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Rick Elam

Leticia B. Romeo

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The Supply Of Accounting Graduates And the Demand For Public Accounting Recruits – 1995

For Academic Year 1993-94





Academic & Career Development Division

The Supply of Accounting Graduates and the Demand for Public Accounting Recruits–1995

For Academic Year 1993-94

By Rick Elam Vice President—Education

Assisted by Leticia B. Romeo Coordinator

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Introduction and Highlights

This 1995 edition of The Supply of Accounting Graduates and the Demand for Public Accounting Recruits is prepared for anyone interested in the demographics of the accounting profession. This report will be useful for individuals involved in planning for university accounting programs, and human resources for accounting firms.

The data reported here is based on a survey conducted in late 1994 and early 1995 of U.S. colleges and universities that offer accounting degrees at the Baccalaureate, Master's or Ph.D. level and a survey of public accounting firms and sole practitioners affiliated with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). The report is presented in two sections: Accounting Graduates presents detailed information regarding the number of accounting degrees awarded by universities during the 1993–94 academic year and Hiring by Public Accounting Firms section reports the hiring of recent college graduates by public accounting firms during the academic year.

Both sections present data weighted to provide a normative profile of the recipients of accounting degrees and individuals newly hired by CPA firms. The Graduates section reports by level of accreditation held by the college or university. The Hiring section reports by size of firm. Both reports present detailed gender and ethnic data. A complete description of the methodology used for gathering and weighting the data is presented in Appendix A.

The most important finding of this year's study is that the number of accounting degrees awarded continues to be about the same as it has been for the past ten years. While there are variations from year to year, this year's total of 60,620 is close to the total reported since 1984 which was the end of the constant growth in accounting degrees that began just after World War II.

The number of accounting degree programs specifically accredited in accounting by the American Assembly of Collegiate Schools of Business has grown steadily since the first program was accredited in the early 1980s. For this report, 105 programs with accounting accreditation granted almost one-third of the degrees awarded by the total of 863 schools in the survey.

The number of individuals taking the Uniform CPA Examination during the two administrations of 1994 dropped 10,000 from the prior year and to the lowest level since 1981. The drop may be attributable to the implementation of a new format for the Examination which may have caused some candidates to put off sitting for the Examination until more information was available.

Accounting Graduates

The following tables present a variety of characteristics of colleges and universities which awarded accounting degrees during 1993–94 and the individuals who received those degrees. The American Assembly of Collegiate Schools of Business (AACSB) and the Association of Collegiate Business Schools and Programs (ACBSP) appear in several tables because both those organizations accredit business degree programs. Business accreditation focuses on all degrees offered within a business program which generally includes one or more degrees in accounting. The AACSB also offers specific accreditation of accounting programs which is the highest level of accreditation available for schools that offer accounting degrees. The majority of accounting degree programs are accredited by regional accrediting organizations that review the entire college or university without special emphasis on business or accounting.

College and University Response Rates

TABLE 1

Number of Schools Surveyed for 1995 Report

	Number of Questionnaires Mailed	Number of Schools Responding	Response Rate %
Accredited in Accounting	105	77	73
Accredited in Business			
By AACSB	194	113	58
By ACBSP	50	27	54
Other Business Administration Programs	514	244	47
Total Schools Surveyed	863	461	53
Public Schools	419	234	56
Private Schools	444	227	51
Majority Schools	777	415	53
Minority Schools	86	46	53

TABLE 2
Graduates by Level of Accreditation 1993–94

	Number of Programs	Bachelor's	Master's	Total
Accounting	105	18,560	3,690	22,250
Business				
AACSB	194	17,100	2,190	19,290
ACBSP	50	1,940	140	2,080
Other	514	15,850	1,150	17,000
Total	863	53,450	7,170	60,620

Accounting Degrees Awarded

TABLE 3
Accounting Degrees Awarded by All Schools
1971–72 through 1993–94

_	Bache	lor's	Mast	Master's		al
	Number of Graduates	Rate of Growth	Number of Graduates	Rate of Growth	Number of Graduates	Rate of Growth
1971–72	23,800		2,200		26,000	_
1972–73	26,300	+ 11%	2,700	+ 23%	29,000	+ 12%
1973–74	31,400	+ 19%	3,400	+ 26%	34,800	+ 20%
1974–75	35,400	+ 13%	4,300	+ 26%	39,700	+ 14%
1975–76	39,900	+ 13%	4,700	+ 9%	44,600	+ 12%
1976–77	44,760	+ 12%	5,620	+ 20%	50,380	+ 13%
1977–78	46,000	+ 3%	5,670	+ 1%	51,670	+ 3%
1978–79	48,800	+ 6%	5,640	- 1%	54,440	+ 5%
1979–80	49,870	+ 2%	5,280	- 6%	55,150	+ 1%
1980–81	49,320	- 1%	5,520	+ 5%	54,840	- 1%
1981–82	50,300	+ 2%	5,570	+ 1%	55,870	+ 2%
1982–83	51,950	+ 3%	5,810	+ 4%	57,760	+ 3%
1983–84	53,020	+ 2%	6,330	+ 9%	59,350	+ 3%
1984–85	51,980	- 2%	5,910	- 7%	57,890	- 2%
1985–86	50,000	- 4%	5,750	- 3%	55,750	- 4%
1986–87	48,030	- 4%	5,580	- 3%	53,610	- 4%
1987–88	46,340	- 4%	4,910	- 12%	51,250	- 4%
1988–89	52,500	+ 13%	5,230	+ 7%	57,730	+ 13%
1989–90	52,320	-0-	5,040	- 4%	57,360	- 1%
1990–91	53,600	+ 1%	5,540	+ 10%	59,140	+ 3%
1991–92	53,320	-0-	7,070	+ 28%	60,390	+ 2%
1992–93	50,060	- 6%	5,330	- 25%	55,390	- 8%
1993–94	53,450	+ 7%	7,170	+ 35%	60,620	+ 9%

FIGURE 1
Trend In Accounting Degrees Awarded
1971–72 through 1993–94

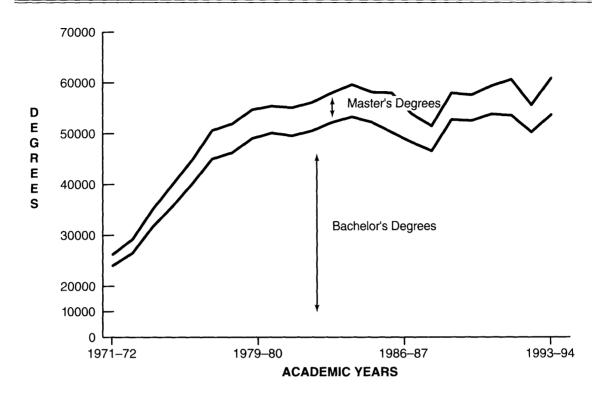


TABLE 4
Accounting Degrees Awarded by Accredited Accounting Programs

	Number of AACSB-Accredited Accounting Programs	Bachelor's	MBA in Accounting	Master's in Accounting
1990–91	91	13,970	370	1,370
1991–92	97	14,380	230	1,470
1992–93	96	16,650	160	850
1993–94	105	18,560	330	3,360

TABLE 5

New Accounting Graduates from AACSB- and ACBSP-Accredited
Business Administration Programs

	Number of AACSB- and ACBSP-Accredited Business Administration Programs	Bachelor's	Master's	Total
1990–91	276*	31,640	4,400	36,040
1991–92	281*	30,950	4,970	35,920
1992–93	310	29,580	4,280	33, 86 0
1993–94	349	37,600	6,023	43,623

st Does not include ACBSP-accredited business administration programs.

