The Philippine Journal of Fisheries 24(1): 61-81 DOI: 10.31398/tpjf/24.1.2016A0004 brought to you by TCORE

January - June 2017

Preliminary Inventory of Boats and Gears in Manila Bay

James Lee B. Abad¹, Grace DV. Lopez¹, Mudjekeewis D. Santos¹, and Marco A. Perez^{2*}

¹Vertebrate Section ²Fishing Technology Section Capture Fisheries Research and Development Division National Fisheries Research and Development Institute

*Corresponding Author: macoyfish@yahoo.com

Abstract

Recent information about the number and types of boats and gears used in Manila Bay is lacking. Here we discuss the results of the initial boat and gear inventory conducted in Manila Bay from May 2015 to October 2016. The survey was done in the coastal barangays of Cavite, Bataan, Bulacan, Pampanga, and Metro Manila. A total of 3,659 fishing boats were recorded from 84 coastal barangays or about 40% out of the 212 coastal barangays in Manila Bay. About 94.45% of the boats are municipal fishing boats and only 5.55% are commercial boats and the highest number of boats recorded was in Cavite (1,461 boats). 91.04% of the fishing boats are motorized and only 8.96% are non-motorized. The average fisher to boat ratio for the five provinces is 3.0:1, which is higher compared to the 2.4:1 result of MADECOR and National Museum Assessment (1995). There are 25 types of fishing gears recorded during the survey with a total of 4,946 units. Gillnet, specifically bottom gillnet, is the most dominant gear being used in Manila Bay.

Keywords: Manila bay, fishing boat and fishing gear

INTRODUCTION

The country's marine fisheries are conventionally subdivided into municipal (smallscale) sector and commercial sector depending on the vessel gross tonnage. The municipal sector includes capture operations using fishing boats of 3 gross tons or less and they are allowed to fish within the municipal waters or 15 km from the shoreline. The commercial sector includes capture fishing operation using vessels of 3.1 gross tons and above and they are required to fish outside the municipal waters that is beyond the 15 km from the shoreline. The commercial fishing boats are categorized into small (>3.1-20 GRT), medium (20.1-150 GRT), and large (>150 GRT).

Manila Bay is a multi-gear fishery with both commercial and municipal boats operating in the bay. The last known boat and gear survey conducted in Manila Bay was during the resource and ecological assessment study conducted in 1994 (MADECOR and National Museum, 1995). They reported a total of 48,031 fisher folks, 19,966 fishing boats, and 21 types of fishing gears operating in the Bay. Zaragoza et al. (1995) recorded 17 types of fishing gears during their 5-month (December 2004 to April 2005) pilot monitoring of the fisheries resources in Manila Bay. The recent stock assessment study conducted in the Bay recorded 22 types of fishing gears operating in the Bay (Lopez et al., 2014 annual report, unpublished). This study only provides a partial result of the boat and gear survey conducted in the different coastal barangays in Manila Bay from May 2015 to October 2016.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

The fishing boat and gear inventory were conducted in 84 coastal barangays along Manila Bay, in the provinces of Cavite (33), Bataan (23), Bulacan (12), Pampanga (4), and Metro Manila (12) (Figure 5.1). Data on fishing boat and gear and the distribution of fisherfolks in the coastal barangays were taken first from the Office of the Municipal Agriculturist. If such pieces of information are not available, an actual inventory was conducted through interviews and actual boat measurements (i.e. length, width/breadth, and depth). Other information asked are hull type, gross tonnage, horsepower, engine type, and the number of fishermen on board. The boats were classified as either commercial or municipal based on the gross tonnage. For the gear particulars, the type of gear used was asked including the corresponding gear specifications.



