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	b148	65	.	.	241	12	10	.	8	15	.
.	b149	30	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
165	8	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	1	.
41	3	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	3	12	.	.
13	.	18	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	14	.	16	3	7	.	.
6	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	6	.	7	17	1
.	.	.	.	7	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
.
228	12	11	1	7	.	9	.	.	.	.	41	2	7	2	16	3	.
.
.	6	.	10	.	6	.	1	3	.	.	.
.	18	1	3	3	.	.	.
.	21	1	16	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	27	2	6	2	24	1	5	2	.	.	.
.
.	34	1	10	3	.	.	.
.	a12	1	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	a4	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	12	.	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	a1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	13	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	a17	2	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

a Salted Herrings.

b Kipperd Herrings.

LONDONDERRY, LOUGH SWILLY, AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Dunfanaghy Road.	Liverpool.	35	2	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Glasgow.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	London.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Londonderry.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Letterkenny.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Burtonport.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	* Total.	35	2	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dungloe Road.	Londonderry.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Fahan.	Londonderry.	.	.	.	.	.	†510	24	13	.	.
Folcarragh.	London.	15	.	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Dublin.	6	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Letterkenny.	11	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Glasgow.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total.	32	1	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Gweedore.	Birmingham.	10	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	London.	325	16	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Leicester.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Leeds.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool.	43	3	10	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester.	6	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Burtonport.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Londonderry.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Letterkenny.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	† Total.	384	20	10	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
Letterkenny.	Manchester.	6	.	6	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	London.	7	.	5	.	13	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Dublin.	4	.	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Belfast.	25	1	7	3	8	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Londonderry.	11	.	3	3	22	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Rathmullen.	1	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Newtown.	1	.	.	.	5	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Foxhall.	1	.	.	.	11	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Churchhill.	4	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Dunfanaghy.	1	.	.	.	20	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Burtonport.	5	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	† Total.	66	2	13	1	1	.	.	.	.	.
Ramelton.	Londonderry.	†24	2	4	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Rathmullen.	Londonderry.	†79	7	12	1	6	.	.	.	.	.

* All weight given on return includes weight of packages or barrels; weight given on return for Salmon includes weight of packages and ice.

† Weight of packages included.

‡ Weight including packages and ice.

DONEGAL

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Clady, . . . Do., . . .	Belfast, . . .	49	1	16	.	7	.	.	.	.
	Glasgow, . . .	19	1	8	.	25	.	.	.	.
	*Total, . . .	68	3	4	1	4	.	.	.	.
Donegal, . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . .	Belfast, . . .	10	.	10	2	21	46	1	19	1
	Dublin, . . .	2	.	1	3	.	79	5	7	1
	Londonderry, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Kells, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
	Manchester, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	11	.
	Liverpool, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	London, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
† Total, . . .		12	.	12	1	21	129	7	18	2
Mountcharles, . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . .	Armagh, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	5	3
	Belfast, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	7	3
	Dublin, . . .	3	.	1	2	.	160	5	16	2
	Enniskillen, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Londonderry, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	London, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Liverpool, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Manchester, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	.
	Strabane, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	2	.
	Stranorlar, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	3	1
	Wigan, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
† Total, . . .		3	.	1	2	.	120	5	16	1
Inver, . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . .	Armagh, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	20	1	7	2
	Belfast, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	178	11	4	2
	Dublin, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	309	19	14	1
	Enniskillen, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	49	3	11	1
	Londonderry, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	52	3	8	1
	Strabane, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	23	1	11	3
	Stranorlar, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	22	3	1	.
	Manchester, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
*Total, . . .		.	.	.	.	653	43	18	2	
Fort, . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . . Do., . . .	Armagh, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	5	2
	Belfast, . . .	9	.	0	1	.	85	2	17	1
	Dublin, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	34	2	7	3
	Enniskillen, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	1
	Londonderry, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Donegal, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Dungannon, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Manchester, . . .	3	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
Birmingham, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

* Packages and ice included in weight. † Weight includes that of packages
‡ Gross Weight.

RAILWAY.

Mackerel.				Harrings.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.
.
.
.	10	1	.	.
.	847	34	14	.
.	162	16	4	.
.	1	.	2	.
.	520	52	.	.
.	.	.	.	12	.	17	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	2	.	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1	.	.	3	36	3	11	.	60	1	10	3	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	3	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	131	14	17	2
.	127	10	15	.
.	4	2	.	.	130	12	18	1
.	130	12	19	.
.	.	.	.	68	4	17	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	8	.
.	.	.	.	3	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
.	3	.	6	.
1	.	.	3	114	10	3	1	64	3	10	3	528	62	3	3
.
.	.	.	.	220	14	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	336	26	6	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	34	2	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	77	6	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	143	10	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	116	7	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	316	23	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	1,242	91	4	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
.	.	.	.	25	1	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	165	14	13	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	5	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	421	34	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	1	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	3	.	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	159	15	9	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.

DONEGAL

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwt. B.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwt. B.	Qrs.
Port, .	Strabane, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Stranorlar, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Newry, .	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	2	.
	* Total, .	12	.	12	1	126	5	14	1	.
Dunkineely, .	Belfast, .	53	2	1	2	1,240	103	6	2	.
Do., .	Dungannon, .	5	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Monaghan, .	8	.	7	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Dublin, .	.	.	.	.	240	17	6	1	.
Do., .	Enniskillen, .	4	.	2	.	36	2	16	3	.
Do., .	Armagh, .	.	.	.	.	4	.	6	.	.
Do., .	Lurgan, .	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.
Do., .	Cookstown, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Strabane, .	.	.	.	.	77	6	12	.	.
Do., .	Stranorlar, .	.	.	.	.	50	3	12	.	.
Do., .	Omagh, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Bradford, .	30	1	9	3	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Birmingham, .	50	2	9	3	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Liverpool, .	3	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Manchester, .	92	5	14	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	London, .	22	1	7	.	19	1	8	1	.
Do., .	Leeds, .	15	.	16	1	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Grimsby, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	North Shields, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Donegal, .	.	.	.	.	3	.	4	.	.
Do., .	Mountcharles, .	.	.	.	.	4	.	3	.	.
Do., .	Killybegs, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Glasgow, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	* Total, .	282	14	14	1	1,674	135	14	3	.
Bruckless, .	Strabane, .	1	.	1	.	2	.	2	.	.
Do., .	Dunkineely, .	1	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Killybegs, .	5	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Belfast, .	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	.
Do., .	Dublin, .	.	.	.	.	1	.	3	.	.
Do., .	London, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	7	.	3	3	5	.	7	.	.
Ardara Road, .	London, Broad-street, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Killybegs, .	Belfast, .	64	3	3	1	224	11	6	1	.
Do., .	Dublin, .	8	.	9	1	461	25	2	3	.
Do., .	Birmingham, .	38	1	19	1	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Liverpool, .	.	.	.	.	6	.	6	1	.
Do., .	Leeds, .	3	.	2	3	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	London, .	61	3	6	2	4	.	4	.	.
Do., .	Manchester, .	79	4	2	2	.	.	.	.	.
	† Total, .	263	13	3	2	685	36	19	1	.

* This weight includes packages and ice.

† Gross weight.

RAILWAY—*continued.*

Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	16	1	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	11	.	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
.	.	.	.	305	69	18	3	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	108	7	17	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
.	.	.	.	107	13	17	2	22	.	10	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	10	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
.	.	.	.	2	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	2	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	31	2	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
.	98	3	3	2	.	.	.	.
.	3	.	6	.
.	3	.	1	2	17	1	15	.
.	.	.	.	4	.	7	2	2	.	1	2	152	15	.	.
.
.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
.	1	.	1	.	.	.	10	3
.
.	.	.	.	*3	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	180	15	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	534	30	15	2	127	3	18	2	178	17	11	2
.	.	.	.	3	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	4	.	3	.	.	.	.	.
.
.	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	4	.	2	1	.	.	.	.
.	125	12	3	.
.	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	8	.	5	1	125	12	3	.
.	114	1	8	.
.
.	.	.	.	22	1	5	.	39	2	13	1	.	.	.	.
.	75	2	3	2	.	.	.	.
.	18	.	12	3	.	.	.	.
.
.	7	.	2	1	.	.	.	.
.	44	1	10	2	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	22	1	5	.	233	7	2	1	.	.	.	.