TABLE 6

New Accounting Graduates
from Business Administration Programs

	Number of Other Business Administration Programs	Bachelor's	Master's	Total
1990–91	521	21,960	1,140	23,100
1991–92	496	22,370	2,100	24,470
1992–93	554	20,480	1,050	21,530
1993–94	514	15,850	1,150	17,000

TABLE 7

New Accounting Graduates with Bachelor's Degrees from Public and Private Schools

	Public	Private	
1990–91	37,000	16,600	
1991–92	36,750	16,570	
1992–93	34,270	15,790	
1993–94	39,828	13,620	

TABLE 8

New Accounting Graduates with Master's Degrees from Public and Private Schools

	Public	Private	
1990–91	3,680	1,860	
1991–92	4,640	2,430	
1992–93	3,650	1,680	
1993–94	4,291	2,877	

TABLE 9

New Accounting Graduates with Bachelor's Degrees by Geographic Region

	Eastern	North Central	Southern	Pacific
1990–91	13,500	14,900	17,560	7,640
1991–92	13,290	14,610	17,760	7,400
1992–93	11,920	14,510	16,870	6,760
1993–94	11,095	17,135	17,203	8,015

TABLE 10

New Accounting Graduates with Master's Degrees by Geographic Region

		North		
	Eastern	Central	Southern	Pacific
1990–91	1,460	1,400	1,910	770
1991–92	1,870	1,750	2,380	1,050
1992–93	1,400	1,280	1,870	780
1993–94	2,037	1,792	2,449	890

TABLE 11

New Accounting Graduates with Master's Degrees by Type

	Master's in Accounting	MBA in Accounting	Master's in Taxation
1990–91	3,050	1,290	1,200
1991–92	3,670	1,700	1,700
1992–93	3,240	940	1,150
1993–94	3,836	1,282	2,050

FIGURE 2

New Accounting Graduates with Master's Degrees by Type 1993–94

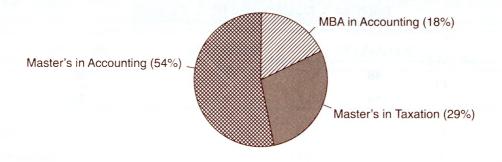


TABLE 12A

Percentage of New Accounting Graduates by Gender
Combined Bachelor's and Master's Degrees

	Male (%)	Female (%)
1990–91	50	50
1991–92	48	52
1992–93	47	53
1993–94	47	53

TABLE 12B

Percentage of New Accounting Graduates by Gender 1993–94
Bachelor's, Master's and Ph.D. Degrees

	Bachelor's (%)	Master's (%)	Ph.D. (%)
Male	46	57	66
Female	54	43	34

FIGURE 3

Percentage of New Accounting Graduates by Gender 1993–94
Bachelor's, Master's, and Ph.D. Degrees

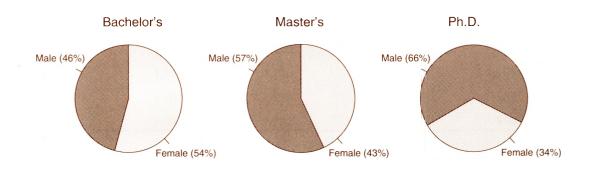


TABLE 13A

Percentage of New Accounting Graduates by Ethnic/Racial Background
Total Bachelor's and Master's Degrees

	Asian (%)	Black (%)	Hispanic (%)	Native American (%)	Other Minorities (%)	Total Ethnic/ Racial (%)	White (%)
1990–91	6	6	4	*	2	18	82
1991–92	7	6	4	*	2	19	81
1992–93	6	7	4	*	3	20	80
1993–94	8	7	5	*	3	23	77

^{*} Less than 0.5%.

TABLE 13B

Percentage of New Accounting Graduates by Ethnic/Racial Background 1993–94
Bachelor's, Master's and Ph.D. Degrees

	Bachelor's (%)	Master's (%)	Ph.D. (%)	
Asian	7	8	15	
Black	8	4	2	
Hispanic	5	4	1	
Native American	1	*	1	
Other Minorities	2	9	8	
Total Ethnic/Racial	23	25	27	
White	77	75	73	

^{*} Less than 0.5%.

FIGURE 4

Percentage of New Accounting Graduates by Ethnic/Racial Background 1993–94 Bachelor's, Master's, and Ph.D. Degrees

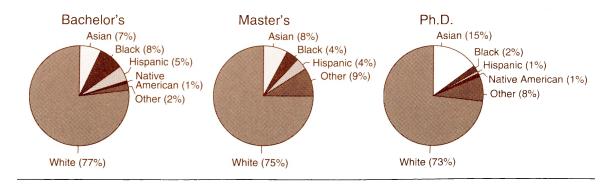


TABLE 14
Placement of New Accounting Graduates 1993–94

	Bachelor's (%)	Master's (%)
Public accounting	26	43
Business/Industry	28	19
Government	4	3
Nonprofit	2	1
Other areas	2	5
Graduate school	7	2
Unknown	31	27

FIGURE 5
Placement of New Accounting Graduates 1993–94
Bachelor's and Master's Degrees

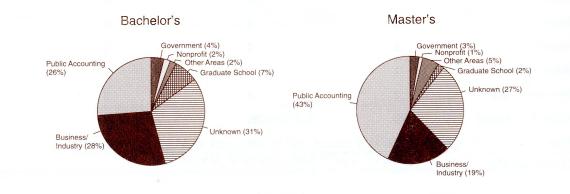


TABLE 15
Placement of Bachelor's Graduates
by Level of Accreditation 1993–94

	Business				
	Accounting	AACSB	ACBSP	Other	
Public accounting	30%	28%	16%	22%	
Business/Industry	23	28	39	32	
Government	2	5	9	5	
Nonprofit	1	2	3	2	
Other areas	2	3	3	3	
Graduate school	8	5	6	6	
Unknown	34	29	24	30	

TABLE 16
Placement of Master's Graduates by Level of Accreditation 1993–94

	Accounting	AACSB	ACBSP	Other
Public accounting	46%	33%	*	49%
Business/Industry	14	31	*	17
Government	3	3	*	5
Nonprofit	1	2	*	4
Other areas	7	2	*	1
Graduate school	2	1	*	1
Unknown	27	28	*	23

^{*} Too few to report.

TABLE 17

Placement of New Accounting Graduates with Bachelor's Degrees by Region 1993–94

	Eastern (%)	North Central (%)	Southern (%)	Pacific (%)
Public accounting	27	29	22	27
Business/Industry	22	31	30	24
Government	3	3	5	4
Nonprofit	1	2	2	3
Other areas	1	2	3	5
Graduate school	3	5	11	8
Unknown	43	28	27	29

TABLE 18

Placement of New Accounting Graduates with Master's Degrees by Region 1993–94

	Eastern (%)	North Central (%)	Southern (%)	Pacific (%)
Public accounting	32	31	56	56
Business/Industry	26	16	17	20
Government	4	3	4	2
Nonprofit	2	1	1	1
Other areas	*	7	3	12
Graduate school	*	2	2	2
Unknown	36	40	17	7

^{*} Less than 0.5%.

TABLE 19
Placement of New Accounting Graduates
by Gender 1993–94

	Bacl	relor's	Ma	ster's	
	Male (%)	Female (%)	Male (%)	Female (%)	
Public accounting	28	25	44	44	
Business/Industry	27	30	18	17	
Government	3	4	3	3	
Nonprofit	2	2	1	2	
Other areas	2	2	6	5	
Graduate school	8	7	2	1	
Unknown	30	30	26	28	

TABLE 20
Placement of New Accounting Graduates with Bachelor's Degrees by Ethnic/Racial Background 1993–94

	Asian (%)	Black (%)	Hispanic (%)	Native American (%)	Other Minorities (%)	Total Ethnic/ Racial (%)	White (%)
Public accounting	20	12	15	14	15	14	27
Business/Industry	17	35	22	19	10	28	30
Government	2	10	10	5	1	8	3
Nonprofit	1	3	3	5	0	3	2
Other areas	5	5	1	0	1	4	2
Graduate school	11	6	16	5	20	9	7
Unknown	44	29	33	52	53	34	29

TABLE 21

Placement of New Accounting Graduates with Master's Degrees by Ethnic/Racial Background 1993–94†

	Asian (%)	Black (%)	Hispanic (%)	Native American (%)	Other Minorities (%)	Total Ethnic/ Racial (%)	White (%)
Public accounting	17	15	56	50	16	21	45
Business/Industry	18	21	20	50	16	19	19
Government	1	15	6	0	2	5	3
Nonprofit	0	8	0	0	0	1	1
Other areas	10	2	3	0	4	6	4
Graduate school	4	2	0	0	3	3	2
Unknown	50	37	15	0	59	45	26

[†] The base for this table includes only 293 non-White graduates, of which 137 are Asian, 52 are Black, 34 are Hispanic, 2 are Native American, and 68 are other minorities.

Accounting Enrollment

TABLE 22
Accounting Enrollment in All Schools 1993–94

	Bachelor's	Master's in Accounting	MBA in Accounting	Master's in Taxation	Ph.D.	Total	
1992–93	179,690	6,860	2,290	2,880	1,070	192,790	
1993–94	189,863	10,114	3,398	5,942	1,002	210,319	

TABLE 23
Percentage of Accounting Students Enrolled by Gender 1993–94

	Bachelor's (%)	Master's (%)	Ph.D. (%)
Male	45	54	61
Female	55	46	39

FIGURE 6

Percentage of Accounting Students Enrolled by Gender 1993–94
Bachelor's, Master's, and Ph.D. Degrees

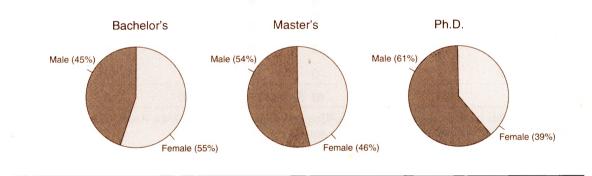


TABLE 24

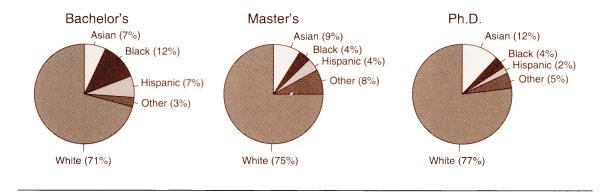
Percentage of Accounting Students Enrolled by Ethnic/Racial Background 1993–94

	Bachelor's (%)	Master's (%)	Ph.D. (%)
Asian	7	9	12
Black	12	4	4
Hispanic	7	4	2
Native American	*	* =	*
Other Minorities	3	8	5
Total Ethnic/Racial	29	25	23
White	71	75	77

^{*} Less than 0.5%.