Fishing boat

A total of 3,659 fishing boats were recorded from 84 coastal barangays or about 40% out of the 212 coastal barangays in Manila Bay in the provinces of Cavite, Bataan, Bulacan, Pampanga and Metro Manila. About 94.45% of the boats are municipal fishing boats and only 5.55% are commercial boats. The highest number of boats recorded was in Cavite (1,461 boats) from 5 municipalities followed by Bataan (1,312 boats) from 7 municipalities. The least number of boats recorded was in Pampanga (85 boats) from only one municipality. More than 90% of the boats in Bataan, Cavite, and Pampanga are municipal

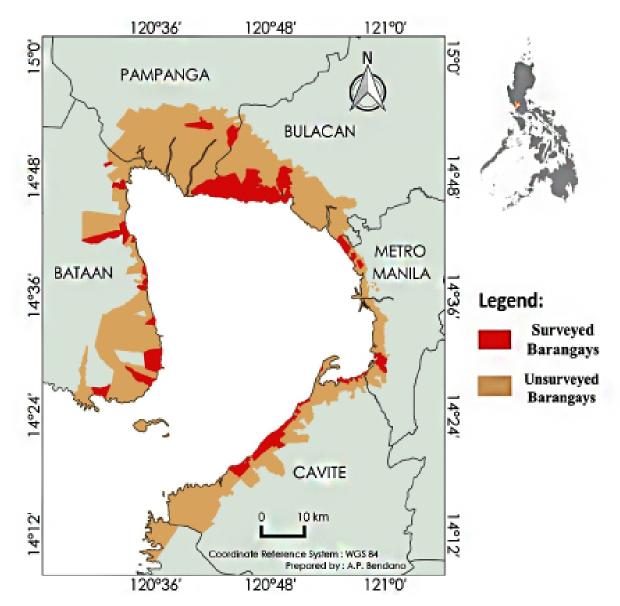


Figure 5.1. Map of Manila bay showing the surveyed coastal barangays around the bay.

boats (Table 5.1). Of these number, 91.04% are motorized while the 8.96% are non-motorized. This shows that majority of the fishing boats in Manila Bay are motorized, particularly in Bulacan, Cavite, and Pampanga (Table 5.2) where more than 90% are motorized boats unlike in some fishing grounds where a high percentage of non-motorized boats were recorded, such as in Lagonoy Gulf with 74% (Olaño et al., 2009); in Honda Bay with 47% (Ramos et al., 2009); and in Northern Zambales with 20.54% (Rueca et al., 2009).

The average fisher to boat ratio for the five provinces is 3.0:1, which is higher compared to the 2.4:1 result of MADECOR and National Museum (1995). Bulacan has the highest boat

Province/Municipalities	Municipal	Commercial	Total
BATAAN			
Abucay	138	12	150
Balanga	34		34
Hermosa	232		232
Limay	182		182
Mariveles	204		204
Orani	225	8	233
Orion	276	1	277
Sub-Total	1,291	21	1,312
BULACAN			
Hagonoy	141	44	185
Malolos	98	37	135
Paombong	106		106
Sub-Total	345	81	426
CAVITE			
Bacoor	310		310
Cavite City	62		62
Naic	249	10	259
Rosario	395	25	420
Tanza	402	8	410
Sub-Total	1,418	43	1,461
METRO MANILA			
Malabon	35	10	45
Navotas	189	40	229
Parañaque	98	3	101
Sub-Total	322	53	375
PAMPANGA			
Macabebe	80	5	85
Sub-Total	80	5	85
GRAND TOTAL	3456	203	3659
%	94.45	5.55	100

Table 5.1. Distribution of municipal and commercial fishing boats by province/municipality in Manila Bay.

Province/Municipalities	Motorized	Non-motorized	Total
BATAAN			
Abucay	142	8	150
Balanga	34		34
Hermosa	186	46	232
Limay	174	8	182
Mariveles	195	9	204
Orani	196	37	233
Orion	251	26	277
Sub-Total	1,178	134	1,312
BULACAN			
Hagonoy	179	6	185
Malolos	124	11	135
Paombong	91	15	106
Sub-Total	394	32	426
CAVITE			
Bacoor	265	45	310
Cavite City	61	1	62
Naic	257	2	259
Rosario	405	15	420
Tanza	387	23	410
Sub-Total	1,375	86	1,461
METRO MANILA			
Malabon	35	10	45
Navotas	195	34	229
Parañaque	75	26	101
Sub-Total	305	70	375
PAMPANGA			
Macabebe	79	6	85
Sub-Total	79	6	85
GRAND TOTAL	3,331	328	3,659
%	91.04	8.96	100

Table 5.2. Distribution of motorized and non-motorized fishing boats by province/municipality in Manila Bay.

ratio with 6.2:1 while in Cavite, has the lowest with 2.5:1 (Table 5.3). The result of the previous survey, reported Cavite with the highest (3.8:1) while NCR (Metro Manila) was the lowest (1.4:1) (MADECOR and National Museum, 1995). In provinces with high fisher to Banca ratio shows that most of these fishers are either employed or are being utilized in commercial fishing. On the other hand, in provinces with low fisher to banca ratio shows that majority of these fishers have their own boat but, these are only municipal boats that are used primarily for fishing sustenance.

