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# Checklists and illustrative financial statements for nonprofit organizations : a financial accounting and reporting practice aid, January 1992 edition

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Technical Information Division

Susan Cornwall

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American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

January 1992 Edition

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Checklists and Illustrative Financial Statements for State and Local Governmental Units

Checklists and Illustrative Financial Statements for Stock Life Insurance Companies

# Checklists and Illustrative Financial Statements for Nonprofit Organizations A FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING PRACTICE AID

**Edited** by

Susan Cornwall, CPA
Technical Manager
Technical Information Division

Checklists and Illustrative Financial Statements for Nonprofit Organizations has not been approved, disapproved, or otherwise acted upon by any senior technical committees of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, or the Financial Accounting Standards Board and has no official or authoritative status.

## CHECKLISTS AND ILLUSTRATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS

These checklists and illustrative financial statements are not designed to be applied to the financial statements of colleges, universities, hospitals or governmental units.

The checklists and illustrative financial statements included in this section have been developed by the staff of the Technical Information Division of the AICPA as nonauthoritative technical practice aids. At the request of certain AICPA members these checklists and illustrative financial statements are also being made available for purchase by AICPA members subject to their recognition of the following:

- The checklists and illustrative financial statements are "tools" and in no way represent official positions or pronouncements of the AICPA.
- The checklists and illustrative financial statements have been updated through SAS No. 68, SSARS No. 6, FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 105, FASB Interpretation No. 38, and FASB Technical Bulletin No. 90-1. The checklists and illustrative financial statements should be modified, as appropriate, for subsequent pronouncements. In determining the applicability of a pronouncement, its effective date should also be considered.
- The checklists and illustrative financial statements should be used by or under the supervision of persons having adequate technical training and proficiency in the application of generally accepted accounting principles, generally accepted auditing standards, and statements on standards for accounting and review services.
- The checklists and illustrative financial statements do not represent minimum requirements and do not purport to be all-inclusive. The referenced standards should be reviewed if clarification is desired as to whether the disclosure indicated is required or suggested, and to what extent the disclosure is relevant to the statements being examined.

Users of these checklists and illustrative financial statements are urged to refer directly to applicable authoritative pronouncements when appropriate. If you have further questions, call the AICPA Technical Hotline (see back cover).

Susan Menelaides Director Technical Information

# CHECKLISTS AND ILLUSTRATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS

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### INTRODUCTION

The basic financial statements of a nonprofit organization are a balance sheet and a statement of activity, also referred to as a statement of support, revenue, expenses, capital additions, and changes in fund balances, or similar titles. If a reconciliation between beginning and ending fund balances is not included in the statement of activity, a separate statement of changes in fund balances ordinarily would be presented. Additionally, the basic financial statements may include a statement of cash flows and/or statement of functional expenses, depending on whether the organization follows the AICPA Audit and Accounting Guide, Audits of Certain Nonprofit Organizations1, or the AICPA Industry Audit Guide, Audits of Voluntary Health and Welfare Organizations<sup>2</sup>. Many organizations with multiple funds often present comparative totals of all funds for one or more prior periods. The basic financial statements of the current period are often presented on a comparative basis with those of one or more prior periods.

Nonprofit organizations generally present their expenses classified on a functional basis (according to the purpose for which costs are incurred, such as specific programs and supporting services). In some instances a functional classification is not necessary due to the nature of the organization (e.g., private foundations, cemeteries, country clubs, and performing arts organizations), and therefore, the object basis (according to their natural classification, such as salaries, employee benefits, and purchased services) is used.

Nonprofit organizations are not subject to FASB Statement No. 95, Statement of Cash Flows. According to that statement, a profit-oriented business entity whose financial statements purport to present both financial position and results of operations must present, as a basic financial statement, a statement summarizing cash flows for each period for which an income statement is presented. Under such circumstances, a nonprofit entity may, but is not required to, present a statement of cash flows. A nonprofit entity may also continue to present a statement of changes in financial position as described in the AICPA Audit and Accounting Guide, Audits of Certain Nonprofit Organizations, but this is not mandatory.

The Illustrative Cash Flow Statements in this checklist are based on the commentary and advisory conclusions contained in "Display in the Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Organizations," a report of the AICPA Task Force on Not-for-Profit Organizations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The AICPA Industry Audit Guide, <u>Audits of Voluntary Health and Welfare Organizations</u>, states that since the information that would be presented in a statement of changes in financial position as discussed in Accounting Principles Board Opinion 19 will, in most cases, be readily apparent from other financial statements, such a statement is generally not required.

A wide variety of users are interested in the financial statements of nonprofit organizations. Among the principal users are (1) contributors to the organization, (2) beneficiaries of the organization, (3) the organization's trustees or directors, (4) employees of the organization, (5) governmental units, (6) the organization's creditors and potential creditors, and (7) constituent organizations.

A principal purpose of a nonprofit organization's financial statements is to communicate the ways resources have been used to carry out the organization's objectives. It requires reporting the nature and amount of available resources, the uses made of the resources, and the net changes in fund balances during the period. In addition, while adequate measures of program accomplishment generally are not available in the context of present financial statements, the financial statements should identify the organization's principal programs and their costs. A third aspect of financial reporting for nonprofit organizations is disclosure of the degree of control exercised by donors over use of resources. A fourth aspect is that the financial statements of a nonprofit organization should help the user evaluate the organization's ability to carry out its fiscal objectives.

Many nonprofit organizations receive resources restricted for particular purposes. To facilitate observance of limitations, the accounts are often maintained using fund accounting, by which resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds associated with specified activities or objectives. Each fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts for recording assets, liabilities, fund balance, and changes in the fund balance. Although separate accounts are maintained for each fund, the usual practice in preparing financial statements is to group funds that have similar characteristics.

### Nonprofit Organizations Checklists--General

Many auditors and accountants find it helpful to use checklists as practice aids in the preparation of financial statements and reports. Some firms have developed their own checklists for internal use, and may also have specialized checklists to meet the needs of their practices, such as checklists for clients in particular industries or clients that report to the SEC. Some state CPA societies have developed checklists as practice aids which may be available to other practitioners as well as to their own members. Some commercial publishers also include checklists in certain of their publications. However, authoritative literature does not require the use of such checklists, nor does it prescribe their format or content, which may vary.

Checklists typically consist of a number of brief questions or statements that are accompanied by references to Statements on Auditing Standards, Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services, Statements of Financial Accounting Standards, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, Accounting Research Bulletins and Interpretations thereof. The extent of detail included in checklists varies with the judgment of the preparers on how extensively to refer to and highlight authoritative literature without developing a checklist that is too long and unwieldy. Accordingly, checklists may serve as convenient memory aids but cannot be used as a substitute for direct reference to the authoritative literature.

Checklists usually provide for checking off or initialing each question or point to show that it has been considered. The format used in these sections is a typical one; it provides for "yes," "no," and "not applicable" answers and presumes that remarks would be prepared on separate cross-referenced memorandums. Some preparers, however, prefer to include space for remarks in the body of the checklist while others prefer alternative checklist formats. For example, a checklist format may provide for the following set of answers: "not applicable," "not material," "material," "in statements" and "in note" (with provisions for indicating a cross reference to the specific statement caption or note). Another format may provide for only two answers, "disclosed" and "not applicable." Firms and practitioners who develop their own checklists should adopt formats that suit their needs and preferences.

Disclosure checklists are generally accompanied by caveats that include all of the following points:

- Use of the checklists requires the exercise of individual professional judgment and may likely require some modification based on the circumstances of individual engagements.
- The checklists are not all-inclusive and are not intended to present minimum requirements.
- Users need to modify the checklists for any pronouncements issued subsequent to those mentioned in the checklist.

If widespread circulation is expected, the preparers also generally stress the nonauthoritative or unofficial status of the checklists and disclaim responsibility for the way they may be used.

# Checklist for Financial Statements and Notes of Nonprofit Organizations

This checklist has been developed by the staff of the Technical Information Division of the AICPA as a nonauthoritative practice aid. Accordingly, the notice on page i is incorporated herein by reference.

### Explanation of References:

- ARB = Accounting Research Bulletin
- APB = Accounting Principles Board Opinion
- SFAS = Statement of Financial Accounting Standards
- SAS = Statement on Auditing Standards
- FASBI = Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation
  - TB = Technical Bulletin issued by the staff of the FASB<sup>3</sup>
  - AC = Reference to section number in <u>FASB Accounting</u> Standards Current Text
  - AU = Reference to section number in <u>AICPA Professional</u>
    <u>Standards</u> (vol. 1) of SAS cited
- ACNO = AICPA Audit and Accounting Guide, <u>Audits of Certain</u>
  Nonprofit Organizations
  - VHW = AICPA Industry Audit Guide, <u>Audits of Voluntary Health</u> and Welfare Organizations
  - SOP = AICPA Statement of Position

Some questions in this checklist do not cite a specific authoritative reference but indicate that the disclosure is generally accepted. Most firms disclose that information even though a requirement to do so in the authoritative literature cannot be identified. This checklist is organized into the following classifications:

### • General

- A. Titles and References
- B. Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Other Disclosures
- C. Accounting Changes
- D. Comparative Financial Statements
- E. Financial Instruments
- F. Nonmonetary Transactions
- G. Contingencies and Commitments
- H. Subsequent Events
- I. Pension Plans
- J. Related Parties

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The FASB staff issues FASB Technical Bulletins to provide guidance concerning the application of FASB Statements or Interpretations, APB Opinions, or Accounting Research Bulletins. FASB Technical Bulletins do not establish new financial accounting and reporting standards or amend existing standards.

### Balance Sheet

- A. General
- B. Cash
- C. Carrying Amount of Investments
- D. Receivables
- E. Property and Equipment
- F. Collections of Works of Art and Similar Items
- G. Other Assets and Deferred Charges
- H. Current Liabilities
- I. Notes Payable and Other Debt
- J. Lessees
- K. Other Liabilities and Deferred Credits
- L. Trust Funds and Gifts of Future Interest
- M. Fund Balances

### • Activity Statement

- A. Fund Accounting
- B. Investment Gains
- C. Third-Party Reimbursements
- D. Donated or Contributed Services
- E. Donated Materials and Facilities
- F. Subscription and Membership Income
- G. Fund Raising
- H. Restricted Gifts, Grants, Pledges, etc.
- I. Gifts of Future Interest
- J. Expenses
- K. Remittances to National Organizations
- L. Prior Period Adjustments
- M. Wills or Trusts
- N. Accounting for a Change in Method of Accounting for Certain Postretirement Benefits
- Additional Financial Statements
  - A. Statement of Changes in Financial Position
  - B. Statement of Functional Expenses
- Tax Status

### CHECKLIST QUESTIONNAIRE

Y	ES	NO	$N_{I}$	<i>P</i>

### General

A. Titles and References

Are the financial statements suitably titled? [SAS 62, par. 7 (AU 623.07)]

в.		sclosure of Accounting Policies and Other sclosures	
	1.	Is a description of all significant accounting policies of the reporting entity presented as an integral part of the financial statements? [APB 22, par. 8 (AC A10.102)]	
		a. Have the organization's accounting policies been disclosed for:	
		1. Grant commitments?	
		2. Carrying value of investments?	
		3. Carrying value of property, plant, equipment, and collections?	
		4. Pledges receivable? [Generally accepted]	
	2.	Does disclosure of significant accounting policies encompass important judgments as to appropriateness of principles concerning recognition of revenue, and allocation of asset costs to current and future periods? [APB 22, par. 12 (AC A10.105); TB 82-1, par. 7 (AC I28.513)]	
	3.	If the organization depends significantly on third-party reimbursement arrangements to carry out its program activities, do the financial statements adequately disclose information related to these arrangements? [ACNO, Ch. 3, pp. 14, 15]	
	4.	Have the volunteer services by outside contributors been disclosed? [SOP 78-10, par. 70]	
	5.	Do the notes to financial statements disclose the methods used by the organization in valuing, recording, and reporting donated or contributed services? [SOP 78-10, par. 67, VHW, p. 22]	
	6.	Does the disclosure of significant accounting policies include appropriate reference to details presented elsewhere (in the statements	

		and notes thereto) so duplication of details			
		is avoided? [APB 22, par. 14 (AC A10.107)]			
	7.	Considering the following potential users of the financial statements:			
		<ul> <li>a. Contributors to and other funders of the organization</li> <li>b. Beneficiaries of the organization</li> <li>c. The organization's trustees or directors and key managers</li> <li>d. Other employees of the organization</li> <li>e. Governmental units</li> <li>f. The organization's creditors and potential creditors</li> <li>g. Related organizations</li> </ul>			
	8.	Do the financial statements identify the organization's			
		a. Principal programs? [SOP 78-10, par. 9]			
		<pre>b. Principal program costs? [SOP 78-10, par. 9]</pre>			
		c. Do the financial statements and/or notes disclose the degree of control exercised by donors over the use of resources? [SOP 78-10, par. 9]			
		d. Do the financial statements help the reader to evaluate the organization's ability to carry out its fiscal objectives? [SOP 78-10, par. 9]	· 		
c.	Acc	counting Changes			
	1.	For an accounting change, does disclosure in the period of the change include:			
		a. Nature of the change?			
		b. Justification for the change and a clear explanation of the newly adopted principle and why it is preferable?			
		<pre>c. Effect on excess of revenues over expenses? [APB 20, par. 17 (AC A06.113)]</pre>		-	

	2.	Have the applicable AICPA Statements of Position and Guides listed in Appendix A to SFAS 83 (AC section A06 Exhibit 112A) been considered in justification of a change in accounting principle? [SFAS 32, pars. 10-11 (AC A06.112); APB 20, par. 16 (AC A06.112); SFAS 83, pars. 5-6 (AC A06.112)]	 	
	3.	Is a correction of an error shown as a prior period adjustment with disclosure of the following in the period of its discovery and correction:		
		a. Nature of the error in previously issued financial statements?	 	
		<ul> <li>b. Effect of its correction on excess of revenues over expenses before and after extraordinary items?</li> <li>[APB 20, pars. 36-37 (AC A35.105); SFAS 16, par. 11 (AC A35.103)]</li> </ul>		
D.	Cor	mparative Financial Statements		
	1.	Have comparative statements been considered? [ARB 43, Ch. 2A, pars. 1-2 (AC F43.101102) SOP 78-10, par. 41)]	 	
	2.	Are the notes and other disclosures included in the financial statements of the preceding year(s) presented, repeated or at least referred to, to the extent that they continue to be of significance? [ARB 43, Ch. 2A, par. 2 (AC F43.102)]	 	
	3.	If changes have occurred in the manner of or basis for presenting corresponding items for two or more periods, are appropriate explanations of the changes disclosed? [ARB 43, Ch. 2A, par. 2 (AC F43.102)]	 	
E.	Fi	nancial Instruments		
	1.	Does the entity have a financial instrument that is:		
		a. Cash in banks or on hand?	 	

b. Evidence of an ownership interest in an	
entity? or	
c. A contract that both:	
(1) Imposes on one entity a contractual obligation (liability):	
(i) To deliver cash or a financial in- strument to a second entity?	
or	
(ii) To exchange financial instruments on potentially unfavorable terms with the second entity?	
(2) Conveys to that second entity a con- tractual right:	
(i) To receive cash or another finan- cial instrument from the first entity?	
or	
<pre>(ii) To exchange other financial in- struments on potentially favorable terms with the first entity? [SFAS 105, par. 6 (AC F25.106)]</pre>	
For financial instruments with off-balance- sheet risk (except for those financial instru- ments excluded by SFAS 105 pars. 14-15), were the following disclosed either in the body of the financial statements or in the notes by class of financial instrument:	
a. The face or contract amount (or notional principal amount if there is no face or contract amount)?	
b. The nature and terms, including, at a minimum, a discussion of:	
(1) The credit and market risk of those in- struments?	

2.

YES NO N/A

YES	NO	N	<b>/</b> A
111	110	41/	- 4

- (2) The cash requirements of those instruments? \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_
- (3) The related accounting policy pursuant to the requirements of APB Opinion No. 22, "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"?

[SFAS 105, par. 17 (AC F25.112)]

- 3. For financial instruments with off-balancesheet risk (except as noted above), were the following disclosed either in the body of the financial statements or in the notes by class of financial instrument:
  - a. The amount of accounting loss the entity would incur if any party to the financial instrument failed completely to perform according to the terms of the contract and the collateral or other security, if any, for the amount due proved to be of no value to the entity?
  - b. The entity's policy of requiring collateral or other security to support financial instruments subject to credit risk, information about the entity's access to that collateral or other security, and the nature and a brief description of the collateral or other security supporting those financial instruments?

[SFAS 105, par. 18 (AC F25.113)]

- 4. Were disclosures of all significant concentrations of credit risk arising from all financial instruments, whether from an individual counterparty or groups of counterparties (except for certain insurance and investment contracts, purchase and pension obligations), included in the following:
  - a. Information about the (shared) activity, region, or economic characteristic that identifies the concentration?
  - b. The amount of the accounting loss due to credit risk the entity would incur if parties to the financial instruments that comprise the concentration failed completely to perform according to the terms of the contracts and the collateral or other

		security, if any, for the amount due proved to be of no value to the entity?	 	***************************************
		c. The entity's policy of requiring collateral or other security to support financial in- struments subject to credit risk, informa- tion about the entity's access to that col- lateral or other security, and the nature and a brief description of the collateral or other security supporting those finan- cial instruments? [SFAS 105, par. 20 (AC F25.115)]	 	
F.	No	nmonetary Transactions		
	1.	Are nonmonetary transactions accounted for in conformity with APB 29 and/or SOP 78-10, par. 71 or VHW, Chapter 5?	 	
		[APB 29, pars. 18-27 (AC C11.101 and N35.105113) (SOP 78-10, par. 71) (VHW, Ch. 5)]		
	2.	Do disclosures for nonmonetary transactions during the period include:		
		a. Nature of the transactions?	 	
		b. Basis of accounting for the assets trans- ferred?	 	
		c. Gains or losses recognized on the trans- fers?		
		[APB 29, par. 28 (AC C11.102 and N35.120); FASBI 30 (AC N35.114119)]	 	
G.	C	ontingencies and Commitments		
	1.	Are the nature and amount of accrued loss contingencies disclosed as necessary to keep the financial statements from being misleading?		
		[SFAS 5, par. 9 (AC C59.108)]		
	2.	For loss contingencies not accrued do disclosures indicate:		
		a. Nature of the contingency?		
		b. Estimate of possible loss or range of loss, or a statement that such estimate cannot be made?		
		(SFAS 5. par. 10 (AC C59.109 and C59.111)]	 	

YES	NO	N/	Ά

3.	Are the nature and amount of guarantees disclosed (for example, of indebtedness of others, obligations of banks under standby letters of credit)? [SFAS 5, par. 12 (AC C59.113); FASBI 34, pars. 1-3 (AC C59.114)]	 	
4.	Are gain contingencies adequately disclosed with care to avoid any misleading implications about likelihood of realization? [SFAS 5, par. 17 (AC C59.118)]	 	
5.	Is there adequate disclosure of commitments such as those for capital expenditures, grants to be awarded to others, restrictive covenants in financing agreements, inventory purchase agreements, and employment contracts? [SFAS 5, pars. 18-19 (AC C59.120)]	 	
6.	Are encumbrances, appropriations of fund balance, unspecified reserves, and other commitments not meeting the criteria of SFAS 5, par. 8 not reported as expenses or liabilities? [SFAS 5, pars. 14-15 (AC C59.116117)] (These may be reported as segregations of fund balance on the balance sheet.)	 	
7.	Are commitments to fund future grants which are not unconditional grants at the balance sheet date disclosed? [Generally Accepted]	 	
Sul	osequent Events		
1.	Are the financial statements adjusted for any changes in estimates resulting from subsequent events that provided additional evidence with respect to conditions that existed at the date of the balance sheet?	 	
	[SFAS 5, par. 8 (AC C59.105); SAS 1, secs. 560.0304, 560.07 and 561.0109 (AU 560.0304, 560.07 and 561.0109)]		
2.	Are subsequent events that provide evidence with respect to conditions that did not exist at the date of the balance sheet but arose subsequent to that date adequately disclosed to keep the financial statements from being misleading?		
	[SFAS 5, par. 11 (AC C59.112); APB 16, par. 61		

н.