FIGURE 7

Percentage of Accounting Students Enrolled by Ethnic/Racial Background 1993–94
Bachelor's, Master's, and Ph.D. Degrees



Accounting Enrollment Trends

TABLE 25
Trends in Enrollment in Accounting Programs*

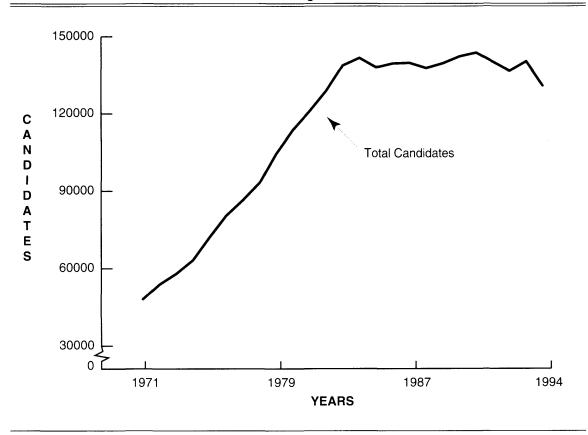
Percent of Schools Indicating That Enrollment Two Years From Now Will Be: Higher Than Lower Than The Same Current as Current Current Enrollment (%) Enrollment (%) Enrollment (%) Bachelor's in accounting 35 49 16 Master's in accounting 73 24 3 MBA in accounting 45 43 12 Master's in taxation 60 38 2 70 Ph.D. in accounting/taxation 15 15

^{*} Percentage distributions for each program exclude schools that do not offer that degree.

Uniform CPA Examination

TABLE 26					
Uniform CPA Ex	camination — 1971–94				
Year	Total Number of Candidates				
1971	53,811				
1972	57,928				
1973	63,165				
1974	72,052				
1975	80,433				
1976	86,464				
1977	93,148				
1978	104,511				
1979	113,629				
1980	120,925				
1981	128,793				
1982	138,677				
1983	141,583				
1984	137,918				
1985	139,454				
1986	139,647				
1987	137,637				
1988	139,474				
1989	142,135				
1990	143,572				
1991	140,042				
1992	136,536				
1993	140,228				
1994	130,803				

FIGURE 8
Uniform CPA Examination
1971 through 1994



Hiring by CPA Firms

In early 1995, the AICPA conducted a survey of all the public accounting firms affiliated with the Institute. Survey questionnaires were sent to those individuals responsible for human resources and asked a variety of questions about newly employed graduates and professional staff. The core question in the survey asked firms to provide a breakdown of both accounting and nonaccounting graduates employed in 1994.

Firms were asked to provide a breakdown of newly employed graduates by gender, ethnic/racial background, and area of assignment (i.e., accounting/auditing, taxation, management consulting services, and other specialty areas). In addition, firms were asked to give information on recruiting activities, professional and paraprofessional staff, and experienced recruits, as well as some general background information.

Because the 14 largest firms account for such a large proportion of newly employed graduates, a greater effort was made to obtain their responses. The firms' responses were tracked, and a series of follow-up phone calls was undertaken in an effort to maximize the collective response rate. A more complete description of the survey is presented in Appendix B.

Public Accounting Firms Response Rates

TABLE 27
CPA Firms Surveyed for 1995 Report

Number of AICPA Members Per CPA Firm	Total Number of Firms	Number of Firms Surveyed	Number of Firms Responding	Response Rate %
More than 200 members	14	14	13	93
50-200 members	56	56	27	48
10-49 members	1,375	1,375	811	59
Less than 10 members	46,598*	4,621	2,149	47
All CPA firms	48,043	6,066	3,000	49

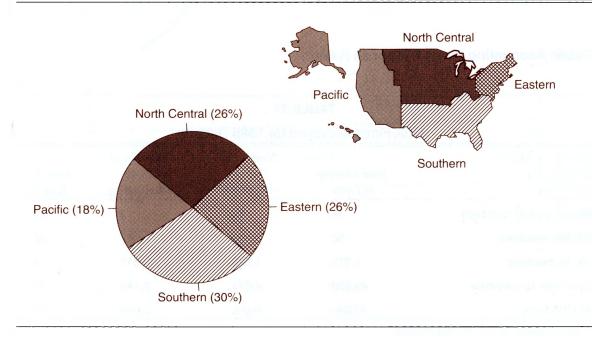
^{*} Total includes 28,187 sole practitioners.

TABLE 28

Demographic Characteristics of Responding CPA Firms

Geographic Location	ı			Ownership of		
of Firm	(%)	Firm Type	(%)	Firm	(%)	
Eastern	26	Local	91	Majority	97	
North Central	26	Regional	8	Minority	3	
Southern	30	National/	1			
Pacific	18	International				

FIGURE 9
Geographic Location of Responding CPA Firms



New Accounting Graduates Hired by CPA Firms

TABLE 29

New Accounting Graduates Hired by CPA Firms

	Bachelor's	Master's	Total Demand
1971	6,800	2,000	8,800
1972	8,900	2,400	11,300
1973	10,000	2,600	12,600
1974	9,500	2,600	12,100
1975	9,200	2,800	12,000
1976	10,010	3,350	13,360
1977	11,660	3,310	14,970
1978	12,770	2,890	15,660
1979	13,500	2,900	16,400
1980	14,100	2,460	16,560
1981	14,200	2,210	16,410
1982	11,970	2,210	14,180
1983	14,490	2,180	16,670
1984	15,640	2,180	17,820
1985	16,510	2,250	18,760
1986	16,110	2,030	18,140
1987	16,720	2,050	18,770
1988	16,740	2,220	18,960
1989	25,240	2,600	27,840
1990	21,340	2,500	23,840
1991	18,840	1,760	20,600
1992	19,870	2,650	22,520
1993	19,320	2,670	21,990
1994	18,500	2,970	21,470

FIGURE 10

New Accounting Graduates Hired by CPA Firms

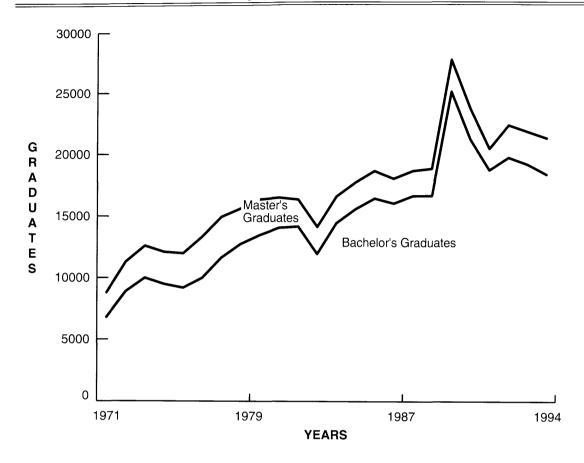


TABLE 30

New Accounting Graduates Hired by CPA Firms by Firm Size

Number of AICPA Members			
Per CPA Firm	Bachelor's	Master's	Total
More than 200 members			
1991	7,960	1,030	8,990
1992	7,270	1,520	8,790
1993	7,540	1,660	9,200
1994	7,430	1,190	9,340
50–200 members			
1991	300	20	320
1992	810	50	860
1993	620	50	670
1994	520	45	565
10-49 members			
1991	2,130	140	2,270
1992	2,180	250	2,430
1993	2,430	220	2,650
1994	3,040	330	3,370
Less than 10 members			
1991	8,450	570	9,020
1992	9,610	830	10,440
1993	8,730	740	9,470
1994	7,510	680	8,190
All CPA firms			
1991	18,840	1,760	20,600
1992	19,870	2,650	22,520
1993	19,320	2,670	21,990
1994	18,500	2,965	21,465

TABLE 31

New Accounting Graduates with Master's Degrees
Hired by CPA Firms as a Percentage of
All New Accounting Graduates Hired
by Firm Size

	Num	Number of AICPA Members Per CPA Firm				
	More than 200 Members (%)	50–200 Members (%)	10–49 Members (%)	Less than 10 Members (%)	All CPA Firms (%)	
1991	11	6	6	6	9	
1992	17	6	10	8	12	
1993	18	7	6	10	13	
1994	20	8	10	8	14	