* Salted Herrings.

DONEGAL

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwt's.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwt's.	Qrs.
Cloghan,	Dublin :									
	May, .	4	.	.	3	9	.	.	.	.
	June,	7	.	1	.	15	.	.	.	.
	July,	40	.	10	.	1	.	.	.	.
	August,	33	.	17	.	12	.	.	.	.
	September, .	10	.	.	3	24	.	.	.	.
	† Total,	94	1	10	.	5	.	.	.	.
Fintown,	Dublin,	5	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	9	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	30	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Liverpool,	6	.	6	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Manchester,	2	.	3	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Leeds, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	† Total,	61	3	6	.	.	.	.	.	.
Glenties,	Ballybofey,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Belfast, .	4	.	6	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Birmingham, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Dublin, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Londonderry, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Dungannon,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Leicester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	London,	114	6	14	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Manchester, .	49	3	6	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Leeds, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Ormagh, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Stewartstown,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Strabane,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Bradford,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Do., .	Portadown,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	† Total	167	10	6	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Grand Total, .	959	47	14	.	2	3,302	237	8	2

* Weight includes that of packages.

† Weight includes packages and too.

CAVAN AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings.)				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Bawnboy Road	Liverpool, .	.	.	.	.	4	.	3	2	6
Do.,	Birmingham, .	.	.	.	.	6	.	7	1	.
Do.,	Manchester, .	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	14
Ballinamore, .	Liverpool, .	.	.	.	.	14	1	4	2	.
Do.,	Birmingham, .	.	.	.	.	9	.	9	.	.
Do.,	Manchester, .	.	.	.	.	5	.	4	.	.
	Total, .	.	.	.	.	39	2	8	3	20

Including weight

TRALEE AND DINGLE

Month.	From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				(Prime Fish not Salmon and Trout).			
			Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
January, .	Dingle, .	Holyhead, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do., .	Manchester, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do., .	Bedford, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do., .	Birmingham, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do., .	Broad-street, (London).	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do., .	Kingsbridge, .	.	.	.	.	150	11	5	2
		Total, .	.	.	.	.	150	11	5	2
February, .	Dingle, .	Broad-street, (London).	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do., .	Bedford, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do., .	Kingsbridge, .	.	.	.	.	125	9	7	3
Do.,	do., .	Tralee, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total, .	.	.	.	.	125	9	7	3
March, .	Dingle, .	Billingsgate, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do., .	Tralee, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do., .	Manchester, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do., .	Holyhead, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do., .	Liverpool, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do., .	Kingsbridge, (Dublin).	.	.	.	.	237	25	7	2
		Total, .	.	.	.	.	237	25	7	2

LEITRIM RAILWAY.

Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.
.
.
.
.

of Packages.

LIGHT RAILWAY.

Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.			Other Shell Fish.				
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	.	191	9	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
55	2	15	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
55	2	15	.	197	9	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
89	4	9	.	4	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	1	2	.	.
.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
6	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
95	4	15	.	5	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	1	4	4	18
.
156	7	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	10	2
45	2	15	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	3	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	10	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	*142	20	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
201	10	11	3	13	.	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	16	2
.	.	.	.	*142	20	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

*Salt Mackerel.

TRALEE AND DINGLE

Month.	From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Primo Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				
			Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
April,	Dingle,	Kingsbridge,	.	.	.	.	.	489	41	5	3	.
Do.,	do.,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Broad-street,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Holyhead,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Manchester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.	.	.	489	41	5	3	.
May,	Dingle,	Holyhead,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Broad-street,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Manchester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	191	15	3	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Dublin,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	London,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.	.	.	191	15	3	.	.
June,	Dingle,	Kingsbridge,	.	.	.	.	.	98	6	7	3	21
Do.,	do.,	London,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Tralee,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Holyhead,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.	.	.	98	6	7	3	21
July,	Dingle,	Kingsbridge,	7	.	7	3	.	54	3	17	.	.
Do.,	do.,	London,	1	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	8	.	9	.	.	54	3	17	2	.
August,	Dingle,	Kingsbridge,	2	.	1	2	.	62	4	12	3	.
Do.,	do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	2	.	1	2	.	62	4	12	3	.
September,	Dingle,	Dublin,	.	.	.	.	.	31	2	11	1	.
Do.,	do.,	London,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.	.	.	31	2	11	1	.
October,	Dingle,	Kingsbridge,	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	4	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Broad-street,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	4	.	.
November,	Dingle,	Kingsbridge,	.	.	.	.	.	11	.	17	1	.
Do.,	do.,	London,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.	.	.	11	.	17	1	.

LIGHT RAILWAY—*continued.*

Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.			Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	
				5		8										
				26	1	6										
				331	16	14										
				18		18										
				41	2	1										
				427	21	7										
				161	8	1										
				2		2										
				1		1										
				2		2										
				86	4	6										
												75	4	3	2	
				252	12	12						75	4	3	2	
								8		8			9	9	2	
				36	1	16										
				*959	1	37										
				36	1	16		8		8		9		9	2	
				*959	1	37										
				*80	11	8	2									
				*80	11	8	2									
				*368	52	11										
				*368	52	11										
3		3		*918	135	9										
3		3		*948	135	9										
3		3		*722	103	3										
3		3		*722	103	3										
100		5		*950	135	16										
100		5		*950	135	16										

* Barrels Salted Mackerel.

TRALEE AND DINGLE

Month.	From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				
			Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
December,	Dingle,	Kingsbridge,					
Do.,	do.,	London,					
Do.,	do.,	Holyhead,					
Do.,	do.,	Liverpool,					
		Total,					
January,	Castlegregory,	Liverpool,					
Do.,	do.,	Manchester,					
Do.,	do.,	Tralee,					
		Total,					
February,	Castlegregory,	Tralee,					
March,	Castlegregory,	Tralee,					
April,	Castlegregory,	Manchester,					
Do.,	do.,	London,					
Do.,	do.,	Tralee,					
		Total,					
May,	Castlegregory,	Manchester,					
Do.,	do.,	Liverpool,					
Do.,	do.,	Kingsbridge,	3		3		
		Total,	3		3		
June,	Castlegregory,	Tralee,					
Do.,	do.,	Kingsbridge,	21	1	2		
Do.,	do.,	Liverpool,					
		Total,	21	1	2		
July,	Castlegregory,	Kingsbridge,					
Do.,	do.,	Tralee,					
		Total,					
August,	Castlegregory,	Kingsbridge,	3		3		
Do.,	do.,	Tralee,					
		Total,	3		3		
September,	Castlegregory,	Liverpool,					
Do.,	do.,	Tralee,					
Do.,	do.,	Kingsbridge,					
		Total,					

LIGHT RAILWAY—*continued.*

Primo Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				Course Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				Mackerel.				Lobsters.			Other Shell Fish.				
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	
56	4	8	1					14	14										
				30	1	10		125	6	5					5	10	2		
								788	39	8									
								*516	73	17									
56	4	8	1	30	1	10		927	16	7					5	10	2		
								*516	73	70									
								*242	34	18									
										5									
															4		4		
								*242	34	18					4		4		
				7		7									54	3	2	2	
				3		2									13		15	1	
								16		16									
								6		6					6		10		
								22	1	2					6		10		
								5		5									
								*30	3										
								5	3	5									
				*30															
				9		9													
								*200	30										
				9		9		*200	30										
				25	1	5													
				2		3													
				27	1	8													
				12		12						42	2	2					
				12		12						42	2	2	23	1	6		
								*70	10	10					*5		5		
												3		3					
								*70	10	10		3		3	5		5		

* Barrels Salt Mackerel.