.09 and 561.01-.09 (AU 560.05-.07, 560.09 and 561.01-.09)]

- I. Pension Plans (See Appendix for effective dates of SFAS 87)
  - 1. If there is a defined benefit plan, do disclosures include:
    - a. A description of the plan including employee groups covered, type of benefit formula, funding policy, types of assets held and significant nonbenefit liabilities, if any, and the nature and effect of significant matters affecting comparability of information for all periods presented?
    - b. The amount of net periodic pension cost for the period showing separately the service cost component, the interest cost component, the actual return on assets for the period, and the net total of other components?<sup>4</sup>
    - c. A schedule reconciling the funded status of the plan with amounts reported in the employer's statement of financial position, showing separately:
      - (1) The fair value of plan assets?
      - (2) The projected benefit obligation identifying the accumulated benefit obligation and the vested benefit obligation? \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The net total of other components is the net effect during the period of certain delayed recognition provisions of this statement. That net total includes:

a. The net asset gain or loss during the period deferred for later recognition (in effect, an offset or a supplement to the actual return on assets)

b. Amortization of the net gain or loss from earlier periods

c. Amortization of unrecognized prior service cost

d. Amortization of the unrecognized net obligation or net asset existing at the date of initial application of SFAS 87 [AC P16]

	(3)	The amount of unrecognized prior service cost?	 <del></del>	
	(4)	The amount of unrecognized net gain or loss (including asset gains and losses not yet reflected in market-related value)?	 	
	(5)	The amount of any remaining unrecognized net obligation or net asset existing at the date of initial application of SFAS 87 [AC P16]?	 	
	(6)	The amount of any additional liability recognized pursuant to SFAS 87, paragraph 36 [AC P16.130]?	 	
	(7)	The amount of net pension asset or liability recognized in the statement of financial position pursuant to SFAS 87, paragraphs 35-36 [AC P16.129130] (which is the net result of combining the preceding six items)?	 	
d.	and pli- ben- exp	weighted-average assumed discount rate rate of compensation increase (if apcable) used to measure the projected efit obligation and the weighted-average ected long-term rate of return on planets?		
e.	sec par app emp con late alt sua P16 nat gra	applicable, the amount and types of urities of the employer and related ties included in plan assets, and the roximate amount of annual benefits of loyees and retirees covered by annuity tracts issued by the employer and reed parties. Also, if applicable, the ernative amortization methods used purnt to SFAS 87, paragraphs 26 and 33 [AC .120 and .127], and the existence and ure of the commitment discussed in paraph 41 [AC P16.135]? AS 87, par. 54 (AC P16.150)]	 	
f.		more than one defined benefit plan sts:		

(1) Have the disclosures required by I1 above been aggregated for all of the employer's single-employer defined

			benefit plans or disaggregated in groups so as to provide the most useful information?	 	
		(2)	Are plans with assets in excess of accumulated benefit obligation not aggregated with plans that have accumulated benefit obligations that exceed plan assets?	 	
			Are disclosures for plans outside the U.S. not combined with those for U.S. plans unless those plans use similar economic assumptions? AS 87, par. 56 (AC P16.153)]		
2.			re is a defined contribution plan, do sures include:		
	a.	empidete and comp	description of the plan(s) including loyee groups covered, the basis for ermining contributions, and the nature effect of significant matters affecting parability of information for all iods presented?	 	
		per	amount of cost recognized during the iod?	 	
	[S]	FAS 8	37, par. 65 (AC P16.162)]		
	c.	both	the pension plan has characteristics of a defined benefit plan and a defined tribution plan:		
		(1)	Is the substance of the plan to provide a defined benefit?	 	
			If answer is yes, are accounting and disclosure requirements in accordance with the provisions of I1 above, applicable to a defined benefit plan?	 	
		[Sr/	AS 87, par. 66 (AC P16.163)]		
3.			re is a multiemployer plan, do disclo- include:		
	a.	inc: type or	escription of the multiemployer plan(s) luding the employee groups covered, the of benefits provided (defined benefit defined contribution), and the nature effect of significant matters affecting		

		comparability of information for all periods presented?	 	
		[SFAS 87, par. 69 (AC P16.166)]		
	b	. The amount of cost recognized during the period?	 	
		[SFAS 87, par. 69 (AC P16.166)]		
	C	. If the situation arises where the with- drawal from a multiemployer plan may result in the employer having an obligation to the plan for a portion of its unfunded benefit obligations which is either probable or reasonably possible, have the provisions of SFAS 5 [AC C59] been applied? [SFAS 87, par. 70 (AC P16.167)]	 	<b>Constitution</b>
	o t	f there is a settlement and /or curtailment f a defined benefit pension plan and/or ermination benefits under such plan, do isclosures include:		
	a	. A description of the nature of the event(s)?	 	
		. The amount of gain or loss recognized? SFAS 88, par. 17 (AC P16.187)]	 	
J. 1	Rela	ted Parties		
•	t	o the financial statements represent one of he following components of a nonprofit orga- ization [ACNO, Ch. 8, p. 51]:		
	a	. A branch of an existing organization?	 	
	b	. A separate operation?	 -	
	C	. A separate fund?	 	
	d	. A grant?	 	
:	i	f the answer to any of the questions in No. 1 s yes, do the financial *statements or foototes disclose the following:		
	a	<pre>Existence of affiliated or controlling interest? [ACNO, Ch. 8, p. 52]</pre>		

	b. Nature and volume of material transactions (individually or in the aggregate) with related parties? [ACNO, Ch. 8, p. 52]		 
	c. Any allocations of common expenses? [ACNO, Ch. 8, p. 52]		 
	d. Do the Financial Statements of the Component clearly indicate what part of the organization is included and what parts are not included? [ACNO, Ch. 8, p. 52]		 
3.	Affiliated Organizations		
	If other organizations are affiliated with, or otherwise financially related to, the organizations under examination, have we considered whether combined financial statements are necessary for fair presentation in conformity with GAAP? [ACNO, Ch. 7, p. 39] [VHW, pp. 34-35]		 
	If combined financial statements are not necessary, did the auditor consider whether appropriate disclosure of the affiliation was made in the notes to financial statements? [ACNO, Ch. 7, p. 39; SFAS 57 (AC R36)]	***************************************	 
4.	With respect to disclosure of related party transactions, has consideration been given to transactions with chapters, foundations, auxiliaries, guilds, trusts, etc., as well as members of management and the governing board and other organizations with which such parties are affiliated? [SFAS 57, AC R36]	,	
Baland	ce Sheet		
A. G	eneral		
1.	For classified balance sheets, are assets and liabilities segregated into current and non-current classifications with totals presented for current assets and current liabilities? [ARB 43, Ch. 3A (AC B05.103109); SFAS 6, par. 15 (AC B05.118); FASBI 8, par. 3 (AC		 

	BO5.138139); TB 79-3 (AC BO5.501503); (SOP 78-10, pars. 23, 24)]	
2.	Are assets not expected to be realized during the current operating cycle classified as non-current?	
	[ARB 43, Ch. 3A, pars. 5-6 (AC BO5.106107)]	
3.	Are valuation allowances contra to such assets as receivables and investments shown as deductions from their related assets with appropriate disclosure?  [APB 12, par. 3 (AC V18.102)]	
4.	In order to segregate unrestricted from restricted resources that cannot be spent on current operations, does the organization report on a fund accounting basis?  [SOP 78-10, pars. 15, 20-24]	
Cas	sh	
1.	Is restricted cash appropriately segregated from cash available for current operations?	
2.	Are restrictions on cash appropriately disclosed?	
Ca	crying Amount of Investments	
1.	For those organizations covered by SOP 78-10:	
	a. Marketable debt securities	
	Assuming the organization has ability and intention to hold the securities to maturity, are the securities being reported at amortized cost, market value, or the lower of amortized cost or market value?	_
	b. Marketable equity securities and marketable debt securities	
	For debt securities which are <u>not</u> expected to be held to maturity and all equity securities, are they reported at either market value or the lower of cost or market value?	

В.

c.

		YES	<u>NO</u>	N/A
	c. Are other investments, such as real estate, oil and gas interests, reported at either fair value or the lower of cost or fair value? [SOP 78-10, par. 79]			
2.	For the above three categories, has the same basis of valuation been applied to all investments in each group? [SOP 78-10, par. 79]	<del></del>		
3.	If investments are <u>not</u> carried at market value, is the market value for that group disclosed at the balance sheet date? [SOP 78-10, par. 79]		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4.	For those organizations covered by VHW Guide:			
	a. If the market value of the investment port- folio is below the recorded value, was the carrying value reduced to market if such a reduction is considered necessary? [VHW, Ch. 2, p. 5]			
	or			
	Was an allowance for decline in market value provided? [VHW, Ch. 2, p.5]			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
5.	Have investments other than securities been valued at cost or fair market value? [VHW, Ch. 2]			
6.	Do the notes disclose:			
	a. The components of the investment portfolio at cost and market?			
	<ul><li>b. The cost and market value of aggregate investments by fund group?</li><li>[Generally Accepted]</li></ul>		-	
7.	Do the notes to financial statements summarize total realized and unrealized gains and losses and income earned from investments held by all funds except life income and custodial funds? [SOP 78-10, par. 83]			

D.	Red	eceivables		
	1.	Are accounts and notes receivable from officers, employees, and affiliated organizations shown separately with appropriate disclosures?  [ARB 43, Ch. 1A, par. 5 (AC R36.105)]		
	2.	If a note is noninterest bearing or has an inappropriate stated interest rate:		
		a. Is the discount or premium presented as a deduction from or addition to the face amount of the note?		
		b. Does the disclosure include the effective interest rate and face amount of the note?		
		c. Is amortization of discount or premium reported as interest in the income state- ment?		
		[APB 21, par. 16 (AC I69.109)]		
	3.	Are allowances for uncollectible receivables shown as deductions from the related receivables?		
		[APB 12, par. 3 (AC V18.102)]		
	4.	Are legally enforceable pledges receivable ——  [SOP 78-10, pars. 64-66] [VHW, p. 18]		
Ε.	Pr	coperty and Equipment		
	1.	Are fixed assets recorded in a separate plant fund? [SOP 78-10, par. 20-22; VHW, p. 10]	-	
	2.	Are purchased fixed assets capitalized at cost? [SOP 78-10, par. 105] [VHW, p. 10]		-
	3.	. Are donated fixed assets recorded at their fair value at the date of the gift? [SOP 78-10, par. 105] [VHW, p. 10]		

4. If fixed assets were not capitalized in the

past are they being capitalized retroactively? \_ [SOP 78-10, par. 105]

5.	alı bas	cead sis	storical costs are unavailable for assets dy in service, has another reasonable been used to value the assets? 78-10, par. 105]		 
6.	Dep	pre	ciable assets:		
	a.		e capitalized fixed assets depreciated? OP 78-10, par. 107]		 
	b.	ass amo on dis	s the amount of depreciation provided on sets carried at historical cost and the ount, if any, provided on assets carried a basis other than historical cost been sclosed?  OP 78-10, par. 110]	***************************************	 
	c.		the financial statements or notes there- include disclosure of:		
		1.	Depreciation expense for each period? [SFAS 93, par. 5a (AC D40.105a); SOP 78-10, par. 110]		 
		2.	Balances of major classes of depreciable assets by nature or function? [SFAS 93, par. 5b (AC D40.105b)]		 
		3.	Accumulated depreciation, either by major classes of assets or in total? [SFAS 93, par. 5c (AC D40.105c)]		 
		4.	The method or methods used in computing depreciation with respect to major classes of depreciable assets? [SFAS 93, par. 5d (AC D40.105d); APB 22, par. 13 (AC A10.106)]		 
7.	of ber slo ext tio	art nef: owly trac ons orec	e organization owns any individual works tor historical treasures whose economic it or service potential is used up so y that their estimated useful lives are ordinarily long, and they meet the condiof paragraph 6 of SFAS 93, are they ciated?  93, par. 31		 

	8.	Are capitalized interest costs appropriately determined and reported?	 	
		[SFAS 34, pars. 6-23 (AC I67.102103, I67.105107 and I67.109118) as amended by SFAS 42, par. 4 (AC I67.104); SFAS 58, pars. 5-7 (AC I67.105c, I67.106c106e and I67.117); SFAS 62, par. 5 (AC I67.106)]		
	9.	Has interest earned on the proceeds of tax exempt borrowings been offset against the interest cost in determining capitalization rates or limitations? [SFAS 62, par. 3-4]	 	
1	.0.	Has the basis of valuation and the amount of any assets pledged to secure outside borrowing been disclosed in the financial statements? [SOP 78-10, p. 166, Note 3]	 	****
F.	Co]	lections of Works of Art and Similar Items		
	1.	If the organization has inexhaustible collections usually associated with museums, art galleries, botanical gardens, libraries or similar entities and if such collections are not capitalized, does the caption "Collections" appear on the balance sheet with no amount shown but with a reference to a note that describes the collection? [SOP 78-10, par. 113]		
	2.	If the valuation basis is shown on the balance sheet have we obtained assurance that it is appropriate? [SOP 78-10, par. 113]	 	
	3.	If a valuation basis is not shown on the balance sheet, do the financial statements disclose the cost or contributed value of current period accessions and the nature of and proceeds from deaccessions? [SOP 78-10, par. 114]		
G.	Oth	ner Assets and Deferred Charges		
	1.	Are the costs of intangible assets acquired from other entities recorded as assets? [APB 17, pars. 24-26 (AC I60.105107)]	 	<u></u>
	2.	Are the costs of developing, maintaining or restoring intangible assets which are not		

ty has demonstrated the ability to consummate

[SFAS 6, pars. 8-14 (AC B05.112-.116); FASBI 8

the long-term financing?

(AC B05.117 and B05.138-.139)]

	M	atas Danahla and Other Daht		
•	NC	otes Payable and Other Debt		
	1.	Is there adequate disclosure of interest rates, maturities, and other terms and conditions provided in loan agreements and bond indentures such as assets pledged as collateral, etc.? [SFAS 5, pars. 18-19 (AC C59.120)]	 	·
	2.	Are the combined aggregate amount of maturities and sinking fund requirements for all long-term borrowings disclosed for each of the five years following the date of the latest balance sheet presented? [SFAS 47, par. 10b (AC C32.105b)]	 	
	3.	If the note is noninterest bearing or has an inappropriate stated interest rate:		
		a. Is the discount or premium presented as a deduction from or addition to the face amount of the note?	 	
		b. Does the disclosure include the effective interest rate and face amount of the note?	 	
		c. Is amortization of the discount or premium reported as interest in the income state- ment?		
		<pre>d. Are issue costs reported in the balance     sheet as deferred charges? [APB 21, par. 16 (AC I69.109)]</pre>	 	·
	4.	Are current portions of debt obligations presented as current liabilities? [ARB 43, Ch. 3A, pars. 7-8 (AC B05.108109)]	 	
	5.	If a short-term obligation is to be from current liabilities SFAS 6, do disclosures include:		
		a. General description of the financing agree- ment?	 	
		b. Terms of any new obligation incurred or expected to be incurred, as a result of the refinancing?	 	<del></del>
		[SFAS 6, par. 15 (AC B05.118); FASBI 8, par. 3 (AC B05.117); TB 79-3 (AC B05.501503)]		

I

### J. Lessees

1.	For capital leases do disclosures include:		
	a. Gross amounts of assets recorded by major classes as of the date of each balance sheet presented? [SFAS 13, par. 16a (AC L10.112a(1)-(4))]		
	b. Future minimum lease payments as of the latest balance sheet presented in the aggregate and for each of the five succeeding fiscal years with appropriate separate deductions therefrom for executory costs and imputed interest to reduce net minimum lease payments to present value? [SFAS 13, pars. 10 & 16a (AC L10.106 and L10.112a(1)-(4))]	e - e s m 	
	c. Total of future minimum sublease rentals under noncancelable subleases as of the date of the latest balance sheet presented [SFAS 13, par. 16a (AC L10.112a(1)-(4))]	3	-
	d. Total contingent rentals actually incurred for each period for which an income state ment is presented? [SFAS 13, par. 16a (AC L10.112a(1)-(4)) amended 10/1/79 by SFAS 29, par. 12]	<b>-</b>	 
2.	For operating leases that have initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess one year do disclosures include:		
	a. Future minimum rental payments required as of the latest balance sheet presented in the aggregate and for each of the five succeeding fiscal years?	n	 
	<ul><li>b. Total of future minimum rentals under non-cancelable subleases as of the date of the latest balance sheet presented?</li><li>[SFAS 13, par. 16b (AC L10.112b)]</li></ul>		 
3.	For all operating leases do disclosured include: rental expense for each period for which an income statement is presented with separate amounts for minimum rentals, contingent rentals, and sublease rentals? [SFAS 13, par. 16c (AC L10.112c)]	c n	 diamental designation of the second

4.	Do disclosures include a general description of the lessee's leasing arrangements including but not limited to:		
	a. Bases for determination of contingent rent- als?	 	
	b. Terms of any renewal or purchase options or escalation clauses?	 	
	c. Restrictive covenants? [SFAS 13, par. 16d (AC L10.112d); for amendments of SFAS 13 see SFASs 17, 22, 23, 26, 27, 28 and 29; for interpretations see FASBIS 19, 21, 23, 24, 26 and 27; for technical bulletins see TBs 79-10, 79-11, 79-12, 79-13, 79-14, 79-15, 79-16, 79-17 and 79-18]	 	
Ot1	ner Liabilities and Deferred Credits		
1.	Are grants subject to periodic renewal recorded as expenses and liabilities at renewal with a disclosure of the remaining commitment in the notes? [SOP 78-10, par. 102]	 	
2.	Are grants to other organizations recorded as expenses and liabilities at the time recipients are entitled to them? (Normally, this		
	occurs when the board approves a specific grant or notifies the grantee.) [SOP 78-10, par. 101]	 	
3.	Are balances of unexpended restricted gifts, grants and bequests accounted for as deferred revenue and support on the balance sheet? [SOP 78-10, par. 62]	 	
4.	Are estimated losses from loss contingencies accrued if both "probable" as explained in SFAS 5 and the amount can be reasonably estimated?	 	
	[SFAS 5, par. 8 (AC C59.105); FASBI 14 (AC C59.106107 and C59.124127)]		
5.	Are liabilities appropriately accrued and reported for employees' compensation for future absences? [SFAS 43, pars. 6-7 (AC C44.104 and C44.108)]		

ĸ.

YES	NO	N/A
ILO	INO	14 / E3

		Are liabilities for special termination benefits to employees appropriately accrued and reported when the employees accept the offer and the amount can be reasonably estimated? [SFAS 74, par. 2 (AC C45.102)]		
L.	Tru	st Funds and Gifts of Future Interests		
		Are funds held in trust by others under a legal trust instrument created by a donor independent of the reporting organization and that are neither in the possession nor under the control of the organization but are held and administered by outside fiscal agents with the organization deriving income from such funds disclosed? [SOP 78-10, par. 122]		
		Is significant income from such trusts reported separately? [SOP 78-10, par. 122]		 
		Is the basis of valuing gifts of future interests, e.g., life income and annuity gifts, disclosed?		 
	_	[ACNO, p. 26]		
М.	Fun	d Balances		
		Are unrestricted fund balances, designated for a specific purpose by the governing board of the organization, segregated on the balance sheet?	<del></del>	
		[SOP 78-10, par. 120]		
se: Ca	s, o pita	ty Statement, Statement of Revenue and Expen- er Statement of Support and Revenue, Expenses, 1 Additions and Changes in Fund Balances (SOP par. 25)		
Α.	Fun	d Accounting		
		In order to segregate unrestricted from restricted resources, does the organization report on a fund accounting basis? [SOP 78-10, par. 15]		 
		Does the Activity Statement include the activity in the unrestricted, restricted, plant		

	and endowment funds as well as other capital funds which represent resources of the organization? [SOP 78-10, par. 26]	 	
3.	Does the Activity Statement disclose all legally unrestricted income, expenses and fund balances on a functional basis where the organization receives significant support from the general public in the form of contributions? [SOP 78-10, Exhibits 1B & 4B; (VHW, pp. 42, 43]	 	
4.	Is the total amount for all legally unrestricted income, expenses and fund balances shown in one column so as to be clearly distinguishable to a reader of the financial statements?  [SOP 78-10, Exhibits 1B & 4B; VHW, pp. 42, 43]	 	
5.	Does the Activity Statement reflect as "capital additions" or "nonexpendable additions" contributions which cannot be spent currently for program or support services because of donor or legal restrictions and have many of the characteristics of capital (e.g., gifts, grants, and bequests to endowment, plant, and loan funds)? [SOP 78-10, pars. 28]	 	
6.	Has the client complied with all restrictions imposed by donors or other third parties and are significant restrictions disclosed in the financial statements? [SOP 78-10, par. 59]		
7.	Are contributions that represent current restricted gifts, grants, bequests, and other income accounted for as support and revenue to the extent spent in accordance with donor restrictions and reflected as deferred revenue or support in the balance sheet until expenses have been incurred in accordance with the donor's restrictions?  [SOP 78-10, par. 62]		
8.	If a columnar format is used, do the state- ments show a total all-funds column? (Not mandatory) [SOP 78-10, pars. 37, 39]	 	

YES	NO	N/A

9.	Are comparative financial statements being presented?	 	
	(Not mandatory) [SOP 78-10, par. 41]		
10.	Is an excess of revenues over expenses clearly shown [SOP 78-10, par. 30] and if there are capital additions, are there two excess captions?	 	
	[SOP 78-10, par. 31]		
B. In	vestment Gains		
1.	If the aggregate market value by fund group is less than the carrying amount for investments carried at the lower of (amortized) cost or market value, has the decline been recognized?		
	[SOP 78-10, par. 80]		
2.	Have recoveries in aggregate market value in subsequent periods been recorded subject to the limitation that the carrying amount should not exceed original cost?	-	
	[SOP 78-10, par. 80]		
	a. Where such adjustments relate to noncurrent investments, was this recognized as an addition or deduction to the fund balance? [SOP 78-10, par. 80]	 	
	b. If the adjustments relate to current investments, were they reflected in the statement of activity in the same manner as realized gains and losses? [SOP 78-10, par. 80]	 	
3.	Is the unrealized appreciation or depreciation in investments at the beginning and end of the year disclosed? [VHW, p. 6 (only required for voluntary health and welfare organizations)]	 	
4.	Is the amount of realized (and, when applicable, unrealized) investment gains included in endowment funds that are available for transfer to the unrestricted included in endowment funds that is available for transfer to the unrestricted fund at the discretion of the		

		YES	<u>NO</u>	N/A
	governing board and the authority on which such funds may be transferred disclosed? [VHW, p. 8 (only required for voluntary health and welfare organizations)]			
5.	Assuming that the organization has adopted the so-called total-return approach for the management of investments of endowment and quasi-endowments funds:			
	<ul><li>a. Is this in conformity with State Regulations?</li><li>[See pars. 75 and 76 of SOP 78-10, and VHW, Ch. 2, p. 7]</li></ul>			
	b. Has the organization reported the portion of available net gains from endowment investments utilized in the statement of activity as a transfer from endowment funds to other funds? [SOP 78-10, par. 76] [VHW, p. 8]			
5.	Do the notes to financial statements summarize total realized and unrealized gains and losses and income earned from investments held by all funds except life income and custodial funds? [SOP 78-10, par. 83]			
7.	Taxes			
	a. Is the organization subject to federal excise tax on investment income or to federal and state income taxes on unrelated business income? [SOP 78-10, par. 103]			
	b. If the answer is "yes" and temporary dif- ferences exist between the income base for tax and financial reporting purposes, has interperiod allocation of taxes been made and disclosed? [SOP 78-10, par. 103]			
	c. Do the notes disclose the applicability of the federal excise tax, the amounts accrued and the organization's position with re- spect to minimum distribution requirements? [SOP 78-10, par. 104]			

	8. Transfers	
	a. Where applicable does the Activity Statement show that transfers of resources among fund groups are neither revenues nor expenses and are distinguished from support and revenues and are reported as changes in fund balances below the caption "fund balance at beginning of period"? [SOP 78-10, par. 104]	
	b. When funds for repayment are not available have interfund borrowings been considered permanent and recorded as transfers? [SOP 78-10, par. 118]	 
c.	Third-Party Reimbursements	
	If the organization depends significantly on third-party reimbursement arrangements to carry out its program activities, do the financial statements adequately disclose information related to these arrangements? [ACNO, Ch. 3, pp. 14, 15]	
D.	Donated or Contributed Services	
	Do the notes to financial statements disclose the methods used by the organization in valuing, recording and reporting donated or contributed services?  [SOP 78-10, par. 67] [VHW, p. 22]	
Ε.	Donated Materials and Facilities	
	1. Have significant donated materials and facil- ities been recorded at their fair value?	
	2. Did the organization have a clear, measurable and objective basis for determining these fair values?	
	[SOP 78-10, par. 71] [VHW, p. 20]	
F.	Subscription and Membership Income	
	1. Are subscriptions and revenues derived from services rendered or sale of goods recognized as revenue in the period in which they are	

provided?