The motorized municipal boats in Manila Bay are equipped with 6.5-16 horsepower gasoline or diesel engines and are usually used by gillnet, handline, traps, and small trawl. The commercial fishing boats with a size range of 4-25 GRT are categorized under small commercial boats. They are equipped with four-piston engines and can accommodate 10-15 fishermen. These types of boat are usually used for the fishing operation of ringnet, encircling gillnet and big trawl. The detailed information of the boats is presented in Table 5.4.

Fishing Gear

Various types of fishing gears are exploiting the resources of Manila Bay. These gears are either active or passive type depending on the target species. A total of twenty-five types of fishing gears were recorded (totaling to 4,946 units) during the survey in the five provinces of Manila Bay. In every province, different types of fishing gear were recorded specifically 22 types in Cavite, 12 types in Bataan, 7 types in Bulacan, 5 types in Pampanga, and 11 types in Metro Manila. Thi recorded more types of fishing gears compared to previous reports, which were only 21 (MADECOR and National Museum, 1995) and 18 (Zaragosa et al., 2005).

Based on the 2002 Census of Fisheries, almost 1.19 million gillnets were operating in the Philippines (NSO, 2005). In Manila Bay, gillnet (specifically bottom gillnet) is the most dominant gear, as recorded in this survey and in the landed data (Lopez et al., 2014 annual report, unpublished). Based from this partial survey, fish pot and blast fishing were only recorded in Cavite; barrier net, in Bulacan; fyke net, in Bulacan and Pampanga; danish seine, squid jig and squid trap, in Bataan and Cavite; drive in net, in Bataan and Metro Manila; and stationary liftnet, in Cavite and Metro Manila. The major gears being used in Bataan are bottom gillnet, bottom set longline, crab gillnet, and drift gillnet; in Bulacan, bottom gillnet, encircling gillnet, and fyke net; in Cavite, bottom gillnet, drift gillnet, and spear gun; and bottom gillnet for both Metro Manila and Pampanga, (Table 5.5). The specific distribution of fishing gear by municipality is presented in Table 5.6 and the list of fishing gear with local names by province in Table 5.7. Drawings of the different fishing gears in Manila Bay with measurements are presented in Figure 5.2.

Drouince (Municipalities	No. of	No. of	Fishermen to
Province/Municipalities	Fishermen	Boats	Boat Ratio
BATAAN			
Abucay	426	150	2.8:1
Balanga	94	34	2.8:1
Hermosa	631	232	2.7:1
Limay	480	182	2.6:1
Mariveles	533	204	2.6 : 1
Orani	701	233	3.0 : 1
Orion	627	277	2.3 : 1
Sub-Total	3,492	1,312	2.7:1
BULACAN			
Hagonoy	1,225	185	6.6:1
Malolos	1,170	135	8.7:1
Paombong	250	106	2.4 : 1
Sub-Total	2,645	426	6.2:1
CAVITE			
Bacoor	805	310	2.6:1
Cavite City	125	62	2.0:1
Naic	750	259	2.9:1
Rosario	1,235	420	2.9:1
Tanza	709	410	1.7 : 1
Sub-Total	3,624	1,461	2.5 : 1
METRO MANILA			
Malabon	170	45	3.8:1
Navotas	667	229	2.9:1
Parañaque	197	101	2.0:1
Sub-Total	1,034	375	2.8:1
PAMPANGA			
Macabebe	230	85	2.7 : 1
Sub-Total	230	85	2.7:1
GRAND TOTAL	11,025	3,659	
AVERAGE			3.0:1

Table 5.3. Fishermen to boat ratio by province/ municipality in Manila Bay.