LIGHT RAILWAY—continued.

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			Mackerel.			Lobsters.			Other Shell Fish.							
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Bags.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	
							531	78	7										
							561	94	2										
							90	13											
															10		11		2

BALLYBUNION RAILWAY.

Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.				Oysters.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
																21	2		
																57	5	1	3
																19	1	15	2
																4		5	
																101	9	2	1

* Barrels Salted Mackerel.

MIDLAND GREAT

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Mullingar, .	Irish and English Stations, do.,	8	.	9	2	19
Boyle, .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	30	1	16	.
Ballysodare, .		476	27	8	2	23	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sligo, .		66	3	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	6	.
Athlone, .		29	.	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	137	6	18	.
Athenry, .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Oranmore, .		38	1	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Galway, .		190	16	6	.	21	.	.	.	.	.	4,485	340	1	1
Oughterard, .		153	3	7	3	22	.	.	.	.	.	61	1	18	3
Maam Cross, .		73	1	10	2	15	21	2	.	.	12	1	.	1	2
Recess, .		5	.	4	1	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ballynahinch		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	145	26	10	3
Clifden, .		127	6	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10,238	514	8	.
Ballyvary, .		.	.	.	.	.	17	.	18	2	6	.	.	.	.
Foxford, .		212	12	1	.	11	66	4	3	3	.	.	.	.	.
Ballina, .		3,026	178	14	.	12	405	14	7	1	.	931	63	3	2
Killala, .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Castlebar, .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Westport, .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Westport Quay, Newport, .		904	51	10	3	25	10	.	2	18	491	27	12	1	.
Mallaranny, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Achill, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Totals, .	5,299	303	10	.	8	526	21	10	3	26	16,575	932	16	.	

WESTERN RAILWAY.

Mackerel.				Herrings.				Lobsters.			Oysters.			Other Shell Fish.						
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwtis.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwtis.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwtis.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwtis.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwtis.	Qrs.	
.
.	.	.	.	490	24	13	.	.	.	.	.	37	8	.	.	107	8	11	2
5	.	9	.	459	53	3	1	4	.	8	2	72	16	.	.	755	70	1	.	
.	.	.	.	1699	133	16	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	72	3	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	821	41	16	.	281	18	17	.	479	45	7	2
8,715	435	16	.	2,260	115	15	.	4	.	2	1	9	8	.	.	.	.	.	.
*755	107	18	.	190	11	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	
.	.	.	.	19	1	7	.	1	.	1	.	10	1	3	.	9	9	10	.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	260	3	7	.	9	1	3	.	141	11	12	2
5,685	234	5	.	2	2	.	.	21	16	3	3	54	3	14	2	213	24	.	2	
*148	24	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1,695	246	7	.	.	.	.	.	601	30	3	1	720	9	10	.	597	51	5	.
.	
.	
.	.	.	.	25	2	18	2	126	12	3	.	.	.	.	.	49	2	7	2
121	8	14	2	1576	76	3	1	130	1	10	2	.	.	.	.	18	1	17	1
*27	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	154	9	15	.	181	10	5	2	21	4	1	.	1,565	141	14	1	
3,681	184	.	.	136	6	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	169	3	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
10,902	1159	10	2	3,390	206	6	3	2,139	100	12	3	1,213	34	1	1	3,933	366	7	.	
*930	136	.	.	1,412	228	7	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	169	3	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

* Salted Mackerel.

† Salted Herrings.

‡ Kipperd Herrings.

SLIGO, LEITRIM, AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Ballysodare,	Enniskillen,	57	.	19	3	11
Do.,	Manorhamilton,	16	.	1	.	17
Do.,	Dromahair,	9	.	.	3	14
Do.,	Sligo,	31	.	5	3	11
Do.,	Ardee,	3	.	.	1	8
Do.,	Armagh,	27	.	12	2	1
Do.,	Belfast,	6	.	1	1	3
Do.,	Carrickmacross,	1	.	.	.	6
Do.,	Clones,	4	.	.	3	17
Do.,	Dundalk,	2	.	.	.	15
Do.,	Newbliss,	2	.	.	.	13
Do.,	Omagh,	24	.	9	2	14
Do.,	Warrenpoint,	9	.	1	2	11
Do.,	Liverpool,	4	.	.	3	.
Do.,	Manchester,	17	1	14	.	.
Do.,	Glasgow,	1	.	.	.	20
	Total,	213	4	9	.	21
Sligo,	Castlederg, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Ballybay, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Castleblayney, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Clones, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Cootchill, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Lisnaska, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Magulresbridge, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Monaghan, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Newbliss, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Omagh, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Portadown, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Enniskillen, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Birmingham, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Enniskillen, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Florencecourt, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Belcoo,	1	.	1	.	.
Do.,	Glenfarn, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manorhamilton, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Dromahair, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Collooney, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	1	.	1	.	.

DUBLIN, WICKLOW, AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				
		Tone.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Harcourt-street,	Killiney, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Kingstown.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Bray, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Greystones,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Wicklow, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Rathdrum,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Tinahely, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Shillelagh,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Arklow, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Gorey, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Ferna, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Enniscorthy,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	New Ross,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Wexford, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Arklow,	Particulars not given.	.	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Gorey, .		1	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Westland-row,		Total,	1	14	1	.	.	.	.	.
Wicklow,	Harcourt-street,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Arklow, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Harcourt-street,	Tinahely, ²	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Howth,	Arklow, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Harcourt-street,	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Amiens-street,	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Arklow,	Borris, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Kilkenny, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Westland-row,	Arklow, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Gorey, .	do., .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Arklow,	Bray, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Harcourt-street,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Greystones,	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	.
Do., .	Rathdrum,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Shillelagh,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Newcastle,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Ferna, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Enniscorthy,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	New Ross,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Wexford, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,†	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	.

² Net weight.

† Gross weight.

DUBLIN, WICKLOW, AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				
		Tons	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Macmine Junction, .	Harcourt-street, Dublin.	16	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Manchester, .	3	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Euston, .	1	13	.	20	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Leicester, .	.	9	.	5	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Southport, .	.	7	3	6	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Birmingham, .	.	1	.	15	.	.	.	.	.
	*Total.	21	13	1	18	.	.	.	.	.
New Ross, .	Broad-st., London, .	7	13	3	17	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Birmingham, .	.	7	2	16	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Manchester, .	.	1	3	5	.	.	.	.	.
	†Total.	8	3	1	10	.	.	.	.	.
Killurin, .	Harcourt-street, .	3	18	3	17	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Manchester, .	2	14	1	12	.	.	.	.	.
	‡Total.	6	13	1	1	.	.	.	.	.
Wexford, .	Liverpool, .	.	.	.	.	17	1	4	.	.
Do., .	Manchester, .	.	.	.	.	77	3	8	1	14
Do., .	London, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Southport, .	.	.	.	.	12	.	19	1	12
Do., .	Harcourt-street, .	.	.	.	.	447	33	13	3	25
Do., .	Enniscorthy, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	§Total.	.	.	.	.	553	39	5	2	23
Westland-row, .	Blackrock, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Kingstown, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Dalkey, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Killiney, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Bray, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Greystones, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Arklow, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	§Total.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

SUMMARY DUBLIN WICKLOW

TO	Tons	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Harcourt street, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Bray,	1	14	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wicklow, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Tinnahely, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Arklow, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	.
Macmine Junction,	21	13	1	18	.	.	.	.	.
New Ross,	8	3	1	10	.	.	.	.	.
Killurin,	6	13	1	1	553	39	5	2	23
Wexford, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Westland-row, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total,	38	4	1	1	555	39	7	2	23

* Weight includes packages and ice.
 † Weight includes packages and hampers.

