

Solidarities ‘Outside the Box’

With constant news about growing Islamophobia and anti-Semitism, the rise of right-wing movements and parties across Europe and the world – the media is dominated by stories documenting and trying to understand our [‘age of anger’](#) as the essayist [Pankaj Mishra](#) has called it in his recent book. Publicly displayed emotions of anger, anxiety and resentment have our attention. In a political climate shaped by uncertainty and competition, the social is increasingly understood in ethno-cultural-religious terms and the ability to live together in diversity is put in question. For example, a recent survey by the 2017 Aurora Humanitarian Index and [reported in the Guardian](#) found that ‘more than half of Britons believe their culture is threatened by ethnic minorities living in the UK’.

Laura Sorvala’s installation [‘Outside the Box’](#) provides a counterpoint to the depictions of an increasingly divided society shaped by stereotypes and resentments. As part of the [Who are we? project](#) at Tate Modern’s Tate Exchange programme she sent out a call via social media for stories that document kindness and solidarity that people have experienced in their everyday lives. People were asked to share their stories on a facebook project page, post them on instagram and twitter using the hashtag #OutsideBoxArt or send them to Laura directly per email. In a [conversation](#) we had in the preparation of the piece Laura Sorvala stated that she was “interested in the personal and sometimes intimate experiences of acts of kindness or solidarity, the encounters or incidents that might happen on public transport, in a shop, gym, workplace or on a street corner. We witness empathy in our everyday lives regardless of religious, ethnic, religious or cultural expressions. I want to encourage people to pay attention to these everyday situations, perhaps start instigating small acts of kindness.” Laura Sorvala, who as an [illustrator and visual facilitator](#) has a long experience of translating stories into colourful and accessible visuals, drew these stories on cardboard boxes that were assembled into an installation for exhibition at the Tate Modern. Visitors were asked to move the boxes around and to contribute their own stories to the growing sculpture.

A number of sociological studies have drawn attention to the everyday situations of being together in ethnically and culturally diverse environments, which have become characteristic of life in big cities and [other areas of Britain](#). Such situations allow for ordinary and unspectacular encounters with others in which difference is routinely rendered insignificant. In his 2004 book [After Empire](#) Paul Gilroy suggested the term conviviality for these everyday experiences of living together in diversity. Convivial culture is based on human commonalities of sharing a workplace, a neighbourhood and religious congregation or simply being in the place at the same time and recognising each other as fellow human beings. Conviviality is a powerful concept as it rejects the emphasis on integration and the need for shared and unified national identities. It also marks a departure from the principles of tolerance and recognition which are defined by the assumption of difference and, often, an implicit hierarchy of ethno-racial positions. Instead it renders racial (or other) differences unremarkable as they [“do not... add up to discontinuities of experience or insuperable problems of communication”](#).

Laura Sorvala’s stories can be seen as documenting such a convivial culture. The title of Laura Sorvala’s *Outside of the Box* explicitly refers to the absence of

categories like race, religion, gender or sexual orientation in everyday encounters, rejecting and challenging the processes through which people are marked out as others. Moreover, it demonstrates moral relations between fellow neighbours, citizens or humans who offer support and reassurance, enacting solidarity in everyday life. While being more fleeting than any form of sustained activism, these acts can nevertheless make a big difference to our everyday experience, as Laura Sorvala shows us.

Convivial culture and neighbourliness of course shouldn't be idealised as the common way of being in cities and other places: living together is neither unconflictual – the geographer Ash Amin has aptly called it an “[experiment without guarantees](#)” – nor is it detached from political and social developments as the increased number of hate crimes against ethnic and religious minorities [after the Brexit referendum](#) and [the Manchester and London attacks](#) show. According to records from the regional police forces the number of religiously and racially motivated crimes rose by up to 100 percent after the Brexit referendum, and particularly British Muslims have been confronted with a rise in verbal and physical abuses following the Islamist terror attacks in May and June 2017. When looking at everyday solidarities we shouldn't forget either that neighbourliness has become a political issue itself. In 2001 New Labour placed local communities at the heart of its social policy, and David Cameron and Theresa May have put forward their own expectations in their concepts of a Big or Shared Society. Geographer Joe Painter has warned that in these visions “[neighbours have become burdened with political expectations out of all proportion to their fragility in practice](#)”.

Firmly situated in contemporary sociopolitical situation, Laura Sorvala's stories do not share these idealistic scenarios of people “coming together to do good things in their neighbourhood”, but also show the social contexts in which kindness and solidarities are enacted. Several stories explicitly articulate critique of a worsening sociopolitical and economic climate in which cultural and religious diversity gets repudiated and inequalities have become heightened by austerity measures: the EU migrant who receives a support message after the EU referendum, saying that she is welcome in Britain, finds herself in a context where her status has been suddenly questioned. The pregnant woman on the London tube who remarks that the only person getting up from the seat is a drunk, acknowledges his act but at the same time complains about the lack of support she receives from others. In this way, *Outside the Box* can also be read as a reaction to the dispossessions and displacements experienced by many in our society.

Alena Pfoser and Lisa Pilgram are both part of the consortium that created the Who Are We? Tate Exchange event in March 2017.

Alena Pfoser is Lecturer in Communication and Media Studies at Loughborough University. Her research focuses on borders, memory and cultural identity, using ethnographic and narrative methods.

Lisa Pilgram works as Research Manager at the School for Politics and International Relations, Queen Mary University of London. Her PhD research focuses on British Muslim family law as a site of citizenship.