Fishing gear	Specif	fication	Description	Fishing gear
	Length (m)	4.36		
	Width (m)	0.42	Non-motorized fishing	Hook and line
10-10-100	Depth (m)	0.38	boat used in Naic, Cavite.	
All Star	Gross tormage	0.17		
States	Engine type	N/05		
to and the second se	Horse power	N,0A		
A Contraction of the	No. of fishermen	2		
S /	on board			
	Length (m)	8.54		_
	Width (m)	0.65	Medium scale municipal	Gillnet
et	Depth (m)	0.78	Fishing bost used in	
	Gross tonnage	1.4	Rosario, Cavita.	
and the second s	Engine type	Brigg & Stretton		
Contraction of Contra	Horse power	16		
	No. of fishermen	4		
and the second second	on boant			
	Longth (m)	10.15		8
	Width (m)	0.92	Medium scale municipal	lisawi
	Depth (m)	0.81	fishing hort used in	
	Gross tonnage	1.87	Tanza, Cavite.	
A ADDRESS OF TAXABLE AND A	Engine type	Brigg & Stratton		
	Horse power	16		
	No. of fishermen	3		
the second s	on board			
	Length (m)	10.35		
	Width (m)	0.97	Large scale municipal	Fish pot
and and and	Depth (m)	0.89	Fishing boart used in	
A REAL PROPERTY OF A	Gross tormage	2.21	Reseric, Cavity,	
and the second s	Engine type	Pupp		
	Horse power	80		
	No. of fishermen	4		
	on board			
	Length (m)	8,56		
	Width (m)	0.68	Medium scale municipal	Gillnet
and the second second	Depth (m)	0.57	Fishing boat used in	
A statements	Gross tonnage	0.92	Orion, Bataan.	
	Engine type	Kenbo		
The subscription of the	Horse power	12		
State of the second sec	No. of fishermen	2		
Part and L	on board			
le le	Longth (m)	6.37		132.00
A.	Width (m)	0.64	Smell scale municipal	Hook and line
- Alter	Depth (m)	9.6	fishing hort used in	
A CONTRACTOR	Gross tonnage	0.61	Mariveles, Bataan	
and the second day	Engine type	Brigg & Stratton	1	
	Horse power	10		
allow a second	No. of fishermen	2		
the second se	on board			

Table 5.4. Profile of fishing boats in Manila Bay.

Fishing gear	Specific	ation	Description	Fishing gear
	Length (m)	10.21		
118 -	Width (m)	0.65	Medium scale municipal	Barrier net
112	Depth [m]	0.46	fishing boat used in	Pyloe net
	Gross tonnage	0.76	Macabebe, Rampanga	gillnet
	Engine type	King star		
ALL AND ALL AN	Home power	10		
	No. of fishermen	2		
	on board			
	Length (m)	14.63		
	Weith (m)	1.86	Commercial fishing loat	Silnet
A ADDRESS AND A	Depth [m]	1.54	used in Hagonoy, Bulacan.	Pushnet
A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL	Gross tonnage	10.37		1998
and the second sec	Engine type	Fuso		
	Horse power	85		
	No. of fishermen	10		
	onboard			
	And			
	Length (m)	18.8	Constant and a Distance in a	
	Witth (w)	2.25	Commercial fishing boat	Travel
and the second s	Depth (m)	2.1	used in Hagonoy, Bulacan.	
and the second second second	Gross tonnage	21.97		
	Engine type	40-82		
The support of the second	Horse power	225		
	No. of fishermen	10		
	on board			
	Longth (m)	20.5		
	Width (m)	2.3	Commercial fishing boat	Ring not
	Depth (m)	2.2	used in Tanza, Cavita.	2012/2012
1.1	Gross townage	25,41	10.000000000000000000000000000000000000	
P International Party	Engine type	Himo		
In the second	Horse power	285		
States and the states of the	No. of fishermen	15		
	on board			
	Longth (m)	14.75		
and the second	Width (m)	2.2	Commercial fohing boat	Glingt
SI an	Depth [m]	1.75	used in Newster city.	
The summer of the local	Gross tonness	14.07	second on comparison careful	
The second s	Engine type	40-52		
	Horse power	225		
	No of fishermen	10		
The second	on board			
	Length (m)	16.65	Second and and	1.000
1	Width (m)	2.23	Commercial fishing bost	Glinet
fert,	Depth (m)	1.81	used in Roserio Cavita.	24.0000000
195	Gross tonnage	16.65	11 PA 10 PA 10 PA 10 PA 10 PA	
	Engine type	46-32		
1 Contraction of the local	Home power	225		
	No. of fishermen	12		
NAMES OF TAXABLE PARTY.	 on board 			

(cont.) Table 5.4. Profile of fishing boats in Manila Bay.