‡ Gross weight.
 § Weight includes packages. No ice.

CORK, BANDON, AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				Primo Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Coarse Fish (Exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				
		Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Ballineen,	Cork,	*	3	2	19								
Baltimore,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Exchange, Manchester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Holyhead,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	London,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Cork,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kingsbridge,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kilmallock,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	† Total,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Bandon,	Cork,	* 5	18	3	16								
Bantry,	Cork,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	191	9	12	.
Do.,	Kingsbridge,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Sundry English Stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	191	9	12	.
Clonakilty,	Cork,	.	2	.	.	10	0	2	20	1	8	.	.
Do.,	Bandon,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	8	.	.
Do.,	Dublin,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	† Total,	.	2	.	.	10	0	2	32	1	14	.	.
Clonakilty Junction.	Cork,	*	1	1	14								
Desert,	Cork,	*	3	3	11								
Dunmanway,	Cork,	*	3	.	11								
Kinsale,	Cork,	4	3	.	.				688	29	8	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	London,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	† Total,	4	3	.	.	.	.	.	688	29	8	.	.

* Net weight of fish.

† Gross weight of packages.

SOUTH COAST RAILWAY.

Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.			Oysters.			Other Shell Fish.						
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwt's.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwt's.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwt's.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwt's.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwt's.	Qrs.	
33	1	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
450	23	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
858	42	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
287	14	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
*1,274	181	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	103	12	4	.	.
1,205	60	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
784	39	6	.	.	.	8	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
103	5	3	.	.	.	2	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
4	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
3,724	186	5	.	.	.	10	.	5	2	.	.	.	.	103	12	4	.	.
*1,274	181	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
124	6	4	2,632	137	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
954	48	4	1,822	93	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
*400	57	1	122	9	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1,078	54	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
*400	57	1	4,576	110	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
.	.	.	.	.	.	81	2	14	2	.	.	.	.	6	.	3	1	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	81	2	14	2	.	.	.	.	6	.	3	1	.
.
.
12,605	630	5	1,868	89	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
*4,408	623	14	.	.	.	96	4	16	.	.	.	.	.	22	.	11	.	.
.
12,605	630	5	1,868	89	3	96	4	16	.	.	.	.	.	22	2	11	.	.
*4,408	623	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

* Salted Mackerel.

CORK, BANDON, AND SOUTH

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.				Prime Fish (Not Salmon and Trout).			Course Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Tons.	Cwtl.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwtl.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwtl.
Madore, .	Stranorlar,	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Cork,	.	.	.	23	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Creagh,	.	.	.	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	.	.	1	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Skibbereen, .	Cork,	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	344	19	8	.
Do.,	Kingsbridge, .	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	98	6	7	.
Do.,	Ports, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	14	.	16	.
Do.,	English Stations,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	14	16	.	.
	Total,	.	13	.	.	.	.	.	470	27	7	.
Upton, .	Cork, .	2	14	1	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Grand Total, .	14	3	2	5	10	.	0	2	1,281	68	1

CORK AND MACROOM

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.			
		Tons.	Cwtl.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Cork,	Maerroom and Inter. Stations.	.	.	.	.

Weight of packages, &c., included above.

COAST RAILWAY—*continued.*

Mackerel.			Herrings.			Sprats.			Lobsters.			Other Shell Fish.					
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.
70	3	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	105	11	8	.
283	14	5	8	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
217	10	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
575	28	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1,145	57	10	8	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	105	11	8	.
.
{ 18,552 *6,082	{ 928 862	{ 8 4	6,452	230	1	.	.	.	.	187	7	16	2	236	25	6	1

* Salted Mackerel.

DIRECT RAILWAY.

Coarse Fish (Exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings.)				Mackerel.				Herrings.				Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
83	4	18	.	189	11	3	.	194	12	8	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	*5	.	16	2	*283	42	9	.	.	.	.	.

* Barrels of salted fish.

CORK, BLACKROCK, AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Coarse Fish (Exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Crosshaven,	Cork, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ringaskiddy, .	Cork, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Birmingham, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Kingsbridge, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Euston, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

Gross weight.

WATERFORD AND

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Coarse Fish (Exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Tramore,	Waterford,	.	.	.	.	.	28	1	15	.

PASSAGE RAILWAY.

Lobsters.				Periwinkles.				Shrimps.					Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Bags.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Bags, Hampers.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Bags.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	13	1	16	.
.	270	1	13	3
.	188	2	1	2
.	58	.	11	1
.	85	.	16	3
.	*613	6	19	1

* Bags, 340 ; Hampers, 273.

TRAMORE RAILWAY.

Fresh Mackerel.				Lobsters.				Shrimps.					Other Shell Fish.			
Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Bags, Hampers.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
16	1	5	.	14	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	17	1	4	.

WEST AND SOUTH

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				Coarse Fish (Exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.
Corofin, .	Limerick, .	3	.	.	.	25	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kingsbridge, .	5	.	.	3	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Camden, .	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	4	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Euston, .	.	.	.	.	19	.	15	1	2	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Birkenhead, .	1	.	.	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Manchester, .	1	.	.	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	*Total, .	10	.	1	1	2	20	.	15	3	6	.	.	.
Ennistymon, .	Ennis, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Limerick, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	150	7	3	.
	†Total, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	150	7	3	.
Lahinch, .	Ennis, .	.	.	.	.	43	.	2	3	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Limerick, .	.	.	.	.	41	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Kingsbridge, .	.	.	.	.	31	.	1	11	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Paddington, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	*Total, .	.	.	.	.	115	.	5	15	.	.	.	.	.
Quilty, .	Ennis, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	.	6	.
Do., .	Corofin, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Ennistymon, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Miltown, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Kilrush, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Kilkee, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Limerick, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Liverpool, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	North Wall, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Paddington, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	*Total, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	.	6	.
Kilmurry, .	Birmingham, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Manchester, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Ennis, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Ennistymon, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Kilrush, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do., .	Liverpool, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

* Packages included in the weight.

† Gross weight.

WEST AND SOUTH

From what Stations.	To	Salmon and Trout.					Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).				Coarse Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).			
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.
Doonbeg,	Kingsbridge,	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kilmurry,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total,	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kilrush,	Birmingham,	2	.	3	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Euston,	125	11	11	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Kingsbridge,	30	2	17	2	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	241	22	15	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Paddington,	553	55	.	1	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	*Total,	951	92	8	3	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kilkeo,	Kingsbridge,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Manchester,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Birmingham,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Euston,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	†Total,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Grand Total.	962	92	11	.	10	135	6	10	3	6	169	7	9

* Weight includes boxes and ice.

† The weight shows that of fish and packages combined.

CLARE RAILWAY—*continued.*

Mackerel.					Herrings.				Lobsters.			Other Shell Fish.			
Barrels.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwt's.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwt's.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets &c.	Cwt's.	Qrs.	Boxes, Baskets &c.	Tons.	Cwt's.	Qrs.
*35 *3	4	6	8 9	2 2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

*38	4	6	2 14	2 2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
.
.
.
.	201	10	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	16	.	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	8	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	37	1	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
*914	.	130	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
*914	262	13 130	2 14	2 2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
*2003	353	17 286	12 10	3 3	9	.	9	.	11	3	.	77	8	15	.

* Salted Mackerel.

RETURNS OF POLLEN

Conveyed by the following Railway Companies during the year 1903.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

From what Stations.	To	Pollen.				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Lurgan,	Particulars not furnished.	845	53	18	1	.
Portadown,		660	45	10	.	.
Stewartstown,		104	6	3	.	.
Cookstown,		6	.	15	1	.
Ballinderry,		25	1	4	3	.
Glenny,		195	9	13	.	14
Crumlin,		310	16	15	1	.
Aldergrove,		300	17	1	3	.
	Total,	2,445	151	1	1	14

BELFAST AND NORTHERN COUNTIES RAILWAY.