[SOP 78-10, par. 84]

	2.	Is revenue from membership dues recognized ratably over the period to which the dues relate? [SOP 78-10, par. 84]	 	
	3.	If dues, assessments and nonrefundable initiation fees are in substance contributions and services are not to be provided to the member, are they recognized as revenue in the period the organization is entitled to them? [SOP 78-10, par. 84]	 	
G.	Fui	nd Raising		
	1.	If the organization receives significant support from the general public, are the expenses reported on a functional basis presenting separately expenses for program services, fund-raising, membership development, cost incurred in soliciting grants, and management and general activities? [SOP 78-10, pars. 85, 87, and 96; VHW, p. 24]	 	
	2.	If revenue from fund-raising affairs is reported net of expenses, are such expenses disclosed? [SOP 78-10, par. 93, VHW, p. 42]	 	
	3.	Is the total cost of all fund-raising activities disclosed whether the organization reports expenses on a functional basis or some other basis? [SOP 78-10, par. 94; VHW, p. 27]	 	
	4.	Do fund-raising expenses include any applicable portion of management salaries, depreciation, and other occupancy expenses? [SOP 78-10, par. 98]	 	
	5.	Is the total support received from fund- raising efforts disclosed? [VHW, p. 27 (only required for voluntary health and welfare organizations)]	 	<u></u>
	6.	If joint costs of informational materials and activities that include fund-raising appeals have been incurred and allocated between fund-raising and the appropriate program or management and general function, have the following been disclosed:		

	a. The fact that such costs have been allo- cated?	
	b. The total amount allocated during the period?	
	<pre>c. The portion allocated to each functional   expense category? [SOP 87-2, par. 22]</pre>	
н.	Restricted Gifts, Grants, Pledges, etc.	
	<ol> <li>Are gifts, grants, pledges and other revenues which are restricted by the donor for a parti- cular purpose recorded as follows:</li> </ol>	
	For "Certain Nonprofit Organizations"in accordance with SOP 78-10, pars. 54-62?	
	For "Voluntary Health and Welfare Organiza-tions"in accordance with Chapter 1, p. 2?	
	2. For VHW Organizations and ACNO is investment income recorded directly into the appropriate fund based on the nature of any restrictions placed on the income? [VHW, Ch. 1, p. 3; SOP 78-10, pars. 72, 73]	
	3. Do the notes disclose the changes in deferred restricted amounts? [SOP 78-10, p. 107]	
ı.	Gifts of Future Interest (ACNO Ch. 4, p. 25)	
	1. Annuity Gifts	
	a. Has the present value of the actuarially determined liability resulting from such gifts been recorded at the date of the gifts? [SOP 78-10, par. 121]	
	b. Has any excess or deficiency in the amount of an annuity gift over the liability been recorded as support in the year of the gift if it may be used immediately for the gen- eral purpose of the organization? [SOP 78-10, par. 121]	

				YES	<u>NO</u>	N/A
		c.	If this was not done has the excess been reported as deferred revenue if it is restricted for specific purposes? [SOP 78-10, par. 121]	*******		
		d.	Has the amount previously recorded as deferred support been reflected as support or a capital addition at the future date when the terms of the annuity or life income gift were met? [SOP 78-10, par. 121]			
	2.	Li	fe Income Gifts			
		a.	For the principal amount of life income gifts where the donor reserves the right to the income from the gift for life or some other stipulated period, has this principal amount been recorded as deferred support in the balance sheet in the period the gift was received? [SOP 78-10, par. 121]			
		b.	Has the amount previously recorded as deferred support been reflected as support or a capital addition when the terms of the life income gift were met? [SOP 78-10, par. 121]			
	3.	Fu	nds Held in Trust			
		a.	Is significant income from funds held in trust reported separately? [SOP 78-10, par. 122)			
J.	Ex	pen	ses			
	1.	Al	location of Expenses			
		a.	Has a reasonable allocation of the organization's functional expenses been made to various programs and supporting services? [SOP 78-10, par. 97 and par. 100; VHW, Ch. 6]			

ments?

[SOP 78-10, par. 100]

b. Has the method of these allocations been disclosed in the notes to financial state-

2.	Is the cost of the pension plan(s) accounted for in conformity with SFAS 87, paragraphs 20-34, 39-53, and 77? (See Exhibit A) [SFAS 87, pars. 20-34, 39-53, and 77 (AC P16.114128, .133138, and .141149)]	<del></del>	 
3.	Have settlements of defined benefit pension plans been accounted for in accordance with SFAS 88, paragraphs 3-5 and 9-11? [SFAS 88, pars. 3-5 and 9-11 (AC P16.172, .177179 and .181)]		
4.	Have curtailments of defined benefit pension plans been accounted for in accordance with SFAS 88, paragraphs 6 and 12-14? [SFAS 88, pars. 6 and 12-14 (AC P16.173 and .182184)]		 April 100 miles (100 miles 100 miles
	a. Have such settlements and curtailments been properly differentiated in accordance with SFAS 88, paragraphs 7-8? [SFAS 88, pars. 7-8 (AC P16.174175)]		 
5.	Have termination benefits been accounted for in accordance with SFAS 88, paragraph 15? [SFAS 88, par. 15 (AC P16.185)]	WIR COMMISSION OF THE PERSON O	 
6.	Has the gain or loss measured in accordance with SFAS 88, paragraphs 9-10, 12-13 or 15, which is directly related to a disposal of a segment of a business, been included in determining the gain or loss associated with that event, and recognized in accordance with APB 30?		
	[SFAS 88, pars. 9-10, 12-13 and 15 (AC P16.177, .179, .182183 and .185)]		
7.	For deferred compensation agreements, are estimated amounts to be paid properly accrued? [APB 12, pars. 6-8 (AC C38.101102)]		 
8.	Are grants to other organizations recorded as expenses and liabilities at the time recipients are entitled to them? (Normally this occurs when the board approves a specific grant or notifies the grantee.) [SOP 78-10, par. 101]		 
9.	Has disclosure of postretirement health care and life insurance benefits been made? [SFAS 81, par. 6-7 (AC P50.102103)]		 

к.	Remittances to National Organizations		
	When the organization remits a portion of its receipts to an affiliated state or national organization is this amount properly reported? [SOP 78-10, par. 90; VHW, p. 29]	 	<del></del>
L.	Prior-Period Adjustments		
	<ol> <li>Are prior-period adjustments limited to: correction of an error(s) in financial statements of prior periods? [SFAS 16, par. 11 (AC A35.103)]</li> </ol>	 	
	<pre>2. Are prior-period adjustments and their result- ing effects appropriately disclosed? [APB 9, par. 26 (AC C35.107)]</pre>	 	
М.	Wills or Trusts		
	If the organization is certain to receive sizeable but indeterminable amounts under a will or trust, did the organization make adequate disclosure in a footnote to the financial statements regardless of the period of time which is estimated to elapse before the date of receipt? [FASB 5, par. 17 (AC C59.118); SAS 32 (AU 431.02)]	 	
N.	Accounting for a Change in Method of Accounting for Certain Postretirement Benefits		
	1. If an employer changes its method of accounting from (a) the cash basis to an accrual method or (b) one accrual method to another accrual method for postretirement life insurance benefits not provided through a pension plan or for postretirement health care benefits (regardless of whether those benefits are provided through a pension plan or through a separate plan), did the employer account for the effect of the change prospectively in the period of change and in future periods?  [TB 87-1, par. 3]	 	
	2. If the employer did not account for the change prospectively in the period of change and in future periods, did the employer recognize the cumulative effect of the change in net income of the period of the change?  [TB 87-1 par 3]	 -	

3.	In the financial statements for the period in which the change is adopted was the nature of, the justification for, and the method of accounting for the accounting change disclosed? [TB 87-1, par. 4]	
4.	Does the justification for the change explain clearly why the newly adopted accounting method is preferable? [TB 87-1, par. 4]	
5.	Has the effect of adopting the new accounting method on excess of revenue over expenses before and after extraordinary items, of the period of the change been disclosed? [TB 87-1, par. 4]	
6.	Have the following disclosures also been made:	
	a. If the effect of the change will be recognized prospectively in the current year and future periods, has the effect and method for prospective recognition been disclosed? [TB 87-1, par. 4]	
	b. Has the effect of the change, when recognized, been included in income from operations? [TB 87-1, par. 4]	
	c. If the cumulative effect of the change is recognized in net income of the period of the change, as described in paragraph 20, of Opinion 20, has the pro forma effect of retroactive application on excess of revenue over expenses before and after extraordinary items, been disclosed as required by paragraph 21 of Opinion 20? [TB 87-1, par. 4]	

## Additional Financial Statements

- A. Statement of Changes in Financial Position1
  - If required, is a statement of changes in financial position presented as a basic financial statement for each period for which an

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See Footnotes 1 and 2 on Page 1.

		<pre>d. Are net changes in each element of working   capital disclosed?   [APB 19, par. 12 (AC F40.106); SOP 78-10,   Exhibits 6D, 8C, and 10C]</pre>			
в.	St	tatement of Cash Flows1			
	1.	Is a statement of cash flows presented as a basic financial statement for each period for which an activity statement or statements of support, revenue and expenses is presented? [SFAS 95, par. 3 (AC C25.101)]			
	2.	Does the statement report the cash effects during the period of the entity's operations, its investing transactions and its financing transactions?			
		[SFAS 95, par. 6 (AC C25.104)]			
	3.	Are the effects of investing and financing transactions that affect the entity's financial position but do not directly affect cash flows during the period reported in related disclosures?			
		[SFAS 95, par. 6 (AC 25.104)]			
	4.	Does the statement of cash flows report net cash provided or used by operating, investing, and financing activities and the net effect of those flows on cash and cash equivalents during the period in a manner that reconciles beginning and ending cash and cash equivalents?  [SFAS 95, par. 26 (AC C25.124)]	*******	-	
	_	Does the statement of cash flows separately			
	٥.	report:			
		a. Cash collected from contributors			
		b. Interest and dividends received			
		c. Other operating cash receipts (if any)			
		d. Cash paid to employees and other suppliers of goods or services			
		e. Interest paid			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See Footnote on Page 1.

	f. Income taxes paid	 	
	<pre>g. Other operating cash payments (if any) [SFAS 95, par. 27 (AC C25.125)]</pre>	 	
6.	If the direct method is used, is a separate reconciling schedule of net income to net cash provided by operating activities presented? [SFAS 95, par. 29 (AC C25.134)]	 	
7.	Have investing and financing activities of the entity during the period that affect recognized assets or liabilities but that do not result in cash receipts or cash payments in the period been disclosed? [SFAS 95, par. 32 (AC C25.134)]	 	
c. sta	atement of Functional Expenses		
1.	For entities covered by the Audit Guide for Voluntary Health and Welfare Organizations, is a statement of functional expenses presented as a basic financial statement for each period for which a statement of support, revenue and expenses is presented? [VHW, p. 29, 44-45]	 	
2.	Does the statement of functional expenses contain sufficient information to enable a reader to obtain a general understanding of the nature of the costs of carrying out the organization's activities? [VHW, p. 29]	 	
Tax S	tatus		
1.	Do the financial statements, footnotes and other disclosures in the annual report contain any information or language which may adversely affect the organization's tax status, as for example:		
	a. Cause the IRS to assert that the entity is a private foundation (if it is not)?	 	
	b. Cause the IRS to claim that the organization is subject to the tax on unrelated business income?	 	

YES	NO	N/P

	c. Result in the organization being subject to any penalties or taxes (for example, for excess lobbying activities, private invest- ments, imprudent unreasonable compensation, activities not in accordance with the orga- nization's exempt status)? [ACNO, p. 9]	
2.	If the entity's tax exempt status is in question by the IRS, is the impact disclosed in a footnote?  [FASR 5 (park 1 39) (AC C59 101 C59 145)]	
	[FASB 5 (pars. 1, 39) (AC C59.101, C59.145)]	

## Checklist for Auditor's Reports on Financial Statements of Nonprofit Organizations

This checklist has been developed by the staff of the Technical Information Division of the AICPA as a nonauthoritative practice aid. Accordingly, the notice on page i is incorporated herein by reference.

## Explanation of References:

- SAS = Statement on Auditing Standards
  - AU = Reference to section number in <u>AICPA Professional Standards</u> (vol. 1) of SAS cited
- ACNO = AICPA Audit and Accounting Guide, <u>Audits of Certain Non-profit Organizations</u>
  - SOP = AICPA Statement of Position
  - VHW = AICPA Industry Audit Guide, <u>Audits of Voluntary Health and</u>
    Welfare Organizations

### CHECKLIST QUESTIONNAIRE

		YES	<u>NO</u>	<u>N/A</u>
1.	Does the auditor's report include appropriate:			
	a. Addressee? [SAS 58, par. 9 (AU 508.09)]			
	<pre>b. Date (or dual dates) of the report?   [SAS 1, sec. 530 (AU 530); SAS 58, par. 46   (AU 508.46); SAS 26, pars. 15-17 (AU 504.1517)]</pre>			
	<pre>c. A title that includes the word independent? [SAS 58, par. 8 (AU 508.08)]</pre>			
2.	If the auditor is not independent, has the appropriate disclaimer been expressed regardless of the extent of services provided? [SAS 1, sec. 220 (AU 220)]			<u></u>
3.	Does the reporting language conform with the auditor's standard report on:			
	<pre>a. Financial statements of a single year or period? [SAS 58, par. 8 (AU 508.08)]</pre>			

	b.	Comparative financial statements? [SAS 58, par. 8 (AU 508.08)]			
4.		s the report include appropriate language h respect to the following:			
	a.	Report on only one basic financial statement and there are no scope limitations? [SAS 58, par. 47-48 (AU 508.4748)]			
	b.	Report on comparative statements of support revenue and expenses and changes in fund balances? [SAS 58, footnotes 7 and 27]			
	c.	Part of examination was made by other in- dependent auditors and the principal audi- tor is indicating a division of responsi- bility for the examination in his report? [SAS 1, sec. 543 (AU 543); SAS 58, pars. 12 -13 (AU 508.1213)]			
	d.	Departure from a promulgated accounting principle when conformity would result in a misleading presentation? [SAS 58, pars. 14-15 (AU 508.1415)]	, <u> </u>		
	e.	Updating of a previously issued opinion? [SAS 58, pars. 77-78 (AU 508.7778)]			
	f.	Comparative financial statements with differing opinions? [SAS 58, pars. 74-76 (AU 508.7476)]		***************************************	
	g.	Audited and unaudited financial statements in comparative form? [SAS 26, pars. 14-17 (AU 504.1417)]			
	h.	Decision to emphasize a matter? [SAS 58, par. 37 (AU 508.37)]			
	i.	If the auditor will be rendering an opinion on the prior period as well as the current period, has the auditor evaluated whether the prior-period information contains sufficient information to constitute a fair presentation in conformity with GAAP or will additional columns or details be required, or does the auditor need to modify his report? [SAS 58, footnote 27]			

	j.	If the audit report will be used to satisfy the requirements of a Federal grant agreement or if the audit is reporting on the receipt or disbursement of Federal funds, does the accountant's report include a scope reference to the publication <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States? [Governmental Auditing Standards, 1988 Revision (The Yellow Book)]		
5.		explanatory language been added to the ndard auditor's report if:		
	a.	The financial statements are affected by uncertainties concerning future events, the outcome of which is not susceptible of reasonable estimation at the date of the auditor's report? [SAS 58, pars. 16-33 (AU 508.1633)]		 
	b.	The auditor concludes substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time remains and that conclusion is expressed through the use of the phrase "substantial doubt about its (the entity's) ability to continue as a going concern"? [SAS 64, par. 1 (AU 341.12)]	_	
	c.	There has been a material change between periods in accounting principles or in the method of their application? [SAS 58, pars. 34-36 (AU 508.3436)]		 
	d.	In an updated report on comparative financial statements, the opinion(s) on the prior period(s) is (are) different from the one(s) previously expressed? [SAS 58, pars. 77, 78 and 81-83 (AU 508.7778 and .8183)]		 
6.	hav who	the financial statements of a prior period to been audited by a predecessor auditor use report is not presented, has the succest auditor indicated in the introductory para-		
	a.	The financial statements of the prior period were audited by another auditor?		 

