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Half-Wave-Crystal Channeling of Relativistic Heavy Ions at Super-FRS GSI/FAIR and Possible Applications $% \mathcal{A} = \mathcal{A} = \mathcal{A} = \mathcal{A} = \mathcal{A} = \mathcal{A}$

 $O.V.Bogdanov^{a,b}, Yu.L.Pivovarov^{a,b}, \underline{T.A.Tukhfatullin}^{b,1}, H.Geissel^c, N.Kuzminchuk-Feuerstein^c, S.Purushothaman^c, C.Scheidenberger^c$

^a National Research Tomsk State University, Tomsk, Russia

^b National Research Tomsk Polytechnic University, Tomsk, Russia

 c GSI Helmholtzzentrum für Schwerionenforschung GmbH, Darmstadt, Germany

A half-wavelength crystal (HWC) is a thin crystal where a channeling particle experiences only one collision with a crystallographic plane ("mirroring" or HWC channeling) during penetration through a crystal. The HWC channeling was observed for 400 GeV protons at CERN-SPS [1] and for 255-MeV electrons at the SAGA-LS Facility [2, 3]. The HWC channeling is explained by computer simulations as a sequence of specific particles trajectories governed by the onedimensional periodic potential of crystallographic planes. The perspective atomic physics experiments (including crystal targets) with Relativistic Heavy Ion (RHI) beams are the part of the Super-FRS Experiment Collaboration program [4].

Here, we present the results of computer simulations of HWC channeling of high-Z (¹²⁹Xe, ²⁰⁸Pb, ²³⁸U) and low-Z (p,t, d, ⁶Li, ⁹Li, ¹¹Li) relativistic ions with kinetic energy $E_k = 300$ MeV/u passing through a (200) tungsten crystal, using the computer code BCM-2.0 [5]. Possible applications of HWC-channeling of RHI are discussed, e.g. as fragments deflectors and splitters and even as the charge Ze and mass number A (isotopes) filters.

References

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