From what Stations.	To	Pollen.				
		Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Staffordstown,	Toome and Belfast,	6	.	3	1	.
Moneymore,	Manchester, Birmingham, Blackburn, &c., &c.	388	20	9	.	.
Cookstown,	Manchester, Birmingham, Wigan, London, &c., &c.	91	6	.	.	.
Toome,	Manchester, Bolton, Leeds, Birmingham, &c.	1,612	102	13	2	.
Antrim,	Manchester, Liverpool, Wigan, St. Helen's, &c., &c.	1,572	92	2	.	.
	Total,	3,669	221	7	3	.

RETURNS OF FISH.

Conveyed by the following Steam Packet Companies to the following Ports in England, Scotland, &c., during the year ended 31st December, 1903 :—

LARNE AND STRANRAER STEAMSHIP JOINT COMMITTEE.

Year.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.	Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).	Herrings.	Lobsters.	Other Fish.
			Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
1903.	Larne Harbour,	Stranraer Harbour,	2	1	.	2	7
	Belfast,	do.,	.	8	.	.	16
	Antrim, . .	do., . .	.	20	.	.	5
	Toome, . . .	do., . . .	35	60	.	.	30
	Moncymore, .	do . . .	.	.	.	.	50
	Ballymoney, .	do., . . .	10	8	.	.	30
	Coleraine, . .	do., . . .	25	.	.	16	30
	Portrush, . .	do., . . .	40	30	.	20	25
	Portstewart, .	do., . . .	10	.	.	10	10
	Magilligan, .	do., . . .	.	.	.	10	30
	Londonderry, .	do., . . .	130	100	100	35	50
		Total, . . .	252	227	100	93	273

LONDON AND NORTH-WESTERN

RETURN of Fish carried *via* Greenore

From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.			Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout.)		
		Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Aldergrove,	Holyhead, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Armagh,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ballinamore,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ballysodare,	do., . . . . .	.	8	.	.	.	.
Bawnboy Road,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ballyhaiss,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ballyshannon,	do.,	48	12	.	.	.	.
Bellurgan,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Belfast,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Banerana,	do., . . . . .	.	16	1	.	.	.
Belleek,	do., . . . . .	.	2	3	.	.	.
Belturbet,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Bandoran,	do.,	4	3	.	.	.	.
Bush,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Burtonport,	do., . . . . .	.	8	.	.	.	.
Castlechellingham,	do., . . . . .	.	12	3	.	.	.
Castleblayney,	do., . . . . .	.	3	.	.	.	.
Carndonagh,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Carlingford,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cotehill,	do., . . . . .	.	.	1	.	.	.
Culloville,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cookstown,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dunkineely,	do.,	4	4	1	.	.	.
Donegal,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Drumshambo,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enniskillen,	do., . . . . .	.	3	1	.	.	.
Fintona,	do.,	8	6	3	.	.	.
Glenavy,	do., . . . . .	.	3	1	.	.	.
Gweedore,	do., . . . . .	.	16	.	.	.	.
Greenore,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Glenties,	do., . . . . .	.	15	2	.	.	.
Irvinestown,	do.,	1	3	.	.	.	.
Inver,	do., . . . . .	.	1	.	.	.	.
Kesh,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Killybegs,	do.,	4	6	3	.	.	.

RAILWAY COMPANY'S STEAMERS.

and Holyhead during the year 1903.

Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	9
.	8
.	1	.	2
.	.	.	11	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	7
.	7
.	3	.	4	10	1
.	5	11	2
.	6	.
.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.
.	15	1	3
.	2	11	1
.	17	3	7	3	3
.	3	6	2	11	10	.
.	4	.	13	12	2	8	3	.	8	18	.
.
.	10	.	2	11	3
.	18	15	.
.	1	.
.	3	11	.
.	18	3
.	1	13	2	8	15	2
.	12	.
.	12	2
.	2	11	3
.	.	.	1	6	.	7	11	1	2	19	2
.	1	4	3
.	.	.	.	6	.	2	19	3	1	9	.
2	1	.	24	2	2	22	.	3	313	17	2
.	.	.	18	8	2	.	10	.	.	6	3
.
.	.	.	16	10	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	16	2
.	4	4	1	2	12	2

LONDON AND NORTH-WESTERN

RETURN of Fish carried *via* Greenore

From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.			Prime Fish (Not Salmon and Trout).		
		Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Lisbellaw,	Holyhead, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Lisnaska,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Londonderry,	do.,	1	13	2	.	.	.
Lurgan,	do., . . . . .	.	7	.	.	.	.
Mountcharles,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Omeath,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Pettigo,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Port,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Newry,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Newtownbutler,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Newtownstewart,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Stewartstown,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Strabane,	do.,	2	8	.	.	.	.
Sligo,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dundalk,	do.,	10	1	2	.	.	.
	Total,	89	15	3	.	.	.

RETURN of Fish conveyed *via* North Wall

Stations from	To	Salmon.			Other Fish.			Eels.		
		Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.
Nenagh,	English Ports.	.	.	.	13	.	13	17	.	17
Killarney,		48	3	.	13	.	13	.	.	.
Ballina,		633	63	.	36	1	18	60	6	.
New Ross,		72	7	.	23	1	3	.	.	.
Cappagh, . . . . .		.	.	.	27	1	7	.	.	.
Oldcastle, . . . . .		.	.	.	7	.	7	.	.	.
Killorglin,		843	80	.	11	.	11	4	.	4
Mogeely, . . . . .		.	.	.	6	.	6	.	.	.
Virginia Road, . . . . .		.	.	.	3	.	3	37	1	17
Ballysodare,		111	10	.	119	6	19	.	.	.
Killurin, . . . . .		.	.	.	41	2	1	.	.	.

LONDON AND NORTH-WESTERN

RETURN of Fish conveyed via North Wall

Stations from	To	Salmon.			Other Fish.			Eels.		
		Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.
Macmine Junction,	English Ports.	.	.	.	71	3	11	.	.	.
Limerick,		764	70	.	11	.	11	16	.	16
Yonghal,		934	90	.	44	2	19	.	.	.
Londonderry,		42	4	2	25	2	10	.	.	.
Bundoran,		.	.	.	13	.	13	.	.	.
Dunkineely,		.	.	.	4	.	4	.	.	.
Oughterard,		58	2	18	.	.	.	47	4	14
Lismore,		52	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Midleton,		14	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Athlone,		44	1	15	.	.	.	359	17	19
Drogheda,		95	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kilrush,		345	31	10	.	.	.	.	.	.
Foxford,		147	12	.	.	.	.	44	2	14
Thomastown,		100	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Askeaton,		4	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.
Beauparc,		12	.	15	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mullaranny,		23	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Listowel,		48	4	8	.	.	.	.	.	.
Westport,		57	2	17	.	.	.	.	.	.
Foynes,		7	.	14	.	.	.	.	.	.
Castlebellingham,		5	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	.
Newport,		20	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Letterkenny,		8	.	16	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dingle,		.	.	.	361	18	1	.	.	.
Clifden,		111	3	.	8	.	8	5	.	5
Valencia,		.	.	.	2	.	2	14	.	14
Cahereiveen,		14	.	14	53	2	15	.	.	.
Kilkee,		.	.	.	5	.	5	.	.	.
Castlegregory,		.	.	.	6	.	6	.	.	.
Cork,		480	40	.	56	2	16	2	.	2
Buncrana,		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Howth,		6	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dublin,	604	45	.	211	10	11	33	3	.	
Kinsale,	.	.	.	13	.	13	.	.	.	
Baltimore,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Skibbereen,	.	.	.	7	.	7	.	.	.	