		Num	ber of fisl	hing gear		
Fishing Gear	Bataan	Bulacan	Cavite	Metro Manila	Pampanga	Total
Barrier net		41			12	53
Blast fishing			94			94
Bottom gillnet	640	146	487	173	55	1,501
Bottom set longline	136		65			201
Crab gillnet	202	6	86	70		364
Crab liftnet		5	27			32
Danish seine	2		3			5
Drift gillnet	481		389	61		930
Drive in net	8			12		20
Encircling gillnet	18	93	70	42	21	244
Fish corral	44		29			73
Fish pot			25			25
Fyke net		110		1	18	128
Hand pick			22	30		53
Motorized pushnet	27	35	20	12	5	91
Multiple hook and line	18	8	95	30		15
Pushnet			5	49		54
Ring net	12		18	3		33
Speargun	22		144	5		17:
Squid jig	38		37			75
Squid trap	11		17			28
Stationary liftnet			43	16		55
Surface gillnet	64	98	49	12	28	253
Trammel net	95		28	11		130
Trawl	8	58	87	10	5	169
Total	1,826	600	1,840	536	144	4,940

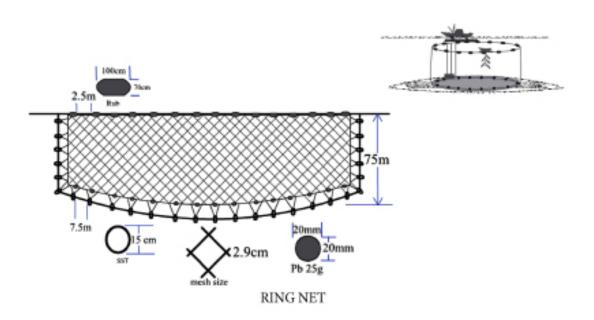
Table 5.5. Distribution of fishing gears by province in Manila Bay.

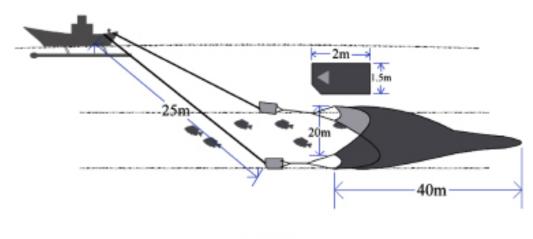
Fishing Gear				Bataan				Sub		Bulacan		Sub			Cavite			¥₽		Metro Manila	inite	Sub	Pampanga	Sub	Grand
and and	Abucay	Balanga	Hermosa	Limay	Abucay Balanga Hermosa Limay Mariveles Orani Orion	Oran	Orion	Total	Hagonoy	Malolos	Hagonoy Malolos Paombong	Total	Bacoor	Bacoor Cavite City	Naic		Rosario Tanza		Malabor	Navotas	Malabon Navotas Parañaque	Tota	Macabebe		Tota
Barrier net										29	12	41											12	12	ŝ
Blast fishing																53	41		-						
Bottom gillnet	43	26	154	135	108	153	21	640	28	57	61	146	104	62		12 127	182	487	23	110	40	173	55	55	1,501
Bottom set longline				55	75		6	136					13			28	24								~
Crab gillnet	18		58			48	78	202	6			6				18 4	43 25		15	43	3 12	70			36
Crab liftnet											5	5	24				ω.	77							
Danish seine					2			2									w	ω							
Drift gillnet	118		11	23	78	16	235	481					75	13		130 9	91 80	389		43	3 18	19			93
Drive in net		80						00											12	_		12			
Encircling gillnet	00	10						18	37	38	18	93				6	28	70	-	40	2	42	21	21	244
Fish corral			21			23		44					::	18	00			29							~
Fish pot																	25	25							25
Fyke net									97	18	13	110											18	18	128
Hand pick																	2	22		12	3 12				
Motorized pushnet						14	13	27	15	12	80	35					12 8	20		12		12	5	5	99
Multiple hook and line				14			4	18	8			8	33			13	33 16				30	30			15
Pushnet																	5	5	6	43	-	49			
Ring net	12							12								10		18	~		3	ω			88
Speargun					13	9		22					34				94	144	-	5		5			171
Squid jig	13				21		4	38								15	6 16								
Squid trap				::				==								13	4	17							
Stationary liftnet													38		5			43			16				
Surface gillnet			57			_		64	27	28	43	86	25			::	13	49	12			12	2 28	28	251
Trammel net	12	7	4	24	16	14	18	95									23 5	28	~	11		11			H
Trawl						00		00	37	21		58					87	87	10			10	5	5	
Total	224	51	305	190	313	g	370	1 8 36	737	203	160	600	FDF	200		375 494	4 530	1.840	78	375	133	536	144	144	40