TABLE 32

Percentage of New Accounting Graduates with Master's Degrees Hired by CPA Firms by Type of Program

	Master's in Accounting (%)	MBA in Accounting (%)	Master's in Taxation (%)
1991	59	19	22
1992	42	20	38
1993	55	24	21
1994	50	26	24

FIGURE 11

Percentage of New Accounting Graduates with Master's Degrees Hired by CPA Firms by Type of Program — 1994

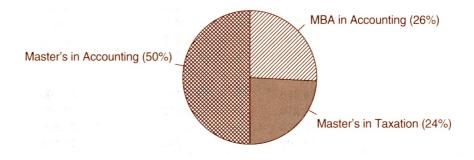


TABLE 33

Percentage of Total New Graduates
Hired by CPA Firms
by Type of Degree

	Total Acc	Total Accounting		
	Bachelor's (%)	Master's (%)	Nonaccounting (%)	
1991	78	7	15	
1992	74	10	16	
1993	72	. 10	18	
1994	72	12	16	

FIGURE 12

Percentage of Total New Graduates Hired by CPA Firms by Type of Degree — 1994

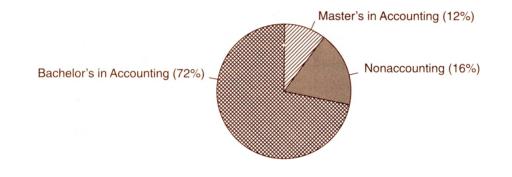


TABLE 34

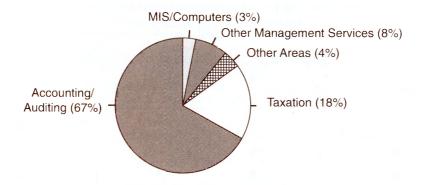
Percentage of New Graduates Hired by CPA Firms by Area of Assignment

		Management Consulting Services					
			C	Other			
Number of AICPA	Accounting/	MIS/	Man	agement	Total		
Members Per	Auditing	Computers	+ Se	rvices =	= MCS	Taxation	Other
CPA Firm	(%)	(%)	(′%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
More than 200 memb	ers						
1991	69	15		2	17	14	*
1992	70	15		2	17	13	*
1993	64	16		6	22	13	1
1994	67	4		13	17	15	1
50-200 members							
1991	84	1		*	1	12	3
1992	85	3		3	6	9	*
1993	69	1		2	3	26	2
1994	78	2		2	4	16	2
10-49 members							
1991	79	1		2	3	15	3
1992	77	2		2	4	16	3
1993	81	2		1	3	13	3
1994	73	3		4	6	17	4
Less than 10 member	rs						
1991	79	2		*	2	15	4
1992	66	4		*	4	24	6
1993	66	3		2	5	20	9
1994	6 6	3		2	5	21	8
All CPA firms							
1991	75	7		2	9	14	2
1992	71	13		2	15	14	*
1993	67	9		4	13	16	4
1994	67	3		8	11	18	4

^{*} Less than 0.5%.

FIGURE 13

Percentage of New Graduates Hired by CPA Firms by Area of Assignment — 1994



Gender Data for New Graduates Hired

TABLE 35
Percentage of New Graduates Hired by CPA Firms by Gender

	Male (%)	Female (%)	
1991	49	51	
1992	54	46	
1993	51	49	
1994	50	50	

TABLE 36

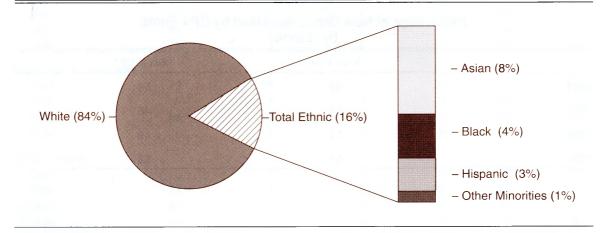
Percentage of New Graduates Hired by CPA Firms by Ethnic/Racial Background

	Asian (%)	Black (%)	Hispanic (%)	Native American (%)	Other Minorities (%)	Total Ethnic/Racial (%)	White (%)
1991	3	3	2	*	*	8	92
1992	6	3	3	*	*	12	88
1993	8	2	3	*	1	14	86
1994	8	4	3	*	1	16	84

^{*} Less than 0.5%.

FIGURE 14

Percentage of New Graduates Hired by CPA Firms by Ethnic/Racial Background — 1994



Professional Staff Hired

Professional staff are defined as CPAs, prospective CPAs, and others with a similar amount of academic training in a field that is part of the practice of public accounting.

TABLE 37

Percentage of Professional Staff Hired by CPA Firms by Gender — 1994

	Number of AICPA Members Per CPA Firm						
	More Than 200 Members (%)	50–200 Members (%)	10–49 Members (%)	Less Than 10 Members (%)	All CPA Firms (%)		
Male	62	64	62	65	64		
Female	38	36	38	35	36		

FIGURE 15

Percentage of Professional Staff Hired by CPA Firms
by Gender — 1994

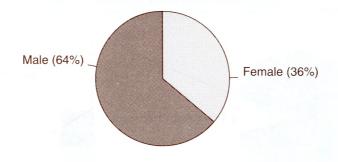


TABLE 38

Percentage of Professional Staff Hired by CPA Firms by Ethnic/Racial Background — 1994

	Number of AICPA Members Per CPA Firm				
	More Than 200 Members (%)	50–200 Members (%)	10–49 Members (%)	Less Than 10 Members (%)	All CPA Firms (%)
Asian	6	1	2	4	4
Black	3	1	2	1	2
Hispanic	3	1	1	2	2
Native America	n *	*	*	*	*
Other Minoritie	**	*	*	*	*
Total Ethnic/ Racial	12	3	6	8	9
White	88	97	94	92	91

^{*} Less than 0.5%.

FIGURE 16

Percentage of Professional Staff Hired by CPA Firms by Ethnic/Racial Background — 1994

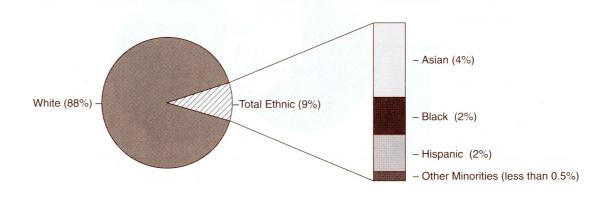


TABLE 39

Professional Staff Turnover by CPA Firm Size

	Professional Staff Turnover
Number of AICPA	(Resignation or Termination) as a
Members Per CPA Firm	Percentage of Total Professional Staff (%)
More than 200 members	
1991	21
1992	21
1993	20
1994	26
50–200 members	
1991	11
1992	13
1993	13
1994	17
10–49 members	
1991	9
1992	10
1993	13
1994	13
Less than 10 members	
1991	7
1992	8
1993	11
1994	9
All CPA firms	
1991	18
1992	20
1993	14
1994	15

TABLE 40

Percentage of Professional Staff Terminated by or Resigned from CPA Firms by Gender — 1994

	Number of AICPA Members Per CPA Firm					
	More Than 200 Members (%)	50–200 Members (%)	10–49 Members (%)	Less Than 10 Members (%)	All CPA Firms (%)	
Male	58	61	52	46	53	
Female	42	39	48	54	47	

TABLE 41

Percentage of Professional Staff Terminated by or Resigned from CPA Firms by Ethnic/Racial Background — 1994

	N ₁	umber of AICPA N	Летbers Per CPA I	Firm	
	More Than 200 Members (%)	50–200 Members (%)	10–49 Members (%)	Less Than 10 Members (%)	All CPA Firms (%)
Asian	7	2	3	7	6
Black	3	*	2	3	3
Hispanic	3	1	1	3	3
Native Americar	ı *	*	*	*	*
Other Minorities	*	1	1	*	*
Total Ethnic/ Racial	13	4	7	13	12
White	87	96	93	87	88

^{*} Less than 0.5%.

TABLE 42
Percentage of CPAs Hired by CPA Firms by Gender — 1994

Number of AICPA Members Per CPA Firm						
	More Than 200 Members (%)	50–200 Members (%)	10–49 Members (%)	Less Than 10 Members (%)	All CPA Firms (%)	
Male	69	71	69	73	72	
Female	31	29	31	27	28	

TABLE 43

Percentage of CPAs Hired by CPA Firms by Ethnic/Racial Background — 1994

	Nı	umber of AICPA N	Летbers Per CPA I	Firm	
	More Than 200 Members (%)	50–200 Members (%)	10–49 Members (%)	Less Than 10 Members (%)	All CPA Firms (%)
Asian	4	1	2	3	3
Black	1	1	*	1	1
Hispanic	2	*	1	2	1
Native American	ז *	*	*	*	*
Other Minorities	*	*	*	*	*
Total Ethnic/ Racial	7	2	3	6	5
White	93	98	97	94	95

^{*} Less than 0.5%.