LONDON AND NORTH-WESTERN

RETURN of Fish conveyed via North Wall

Stations from	To	Salmon.			Other Fish.			Eels.		
		Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.
Galway,	English Ports.	280	20	.	246	11	.	280	28	.
Fenit, . . . . .		.	.	.	5	.	5	.	.	.
Bantry,		4	.	4	85	4	5	.	.	.
Queenstown, . . . . .		.	.	.	6	.	6	.	.	.
Achill,		287	20	.	7	.	7	.	.	.
Ballinabineh, . . . . .		.	.	.	93	4	13	8	.	8
Kenmare,		108	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ardrahan, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sligo,		181	12	.	77	3	17	5	.	5
Strabane, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	2
Tralee, . . . . .		.	.	.	7	.	7	.	.	.
Wexford,		11	1	2	60	3	.	.	.	.
Glenties, . . . . .		.	.	.	12	.	12	.	.	.
Killybegs,		25	2	10	.	.	.	.	.	.
Recess, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Oranmore, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kells, . . . . .		.	.	.	2	.	2	9	.	9
Gweedore,		91	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Burtonport,		112	11	.	9	.	9	.	.	.
Cappoquin,		24	2	.	34	1	14	.	.	.
Castleconneli, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	434	21	14
Castletown, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	183	9	3
Killaloe, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	124	46	4
Dromod, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	6
Sixmilebridge, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	9	.	9
Corolin, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	18	.	18
Loughrea, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	25	1	5
Mullingar, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	25	1	5
Horseleap, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	5
Boyle, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	21	1	5
Ballyvary, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	14	.	14
Athy, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	33	4	13
Float, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	62	1	10
Ballinrobe, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	33	2	.
Oavan, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	21	1	1
Banagher, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	66	3	6

LONDON AND NORTH-WESTERN
RETURN of Fish conveyed via North Wall

Stations from	To.	Salmon.			Other Fish.			Eels.		
		Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.
Thurles,	English Ports.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	.	10
Borris, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	13	.	13
Carlow, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	12	.	12
Multyfarnham, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	21	1	1
Coollooney, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	22	1	2
Trim, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	17	.	17
Bagenalstown, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	23	1	3
Fintown, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Inver, . . . . .		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Mountcharles, . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total,		6,834	589	11	1,823	92	1	3,004	170	4

CITY OF DUBLIN

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January,	Dublin,	Liverpool, . . . . .	.	11	.
February,	do.,	do.,	1	6	1
March,	do.,	do.,	2	5	2
April,	do.,	do.,	3	1	.
May,	do.,	do.,	5	14	.
June,	do.,	do.,	33	14	.
July,	do.,	do.,	108	12	.
August,	do.,	do., . . . . .	.	14	.
September,	do.,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.
October,	do.,	do., . . . . .	.	4	.
November,	do.,	do., . . . . .	.	.	.
December,	do.,	do., . . . . .	.	1	.
		Total,	156	2	3

LIMERICK

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January,	Cleggan, . . .	Liverpool, . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Castletown, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
February,	Garnish, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
June,	Ballycrovane, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Valentia, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Portmagee, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Dursey, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
July,	Cleggan, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Roundstone, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Portmagee, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Valentia, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Galway, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
August,	Cleggan, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Galway, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
September,	Kilronan, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Galway, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Portmagee, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
October,	Dursey, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Clenderry, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Ballycrovane, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Garnish, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Valentia, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Portmagee, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Castletownbere, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Galway, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
November,	Castletownbere, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Garnish, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Clenderry, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Ballycrovane, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Valentia, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do.,	Kilronan, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
		Total . . .	.	.	.

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Pickled Mackerel.			Pickled Herrings.			Other Fish		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	88	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	78	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	27	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	6	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	61	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	72	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	47	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	16	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	1	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	32	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	4	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	1	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	15	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	10	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	22	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	20	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	41	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	1	.	.	21	11	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	28	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	62	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	1	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	31	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	64	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	525	2	.	21	11	.	.	.	.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.			Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
February.	Ardfert,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.
March,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
July.	do.,	do.,	.	.	2	.	.	.
			.	.	2	.	.	.
January,	Ardrahan,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.
February,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
March,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
April,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
August,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
September,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
October,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
November,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
December,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.	.	.	.
October,	Ballycar,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.
April,	Ballyduff	New Milford,	.	.	3	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	.	.	1	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	.	.	2	.	.	.
August,	do.,	do.,	.	.	3	.	.	.
September,	do.,	do.,	.	.	1	.	.	.
		Total,	.	2	2	.	.	.
February,	Ballyhale,	New Milford,	.	1	.	.	.	.
April,	do.,	do.,	.	10	3	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	.	8	1	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	.	4	3	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	.	.	3	.	.	.
August	do.,	do.,	.	.	1	.	.	.
		Total,	1	5	3	.	.	.
February,	Cahir,	New Milford,	.	.	1	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	.	2	1	.	.	.
September,	do.,	do.,	.	.	1	.	.	.
		Total,	.	2	3	.	.	.
February,	Cappagh,	New Milford,	.	1	.	.	.	.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.			Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January,	Castleconnell,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.
March,	do.,	do.,	.	.	1	.	.	.
April,	do.,	do.,	.	2	1	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	.	2	.	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	.	.	1	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	.	.	2	.	.	.
September,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
October,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
November,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
December,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	5	1	.	.	.
November,	Castlemaine,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.
February	Cappoquin,	New Milford,	.	1	.	.	.	.
March,	do.,	do.,	.	1	.	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	.	4	2	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	.	15	2	.	.	.
		Total,	1	2	.	.	.	.
February,	Carrick-on-Suir,	New Milford,	.	1	1	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	.	.	2	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	.	.	1	.	.	.
		Total,	.	2	.	.	.	.
February,	Cork,	New Milford,	.	3	2	.	.	.
March,	do.,	do.,	.	3	3	.	.	.
April,	do.,	do.,	.	1	3	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	.	8	.	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	.	17	1	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	.	2	6	3	.	.
August,	do.,	do.,	.	2	2	.	.	.
November,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	4	3	2	.	.	.
April,	Clonmel,	New Milford,	.	1	1	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	.	.	2	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	.	.	1	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	.	.	1	.	.	.
August,	do.,	do.,	.	.	1	.	.	.
		Total,	.	2	2	.	.	.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.			Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January,	Dungarvan,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.
February,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
March,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
April,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	.	3	.	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	.	.	1	.	.	.
September,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
October,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
November,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
December,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	3	1	.	.	.
January,	Ennis,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.
February,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
March,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
April,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
September,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
October,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
November,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
December,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.	.	.	.
February,	Foynes,	New Milford,	.	9	2	.	.	.
March,	do.,	do.,	1	18	1	.	.	.
April,	do.,	do.,	3	15	2	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	4	18	2	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	15	8	3	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	11	16	1	.	.	.
August,	do.,	do.,	.	17	3	.	.	.
September,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
October,	do.,	do.,	.	.	2	.	.	.
		Total,	39	5	.	.	.	.
April,	Fenit,	New Milford	.	.	.	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
November,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.	.	.	.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.			Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).		
			fons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
February.	Fiddown,	New Milford,	1	4	1	.	.	.
March,	do.,	do.,	1	5	1	.	.	.
April,	do.,	do.,	3	18	1	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	6	15	3	.	.	.
June	do.,	do.,	6	18	3	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	9	18	.	.	.	.
August,	do.,	do.,	3	16	1	.	.	.
September.	do.,	do.,	.	12	.	.	.	.
		Total,	31	3	2	.	.	.
February.	Grange,	New Milford,	.	6	3	.	.	.
March,	do.,	do.,	.	2	.	.	.	.
April,	do.,	do.,	.	15	.	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	2	17	.	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	2	17	2	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	1	15	3	.	.	.
		Total,	8	13	.	.	.	.
January.	Kenmare,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.
February,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
March,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
April,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
October.	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
November,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
December,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.	.	.	.
February,	Kilrush,	New Milford,	.	16	3	.	.	.
March,	do.,	do.,	3	19	2	.	.	.
April,	do.,	do.,	6	9	2	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	6	6	2	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	16	6	1	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	16	7	3	.	.	.
August,	do.,	do.,	.	4	.	.	.	.
		Total,	50	4	1	.	.	.
October,	Killaloe,	New Milford,	.	.	1	.	.	.
April,	Kilkenny,	New Milford,	.	6	2	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	.	19	3	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	.	8	1	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	.	6	3	.	.	.
August,	do.,	do.,	.	1	3	.	.	.
September,	do.,	do.,	.	.	1	.	.	.
		Total,	2	2	1	.	.	.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.			Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January,	Limerick,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.
February,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
March,	do.,	do.,	.	6	3	.	.	.
April,	do.,	do.,	.	7	3	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	1	4	2	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	4	7	1	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	1	14	1	.	.	.
August,	do.,	do.,	.	1	3	.	.	.
September,	do.,	do.,	.	4	.	.	.	.
October,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
November	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	8	6	1	.	.	.
April,	Lismore,	New Milford,	.	1	.	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	.	14	1	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	2	14	2	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	1	9	3	.	.	.
		Total,	4	19	2	.	.	.
February,	Listowel,	New Milford,	.	1	.	.	.	.
March,	do.,	do.,	.	2	.	.	.	.
April,	do.,	do.,	.	6	1	.	.	.
May,	do.,	do.,	1	8	3	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	.	6	1	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	1	15	2	.	.	.
August,	do.,	do.,	.	2	3	.	.	.
October,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
November,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
December,	do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	4	2	2	.	.	.
March,	Lixnaw,	New Milford,	.	1	1	.	.	.
June,	do.,	do.,	1	18	2	.	.	.
July,	do.,	do.,	2	15	3	.	.	.
August,	do.,	do.,	.	4	1	.	.	.
		Total,	4	19	3	.	.	.
January,	Milltown,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.			Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
March,	Tuam,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.
February,	Thomastown,	New Milford,	.	1	1	.	.	.
May,	Do.,	do.,	.	3	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	4	1	.	.	.
March,	Tralee,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.
December,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.	.	.	.
January,	Quilty,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.
February,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
September,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
October,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
November,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.	.	.	.
May,	Valentia Harb'r,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.
January,	Waterford,	New Milford,	.	.	.	.	.	.
February,	Do.,	do.,	3	8	2	.	2	1
March,	Do.,	do.,	6	18	2	.	.	.
April,	Do.,	do.,	14	19	.	.	4	3
May,	Do.,	do.,	31	17	.	4	17	3
June,	Do.,	do.,	42	6	3	.	14	2
July,	Do.,	do.,	64	9	2	.	9	1
August,	Do.,	do.,	11	19	2	.	2	2
September,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	1	1
October,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
November,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
December,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	174	18	3	6	12	1
		Grand Total,	339	10	1	6	12	1