		<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>	<u>N/A</u>
	b. The date of the report?			
	c. The type of report issued by the predeces- sor auditor?			
	<pre>d. If the report was other than a standard     report the substantive reasons therefor? [SAS 64, par. 2 (AU 508.83)]</pre>			
7.	If the financial statements have been restated, does the introductory paragraph indicate a predecessor auditor reported on the financial statements of the prior period before restatement?			
	[SAS 64, par. 2 (AU 508.83)]			
8.	If the successor auditor is engaged to audit and applies sufficient procedures to satisfy himself as to the appropriateness of the restatement adjustments, did he report on it in accordance with SAS No. 64, par. 2? [SAS 64, par. 2 (AU 508.83)]			
9.	If, following a pooling-of-interest transaction, an auditor is engaged to report on restated financial statements for one or more prior years when other auditors audited one or more of the entities included in such financial statements, did he include explanatory language in accordance with SAS No. 64, par. 3? [SAS 64, par. 3 (AU 543.16)]			
10.	Has a qualified opinion or disclaimer of opinion been expressed if:			
	a. Scope limitations precluded application of one or more auditing procedures considered necessary in the circumstances? [SAS 58, pars. 40-45 (AU 508.4045); SAS 31, par. 22 (AU 326.23)]			
	b. The organization has inadequate internal control structure policies and procedures over contributions and there is a significant risk that such revenue may be materially underrecorded?  [VHW, p. 19; ACNO, p. 45]			

11.	exp	a qualified opinion or adverse opinion been ressed if the following circumstances are sent:		
	a.	Lack of conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (including inadequate disclosure)?	 	
		[SAS 58, pars. 49-66 (AU 508.4966); SAS 54, par. 18; (AU 317.18); SAS 32, par. 3 (AU 431.03)		
	b.	<pre>Inadequate disclosure? [SAS 58, pars. 55-58 (AU 508.5558)]</pre>	 	
12.		a qualified opinion, adverse opinion, or claimer of opinion is expressed:		
	a.	Are all the substantive reasons for the opinion or disclaimer disclosed?	 	
		[SAS 58, pars. 39, 68 and 71 (AU 508.39, .68, and .71)]		
	b.	Is the reporting language clear and appropriate for the:		
		(1) Qualified opinion? [SAS 58, pars. 38-66 (AU 508.3866)]	 	
		(2) Adverse opinion? [SAS 58, pars. 67-69 (AU 508.6769)]	 	
		(3) Disclaimer of opinion? [SAS 58, pars. 70-72 (AU 508.7072)]	 	
13.		s the report include modification, if appli- le, for the following:		
	a.	Conditions that precluded application of necessary auditing procedures to opening inventories and/or long-term investments? [SAS 58, par. 42 (AU 508.42)]		
	b.	Client representations about related-party transactions?	 	
	c.	[SAS 45, par. 2 (AU 334.12)] Client's refusal to provide written repre-		
	•	sentation? [SAS 19. par. 11 (AU 333.11)]	 	

	d.	Limitations on scope of lawyer's response? [SAS 12, pars. 12-14 (AU 337.1214)]	 	
	e.	Unresolved matters involving specialists? [SAS 11, par. 9 (AU 336.09)]	 	
	f.	Errors or irregularities which materially affect the financial statements? [SAS 53, par. 26 (AU 316.26)]	 	
	g.	Illegal acts by clients? [SAS 54 (AU 317)]	 	
	h.	Material misstatement of the financial statements? [SAS 47, par. 31 (AU 312.31)]	 	
	i.	Financial statements issued before the effective date of a Statement of Financial Accounting Standards when disclosure is not made of the effect of a restatement which will be required in the future as a result of the FASB Statement?	 	
		[Interpretation 3 of SAS 1, section 410 (AU 9410.1315)]		
14.	[SA	a piecemeal opinion been avoided? S 58, par. 73 (AU 508.73); SAS 14, par. 12 621.12)]	 	
15.	62 8	special reports, have the provisions of SAS and SAS 35 been complied with (i.e., does at st one of the following apply):		
	а.	Statements prepared in accordance with a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles? [SAS 62, pars. 2-10 (AU 623.0210)]	 	
	b.			
		[SAS 62, pars. 11-18 (AU 623.1118); SAS 35 (AU 622)]	 	
	c.	regulatory requirements relating to audited financial statements?	 	
		[SAS 62, pars. 19-31 (AU 623.1931)]		

	d.	scri	ncial information that requires a pre- bed form of auditor's report? 62, pars. 32-33 (AU 623.3233)]	 	
16.	cia	l sta	mation is to accompany the basic finan- atements and auditor's report in an submitted document:		
	a.	clie repr	here a clear distinction between the nt's representations and auditor's esentations?  29, par. 20 (AU 551.20)]	 	
	b.		the auditor's report on the accompany-information:		
		(1)	State that the audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole?	 	
		(2)	Specifically identify the accompanying information?	 	
		(3)	State that the accompanying information is presented for purposes of analysis and is not part of the basic financial statements?	 	
		(4) [SAS	State whether the additional information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in examining the basic financial statements and the appropriate expression or disclaimer? 29, pars. 6-11 (AU 551.0611)]	 	
17.	pan men	ying : t tha	uditor-submitted document with accominformation is co-existing with a docution includes just the basic financial ts and auditor's report:		
	a.	co-es all pres acce	the basic financial statements in all xisting documents consistently include the information necessary for a fair entation in conformity with generally pted accounting principles?  29, par. 21 (AU 551.21)]	 	

	b.	Are any additional comments or explanations by the auditor consistent with the description of the scope of the examination in the auditor's standard (or modified) report? [SAS 29, par. 20 (AU 551.20)]	 	
18.	inf exp	the document contains interim financial ormation, has the auditor's report been anded if required? S 36, pars. 24-30 (AU 722.2430)]	 	
19.		a report on internal control structure is to issued is the appropriate form used for:		
	a.	Expression of an opinion on the entity's internal control structure in effect as of a specified date or during a specific period of time? [SAS 30, pars. 37-46 (AU 642.3746)]	 	
	b.	Report for restricted use of management, specified regulatory agencies, or other specified third parties based solely on documentation made as part of an audit of financial statements but not sufficient for expressing an opinion on the system? [SAS 60]		
	c.	Report on all or part of an entity's internal control structure for restricted use of management or specified regulatory agencies, based on the regulatory agencies' preestablished criteria? [SAS 30, pars. 54-59 (AU 642.5459)]	 	
	d.	Other special-purpose reports on all or parts of the entity's internal control structure for restricted use of management, specified regulatory agencies, or other specified third parties? [SAS 30, pars. 60-61 (AU 642.6061); SAS 44, pars. 35, 41 and 46 (AU 324.35, .41 and .46)]	 	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Reportable conditions in internal control structure that have not been corrected must be communicated, preferably in writing, to senior management and the board of directors or its audit committee.

<sup>[</sup>SAS 60 (AU 325)]

20.	are included in a client-prepared document that contains audited financial statements and the data is derived from the audited financial statements, does the auditor's report indicate the following:	
	a. That he has audited and expressed an opin- ion on the complete financial statements?	
	b. The type of opinion expressed?	
	c. The specific data on which he is reporting?	
	d. Whether, in his opinion, the information set forth in the selected financial data is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the complete financial state- ments from which it has been derived? [SAS 42, par. 9 (AU 552.09)]	
21.	If the selected financial data for any of the years presented are derived from financial statements that were examined by another independent auditor, does the auditor's report on the selected financial data state that fact and express a disclaimer of opinion on that data? [SAS 42, par. 9 (AU 552.09)]	
22.	With respect to condensed financial data stand- ing alone:	
	a. If the organization publishes condensed financial statements, which do not include all required disclosures, standing alone, did the auditor not report on such data [unless in accordance with SAS 62, pars. 11-17 (elements of financial statements)], and not permit his name to be associated improperly with the data? (ACNO, pp. 41, 42) (Note: The form of report illustrated in SAS 42, pars. 5, 6 AU 552.0304, may not be used for a nonpublic entity.) [ACNO, Ch. 7, pp. 41-42]	
23.	If the auditor is reporting on financial state-	

ments prepared on a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles, has the auditor considered whether the financial statements (including the accompanying notes) include all informative

If the financial statements are not

appropriate to issue a special report?
[Interpretation 10 of SAS 62, Section 623

conformity with GAAP, would

(AU 9623.50 and .52)]

YES NO N/A

be

Checklist for Auditors' Reports on Internal Control Structure and Compliance with Laws and Regulations in Accordance with OMB Circular A-1331

This checklist has been developed by the staff of the Technical Information Division of the AICPA as a nonauthoritative practice aid. Accordingly, the notice on page i is incorporated herein by reference.

Explanation of References:

- OMB = Office of Management and Budget
- GAS = Government Auditing Standards ("Yellow Book", issued by GAO, 1988 Revision)
- SAS = Statement on Auditing Standards
  - AU = Reference to section number in AICPA Professional Standards (vol. 1) of SAS cited
- ACNO = AICPA Audit and Accounting Guide, <u>Audits of Certain Non-profit Organizations</u>
  - VHW = AICPA Industry Audit Guide, <u>Audits of Voluntary Health and</u> Welfare Organizations

On March 8, 1990, The Office of Management and Budget issued Circular A-133, Audits of Institutions of Higher Education and Other Nonprofit Institutions, to implement a "single audit" requirement for nonprofit institutions. The requirements of Circular A-133 are similar to those of Circular A-128, i.e. Circular A-133 requires that the auditor perform the audit in accordance with Government Auditing Standards (the "Yellow Book") issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Circular A-133, which supersedes the audit provisions of Circular A-110, is effective for audits of fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 1990. Since Circular A-133 permits biennial audits, some institutions may not be required to follow its requirements until the audit of their financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1992.

Statement on Auditing Standards No. 68, <u>Compliance Auditing Applicable to Governmental Entities and Other Recipients of Governmental Financial Assistance</u>, provides guidance on planning, performing, and reporting on the compliance aspects of audits in accordance with GAAS, GAO Standards, Circular A-128 and Circular A-133.

		<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>	N/A
1.	Does the auditor's report contain a statement that the audit was made in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards as well as in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards? [GAS, Ch. 5, p. 1]			
2.	Does the auditor's report contain a report on the organization's schedule of federal finan- cial assistance programs, which:			
	a. Identifies major programs?			
	<pre>b. Shows total expenditures for each program? [OMB Circular A-133, item 15c(1)]</pre>			
3.	Does the report on compliance contain:			
	a. A statement of positive assurance for those items which were tested for compliance and negative assurance on those items not tested?			
	<ul> <li>All material instances of noncompliance, and all instances or indications of illegal acts which could result in criminal prosecution?</li> <li>[GAS, Ch. 5, p. 2 and Ch. 7, p. 7; SAS 68, par. 21 (AU 801.21)]</li> </ul>			
4.	Does the report on compliance with laws and regulations contain:			
	a. A statement that the auditor has audited the financial statements and a reference to the auditor's report on the financial statements?			
	b. A statement that the audit was conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States?			
	c. A statement that those standards require that the auditor plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement?			

	YES	<u>NO</u>	N/A
d. A statement that management is responsible for compliance with laws, regulations, con- tracts, and grants?			
e. A statement that, as part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, the auditor performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants?			
f. A statement that the auditor's objective was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions?			
g. A statement of positive assurance that the results of the tests indicate that, with respect to the items tested, the entity complied, in all material respects, with the provisions of laws, regulations, con- tracts, and grants referred to in item e. above?			
h. A statement of negative assurance that, with respect to items not tested, nothing came to the auditor's attention that caused him to believe that the entity had not com- plied, in all material respects, with the provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants referred to in item e. above?			
i. A statement that the audit report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, and specific legislative or regulatory bodies, but that this restriction is not intended to limit the distribution of the report, if a matter of public record?			
j. The manual or printed signature of the auditor's firm?			
k. The date of the auditor's report? [SAS 68, par. 24 (AU 801.24)]			
If the financial audit did not require tests of			

compliance with laws and regulations, did the report contain a statement that the auditor did not test for compliance with laws and regula-

[SAS 68, par. 26 (AU 801.26)]

tions?

		YES	<u>NO</u>	N/A
6.	If the auditing procedures disclosed material instances of noncompliance, have the statements of positive and negative assurance been modified? [SAS 68, par. 27 (AU 801.27)]			
7.	Does the qualified report include:			
	a. The definition of material instances of noncompliance noted?			- <del></del>
	b. An identification of material instances of noncompliance tested?			
	c. A statement that the noncompliance noted was considered in forming an opinion on whether the organization's financial state- ments are presented fairly, in conformity with generally accepted accounting princi- ples? [SAS 68, par. 27 (AU 801.27)]	<u></u>		
8.	If the report contains material instances of noncompliance, is a statement included about:			
	a. Whether the misstatements have been corrected?			
	b. A statement describing the effect of such misstatements in the auditor's report on the basic financial statements? [SAS 68, par. 28 (AU 801.28)]			
9.	Are immaterial instances of noncompliance reported in a separate communication to the organization?			
10.	[SAS 68, pars. 30 and 95 (AU 801.30 and .95)]  Does the auditor's report on internal control address the auditor's understanding of the organization's internal control structure and the assessment of control risk made as part of			

the financial statement audit? [SAS 68, par. 33 (AU 801.33)]

11.		s the report on internal control structure lude, at a minimum:		
	a.	The scope of the auditor's work in obtaining an understanding of the internal control structure and in assessing the control risk?	 	•
	b.	The entity's significant internal controls established to ensure compliance with laws and regulations that have a material impact on the financial statements and results of the financial related audit?	 	:
	c.	The reportable conditions, including the identification of material weaknesses, identified as a result of the auditor's work in understanding and assessing control risk?		
	[GA	S, Ch. 5, pp. 5-6, and Ch. 7, pp. 5-6]		
12.	in acc doe	the auditor has noted reportable conditions the financial statement audit conducted in ordance with Government Auditing Standards, as the auditor's report on the internal trol structure contain:		
	a.	A statement that the auditor has audited the financial statements and a reference to the auditor's report on the financial statements?	 	
	b.	A statement that the audit was conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States?	 	
	c.	A statement that, in planning the audit of the financial statements, the auditor considered the entity's internal control structure in order to determine the audit- ing procedures for purposes of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure?	 	
	d.	A statement that the establishment and maintenance of the internal control structure are the responsibilities of management?		

		YES	NO	<u>N/A</u>
e.	An explanation of the broad objectives and inherent limitations of any internal control structure?			
f.	A description of the entity's significant internal control structure policies and procedures categories considered as part of the auditor's understanding of the structure?			
g.	A description of the scope of the auditor's work stating that the auditor obtained an understanding of the design of relevant policies and procedures and whether those policies and procedures have been placed in operation, and assessed control risk?			
h.	The definition of reportable conditions?			
i.	A description of the reportable conditions noted?			
j.	The definition of material weakness?			
k.	A statement about whether the auditor believes any of the reportable conditions described in the report are material weaknesses, and if they are, identifies the material weaknesses noted?			
1.	If applicable, a statement that other matters involving the internal controls structure and its operation were communicated to management in a separate letter?			
	A statement that the report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, and specific legislative or regulatory bodies, but that this restric- tion is not intended to limit the distribu- tion of the report, if a matter of public record? 5 68, par. 40 (AU 801.40)]			
If i	no reportable conditions were noted during audit, was a report in accordance with SAS			
CITE	addic, was a report in accordance with SAS			

68, paragraph 42, issued? [SAS 68, par. 42 (AU 801.42)]

13.

14.		major programs, does the report on compli- e with specific requirements include:		
	a.	If applicable, a statement that the auditor has audited the financial statements and a reference to the auditor's report on the financial statements, including a description of any departure from the standard report?	-	 Market
	b.	A statement that the entity's compliance with the requirements identified in the report was audited and, if applicable, that the auditor also performed and audit of the entity's financial statements and issued a report thereon?		
	c.	A statement that compliance with the requirements in item b. above is the responsibility of the entity's management and that the auditor's responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on the audit?		
	d.	A statement that the audit was conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of Institutions of Higher Education and Other Nonprofit Organizations?		 
	e.	A statement that generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and OMB Circular A-133 require that the auditor plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to in item b. above occurred?		
	f.	A statement that an audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the entity's compliance with the requirements referred to in item b. above?		 
	g.	A statement that the auditor believes that his or her audit provides a reasonable basis for an opinion?		 

pression of an opinion?

	c. [SA	Did the auditor disclose any reservations he or she had regarding compliance with applicable laws and regulations? S 68, par. 84 (AU 801.84)]		
L7.	opi gov pro suc	the auditor expresses a qualified or adverse nion due to noncompliance with requirements erning a major federal financial assistance gram, did the auditor state the basis for h an opinion in the report?  S 68, par. 85 (AU 801.85)]	 	
L8.		s the report on compliance with general uirements include:		
	a.	If applicable, a statement that the auditor has audited the financial statements and a reference to the auditor's report on the financial statements, including a description of any departure from the standard report?	 	
	b.	A statement identifying the general requirements tested?		
	c.	A statement that the auditor's procedures were limited to the applicable procedures described in the Compliance Supplement or that describes alternative procedures?	 	
	d.	A statement that the auditor's procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit and a disclaimer of opinion on compliance with the general requirements?	 	
	e.	A statement of positive assurance that, with respect to the items tested, the results of those procedures disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with the general requirements?	 -	
	f.	A statement of negative assurance that, with respect to items not tested, nothing came to the auditor's attention that caused him or her to believe that the entity had not complied, in all material respects, with the general requirements?		

19.

auditor's obtaining an understanding of internal control structure and assessment of control risk over federal financial assistance programs, as required by OMB

Circular A-133?

e.	A statement that the auditor's procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, and a disclaimer of an opinion on compliance with the requirements identified?	 	
f.	A statement of positive assurance that, with respect to the items tested, the results of those procedures disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with the specific requirements identified?	 	
g.	A statement of negative assurance that, with respect to items not tested, nothing came to the auditor's attention that caused him or her to believe that the entity had not complied, in all material respects, with the specific requirements identified?	 	
h.	A summary of all instances of noncompliance noted and identification of amounts questioned or reference to a separate schedule of findings and questioned costs?	 	
i.	A statement that the report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, and specific legislative or regulatory bodies, but that this restric- tion is not intended to limit the distribu- tion of the report, if a matter of public record?	 _	
j.	The manual or printed signature of the auditor's firm?	 	
k. [SAS	The date of the auditor's report? 68, par. 89 (AU 801.89)]	 	
find guid rega	required by contractual obligations, were dings presented in accordance with the dance in Government Auditing Standards arding reporting on performance audits?  5, Ch. 2, pp. 3-5]	 	- Control of the Cont

20.

21.	If the auditor is not able to follow an applicable standard and is not able to withdraw from the engagement, did the auditor disclose in the scope section of the report the fact that an applicable standard was not followed, the reasons therefor, and the known effect of not following the standard had on the results of the audit? [GAS, Ch. 3, p. 10]	 	
22.	Was the determination that certain standards do not apply to the audit documented in the work papers? [GAS, Ch. 3, p. 16]	 	
23.	Does the auditor's report disclose the status of known but uncorrected significant or material findings and recommendations from prior audits that could have an effect on the current audit objective? [GAS, Ch. 3, p. 16]	 	
24.	Does the auditor's report disclose audit scope impairments in the scope section of the report and the known effect it had on the results of the audit? [GAS, Ch. 3, p. 17]	 	

# Checklist for Accountant's Reports on Compiled or Reviewed Financial Statements of Nonprofit Organizations1

This checklist has been developed by the staff of the Technical Information Division of the AICPA as a nonauthoritative practice aid. Accordingly, the notice on page i is incorporated herein by reference.

Explanation of References:

SSARS = Statement on Standards for Accounting and Review Services

AR = Reference to section number in <u>AICPA Professional Standards</u> (vol. 2) of SSARS cited

HEC	VTT:	ST QUE	STIUNNAIRE			
				YES	<u>NO</u>	<u>N/A</u>
1.	Is	the r	eport appropriately worded?			
	a.		compiled financial statements does the rt state that:			
		(1)	A compilation has been performed in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants?			
		(2)	A compilation is limited to presenting in the form of financial statements information that is the representation of management? [See SSARS No. 3, par. 3 (AR 300.03) for different wording that may be used when the financial statements are included in a prescribed form and the form or related instructions call for departure from generally accepted accounting principles.]	•		
		(3)	The financial statements have not been audited or reviewed and, accordingly, the accountant does not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on them?			
			RS No. 1, par. 14 (AR 100.14); SSARS 5, par. 1 (AR 500.01)]			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>It is assumed that the nonprofit organization meets the criteria of a nonpublic entity as defined in SSARS No. 1, par. 100.04.

b.		reviewed financial statements does the rt state that:		
	(1)	A review was performed in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants?	 	
	(2)	All information included in the financial statements is the representation of the management of the entity?	 	
	(3)	A review consists principally of inquiries of organization personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data?	 	
	(4)	A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole and, accordingly, no such opinion is expressed?		
	(5)	The accountant is not aware of any material modification that should be made to the financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles or, where applicable, with another comprehensive basis of accounting, other than those modifications, if any, indicated in his report?		
	-	RS No. 1, par. 32 (AR 100.32)]		
c.	stat desc the or d	both compiled and reviewed financial ements, does the report exclude a ription of any other procedures that accountant might have performed before uring the engagement?	 	
		RS No. 1, pars. 14 and 32 (AR 100.14 100.32)]		

- 2. For compiled financial statements that contain departures<sup>2</sup> from generally accepted accounting principles or, where applicable, another comprehensive basis of accounting:
  - a. If the departure is the omission in compiled financial statements of substantially all required disclosures does the accountant's report clearly indicate such omission?

    [SSARS No. 1, pars. 19 and 21 (AR 100.19 and 100.21)]
  - b. If compiled financial statements that omit substantially all of the disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles include disclosures about only a few matters in the form of notes to such financial statements, are such disclosures labeled "Selected Information—Substantially All Disclosures Required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (or, where applicable, another comprehensive basis of accounting) Are Not Included"?

    [SSARS No. 1, par. 19 (AR 100.19)]
  - c. If compiled financial statements that omit substantially all required disclosures are prepared on a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles, and if such financial statements do not include disclosure of the basis of accounting used, does the accountant's report disclose the basis of accounting?

    [SSARS No. 1, par. 20 (AR 100.20)]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Other than departures required by a prescribed form or related instructions when the accountant issues a SSARS No. 3 [AR 300] compilation report on financial statements included in a prescribed form.