TABLE 44

Percentage of Partners/Owners Hired by CPA Firms
by Gender — 1994

	Nı	umber of AICPA N	Members Per CPA F	Firm	
	More Than 200 Members (%)	50–200 Members (%)	10–49 Members (%)	Less Than 10 Members (%)	All CPA Firms (%)
Male	94	95	92	85	87
Female	6	5	8	15	13

TABLE 45

Percentage of Partners/Owners Hired by CPA Firms by Ethnic/Racial Background — 1994

	Nı	umber of AICPA N	Летbers Per CPA F	irm	
	More Than 200 Members (%)	50–200 Members (%)	10–49 Members (%)	Less Than 10 Members (%)	All CPA Firms (%)
Asian	2	1	1	3	2
Black	1	*	1	1	1
Hispanic	1	*	*	1	1
Native Americar	n *	*	*	*	*
Other Minorities	1	*	*	*	*
Total Ethnic/ Racial	5	1	2	5	4
White	95	99	98	95	96

^{*} Less than 0.5%.

Experienced Recruits Hired

Experienced recruits are defined as professional staff hired at above entry-level.

TABLE 46
Experienced Recruits Hired in 1994
Relative to 1993
by CPA Firm Size

Number of AICPA Members Per		Percent of CPA Firms Indicating That the Number of Experienced Recruits Hired in 1994 Relative to 1993 Was:			
CPA Firm	Higher (%)	Same (%)	Lower (%)		
More than 200 members	19	71	10		
50-200 members	36	49	15		
10-49 members	48	41	11		
Less than 10 members	69	23	8		
All CPA firms	25	64	11		

Paraprofessional Staff Hired

Paraprofessional staff are defined as nonprofessional staff employed to assist professional staff with clerical and other duties that would not be defined as traditional office duties.

TABLE 47 Paraprofessional Staff Hired in 1994 Relative to 1993 by CPA Firm Size

Number of AICPA Members Per	Percent Indicating They Hire	of Parapro	rms Indicating Tha ofessional Staff Hird elative to 1993 Wa	ed in 1994
CPA Firm	Paraprofessional Staff (%)	Higher (%)	Same (%)	Lower (%)
More than 200 members	62	17	78	5
50-200 members	81	27	66	7
10-49 members	89	42	54	4
Less than 10 members	85	55	36	9
All CPA firms	68	20	74	6

Survey Methodology

Colleges and University Accounting Programs

For this survey the population of colleges and universities granting accounting degrees was defined as all schools with accreditation in accounting plus all schools accredited in business by the American Assembly of Collegiate Schools of Business, or by the Association of Collegiate Business Schools and Programs plus other accounting degree granting programs that appear in Accounting Faculty Directory—1994 (Hasselback, Prentice Hall).

In late 1994, 863 schools offering bachelor's, master's, and/or Ph.D. degrees in accounting were asked for data about the school, its graduates and faculty. Information was gathered regarding the number of each type of degree awarded, the gender, racial/ethnic, and employment placement of individuals receiving those degrees. A copy of the questionnaire can be seen in Appendix B.

To estimate the accounting graduates from nonresponding schools, regression equations were developed that related the number of graduates with bachelor's, master's and/or Ph.D. degrees to the number of accounting faculty for the schools that responded to the survey. The number of accounting faculty members of schools in the survey was obtained from the *Accounting Faculty Directory* — 1994.

CPA Firms

In early 1995, the AICPA conducted a survey of CPA firms affiliated with the Institute. Questionnaires were sent to all CPA firms affiliated with the AICPA that had more than 200 AICPA members and 10 percent of the 46,598 CPA firms that have less than ten AICPA members. Questionnaires asked firms to categorize newly hired recent college graduates by gender, ethnic/racial background, and area of assignment (i.e., accounting/auditing, taxation, management consulting services, and other specialty areas). The firms also were asked to give information on their recruiting efforts, professional and paraprofessional staff, and new hires that had experience. A total of 3,000 CPA firms responded for an overall response rate of 49 percent.

A weighted methodology was used to generate estimates for the firms that did not respond to the questionnaire. Regression analysis was used to estimate the demand by nonresponding firms for accounting graduates. For each of four firm-size categories (more than 200 AICPA members, 50–200 members, 10–49 members and less than 10 members) regression equations were estimated that relate the number of new accounting bachelor's, master's graduates hired to the number of AICPA members for firms that respond to the survey.

Limitations of the Survey Results

A confidence interval or statement of accuracy of the results in the form of "plus or minus x percentage points" is not possible to compute because the methodology used for both surveys is not true statistical sampling for two reasons. The whole population was surveyed so there is no sampling. Secondly, the population surveyed is university accounting programs or CPA firms, not the individuals receiving the degrees or getting the new job and being characterized in the tables.

The demand side of the report intentionally ignores all the new accounting graduates who accept positions in industry, government, education or choose to continue their studies for another degree. The entire emphasis is on hiring by CPA firms.



1211 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10036-8775

> (212) 596-6006 Fax (212) 596-6213

Rick Elam Vice President–Education Academic & Career Development

October 17, 1994

TO ADMINISTRATORS OF ACCOUNTING PROGRAMS:

The AICPA needs your assistance again this year as we gather data for our annual survey of accounting programs. The information you supply will be used for the following publications: The Supply of Accounting Graduates and the Demand for Public Accounting Recruits, and The AICPA Report on Minority Accounting Majors, Graduates, and Public Accounting Professionals. It will also be used to update information in our database of schools that offer accounting programs.

The questionnaire consists of three brief sections:

- **School data** information about your program is preprinted and simply needs to be updated.
- Student data number of accounting majors and degrees awarded during the 1993-94 academic year with ethnic and gender breakdown.
- Faculty data number of accounting faculty, ethnic and gender breakdown.

Please return all three sections in the enclosed envelope by November 14, 1994. If it is necessary to distribute sections to staff members, please make sure that all of the sections are returned to you prior to the deadline.

Your prompt response is essential for us to continue to provide current and relevant information about accounting education in the United States. If you have any questions, please contact Leticia Romeo at (212) 596-6221.

Thank you very much for your assistance.

Sincerely,

Rick Elam, Ph.D., CPA

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SECTION I: SCHOOL DATA

Please review the following information about your school and accounting program(s). Make any corrections or additions directly on this sheet

College/University Name

Address:

Main Telephone:

Fotal Enrollment:

Regional Accreditation:

Business Accreditation:

Level of Accreditation:

Accounting Accreditation:

Level of Accreditation:

UNDERGRAD DIVISION NAME:

Dean:

Accounting Program Head:

Telephone:

FAX Number:

GRADUATE DIVISION NAME:

Dean:

Accounting Program Head:

FAX Number: Telephone:

Undergraduate Accounting Degrees Offered:

Graduate Accounting Degrees Offered:

Doctoral Accounting Degrees Offered:

How can a student fulfill the 150-hour requirement in your program?

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Please answer the following questions as completely and accurately as possible. If your school does not have a bachelor's in accounting program, please skip to Part II. Master's Programs.

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7	5
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2	3
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 ACCOUNTING MAJORS ENROLLED IN BACHELOR'S PROGRAM FOR THE 1994 FALL TERM: A. Please indicate the total number of undergraduates enrolled as accounting majors during the 1994 fall term. 	('S PROGRAM FOR THE 1994 s enrolled as accounting majo	4 FALL TERM: ors during the 1994 fal	term.			
B. Of the total number of accounting majors entered in Q.1A, please give the breakdown by male and female students (in the boxes in the left column) and by ethnic/racial groups (in the boxes along the bottom row). The box in the lower-left corner should match the total provided in Q.1A.	n Q.1A, please give the break left corner should match the t	e the breakdown by male and fer match the total provided in Q.1A.	nale students (in the bo	in the left colum	ın) and by ethnic/racial g	groups (in the
C. Next, please provide as much detail as possible by specifying the number of male and female undergraduates within each ethnic/racial group (in the blank lines provided below).	specifying the number of ma	ile and female underg	raduates within each e	thnic/racial group (in	the blank lines provided	d below).
	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Native American	Other
Male						
Female 40						
Fotal =						
2. ACCOUNTING GRADUATES WITH BACHELOR'S DEGREES AWARDED BETWEEN 9/93 AND 8/94:	EGREES AWARDED BETWEE	EN 9/93 AND 8/94:				
A. Please indicate the total number of students who graduated with accounting-related bachelor's degrees between 9/93 and 8/94.	raduated with accounting-rela	ated bachelor's degre	es between 9/93 and 8,	/94.		
B. Of the total number of graduates with bachelor's degrees entered in groups (in the boxes along the bottom row). The box in the lower-left		Q.2A, please give the breakdown by male and f corner should match the total provided in Q.2A.	i by male and female g wided in Q.2A.	raduates (in the boxe	Q.2A, please give the breakdown by male and female graduates (in the boxes in the left column) and by ethnic/racial corner should match the total provided in Q.2A.	d by ethnic/racial
C. Next, please provide as much detail as possible by specifying the number of male and female graduates within each ethnic/racial group (in the blank lines provided below).	, specifying the number of ma	ale and female gradua	tes within each ethnic/r	acial group (in the b	olank lines provided belo	ıw).
	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Native American	Other
Male						
Female ==						
Total						

3. PLACEMENT OF GRADUATES WITH BACHELOR'S DEGREES AWARDED BETWEEN 9/93 AND 8/94.

C. Of the total number of accounting graduates entered under SECTION A, please indicate under SECTION C the breakdown by ethnic/racial groups for each placement area.