Table 5.6. Distribution of fishing gears by province/municipality in Manila Bay

	Fishing Gear			Local Names		
	risning Gear	Bataan	Bulacan	Cavite	Metro manila	Pampanga
1	Barrier net		Palapad			
2	Blast fishing			Dinamita		
3	Bottom gillnet	Panti	Patinga	Palubog		Patinga
4	Bottom set longline	Kitang		Kitang		
5	Crab gillnet	Pang alimasag		Pang alimasag	Pang alimasag	
6	Crab liftnet			Bintol		
7	Danish seine			Hulbot hulbot		
8	Drift gilnet	Paanod		Barangay		
9	Drive in net				Paaboy	
10	Encircling gillnet		Pangulong	Pangulong	Pangulong	
11	Fish corral	Baklad				
12	Fish pot			Bubo		
13	Fyke net		Bukatot			
14	Hand pick			Кара	Kapa/Sisid	
15	Motorized pushnet	Pang alamang	Galadgad	Pang alamang		
16	Multiple hook and line			kawil		
17	Pushnet			Sud-sud	Sud-sud	
18	Ring net			Pukot	Pukot	
19	Speargun			Pana		
20	Squid jig			Tangkab		
21	Squid trap			Bubo		
22	Stationary liftnet			Sapra	Sapra	
23	Surface gillnet		Pang tilapya	Palutang		
24	Trammel net		Trinet			
25	Trawl	Norway	Norway	Norway	Norway	

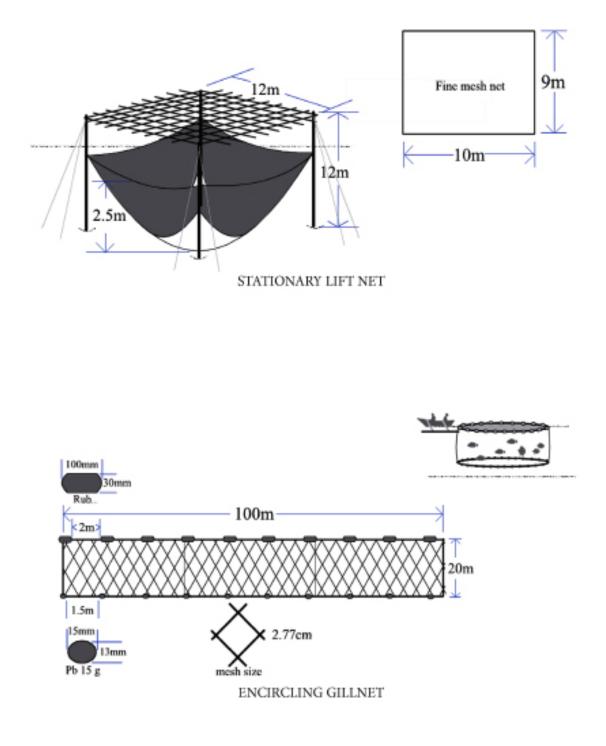
Table 5.7. List of fishing gears with corresponding local names by province in Manila Bay.