TEO NO NA	YES	NO	N/A
-----------	-----	----	-----

(1)	report disclose the departure in a separate paragraph? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]			
(2)	If the effects of the departure on the financial statements have been determined by management or are known as a result of the accountant's procedures, are these effects also disclosed in the modified report? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]	<u></u>		
(3)	If the effects of the departure on the financial statements have not been determined, has the accountant stated this in his report? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]	- Additional of the Control of the C	***************************************	***************************************
parture inciple ehensiv ission countar parture	es from generally accepted accounting es or, where applicable, another comve basis of accounting (including the of required disclosures), did the not modify his report to disclose the es?			
SARS No	o. 1, par. 39 (AR 100.39)]			
port parag	disclose the departure in a separate graph?			
If the nanci managacou accouals	ne effects of the departure on the fi- al statements have been determined by gement or are known as a result of the untant's procedures, are these effects disclosed in the modified report?	_		
finar mined his r	cial statements have not been deter- l, has the accountant stated this in eport?			
ect to nancial	the entity for which he has compiled statements, did the accountant state			
	(2)  (3)  r revie parture inciple ehensiv ission countar parture SARS No  If ye port parace [SSAF  If th nanci manace accou also [SSAF  If th finar mined his r [SSAF  the ac ect to nancial	report disclose the departure in a separate paragraph? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  (2) If the effects of the departure on the financial statements have been determined by management or are known as a result of the accountant's procedures, are these effects also disclosed in the modified report? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  (3) If the effects of the departure on the financial statements have not been determined, has the accountant stated this in his report? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  reviewed financial statements, that contain partures from generally accepted accounting inciples or, where applicable, another comehensive basis of accounting (including the ission of required disclosures), did the countant modify his report to disclose the parture?  SARS No. 1, par. 39 (AR 100.39)]  If yes, did the accountant's modified report disclose the departure in a separate paragraph? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]	report disclose the departure in a separate paragraph? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  (2) If the effects of the departure on the financial statements have been determined by management or are known as a result of the accountant's procedures, are these effects also disclosed in the modified report? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  (3) If the effects of the departure on the financial statements have not been determined, has the accountant stated this in his report? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  Treviewed financial statements, that contain partures from generally accepted accounting inciples or, where applicable, another comehensive basis of accounting (including the ission of required disclosures), did the countant modify his report to disclose the parture?  SARS No. 1, par. 39 (AR 100.39)]  If yes, did the accountant's modified report disclose the departure in a separate paragraph? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  If the effects of the departure on the financial statements have been determined by management or are known as a result of the accountant's procedures, are these effects also disclosed in the modified report? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  If the effects of the departure on the financial statements have not been determined, has the accountant stated this in his report? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  the accountant is not independent with reect to the entity for which he has compiled nancial statements, did the accountant state	report disclose the departure in a separate paragraph? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  (2) If the effects of the departure on the financial statements have been determined by management or are known as a result of the accountant's procedures, are these effects also disclosed in the modified report? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  (3) If the effects of the departure on the financial statements have not been determined, has the accountant stated this in his report? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  Treviewed financial statements, that contain partures from generally accepted accounting inciples or, where applicable, another comehensive basis of accounting (including the ission of required disclosures), did the countant modify his report to disclose the parture?  SARS No. 1, par. 39 (AR 100.39)]  If yes, did the accountant's modified report disclose the departure in a separate paragraph? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  If the effects of the departure on the financial statements have been determined by management or are known as a result of the accountant's procedures, are these effects also disclosed in the modified report? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  If the effects of the departure on the financial statements have not been determined, has the accountant stated this in his report? [SSARS No. 1, par. 40 (AR 100.40)]  the accountant is not independent with reet to the entity for which he has compiled hancial statements, did the accountant state

***	370	37 / 3
YES	NO	N/A

are)	not	independent	with	respect	to	XYZ	or-		
ganiza	ation	n"?						 	

(The accountant is precluded from issuing a review report on the financial statements of an entity with respect to which he is not independent.)

[SSARS No. 1, pars. 22 & 38 (AR 100.22 and 100.38)]

- 5. Is the report dated?
- 6. a. Does each page of the financial statements compiled by the accountant include a reference such as "See Accountant's Compilation Report"? [SSARS No. 1, par. 16 (AR 100.16)]

or

- b. Does each page of the financial statements reviewed by the accountant include a reference such as "See Accountant's Review Report"? [SSARS No. 1, par. 34 (AR 100.34)]
- 7. When accompanying information is presented with the financial statements, did the accountant clearly indicate his degree of responsibility with respect to such information as follows:
  - a. If the basic financial statements were reviewed, was the degree of responsibility disclosed in the report or in a separate report on the other data that states:
    - (1) The review has been made primarily for the purpose of expressing limited assurance that there are no material modifications that should be made to the financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles or, where applicable, another comprehensive basis of accounting?

#### and either:

(2) The other data accompanying the financial statements are presented only for supplementary analysis purposes and

have been subjected to the inquiry and analytical procedures applied in the review of the basic financial statements, and the accountant did not become aware of any material modifications that should be made to such data,		
or		
(3) The other data accompanying the financial statements are presented only for supplementary analysis purposes and have not been subjected to the inquiry and analytical procedures applied in the review of the basic financial statements, but were compiled from information that is the representation of management, without audit or review, and the accountant does not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on such data? [SSARS No. 1, par. 43 (AR 100.43)]		
b. If the accountant has compiled both the basic financial statements and other data which is presented for supplementary analysis purposes, does the compilation report also include the other data? [SSARS No. 1, par. 43 (AR 100.43)]	 	
If an audit engagement has been changed to a review or compilation, does the report omit reference to: a) the original engagement, b) any auditing procedures that may have been performed, c) any scope limitation that resulted in the changed engagement? [SSARS No. 1, par. 49 (AR 100.49)]	 	
If comparative financial statements are presented, does the accountant's report cover each period presented? [SSARS No. 2, par. 2 (AR 200.02)]	 	

8.

10.

us of the entity?

Is the report appropriate for the current stat-

[SSARS No. 2, pars. 31-32 (AR 200.31-.32)]

11.	Does each page of the comparative financial statements compiled or reviewed include a reference such as "See Accountant's Report"? [SSARS No. 2, par. 6 (AR 200.06)]	-	
12.	If compiled financial statements which omit substantially all of the disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles are included among the comparative financial statements, do all the periods presented also omit such disclosures and does the accountant's compilation report include an additional paragraph which indicates:		
	a. The nature of the previous service rendered (compilation, review or audit)?		 
	b. Date of the previous report?		 
	<pre>c. Appropriate language in accordance with     SSARS No. 1, paragraphs 19-20 and SSARS No.     2, paragraph 30? [SSARS No. 1, pars. 19-21 (AR 100.1921); SSARS No. 2, pars. 5 and 29-30 (AR 200.05 and 200.2930)]</pre>		
13.	If the level of service performed by the continuing accountant on the current-period financial statements is the same or higher than that performed on the financial statements of the prior period presented, has the continuing accountant's report on the prior period been updated?		
	[SSARS No. 2, pars. 8-10 (AR 200.0810)]		
14.	If the level of service performed by the continuing accountant on the current-period financial statements is lower than that performed on the financial statements of the prior period presented:		
	a. Does the report on the current period in- clude a separate paragraph which describes the responsibility assumed for the prior period?		
	or		

b. Is the report on the current period accompanied by or combined with a reissued re-

	<pre>port on the financial statements of the   prior period presented? [SSARS No. 2, pars. 8 and 11-12 (AR 200.08 and 200.1112)]</pre>		
15.	If the report requires a changed reference to a departure from generally accepted accounting principles regarding the prior period presented, does the explanatory paragraph in the report include:		
	a. The date of the previous report?		_
	b. Description of the circumstances or events underlying the change?		_
	c. Indication, if applicable, that the prior-period financial statements have changed? [SSARS No. 2, pars. 14-15 (AR 200.1415)]		<del>.</del>
16.	If the predecessor accountant does not reissue his compilation or review report on the priorperiod financial statements, has the successor:		
	a. Made appropriate reference in his report to the predecessor's report in accordance with SSARS No. 2?		
	or		
	b. Performed a compilation, review, or audit of the statements of the prior period and reported on them accordingly?		
	[SSARS No. 2, pars. 16-19 (AR 200.1619)]		
17.	If the financial statements of the prior period presented have been changed, has the predecessor or successor reported on them as presented? [SSARS No. 2, pars. 25-26 (AR 200.2526)]	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
18.	If the current-period financial statements were compiled or reviewed and the financial statements of the prior period presented were audited and the audit report has not been reissued, does the current-period report include a separate paragraph which contains the following:		
	a. Statement that the prior-period financial statements were examined previously?		-

		YES	<u>NO</u>	N/A
b.	Date of the previous report?			
c.	Type of opinion expressed previously?			
d.	If the opinion was other than unqualified, the substantive reasons therefor?			
	That no auditing procedures were performed after the date of the previous report?			
[SSZ	ARS No. 2, par. 28 (AR 200.28)]			

[For guidance on situations when the current period is audited and the prior period is compiled or reviewed, see Statement on Auditing Standards No. 26 (AU 504).]

## Illustrative Financial Statements

## Illustrative Auditor's Reports and Financial Statements

The following illustrative auditors' reports and financial statements (exhibits 1 through 6) demonstrate the practical applications of the reporting practices discussed in the AICPA Audit and Accounting Guide, Audits of Certain Nonprofit Organizations and the AICPA Industry Audit Guide, Audits of Voluntary Health and Welfare Organizations. Specific types of nonprofit organizations have been selected to illustrate a wide diversity of reporting practices; it is not intended that these illustrations represent either the only types of disclosure or the only statement formats that would be appropriate. Nonprofit organizations are urged to develop financial statement formats that are appropriate for their individual circumstances while being consistent with the accounting and reporting practices discussed in the AICPA Audit and Accounting Guide, Audits of Certain Nonprofit Organizations and the Industry Audit Guide, Audits of Voluntary Health and Welfare Organizations.

## Illustrative Auditor's Report—Nonprofit Organization

## Independent Auditor's Report

#### [Addressee]

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Sample Nonprofit Organization as of December 31, 19X2, and the related statement(s) of activity [and cash flows] for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Organization's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sample Nonprofit Organization as of December 31, 19X2, and the results of its operations [and cash flows] for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

[Signature] [Date]

## **EXHIBIT 1—INDEPENDENT SCHOOL**

## **EXHIBIT 1A**

# Sample Independent School Balance Sheet

June 30, 19X1

	Operating Funds	Plant Funds	Endowment <u>Funds</u>	Total All Funds
Assets				
Cash	\$ 87,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 19,000	\$ 121,000
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful receivables of \$3,000	34,000	_	_	34,000
Pledges receivable, less allowance for doubtful pledges of \$10,000	_	75,000	_	75,000
Inventories, at lower of cost (FIFO) or market	7,000	_	_	7,000
Investments (Note 2)	355,000	10,000	100,000	465,000
Land, buildings, equipment, and library books, at cost less accumulated	,	ŕ	,	
depreciation of \$980,000 (Note 3)	_	2,282,000	_	2,282,000
Other assets	<u>17,000</u>		<del></del>	<u>17,000</u>
Total assets	\$500,000	\$2,382,000	<u>\$119,000</u>	\$3,001,000
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deferred amounts (Note 6)	\$ 13,000	_	_	\$ 13,000
Unrestricted	86,000	_	_	86,000
Restricted	27,000	\$ 100,000		127,000
Long-term debt (Note 4)		131,000		131,000
Total liabilities	126,000	231,000		357,000
Fund balances Unrestricted				
Designated by the governing board for long-term investment	355,000			355,000
Undesignated	19,000	<del></del>	<del>-</del>	19,000
	374,000			374,000
Restricted—nonexpendable	_	_	\$119,000	119,000
Net investment in plant		2,151,000		2,151,000
Total fund balances	374,000	2,151,000	119,000	2,644,000
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$500,000	\$2,382,000	\$119,000	\$3,001,000

## **EXHIBIT 1B**

## Sample Independent School Statement of Support and Revenue, Expenses, Capital Additions, and Changes in Fund Balances

## Year Ended June 30, 19X1

	Operating Funds		Plant	Endowment	Total	
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Funds	Funds	All Funds
Support and Revenue						
Tuition and fees	\$ 910,000	~	\$ 910,000			\$ 910,000
Contributions	104,000	\$80,500	184,500		_	184,500
Endowment and other investment income	23,000	1,500	24,500	_	<del></del>	24,500
Net loss on investment transactions	(8,000)	_	(8,000)		_	(8,000) 25,000
Auxiliary activities Summer school and other programs	25,000 86,000	_	25,000 86,000	_		86,000
Other sources	26,000	_	26,000			26,000
Total support and revenue	1,166,000	82,000	1,248,000			1,248,000
Expenses						
Program services						
Instruction and student activities	798,000	43,000	841,000	\$ 69,000		910,000
Auxiliary activities	24,000		24,000	_		24,000
Summer school and other programs	91,000		91,000	7,000	_	98,000
Financial aid		37,000	37,000	3,000		40,000
Total program services	913,000	80,000	993,000	79,000		1,072,000
Supporting services						
General administration	147,000	2,000	149,000	13,000		162,000
Fund raising	12,000		12,000	1,000		13,000
Total supporting services	159,000	2,000	161,000	14,000		175,000
Total expenses	1,072,000	82,000	1,154,000	93,000		1,247,000
Excess (deficiency) of support and revenue over expenses						
before capital additions	94,000		94,000	(93,000)		1,000
Capital additions						
Contributions and bequests	_	_		80,000	\$ 30,000	110,000
Investment income	_	_		5,000	_	5,000
Net gain on investment transactions				1,000	2,000	3,000
Total capital additions				86,000	32,000	118,000
Excess (deficiency) of support and						
revenue over expenses after						
capital additions	94,000	-	94,000	(7,000)	32,000	119,000
Fund balances at beginning of year Transfers	387,000	-	387,000	2,047,000	91,000	2,525,000
Equipment acquisitions and principal debt						
service payments	(111,000)		(111,000)	111,000		
Realized gains on endowment funds utilized	4,000		4,000		(4,000)	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 374,000		\$ 374,000	\$2,151,000	\$119,000	\$2,644,000

## **EXHIBIT 1C**

## Sample Independent School Statement of Cash Flows\*

## Year Ended June 30, 19X1

	Operating	Plant	Endowment	Total
	<u>Funds</u>	Funds	<u>Funds</u>	All Funds
Cash flows from operating activities				
Tuition, fees and auxiliary activities	\$ 1,044,000	_	_	\$ 1,044,000
Endowment and investment income	24,500	_	<del>-</del>	24,500
Contributions	187,500	_	-	187,500
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	(1,145,000)	_	_	(1,145,000)
Interest paid	(11,000)			(11,000)
Net cash flow from operating activities	100,000			100,000
Capital cash flows				
Contributions	· -	\$ 95,000	\$ 30,000	125,000
Investment income	_	5,000	_	5,000
Net capital cash flows		100,000	30,000	130,000
Cash flows from financing activities				
Repayments of long-term debt	_	(52,000)	_	(52,000)
Net cash flow from financing activities		(52,000)		(52,000)
Cash flows from investing activities Land, buildings, equipment and library books Purchases Proceeds from sales	<del>-</del>	(1 <b>4</b> 5,000) —	<del>-</del>	(145,000)
Investments				
Purchases	(210,000)	(6,000)	(136,000)	(352,000)
Proceeds	160,000	2,000	47,000	209,000
Net cash flow from investing activities	(50,000)	(149,000)	(89,000)	(288,000)
Increase (decrease) in cash	50,000	(101,000)	(59,000)	(110,000)
Transfers				
Equipment acquisitions and principal				
debt service payments	(111,000)	111,000		_
Realized gains on endowment funds utilized	4,000		(4,000)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(57,000)	10,000	(63,000)	
Cash				
Beginning of year	144,000	5,000	82,000	231,000
End of year	\$ 87,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 19,000	\$ 121,000

<sup>\*</sup>See footnote on page 1.

#### **EXHIBIT 1D**

## Sample Independent School Notes to Financial Statements

## Year Ended June 30, 19X1

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Sample Independent School have been prepared on the accrual basis. The significant accounting policies followed are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

## Fund Accounting

To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the school, the accounts of the school are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. This is the procedure by which resources for various purposes are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds established according to their nature and purposes. Separate accounts are maintained for each fund; however, in the accompanying financial statements, funds that have similar characteristics have been combined into fund groups. Accordingly, all financial transactions have been recorded and reported by fund group.

The assets, liabilities, and fund balances of the school are reported in three self-balancing fund groups as follows:

- Operating funds, which include unrestricted and restricted resources, represent the portion of expendable funds that is available for support of school operations.
- Plant funds represent resources restricted for plant acquisitions and funds expended for plant.
- Endowment funds represent funds that are subject to restrictions of gift instruments requiring in perpetuity that the principal be invested and the income only be used.

### Expendable Restricted Resources

Operating and plant funds restricted by the donor, grantor, or other outside party for particular operating purposes or for plant acquisitions are deemed to be earned and reported as revenues of operating funds or as additions to plant funds, respectively, when the school has incurred expenditures in compliance with the specific restrictions. Such amounts received but not yet earned are reported as restricted deferred amounts.

#### Plant Assets and Depreciation

Uses of operating funds for plant acquisitions and principal debt service payments are accounted for as transfers to plant funds. Proceeds from the sale of plant assets, if unrestricted, are transferred to operating fund balances, or, if restricted, to deferred amounts restricted for plant acquisitions. Depreciation of buildings and equipment is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets on a straight-line basis.

#### Other Matters

All gains and losses arising from the sale, collection, or other disposition of investments and other noncash assets are accounted for in the fund that owned the assets. Ordinary income from investments, receivables, and the like is accounted for in the fund owning the assets, except for income derived from investments of endowment funds, which is accounted for, if unrestricted, as revenue of the expendable operating fund or, if restricted, as deferred amounts until the terms of the restriction have been met.

Legally enforceable pledges less an allowance for uncollectible amounts are recorded as receivables in the year made. Pledges for support of current operations are recorded as operating fund support. Pledges for support of future operations and plant acquisitions are recorded as deferred amounts in the respective funds to which they apply.

## **Note 2—Investments**

Investments are presented in the financial statements in the aggregate at the lower of cost (amortized, in the case of bonds) or fair market value.

of bolius, of full market value.	Cost	Market
Operating funds	\$355,000	\$365,000
Plant funds	10,000	11,000
Endowment funds	100,000	109,000
	\$465,000	\$485,000
Investments are composed of the following:		
1	Cost	Market
Corporate stocks and bonds	\$318,000	\$320,000
U.S. government obligations	141,000	159,000
Municipal bonds	6,000	6,000
•	\$465,000	\$485,000

The following tabulation summarizes the relationship between carrying values and market values of investment assets.

	rket
	r Cost
Balance at end of year \$465,000 \$485,000 \$20	,000
Balance at beginning of year \$327,000 \$335,000	3,000
1 1	2,000
Realized net loss for year (5	(000,
Total net gain for year \$ 7	,000

The average annual yield exclusive of net gains (losses) was 7% and the annual total return based on market value was 9% for the year ended June 30, 19X1.

## **Note 3—Inventories**

Inventories at June 30, 19X1 consist of:

Paper and supply stock	\$2,000
Textbooks	5,000
	\$7,000
Note 4—Plant Assets and Depreciation	<del>===</del>
A summary of plant assets follows:	
Land	\$ 255,000
Buildings	2,552,000
Equipment	340,000
Library books	115,000
	3,262,000
Less accumulated depreciation	980,000
	\$2,282,000
Note 5—Long-Term Debt	
A summary of long-term debt follows:	
7½% unsecured notes payable to bank due in quarterly installments of \$2,500	\$ 29,000
8½% mortgage payable in semiannual	100 000
installments of \$3,500 through 19X7	102,000
	\$131,000

Long-term debt maturing in the next five years consists of:

19X2	\$17,000
19X3	17,000
19X4	16,000
19X5	7,000
19X6	7,000
Total	\$64,000

#### **Note 6—Pension Plans**

Effective July 1, 19X0, the school adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 87, Employers' Accounting for Pensions. Adoption of the statement is accounted for prospectively, without adjustment to prior years. The effect of this change in accounting principles on net pension expense for the year ended June 30, 19X1, was a reduction of \$XX,XXX.

A summary of the components of income follows:

The state of the s	
Service cost—benefits earned during the year Interest cost on projected benefit obligation Actual return on plan assets Net asset gain (loss) deferred for later recognition Amortization of unrecognized net asset	\$ XX,XXX XX,XXX (XX,XXX) (XX,XXX) (XX,XXX)
Net periodic pension income	\$ (XX,XXX)
Funded status of the plan:	
Actuarial present value of benefit obligation	
Accumulated benefit obligation, including vested benefits of \$XX,XXX in 19X1	\$ (XX,XXX)
Projected benefit obligation for service rendered to date	(XX,XXX)
Assets available for benefits	
Plan assets at fair value, primarily listed stocks and U.S. government securities	XXX,XXX
Plan assets in excess of benefit obligation Unrecorded net (gain) loss from past experience different from that assumed and effects of	XX,XXX
changes in assumptions	XXX
Unrecognized net assets at July 1, 19X0 being recognized over XX years	(XX,XXX)
Prepaid pension cost included in other assets	\$ XX,XXX

The weighted average discount rate and rate of increase in future compensation levels in determining the actuarial present value of the projected benefit obligation was X%. The expected long-term rate of return on assets was X%.

In 19X1, \$X,XXX of the vested benefit portion of the projected benefit obligation was settled through the purchase of nonparticipating annuity contracts for certain retired participants and lump sum payments for certain terminated participants. As a result, the school recognized gains of \$X,XXX in 19X1.

## Note 7—Postretirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

Sample Independent School offers postretirement health care and life insurance benefits to substantially all of its retired regular full-time employees. Sample Independent School shares the cost of providing these benefits with all affected retirees. Sample Independent School's cost of providing such benefits is recognized by expensing the insurance programs' premiums as paid. The aggregate amount so expensed totaled \$XX,XXX for the year ended June 30, 19X1. Sample Independent School has made no provision for recognizing the cost or postretirement benefits which may eventually be paid to employees who have not yet retired.