COMPANY'S STEAMERS—*continued.*

Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	1
.
.
.	1
.	2
.	3
.	11	.
.	3	4	.
.	5	.
.	6	2
.	11	1
.	4	17	3
.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	1	1	2	.	.	2	.	11	3
.	3	1	14	3
.	2	1	1	13	2
.	.	.	74	12	.	.	6	2	4	5	.
5	7	.	118	.	2	.	2	2	2	9	2
.	.	.	106	3	3	1	17	2	5	7	.
.	3	2	2	4	13	3
.	1	9	3	5	2	1
1	1	.	12	14	.	.	13	3	4	12	1
.	.	.	28	9	.	.	.	.	4	9	3
.	.	.	27	7	2	.	3	3	4	9	3
.	.	.	11	7	.	.	1	1	.	15	.
6	8	.	*379	15	1	8	1	.	40	4	1
34	18	1	*379	15	.	18	19	.	136	10	.

* Includes Sprats.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY
SUMMARY.

From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.			Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).		
		Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Ardfert,	New Millford,			2			
Ardrahan,	do.,						
Ballyear,	do.,						
Ballyduff,	do.,		2	2			
Ballyhale,	do.,	1	5	3			
Cahir,	do.,		2	3			
Cappagh,	do.,		1				
Castleconnell,	do.,		5	1			
Castlemaine,	do.,						
Cappoquin,	do.,	1	2				
Carrick-on-Suir,	do.,		2				
Cork,	do.,	4	3	2			
Cloanel,	do.,		2	2			
Dungarvan,	do.,		3	1			
Ennis,	do.,						
Foynes,	do.,	39	5				
Fenit,	do.,						
Fiddown,	do.,	31	3	2			
Grange,	do.,	8	13				
Kenmare,	do.,						
Kilrush,	do.,	50	4	1			
Killaloe,	do.,			1			
Kilkenny,	do.,	2	2	1			
Limerick,	do.,	8	6	1			
Lismore,	do.,	4	19	2			
Listowel,	do.,	4	2	2			
Lixnaw,	do.,	4	19	3			
Milltown,	do.,						
Tuan,	do.,						
Thomastown,	do.,		4	1			
Tisles,	do.,						
Quilty,	do.,						
Valencia Harbour,	do.,						
Waterford,	do.,	174	18	3	6	12	1
	GRAND TOTAL,	339	10	1	6	12	1

CITY OF CORK STEAM

Months.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Jan. 1st to Dec. 31st, 1903.	Cork,	New Millford,	8	18	
Do.,	do.,	Bristol,			
Do.,	do.,	London,			
Do.,	do.,	Liverpool,	32		
		Total,	40	18	

COMPANY'S STEAMERS—*continued.*
SUMMARY.

Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	10	18	.	6	3	3
.	1	1
.
.
.	15	1
.	8	.
.
.	12	.
.
.	73	5	1
.	1	18	3
.	1	11	1
28	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
.	2
.	1	.	1
.
.
.	3	1	3
.	1	6	1
.	2	2
.	1
.	3
.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	17	3
6	8	.	379	15	1	8	1	.	40	4	1
34	18	1	*379	15	1	18	19	.	135	10	.

* Includes Sprats.

PACKET COMPANY.

Mackerel.			Herrings.			Oysters.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
*111	11	.	*4	9	.	.	2	2	66	8	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	6	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	6	.
{ *170	.	.	{ *19	.	.	.	4	.	382	.	.
{ †2,240	.	.	{ †35	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
{ *281	11	.	{ *23	9	.	.	6	2	463	.	.
{ †2,210	.	.	{ †35	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

* Fresh.

† Cured.

CLYDE SHIPPING

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January 19.	Waterford.	Aberdeen.	.	.	.
January 22.	do.	Cork.	.	.	.
February 14.	do.	Southampton.	.	3	.
February 21.	do.	do.	.	3	.
February 28.	do.	do.	.	2	.
March 7.	do.	do.	.	2	.
March 14.	do.	do.	.	.	2
March 21.	do.	do.	.	.	2
March 28.	do.	do.	.	.	2
April 4.	do.	do.	.	1	1
April 11.	do.	do.	.	3	.
April 18.	do.	do.	.	2	.
May 2.	do.	do.	.	3	.
May 9.	do.	do.	.	2	.
May 16.	do.	do.	.	6	.
May 23.	do.	do.	.	14	2
May 30.	do.	do.	.	5	3
June 6.	do.	do.	.	3	.
June 13.	do.	do.	.	5	.
June 20.	do.	do.	.	2	1
June 27.	do.	do.	.	14	.
July 4.	do.	do.	.	4	3
July 11.	do.	do.	.	.	.
July 18.	do.	do.	.	10	.
July 25.	do.	do.	.	9	1
August 1.	do.	do.	.	9	3
August 8.	do.	do.	.	3	2
August 15.	do.	do.	.	1	.
September 10.	do.	Cork.	.	.	.
November 19.	do.	do.	.	.	.
November 21.	do.	Southampton.	.	.	.
November 28.	do.	do.	.	.	.
		Total.	6	11	2

COMPANY (WATERFORD).