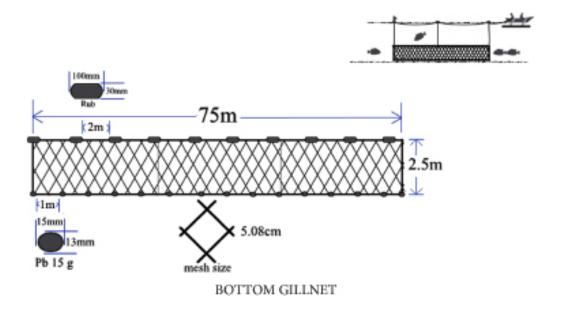


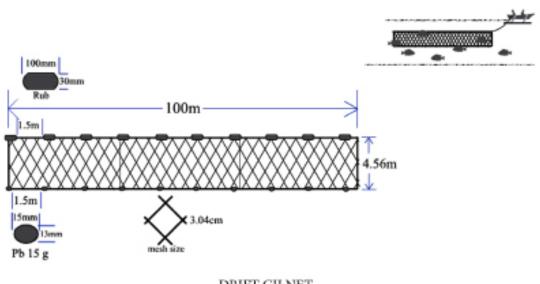
TRAWL

Figure 5.2. Profile of fishing gears in Manila Bay.



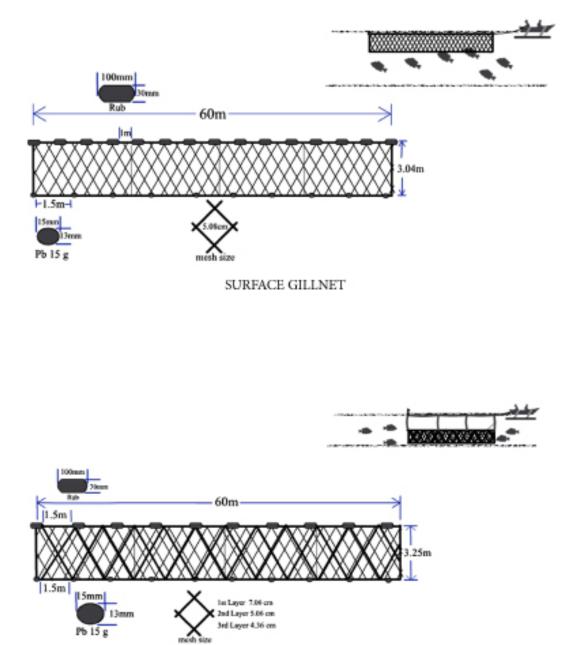
(cont.) Figure 5.2. Profile of fishing gears in Manila Bay.





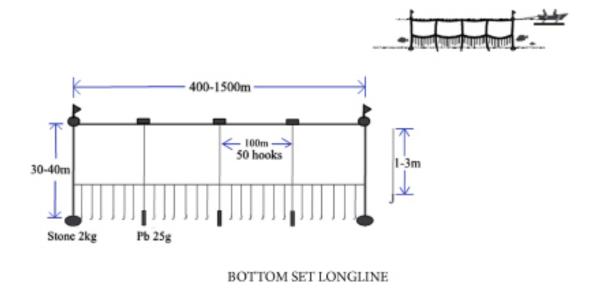
DRIFT GILNET

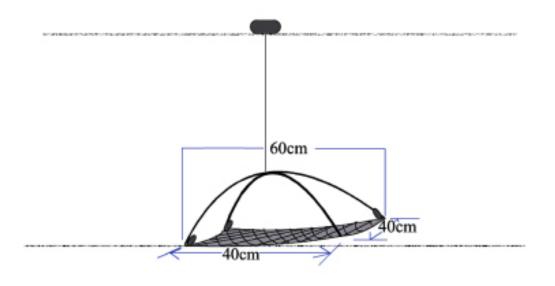
(cont.) Figure 5.2. Profile of fishing gears in Manila Bay.





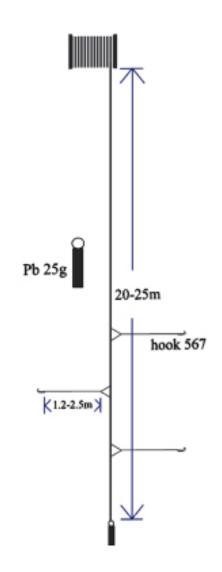
(cont.) Figure 5.2. Profile of fishing gears in Manila Bay.