## Note 8—Changes in Deferred Restricted Amounts

	Operating	Plant
	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Balances at beginning of year	\$ 24,000	\$ 25,000
Additions		
Contributions and bequests	<i>79,</i> 000	158,000
Investment income	6,000	1,000
Net gain on investment transactions		2,000
	109,000	186,000
Deductions—funds expended during the year	82,000	86,000
Balances at end of year	\$ 27,000	\$100,000

## Note 9—Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of support and revenue, expenses, capital additions, and changes in fund balances. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

#### Note 10—Commitments

The school has entered into various agreements aggregating approximately \$80,000 for the purchase of equipment to be received subsequent to June 30, 19X1.

## **EXHIBIT 2—UNION**

## **EXHIBIT 2A**

## Sample Union Balance Sheet

## December 31, 19X1 (With Comparative Totals for 19X0)

Assets	General Fund (Undesignated)	Strike Insurance Fund (Designated)	December 31, 19X1 Total	December 31, 19X0 Total
Current assets				
Cash (including savings accounts of \$2,100,000 and \$1,050,000) (Note 3) Investments at market Per capita dues receivable Accrued interest receivable	\$ 650,800 491,800 51,800 1,800	\$ 1,710,000 9,054,200 133,200 210,700	\$ 2,360,800 9,546,000 185,000 212,500	\$ 1,238,100 9,640,400 189,500 214,600
Loans to affiliated organizations (Note 4)	21,400	210,700 —	21,400	27,300
Accounts receivable (less allowance for	21,400		21,400	27,000
doubtful accounts of \$2,300 and \$2,500)	67,900		67,900	68,900
Prepaid expenses	74,900		74,900	71,500
Total current assets	1,360,400	11,108,100	12,468,500	11,450,300
Property, furniture, and equipment at cost (Note 1)				
Land	678,400		678,400	678,400
Buildings (net of accumulated depreciation of \$743,500 and \$675,600)	1,973,400	_	1,973,400	1,515,500
Furniture and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation of \$314,800 and \$278,200)	50,800	<u> </u>	50,800	87,400
Total property, furniture, and equipment	2,702,600		2,702,600	2,281,300
Total assets	\$4,063,000	\$11,108,100	\$15,171,100	\$13,731,600
Liabilities and Fund Balances Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 337,600	<del></del>	\$ 337,600	\$ 423,100
Notes payable	13,100	_	13,100	19,600
Affiliation dues payable	48,800	_	48,800	49,600
Accrued salaries	31,500	_	31,500	33,000
Payroll taxes and employee deductions				
payable	89,300		89,300	90,400
Total current liabilities	520,300	<del>-</del>	520,300	615,700
Fund balances	3,542,700	\$11,108,100	14,650,800	13,115,900
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$4,063,000	\$11,108,100	\$15,171,100	\$13,731,600

## **EXHIBIT 2B**

## Sample Union Statement of Revenue, Expense, and Changes in Fund Balances

## Year Ended December 31, 19X1 (With Comparative Totals for 19X0)

	General Fund (Undesignated)	Strike Insurance Fund (Designated)	December 31, 19X1 Total	December 31, 19X0 Total
Revenue				
Per capita dues (Note 2)	\$9,385,500	\$ 3,532,300	\$12,917,800	\$13,219,800
Initiation fees	24,100		24,100	22,800
Sales of organizational supplies	26,700		26,700	17,900
Rental income	216,300	_	216,300	216,100
Administrative fees—apprentice				
training	11,800		11,800	12,100
Interest income	28,100	609,000	637,100	644,100
Total revenue	9,692,500	4,141,300	13,833,800	14,132,800
Expense (Note 6)				
Program services				
Strike assistance to local unions	877,900	2,630,500	3,508,400	3,345,600
Constitutional convention	154,600		154,600	132,800
Field office services				
Organization	2,054,000	_	2,054,000	2,106,500
Negotiation	2,156,700		2,156,700	2,212,000
Grievance	924,300	. —	924,300	947,900
Total program services	6,167,500	2,630,500	8,798,000	8,744,800
Administrative and general	3,537,700	57,600	3,595,300	1,425,200
Net (gains) losses on investments	(94,400)	_	(94,400)	2,062,800
Total expense	9,610,800	2,688,100	12,298,900	12,232,800
Excess of revenue over expense	81,700	1,453,200	1,534,900	1,900,000
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,461,000	9,654,900	13,115,900	11,215,900
Fund balances, end of year	\$3,542,700	\$11,108,100	\$14,650,800	\$13,115,900

## **EXHIBIT 2C**

# Sample Union Statement of Cash Flows<sup>1</sup>

## Year Ended December 31, 19X1

	General Fund (Undesignated)	Strike Insurance Fund (Designated)	Total All Funds	December 31, 19X0 Total
Cash flows from operating activities			-	
Per capita dues, fees, and sales	\$ 9,450,800	\$ 3,535,500	\$ 12,986,300	\$ 13,276,200
Rental income	216,300		216,300	216,100
Interest income	28,100	610,700	638,800	644,100
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	(9,597,000)	(57,600)	(9,654,600)	(8,821,200)
Strike assistance to local unions	_	(2,630,500)	(2,630,500)	(3,345,600)
Interest paid	(1,600)		(1,600)	(2,200)
Net cash flow from operating activities	96,600	1,458,100	1,554,700	1,967,400
Cash flows from financing activities				
Repayment of debt	(6,500)		(6,500)	(6,500)
Net cash flow from financing activities	(6,500)		(6,500)	(6,500)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of property, furniture and				
equipment	(525,800)	<del>_</del>	(525,800)	(352,000)
Principal collected on loans to affiliated				
organizations	5,900		5,900	2,600
Investments				
Purchases	(103,000)	(110,000)	(213,000)	(1,925,200)
Proceeds from sale	118,900	188,500	307,400	500,000
Net cash flow from investing activities	(504,000)	78,500	(425,500)	(1,774,600)
Increase (decrease) in cash	(413,900)	1,536,600	1,122,700	186,300
Cash				
Beginning of year	1,064,700	173,400	1,238,100	1,051,800
End of year	\$ 650,800	\$ 1,710,000	\$ 2,360,800	\$ 1,238,100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See footnote on page 1.

## **EXHIBIT 2D**

## Sample Union Notes to Financial Statements

## December 31, 19X1, and 19X0

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Sample Union have been prepared on the accrual basis. The significant accounting policies followed are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

## Fund Accounting

To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the Union, the accounts of the Union are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. This is the procedure by which resources for various purposes are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds established according to their nature and purposes. Separate accounts are maintained for each fund; however, in the accompanying financial statements, funds that have similar characteristics have been combined into fund groups. Accordingly, all financial transactions have been recorded and reported by fund group.

The assets, liabilities, and fund balances of the Union are reported in two self-balancing fund groups as follows:

- General funds, which include unrestricted and restricted resources, represent the portion of expendable funds that is available for support of operations.
- Strike funds represent resources restricted for benefits to the membership in the event of a strike.

### Plant Assets and Depreciation

Uses of operating funds for plant acquisitions and principal debt service payments are accounted for as transfers to plant funds. Proceeds from the sale of plant assets, if unrestricted, are transferred to operating fund balances, or, if restricted, to deferred amounts restricted for plant acquisitions. Depreciation of buildings and equipment is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets on a straight-line basis.

#### Other Matters

All gains and losses arising from the sale, collection, or other disposition of investments and other noncash assets are accounted for in the fund that owned the assets. Ordinary income from investments, receivables, and the like is accounted for in the fund owning the assets.

### Note 2—Strike Insurance Fund

In accordance with the provisions of the Union Constitution, 27 percent of the per capita dues paid to the Union are designated for the Strike Insurance Fund. The fund may be distributed for strike relief at the discretion of the Union Executive Board. No charges may be made against the fund for administrative expenses.

## Note 3—Pledged Assets and Contingent Liabilities

The Union is contingently liable as guarantor of a loan of \$15,000 to an affiliated local. In connection with the guarantee, a savings account, having a balance of \$20,000, is pledged as collateral for the loan.

#### Note 4—Loans to Affiliated Organizations

The loans to affiliated organizations represent short-term loans to local unions at current interest rates. All such loans are expected to be collected within one year.

### Note 5—Investments

Investments are presented in the financial statements in the aggregate at fair market value.

	December 31,		
	19X1	19X0	
General fund	\$ 491,800	\$ 496,000	
Strike fund	9,054,200	9,144,400	
	\$9,546,000	\$9,640,400	
Investments are composed of the fo	ollowing:		
U.S. government obligations	\$6,683,000	\$6,748,000	
Municipal bonds	2,863,000	2,892,000	
	\$9,546,000	\$9,640,000	

The average annual yield exclusive of net gains (losses) was 7 percent and the annual total return based on market value was 9 percent for the year ended December 31, 19X1.

#### Note 6-Pension Plan

Effective January 1, 19X0, Sample Union adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 87, Employers' Accounting for Pensions. Adoption of the statement is accounted for prospectively, without adjustment to prior years. The effect of this change in accounting principles on net pension expense for the year ended June 30, 19X1, was a reduction of \$XX,XXX.

A summary of the components of income follows:

10V1	403/0
19X1	19X0
Service cost—benefits earned during the year \$ XX,XXX	\$ XX,XXX
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation XX,XXX	XX,XXX
Actual return on plan assets (XX,XXX)	(XX,XXX)
Net asset gain (loss) deferred for later recognition (XX,XXX)	(XX,XXX)
Amortization of unrecognized net asset (XX,XXX)	(XX,XXX)
Net periodic pension income $\underbrace{\$(XX,XXX)}$	\$ (XX,XXX)
Funded status of the plan:	
Actuarial present value of benefit obligation Accumulated benefit obligation, including vested	
benefits of \$XX,XXX in 19X1 and \$XX,XXX in 19X0 \$ (XX,XXX)	\$ (XX,XXX)
Projected benefit obligation for service rendered to date (XX,XXX)	(XX, XXX)
Assets available for benefits	
Plan assets at fair value, primarily listed stocks and	VVV VVV
U.S. government securities XXX,XXX	XXX,XXX
Plan assets in excess of benefit obligation XX,XXX  Unrecorded net (gain) loss from past experience different from that assumed and effects of	XX,XXX
changes in assumptions XXX	XXX
Unrecognized net assets at July 1, 19X0, being recognized over XX years (XX,XXX)	(XX,XXX)
Prepaid pension cost included in other assets \$ XX,XXX	\$ XX,XXX

The weighted average discount rate and rate of increase in future compensation levels in determining the actuarial present value of the projected benefit obligation was X%. The expected long-term rate of return on assets was X%.

In 19X1 and 19X0, \$X,XXX and \$XX,XXX, respectively, of the vested benefit portion of the projected benefit obligation were settled through the purchase of nonparticipating annuity contracts for certain retired participants and lump sum payments for certain terminated participants. As a result, the Union recognized gains of \$X,XXX and \$X,XXX in 19X1 and 19X0, respectively.

### Note 7—Postretirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

Sample Union offers postretirement health care and life insurance benefits to substantially all of its retired regular full-time employees. Sample Union shares the cost of providing these benefits with all affected retirees. Sample Union's cost of providing such benefits is recognized by expensing the insurance programs' premiums as paid. The aggregate amount so expensed totaled \$XX,XXX and \$XX,XXX for the years ended December 31, 19X1 and 19X0, respectively. Sample Union has made no provision for recognizing the cost of postretirement benefits which may eventually be paid to employees who have not yet retired.

## Note 8—Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund balances. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

## **EXHIBIT 3—MUSEUM**

## **EXHIBIT 3A**

# Sample Museum Balance Sheet

## June 30, 19X1 (With Comparative Totals for 19X0)

Assets	Operating <u>Funds</u>	Plant Funds	Endowment Funds	Total	June 30, 19X0 Total
Current assets					
Cash	\$ 19,800		_	\$ 19,800	\$ 23,700
Receivables, less allowance of \$7,700	145,500	_	_	145,500	125,800
Investments (Note 2)	210,000	_		210,000	_
Inventories, at lower of cost (FIFO)					
or market	121,100	_	_	121,100	120,600
Prepayments	26,600			26,600	12,700
Total current assets	523,000	_	_	523,000	282,800
Fixed assets, net of depreciation (Note 3) Art collection (Note 11)		\$1,964,000	_	1,964,000	1,866,800
Cash held for investment	_	_	\$ 6,000	6,000	3,800
Investments (Note 2)	4,044,500	_	7,688,400	11,732,900	11,709,300
Total	\$4,567,500	\$1,964,000	\$7,694,400	\$14,225,900	\$13,862,700
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deferred revenue and restricted gifts,	\$ 256,900	_	_	\$ 256,900	\$ 252,900
current portion (Note 5)	242,100	_		242,100	208,100
Total current liabilities	499,000			499,000	461,000
Deferred revenue and restricted gifts,					
noncurrent portion (Note 5)	409,900	_	_	409,900	167,300
Fund balances			<u></u>		
Endowment	_	_	\$7,694,400	7,694,400	7,621,800
Land, buildings, and equipment Unrestricted	_	\$1,964,000	anninamen	1,964,000	1,866,800
Designated for investment	3,490,000			3,490,000	3,490,000
Designated for plant expansion	150,000	_	_	150,000	_
Unappropriated	18,600		_	18,600	255,800
Total fund balances	3,658,600	1,964,000	7,694,400	13,317,000	13,234,400
Total	\$4,567,500	\$1,964,000	\$7,694,400	\$14,225,900	\$13,862,700

## **EXHIBIT 3B**

# Sample Museum Statement of Activity

## Year Ended June 30, 19X1 (With Comparative Totals for 19X0)

	Operating <u>Funds</u>	Plant Funds	Endowment Funds	Total	Year Ended June 30, 19X0 Total
Support and revenue	<b>#</b> 404 400			A 404 400	<b>4.00.1</b> 00
Admissions	\$ 131,100			\$ 131,100	\$ 123,400
Government appropriations	110,700	_		110,700	104,000
Gifts and grants (Notes 5 and 8)	130,000			130,000	124,700
Memberships Investment income	48,400 828,800		_	48,400	39,900
Net realized investment gains (losses)	6,300		<del></del>	828,800 6,300	841,700 (2,600)
Revenue, auxiliary activities	483,100	_	<del></del>	483,100	417,200
•					
Total	1,738,400			1,738,400	1,648,300
Expenses					
Program					
Curatorial and conservation	578,600	\$ 27,400		606,000	602,000
Exhibits	108,600	_	-	108,600	109,100
Education	133,400	4,800	_	138,200	131,600
Fellowships	68,200	_		68,200	52,800
Public information	66,400	2,700	_	69,100	67,700
Accession of art for collection,					
net of deaccessions (Note 11)	200,000	_	<del></del>	200,000	170,000
Supporting services					
Management and general	67,400	10,800		78,200	77,300
Fund raising	10,300			10,300	9,600
Cost of sales and expense of auxiliary activities	441,100	8,700		449,800	384,600
Total	1,674,000	54,400		1,728,400	1,604,700
Excess (deficiency) of support and revenue over expenses before capital additions	64,400	(54,400)		10,000	43,600
over expenses before capital additions		(01,100)			
Capital additions			ф. <b>Б</b> .( 400	<b>T</b> < 400	40.000
Gifts and grants (Note 8)	_	_	\$ 76,400	76,400	18,200
Net investment income	_	_	4,700	4,700	1,800
Net realized investment gains (losses)			(8,500)	(8,500)	(2,000)
Total			72,600	72,600	18,000
Excess (deficiency) of support and revenue					
over expenses after capital additions	64,400	(54,400)	72,600	82,600	61,600
Fund balances, beginning of period	3,745,800	1,866,800	7,621,800	13,234,400	13,172,800
Add (deduct) transfers (Note 9)	(151,600)	151,600			
Fund balances, end of period	\$3,658,600 ===================================	\$1,964,000	<u>\$7,694,400</u>	\$13,317,000	\$13,234,400

## **EXHIBIT 3C**

## Sample Museum Statement of Cash Flows<sup>1</sup>

## Year Ended June 30, 19X1

	Operating <u>Funds</u>	Plant Funds	Endowment Funds	Total All Funds
Cash flows from operating activities				
Admissions, memberships and other	\$1,160,200		_	\$1,160,200
Investment income	828,800		_	828,800
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	(1,684,400)			(1,684,400)
Net cash flow from operating activities	304,600			304,600
Capital cash flows				
Ĝifts and grants		_	\$ 76,400	76,400
Investment income			4,700	4,700
Net capital cash flows			81,100	81,100
Cash flows from investing activities Fixed assets				
Purchases	_	(151,600)	_	(151,600)
Proceeds from sales	_	<del>-</del>		-
Investments				
Purchases	(792,000)	_	(396,000)	(1,188,000)
Proceeds	635,100		317,100	952,000
Net cash flow from investing activities	(156,900)	(151,600)	(78,900)	(387,400)
Increase (decrease) in cash	147,700	(151,600)	2,200	(1,700)
Transfers				
Equipment acquisitions and principal debt service payments	(151,600)	151,600	_	_
Net increase(decrease) in cash	(3,900)		2,200	(1,700)
Cash				
Beginning of year	23,700		3,800	27,500
End of year	\$ 19,800	<u>\$ —</u>	\$ 6,000	\$ 25,800

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See footnote on page 1.

#### **EXHIBIT 3D**

## Sample Museum Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 19X1

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Sample Museum have been prepared on the accrual basis. The significant accounting policies followed are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

## Fund Accounting

To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the museum, the accounts of the museum are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. This is the procedure by which resources for various purposes are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds established according to their nature and purposes. Separate accounts are maintained for each fund; however, in the accompanying financial statements, funds that have similar characteristics have been combined into fund groups. Accordingly, all financial transactions have been recorded and reported by fund group.

The assets, liabilities, and fund balances of the museum are reported in three self-balancing fund groups as follows:

- Operating funds, which include unrestricted and restricted resources, represent the portion of expendable funds that is available for support of school operations.
- Plant funds represent resources restricted for plant acquisitions and funds expended for plant.
- Endowment funds represent funds that are subject to restrictions of gift instruments requiring in perpetuity that the principal be invested and the income only be used.

### Expendable Restricted Resources

Operating and plant funds restricted by the donor, grantor, or other outside party for particular operating purposes or for plant acquisitions are deemed to be earned and reported as revenues of operating funds or as additions to plant funds, respectively, when the museum has incurred expenditures in compliance with the specific restrictions. Such amounts received but not yet earned are reported as restricted deferred amounts.

#### Plant Assets and Depreciation

Uses of operating funds for plant acquisitions and principal debt service payments are accounted for as transfers to plant funds. Proceeds from the sale of plant assets, if unrestricted, are transferred to operating fund balances, or, if restricted, to deferred amounts restricted for plant acquisitions. Depreciation of buildings and equipment is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets on a straight-line basis.

#### Other Matters

All gains and losses arising from the sale, collection, or other disposition of investments and other noncash assets are accounted for in the fund that owned the assets. Ordinary income from investments, receivables, and the like is accounted for in the fund owning the assets, except for income derived from investments of endowment funds, which is accounted for, if unrestricted, as revenue of the expendable operating fund or, if restricted, as deferred amounts until the terms of the restriction have been met.

Legally enforceable pledges less an allowance for uncollectible amounts are recorded as receivables in the year made. Pledges for support of current operations are recorded as operating fund support. Pledges for support of future operations and plant acquisitions are recorded as deferred amounts in the respective funds to which they apply.

## **Note 2—Investments**

Investments are presented in the financial statements in the aggregate at the lower of cost (amortized, in the case of bonds) or fair market value.

		June	e 30,	
	19	X1	19	X0
	Cost	Market	Cost	Market
Operating funds	\$4,254,500	\$4,679,950	\$4,171,280	\$4,590,730
Endowment funds	7,688,400	8,452,400	7,538,020	8,296,020
×	\$11,942,900	\$13,132,350	\$11,709,300	\$12,886,750
Investments are composed of the	following:			
Corporate stocks and bonds	\$7,165,740	\$7,879,410	\$7,025,580	\$7,732,050
U.S. government obligations	3,582,870	3,939,705	3,512,790	3,866,025
Municipal bonds	1,194,290	1,313,235	1,170,930	1,288,675
	\$11,942,900	\$13,132,350	\$11,709,300	\$12,886,750

The following tabulation summarizes the relationship between carrying values and market values of investment assets.

			Excess of
	Carrying	Market	Market
	<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>	Over Cost
Balance at end of year	\$11,942,900	\$13,132,350	\$1,189,450
Balance at beginning of year	\$11,709,300	\$12,886,750	1,177,450
Increase in unrealized			
appreciation			12,000
Realized net loss for year			(2,200)
Total net gain for year			\$ 9,800

The average annual yield exclusive of net gains (losses) was 7% and the annual total return based on market value was 9% for the year ended June 30, 19X1.

## Note 3—Plant Assets and Depreciation

A summary of plant assets follows:

	Jun	e 30,
	19X1	19X0
Land	\$ 981,900	\$ 981,900
Buildings	1,636,500	1,636,500
Equipment	654,600	503,000
	3,273,000	3,121,400
Less accumulated depreciation	1,309,000	1,254,600
	\$1,964,000	\$1,866,800

#### Note 4—Pension Plan

Effective July 1, 19X0, Sample Museum adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 87, Employers' Accounting for Pensions.