	SECTION A	SECTION B	ON B			SECTION C	ON C		
	Total Placement	Placement by Gender	by Gender		Pla	Placement by Ethnic/Racial Groups	nic/Racial Grou	sdr	
	Total # of graduates who	# of graduates who went into each placement area	s who went cement area		# of gradue	# of graduates who went into each placement area	nto each place	ement area	
Placement Areas	went into each placement area	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Native American	Other
a. Public Accounting	11								
b. Business/Industry	11						77.14		
c. Government	11								
d. Nonprofit Organization	II								
e. Graduate School									
f. Other Areas	II						***		
g. Unknown	11								

D. For the past academic year, are you aware of any gender-related or ethnic/race-related trends in the placement of graduates with bachelor's degrees in accounting? Please be as specific as possible in your comments.

A. Please indicate below under SECTION A, the placement of graduates who earned bachelor's degrees in accounting between 9/93 and 8/94.

B. Of the total number of accounting graduates entered under SECTION A, please indicate under SECTION B the breakdown by male and female graduates for each placement area.

Please answer the following questions as completely and accurately as possible. If your school does not have a master's in accounting or taxation program or an MBA in accounting program, please skip to Part III. Ph.D. Programs.

II. MASTER'S PROGRAMS

1. MASTER'S-LEVEL ACCOUNTING/TAXATION STUDENTS ENROLLED FOR THE 1994 FALL TERM:

Please indicate the number of accounting and taxation students enrolled in each Master's program during the 1994 fall term.

Master's Programs	Number of Students Enrolled During the 1994 Fall Term
A. Master's in accounting—including MA, MS, MAcc, MPA and MAS programs	
B. Master's in taxation—including MBAs with a concentration in tax	
C. MBAs with a concentration in accounting	
D. Total number (A + B + C)	

2. GENDER AND ETHNIC/RACE BREAKDOWN FOR ACCOUNTING/TAXATION STUDENTS IN ALL MASTER'S PROGRAMS FOR THE 1994 FALL TERM:

A. Of the total number of master's-level accounting/taxation students entered in Q.1D above, please give the breakdown by male and female students (in the boxes in the left column) and by ethnic/racial groups (in the boxes along the bottom row). The box in the lower-left corner should match the total provided in Q.1D.

B. Next, please provide as much detail as possible by specifying the number of male and female students within each ethnic/racial group (in the blank lines provided below).

Native

	Male ==	Female ==	Total
White			
Black			
Hispanic			
Asian			
American			
Other			

3. ACCOUNTING/TAXATION GRADUATES WITH MASTER'S DEGREES AWARDED BETWEEN 9/93 AND 8/94:

Please indicate the number of graduates with master's degrees for each of the accounting/taxation programs awarded between 9/93 and 8/94;

Master's Programs	Number of Master's Degrees Awarded Between 9/93 and 8/94
A. Master's in accounting—including MA, MS, MAcc, MPA and MAS programs	
B. Master's in taxation—including MBAs with a concentration in tax	
C. MBAs with a concentration in accounting	
D. Total number (A + B + C)	

4. GENDER AND ETHNIC/RACE BREAKDOWN FOR ACCOUNTING/TAXATION GRADUATES WITH MASTER'S DEGREES AWARDED BETWEEN 9/93 AND 8/94:

A. Of the total number of graduates with master's degrees entered in Q.3D above, please give the breakdown by male and female graduates (in the boxes in the left column) and by ethnic/racial groups (in the boxes along the bottom row). The box in the lower-left corner should match the total provided in Q.3D.

B. Next, please provide as much detail as possible by specifying the number of male and female graduates within each ethnic/racial group (in the blank lines provided below).

	Male	Female	Total
	11	II	11
White			
Black			
Hispanic		1 100	
Asian			
American			
Other			

5. PLACEMENT OF GRADUATES WITH MASTER'S DEGREES AWARDED BETWEEN 9/93 AND 8/94.

C. Of the total number of graduates entered under SECTION A, please indicate under SECTION C the breakdown by ethnic/racial groups for each placement area.

	SECTION A	SECTION B	8 NO			SECTION C	ON C		
	Total Placement	Placement by Gender	y Gender		Pla	Placement by Ethnic/Racial Groups	iic/Racial Grou	sdr	
	Total # of graduates who	# of graduates who went into each placement area	s who went ement area		# of gradua	# of graduates who went into each placement area	nto each place	ement area	
Placement Areas	went into each placement area	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Native American	Other
a. Public Accounting	11		11						
b. Business/Industry			11						
c. Government	11		11						
d. Nonprofit Organization	11		11						
e. Graduate School	11								
f. Other Areas	11		11						
g. Unknown	11		11						

D. For the past academic year, are you aware of any gender-related or ethnic/race-related trends in the placement of graduates with master's degrees in accounting, in taxation, or MBAs with a concentration in accounting? Please be as specific as possible in your comments.

A. Please indicate below under SECTION A, the placement of graduates who earned master's degrees (in accounting, taxation, or MBAs with a concentration in accounting) between 9/93 and 8/94.

B. Of the total number of graduates entered under SECTION A, please indicate under SECTION B the breakdown by male and female graduates for each placement area.

Please answer the following questions as completely and accurately as possible. If your school does not have a Ph.D. in accounting or taxation program, please skip to Part IV. Enrollment Projections.

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ED FOR THE 1994 FALL TERM: in accounting/taxation programs during the 1994 fall term. ve the breakdown by male and female doctoral students (in the boxes in the left column) and by ethnic/racial groups (in hould match the total provided in Q.1A. number of male and female doctoral students within each ethnic/racial group (in the blank lines provided below).	Other				and by ethnic/racial d below).	Other			
ED FOR THE 1994 FALL TERM: in accounting/taxation programs during the 1994 fall term. ve the breakdown by male and female doctoral students (in the boxes in the left column) and by ethnic/racial grouhould match the total provided in Q.1A. number of male and female doctoral students within each ethnic/racial group (in the blank lines provided below).	Native American				Q.2A, please give the breakdown by male and female graduates (in the boxes in the left column) and by eat corner should match the total provided in Q.2A. number of male and female graduates within each ethnic/racial group (in the blank lines provided below).	Native American			
Il term. ents (in the boxes in the each ethnic/racial gro	Asian			3 and 8/94.	le graduates (in the bc thnic/racial group (in t	Asian			
ED FOR THE 1994 FALL TERM: in accounting/taxation programs during the 1994 fall term. re the breakdown by male and female doctoral students (ir nould match the total provided in Q.1A.	Hispanic			AND 8/94: degrees between 9/93	wn by male and femal al provided in Q.2A. aduates within each e	Hispanic	An annual actions		
ED FOR THE 1994 FALL TERM: in accounting/taxation programs ve the breakdown by male and fehould match the total provided in number of male and female doct	Black			DED BETWEEN 9/93 ation-related doctoral	ease give the breakdo should match the toti of male and female gr	Black			
ITS ENROLLED FOR ents enrolled in accout. 1A, please give the braleft corner should may be decifying the number of	White			AAL DEGREES AWAR seived accounting/taxs	s entered in Q.2A, ple in the lower-left corner becifying the number o	White			
AATION STUDEN doctoral-level students entered in Q. he box in the lower as possible by sp.		11 11	11	ES WITH DOCTOR graduates who rec	th doctoral degree om row). The box as possible by sp		II	II	II
 DOCTORAL-LEVEL ACCOUNTING/TAXATION STUDENTS ENROLLED FOR THE 1994 FALL TERM: A. Please indicate the total number of doctoral-level students enrolled in accounting/taxation programs durin. B. Of the total number of doctoral students entered in Q.1A, please give the breakdown by male and female the boxes along the bottom row). The box in the lower-left corner should match the total provided in Q.1A. C. Next, please provide as much detail as possible by specifying the number of male and female doctoral st 				2. ACCOUNTING/TAXATION GRADUATES WITH DOCTORAL DEGREES AWARDED BETWEEN 9/93 AND 8/94: A. Please indicate the total number of graduates who received accounting/taxation-related doctoral degrees between 9/93 and 8/94.	 B. Of the total number of graduates with doctoral degrees entered in Q.2A, please give the breakdown by male and female graduates (in the boxes in the left column) and by ethnic/racial groups (in the boxes along the bottom row). The box in the lower-left corner should match the total provided in Q.2A. C. Next, please provide as much detail as possible by specifying the number of male and female graduates within each ethnic/racial group (in the blank lines provided below). 				
DOCTORAL-LEV A. Please indical B. Of the total nuthe boxes alor C. Next, please p.		Male Female	Total	2. ACCOUNTING/i A. Please indicat	B. Of the total nu groups (in the C. Next, please p		Male	Female	Total

Please answer the following questions as completely and accurately as possible.