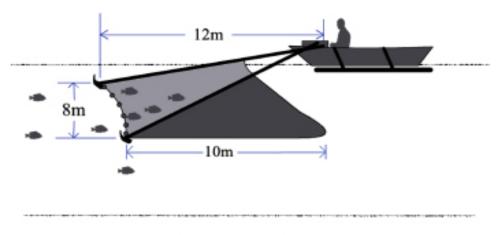
CRAB LIFT NET

(cont.) Figure 5.2. Profile of fishing gears in Manila Bay.

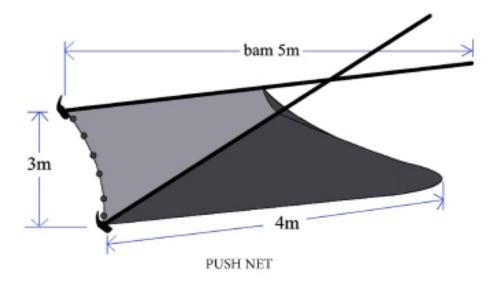


MULTIPLE HOOK AND LINE

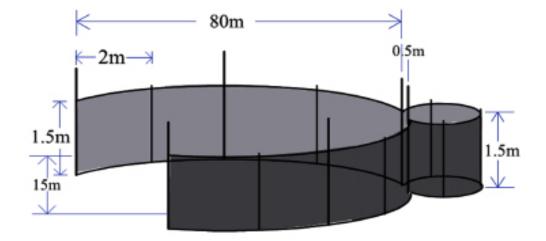
(cont.) Figure 5.2. Profile of fishing gears in Manila Bay.



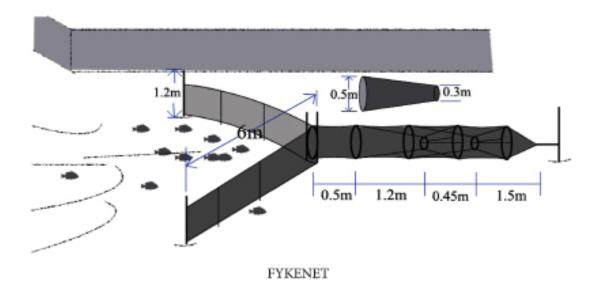
MOTORIZED PUSH NET



(cont.) Figure 5.2. Profile of fishing gears in Manila Bay.



BARRIER NET



(cont.) Figure 5.2. Profile of fishing gears in Manila Bay.

REFERENCES

- Aguilar, G.D. 2004. Philippine fishing boats. pp. 118–121. In: DA-BFAR, 2004, q.v.
- BAS (Bureau of Agricultural Statistics). 2005. Fisheries Statistics of the Philippines, 2001–2003.
- Dickson J., E. Alba, A. Munprasit, B. Chokesan guan and S. Siriraksophon. 2003. Fishing gear and methods in Southeast Asia: III Philippines, Part 1 and Part 2: SEAFDEC.
- FAO. 2005. Fishery Country Profile-Republic of the Philippines.
- Lopez, G., F. Gonzales, F. Torres Jr., E. Bognot, N. Bigalbal, A. Bendaño, E. Rivera, and M. Santos. Resource and Biological Assessment of Commercially Important Finfishes in Manila Bay. Annual Report (January – December 2014) Submitted to BFAR.
- MADECOR-National Museum. 1995. FSP-Resources and Ecological Assessment of the Manila Bay. Final report submitted to the Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources.
- Olaño V. L., M. B. Vergara, F. L. Gonzales. 2009. Assessment of the Fisheries of Lagonoy Gulf (Region 5).
- Ramos M.H., M.B. Candelario, E.M Mendoza and F.L. Gonzales. 2009. The Honda Bay Fisheries: An Assessment, 12-12 p.
- Rueca L.M., N.B. Bien, R.M. Bathan, J.I. Yuzon and G.B. Salamat. 2009. Fish Stock Assessment in Northern Zambales Coast.

Zaragoza, E.C., C.R. Pagdilao and E.P. Moreno. 2004. Overview of the small pelagic fisheries, p. 32 – 37. In DA – BFAR (Department of Agriculture – Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources). In turbulent seas: The status of Philippine marine fisheries. Coastal Management Project, Cebu City, Philippines.