Adoption of the statement is accounted for prospectively, without adjustment to prior years. The effect of this change in accounting principles on net pension expense for the year ended June 30, 19X1, was a reduction of \$XX,XXX.

A summary of the components of income follows:

	June 30,		
	19X1	19X0	
Service cost—benefits earned during the year	\$ XX,XXX	\$ XX,XXX	
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation	XX,XXX	XX,XXX	
Actual return on plan assets	(XX,XXX)	(XX,XXX)	
Net asset gain (loss) deferred for later recognition	(XX,XXX)	(XX,XXX)	
Amortization of unrecognized net assets	(XX,XXX)	(XX,XXX)	
Net periodic pension income	<u>\$ (XX,XXX)</u>	\$ (XX,XXX)	
Funded status of the plan:			
Actuarial present value of benefit obligation			
Accumulated benefit obligation, including vested benefits of \$XX,XXX in 19X1 and			
\$XX,XXX in 19X0	<u>\$ (XX,XXX)</u>	\$ (XX,XXX)	
Projected benefit obligation for service rendered to date	(XX,XXX)	(XX,XXX)	
Assets available for benefits			
Plan assets at fair value, primarily listed stocks	100/100/		
and U.S. government securities	XXX,XXX	XXX,XXX	
Plan assets in excess of benefit obligation Unrecorded net (gain) loss from past experience different from that assumed and effects of	XX,XXX	XX,XXX	
changes in assumptions	XXX	XXX	
Unrecognized net assets at July 1, 19X0, being			
recognized over XX years	(XX,XXX)	(XX,XXX)	
Prepaid pension cost included in other assets	\$ XX,XXX	\$ XX,XXX	

The weighted average discount rate and rate of increase in future compensation levels in determining the actuarial present value of the projected benefit obligation was X%. The expected long-term rate of return on assets was X%.

In 19X1 and 19X0, \$X,XXX and \$XX,XXX, respectively, of the vested benefit portion of the projected benefit obligation were settled through the purchase of nonparticipating annuity contracts for certain retired participants and lump sum payments for certain terminated participants. As a result, Sample Museum recognized gains of \$X,XXX and \$X,XXX in 19X1 and 19X0, respectively.

## Note 5—Changes in Deferred Restricted Amounts

	Operating Funds		
	Current	<b>Noncurrent</b>	
Balances at beginning of year	\$ 208,100	\$167,300	
Additions			
Contributions and bequests	872,900	242,600	
Investment income	828,800		
Net gain on investment transactions	6,300		
	1,916,100	409,900	
Deductions—funds expended during the year	1,674,000		
Balances at end of year	\$ 242,100	\$409,900	

### Note 6—Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of support and revenue, expenses, capital additions, and changes in fund balances. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

#### **Note 7—Commitments**

The museum has entered into various agreements aggregating approximately \$80,000 for the purchase of equipment to be received subsequent to June 30, 19X1.

#### Note 8—Gifts Received

During the year ended June 30, 19X1, Sample Museum received several endowments totaling \$76,400. The donative instruments stipulate that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity and only the income from the investments of the fund may be expended.

### Note 9—Interfund Transfers

During the year ended June 30, 19X1, the trustees authorized a transfer from the Operating Fund to the Plant Fund in the amount of \$151,600 representing fixed assets purchased with resources of the Operating Fund.

### Note 10—Contributed Services

A substantial number of unpaid volunteers have made significant contributions of their time to develop the Museum's programs, principally in membership development and educational programs. The value of this contributed time is not reflected in these statements since it is not susceptible to objective measurement or valuation.

#### Note 11—Art Collection

In conformity with the practice followed by many museums, art objects purchased and donated are not included in the balance sheet.

The value of the objects acquired by gift for which the Museum can make a reasonable estimate is reported as gifts in the Statement of Activity (\$28,000 in the year ended June 30, 19X1).

The cost of all objects purchased together with the value of objects acquired by gift as indicated in the preceding paragraph, less the proceeds from deaccessions of objects, is reported as a separate program expense. During the year ended June 30, 19X1, purchase of art objects amounted to \$185,000 and the proceeds from deaccessions was \$13,000.

Gifts of cash or other property restricted by donors for the purchase of items for the collection are classified as deferred revenue until acquisitions are made in accordance with the terms of the gifts.

## **EXHIBIT 4—PRIVATE FOUNDATION**

## **EXHIBIT 4A**

# Sample Private Foundation Balance Sheet

## December 31, 19X1, and 19X0

	19X1	19X0
Assets		
Cash	\$ 75,000	\$ 50,000
Accrued interest and dividends receivable	175,000	225,000
Securities, at market (cost, 19X1—\$17,800,000; 19X0—\$17,400,000) (Note 2)		
U.S. government obligations	2,000,000	1,750,000
Corporate and other obligations	5,000,000	7,000,000
Stocks	12,000,000	10,000,000
	19,000,000	18,750,000
Total assets	\$19,250,000	\$19,025,000
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Federal excise taxes payable (Note 3)	\$ 41,000	\$ 39,000
Accrued expenses payable	9,000	11,000
Deferred taxes	10,000	5,000
Unconditional grants payable	40,000	<u>75,000</u>
Total liabilities	100,000	130,000
Commitments (Note 4)		
Fund balance	19,150,000	18,895,000
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$19,250,000	\$19,025,000

## **EXHIBIT 4B**

## Sample Private Foundation Statement of Revenue, Expense, and Changes in Fund Balances

## Years Ended December 31, 19X1, and 19X0

	19X1	19X0
Revenue and support Dividends	\$ 525,000	\$ 500,000
Interest Unrestricted donations	500,000 100,000	585,000 —
Total revenue and support	1,125,000	1,085,000
Expense		
Program services Program grants		
Health	530,000	525,000
Education	390,000	375,000
Program management	82,500	80,000
Management and general expenses	1,002,500	980,000
Provision for federal excise taxes	40,000	38,000
	112,500	108,000
Total expense	1,115,000	1,088,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and support over		
expense before gains (losses) on securities	10,000	(3,000)
Net gains (losses) on securities	245,000	(172,000)
Excess (deficiency) for the year	255,000	(175,000)
Fund balance, beginning of year	18,895,000	19,070,000
Fund balance, end of year	\$19,150,000	\$18,895,000

## **EXHIBIT 4C**

## Sample Private Foundation Statement of Cash Flows\*

## Years Ended December 31, 19X1, and 19X0

	19X1	19X0
Cash flows from operating activities		
Unrestricted donations	\$ 100,000	<b>\$</b> —
Investment income	1,075,000	1,125,000
Grants paid	(955,000)	(920,000)
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	(152,000)	(169,000)
Taxes paid	(38,000)	(39,000)
Net cash flow from operating activities	30,000	3,000
Cash flows from investing activities		
Investments		
Purchases	(5,110,000)	(4,007,000)
Proceeds	_5,105,000	4,000,000
Net cash flow from investing activities	(5,000)	(7,000)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	25,000	(10,000)
Cash		
Beginning of year	50,000	60,000
End of year	\$ 75,000	<u>\$ 50,000</u>

<sup>\*</sup>See footnote on page 1.

#### **EXHIBIT 4D**

## Sample Private Foundation Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 19X1, and 19X0

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Sample Private Foundation have been prepared on the accrual basis. The significant accounting policies followed are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

### Fund Accounting

To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the foundation, the accounts of the foundation are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. This is the procedure by which resources for various purposes are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds established according to their nature and purposes. Separate accounts are maintained for each fund; however, in the accompanying financial statements, funds that have similar characteristics have been combined.

### Expendable Restricted Resources

Funds restricted by the donor, grantor, or other outside party for particular purposes are deemed to be earned and reported as revenues when the foundation has incurred expenditures in compliance with the specific restrictions. Such amounts received but not yet earned are reported as restricted deferred amounts.

## Office Furnishings

Costs of office furnishings and equipment are consistently charged to expense because the foundation does not deem such amounts to be sufficiently material to warrant capitalization and depreciation.

## Note 2—Investments

Investments are presented in the financial statements at fair market value.

Investments are composed of the following:

		Decem	iber 31,	
	19X1		19	X0
	Cost	Market	Cost	<u>Market</u>
Stocks	\$11,240,000	\$12,000,000	\$ 9,280,000	\$10,000,000
U.S. government obligations	1,870,000	2,000,000	1,620,000	1,750,000
Corporate and municipal bonds	4,690,000	5,000,000	6,500,000	7,000,000
	\$17,800,000	\$19,000,000	<u>\$17,400,000</u>	<u>\$18,750,000</u>

The average annual yield exclusive of net gains (losses) was 7% and the annual total return based on market value was 9% for the year ended June 30, 19X1.

#### Note 3—Federal Excise Taxes

In accordance with the applicable provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1969, the foundation is subject to an excise tax on net investment income, including realized gains, as defined in the act. Accordingly, federal excise taxes have been accrued in amounts of \$41,000 and \$39,000 as of December 31, 19X1, and 19X0, respectively.

In addition, the Tax Reform Act requires that certain minimum distributions be made in accordance with a specified formula. At December 31, 19X1, the foundation has distributed approximately \$200,000 more than the required minimum.

#### **Note 4—Commitments**

Trustees of the foundation had approved, as of December 31, 19X1, and 19X0, grants amounting to \$750,000 and \$700,000, respectively. Such grants are subject to the satisfaction by the intended recipients of prior conditions before payment. The commitments outstanding at December 31, 19X1, are scheduled for payment as follows:

Year	Amount
19X2	\$600,000
19X3	100,000
19X4	50,000
	\$750,000

## Note 5—Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund balances. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

# **EXHIBIT 5—RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION**

## **EXHIBIT 5A**

# Sample Religious Organization Balance Sheet

## December 31, 19X1

	Expendable Funds				Nonexpend		
	Operating	Deposit and Loan	Total	Plant Fund	Endowment	Annuity and Life Income	Total All Funds
Assets							
Cash	\$1,750,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 1,760,000	\$ 408,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,190,000
Accounts receivable, less allowance							
for doubtful receivables of \$12,000	520,000	_	520,000		_		520,000
Pledges receivable, less allowance for doubtful pledges of \$25,000	500,000	_	500,000	80,000		_	580,000
Investments (Note 2)	3,800,000	300,000	4,100,000	260,000	1,300,000	178,000	5,838,000
Loans receivable, less allowance for	2,000,000	555,555	2,200,000	-	2,000,000	1,0,000	0,000,000
doubtful loans of \$350,000	_	2,600,000	2,600,000	_	_		2,600,000
Advances to plant funds	_	3,500,000	3,500,000	_	_	-	_ *
Land, buildings, and equipment at							
cost, less accumulated depreciation of \$23,500,000 (Note 3)				44 900 000			44 900 000
Other assets	150,000	_	150,000	44,800,000 —	_	_	44,800,000 150,000
Total assets	\$6,720,000	\$6,410,000	\$13,130,000	\$45,548,000	\$1,320,000	\$180,000	\$56,678,000
Total assets	=======================================	<del>50,410,000</del>	<del>\$13,130,000</del>	φ45,546,000	<del>#1,320,000</del>	<del>\$180,000</del>	<del>950,078,000</del>
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Accounts payable and accrued							
expenses	\$ 600,000	_	\$ 600,000	\$ 20,000		\$120,000	\$ 740,000
Deferred amounts (Note 6)							
Unrestricted	160,000		160,000	_	_	_	160,000
Restricted	870,000		870,000	328,000	_	60,000	1,258,000 — *
Advances from expendable funds Deposits payable		- \$7,310,000	7,310,000	3,500,000	_	<del>-</del>	7,310,000
Long-term debt (Note 4)	_	Ψ7,510,000 —		2,800,000	_		2,800,000
Total liabilities	1,630,000	7,310,000	8,940,000	6,648,000		180,000	12,268,000
Fund balances (deficit)	1,000,000	7,010,000					12,200,000
Unrestricted							
Designated for long-term							
investment	3,800,000	_	3,800,000	_		_	3,800,000
Undesignated	1,290,000	(900,000)	390,000				390,000
	5,090,000	(900,000)	4,190,000	<u></u>			4,190,000
Restricted	_	_	_	_	\$1,320,000	_	1,320,000
Net investment in plant				38,900,000			38,900,000
Total fund balances (deficit)	5,090,000	(900,000)	4,190,000	38,900,000	1,320,000		44,410,000
Total liabilities and fund							
balances	\$6,720,000	\$6,410,000	\$13,130,000	\$45,548,000	\$1,320,000	\$180,000	\$56,678,000

<sup>\*</sup>Interfund borrowings eliminated in combination.

# EXHIBIT 5B

# Sample Religious Organization Statement of Support and Revenue, Expenses, Capital Additions, and Changes in Fund Balances

# Year Ended December 31, 19X1

	Expendable Funds						
	Opera	ting	Deposit		Plant	Endowment	Total
	Unrestricted	Restricted	and Loan	Total	Fund	Funds	All Funds
Support and revenue							
Contributions and bequests	\$ 6,800,000	\$180,000		\$ 6,980,000		_	\$ 6,980,000
Fees for services	4,000,000	<del>-</del>	_	4,000,000	_	_	4,000,000
Endowment and other investment							, ,
income	200,000	40,000	_	240,000	_	_	240,000
Net gain on investment transactions	250,000	_	_	250,000	_	_	250,000
Contributed services	950,000	_	_	950,000	_	<del>_</del>	950,000
Auxiliary activities	205,000		\$535,000	740,000			740,000
Total support and revenue	12,405,000	220,000	535,000	13,160,000	_		13,160,000
Expenses							
Program services							
Pastoral	3,300,000	45,000	_	3,345,000	\$ 300,000	_	3,645,000
Education	4,000,000	80,000	_	4,080,000	460,000	_	4,540,000
Health care	2,800,000	25,000	_	2,825,000	250,000		3,075,000
Social services	900,000	50,000	_	950,000	85,000	<u> </u>	1,035,000
Cemeteries	220,000	20,000	_	240,000	20,000	_	260,000
Religious personnel development	600,000			600,000	55,000	_	655,000
Auxiliary activities	160,000		685,000	845,000	5,000		850,000
Total program services	11,980,000	220,000	685,000	12,885,000	1,175,000		14,060,000
Cumporting corrigos							
Supporting services General administration	180,000			180,000	15,000		195,000
Fund raising	120,000		_	120,000	10,000		130,000
· ·							
Total supporting services	300,000			300,000	25,000		325,000
Total expenses	12,280,000	220,000	685,000	13,185,000	1,200,000		14,385,000
Excess (deficiency) of support							
and revenue over expenses							
before capital additions	125,000		(150,000)	(25,000)	(1,200,000)		(1,225,000)
Capital additions							
Contributions and bequests		_		_	310,000	\$ 200,000	510,000
Investment income	-	_	_	_	15,000	_	15,000
Net gain on investment transactions	_	_	_	_		80,000	80,000
Total capital additions					325,000	280,000	605,000
Excess (deficiency) of support		* 1					
and revenue over expenses							
after capital additions	125,000		(150,000)	(25,000)	(875,000)	280,000	(620,000)
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning	123,000		(130,000)	(23,000)	(073,000)	200,000	(020,000)
of year	5,315,000		(750,000)	4,565,000	39,425,000	1,040,000	45,030,000
Transfers to plant funds for plant	,		, , ,	, , , , , ,	- , - ,	_, ,	,,
acquisitions and principal debt							
service payments financed from							
operating funds	(350,000)	_	_	(350,000)	350,000	_	_
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 5,090,000		\$(900,000)	\$4,190,000	\$38,900,000	\$1,320,000	\$44,410,000
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	= 5,070,000		=======================================	=======================================	=======================================	=======================================	=======================================

## **EXHIBIT 5C**

# Sample Religious Organization Statement of Cash Flows\*

## Year Ended December 31, 19X1

	Expendable Funds				Nonexpendable Funds			
	Operating	Deposit and Loan	Total	Plant Fund	Endowment	Annuity and Life Income	Total All Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities								
Contributions, bequests, and other	\$11,005,000	\$267,000	\$11,272,000	_		_	\$11,272,000	
Endowment and investment income	200,000	 208 000	200,000 208,000	_		_	200,000 208,000	
Interest received  Cash paid to suppliers  and employees	(10,838,000)	208,000 (256,000)	(11,094,000)	_	_	_	(11,094,000)	
Interest paid	(312,000)	(439,000)	(751,000)			\$(12,000)	(763,000)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	55,000	(220,000)	(165,000)			(12,000)	(177,000)	
Capital cash flows Contributions, bequests,								
and other Investment income		_		\$298,000 15,000	\$200,000 —	_	498,000 15,000	
Net capital cash flows				313,000	200,000		513,000	
Cash flows from financing activities								
Issuance of long-term debt Repayments of long-term debt				400,000 (320,000)			400,000 (320,000)	
Net cash flow from financing activities				80,000			80,000	
Cash flows from investing activities								
Land, buildings, and equipment Purchases Investments	_		_	(755,000)	_	_	(755,000)	
Purchases Proceeds	(1,830,000) 1,800,000	(70,000) 210,000	(1,900,000) 2,010,000	 332,000	(784,000) 590,000	(36,000) 49,000	(2,720,000) 2,981,000	
Net cash flow from investing activities	(30,000)	140,000	110,000	(423,000)	(194,000)	13,000	(494,000)	
Increase (decrease) in cash	25,000	(80,000)	(55,000)	(30,000)	6,000	1,000	(78,000)	
Transfers Equipment acquisitions and principal debt service								
payments	(350,000)		(350,000)	350,000				
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(325,000)	(80,000)	(405,000)	320,000	6,000	1,000	(78,000)	
Cash Beginning of year	2,075,000	90,000	2,165,000	88,000	14,000	1,000	2,268,000	
End of year	\$ 1,750,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 1,760,000	\$408,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,190,000	

<sup>\*</sup>See footnote on page 1.

#### **EXHIBIT 5D**

# Sample Religious Organization Notes to Financial Statements

## December 31, 19X1

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Sample Religious Organization have been prepared on the accrual basis. The significant accounting policies followed are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

## Fund Accounting

To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the organization, the accounts of the organization are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. This is the procedure by which resources for various purposes are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds established according to their nature and purposes. Separate accounts are maintained for each fund; however, in the accompanying financial statements, funds that have similar characteristics have been combined into fund groups. Accordingly, all financial transactions have been recorded and reported by fund group.

The assets, liabilities, and fund balances of the organization are reported in three self-balancing fund groups as follows:

- Operating funds, which include unrestricted and restricted resources, represent the portion of expendable funds that is available for support of operations.
- Plant funds represent resources restricted for plant acquisitions and funds expended for plant.
- Endowment funds represent funds that are subject to restrictions of gift instruments requiring in perpetuity that the principal be invested and the income only be used.
- Deposit and loan funds represent resources restricted for loans.
- Annuity and life income funds represent endowment resources of which the organization owns only the principal.

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include the assets, liabilities, fund balances, and financial activities of all institutions and organizations providing services at the level of administration above the individual congregation. All significant balances and transactions among the organizations included in the financial statements have been eliminated.

## Other Matters

Support arising from contributed services of certain religious personnel has been recognized in the accompanying financial statements. The computation of the value of the contribution of those services represents the difference between the stipends and other amounts paid to or on behalf of the religious personnel and the comparable compensation that would be paid to lay persons if lay persons were to occupy those positions. No computation is made for positions that can be held only by religious personnel.

All gains and losses arising from the sale, collection, or other disposition of investments and other noncash assets are accounted for in the fund that owned the assets. Ordinary income from investments, receivables, and the like is accounted for in the fund owning the assets, except for income derived from investments of endowment funds, which is accounted for, if unrestricted, as revenue of the expendable operating fund or, if restricted, as deferred amounts until the terms of the restriction have been met.

Legally enforceable pledges less an allowance for uncollectible amounts are recorded as receivables in the year made. Pledges for support of current operations are recorded as operating fund support. Pledges for support of future operations and plant acquisitions are recorded as deferred amounts in the respective funds to which they apply.

## Expendable Restricted Resources

Operating and plant funds restricted by the donor, grantor, or other outside party for particular operating purposes or for plant acquisitions are deemed to be earned and reported as revenues of operating funds or as additions to plant funds, respectively, when the organization has incurred expenditures in compliance with the specific restrictions. Such amounts received but not yet earned are reported as restricted deferred amounts.

## Plant Assets and Depreciation

Uses of operating funds for plant acquisitions and principal debt service payments are accounted for as transfers to plant funds. Proceeds from the sale of plant assets, if unrestricted, are transferred to operating fund balances, or, if restricted, to deferred amounts restricted for plant acquisitions. Depreciation of buildings and equipment is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets on a straight-line basis.

#### Note 2—Investments

Investments are presented in the financial statements in the aggregate at the lower of cost (amortized, in the case of bonds) or fair market value.

	Cost	<u>Market</u>
Operating funds	\$3,800,000	\$4,180,000
Plant funds	260,000	286,000
Endowment funds	1,300,000	1,430,000
Deposit and loan funds	300,000	330,000
Annuity and life income funds	178,000	196,000
	\$5,838,000	\$6,422,000
Investments are composed of the following:		
	Cost	Market
Corporate stocks and bonds	\$4,087,000	\$4,495,000
U.S. government obligations	1,168,000	1,284,000
Municipal bonds	583,000	643,000
	\$5,838,000	\$6,422,000

The following tabulation summarizes the relationship between carrying values and market values of investment assets.