IV. ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS

1. For each of the accounting programs listed below, please indicate whether you expect enrollment at your institution two years from now to be higher, lower, or the same as current enrollment. (Please circle one number for each program. If your institution does not currently offer that program, circle "4".)

		Enrollment 2 years from now will be:	from now will be:	
Accounting Programs	Higher than current enrollment	The same as current enrollment	Lower than current enrollment	Do not know/ No opinion
A. Bachelor's—majors in accounting	-	2	က	4
B. Master's in accounting—including students in MA, MS, MAcc, MPA and MAS programs	-	2	ო	4
C. Master's in taxation—including MBA students with a concentration in tax	-	7	м	4
D. MBA students with a concentration in accounting		8	ო	4
E. Ph.D. students in accounting/taxation	-	2	က	4

(Note: Please return all three sections in the enclosed envelope. If the envelope is misplaced, return all three sections to AICPA, Academic & Career Development, Curriculum Data Base Project, 1211 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10036-8775.)

1. GENDER AND ETHNICHACIAL BREAKCOWN FOR THE ACCOUNTING DEPARITION HEADIS) FOR THE 1994 FALL TERM: Undergraduate: Male Famale Famale Graduate: Male Famale Graduate: Male Famale B. Please indicate the ethnicity/ace of the accounting department head(s) for the 1994 fall term by checking the appropriate box(es). White Black Hispanic Asian Native American Other Chaduate: Male Famale Graduate: Male Famale B. Please indicate the ethnicity/ace of the accounting department head(s) for the 1994 fall term by checking the appropriate box(es). Chaduate: Male Famale B. Please indicate the total number of both full-time and part-time and part-time undergraduate and graduate accounting laculty at your school for the 1994 fall term. (Accounting Faculty is defined as accounting abouting laculty). A. Number of Juli-time and part-time accounting faculty B. Number of Juli-time and part-time accounting faculty C. Total number of school number of accounting faculty GENDER AND ETHNICHAGALL BREAKDOWN FOR ACCOUNTING FACULTY (UNDERGRADUATE AND GRADUATE) FOR THE 1994 FALL TERM. C. Total number of school number of accounting faculty entered in Q. 2C above, please give the breakdown by male and female faculty (in the boxes in the lower-test conners should make the total provided in Q. 2C. A. Of the tobal number of accounting faculty entered in Q. 2C above, please give the breakdown by male and lemale faculty (in the boxes in the idoumn) and by ethnicitacial group fire boxes along the bottom row). The box in the lower-test conners should make the presence of the properties of the properties of the presence of the properties of the	A. Please indicate the gender of the accounting department head(s) for the 1994 fall term by checking the appropriate box(es). Undergraduate: Male Female Graduate: Male Black Hispanic Asian Native American Other Dundergraduate: Male Black Accounting department head(s) professors, associate professors, associate professors, associate professors and instructors only). A. Number of full-time accounting faculty B. Number of bart-time accounting faculty C. Total number of bart-time accounting faculty C. Total number of accounting faculty A. Of the total number of accounting faculty A. Of the total number of accounting faculty Professors as along the bottom row). The box in the lower-left corner shold match the total provided in Q.2C.	nuting departm Female Female accounting de Black Black UATE AND GR UII-time and par rs, associate progres, associate progress, asso	ent head(s) for ent head(s) for ent head(s) for ent head(s) for partment head Hispanic Hispanic ADUATE) FOR The undergraphessors, assistablessors, assistablessors, assistables accounting FCCOUNTING FCCOUNTIN	In the 1994 fall term by change of the 1994 fall term by change of the 1994 fall term by change of the 1994 FALL TERM: Signal and graduate accessistant professors and instruction of the 1994 FALL TERM: Signal professors and instruction of the 1994 FALL TERM: Signal professors and instruction of the 1994 FALL TERM: Signal professors and instruction of the 1994 FALL TERM: Signal and Signal Professors and instruction of the 1994 FALL TERM: Signal and	ead(s) for the 1994 fall term by checking the sead(s) for the 1994 fall term by checking the sead(s) for the 1994 fall term by checking the sead(s) for the 1994 fall term by checking the sead and graduate accounting factors and graduate accounting factors and professors and instructors only). G FACULTY (UNDERGRADUATE AND please give the breakdown by male and shold match the total provided in Q.2C.	rhecking the appropring the appropriation ground the appropriation and femal nature.	NTING DEPARTMENT HEAD(S) FOR THE 1994 FALL TERM: I for the 1994 fall term by checking the appropriate box(es). It Asian Native American Other OR THE 1994 FALL TERM: OR THE 1994 FALL TERM: G FACULTY (UNDERGRADUATE AND GRADUATE) FOR THE 1994 FALL TERM: G FACULTY (UNDERGRADOW) by male and female faculty (in the boxes in the left column) and by ethnic/racial groups (in shold match the total provided in Q.2C.
he boxes along the Next, please provid	the boxes along the bottom row). The box in the lower-left corner shold match the total provided in Q.2C. Next, please provide as much detail as possible by specifying the number of male and female faculty within each ethnic/racial group (in the blank lines provided below)	oox in the lower possible by sp	left corner sho ecifying the nu	old match the I Imber of male	otal provided i and female fa	n Q.2C. culty within eac	ch ethnic/racial gro
Next, please provid	e as mucn detall as	possible by sp	ecifying tne nu	imber or male	and remale ra	cuity within ead Native	sn etnnic/raciai gro
	>	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	American	Other
Male	11						
Female	!!						
Total	11						

bout the survey and/or trends in accounting education.						
Thank you very much for completing this three-part survey. We would like your comments about the survey and/or trends in accounting education. The information you provide is an important resource in planning for the accounting profession. Comments on this survey:						

(Note: Please return all three sections in the enclosed envelope. If the envelope is misplaced, return all three sections to AICPA, Academic & Career Development, Curriculum Data Base Project, 1211 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10036-8775.)



1211 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10036-8775

> (212) 596-6006 Fax (212) 596-6213

Rick Elam Vice President-Education Academic & Career Development

December 1, 1994

Dear CPA Firm Representative:

The AICPA is conducting its annual study of accounting program administrators and CPA firms to gauge the supply of accounting graduates and the demand for public accounting recruits. The information gathered with these surveys is very useful to the Institute in planning the future of the accounting profession. The survey results are also useful to the practicing profession as a source of information for human resources planning and employment trends. The data gathered will be reported in both The Supply of Accounting Graduates and the Demand for Public Accounting Recruits and The AICPA Report on Minority Accounting Majors, Graduates, and Public Accounting Professionals. Both reports will be published early in 1995.

I will greatly appreciate your participation in the study by answering the questionnaire as accurately and completely as possible. The reliability and usefulness of the results depend heavily upon broad-based participation. If it is necessary to forward this questionnaire to the appropriate party or office, please do so. As in the past, the data gathered is entirely confidential and will be used only in summary form. To ensure anonymity, we are not asking you to sign your name or your firm's name.

Please return your completed questionnaire in the enclosed postage-paid envelope by January 10, 1995. Your timely response is critical to the success of this important effort. If you have any questions, please contact Leticia Romeo at (212) 596-6221.

Thank you very much for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Rick Elam, Ph.D., CPA

Enclosures

AICPA SURVEY ON THE EMPLOYMENT OF NEW GRADUATES AND OTHER PERSONNEL WITHIN PUBLIC ACCOUNTING

IMPORTANT

Please answer the following questions by circling the numbers corresponding to your responses or by writing in your responses. Your responses should cover your **entire** firm—**all** offices or locations.

I. Employment of New Graduates

1. We would like to determine the number of new accounting and nonaccounting graduates who began employment at your firm during 1994. New graduates are defined as those who began employment at entry-level positions with no or only nominal previous experience with a CPA firm.

Please indicate below the number of **new graduates** with the following degrees who began employment at your firm on a full-time basis during **1994.** (**Note:** If, for a particular degree, there were **no** graduates who began employment, enter **0;** if the information is **not available**, enter **NA.**) **Do not include** those graduates who were recruited in 1994 to begin employment in 1995.

Note: If a newly employed graduate has more than one degree, the individual should be counted only once and placed according to the highest degree.