Primo Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Herrings.			Lobsters.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	5	1
.	2	1	.
.
.
.
.
.
.	2	.	.	.
.
.
.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.
.	4	1
.	6	.
.	8	1
.	8	.
.	5	.
.	16	.
.	10	2
.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	.
.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.
.	2	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	1	.
.	1	.
.	10	.	.	15	.	.	1	.	6	16	1

CLYDE SHIPPING

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
1903.					
January, . . .	South-west Coast, Ireland,	Glasgow, . . .	.	.	.
February, . . .	do., . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do., . . .	Cork, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
March, . . .	South-west Coast, Ireland,	do., . . .	.	.	.
April, . . .	Cork, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
May, . . .	South-west Coast, Ireland,	do., . . .	.	.	.
June, . . .	do., . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
July, . . .	do., . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do., . . .	Cork, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
August, . . .	do., . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
September, . . .	do., . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do., . . .	South-west Coast, Ireland,	do., . . .	.	.	.
October, . . .	Cork, . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
November, . . .	do., . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
December, . . .	do., . . .	do., . . .	.	.	.
Do., . . .	South-west Coast, Ireland,	do., . . .	.	.	.
Total,			.	.	.

DUNDALK AND NEWRY,

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
—	Dundalk, . . .	Liverpool, . . .	.	.	.

WATERFORD STEAMSHIP

Twelve Months.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Jan. to Dec., 1903, . . .	Waterford, . . .	Liverpool, . . .	2	8	.
Do., . . .	Do., . . .	Bristol, . . .	8	12	.
Total,			11	.	.

COMPANY (CORK).

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Other Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	15	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	15	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	3	3	.	.	.	.	2	4	.
.	.	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	3	.
.	.	.	8	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	2	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	6	.	1	18	.
.	1	10	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	23	14	.	3	4	2	.	5	.
.	3	2	.	.	.
.	2	3	.	.	.
.	.	.	18	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	90	6	.	5	6	3	6	10	.

STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Mussels.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	128	9	.

COMPANY.

Whiting, &c.			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Lobsters.			Sprats, &c.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	1,135	7	.	18	6	.	.	.	.	1	.	.
.	7	10	.	.	.	.	11	12	.
.	.	.	1,135	7	.	25	16	.	.	.	.	12	12	.

LANCASHIRE AND YORKSHIRE
(Drogheda and

Month.	From what places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January.	Drogheda,	Liverpool,	.	.	.
February,	Do.,	do.,	.	10	.
March,	Do.,	do.,	2	5	.
April,	Do.,	do.,	1	19	.
May,	Do.,	do.,	2	10	.
June,	Do.,	do.,	2	5	.
July,	Do.,	do.,	3	12	.
August,	Do.,	do.,	.	15	.
September,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
October,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
November,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
December,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	13	16	.

MESSRS. JOHN BACON

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.				
			Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
1903.							
January,	Wexford,	Liverpool,	.	.	.	.	.
February,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
March,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
April,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
May,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
September,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
October,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
November,	Do.,	do.,	.	.	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.	.	.

RAILWAY COMPANY.
Liverpool Steamers).

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).			Mackerel.			Herrings.			Shell Fish.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
2	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	110	6	.
3	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	150	3	.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	27	12	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	19	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	20	5	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	16	13	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	48	7	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	25	9	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	180	15	.
.	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	250	6	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	180	10	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	10	.	.	270	18	.
8	.	.	.	.	.	10	.	.	1,300	1	.

(LTD.) STEAMERS.

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout).					Course Fish (exclusive of Mackerel and Herrings).				Mackerel.				Plaice, Eels, and Ray.		
Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Boxes.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Barrels.	Half Barrels.	Boxes.
.	2	3	.
.	6	12	.
.	3	2	.
.	29	3	.
.	7	2	1
.	4	.	.
.	5	3	.
.	4	.	.
.	60	15	1

* Total weight about 5½ tons.

ISLE OF MAN STEAM

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.				
			Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
May.	Belfast.	Douglas.	.	.	.	.	.
June.	Do.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
July.	Do.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
August.	Do.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
September.	Do.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
December.	Do.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
		Total.	.	.	.	.	.

GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY, PORTRUSH, AND

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.				
			Boxes, Baskets, &c.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
January.	Mulroy.	Glasgow.	.	.	.	.	.
February.	Do.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
April.	Do.	do.	.	.	.	.	14
May.	Do.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.	Downings.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
June.	Mulroy.	do.	.	1	.	.	.
Do.	Malin Head.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.	Downings.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
July.	Mulroy.	do.	.	.	12	.	.
August.	Do.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
September.	Do.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
October.	Do.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
Do.	Downings.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
November.	Do.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
December.	Do.	do.	.	.	.	.	.
		Totals.	.	1	12	.	14

DUBLIN AND LIVERPOOL SCREW

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
June, .	Ballynahinch, .	Liverpool,	.	.	.
August,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
October,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
January,	Cahorciveen, .	Liverpool,	.	.	.
February,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
May, .	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
June, .	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
July, .	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
August,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
September,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
October,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
November,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
December,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
September,	Castlegregory, .	Liverpool,	.	.	.
October,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
November,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
January,	Clifden, .	Liverpool,	.	.	.
February,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
June, .	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
July, .	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
August,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
September,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
October,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
November,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
December,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.
January,	Dingle, .	Liverpool,	.	.	.
February,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
May, .	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
June, .	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
August,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
September,	do., .	do.,	.	.	.
		Total,	.	.	.

STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

Prime Fish (not Salmon and Trout)			Pickled Mackerel.			Pickled Herrings.			Lobsters.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	14	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	2	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	22	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	51	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	11	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	11	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	21	15	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	9	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	11	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	49	17	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	72	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	25	13	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	24	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	260	17	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	7	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	19	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	4	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	11	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	61	17	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	47	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	22	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	14	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	37	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	22	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	37	19	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	249	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	17	9	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	4	16	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	8	11	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	26	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	2	11	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	6	8	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	66	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.

DUBLIN AND LIVERPOOL SCREW

Month.	From what Places.	To what Ports.	Salmon and Trout.		
			Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
January.	Galway.	Liverpool.			
February,	Do.	do.			
June,	Do.	do.			
July,	Do.	do.			
October,	Do.	do.			
December,	Do.	do.			
		Total,			
October.	Kells (Co. Kerry).	Liverpool.			
December,	Killala.	Liverpool.			
January,	Valentia Harbour.	Liverpool.			
February,	Do.	do.			
May,	Do.	do.			
June,	Do.	do.			
July,	Do.	do.			
September,	Do.	do.			
October,	Do.	do.			
November,	Do.	do.			
December,	Do.	do.			
		Total,			
		Grand Total.			

STEAM PACKET COMPANY—*continued.*

Prime Trout (Not Salmon and Trout.)			Pickled Mackerel.			Pickled Herrings.			Lobsters.		
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
.	.	.	4	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.		12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	38	16	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	9	14	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	60	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	17	19	.	.	6	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	131	11	.	.	6	.	.	.	.
.	.	.									
.	.	.	1	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.									
.	.	.	1		.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.									
.	.	.	25	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	2	5
.	.	.	7	4
.	.	.	112	16
.	.	.	69	4
.	.	.	20	11
.	.	.	51	18
.	.	.	87	7
.	.	.	42	8
.	.	.	440	3
.	.	.	1,224	14	.	.	6

AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL
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