	Carrying <u>Value</u>	Market Value	Excess of Market Over Cost
Balance at end of year	\$5,838,000	\$6,422,000	\$584,000
Balance at beginning of year	<u>\$5,769,000</u>	\$6,341,000	_572,000
Increase in unrealized appreciation Realized net gain for year			12,000 357,000
Total net gain for year			\$369,000

The average annual yield exclusive of net gains (losses) was 7% and the annual total return based on market value was 9% for the year ended December 31, 19X1.

### Note 3—Plant Assets and Depreciation

A summary of plant assets follows:

Land	\$18,300,000
Buildings	41,000,000
Equipment	9,100,000
	68,300,000
Less accumulated depreciation	23,500,000
	\$44,800,000

## Note 4—Long-Term Debt

A summary of long-term debt follows:

8½% mortgage payable in semiannual installments of \$160,000 through 19XX

\$ 2,800,000

### Note 5—Pension Plan

Effective January 1, 19X0, Sample Religious Organization adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 87, Employers' Accounting for Pensions. Adoption of the statement is accounted for prospectively, without adjustment to prior years. The effect of this change in accounting principles on net pension expense for the year ended December 31, 19X1, was a reduction of \$XX,XXX.

A summary of the components of income follows: Service cost—benefits earned during the year Interest cost on projected benefit obligation Actual return on plan assets Net asset gain (loss) deferred for later recognition Amortization of unrecognized net asset Net periodic pension income	\$ XX,XXX XX,XXX (XX,XXX) (XX,XXX) (XX,XXX) \$ (XX,XXX)
Funded status of the plan:	
Actuarial present value of benefit obligation Accumulated benefit obligation, including vested benefits of \$XX,XXX in 19X1	\$ (XX,XXX)
Projected benefit obligation for service rendered to date	(XX,XXX)
Assets available for benefits Plan assets at fair value, primarily listed stocks and U.S. government securities	XXX,XXX
Plan assets in excess of benefit obligation Unrecorded net (gain) loss from past experience different from that assumed and effects of	XX,XXX
changes in assumptions Unrecognized net assets at January 1, 19X0, being	XXX
recognized over XX years	_(XX,XXX)
Prepaid pension cost included in other assets	<u>\$ XX,XXX</u>

The weighted average discount rate and rate of increase in future compensation levels in determining the actuarial present value of the projected benefit obligation was X%. The expected long-term rate of return on assets was X%.

In 19X1, \$X,XXX of the vested benefit portion of the projected benefit obligation was settled through the purchase of nonparticipating annuity contracts for certain retired participants and lump-sum payments for certain terminated participants. As a result, the organization recognized gains of \$X,XXX in 19X1.

## Note 6—Changes in Deferred Restricted Amounts

			Annuity and
	Operating	Plant	Life Income
	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Fund
Balances at beginning of year	\$ 690,000	\$ 325,000	\$58,000
Additions			
Contributions and bequests	400,000	1,188,000	2,000
Investment income		15,000	_
Net gain on investment transactions			
	1,090,000	1,528,000	60,000
Deductions—funds expended during the			
year	220,000	1,200,000	
Balances at end of year	\$ 870,000	\$ 328,000	\$60,000

### Note 7—Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of support and revenue, expenses, capital additions, and changes in fund balances. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

#### Note 8—Commitment

The organization has a lease for certain office facilities that expires December 31, 19X9. The lease contains operating expense and real estate tax escalation clauses. The minimum rental commitment on the lease as of December 31, 19X1, aggregates approximately \$210,000, with annual payments ranging from \$25,000 to \$35,000. Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 19X1, amounted to \$28,000.

## Illustrative Auditor's Report—Voluntary Health and Welfare Organization

## Independent Auditor's Report

#### [Addressee]

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Sample Voluntary Health and Welfare Service as of December 31, 19X1, and the related statements of support, revenue, and expenses, and changes in fund balances for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Service's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sample Voluntary Health and Welfare Service as of December 31, 19X1, and the results of its operations, and the changes in fund balances for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

## **EXHIBIT 6—VOLUNTARY HEALTH AND WELFARE SERVICE**

## **EXHIBIT 6A**

# Sample Voluntary Health and Welfare Service Balance Sheets

## **December 31, 19X2 and 19X1**

	Current	t Funds, Unrestricted
Assida	19X2	19X1
Assets	** *** ***	<b>** =**</b> 000
Cash	\$2,207,000	\$2,530,000
Investments (Note 2)	2 727 000	2 245 000
For long-term purposes Other	2,727,000	2,245,000
Pledges receivable less allowance for uncollectibles of	1,075,000	950,000
\$105,000 and \$92,000	475,000	363,000
Inventories of educational materials, at cost	70,000	61,000
Accrued interest, other receivables, and	,	,
prepaid expenses	286,000	186,000
Total	\$6,840,000	\$6,335,000
	40/010/000	<del>40,000,000</del>
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Accounts payable	\$ 148,000	\$ 139,000
Research grants payable	596,000	616,000
Contributions designated for future periods	245,000	219,000
Total liabilities and deferred revenues	989,000	974,000
Fund balances Designated by the governing board for Long-term investments Purchases of new equipment Research purposes (Note 3)	2,800,000 100,000 1,152,000	2,300,000 — 1,748,000
Undesignated, available for general activities (Note 4)	1,799,000	1,313,000
Total fund balance	***************************************	
	5,851,000	5,361,000
Total	\$6,840,000	\$6,335,000
Assets		Restricted
Cash	\$ 3,000	\$ 5,000
Investments (Note 2)	71,000	72,000
Grants receivable	58,000	46,000
Total	\$ 132,000	\$ 123,000
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Fund balances	ф 04.000	Φ
Professional education	\$ 84,000 48,000	\$ — 123,000
Research grants	48,000	123,000
Total	<u>\$ 132,000</u>	<u>\$ 123,000</u>

(cont.)

## **EXHIBIT 6—VOLUNTARY HEALTH AND WELFARE SERVICE**

## **EXHIBIT 6A (continued)**

# Sample Voluntary Health and Welfare Service Balance Sheets

## **December 31, 19X2 and 19X1**

Assets	Land, Building an	d Equipment Funds
Cash	\$ 3,000	\$ 2,000
Investments (Note 2)	177,000	145,000
Pledges receivable less allowance for uncollectibles	22 000	25 000
of \$7,500 and \$5,000	32,000	25,000
Land, buildings, and equipment, at cost less accumulated depreciation of \$296,000 and \$262,000 (Note 5)	516,000	513,000
Total	\$ 728,000	\$ 685,000
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Mortgage payable, 8% due 19XX	\$ 32,000	\$ 36,000
Fund balances:		
Expended	484,000	477,000
Unexpended—restricted	212,000	172,000
Total fund balance	696,000	649,000
Total	\$ 728,000	\$ 685,000
Assets	Endowm	ent Funds
Cash	\$ 4,000	\$ 10,000
Investments (Note 2)	1,944,000	2,007,000
Total	\$1,948,000	\$2,017,000
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Fund balance	\$1,948,000	\$2,017,000
Total	\$1,948,000	\$2,017,000
(See accompanying notes to financial statements.)		

## **EXHIBIT 6B**

# Sample Voluntary Health and Welfare Service Statement of Support, Revenue, and Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances

# Year Ended December 31, 19X2, with Comparative Totals for 19X1

	Current	Funds	Land, Building and	Endovenout	Total Al	l Funds
			Equipment Funds		19X2	19X1
Public support and revenue Public support						
Contributions (net of estimated uncollectible pledges of \$195,000 in 19X2 and \$150,000 in 19X1) Contributions to building fund Special events (net of direct costs of \$181,000 in 19X2 and \$163,000 in 19X1)	\$3,764,000 - 104,000	\$162,000 —	\$ — 72,000	\$ 2,000 —	\$3,928,000 72,000 104,000	\$3,976,000 150,000 92,000
Legacies and bequests Received from federated and nonfederated campaigns (which incurred related fund-raising expenses of \$38,000 in 19X2 and \$29,000 in 19X1)	92,000		_	4,000	96,000	129,000
Total public support	4,235,000	162,000	72,000	6,000	275,000 4,475,000	308,000 4,655,000
iotai public support	4,233,000	102,000		0,000	4,473,000	4,033,000
Revenue Membership dues Investment income Realized gain on investment transactions Miscellaneous	17,000 98,000 200,000 42,000		- - - -	_ _ _ 25,000 _	17,000 108,000 225,000 42,000	12,000 94,000 275,000 47,000
Total revenue	357,000	10,000		25,000	392,000	428,000
Total support and revenue	4,592,000	172,000	72,000	31,000	\$4,867,000	\$5,083,000
Expenses Program services Research Public health education Professional education and training Community services	1,257,000 539,000 612,000 568,000	155,000	2,000 5,000 6,000 10,000		\$1,414,000 544,000 618,000 578,000	\$1,365,000 485,000 516,000 486,000
Total program services	2,976,000	155,000	23,000		3,154,000	2,852,000
Supporting services  Management and general  Fund raising  Total supporting services	567,000 642,000 1,209,000		7,000 12,000 19,000		574,000 654,000 1,228,000	638,000 546,000 1,184,000
Total expenses	4,185,000	155,000	42,000		\$4,382,000	
Excess (deficiency) of public support and revenue over expenses	407,000	17,000	30,000	31,000	ψ1,002,000 ———————————————————————————————	4 1,000,000
Other changes in fund balances Property and equipment acquisitions from unrestricted funds Transfer of realized endowment fund appreciation Returned to donor	(17,000) 100,000	_ _ (8,000)	17,000 	— (100,000) —		
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,361,000	123,000	649,000	2,017,000		
Fund balances, end of year	\$5,851,000	\$132,000	\$696,000	\$1,948,000		

(See accompanying notes to financial statements.)

**EXHIBIT 6C** 

# Sample Voluntary Health and Welfare Service Statement of Functional Expenses

# Year Ended December 31, 19X2, with Comparative Totals for 19X1

19X2

1///2										
		P	rogram Service:	3		Suppo	rting Serv	rices		
		Public Health	Professional Education	Community		Management				penses
	Research	Education	and Training	Services	Total	and General	Raising	Total	19X2	19X1
Salaries Employee health and	\$ 45,000	\$291,000	\$251,000	\$269,000	\$ 856,000	\$331,000	\$368,000	\$ 699,000	\$1,555,000	\$1,433,000
retirement benefits Payroll taxes, etc.	4,000 2,000	14,000 16,000	14,000 13,000	14,000 14,000	46,000 45,000	22,000 18,000	15,000 18,000	37,000 36,000	83,000 81,000	75,000 75,000
Total salaries and related expenses	51,000	321,000	278,000	297,000	947,000	371,000	401,000	772,000	1,719,000	1,583,000
Professional fees and contract service										
payments	1,000	10,000	3,000	8,000	22,000	26,000	8,000	34,000	56,000	53,000
Supplies	2,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	41,000	18,000	17,000	35,000	76,000	71,000
Telephone and telegraph	2,000	13,000	10,000	11,000	36,000	15,000	23,000	38,000	74,000	68,000
Postage and shipping	2,000	17,000	13,000	9,000	41,000	13,000	30,000	43,000	84,000	80,000
Occupancy	5,000	26,000	22,000	25,000	78,000	30,000	27,000	57,000	135,000	126,000
Rental of equipment	1,000	24,000	14,000	4,000	43,000	3,000	16,000	19,000	62,000	58,000
Local transportation	3,000	22,000	20,000	22,000	67,000	23,000	30,000	53,000	120,000	113,000
Conferences, conventions,										
meetings	8,000	19,000	71,000	20,000	118,000	38,000	13,000	51,000	169,000	156,000
Printing and publications	4,000	56,000	43,000	11,000	114,000	14,000	64,000	78,000	192,000	184,000
Awards and grants	1,332,000	14,000	119,000	144,000	1,609,000				1,609,000	1,448,000
Miscellaneous	1,000	4,000	6,000	4,000	15,000	16,000	21,000	37,000	52,000	64,000
Total expenses before depreciation	1,412,000	539,000	612,000	568,000	3,131,000	567,000	650,000	1,217,000	4,348,000	4,004,000
Depreciation of buildings and equipment	2,000	5,000	6,000	10,000	23,000	7,000	4,000	11,000	34,000	32,000
Total expenses	\$1,414,000	\$544,000	\$618,000	\$578,000	\$3,154,000	\$574,000	\$654,000	\$1,228,000	\$4,382,000	\$4,036,000

(See accompanying notes to financial statements.)

### **EXHIBIT 6D**

## Sample Voluntary Health and Welfare Service Notes to Financial Statements

## December 31, 19X2

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Sample Voluntary Health and Welfare Service have been prepared on the accrual basis and include the accounts of the Service and its affiliated chapters.

### Fund Accounting

To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the service, the accounts of the service are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. This is the procedure by which resources for various purposes are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds established according to their nature and purposes. Separate accounts are maintained for each fund; however, in the accompanying financial statements, funds that have similar characteristics have been recorded and reported by fund group.

The assets, liabilities, and fund balances of the service are reported in three self-balancing fund groups as follows:

- Current funds, which include unrestricted and restricted resources, represent the portion of expendable funds
  that is available for support of operations.
- Land, building, and equipment funds represent resources restricted for plant acquisitions and funds expended for plant.
- Endowment funds represent funds that are subject to restrictions of gift instruments requiring in perpetuity that the principal be invested and the income only be used.

#### Expendable Restricted Resources

Operating and plant funds restricted by the donor, grantor, or other outside party for particular operating purposes or for plant acquisitions are deemed to be earned and reported as revenues of operating funds or as additions to plant funds, respectively, when the service has incurred expenditures in compliance with the specific restrictions. Such amounts received but not yet earned are reported as restricted deferred amounts.

## Plant Assets and Depreciation

Uses of operating funds for plant acquisitions and principal debt service payments are accounted for as transfers to plant funds. Donated assets are capitalized at fair value. Proceeds from the sale of plant assets, if unrestricted, are transferred to operating fund balances, or, if restricted, to deferred amounts restricted for plant acquisitions. Depreciation of buildings and equipment is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets on a straight-line basis.

## Other Matters

All gains and losses arising from the sale, collection, or other disposition of investments and other noncash assets are accounted for in the fund that owned the assets. Ordinary income from investments, receivables, and the like is accounted for in the fund owning the assets, except for income derived from investments of endowment funds, which is accounted for, if unrestricted, as revenue of the current unrestricted fund or, if restricted, as deferred amounts until the terms of the restriction have been met.

Legally enforceable pledges less an allowance for uncollectible amounts are recorded as receivables in the year made. Pledges for support of current operations are recorded as operating fund support. Pledges for support of future operations and plant acquisitions are recorded as deferred amounts in the respective funds to which they apply. Policies concerning donated materials and services are described in Note 6.

#### Note 2—Investments

Investments are stated at cost. Market values and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at December 31, 19X2, and 19X1 are summarized as follows:

	(Thousands of Dollars)			
	December 31, 19X2		December 31, 19X1	
	Quoted Market Value	Unrealized Appreciation	Quoted Market Value	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
Current unrestricted funds				
For long-term purposes	\$2,735	\$ 8	\$2,230	\$ (15)
Other	1,100	25	941	(9)
Current restricted funds	73	2	73	1
Endowment funds	2,125	181	2,183	176
Land, building and equipment fund	184	7	153	8

Interfund transfers include \$100,000 for 19X2, which represents the portion of the realized appreciation (\$25,000 realized in the current year and \$75,000 realized in prior years) in endowment funds that, under the laws of (a state), were designated by the governing board for unrestricted operations. At December 31, 19X2, \$200,000 of realized appreciation was available in endowment funds, which the governing board may, if it deems prudent, also transfer to the unrestricted fund.

If the organization accounts for its investment on the market value basis, the first part of the above note might be worded as follows:

Cost and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at December 31, 19X2, and 19X1 are summarized as follows:

	(Thousands of Dollars)			
	December 31, 19X2		December 31, 19X1	
	Cost	Unrealized Appreciation	Cost	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
Current unrestricted funds				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
For long-term purposes Other	\$2,727 1,075	\$ 8 25	\$2,245 950	\$ (15) ( 9)
Current restricted funds	<b>7</b> 1	2	72	1
Endowment funds	1,944	181	2,007	176
Land, building and equipment fund	177	7	<b>4</b> 5	8

#### Note 3—Research Grants

The Service's awards for research grants-in-aid generally cover a period of one to three years, subject to annual renewals at the option of the governing board. At December 31, 19X2, \$1,748,000 had been designated by the board for research grants, of which \$596,000 had been awarded for research to be carried out within the next year.

#### Note 4—Proposed Research Center

The XYZ Foundation has contributed \$50,000 to the Service with the stipulations that it be used for the construction of a research center and that construction of the facilities begin within four years. The Service is considering the construction of a research center, the cost of which would approximate \$2,000,000. If the governing board approves the construction of these facilities, it is contemplated that its cost would be financed by a special fund drive.

## Note 5—Land, Buildings and Equipment and Depreciation

Depreciation of buildings and equipment is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. At December 31, 19X2, and 19X1, the costs of such assets were as follows:

	19X2	19X1
Land	\$ 76,000	\$ 76,000
Buildings	324,000	324,000
Medical research equipment	336,000	312,000
Office furniture and equipment	43,000	33,000
Automobiles and trucks	33,000	30,000
Total costs	812,000	775,000
Less accumulated depreciation	296,000	262,000
Net	\$516,000	\$513,000

## Note 6—Donated Materials and Services

Donated materials and equipment are reflected as contributions in the accompanying statements at their estimated values at date of receipt. No amounts have been reflected in the statements for donated services inasmuch as no objective basis is available to measure the value of such services; however, a substantial number of volunteers have donated significant amounts of their time in the organization's program services and in its fund-raising campaigns.

## Note 7—Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt at December 31, 19X2, and 19X1 consists of the following:

	19X2	19X1
8% mortgage note payable in semiannual	<del></del>	
installments of \$5,400 (including principal		
and interest) to December 31, 19Y0		
collateralized by equipment	\$32,000	\$36,000
·		

Long-term debt maturing in the next five years consists of:

19X3	\$ 4,000
19X4	4,000
19X5	4,000
19X6	4,000
19X7	4,000
Total	\$20,000

#### Note 8—Leased Facilities

The buildings used by the organization for its community services programs are leased under operating leases. At December 31, 19X2, fifteen such buildings were being leased at an annual cost of approximately \$12,000.

#### Note 9-Pension Plan

Effective January 1, 19X0, Sample Voluntary Health and Welfare Organization adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 87, *Employers' Accounting for Pensions*. Adoption of the statement is accounted for prospectively, without adjustment to prior years. The effect of this change in accounting principles on net pension expense for the year ended December 31, 19X2, was a reduction of \$XX,XXX.

A summary of the components of income follows:

•	. December 31,	
	19X2	19X1
Service cost—benefits earned during the year	\$ XX,XXX	\$ XX,XXX
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation	XX,XXX	XX,XXX
Actual return on plan assets	(XX,XXX)	(XX,XXX)
Net asset gain (loss) deferred for later recognition	(XX,XXX)	(XX,XXX)
Amortization of unrecognized net asset	<u>(XX,XXX)</u>	<u>(XX,XXX</u> )
Net periodic pension income	<u>\$(XX,XXX)</u>	\$(XX,XXX)
Funded status of the plan:		
Actuarial present value of benefit obligation		
Accumulated benefit obligation, including vested benefits of \$XX,XXX in 19X2 and \$XX,XXX in 19X1	\$ (XX,XXX)	\$ (XX,XXX)
Projected benefit obligation for service rendered	00000	(20/ 20/2)
to date	(XX,XXX)	(XX,XXX)
Assets available for benefits:		
Plan assets at fair value, primarily listed stocks		
and U.S. government securities	XXX,XXX	XXX,XXX
Plan assets in excess of benefit obligation	XX,XXX	XX,XXX
Unrecorded net (gain) loss from past experience different from that assumed and effects of		
changes in assumptions	XXX	XXX
Unrecognized net assets at January 1, 19X0, being		
recognized over XX years	(XX,XXX)	(XX,XXX)
Prepaid pension cost included in other assets	\$ XX,XXX	\$ XX,XXX

The weighted average discount rate and rate of increase in future compensation levels in determining the actuarial present value of the projected benefit obligation was X%. The expected long-term rate of return on assets was X%.

In 19X2 and 19X1, \$X,XXX and \$XX,XXX, respectively, of the vested benefit portion of the projected benefit obligation, were settled through the purchase of nonparticipating annuity contracts for certain retired participants and lump-sum payments for certain terminated participants. As a result, the school recognized gains of \$X,XXX and \$X,XXX in 19X2, and 19X1, respectively.

## Note 10—Postretirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

Sample Voluntary Health and Welfare Organization offers postretirement health care and life insurance benefits to substantially all of its retired regular full-time employees. Sample Voluntary Health and Welfare Organization shares the cost of providing these benefits with all affected retirees. Sample Health and Welfare Organization's cost of providing such benefits is recognized by expensing the insurance programs' premiums as paid. The aggregate amount so expensed totaled \$XX,XXX and \$XX,XXX for the years ended December 31, 19X1, and 19X0, respectively. Sample Voluntary Health and Welfare Organization has made no provision for recognizing the cost of postretirement benefits which may eventually be paid to employees who have not yet retired.

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