Ac	counting Degree	Number of new graduates who began employment on a full-time basis during 1994:
A.	Bachelor's in Accounting —including other bachelor's degrees with majors in accounting	
В.	Master's in Accounting—including MA, MS, MAcc, MPA and MAS degrees	
C.	Master's in Taxation—including MBAs with a concentration in tax	
D.	MBAs with a concentration in accounting	
E.	TOTAL: $A+B+C+D=$	
No	naccounting Degree	[]
F.	Bachelor's degree in nonaccounting major	
G.	Master's or higher degree in nonaccounting major	
Н.	J.D. in Law	
I.	TOTAL: F+G+H=	
J.	GRAND TOTAL = E+I=	

f	ull-time basis during 1994.		
9	Gender	_	raduates employed on during 1994 who are:
	A. Male		
(C. TOTAL:	A+B=	= Line J in Q.1
	Please indicate below the ethnic/racial breakdow ull-time basis during 1994.	vn of new graduates w	vho began employment at your firm on a
Ē	Ethnic/Racial Group		graduates employed on during 1994 who are:
ı	A. White		
E	3. Black	[
(. Hispanic		
[). Asian		
E	Native American		
F	: Other		
C	S. TOTAL: A+B	+C+D+E+F=	= Line J in Q.1
	Please indicate below the number of new graduate		nent at your firm on a full-time basis during
			graduates employed asis during 1994 who
A	rea		signed primarily to:
A	Accounting/Auditing		
В	Taxation		
С	MIS/Computer		
D	Management Services (other than MIS)		
E	Other Areas		
F.	TOTAL: A+	B+C+D+E =	= Line J in Q.1

2. Please indicate below the gender breakdown of new graduates who began employment at your firm on a

: .			
	ing Ition		Number of:
			Number Of.
	Campus:		
	•		
Offic	e visits		
Offe	rs		
Hire	S		
Off	Campus:		
Initia	ıl interviews		
Offe	re		
Hire	S	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
		s, prospective CPAs, and others with a	
What firm	in a field that is part of the practi at is the total number of profess as of December 31, 1994? at is the total number of profess	ce of public accounting. Partners shous ional staff employed in your sional staff in your firm who were	
Whatern Whaters	in a field that is part of the practi at is the total number of profess as of December 31, 1994? at is the total number of profess ninated or resigned during 19	ce of public accounting. Partners shous ional staff employed in your sional staff in your firm who were	uld be included.
Whaterr Whaterr der s	in a field that is part of the practical is the total number of profess as of December 31, 1994? at is the total number of profess minated or resigned during 1995. SECTION I below, please indicating as of December 31, 1994.	sional staff employed in your sional staff in your firm who were 94? te the gender breakdown of the proteste the gender breakdown of the gender breakdow	fessional staff employed
Whaterr Whaterr der s	in a field that is part of the practical is the total number of profess as of December 31, 1994? It is the total number of profess minated or resigned during 1995. SECTION I below, please indical firm as of December 31, 1994. SECTION II below, please indical rminated or resigned during 1	sional staff employed in your sional staff in your firm who were 94? te the gender breakdown of the proteste the gender breakdown of the gender breakdow	fessional staff employed
Whaterr Whaterr der stour der steet	in a field that is part of the practical is the total number of profess as of December 31, 1994? It is the total number of profess minated or resigned during 1995. SECTION I below, please indical firm as of December 31, 1994. SECTION II below, please indical rminated or resigned during 1	sional staff employed in your sional staff in your firm who were 94? te the gender breakdown of the profete the gender breakdown of the profete the gender breakdown of the professionals SECTION I Number of professionals employed as of 12/31/94 who are:	fessional staff employed SECTION II Number of professionals
Whatern Whatern der street ete	in a field that is part of the practical is the total number of profess as of December 31, 1994? In the total number of profess in the total number of pro	sional staff employed in your sional staff in your firm who were 94? te the gender breakdown of the profete the gender breakdown of the professionals at the gender breakdown of the professionals employed as of 12/31/94 who are:	fessional staff employed SECTION II Number of professionals
Whatern Whatern der street ete	in a field that is part of the practical is the total number of profess as of December 31, 1994? at is the total number of profess ninated or resigned during 1995. SECTION I below, please indical firm as of December 31, 1994. SECTION II below, please indical rminated or resigned during 1	siona siona 94? te the ate th 994.	public accounting. Partners should staff employed in your staff in your firm who were gender breakdown of the protection in the protection

5. Please provide the following **recruiting information** for those new graduates who began employment at your firm on a full-time basis during **1994.**

8. Under **SECTION III** below, please indicate the **ethnic/racial breakdown** of the **professional staff employed** in your firm as of **December 31, 1994.** Partners should be included.

Under SECTION IV below, please indicate the ethnic/racial breakdown of the professional staff in your firm who were terminated or resigned during 1994.

	Ethnic/Racial Group	SECTION III Number of professionals employed as of 12/31/94 who are:	SECTION IV Number of professionals terminated/resigned during 1994 who are
	A. White		
	B. Black		
	C. Hispanic		
	D. Asian		
	E. Native American		
	F. Other		
	G. TOTAL: A+B+C	C+D+E+F = = Q.6A A+E	3+C+D+E+F = = Q.6B
	December 31, 1994. Partners sh	CPAs among the professional staff employ hould be included. tered in Q.9, please indicate below the gend	
	Gender		Number of CPAs who are:
	A. Male		
	C. TOTAL:		A+B = = Q.9
1.		tered in Q.9 , please indicate below the ethn	
	Ethnic/Racial Group		Number of CPAs who are:
	A. White		
	B. Black		
	C. Hispanic		
	,		
	G. TOTAL:		B+C+D+E+F = = Q.9
	G. IVIAL.	ATU	

12.	Please indicate the number of partners among the professional staff employed December 31, 1994.	in your firm as of
13.	Of the total number of partners entered in Q.12 , please indicate below the gende	r breakdown.
	Gender	Number of partners who are:
	A. Male	
	B. Female	
	C. TOTAL:	A+B= = Q.12
14.	Of the total number of partners entered in Q.12 , please indicate below the ethnic	c/racial breakdown.
	Ethnic/Racial Group	Number of partners who are:
	A. White	
	B. Black	
	C. Hispanic	
	D. Asian	
	E. Native American	
	F. Other	
	G. TOTAL: A+B+C+	D+E+F = = Q.12
15	Experienced recruits are defined as professional staff hired at above entry level. Of experienced recruits employed by your firm during 1994 higher, lower or the semployed during 1993? (circle one only)	
	1. Higher	
	2. The Same	
	3. Lower	
16	 Paraprofessional staff are defined as nonprofessional staff hired to assist profess duties which would not be defined as traditional office duties. 	ional staff with clerical and othe
	A. Does your firm employ paraprofessional staff? (circle one only)	
	1. Yes	
	2. No	
	B. If yes, was the total number of paraprofessional staff employed by your firm the same as the number employed during 1993? (circle one only)	during 1994 higher, lower or
	1. Higher	
	2. The Same	
	3 Lower	

III. Background Information

17.	In which state is your firm's headquarters located?					
18.	Which of the following most closely describes your firm? (circle one only)					
	1. Local Firm					
	2. Regional Firm					
	3. National/Multinational Firm					
19.). Is your firm/practice minority-owned? (Minority-owned is defined as majority ownership by those of Black, Native American, or Asian/Pacific Islander races or of Hispanic ethnic origin.) (circle one only)					
	1. Yes					
	2. No					
20.	Please indicate below the number of AICPA members in your entire firm. (If this number is not available, please provide your best estimate.) (circle one only)					
	1. 1–2 members	5. 25–49 members				
	2. 3–4 members	6. 50–99 members				
	3. 5–9 members	7. 100 or more members				
	4. 10–24 members					
	Thank you very much for completing this survey. We would like your comments about the survey and/or trends in the accounting profession. The information you provide is an important resource in planning for the profession.					

Please return the questionnaire in the postage-paid envelope provided or send to:

AICPA Survey on the Employment of New Graduates and Other Personnel Within Public Accounting Academic & Career Development 1211 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10036–8775

Geographic Regions Referred to in Tables 9, 10, 17, 18, and 28

Eastern	North Central	Southern	Pacific
Connecticut	Colorado	Alabama	Alaska
Delaware	Illinois	Arkansas	Arizona
District of Columbia	Indiana	Florida	California
Maine	Iowa	Georgia	Hawaii
Maryland	Kansas	Kentucky	Idaho
Massachusetts	Michigan	Louisiana	Nevada
New Hampshire	Minnesota	Mississippi	Oregon
New Jersey	Missouri	New Mexico	Utah
New York	Montana	North Carolina	Washington
Pennsylvania	Nebraska	Oklahoma	
Rhode Island	North Dakota	Puerto Rico	
Vermont	Ohio	South Carolina	
	South Dakota	Tennessee	
	West Virginia	Texas	
	Wisconsin	Virginia	
	Wyoming	-	